84059-14



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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

APR 1 8 2014

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Mr. John Fournier Regulatory Manager Marrone Bio Innovations 2121 Second Street, Suite B-107 Davis, CA 95618

Subject: Product Name: MBI-206 EP EPA Reg. No.: 84059-14 Application for Notification Dated: March 21, 2014

Dear Mr. Fournier:

The Biopesticides and Pollution Prevention Division is in receipt of your application for Notification under 98-10 dated above. A preliminary screen of this request has been conducted for its applicability under PRN 98-10, and it has been determined that the action requested falls within the scope of PRN 98-10. Our records have been duly noted, and the label submitted with this application has been stamped "Notification accepted" and placed accordingly in our records.

Questions concerning this action should be directed to Michael Glikes at (703)305-6231 or glikes.michael@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Kimberly Nesci, Chief Microbial Pesticides Branch Biopesticides & Pollution Prevention Division

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Please read instructions or	reverse before comple	ting form.		Form Approved,	OMB No. 2070-0	Print Form
\$epa	Environmenta	United States I Protection ington, DC 20460	- ·	×	Registration Amendmer Other	
		Application	for Pesticid	e - Section	1	
1. Company/Product Numb 84059/84059-14	207			oduct Manager_ Iv Nesci		3. Proposed Classification
4. Company/Product (Nam Marrone Bio Innovatio	e) ns/MBI-206 EP		PM# 91			None Restricted
5. Name and Address of A Marrone Bio Innovatio 2121 Second St., Suite	ns B-107, Davis, CA 956	-	(b)(i), m to:	y product is sim		with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) in composition and labeling
Check if th	nis is a new address			t Name		
			Section - II			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Amendment - Explain Resubmission in result Notification - Explain Explanation: Use addition Notification of labeling	sponse to Agency lette in below. onal page(s) if necessa	ry. (For section I a	and Section II.)	Final printed label Agency letter dat "Me Too" Applica Other - Explain be 	ation.	
1. Material This Product W	/ill Be Packaged In:		Section - II		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Child-Resistant Packaging	Unit Packaging	ľ	Water Soluble Pa	ckeging	2. Type of Cont	
Yes	Yes		Yes			etal astic
 X No Certification must be submitted 	X No If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt		X- No I."Yes" Package wgt	No. per container	Pa	ass per her (Specify)
3. Location of Net Content	Information	4. Size(s) Retail	Container	5. Lo	cation of Label Di	rections
	Container	1, 2.5gal, bulk		Ĕ		ccompanying product
6. Manner in Which Label i	s Affixed to Product	X Lithograph Paper glue Stenciled	h ad	Other	*****	
			Section - IV	, <u></u>		
1. Contact Point (Complet	te items directly below	for identification o	f individual to be	contacted, if nec	essary, to proces	s this application.)
Name John Fournier		Tit Re	le egulatory Mana	ger		phone No. (Include Ares Code) ၃-750-2800 ေင်ငင်
l certify that the sta l acknowledge that (both under applicabl	tements I have made or any knowingly felse or e law.	Certificatio In this form and all misleading statem	attachments the	eto are true, acci hable by fine or in	ະ urate and complem mprisonment or c	Constant Con
2. Signature	Vonne	Re	Fitle egulatory Mana	ger	ι ι ι ι ι ι ι	
4. Typed Name John Fournier			Date 1 March 2014			() L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L

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EPA Form 8570-1 (Rev. 8-94) Previous editions are obsolete.



March 21, 2014 -

Kimberly Nesci Microbial Pesticides Branch Biopesticides and Pollution Prevention Division Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention (7511P) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency One Potomac Yard 2777 South Crystal Drive Arlington, VA 22202

Subject: Notification of labeling changes to add pests per PR Notice 98-10

Dear Ms. Nesci,

Please find enclosed a notification of amended master labeling per PR Notice 98-10 for MBI-206 EP. Three pests (below) were inadvertently omitted from the previous version of the master label that was stamped.

Potato – potato leafhopper Tree nuts – mites and pecan weevil

"This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the CSF of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 1 U.S.C. Section 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA, and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA."

As always, thank you for your assistance and guidance. With best wishes,

Best Regards,

John Fournier Regulatory Manager

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MBI-206 EP

(Alternate Names: VENERATE, VENERATE XC, VENERATE PTO)

MASTER LABEL, containing: Sublabel A: Agricultural Crop Use Sublabel B: Turf & Ornamental Use Sublabel C: Home & Garden Use

EPA Reg. No.: 84059-14

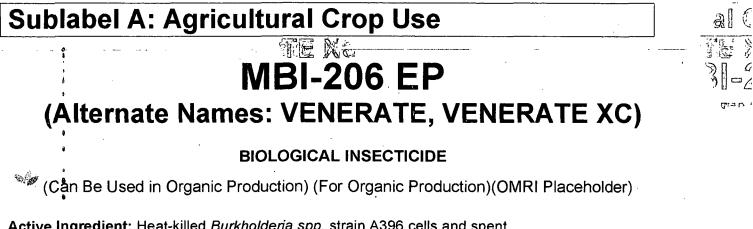
Manufactured by:

Marrone Bio Innovations, Inc. 2121 Second St., Suite B-107 Davis, CA 95618 USA 1-877-664-4476; www.marronebioinnovations.com; info@marronebio.com

Notification Accepted

Date: APR 18 2014 Reviewer: M. G-1 i Kes

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Active ingredient. Heat-killed Barkholdend opp. Strain Acco cells and	spon
fermentation media	
Other ingredients:	
Total:	

*Contains not less than 1,500 Beet Armyworm Killing Units (BAWKU)/mg. <u>Note</u>: The percent active ingredient does not indicate product performance and potency measurements are not federally standardized.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

	FIRST AID
If in eyes	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15–20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
	HOT LINE NUMBER
	duct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for ou may also contact 1-800-222-1222 for emergency medical treatment information.

EPA Reg. No.: 84059-14 Net Contents: XX (Batch)(Lot) No: XXXX Manufactured by: Marrone Bio Innovations, Inc. 2121 Second St., Suite B-107 Davis, CA 95618 USA 1-877-664-4476; www.marronebioinnovations.com; info@marronebio.com US Patents No. XXXXX XXXX is a registered trademark of Marrone Bio Innovations, Inc. Marrone Bio Innovations, Inc. Marrone Bio Innovations, Inc.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS - CAUTION. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wear goggles or safety glasses. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gumatusing clobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before use.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE): Applicators and Other⁶ handlers must wear: longsleeved shirt and long pants, waterproof gloves, shoes plus socks. Mixers / loaders and applicators must wear a dust / mist filtering respirator meeting NIOSH standards of at least N-95, R-95, or P-95. Repeated exposure to high concentrations of microbial proteins can cause allergic sensitization. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If there are no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

IMPORTANT: When reduced PPE is worn because a closed system is being used, handlers must be provided all PPE specified above for "applicators and other handlers" and have such PPE immediately available for use in an emergency, such as a spill or equipment breakdown.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS: Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Users should remove PPE immediately after handing this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate. See the Directions for Use section of this label for application instructions that minimize risk to bees and other beneficial insects, *including those used in Integrated Pest Management (IPM) programs or organic agriculture.*

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the State or Tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains Specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

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Do not enter	or allow worker entry into treated areas	during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 4
hours.		2NI
	39081 V	SOB. C
PPE required	for early <u>gentrysto t</u> reated areas (that-is-po	ermitted-under-the-Worker Protection Standard
and that invol	ves contact with anything that has been tre	eated, such as plants, soil or water)viis: any,
Cover	alls	
 Water 	proof glovestoff	\$.01
 Shoes 	s plus socks	
EXCEPTION:	: If the product is soil incorporated or soil i	njected, the Worker Protection Standard, under
		ed area if there will be no contact with anything
that has been		

PRODUCT INFORMATION

MBI-206 EP is a biological insecticide containing killed cells and fermentation solids of *Burkholderia spp.* strain A396 for use on agricultural crops against the pests listed in the Directions for Use section. MBI-206 EP controls insect pests by enzymatic degradation of exoskeletal structures and interference with the molting process leading to mortality through contact and/or ingestion. MBI-206 EP controls or suppresses many foliar feeding pests including caterpillars and foliage feeding coleopteran and against many soft-bodied insects such as, aphids, whiteflies and plant sucking mites infesting labeled crops and plants. For insect control, the concentrate of MBI-206 EP must be mixed with water and applied as a foliar spray with ground or aerial equipment equipped for conventional insecticide spraying.

MBI-206 EP can be used in either the field or greenhouse for the control of any labeled pest.

GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS – FOR INSECT CONTROL

MBI-206 EP is an insecticide for use against listed insects. Close scouting and early attention to infestations is highly recommended. Proper timing of application targeting newly hatched larvae, nymphs or immature pests is important for optimal results.

Thorough coverage of infested plant parts is necessary for effective control. For some crops, directed drop nozzles by ground machine are required.

Under heavy pest populations, use the higher label rates, shorten the spray interval, increase the spray volume to improve coverage, and/or apply in tank mixture with another product that has activity on the target pest.

Repeat applications at an interval sufficient to maintain control, usually 3-10 days depending upon plant growth rates, insect and mite activity, and other factors. If attempting to control an insect population with significant application, make the treatment when egg hatch is essentially complete but before economic damage occurs.

Adjuvants may be used to improve control of insect pests in situations where achieving uniform plant coverage is difficult such as closed crop canopy, dense foliage and penetration into waxy leaf surfaces.

Bees and beneficial insects:

- To minimize potential exposure to bees and other pollinating insects, do not apply while bees are foraging.
- Do not allow product to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are foraging.
- Minimize spray drift away from the target area to reduce effects to other non-target insects.

MBI-206 EP has been evaluated for toxicity to non-target insects in a variety of bioassays and on a variety of crops under various normal growing conditions. However, testing all beneficial insects, in all situations, mixtures and combinations, is not feasible. Prior to treating entire crop where the release of beneficial insects serve as part of an Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program, consult with an extension specialist, a pest control advisor (PGA) or with the product manufacturer.

MBI-206 EP has been evaluated for phytotoxicity on a variety of crops under various normal growing conditions. However, testing all crop varieties, in all mixtures and combinations, is not feasible. Prior to treating entire crop, test a small portion of the crop for sensitivity.

GROUND AND AERIAL APPLICATION

Apply MBI-206 EP in ground and aerial equipment with quantities of water sufficient to provide thorough coverage of infested plant parts. Attention should be given to sprayer speed and calibration, wind speed, and foliar canopy to ensure adequate spray coverage.

Mixing directions

Important –Fill tank ½ to ¾ of desired amount of water. Start the mechanical or hydraulic agitation to provide moderate circulation before adding MBI-206 EP. Add the desired volume of MBI-206 EP to the mix tank and the remaining volume of water and continue circulation. Maintain circulation while loading and spraying. Do not mix more MBI-206 EP than can be used in 24 hours. Use a strainer no finer than 50 mesh in conventional spray systems.

Tank mixing

Do not combine MBI-206 EP in the spray tank with other pesticides, surfactants, adjuvants, or fertilizers if there has been no previous experience or use of the combination to show it is physically compatible, effective, or non-injurious under your use conditions.

To ensure compatibility of tank-mix combinations they must be evaluated prior to use. To determine the physical compatibility of this product with other products use a jar test. Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the products to one quart of water with agitation. Add dy formulations first, then flowables second, then emulsifiable concentrates last. After thoroughly mixing, let this mixture stand for 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can readily be remixed, st is physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding. required ingredients to the spray tank.

Row Crop Application

Use calibrated power-operated ground equipment capable of providing uniform coverage of the target crop. Orient the boom and nozzles to obtain uniform crop coverage. A minimum of 10 gallons beer acre by ground or 5 gallons by aerial application should be utilized, increasing volume with crop size and/or pest pressure. Use hollow cone, disc core/hollow cone or twin jet flat fan nozzles suitable for insecticide spraying. Under certain conditions, drop nozzles may be required to obtain complete coverage of plant surfaces. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for ideal nozzle spacing and

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spray pressure and minimize boom height to optimize uniformity of coverage and maximize deposition to reduce drift.

Orchard Spraying

• Dilute spray application: This application method is based on the premise that all plant parts are thoroughly wetted, to the point of runoff, with spray solution. To determine the number of gallons of dilute spray per acre, contact your extension specialist astate agricultural experiment station, or certified pest control advisor for assistance.

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• Concentrate spray application: This application method is based on the premise that all plant parts are uniformly covered with spray solution but not to the point of runoff as with a dilute spray. Instead, a lower spray volume is used to deliver the same application rate of product per acre as is used for the dilute spray.

Do not spray when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for use.

Avoiding spray drift is the responsibility of the applicator.

AERIAL APPLICATION AND DRIFT REDUCTION ADVISORY INFORMATION

General: Apply in a spray volume of 5 or more gallons per acre on row crops and 10 or more gallons per acre on tree or orchard crops. Insect control by aerial application may be less than control by ground application because of reduced coverage.

Spray drift: Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The Interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions. Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed. Note: This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements.

Information on droplet size: The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that will provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

Controlling droplet size: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets. <u>Pressure</u> - Do not exceed the nozzle manufacture?'s recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When high flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure. <u>Number of nozzles</u> - Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage. <u>Nozzle Orientation</u> - Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential. <u>Nozzle Type</u> - Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Use low-drift nozzles, such as solid stream nozzles that are oriented straight back to produce the fargest droplets and the lowest drift.

Boom width: For aerial applications, the boom width must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotary blade. Use upwind swath displacement and apply only when wind speed is 3–10 mph as measured by an anemometer. Use medium or coarser spray according to ASAE 572 definition for

standard nozzles or VMD for spinning atomizer nozzles. If application includes a no-spray zone, do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the ground or crop canopy. aato nii

Application height: Do not make application at a height greater than 10 feet above the topadf the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure to droplets to evaporation and wind. exposure t

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Swath adjustment: When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downward. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

Wind: Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2–10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and humidity: When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature inversions: Do not apply during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small, suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive areas: The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas). Do not allow spray to drift from the application site and contact people, structures people occupy at any time and the associated property, parks and recreation areas, non-target crops, aquatic and wetland areas, woodlands, pastures, rangelands, or animals. Do not allow product to drift to blooming grops or weeds if bees are foraging. Minimize spray drift away from the target area to reduce effects to other-nontarget insects. 00 66 с сс

SEED TREATMENT APPLICATION

MBI-206 EP can be applied as a seed dressing at plant or in commercial seed treatments for suppression of insect and nematode damage. Apply MBI-206 EP as a water-based slurry with other registered seed treatment insecticides, nematicides and fungicides through standard slurfy-cor misttype commercial seed treatment equipment.

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Mixing instructions: Prepare no more mixture than is required for the immediate operation. Agitate the solution continuously during mixing and application. Mechanical mixing is recommended for proper mixing of MBI-206 EP mixtures. For seed treatment, apply 8 ounces of MBI-206 EP per 100 pounds of seed.

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MBI-206 EP alone: Add ½ of the required amount of water to the mix tank. With the agitator running, add the MBI-206 EP to the mix tank. Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water. Begin application of the solution after the MBI-206 EP has completely dispersed into the mix water. Maintain agitation until all the mixture has been applied.

MBI-206 EP + tank-mixtures: Add ½ of the required amount of water to the mix tank. Start the agitation before adding any tank mix partners. In general, tank-mix partners should be added in this order: wettable powders, dry flowable formulations, liquid flowable formulations, and emulsifiable formulations. Always allow each tank-mix partner to become completely dispersed before adding the next component. Maintain continuous agitation until all components have been dispersed and throughout the application process.

Note: When using MBI-206 EP in tank-mixtures, all products in water soluble packaging should be added to the tank before any other tank-mix partner, including MBI-206 EP. Allow the water-soluble packaging to completely dissolve and the product(s) to completely disperse before adding any other tank-mix partner to the tank.

If using MBI-206 EP in a tank mixture with other seed treatment products, observe all directions for use, crops/sites, use rates, dilution ratios, precautions, and limitations that appear on the tank-mix partner label. No label dosage may be exceeded and the most restrictive label precautions and limitations must be followed. This product should not be mixed with any product which prohibits such mixing.

For Pre-plant Seed Treatment: Treat only those seeds needed for immediate use, minimizing the interval between treatment and planting. Do not store excess treated seeds beyond planting time.

For Commercial Seed Treatment: The active ingredient Heat-killed *Burkholderia spp.* Strain A396 cells and spent fermentation media is exempt from the requirement of a tolerance for residues in and on all food commodities. Commercial seed treaters are not required to add a dye to this product before treating seed. Treated seed can be used for or mixed with food or animal feed, or processed for oil.

SOIL TREATMENT USE DIRECTIONS

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MBI-206 EP can be applied by soil drench, in-furrow spray, or soil injection to protect against certain soil borne insects or nematodes.

In general, Mai-206 EP can be applied by the following methods, unless specified differently in the SELECTED CROPS section:

Soif [©]Dench Applications: Apply MBI-206 EP at a concentration of 1–8 quarts per 100 gallons of water [°]å̇́nd at a sufficient rate to thoroughly soak the growing media and root zone. Multiple drench applications can be made on a 10–14 day interval for insect control treatments. Nematode control treatments are limited to pre-plant or at-plant soil drench applications.

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Shanked-In and Injected Applications: MBI-206 EP can be shanked-in or injected into the soil alone, or with most types of liquid nutrients. Use a jar test to confirm physical compatibility prior to application, a son

In-Furrow Applications: At planting, apply MBI-206 EP as an in-furrow spray or as a 5-7 inch band (T-band) over an open furrow at the rate of 1–8 quarts per acre, or 7.3–1996 fluid ounces per 1000 feet of row, according to the chart below. Apply MBI-206 EP in 5–20 gallons of water per acre so as the spray is directed over the seed furrow just before the seeds are covered.

Rate	 In-Furrow and T-band Application Rates Product per 1000 ft. row. 						
	30" Rows	32" Rows	34" Rows	36" Rows	38" Rows	40" Rows	
1–8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre	7.3–14.7	7.8–15.7	8.3–16.7	8.8–17.6	9.3–18.6	9.8–19.6	

30" = 17,424 row ft./acre, 32" = 16,315 row ft./acre, 34" = 15,374 row ft./acre, 36" = 14,520 row ft./acre, 38" = 13,754 row ft./acre, 40" = 13,068 row ft./acre.

CHEMIGATION USE – DIRECTIONS FOR INSECT CONTROL

Apply this product only through sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand moved irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation systems. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide applications to a public water system.

Spray preparation

First prepare a suspension of MBI-206 EP in a mix tank. Fill tank ½ to ¾ the desired amount of water. Start mechanical or hydraulic agitation. Add the required amount of MBI-206 EP, and then the remaining volume of water. Then set the sprinkler to deliver a minimum of 0.1 to 0.3 inch of water per acre. Start sprinkler and uniformly inject the suspension of MBI-206 EP into the irrigation water line so as to deliver the desired rate per acre. Inject the suspension of MBI-206 EP with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right angle turn to insure adequate mixing. Any questions on calibration should be directed to your State Extension Service Specialists, to equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not combine MBI-206 EP with pesticides, surfactants or fertilizers for application "through chemigation equipment unless prior experience has shown the combination physically compatible, effective and non-injurious under conditions of use. MBI-206 EP has not been fully evaluated for compatibility with all adjuvants or surfactants. It is advisable to conduct a spray compatibility rest if a mixture with adjuvants or surfactants is planned.

General Requirements

- 1) Apply this product only through sprinkler, including center pivot, lateral move, enc dock, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.

- 3) If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturens or other experts.
- 4) Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public-water-system unless the pesticide-label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- 5) A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Specific Requirements for Chemigation Systems Connected to Public Water Systems

- Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- 2) Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reducedpressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the flow outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- 3) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 4) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 5) The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6) Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7) Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Specific Requirements for Sprinkler Chemigation

- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 2) * * * The presticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3) * The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-
 - ້້ຳ້ຳterlock ເອຼົ້າrevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4) The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5) *** The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch, which will stop the * water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., 6) diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with :1.7 metric pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Application Instructions for All Types of Chemigation Applicat

the office residues, and other foreign matter from the chemical supply tank and the entire injector system. Flush with clean water. Failure to provide a clean tank, void of scale or

- residues may cause product to lose effectiveness or strength.
- Determine the treatment rates as indicated in the directions for use and make proper dilutions. 2)
- · Prepare a solution in the chemical tank by filling the tank with the required water and then 3) adding product as required. Utilize agitation to keep solution in suspension.

SHAKE WELL BEFORE USE

FOR USE ON THE FOLLOWING CROPS FOR CONTROL OR SUPPRESSION OF INSECTS AND MITES

Pre-harvest Interval (PHI) = 0 days

Asparagus

1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre Armyworms

1-8 guarts MBI-206 EP per acre (Suppression) Aphids, Stink bugs

Bananas

1-4 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre Banana skipper,

1-8 guarts MBI-206 EP per acre (Suppression) Stink bugs

Bulbs

Leek, Garlic and onion (bulb and green)

1-8 guarts MBI-206 EP per acre

Loopers, omnivorous leafrollers, hornworm, imported cabbageworm, diamon@back mcth, green cloverworm, webworm, saltmarsh caterpillar, armyworms, cutworm, cross-striped cabbageworm, 000000 Heliothis ៰៰៰៰៰៰

1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre (Suppression) Aphids, thrips

Bushberries

Blueberry, Currant, Gooseberry, Huckleberry, Elderberry, Juneberry, Ligonberry, Salal

1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre

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Lece

Armyworms, cherry fruitworm, cranberry fruitworm, fireworms, leafrollers, loopers JT 1 1-8 quarts MBI-206 ER:per acre (Suppression) LiRope 1 verny blues. Aphids, thrips, blueberry blossom weevil Appeller 1.50 Stink bugs tèr fronditi ist from piovic 3458.016 Caneberries Blackberry, Loganberry, Red and Black Raspberry, and Cultivars and/or hybrids of these 1-8 guarts MBI-206 EP per acre Armyworms, green fruitworm, leafrollers, loopers, western raspberry fruitworm 1-8 guarts MBI-206 EP per acre (Suppression) Aphids, thrips, stink bugs **Cereal Grains** Barley, Buckwheat, Grain Amaranth, Milo, Oats, Pearl Millet, Proso Millet, Rye, Sorghum, Triticale, Wheat 1-8 guarts MBI-206 EP per acre Armyworms, corn earworm (headworm), southwestern corn borer, web worms 1-8 guarts MBI-206 EP per acre (Suppression) Aphids (including greenbug), thrips, chinch bugs, mites Citrus Grapefruit, Lemons, Limes, Oranges, Tangerines 1-8 guarts MBI-206 EP per acre Fruittree leafroller, orangedog, citrus cutworm, citrus leafminer 1-8 guarts MBI-206 EP per acre Citrus rust mite, Asian citrus psyllid. 1-8 guarts MBI-206 EP per acre (Suppression) Aphids, Florida red scale, twospotted spider mite, Texas citrus mite, citrus red mite, six-spotted mite, citrus thrips, mealybugs Stink bugs Cranberry 1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre Armyworms, leafrollers, fireworms, loopers, sparganothis fruitworm, 1–&້ອບໍ່arts MB!-20ໍຼົຣ໌ັEP per acre (Suppression) Aphids, thrips, mites; tranberry blossom weevil 000000 Cole Crops Broccoli, Broccoli Raab, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese Broccoli, Chinese Cabbage (Bok Choy), Chinese Cabbage (Napa), Chinese Mustard Cabbage (Gai Choy), Cauliflower, Cavalo, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard Greens, Mustard Spinach, Rape Greens, Turnip Greens 1–8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre

Diamondback moth, cabbage looper, imported cabbageworm, cabbage webworm, armyworms

Swede midge and stink bugs	· · · ·	•
Corn (Field Corn, Sweet Corn, Popcorn and Corn Growr	n for Seed)	•
1–8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre		•
Armyworm, European corn borer, southwestern corn borer,	western bean cutworm, corn earwo	prm,
1–8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre (Suppression)	t .	•
Corn leaf aphid, mites, leafhoppers		•
Stink bugs		•
Cotton		
1–8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre		
1–8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre European corn borer, cotton bollworm, tobacco budworm, lo	popers (soybean and cabbage), sa	ltmarsh caterpillar,
1–8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre European corn borer, cotton bollworm, tobacco budworm, lo armyworms		

1–8 quarts MBI-206 EP **per acre** Armyworm, cabbage looper, melonworm, pickleworm, rindworm complex

1–8 quarts MBI-206 EP **per acre (Suppression)** Silverleaf whitefly, whiteflies, aphids, thrips, mites Stink bugs

Fig

1–8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre		
Navel orangeworm	000000 0 6 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1–8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre (Suppression) Aphids, thrips, Stink bugs	د و ن د د د د د د د د د د د د	د ب ب م م م ب ب ب ب ب ب ب ب م م م م ب ب ب ب
Fruiting Vegetables	00000	0
Tomato, Tomatillo, Pepper, Ground Cherry, Pepino, Okra and Eggplant		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1–8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre		

Loopers, hornworm, tomato fruitworm, variegated cutworm, saltmarsh caterpillar, armyworm, tomato pinworm, European corn borer

1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre (Suppression)

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	•		
Aphids, mites, Lygus, pepper weevil, wl	liteflies, plant bugs, p	osyllids, thrips	
Stink bugs		S. DE TO	
· ·			
Grape		574 <u>56</u>	
1–8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre		3 quarts i	
• • • •	r, omnivorous leafro	oller, orange tortrixີຈະດັblique banded leaf	roller, grape
berry moth	•		
1–8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre (Su	opression)		

Pacific spider mite, Willamette Spider Mite, twospotted spider mite, mealybugs, whiteflies, thrips Stink bugs

Herbs, Spices and Mints (outdoor or enclosed, including those grown as bedding plants) Angelica, balm, basil, borage, burnet, chamomile, catnip, chervil, chive, clary, coriander, costmary, cilantro, curry, dillweed, horehound, hyssop, lavender, lemongrass, lovage, marjoram, nasturtium, parsley (dried), peppermint, rosemary, sage, savory (summer and winter), sweet bay, tansy, tarragon, thyme, wintergreen, woodruff and wormwood

1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre Loopers, saltmarsh caterpillar and armyworm

1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre (Suppression) Aphids, thrips, whiteflies and mites

Hops and Dried Cones

1-8 guarts MBI-206 EP per acre Armyworms, loopers

1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre (Suppression) Hops, aphid, thrips, whiteflies and mites

Leafy Vegetables and Leaves of Root and Tuber and Legume Vegetables Arugula, Beets, Celery, Chervil, Cilantro, Corn Salad, Cress, Dandelion, Dock, Edible Chrysanthemum, Endive, Fennel, Garden Peas, Head Lettuce, Leaf Lettuce, Parsley, Purslane, Radicchio, Rhubarb, Spinach, Swiss Chard, Turnip Greens and Watercress

1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre Cåbbage looper, diamondback moth, armyworms 9 9 9 9 9 0 0 9 1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre (Suppression) Aphids, whiteflies, thrips, psyllids, mites 00 Stink bugs 000 0 00

00000 Oil Crops Canୁଡ୍ସାର୍ଣ୍ଟ୍ ସ୍ଥେମ୍ବିରୋଡି ସେମ୍ବାର୍ଥରେ ସେମ୍ବର୍ଥରେ ସେମ୍ବର୍ଣ୍ଣରେ ସେମ୍ବର୍ଣ୍ଣରେ

1–8°ďůarts MBI-206 EP per acre Armyworm, diamondback moth, looper, saltmarsh caterpillar, Heliothis, headworm

1-8 guarts MBI-206 EP per acre (Suppression) Aphids, thrips, whiteflies, mites

31.5 Pineapple 5 1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per/acre 式的目的 Gummosos-Batracheda Comosae (Hodges), Thecla-Thecla Basilides (Geyr) Pome Fruit Apples, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pears and Quince 21-8 guarts MBI-206 EP per acre Pear psyllid, Plum curculio 1-8 guarts MBI-206 EP per acre (Suppression) Stink bugs Pomegranate 1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre Walnut caterpillar, cankerworm, gypsy moth, variegated leafroller, redbanded leafroller, tufted apple budmoth, fruittree leafroller, oriental fruit moth, cutworm, filbert leafroller, oblique banded leafroller, codling moth, armyworm and twig borer. 1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre (Suppression) European red mite, twospotted red mite, Pacific spider mite, McDaniel spider mite Potatoes and Tuberous and Corm Vegetables Artichoke, Cassava, Chayote Root, Chinese Artichoke, Garden Beet, Ginger, Jerusalem Artichoke, Potatoes, Sugar Beet, Sweet Potatoes, Turmeric and Yams 1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre Armyworms, artichoke plume moth, European corn borer, loopers 1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre Psyllids. 1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre (Suppression) Aphids, potato aphid, potato leafhopper, whiteflies, Stink bugs. 00000 ¢ C **Root Vegetables** 000000 0.0 Black Salsify, Carrot, Celeriac, Chicory, Edible Burdock, Ginseng, Horseradish, Parsnip, Radish, Oriental Radish, Rutabaga, Salsify, Skirret, Spanish Salsify, Turnip, Turnip-rooted Chervil, and Turnip-Rooted Parsley C C 0 1-8 guarts MBI-206 EP per acre 0000000 Armyworms, European corn borer, loopers ((C O C C è 1-8 guarts MBI-206 EP per acre (Suppression) Aphids, thrips, whiteflies, mites Shade and Ornamental Trees and Forests

1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre

Gypsy moth, elm spanworm, tent caterpillar, California oakworm, pine butterfly, spruce budworm, saddle prominent caterpillar, Douglas fir tussock moth, western tussock moth, fruittree leafroller, blackheaded budworm, mimosa webworm, jack pine budworm, saddleback caterpillar, greenstriped mapleworm, hemlock looper

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1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre (Suppression)

Mites, aphids, whiteflies, lace bugs Stink bugs

Soybean

1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre

Loopers, soybean looper, cabbage looper, green cloverworm, veletbean caterpillar, armyworm, podworm, corn earworm

1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre (Suppression)

Aphids, soybean aphid, potato leafhopper, leafhoppers, whiteflies, mites, thrips, kudzu bug

Stone Fruits

Apricots, Cherry, Nectarine, Peach, Plum, Prune

1–8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre

Green fruitworm, leafrollers (including oblique-banded, fruit tree, pandemic, redbanded, variegated), oriental fruit moth, redhumped caterpillar, tent caterpillar, peach twig borer,

Application timing: optimal timing for peach twig borer and leafrollers can vary between species and geographic locations. Monitor moth flights with pheromone traps and scout regularly to determine larval populations. Use a 7–10-day re-treatment schedule to maintain control if the crop is growing rapidly or if there is heavy pest pressure. Use a 3–4-day re-treatment schedule at flowering.

1–8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre Plum curculio

1–8 quarts MBI-206 EP **per acre (Suppression)** Aphids, mealybugs, thrips, whiteflies, mites, Stink bugs

Strawberry

1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre Aring worms and leafrollers
1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre (Suppression) Aphids, tarips, Eygus, plant bugs, whiteflies, mites Stink bugs
Tobacco
1-8 guarts MBI-206 EP per acre Hornworm, tobacco budworm, looper
1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre (Suppression) Aphids, thrips, whiteflies, mites

Tree Farms and Plantations

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Conifers, Including Christmas Trees and Deciduous Trees

1–8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre	uarts bi
Bagworm, rfall webworm, gypsy moth, hemlock looper,	jackpine budworm, pine, tip moth, redhumped caterpillar,
spruce budworm, tent caterpillar, tussock moths	e budwc 📖
Tree Fruits	ruits ,

Acerola, Atemoya, Avocado, Biriba, Black Sapote, Canistel, Cherimoya, Cústard Apple, Feijoa, Guava, Ilama, Jaboticaba, Kiwi, Longan, Lychee, Mamey Sapote, Mango, Papaya, Passionfruit, Pulasan, Rambutan, Sapodilla, Soursop, Spanish Lime, Star Apple, Starfruit, Sugar Apple,[†] Ti Palm Leaves, Wax Jambu (Wax Apple), White Sapote

1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre

Avocado leafroller, citrus peelminer, cutworms, fruit tree leafroller, omnivorous leafroller, orange tortrix, western tussock moth

1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre (Suppression)

Aphids, thrips, whiteflies, mites

Tree Nuts and Pistachios Almond, Cashew, Chestnut, Filbert (Hazelnut), Macadamia, Pecan, Pistachio, Walnut

1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre

Fall webworm, filbert worm, hickory shuckworm, navel orange worm, oblique banded leafroller, peach twig borer, pecan nut casebearer, redhumped caterpillar

1–8 quarts VENERATE[™] per acre (Suppression)

Aphids, mealybugs, mites, pecan weevil, whiteflies,

FOR USE ON THE FOLLOWING CROPS FOR CONTROL OF SPECIFIED NEMATODES:

Pre-harvest Interval (PHI) = 0 days

Brassica (Cole) Leafy Vegetables

Broccoli, Broccoli Raab, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese Broccoli, Chinese Cabbage (Bok Choy), Chinese Cabbage (Napa), Chinese Mustard Cabbage (Gai Choy), Cauliflower, Cavalo Broccolo, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard Greens, Mustard Spinach, and Rape Greens

1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre

For control of low to medium infestation levels of nematodes use a pre-plant or at-planted only in furrow dreinch application in 50 to 75 gallons of water per ½ acre (100 to 150 gallons of water per acre) or as an in furrow spray in 5 to 20 gallons per acre. When very high pest infestation levels are anticipated or encouncered, other effective soil treatments may be necessary.

Root Knot, Lesion, Ring, Sting and Stunt Nematodes.

Bulb Vegetables

Leek, Garlic, Onion (Bulb and Green) and Shallot

1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre

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6000 0000 For control of low to medium infestation levels of nematodes, use a pre-plant or at-plant only in furrow drench application in 50 to 75 gallons of water per ½ acre (100 to 150 gallons of water per acre) or as an in furrow spray in 5 to 20 gallons per acre. Whenevery high pest infestation levels are anticipated or encountered, other effective soil treatments may be necessary.

Root Knot, Lesion, Ring, Sting and Stunt Nematodes.

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Corn (Field Corn, Sweet Corn, Popcorn and Corn Grown for Seed)

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1–8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre

For control of low to medium infestation levels of nematodes, apply MBI-206 EP as an in furrow or T-band spray in 5 to 20 gallons per acre according to the SOIL TREATMENT USE DIRECTIONS. When very high pest infestation levels are anticipated or encountered, other effective soil treatments may be necessary.

Seed Treatment for Corn

For suppression of plant-parasitic nematodes, apply 8 ounces of VENERATE[™] per 100 pounds of seed in accordance with the instructions presented in the SEED TREATMENT USE DIRECTIONS.

Root Knot, Lesion, Ring, Sting and Stunt Nematodes

Cotton

1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre

For control of low to medium infestation levels of nematodes, apply MBI-206 EP as an in furrow or T-band spray in 5 to 20 gallons per acre according to the SOIL TREATMENT USE DIRECTIONS. When very high pest infestation levels are anticipated or encountered, other effective soil treatments may be necessary.

Seed treatment for Cotton

For suppression of plant-parasitic nematodes, apply 8 ounces of MBI-206 EP per 100 pounds of seed in accordance with the instructions presented in the SEED TREATMENT USE DIRECTIONS.

Root Knot Nematodes and reniform nematodes

Cucurbit Vegetables

Cucumber, Edible Gourds, Muskmelon, Cantaloupe, Pumpkin, Watermelon, and Winter and Summer Squash

1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre

For control of control of control of the term infestation levels of nematodes, use a pre-plant or at-plant only in furrow drench application in \$0 to 75 gallons of water per 1/2 acre (100 to 150 gallons of water per acre) or as an in furrow spray in 5 to 20 gallons per acre. When very high pest infestation levels are anticipated or encountered, other effective soil treatments may be necessary.

Roອໍາ Knot, Lesion, ເຊິ້າເກັ່g, Sting and Stunt Nematodes

Fruiting Vegetables

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Tomắț̃č, Tomatillo, Pepper, Groundcherry, Pepino, Okra and Eggplant

1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre

For control of low to medium infestation levels of nematodes, use a pre-plant or at-plant only in furrow drench application in 50 to 75 gallons of water per ½ acre (100 to 150 gallons of water per acre) or as an in furrow spray

in 5 to 20 gallons per acre. When very high pest infestation levels are anticipated or encountered, other effective soil treatments may be necessary.

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Root Knot, Lesion, Ring, Sting and Stunt Nematodes way

Leafy Vegetables

Arugula, Celery, Corn Salad, Cress, Dandelion, Dock, Edible Chrysanthemum, Endive, Fennel, Head Lettuce, Leaf Lettuce, Parsley, Purslane, Radicchio, Rhubarb, Spinach and Swiss Chard

1-8 guarts MBI-206 EP per acre

For control of low to medium infestation levels of nematodes, use a pre-plant or at-plant only in furrow drench application in 50 to 75 gallons of water per ½ acre (100 to 150 gallons of water per acre) or as an in furrow spray in 5 to 20 gallons per acre. When very high pest infestation levels are anticipated or encountered, other effective soil treatments may be necessary.

Root Knot, Lesion, Ring, Sting and Stunt Nematodes

Soybean

1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre

For control of low to medium infestation levels of nematodes, apply MBI-206 EP as an in furrow or T-band spray in 5 to 20 gallons per acre according to the SOIL TREATMENT USE DIRECTIONS. When very high pest infestation levels are anticipated or encountered, other effective soil treatments may be necessary.

Seed treatment for Soybean

For suppression of plant-parasitic nematodes, apply 8 ounces of MBI-206 EP per 100 pounds of seed in accordance with the instructions presented in the SEED TREATMENT USE DIRECTIONS.

Root and Tuber Vegetables

Artichoke, Black Salsify, Carrot, Cassava, Celeriac, Chayote Root, Chicory, Chinese Artichoke, Edible Burdock, Garden Beet, Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Jerusalem Artichoke, Oriental Radish, Parsnip, Potatoes, Radish, Rutabaga, Salsify, Skirret, Spanish Salsify, Sugar Beet, Sweet Potatoes, Tumeric, Turnip, Turnip-rooted Chervil, Turnip-rooted Parsley and Yams

1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre

For control of low to medium infestation levels of nematodes, use a pre-plant or at-plant only in furrow drench application in 50 to 75 gallons of water per $\frac{1}{2}$ acre (100 to 150 gallons of water per acre) or as an in furrow spray in 5 to 20 gallons per acre. When very high pest infestation levels are anticipated or encountered, other effective soil treatments may be necessary.

Root Knot, Lesion, Ring, Sting and Stunt Nematodes

Strawberry

1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre

For control of low to medium infestation levels of nematodes, use a pre-plant or at-plant only in furrow drench application in 50 to 75 gallons of water per ½ acre (100 to 150 gallons of water per acre) or as an in furrow spray in 5 to 20 gallons per acre. When very high pest infestation levels are anticipated or encountered, other effective soil treatments may be necessary.

Root Knot, Lesion, Ring, Sting and Stunt Nematodes

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Tobacco

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1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre

For control of low to medium infestation levels of nematodes, use a pre-plantion at-plant only in furrow drench application in 50 to 75 gallons of water per ½ acre (100 to 150 gallons of water perfacre) or as an in furrow spray in 5 to 20 gallons per acre. When very high pest infestation levels are anticipated of encountered, other effective soil treatments may be necessary.

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Root Knot, Lesion, Ring, Sting and Stunt Nematodes

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Use up product within 6 months of purchase.

Pesticide Storage: Store in a cool dry place. Avoid freezing.

Pesticide Disposal: To avoid wastes, use all material in this container by application according to label directions. If wastes cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste disposal facility or pesticide disposal program (often such programs are run by state or local governments or by industry). **Container Handling:** Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration. Do not burn unless allowed by state and local ordinances.

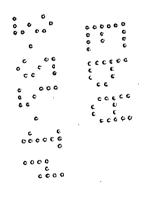
ACRC Logo Placeholder

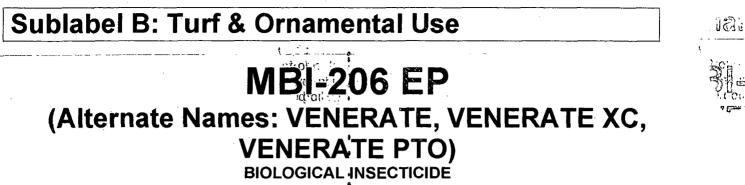
Marrone Bio Innovations is a member of the Ag Container Recycling Council.

Visit <u>http://www.acrecycle.org/contact</u> for information on how to arrange pick-up of this empty pesticide container.

Marrone Bio Innovations WARRANTY

To the extent permitted by applicable law, the seller makes no warranty, expressed or implied, of merchantability, fitness or otherwise concerning use of this product. The user assumes all risks of use, storage or handling that are not in strict accordance with the accompanying directions.





(Can Be Used in Organic Production) (For*Organic Production)(For Organic Lawn Care)(OMRI Placeholder)

Active Ingredient: Heat-killed Burkholderia spp.strain A396 cells and spen	nt
fermentation media	
Other ingredients:	5.54% ·
Total:	

*Contains not less than 1,500 Beet Armyworm Killing Units (BAWKU)/mg. <u>Note</u>: The percent active ingredient does not indicate product performance and potency measurements are not federally standardized.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

		FIRST AID			
	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15–20 minutes.				
lf in eyes	• Re	move contact lenses, if present, after	r the first 5 minutes, then con	tinue rinsing	eye.
	 Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 				
		HOT LINE NUM	BER		
		ntainer or label with you when calling			g for
treatment. Yo	ou may a	also contact 1-800-222-1222 for eme	rgency medical treatment info	ormation.	
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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS - CAUTION. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wear goggles or safety glasses. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gumptusing tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before use.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE): Applicators and other handlers must wear: longsleeved shirt and long pants, waterproof gloves, shoes plus socks. Mixers / loaders and applicators not in enclosed cabs or aircraft must wear a dust / mist filtering respirator meeting NIOSH standards of at least N-95, R-95, or P-95. Repeated exposure to high concentrations of microbial proteins can cause allergic sensitization. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If there are no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS: Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Users should remove PPE immediately after handing this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean highwater mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate. See the Directions for Use section of this label for application instructions that minimize risk to bees and other beneficial insects, *including those used in Integrated Pest Management (IPM) programs or organic agriculture.*

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Keep unprotected persons out of treated areas until sprays have dried.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

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MBI-206 EP is a biological insecticide containing killed cells and fermentation solids of *Burkholderia spp.* strain A396 for use on agricultural crops against the pests listed in the Directions for Use section. MBI-206 EP controls insect pests by enzymatic degradation of exoskeletal structures and interference with the molting process leading to mortality through contact and/or ingestion. MBI-206 EP controls or suppresses many foliar feeding pests including caterpillars and foliage feeding coleopteran and against many soft-bodied insects such as, aphids, whiteflies and plant sucking mites infesting labeled cropse and plants. For insect control, the concentrate of MBI-206 EP must be mixed with water and applied as a foliar spray with ground or aerial equipment equipped for conventional insecticide sp(ay)ing.

GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS - FOR INSECT CONTROL

MBi-206, EP is an insecticide for use against listed insects. Close scouting and early attention to infestations is highly recommended. Proper timing of application targeting newly hatched larvae is important for optimal results.

Thorough coverage of infested plant parts is necessary for effective control. MBI-206 EP does not have systemic activity. 'n

Under heavy pest populations, use the higher label rates, shorten-the spray interval spray volume to improve coverage, and/or apply in tank mixture with another product that has activity on the target pest.

tit. Repeat applications at an interval sufficient to maintain control, usually 3-10 days depending upon plant growth rate, insect and mite activity, and other factors. If attempting to control an insect population with a single application, make the treatment when egg hatch is essentially complete but before economic damage occurs.

Adjuvants may be used to improve control of insect pests in situations where achieving uniform plant coverage is difficult such as closed canopy, dense foliage and penetration into waxy leaf surfaces.

Bees and beneficial insects:

- To minimize potential exposure to bees and other pollinating insects, do not apply while bees are foraging.
- Do not allow product to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are foraging.
- Minimize spray drift away from the target area to reduce effects to other non-target insects.

MBI-206 EP has been evaluated for toxicity to non-target insects in a variety of bioassays and on a variety of crops under various normal growing conditions. However, testing all beneficial insects, in all situations, mixtures and combinations, is not feasible. Prior to treating an entire field or crop where the release of beneficial insects serve as part of an Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program, consult with an extension specialist, a pest control advisor (PCA) or with the product manufacturer.

MBI-206 EP has been evaluated for phytotoxicity on a variety of crops under various normal growing conditions. However, testing all crop varieties, in all mixtures and combinations, is not feasible. Prior to treating entire crop, test a small portion of the crop for sensitivity.

Mixing directions

Important - Do not add MBI-206 EP to the mix tank before introducing the desired amount of water. Add water to the mix tank. Start the mechanical or hydraulic agitation to provide motherate circulation before adding MBI-206 EP. Add the desired volume of MBI-206 EP to the mix tank and continue circulation. Maintain circulation while loading and spraying. Do not mix more MBI92000 EP than can be used in 24 hours. Use a strainer no finer than 50 mesh in conventional spray systems, c 000

Tank mixing

ucéao Do not combine MBI-206 EP in the spray tank with other pesticides, surfactants, adjuvants, or fertilizers if there has been no previous experience or use of the combination to show it is physically ι ι εοίς compatible, effective, or non-injurious under your use conditions.

To ensure compatibility of tank-mix combinations they must be evaluated prior to use. To determine the physical compatibility of this product with other products use a jar test. Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the products to one quart of water with agitation. Add dry formulations first,

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then flowables, then emulsifiable concentrates last. After thoroughly mixing, let this mixture stand for 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can be readily remixed, it is physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding required ingredients to the spray tank.

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GROUND APPLICATION

Apply MBI-206 EP in ground equipment with quantities of water sufficient to provide thorough coverage of infested plant parts. Attention should be given to sprayer speed and calibration, wind speed, and foliar canopy to ensure adequate spray coverage. For turf applications, apply MBI-206 EP in a minimum of 1.5 gallons of water per 1000 square feet (65 gallons water per acre). For foliar applications using broadcast application equipment apply MBI-206 EP in a minimum of 30 gallons of water per acre. For dilute applications to bedding plants, trees and shrubs, apply MBI-206 EP at a dilution of 2 to 8 quarts per 100 gallons of water. Use of a quality surfactant will aid performance. Do not use carrier volumes and/or adjuvants that create spray runoff or drip-accumulation at the base of the commercial commodity.

Do not spray when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for use.

Avoiding spray drift is the responsibility of the applicator.

CHEMIGATION USE – DIRECTIONS FOR INSECT CONTROL

Apply this product only through sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation systems. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide applications to a public water system.

Spray preparation

First prepare a suspension of MBI-206 EP in a mix tank. Fill tank ½ to ¾ the desired amount of water. Start mechanical or hydraulic agitation. Add the required amount of MBI-206 EP, and then the remaining volume of water. Then set the sprinkler to deliver a minimum of 0.1 to 0.3 inch of water per acre. Start sprinkler and uniformly inject the suspension of MBI-206 EP into the irrigation water line so as to deliver the desired rate per acre. Inject the suspension of MBI-206 EP with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right angle turn to insure adequate mixing. Any questions on calibration should be directed to your State Extension Service Specialists, to equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not combine MBI-206 EP with pesticides, surfactants or fertilizers for application through chemigation equipment unless prior experience has shown the combination physically compatible, effective and hon-injurious under conditions of use. MBI-206 EP has not been fully evaluated for compatibility with all adjuvants or surfactants. It is advisable to conduct a spray compatibility test if a mixture with adjuvants or surfactants is planned.

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General Requirements

- 1) Apply this product only through sprinkler, including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- 2) Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.

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- 3) If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.
- 4)
 b Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless-the-pesticide-label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- 5) A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Specific Requirements for Chemigation Systems Connected to Public Water Systems

- 1) Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- 2) Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reducedpressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the flow outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- 3) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 4) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 5) The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6) Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7) Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Specific Requirements for Sprinkler Chemigation

- 1) The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 2) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick clessing check value to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3) The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally clased, sole noidoperated value located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the infection system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4) The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5) The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch, which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

- 6) Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7) Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment a wind si Application Instructions for All Types of Chemigation in the story of All Types of Chemigation in the story of the stor
- 1) Remove scale, pesticide residues, and other foreign matter from the chemical supply itankcand entire injector system. Flush with clean water. Failure to provide a clean tank, void of scale or residues may cause product to lose effectiveness or strength.
- 2) Determine the treatment rates as indicated in the directions for use and make proper dilutions.
- 3) Prepare a solution in the chemical tank by filling the tank with the required water and then adding product as required. Utilize agitation to keep solution in suspension.

SHAKE WELL BEFORE USE

FOR USE ON THE FOLLOWING SITES FOR CONTROL OF INSECTS AND MITES

Ornamentals

Including: Flowering plants, foliage plants, broadleaves, shrubs, trees, conifers

1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre

Bagworm, fall webworm, gypsy moth, elm spanworm, tent caterpillar, California oakworm, pine butterfly, spruce budworm, saddle prominent caterpillar, Douglas fir tussock moth, western tussock moth, fruittree leafroller, blackheaded budworm, mimosa webworm, jack pine budworm, saddleback caterpillar, greenstriped mapleworm, hemlock looper, pine tip moth, redhumped caterpillar, spruce budworm

1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre

Mites, aphids, whiteflies, lace bugs Stink bugs, black vine weevil - suppression

Turfgrass and Ornamental grasses

1–8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre Armyworm, cutworm, sod webworm

1-8 quarts MBI-206 EP per acre

Chinch bug, leafhoppers, annual bluegrass weevil and bluegrass billbug - suppression

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Use up product within 6 months of purchase.

Pesticide Storage: Store in a cool dry place. Avoid freezing.

Pesticide Disposal: To avoid wastes, use all material in this container by application according to label directions. If wastes cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste disposal facility or pesticide disposal program (often such programs are run by state or local governments or by industry). Container Handing: Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration. Do not burn unless allowed by state and local ordinances.

ACRC Logo Placeholder Marrone Bio Innovations is a member of the Ag Container Recycling Council. Visit <u>http://www.acrecycle.org/contact.html</u> for information-on-how-to-arrange pick-up of this empty pesticide container.

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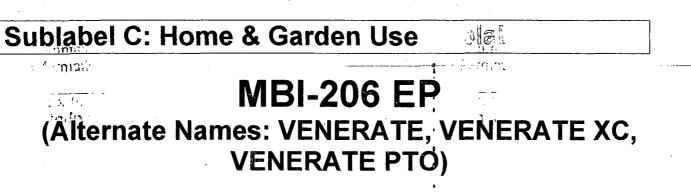
Marrone Bio Innovations WARRANTY

To the extent permitted by applicable law, the seller makes no warranty, expressed or implied, of merchantability, fitness or otherwise concerning use of this product. The user assumes all risks of use, storage or handling that are not in strict accordance with the accompanying directions.

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BIOLOGICAL INSECTICIDE

(Can Be Used in Organic Gardening) (For Organic Gardening)(For Organic Lawn Care)(OMRI Placeholder)

*Contains not less than 1,500 Beet Armyworm Killing Units (BAWKU)/mg. <u>Note</u>: The percent active ingredient does not indicate product performance and potency measurements are not federally standardized.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Call a poison control center or docto	after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
HOT LINE N	
ct container or label with you when call	ling a poison control center or doctor, or going for mergency medical treatment information.
	EPA Est. No.: XXXXX-XX-XXX
Marrone Bio Innovations, Inc. 2121 Second St., Suite B-107 Davis, CA 95618 USA 1-877-664-4476; www.marronebio	
	may also contact 1-800-222-1222 for e ອະບິວິຍີ-14 ເຮັ້ະ ພາລັງ ກັນເຊັ່ງ Marrone Bio Innovations, Inc. 2121 Second St., Suite B-107

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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS - CAUTION. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wear goggles or safety glasses. Wash thoroughly with solap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before use.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. See the Directions for Use section of this label for application instructions that minimize risk to bees and other beneficial insects.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

HOME AND GARDEN USE DIRECTIONS

MBI-206 EP is a biological insecticide containing killed cells and fermentation solids of *Burkholderia spp.* strain A396 for use on agricultural crops against the pests listed in the Directions for Use section. MBI-206 EP controls insect targets by enzymatic degradation of exoskeletal structures and interference with the molting process leading to mortality through contact and/or ingestion. MBI-206 EP controls or suppresses many foliar feeding pests including caterpillars and foliage feeding coleopteran and against many soft-bodied insects such as, aphids, whiteflies and plant sucking mites infesting labeled crops and plants. For insect control, the concentrate of MBI-206 EP must be mixed with water and applied as a foliar spray.

To minimize potential exposure to bees and other pollinating insects, do not apply while bees are foraging.

MBI-206 EP has been evaluated for toxicity to non-target insects in a variety of bioassays and on a variety of crops under various normal growing conditions. However, testing all beneficial insects, in all situations, mixtures and combinations, is not feasible. If you plan to release beneficial insects into your garden, consult with an extension specialist or with the product manufacturer prior to treating entire garden.

DIRECTIONS FOR CONTROL OF FOLIAR PESTS

WHEN TO USE

For best results, apply MBI-206 EP if pest species are present but before populations are causing visible damage.

BEFORE YOU USE

Read and follow these directions when using:

Do not allow spray to drift from application site.

Use only with pressurized hand-held sprayers or spray trigger bottles.

Do not allow spray mixture to stand overnight or for prolonged periods.

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MBI-206 EP can be applied in commonly used pressurized hand-held sprayers, spray trigger bottles and hose-end sprayers.

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HOW TO USE FOR HAND-HELD SPRAYERS AND SPRAY TRIGGER BOTTLES Fill sprayer or bottle with appropriate amount of water and concentrate.

Mix the spray solution thoroughly.

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Keep the spray solution agitated during application.

HOW TO USE FOR HOSE-END SPRAYERS

Follow hose-end sprayer instructions to determine how to fill, set dial, clean and disconnect from hose.

Set dial on sprayer to deliver rate as directed below.

HOW MUCH TO USE FOR ALL APPLICATIONS

2 tablespoons of MBI-206 EP per gallon of water

Some pesticides can cause phytotoxic effects ranging from slight burning or browning of leaves to distorted leaves, fruit, flowers or stems. Damage symptoms may vary with the type of plant that has been treated. It is impossible to test all plant species for phytotoxicity. To assure that the plants to be treated are not sensitive to the treatment, apply a small amount of the product to a few leaves or the above ground portion of the plant and check back in 2–4 days for signs of phytotoxicity. Use product according to label directions.

INSECTS CONTROLLED OR SUPPRESSED ON VEGETABLES, FRUITS, NUTS, ORNAMENTAL PLANTS, TREES, SHRUBS, FLOWERS, FOLIAGE AND TROPICAL PLANTS

Alfalfa caterpillar Alfalfa webworm Adelgids Aphids Armyworms Cabbage looper Chinch bugs Codling moth Corn earworm Diamondback moth Fruit files Hornworms Impôrted cabbageworm Lace bugs C C GEEEE Leaf,rollers Leafhoppers Light brown apple moth Loopers Mealypugs Mites Plant bugs Plum curculio Psyllids

Scales
Sharpshooters
Spittle bugs
Stink bugs — — — —
Tent caterpillars
Thrips
Tufted apple budworm
Webworms
Whiteflies

DIRECTIONS FOR SUPPRESSION OF SOIL-BORNE PESTS (EXCLUDING TURF)

For suppression of soil-borne pests, including seed maggots, wireworms, symphylans, cutworms, white grubs and plant-parasitic nematodes, apply MBI-206 EP as a soil drench directly into the seed furrow. Mix MBI-206 EP at rate of 5 tablespoons per gallon of water, and apply the mixture at the rate of 1 quart (32 fluid ounces) per 25 feet of row. For individual plants, such as tomatoes and peppers, apply the mixture as a soil drench at the rate of 4 fluid ounces per plant.

DIRECTIONS FOR SUPPRESSION OF PESTS OF TURF

Bluegrass billbug, annual bluegrass weevil, chinch bugs, armyworm, webworms, and cutworms

Mix MBI-206 EP at the rate of 5 tablespoons per gallon of water, and apply to turf with a pressurized sprayer at the rate of 1 gallon per 250 square feet of turf.

Plant parasitic nematodes

Mix 5 tablespoons MBI-206 EP per gallon of water, and apply at the rate of 1 gallon per 250 square feet of turf. For best control, thoroughly irrigate following application to moisten the top inch of soil. There should be no more than $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of thatch present at the time of application. Under dry conditions where thatch is present, pre-watering is recommended prior to application.

For control of bluegrass billbug, annual bluegrass weevil, chinch bugs, armyworm, webworms, and cutworms it is not necessary to irrigate following application.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Use up product within 6 months of purchase.

Pesticide Storage: Store in a cool, dry place.

Pesticide Disposal and Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not fetse or refill this container. If empty: Place in trash and offer for recycling if available.

If partially filled: Call your local solid waste agency or (800) 858-7378 (National Pesticide information Center) for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

Marrone Bio Innovations WARRANTY

To the extent permitted by applicable law, the seller makes no warranty, expressed or implied, of merchantability, fitness or otherwise concerning use of this product. The user assumes all risks of use, storage or handling that are most in strict accordance with the accompanying directions.

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