



OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

September 14, 2026

Edward Hearn
edward.hearn@syntechresearch.com
SHARDA USA LLC

Subject: Non-PRIA (Pesticide Registration Improvement Act) Labeling Amendment - alignment with California-approved labels
Product Name: Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG
Admin Number: 83529-343
EPA Receipt Date: 07/22/2026
Action Case Number: 00712772

Dear Edward Hearn:

The amended labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable.

This approval does not affect any terms or conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing terms or conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one (1) copy of the final printed labeling before you release this product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR § 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR § 152.3.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to your company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under FIFRA and is subject to review by EPA. If the website is false or misleading, the product will be considered to be misbranded and sale or distribution of the product is unlawful under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR § 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements the EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the EPA find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains statements or claims substantially differing from statements or claims made in connection with obtaining a FIFRA section 3 registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance.

Your release for shipment of this product constitutes acceptance of these terms. If these terms are not complied with, this registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6.

If you have questions, please contact Yasmin Bowers via email at bowers.yasmin@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

YASMIN BOWERS Digitally signed by YASMIN BOWERS
Date: 2026.09.14 10:30:01 -04'00'

Yasmin Bowers, Risk Manager FB, RD
Office of Pesticide Programs

[MASTER LABEL]

TEBUCONAZOLE	GROUP	3	FUNGICIDE
TRIFLOXYSTROBIN	GROUP	11	FUNGICIDE

Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG

[ABN: Relentless]

For Control of Certain Diseases on Almonds, Grapes^[*], Pistachio, Pome Fruit^[*], Stone Fruit, and Tree Nuts.

[*Not Registered for Use By California.]

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

	WT. BY %
Tebuconazole.....	25.0%
Trifloxystrobin.....	25.0%

OTHER INGREDIENTS: 50.0%

TOTAL: 100.0%

*Contains 0.25 pound of tebuconazole and 0.25 pound of trifloxystrobin per pound of product as a water-dispersible granule (WG).

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.

(If you **DO NOT** understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID	
IF IN EYES:	- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 – 20 minutes. - Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. - Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF SWALLOWED:	- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. - Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	- Take off contaminated clothing. - Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 – 20 minutes. - Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF INHALED:	- Move person to fresh air. - If person is not breathing, call 911 or ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. - Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
HOTLINE NUMBERS	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. For emergency information concerning this product, call your poison control center at 1-800-222-1222 . For general information about this product, contact the National Pesticides Information Center (NPIC) at 1-800-858-7378 , Monday through Friday, 8 AM to 12 PM PST, or at http://npic.orst.edu .	
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN	
No specific antidote is available. Treat the patient symptomatically.	

{Optional referral statements when booklets and container labels are used:}

[See label booklet for [complete] [additional] [First Aid,] [Precautionary Statements], [Directions For Use], and [Storage and Disposal].]

EPA Reg. No.: 83529-343

EPA Est. No.: _____

Manufactured for:

Sharda USA LLC



7217 Lancaster Pike, Suite A
Hockessin, Delaware 19707

ACCEPTED

09/14/2026

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide
and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the
pesticide registered under
EPA Reg. No.

83529-343

Net Contents: _____ Lbs. [Kg]

[Batch Code/Lot No.: _____]

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber $\geq$ 14 mils, nitrile rubber $\geq$ 14 mils, neoprene rubber $\geq$ 14 mils, natural rubber $\geq$ 14 mils, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride $\geq$ 14 mils, or Viton $\geq$ 14 mils
- Protective eyewear

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENTS

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to mammals, fish and aquatic invertebrates. Applying this product when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help reduce potential risk to aquatic invertebrates by reducing pesticide runoff from the treatment area into water bodies. **DO NOT** apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water or rinsate.

Groundwater Advisory

Several trifloxystrobin degradates have properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Tebuconazole is known to leach through soil into ground under certain conditions as a result of label use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

Surface Water Advisory

This product may contaminate water through drift of spray in wind. This product has a high potential for runoff for several months or more after application. Poorly draining soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to runoff that contains this product. A level, well maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features including ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential for contamination of water from rainfall-runoff. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted within 48 hours.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE)

and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of **12 hours**.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, including plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG is a broad-spectrum fungicide for the control of certain diseases of almonds, grapes^[*], pistachio, pome fruit^[*], stone fruit, and tree nuts.

[*Not Registered for Use By California]

Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG works by interfering with both energy and cell membrane production in plant pathogenic fungi.

UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS CONDUCIVE TO EXTENDED INFECTION PERIODS, ADDITIONAL FUNGICIDE APPLICATIONS BEYOND THE NUMBER ALLOWED BY THIS LABEL MAY BE NEEDED. UNDER THESE CONDITIONS, USE ANOTHER FUNGICIDE REGISTERED FOR THE CROP/DISEASE.

Use Restrictions:

- **DO NOT** apply this product to concord grapes or crop injury may occur.
- **Aerial Application: DO NOT** apply this product by aerial application.
- **Chemigation: DO NOT** apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Rainfastness

Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG is rainfast when dry, generally in 2 hours, and dependent on local weather conditions, such as humidity and wind.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, please note that **Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG** contains both a Group 3 and Group 11 fungicide. Any fungal population may contain individuals naturally resistant to **Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG** and other Group 3 or Group 11 fungicides. A gradual or total loss of pest control may occur over time if these (fungicides) are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance-management strategies must be followed.

To delay fungicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of **Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG** or other Group 3 or Group 11 fungicides within a growing season sequence with different groups that control the same pathogens.
- Use tank mixtures with fungicide from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the manufacturer.
- Adopt an integrated disease management program for fungicide use that includes scouting, uses historical information related to pesticide use, and crop rotation, and which considers host plant resistance, impact of environmental conditions on disease development, disease thresholds, as well as cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.
- Where possible, make use of predictive disease models to effectively time fungicide applications. Note that using predictive models alone is not sufficient to manage resistance.
- Monitor treated fungal/bacterial populations for resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisor for any additional pesticide resistance management and/or IPM recommendations for specific crops and pathogens.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact your Sharda USA LLC representative. You can also contact your pesticide distributor or university extension specialist to report resistance.

SPRAY EQUIPMENT

Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control. Applications using sufficient water volume to provide thorough and uniform coverage generally provide the most effective disease control. For ground application equipment, use a minimum of 10 gallons per acre.

Broadcast Ground Sprayers

Equip sprayers with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application. Be certain that nozzles are the same size and uniformly spaced across the boom. Calibrate the sprayer before use.

Use a pump with the capacity to: (1) maintain a minimum of 35 PSI at nozzles, and (2) provide sufficient agitation in the tank to keep the mixture in suspension; this requires recirculation of 10% of the tank volume per minute. Use jet agitators or a liquid sparge tube for vigorous agitation.

Use screens to protect the pump and to prevent nozzles from clogging. Screens placed on the suction side of the pump must be 16-mesh or coarser. **DO NOT** place a screen in the recirculation line. Use 50-mesh screens at the nozzles. Check nozzle manufacturer's recommendations.

For information on spray equipment and calibration, consult sprayer manufacturer's and/or State recommendations. For specific local spray schedules, consult the current State Agricultural Experiment Station recommendations.

MIXING PROCEDURES

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Prepare no more spray mixture than is needed for the immediate operation. Thoroughly clean spray equipment before using this product. Vigorous agitation is necessary for proper dispersal of the product. Maintain maximum agitation throughout the spraying operation. **DO NOT** let the spray mixture stand overnight in the spray tank. Flush the spray equipment thoroughly following each use and apply the rinsate to a previously treated area.

Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG Alone: Add approximately half of the required amount of water to the mix tank. With the agitator running, add the **Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG** to the tank. Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water. Begin application of the solution after the **Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG** has completely and uniformly dispersed into the mix water. Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been applied.

Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG plus Tank Mixtures: Add approximately half of the required amount of water to the mix tank. Start the agitator running before adding any tank mix partners. In general, tank mix partners must be added in this order: products packaged in water-soluble packaging, wettable powders, wettable granules (dry flowables), liquid flowables, liquids, and emulsifiable concentrates. Always allow each tank mix partner to become fully and uniformly dispersed before adding the next product. Provide sufficient agitation while adding the remainder of the water. Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been applied.

NOTE: When using **Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG** in tank mixtures, all products in water-soluble packaging must be added to the tank before any other tank mix partner, including **Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG**. Allow the water-soluble packaging to completely dissolve and the product(s) to completely disperse before adding any other tank-mix partner to the tank.

If using **Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG** in a tank mixture, observe all directions for use, crop/sites, use rates, dilution ratios, precautions, and limitations which appear on the tank mix partner product label. No label dosage rate may be exceeded, and the most restrictive label precautions and limitations must be followed. This product must not be mixed with any product which prohibits such mixing. Tank mixtures or other applications of products referenced on this label are permitted only in those states in which the referenced products are registered.

Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG is compatible with most insecticide, fungicide, and foliar nutrient products. However, the physical compatibility of **Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG** with tank mix partners must be tested before use. To determine the physical compatibility of **Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG** with other products, use a jar test, as described below.

Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the products to 1 quart of water. Add wettable powders and water-dispersible granular products first, then liquid flowables, and emulsifiable concentrates last. After thoroughly mixing, let stand for at least 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can be remixed readily, it is physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding required ingredients to the spray tank.

The crop safety of all potential tank mixes, including additives and other pesticides, on all crops has not been tested. Before applying any tank mixture not specified on this label, the safety to the target crop must be confirmed. To test for crop safety, apply the tank mixture to the target crop in a small area and in accordance with label instructions for the target crop.

MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Airblast Applications:

- Sprays must be directed into the canopy.
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- User must turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and when spraying outer row.
- **DO NOT** apply during temperature inversions.

Ground Boom Applications:

- Apply with the nozzle height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- **DO NOT** apply during temperature inversions.

SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

Importance Of Droplet Size

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size – Ground Boom

- **Volume** – Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- **Pressure** – Use the lowest spray pressure specified for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- **Spray Nozzle** – Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

Controlling Droplet Size – Aircraft

- **Adjust Nozzles** – Follow nozzle manufacturers recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles must be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

Boom Height – Ground Boom

For ground equipment, the boom must remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

Release Height – Aircraft

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift.

Shielded Sprayers

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

Temperature Inversions

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

Wind

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS. Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

Handheld Technology Applications:

- Take precautions to minimize spray drift.

USE DIRECTIONS FOR SPECIFIC CROPS

Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG provides control or suppression of several important diseases of almonds, grapes^[*], pistachio, pome fruit^[*], stone fruit and tree nuts. When reference is made to disease suppression, suppression can mean either erratic control from good to fair, or consistent control at a level below that obtained with the best commercial disease control products.

[*Not Registered for Use By California]

Rotational Restrictions

Treated areas may be replanted immediately following harvest with any crop listed on this label. For crops not listed on this label, **DO NOT** plant back within 120 days of last application.

ALMONDS

Diseases Controlled	Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG Rate Oz./Acre	Application Instructions
Brown Rot Blossom Blight (<i>Monilinia laxa</i> , <i>M. fructicola</i>) Jacket Rot, Green Fruit Rot (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>) Alternaria (<i>Alternaria alternata</i>) Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum acutatum</i>)	4 – 8 (0.0625 – 0.125 lb. a.i.) [In California only: 6-8	Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease but before infection. Apply on a 7- to 14-day spray schedule. Use higher rates and shorter intervals when disease

Shot Hole (<i>Wilsonomyces carpophilus</i>) Powdery Mildew (<i>Podosphaera tridactyla</i> , <i>Sphaerotheca pannosa</i>) Scab (<i>Cladosporium carpophilum</i>) Rust (<i>Tranzschelia discolor</i>)	(0.093 - 0.125 lb. a.i.)	pressure is severe. Refer to University and/or extension guidelines for best application timings.
Restrictions: DO NOT apply more than 32 oz. (0.5 lb. a.i.) of Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 4 total applications of Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG per year. DO NOT apply more than 8 oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) in a single application. DO NOT apply Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG within 35 days of harvest. DO NOT cut cover crops in treated areas for feed, or allow livestock to graze treated areas. - Minimum RTI is 7 days. - This product is a mixture of a Group 11 and a Group 3 fungicide. To limit the potential for the development of resistance, DO NOT apply more than 2 sequential applications of Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG or other Group 11-containing fungicides.		

GRAPES^[*]

Diseases Controlled	Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG Rate Oz./Acre	Application Instructions
Powdery Mildew (<i>Uncinula necator</i>)	3 (0.046 lb. a.i.)	Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease but before infection. Apply on a 14-day spray schedule.
	4 (0.0625 lb. a.i.)	Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease but before infection. Apply on a 21-day spray schedule.
Botrytis Bunch Rot (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>)	6 (0.093 lb. a.i.)	Refer to timings listed above for grape powdery mildew. Research data show a trend toward better control if fungicides are applied at bloom, pre-bunch closure, and veraison. Continue on a 14- to 21-day spray schedule. Use shorter intervals when disease pressure is severe.
Phomopsis Cane and Leaf Spot (<i>Phomopsis viticola</i>)	6 (0.093 lb. a.i.)	Begin applications at bud break and continue up to bunch closure on a 14- to 21-day spray schedule. Use shorter intervals when disease pressure is severe.
Black Rot (<i>Guignardia bidwellii</i>)	4 (0.0625 lb. a.i.)	Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease but before infection. Apply on a 10- to 14-day spray schedule. Use shorter intervals when disease pressure is severe.
Diseases Suppressed	Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG Rate Oz./Acre	Application Instructions
Botrytis Bunch Rot (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>) Phomopsis Cane and Leaf Spot (<i>Phomopsis viticola</i>)	4 (0.0625 lb. a.i.)	Refer to timings listed above for grape powdery mildew. Use shorter intervals when disease pressure is severe.
Downy Mildew (<i>Plasmopara viticola</i>)	7.2 (0.11 lb. a.i.)	Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease but before infection. Apply on a 10- to 14-day spray schedule. Use shorter intervals when disease pressure is severe.
Restrictions: DO NOT apply to concord grapes or crop injury may occur. DO NOT apply more than 48 oz. (0.75 lb. a.i.) of Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG per acre per year. DO NOT apply more than 6 total applications of Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG per year. DO NOT apply more than 7.2 oz. (0.11 lb. a.i.) in a single application. DO NOT apply Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG within 14 days of harvest. - Minimum RTI is 10 days. - This product is a mixture of a Group 11 and a Group 3 fungicide. To limit the potential for the development of resistance, DO NOT apply more than 2 sequential applications of Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG or other Group 11-containing fungicides.		

[*Not Registered for Use By California]

PISTACHIOS

Diseases Controlled	Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG Rate Oz./Acre	Application Instructions
Blossom and Shoot Blight (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>) Alternaria Late Blight (<i>Alternaria alternata</i>)	4 – 8 (0.0625 – 0.125 lb. a.i.) [In California only: 6-8]	Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease but before infection. Apply on a 14- to 21-day spray schedule. Use higher rates and shorter intervals when disease pressure is severe.

	(0.093 - 0.125 lb. a.i.)	
Botryosphaeria Panicle and Shoot Blight (<i>Botryosphaeria dothidea</i>) Septoria Leaf Spot (<i>Septoria pistaciarum</i>)	4 – 8 (0.0625 – 0.125 lb. a.i.) [In California only: 6-8 (0.093 - 0.125 lb. a.i.)]	Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease but before infection. Apply on a 14- to 21-day spray schedule. Use higher rates and shorter intervals when disease pressure is severe.

Restrictions:

- **DO NOT** apply more than 24 oz. (0.375 lb. a.i.) of **Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG** per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 3 total applications of **Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG** per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 8 oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) in a single application.
- **DO NOT** apply **Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG** within 35 days of harvest or after hull split.
- **DO NOT** cut cover crops in treated areas for feed, or allow livestock to graze treated areas.
- Minimum RTI is 14 days.
- This product is a mixture of a Group 11 and a Group 3 fungicide. To limit the potential for the development of resistance, **DO NOT** apply more than 2 sequential applications of **Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG** or other Group 11-containing fungicides.

POME FRUITS^[*]

Apples, Pears, Crabapples, Loquat, Mayhaw, and Quince

Diseases Controlled	Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG Rate Oz./Acre	Application Instructions
Scab (<i>Venturia</i> spp.)	Preventive 4 (0.625 lb. a.i.)	Begin applications at green tip and continue as needed on a 7- to 10-day spray schedule.
	Post-Infection 5 (0.078 lb. a.i.)	Use higher rates and shorter intervals when disease pressure is severe. Refer to University and/or extension guidelines for best application timings.
Cedar-Apple Rust (<i>Gymnosporangium juniperi-virginianae</i>)	4 – 5 (0.625 – 0.078 lb. a.i.)	Begin applications at green tip and continue as needed on a 7- to 10-day spray schedule. Use higher rates and shorter intervals when disease pressure is severe.
Powdery Mildew (<i>Podosphaera leucotricha</i>)	4 – 5 (0.625 – 0.078 lb. a.i.)	Begin applications at green tip and continue as needed on a 10- to 14-day spray schedule. Use higher rates and shorter intervals when disease pressure is severe.
Sooty Blotch (<i>Gloeodes pomigena</i>) Fly Speck (<i>Schizothyrium pomi</i>)	4 – 5 (0.625 – 0.078 lb. a.i.)	Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease but before infection. Apply on a 10- to 14-day spray schedule. Use higher rates and shorter intervals when disease pressure is severe.
Diseases Suppressed	Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG Rate Oz./Acre	Application Instructions
Bitter Rot (<i>Glomerella cingulata</i>)	6 (0.093 lb. a.i.)	Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease but before infection. Apply Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG solo at the specified rate or use a tank mix of Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG with 1.2 lbs. active ingredient of Captan per acre.
White Rot (<i>Botryosphaeria dothidea</i>)	Tank mix with products containing captan: 3 (0.046 lb. a.i.)	Use higher rates and shorter intervals when disease pressure is severe. Continue applications as needed on a 10- to 14-day spray schedule.

Restrictions:

- **Not for use in New York state.**
- **DO NOT** apply more than 22 oz. (0.343 lbs. a.i.) of **Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG** per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 4 total applications of **Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG** per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 6 oz. (0.093 lb. a.i.) in a single application.
- **DO NOT** apply **Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG** within 75 days of harvest.
- Minimum RTI is 7 days.
- This product is a mixture of a Group 11 and a Group 3 fungicide. To limit the potential for the development of resistance, **DO NOT** apply more than 2 sequential applications of **Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG** or other fungicide containing either a Group 3 or Group 11 fungicide.

[*Not Registered for Use By California]

STONE FRUIT

Apricot, Cherry, Nectarine, Peach, Plum, Plumcot, and Prune (Fresh)

Diseases Controlled	Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG Rate Oz./Acre	Application Instructions
Brown Rot Blossom Blight (<i>Monilinia laxa</i> , <i>M. fructicola</i>) Jacket Rot, Green Fruit Rot (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>) Shot Hole (<i>Wilsonomyces carpophilus</i>) Alternaria (<i>Alternaria alternata</i>) Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum acutatum</i>) Powdery Mildew (<i>Podosphaera</i> spp., <i>Sphaerotheca pannosa</i>) Rusty Spot (<i>Podosphaera leucotricha</i>) Scab (<i>Cladosporium carpophilum</i>) Cherry Leaf Spot (<i>Blumeriella jaapii</i>) Fruit Rot (<i>Monilinia fruticola</i>) Rust (<i>Tranzschelia discolor</i>)	4 – 8 (0.0625 – 0.125 lb. a.i.) [In California only: 6-8 (0.093 - 0.125 lb. a.i.)]	Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease but before infection. Apply on a 7- to 14-day spray schedule. Use higher rates and shorter intervals when disease pressure is severe. Refer to University and/or extension guidelines for best application timings.

Restrictions:

- **DO NOT** apply more than 32 oz. (0.5 lb. a.i.) of **Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG** per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 4 total applications of **Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG** per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 8 oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) in a single application.
- **DO NOT** apply **Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG** within 1 day of harvest.
- Minimum RTI is 7 days.
- This product is a mixture of a Group 11 and a Group 3 fungicide. To limit the potential for the development of resistance, **DO NOT** apply more than 2 sequential applications of **Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG** or other Group 11 fungicides.

TREE NUTS

Beechnuts, Brazil Nuts, Bitternuts, Cashews, Chinquapins, Filberts, Hickory Nuts, Macadamia Nuts, Pecans, and Walnuts
(See Specific Use Directions for Almonds and Pistachios)

Diseases Controlled	Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG Rate Oz./Acre	Application Instructions
Jacket Rot, Green Fruit Rot, Blossom and Shoot Blight (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>) Alternaria (<i>Alternaria alternata</i>) Anthracnose (<i>Colletotrichum acutatum</i> , <i>Glomerella cingulata</i>) Shot Hole (<i>Wilsonomyces carpophilus</i>) Powdery Mildew (<i>Podosphaera tridactyla</i> , <i>Sphaerotheca pannosa</i>) Scab (<i>Cladosporium carpophilum</i> , <i>Cladosporium caryigenum</i>) Eastern Filbert Blight (<i>Anisogramma anomala</i>) Rust (<i>Tranzschelia discolor</i>)	4 – 8 (0.0625 – 0.125 lb. a.i.) [In California only: 6-8 (0.093 - 0.125 lb. a.i.)]	Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease but before infection. Apply on a 7- to 14-day spray schedule. Use higher rates and shorter intervals when disease pressure is severe. Refer to University and/or extension guidelines for best application timings.
Botryosphaeria Panicle and Shoot Blight (<i>Botryosphaeria dothidea</i>) Septoria Leaf Spot (<i>Septoria pistaciarum</i>)	4 – 8 (0.0625 – 0.125 lb. a.i.) [In California only: 6-8 (0.093 - 0.125 lb. a.i.)]	Begin applications when conditions are favorable for disease but before infection. Apply on a 14- to 21-day spray schedule. Use higher rates and shorter intervals when disease pressure is severe.

Restrictions:

- **DO NOT** apply more than 32 oz. (0.5 lb. a.i.) of **Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG** per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 4 total applications of **Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG** per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 8 oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) in a single application.
- **DO NOT** apply **Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG** within 60 days of harvest or after hull split.
- **DO NOT** cut cover crops in treated areas for feed, or allow livestock to graze treated areas.
- Minimum RTI is 7 days.
- This product is a mixture of a Group 11 and a Group 3 fungicide. To limit the potential for the development of resistance, **DO NOT** apply more than 2 sequential applications of **Sharda Tebuconazole 25% + Trifloxystrobin 25% WG** or other Group 11 - containing fungicides.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a cool, dry place and in such a manner as to prevent cross-contamination with other pesticides, fertilizers, food, and feed. Store in original container and out of the reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. Improper disposal of unused pesticide, spray mixture, or rinse water is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be used according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

[[Nonrefillable Outer Bag:]] Do not reuse or refill the outer bag. Completely empty bag into application equipment. Offer bag for recycling if available. If recycling is not available, then dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.]

[[Nonrefillable Plastic Containers (Capacity Equal to or Less Than 50 Pounds):]] Nonrefillable container. **DO NOT** reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.]

[[Nonrefillable Plastic Containers (Capacity Greater Than 50 Pounds):]] Nonrefillable container. **DO NOT** reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.]

[[Nonrefillable Plastic Containers, e.g., Intermediate Bulk Containers [IBC] (Size or Shape Too Large to be Tipped, Rolled or Turned Upside Down):]] Nonrefillable container. **DO NOT** reuse or refill this container. Clean container promptly after emptying the contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank and before final disposal using the following pressure rinsing procedure. Insert a lance fitted with a suitable tank cleaning nozzle into the container and ensure that the water spray thoroughly covers the top, bottom, and all sides inside the container. The nozzle manufacturer generally provides instructions for the appropriate spray pressure, spray duration and/or spray volume. If the manufacturer's instructions are not available, pressure rinse the container for at least 60 seconds using a minimum pressure of 30 PSI with a minimum rinse volume of 10% of the container volume. Drain, pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this pressure rinsing procedure two more times. Then, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.]

[[Nonrefillable Paper or Plastic Bags, Fiber Sacks including Flexible Intermediate Bulk Containers (FIBC) or Fiber Drums with Liners:]] Nonrefillable container. **DO NOT** reuse or refill this container. Completely empty paper or plastic bag, fiber sack or drum liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application or manufacturing equipment. Then offer for recycling if available or dispose of empty paper or plastic bag, fiber sack or fiber drum and liner in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.]

[[Refillable Fiber Drums with Liners: Refillable container (fiber drum only). Refilling Fiber Drum:]] Refill this fiber drum with this pesticide only. **DO NOT** reuse this fiber drum for any other purpose. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. Completely empty liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application or manufacturing equipment. Disposing of Fiber Drum and/or Liner: **DO NOT** reuse this fiber drum for any other purpose other than refilling (see preceding). Cleaning the container (liner and/or fiber drum) before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Offer the liner for recycling if available or dispose of liner in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities. If drum is contaminated and cannot be reused, dispose of it in the manner required for its liner. To clean the fiber drum before final disposal, completely empty the fiber drum by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application or manufacturing equipment. Then offer the fiber drum for recycling if available or dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.]

[[Refillable Plastic Containers:]] Refillable container. Refilling Container: Refill this container with this pesticide only. **DO NOT** reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. Prior to refilling, inspect carefully for damage including cracks, punctures, abrasions, worn out threads and closure devices. If damage is found, **DO NOT** use the container. Check for leaks after refilling and before transporting. If leaks are found, **DO NOT** reuse or transport container. Disposing of Container: **DO NOT** reuse this container for any other purpose other than refilling (see preceding). Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. To clean the container before final disposal, use the following pressure rinsing procedure. Insert a lance fitted with a suitable tank cleaning nozzle into the container and ensure that the water spray thoroughly covers the top, bottom, and all sides inside the container. The nozzle manufacturer generally provides instructions for the appropriate spray pressure, spray duration and/or spray volume. If the manufacturer's instructions are not available, pressure rinse the container for at least 60 seconds using a minimum pressure of 30 PSI with a minimum rinse volume of 10% of the container volume. Drain, pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this pressure rinsing procedure two more times. Then, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.]

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control

of Sharda USA LLC or Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold Sharda USA LLC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

Sharda USA LLC warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. To the extent consistent with applicable law, this warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or Sharda USA LLC and Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. To the extent consistent with applicable law, SHARDA USA LLC MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, neither Sharda USA LLC nor Seller shall be liable for any incidental, consequential, or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. **TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF SHARDA USA LLC AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF SHARDA USA LLC OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.**

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[OPTIONAL MARKETING LANGUAGE]

1	https://www.shardausa.com/ 
2	[Handle with Care]
3	[This side Up]