

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division (7505T)
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20460

83529-238	

EPA Reg. Number:

Date of Issuance:

3/13/24

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

X Registration
Reregistration
(under FIFRA, as amended)

Term of Issuance: Conditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

Sharda Bifen. 9.72% & Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Sharda USA LLC c/o Wagner Regulatory Associates, Inc. P.O Box 640 Hockessin, DE 19707

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA).

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(7)(A). You must comply with the following conditions:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration/registration review of your product under FIFRA when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.

Continues page 2

Signature of Approving Official:

Date:

3/13/24

Scott Campbell, Acting Product Manager 3

IVB1, Registration Division (7505P)

- 2. You are required to comply with the data requirements described in the generic data call-in (GDCI) order identified below:
 - a. Bifenthrin GDCI-128825-902
 - b. Bifenthrin GDCI-128825-1159
 - c. Bifenthrin GDCI-097805-1100
 - d. Zeta-Cypermethrin GDCI-129064-1209
 - e. Zeta-Cypermethrin GDCI-129064-1097

You must comply with all of the data requirements within the established deadlines. If you have questions about the GDCI Order listed above, you may contact the Chemical Review Manager in the Pesticide Re-Evaluation Division:http://iaspub.epa.gov/apex/pesticides/f?p=chemicalsearch:1

- 3. Make the following label changes before you release the product for shipment:
 - Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, "EPA Reg. No. 83529-238."
- 4. Submit one copy of the final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under FIFRA and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

If you fail to satisfy these data requirements, EPA will consider appropriate regulatory action including, among other things, cancellation under FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

The record for this product currently contains the following CSF(s):

• Basic CSF dated 07/22/2022

If you have any questions, please contact Jamey Shuler by phone at (202) 566-2898, or via email at Shuler.Jamey@epa.gov.

Enclosure

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to toxicity to fish and aquatic organisms.

For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators, or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification.

BIFENTHRIN	GROUP	3A	INSECTICIDE
ZETA-CYPERMETHRIN	GROUP	3A	INSECTICIDE

Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC

ABN: Lion

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	WT. BY %
Bifenthrin: (2-methyl [1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)methyl 3-(2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoro-1-propenyl)-2,2-dimethyl-cyclopropanecarboxylate	9 72%
Zeta-Cypermethrin: (S)-cyano(3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl-3-(2,2-dichloroethenyl)-2,2-	
dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate	3.24%
OTHER INGREDIENTS*:	<u>87.04%</u>
TOTAL:	
Contains 0.858 pound bifenthrin and 0.286 pound zeta-cypermethrin per gallon.	
*0	

^{*}Contains Petroleum Distillates.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

WARNING/AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you **DO NOT** understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

	FIRST AID			
IF SWALLOWED:	Immediately call a poison control center or doctor.			
	DO NOT give any liquid to the person.			
	DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.			
	DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.			
IF IN EYES:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. 			
	Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.			
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.			
HOTLINE NUMBER				

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. For emergency information concerning this product, call your poison control center at **1-800-222-1222**.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Contains petroleum distillates. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

Optional referral statements when booklets and container labels are used:

[See label booklet for [complete] [additional] [First Aid,] [Precautionary Statements], [Directions For Use], and [Storage and Disposal].]

Manufactured for:

Sharda USA LLC SU

7217 Lancaster Pike, Suite A
Hockessin, Delaware 19707

ACCEPTED

03/13/2024

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 2000.200

83529-238

EPA Reg. No. 83529-XXX EPA Est. No. XXXXX-XX-XXX

Net Contents: _____ Gals. [L.]

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS WARNING

May be fatal if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Handlers who may be exposed to the dilute through application or other tasks must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate; or butyl rubber ≥14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥14 mils, or Viton ≥14 mils
- shoes plus socks

Handlers who may be exposed to the concentrate through mixing, loading, application, or other tasks must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate; or butyl rubber ≥14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥14 mils, or Viton ≥14 mils
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

Mixers and loaders supporting aerial applications to cotton must wear at a minimum:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate; or butyl rubber ≥14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥14 mils, or Viton ≥14 mils
- Shoes plus socks

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. **DO NOT** reuse them.

ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENTS

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (540CFR 170.240(d)(4-6), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. If pesticide gets on skin, wash immediately with soap and water.
- Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, oysters, and shrimp. **DO NOT** apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean highwater mark. To protect the environment, **DO NOT** allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters, or surface water. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems.

The use of **Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC** is prohibited in areas where its application may result in exposure to endangered species. Prior to use in a particular county contact the local extension service for procedures and precautions to use to protect endangered species.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. **DO NOT** apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area. **Protect pollinating insects by following label directions intended to minimize drift and to reduce risk to these organisms.**

Non-Target Organism Advisory Statement

This product is highly toxic to bees and other pollinating insects exposed to direct treatment or to residues in/on blooming crops or weeds. Protect pollinating insects by following label directions intended to minimize drift and reduce pesticide risk to these organisms.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

DIRECTIONS FOR USE RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. For outdoor use only.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, including plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves, made of barrier laminate, or butyl rubber ≥14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥14 mils, or Viton ≥14 mils
- Shoes plus Socks
- Protective Eyewear

INSECT RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, **Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC** contains a Group 3A insecticide. Any insect population may contain individuals naturally resistant to **Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC** and other Group 3A insecticides. The resistant individuals may dominate the insect population if this group of insecticides is used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance-management strategies must be followed.

To delay insecticide resistance, take the following steps:

- Rotate the use of **Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC** or other Group 3A insecticides within a growing season, or among growing seasons, with different groups that control the same pests.
- Use tank mixtures with insecticides from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. **DO NOT** rely on the same mixture repeatedly for the same pest population. Consider any known cross-resistance issues (for the targeted pests) between the individual components of a mixture. In addition, consider the following recommendations provided by the Insecticide Resistance Action Committee (IRAC):
 - Individual insecticides selected for use in mixtures must be highly effective and be applied at the rates at which they are individually registered for use against the target species.
 - Mixtures with components having the same IRAC mode of action classification are not recommended for insect resistance management.
 - When using mixtures, consider any known cross-resistance issues between the individual components for the targeted pests.
 - Mixtures become less effective if resistance is already developing to one or both active ingredients, but they may still
 provide pest management benefits.
 - The insect resistance management benefits of an insecticide mixture are greatest if the two components have similar periods of residual insecticidal activity. Mixtures of insecticides with unequal periods of residual insecticidal activity may offer an insect resistance management benefit only for the period where both insecticides are active.
- Adopt an integrated pest management program for insecticides that includes scouting, uses historical information related to pesticide use, crop rotation, record keeping, and which considers cultural, biological, and other chemical control practices.
- Monitor after application for unexpected target pest survival. If the level of survival suggests the presence of resistance, consult with your local university specialist or certified pest control advisor.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM recommendations for the specific site and pest problems in your area.

MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Aerial Applications:

- **DO NOT** release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicators are required to select nozzle and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplets (ASABE S641)
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site. If the wind speed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must be 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must be 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter

for helicopters.

- If the wind speed is 10 mph or less, applicators must use 1/2 swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
 When the windspeed is between 11 15 mph, applicators must use ¾ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- DO NOT apply during temperature inversions.

Airblast Applications:

- Sprays must be directed into the canopy.
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site.
- User must turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and when spraying outer row.
- DO NOT apply during temperature inversions.

Ground Boom Applications:

- User must only apply with the nozzle height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- Applicators are required to select nozzle and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplets (ASABE S572).
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site.
- DO NOT apply during temperature inversions.

SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT. BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size - Ground Boom

- **Volume** Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

Controlling Droplet Size - Aircraft

• Adjust Nozzles - Follow nozzle manufacturers recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles must be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

BOOM HEIGHT - Ground Boom

• For ground equipment, the boom must remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

RELEASE HEIGHT - Aircraft

• Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift.

SHIELDED SPRAYERS

• Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

• When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

• Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicate an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

WIND

- Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS.
- · Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

CHEMIGATION USE DIRECTIONS

Apply this product only through sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems. **DO NOT** apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. **DO NOT** connect any irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch that will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC must be applied continuously for the duration of the water application. **Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC** must be diluted in sufficient volume to ensure accurate application over the area to be treated. Use the appropriate amount of water to carry the product to the target pest. Agitation is not required when a suitable diluent is used.

Vegetative Filter Strips

Construct and maintain a vegetative filter strip, according to the width specified below, of grass or other permanent vegetation between the field edge and nearby down gradient aquatic habitat (such as, but not limited to, lakes; reservoirs; rivers; streams; marshes; or natural ponds; estuaries; and commercial fish farm ponds).

Only apply products containing bifenthrin and/or zeta-cypermethrin onto fields where a maintained vegetative filter strip of at least 25 feet exists between the field edge and where a down gradient aquatic habitat exists. This minimum required width of 25 feet may be reduced or removed under the following conditions:

- For Western irrigated agriculture, a maintained vegetative filter strip of at least 10 feet wide is required. Western irrigated agriculture is defined as irrigated farmland in the following states:
 - WA, OR, CA, ID, NV, UT, AZ, MT, WY, CO, NM, and TX (west of I-35).
 - For Western irrigated agriculture, if a sediment control basin is present, a vegetative filter strip is not required.
- In all other areas, a vegetative filter strip with a minimum width of 25 feet is required, unless the following conditions are met. The vegetative filter strip requirement may be reduced from 25 feet to 15 feet if at least one of the following applies:
 - The area of application is considered prime farmland (as defined in 7 CFR § 657.5)
 - Conservation tillage is being implemented on the area of application. Conservation tillage is defined as any system that leaves at least 30% of the soil surface covered by residue after planting. Conservation tillage practices can include mulch-till, no-till, or strip-till.
 - A functional terrace system is maintained on the area of application.
 - Water and sediment control basins for the area of application are functional and maintained.
 - The area of application is less than or equal to 10 acres.

For further guidance on vegetated filter strips, refer to the following publication for information on constructing and maintaining effective buffers: Conservation Buffers to Reduce Pesticide Losses. Natural Resources Conservation Services. https://www.regulations.gov/document?D=EPA-HQ-OPP-2008-0331-0175

BUFFER ZONES TO WATER BODIES

Ground Application: DO NOT apply within 25 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, estuaries, and commercial fishponds).

Ultra-Low Volume (ULV) Aerial Application: DO NOT apply within 450 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, estuaries, and commercial fishponds).

Non-ULV Aerial Application: DO NOT apply within 150 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, estuaries, and commercial fishponds).

In New York State this product may not be applied within 100 feet (using ground equipment) to 300 feet (using aerial equipment) of coastal marshes or streams that drain into coastal marshes.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Use lower labeled rate for light to moderate infestation. Use higher labeled rates for heavy insect pressure. The rate of application is

Page **6** of **20**

variable according to insect pressure, timing of spray and field scouting. **DO NOT** exceed maximum labeled rate.

Rotational Crops

Crops for which bifenthrin and zeta-cypermethrin tolerances exist may be rotated at any time. All other crops may be rotated 30 days following the final application of **Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC**.

Tank Mixture

Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC may be applied in tank mixtures with other products approved for use on the crops listed for use on this label. Observe all restrictions and precautions that appear on the labels of these products. Test for compatibility of products before mixing.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC contains the pyrethroids zeta-cypermethrin and bifenthrin.

Maximum Usage When Applying Zeta-Cypermethrin and Cypermethrin Products to the Same Crop Within the Same Year DO NOT apply more than the maximum yearly total for either zeta-cypermethrin or cypermethrin products when used alone; DO NOT

apply more than the combined maximum yearly total for both products as outlined in the table below.

Сгор	Maximum Yearly To	tal (lb. a.i./A)	Maximum Yearly Total (lb. a.i./A) When Applying Cypermethrin and Zeta-cypermethrin Products to the Same Crop	Maximum Yearly Total (lb. a.i./A) When Applying Zeta-cypermethrin Products to the Same Crop
	Zeta-cypermethrin* Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC		Zeta-cypermethrin* plus Cypermethrin **	Zeta-cypermethrin*
Canola	0.0265	NA	N/A	0.15
Cotton	0.113	0.4	0.4	0.15
Field Corn	0.1	N/A	N/A	0.1
Sweet Corn	0.067	N/A	N/A	0.15
Peanut	0.1	N/A	N/A	0.15
Potato	0.113	N/A	N/A	0.15
Soybeans	0.1	N/A	N/A	0.15
Cucurbits	0.1	N/A	N/A	0.15
Eggplant, Okra, Pepper	0.067	N/A	N/A	0.15
Tomato	0.105	N/A	N/A	0.15
Head Lettuce	0.113	0.6	0.6	0.15
Head and Stem Brassica	0.113	0.6	0.6	0.15
Leafy Brassica	0.113	0.4	0.4	0.15
Dried and Succulent Peas and Beans	0.067	N/A	N/A	0.15
Root and Tuber Vegetables	0.113	N/A	N/A	0.15
Blueberries	0.113	N/A	N/A	0.15
Caneberries	0.067	N/A	N/A	0.15
Grape	0.025	N/A	N/A	0.15
Tree Nuts	0.113	0.5	0.5	0.125

^{*}Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC; or any zeta-cypermethrin product approved for crop use.

N/A = Not Applicable.

Maximum Usage When Applying Bifenthrin Products to the Same Crop Within the Same Year.

	Max	Maximum Yearly Total (lb. a.i./A)			
	Bifenthrin	Bifenthrin			
Crop	Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta- Cyper. 3.24% EC	Bifenthrin*	Products Plus Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC to the Same Crop		
Canola	0.08	0.08	0.08		
Cotton	0.338	0.5	0.5		
Field Corn	0.3	0.3	0.3		
Sweet Corn	0.2	0.2	0.2		
Peanut	0.3	0.5	0.5		
Potato	0.338	0.5	0.5		
Soybeans	0.3	0.3	0.3		
Cucurbits	0.3	0.3	0.3		
Eggplant, Okra, Pepper	0.2	0.2	0.2		

^{**}Any cypermethrin product approved for crop use.

Tomato	0.316	0.32	0.32
Head Lettuce	0.338	0.5	0.5
Head and Stem Brassica	0.338	0.5	0.5
Leafy Brassica	0.338	0.4	0.4
Dried and Succulent Peas and Beans	0.2	0.2	0.2
Root and Tuber Vegetables	0.338	0.5	0.5
Blueberries	0.338	0.5	0.5
Caneberries	0.201	0.2	0.2
Grape	0.075	0.1	0.1
Tree Nuts	0.338	0.5	0.5
*Any bifenthrin product approved for crop use.			

Pollinator Best Management Practices

Following best management practices can help reduce the risk to terrestrial pollinators. Examples of best management practice include applying pesticides in the evening and at night when pollinators are not foraging and checking to confirm hive locations before spraying. For additional resources on pollinator best management practices, visit https://www.epa.gov/pollinator-protection/findbest-management -practices-protect-pollinators

Managed pollinator protection plans are developed by states/tribes to promote communication between growers, landowners, farmers, beekeepers, pesticide users, and other pest management professionals to reduce exposure of bees to pesticides. If available, visit State plans for additional information on how to protect pollinators.

How to Report Bee Kills

It is recommended that users contact both State lead agency and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency to report bee kills due to pesticide application. Bee kills can be reported to EPA at beekill@epa.gov . To contact your State lead agency, see the current listing Information pesticide regulatory agencies at the National Pesticide Center's website: http://npic.orst.edu/reg/state agencies.html

CROP SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS

FIELD CROPS

Canola, Crambe, and Rapes	eed	
Pests Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Cutworm spp. Flea Beetle Aphid spp. Armyworm, Fall*	2.8 - 5.95 fl. oz./A of product 4.5 - 5.95 fl. oz./A of product	Apply as required by scouting. Base timing and frequency of applications on insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold levels. Apply by ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage
Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, True Armyworm, Yellowstriped		of foliage (minimum of 10 gals. of finished spray per acre by ground and 2 gals. of finished spray per acre by air).
Diamondback Moth** Fleahopper Grasshopper Looper spp. Seedpod Weevil Stink Bugs spp.		 Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): DO NOT apply within 35 days of harvest. Maximum Amount per Application: DO NOT apply more than 5.95 fl. oz./A of product (0.013 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.04 lb./A bifenthrin) per application. Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC allowed per Year: DO NOT apply more than 11.9 fl. oz./A of product (0.027 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.08 lb./A bifenthrin) per year. DO NOT make more than 2 applications per year when applications are made at the maximum rate. DO NOT make applications less than 14 days apart. Refer to the maximum usage tables when applying more than one product containing either zeta-cypermethrin or bifenthrin to this crop. *Coverage is essential for control of this pest. For heavy outbreaks, tank mix with another product that is labeled for this pest. **Pyrethroid resistance is common for these pests. Please consult your local or State agricultural authority to determine if resistance pest populations are in your area. If so, refer to the INSECT RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT section of this label.

Cotton

Pests Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
European Corn Borer	3.9 - 11.2 fl. oz./A of	Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC may be applied in water or
Grasshoppers	product	refined vegetable oil (soybean/cottonseed).
Soybean (Banded) Thrips		
Tobacco Thrips		Application in Water: Apply in a minimum of 5 gals. of finished spray per acre
Armyworm, Fall*	5.6 - 11.2 fl. oz./A of	with ground equipment or 1 gal. of finished spray per acre by aircraft. When
Armyworm, Yellowstriped	product	applying by air, 1 qt. of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1 qt. of water in
Bagrada Bug		the finished spray.

Boll Weevil Bollworm Cabbage Looper Cotton Aphid Cotton Fleahopper Cotton Leafperforator Cutworms Saltmarsh Caterpillar Southern Garden Leafhopper Stink Bugs Tobacco Budworm*	11.2 fl. oz /A of	ULV Application: Apply the labeled rate of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC in refined vegetable oil in a minimum of 1 qt. of finished spray per acre with aircraft calibrated to give adequate coverage. To Control Boll Weevil: Apply Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC at an interval of 3 - 4 days until pest numbers are reduced to acceptable levels. To Control Mites and Aphids: Apply when pests first appear. Repeat as necessary to maintain control. DO NOT exceed maximum labeled rate. Restrictions:
Carmine Spider Mite Lygus spp. Pink Bollworm Twospotted Spider Mite Whitefly	11.2 fl. oz./A of product	 Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): DO NOT apply within 14 days of harvest. Maximum Amount per Application: DO NOT apply more than 11.2 fl. oz./A of product (0.025 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.075 lb./A bifenthrin) per application. Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC allowed per Year: DO NOT apply more than 50.5 fl. oz./A of product (0.113 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.338 lb./A bifenthrin) per year. DO NOT make more than 4 applications per year when applications are made at the maximum rate. DO NOT graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed. Refer to the maximum usage tables when applying more than one product containing either zeta-cypermethrin or bifenthrin to this crop. *Coverage is essential for control of this pest. For heavy outbreaks, tank mix with another product that is labeled for this pest.

Field Corn (Grain and Silage), Popcorn, and Field Corn Grown for Seed - At-Plant Use

Pests Controlled	Rate of Application	
Armyworm spp. (True Armyworn Common Stalk Borer Cutworm spp. (Army Cutworm, Black Cutworm) Seed Corn Maggot Root Aphids (Corn Root Aphids) White Grub Wireworm spp.		
Row Spacing (Inches)	Fl. Oz./1,000 Linear Fe	eet Lb. A.I./1,000 Linear Feet
30	0.25 - 0.64	0.0006 zeta-cypermethrin + 0.0017 bifenthrin to 0.0014 zeta-cypermethrin + 0.0043 bifenthrin
20	0.17 - 0.42	0.0004 zeta-cypermethrin + 0.0011 bifenthrin to 0.0009 zeta-cypermethrin + 0.0028 bifenthrin
15	0.12 - 0.32	0.0003 zeta-cypermethrin + 0.0008 bifenthrin to 0.0007 zeta-cypermethrin + 0.0021 bifenthrin

Field Corn (Grain and Silage), Popcorn, Field Corn Grown for Seed - Foliar Use

110101 00111 (011011 01110 01110 01110 0111		
Pests Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Army Cutworm	2.8 - 6.7 fl. oz./A of	Apply in a minimum of 2 - 5 gals. of finished spray per acre by aircraft or in
Bean Leaf Beetle	product	a minimum of 10 gals. of finished spray per acre with ground equipment. To

		Page 9 of 20
Common Stalk Borer Cutworm spp. Flea Beetle Grasshoppers		improve control by aircraft, use 5 gals. of finished spray per acre particularly when initial populations are heavier than normal. When applying by air, 1 - 2 qts. of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1 - 2 qts. of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.
Green Cloverworm Hop Vine Borer Western Bean Cutworm Aphid spp.	4.5 - 11.2 fl. oz./A of	To Control Ear-Attacking Pests: Apply Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC just before silking and repeat as necessary to maintain control. DO NOT exceed maximum labeled rate.
Armyworm, Fall* Armyworm, Southern Armyworm spp. Armyworm, True	product	Southwestern Corn Borer and European Corn Borer: Make application for corn borer control with initial application at or shortly before egg hatch.
Armyworm, Yellowstriped Cereal Leaf Beetle Chinch Bug		For Control of Other Insect Pests: Apply when pests first appear and repeat as necessary. DO NOT exceed maximum labeled rate.
Corn Blotch Leafminer (Adults) Corn Earworm Corn Leaf Hopper Corn Rootworm (Adults) Corn Silk Fly		For Control of Mites: Apply for Banks Grass Mite control when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before dispersal above the bottom third of the plant.
Cucumber Beetle (Adults) European Corn Borer False Chinch Bug Greenbug		For Twospotted Spider Mite and Carmine Mite control, apply when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before widespread mite dispersal throughout the canopy.
Hornworms Japanese Beetle (Adults) Meadow Spittlebug Sap Beetle		Higher labeled rates will be necessary for heavier initial populations and corn under heat or drought stress. Field experience with dimethoate at 0.5 lb. a.i./A in tank mixture has demonstrated good control under these conditions. DO NOT exceed maximum labeled rate.
Southern Corn Leaf Beetle Southwestern Corn Borer Stink Bugs Tobacco Budworm** Webworms		For Mite Control in Texas, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Arizona: Apply in a minimum of 5 gals. of finished spray per acre by aircraft or in a minimum of 10 gals. of finished spray per acre with ground equipment.
Banks Grass Mite Carmine Mite Lygus spp. Twospotted Spider Mite	11.2 fl. oz./A of product	Restrictions: • Maximum Amount per Application: DO NOT apply more than 11.2 fl. oz./A of product (0.025 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.075 lb./A bifenthrin) per application.
		 Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC allowed per Year: DO NOT apply more than 44.8 fl. oz./A of product (0.1 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.3 lb./A bifenthrin) per year, including at-plant plus foliar applications.
		 DO NOT make more than 4 applications per year when applications are made at the maximum rate. DO NOT apply within 30 days of harvest for grain and stover and 60
		 days for forage. DO NOT graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed within 30 days of the last application.
		 Use of ultra-low volume (ULV) application on corn is prohibited. DO NOT make aerial or ground applications to corn if heavy rainfall is imminent.
		 Refer to the maximum usage tables when applying more than one product containing either zeta-cypermethrin or bifenthrin to this crop.
		*Coverage is essential for control of this pest. For heavy outbreaks, tank mix with another product that is labeled for this pest. **Pyrethroid resistance is common for these pests. Please consult your local or State agricultural authority to determine if resistance pest populations are in your area. If so, refer to the INSECT RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT section of this label.

Sweet Corn (Grain and Silage) and Sweet Corn Grown For Seed - Foliar Use Only

Pests Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Aphid spp.	4.5 - 11.2 fl. oz./A of	Apply in a minimum of 2 gals. of finished spray per acre by air or in a
Army Cutworm	product	minimum of 20 gals. of finished spray per acre with ground equipment.
Armyworm, Fall*		When applying by air, 1 - 2 qts. of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1 - 2
Armyworm, Southern		qts. of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve
Armyworm spp.		control.
Armyworm, True		
Armyworm, Yellowstriped		To Control Ear-Attacking Pests: Apply Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper.
Cereal Leaf Beetle		3.24% EC when silking begins and repeat as necessary to maintain control.
Chinch Bug		DO NOT exceed maximum labeled rate.
Common Stalk Borer		

Corn Earworm Corn Rootworm (Adults) Corn Silk Fly Cucumber Beetle (Adults) Cutworm sp. European Corn Borer False Chinch Bug Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Greenbug Japanese Beetle (Adults) Leafhoppers Sap Beetle Southern Corn Leaf Beetle Southern Corn Borer Stink Bugs Webworms Webworms Western Bean Cutworm Banks Grass Mite Carmine Mite Lygus spp. Twospotted Spider Mite 11.2 fl. oz./A of product 11.2 fl. oz./A of product 11.2 fl. oz./A of product 12.2 fl. oz./A of product 13.2 fl. oz./A of product 14.3 fl. oz./A of product 15.4 fl. oz./A of product 15.5 fl. oz./A of product 15.6 fl. oz./A of product 15.6 fl. oz./A of product 15.7 fl. oz./A of product 15.8 fl. oz./A of product 15.8 fl. oz./A of product 15.9 fl. oz./A of product 15.0		Page 10 of 20
Cutumber Beetle (Adults) Cutworm spp. European Corn Borer False Chinch Bug Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Greenbug Japanese Beetle (Adults) Leafhoppers Sap Beetle Southern Corn Leaf Beetle Southwestern Corn Borer Stlink Bugs Webworms Western Bean Cutworm Banks Grass Mite Carmine Mite Lygus spp. Twospotted Spider Mite 11.2 fl. oz./A of product 11.2	Corn Earworm Corn Rootworm (Adults)	11 , 39
False Chinch Bug Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Greenbug Japanese Beetle (Adults) Leafhoppers Sap Beetle Southern Corn Leaf Beetle Southern Corn Borer Stink Bugs Western Bean Cutworm Banks Grass Mite Carmine Mite Lygus spp. Twospotted Spider Mite 11.2 fl. oz./A of product Lygus spp. Twospotted Spider Mite 11.2 fl. oz./A of product Carmine Mite Lygus spp. Twospotted Spider Mite 11.2 fl. oz./A of product Oz./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.2 lb./A bifenthrin) per year. D NOT make more than 2 applications per year when applications are made at the maximum rate. D NOT graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed within 3 days of the last application no corn is prohibited. D NOT make aerial or ground applications to corn if heavy rainfall is imminent. Refer to the maximum usage tables when applying more than one product containing either zeta-cypermethrin or bifenthrin to this crop.	Cucumber Beetle (Adults) Cutworm spp.	
Leafhoppers Sap Beetle Southern Corn Leaf Beetle Southwestern Corn Borer Stink Bugs Webworms Western Bean Cutworm Banks Grass Mite Carmine Mite Lygus spp. Twospotted Spider Mite 11.2 fl. oz./A of product Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): DO NOT apply within 3 days of harvest Maximum Amount per Application: DO NOT apply more than 11.2 fl. oz./A of bifenthrin) per application. Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC allowed per Year: DO NOT make more than 2 applications per year when applications are made at the maximum rate. DO NOT make more than 2 application. Apply at a minimum 3- to 5-day intervals or as needed for control. Use of ultra-low volume (ULV) applications to corn if heavy rainfall is imminent. Refer to the maximum usage tables when applying more than one product containing either zeta-cypermethrin to this crop.	False Chinch Bug Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Greenbug	Apply for Banks Grass Mite control when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before dispersal above the bottom third of the
Stink Bugs Western Bean Cutworm Banks Grass Mite Lygus spp. Twospotted Spider Mite Maximum Amount per Application: Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC allowed per Year: DO NOT apply more than 29.86 fl. oz./A of product (0.067 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin) per year. DO NOT make more than 2 applications per year when applications are made at the maximum rate. DO NOT graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed within 3 days of the last application. Apply at a minimum 3- to 5-day intervals or as needed for control. Use of ultra-low volume (ULV) applications to corn if heavy rainfall is imminent. Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): DO NOT apply within 3 days of harvest Maximum Amount per Application: DO NOT apply more than 11.2 fl. oz./A of product (0.025 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.075 lb./A bifenthrin) per year. DO NOT make more than 2 applications per year when applications are made at the maximum rate. DO NOT graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed within 3 days of the last application. Apply at a minimum 3- to 5-day intervals or as needed for control. Use of ultra-low volume (ULV) application on corn is prohibited. DO NOT make aerial or ground applications to corn if heavy rainfall is imminent. Refer to the maximum usage tables when applying more than one product containing either zeta-cypermethrin or bifenthrin to this crop.	Leafhoppers Sap Beetle Southern Corn Leaf Beetle	first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before widespread mite
Banks Grass Mite Carmine Mite Lygus spp. Twospotted Spider Mite 11.2 fl. oz./A of product Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): DO NOT apply within 3 days of harvest Maximum Amount per Application: DO NOT apply more than 11.2 fl. oz./A of product (0.025 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.075 lb./A bifenthrin) per application. Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC allowed per Year: DO NOT apply more than 29.86 fl. oz./A of product (0.067 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.2 lb./A bifenthrin) per year. DO NOT make more than 2 applications per year when applications are made at the maximum rate. DO NOT graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed within 3 days of the last application. Apply at a minimum 3- to 5-day intervals or as needed for control. Use of ultra-low volume (ULV) application on corn is prohibited. DO NOT make aerial or ground applications to corn if heavy rainfall is imminent. Refer to the maximum usage tables when applying more than one product containing either zeta-cypermethrin or bifenthrin to this crop.	Stink Bugs Webworms	
another product that is labeled for this pest.	Banks Grass Mite Carmine Mite Lygus spp.	 Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): DO NOT apply within 3 days of harvest Maximum Amount per Application: DO NOT apply more than 11.2 fl. oz./A of product (0.025 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.075 lb./A bifenthrin) per application. Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC allowed per Year: DO NOT apply more than 29.86 fl. oz./A of product (0.067 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.2 lb./A bifenthrin) per year. DO NOT make more than 2 applications per year when applications are made at the maximum rate. DO NOT graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed within 3 days of the last application. Apply at a minimum 3- to 5-day intervals or as needed for control. Use of ultra-low volume (ULV) application on corn is prohibited. DO NOT make aerial or ground applications to corn if heavy rainfall is imminent. Refer to the maximum usage tables when applying more than one product containing either zeta-cypermethrin or bifenthrin to this crop. *Coverage is essential for control of this pest. For heavy outbreaks, tank mix with

Doanut

Peanut		
Pests Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Lesser Cornstalk Borer**	11.2 fl. oz./A of	Apply as required by scouting. Base timing and frequency of applications
Thrips (Adults)	product	on insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold
Spider Mite spp.		levels.
Aphid spp.	4.5 - 11.2 fl. oz./A of	
Armyworm, Fall*	product	Apply by ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full
Armyworm, Southern		coverage of foliage (minimum of 10 gals. of finished spray per acre by
Armyworm, True		ground and 2 gals. of finished spray per acre by air).
Armyworm, Yellowstriped		
Bean Leaf Beetle		Follow appropriate spray drift precautions on this label.
Corn Earworm		
Cutworm spp.		Restrictions:
Grasshopper spp.		• Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): DO NOT apply within 14 days of harvest.
Green Cloverworm		• Maximum Amount per Application: DO NOT apply more than 11.2
Leafhopper spp.		fl. oz./A of product (0.025 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.075 lb./A
Lesser Cornstalk Borer		bifenthrin) per application.
Looper spp.		Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC
Red-Necked Peanut Worm		allowed per Year: DO NOT apply more than 44.8 fl. oz./A of product
Southern Corn Rootworm (Adults)		(0.1 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.3 lb./A bifenthrin) per year.
Stink Bugs spp. Threecornered Alfalfa Hopper		• DO NOT make more than 4 applications per year when applications are made at the maximum rate.
Vegetable Weevil		DO NOT make applications less than 14 days apart.
Velvetbean Caterpillar Whitefringed Beetle (Adults)		DO NOT graze livestock in treated area. DO NOT use treated vines or hay for animal feed.
		DO NOT feed green immature plants and peanut hay to livestock.
		 Refer to the maximum usage tables when applying more than one
		product containing either zeta-cypermethrin or bifenthrin to this
		crop.
		LIOP.

*Coverage is essential for control of this pest. For heavy outbreaks, tank mix with
another product that is labeled for this pest.
**Aids in control.

Potato

Pests Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Cutworm spp. Flea Beetle spp. Grasshopper	2.8 - 6.7 fl. oz./A of product	Apply as required by scouting. Base timing and frequency of applications on insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold levels.
Aphid spp. Armyworm, Fall* Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, True Armyworm, Yellowstriped Banded Cucumber Beetle Chinch Bug	4.5 - 11.2 fl. oz./A of product	Apply by ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage (minimum of 10 gals. of finished spray per acre by ground and 3 gals. of finished spray per acre by air). Follow appropriate spray drift precautions on this label. Restrictions:
Colorado Potato Beetle* Cucumber Beetle (Adults) European Corn Borer False Chinch Bug Grasshopper spp. Looper spp. Potato Leafhopper Sugarcane Beetle Sweet Potato Flea Beetle Sweet Potato Weevil (Adults) Potato Tuberworm**		 Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): DO NOT apply within 21 days of harvest. Maximum Amount per Application: DO NOT apply more than 11.2 fl. oz./A of product (0.025 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.075 lb./A bifenthrin) per application. Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC allowed per Year: DO NOT apply more than 50.4 fl. oz./A of product (0.113 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.338 lb./A bifenthrin) per year, including soil applications. DO NOT make more than 2 foliar applications per year. DO NOT make applications less than 21 days apart. Leaves of Root and Tuber Vegetables (except sugar beet tops) cannot be
Plant Bugs spp. Twospotted Spider Mite	11.2 fl. oz./A of product	used for food or feed. • Refer to the maximum usage tables when applying more than one product containing either zeta-cypermethrin or bifenthrin to this crop. *Coverage is essential for control of this pest. For heavy outbreaks, tank mix with another product that is labeled for this pest. **For Tuberworm control apply prior to harvest or senesce to adults and larvae tuberworms when economic thresholds are met.

Soybeans - Foliar Use			
Pests Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application	
Bean Leaf Beetle	2.8 - 6.7 fl. oz./A of	Apply by ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full	
Cutworms	product	coverage of foliage (minimum of 10 gals. by ground and 2 gals. by air).	
Flea beetle			
Grasshoppers		Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.	
Green Cloverworm			
Painted Lady (Thistle) Caterpillar		Apply as required by scouting. Base timing and frequency of applications	
Silverspotted Skipper		on insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold	
Alfalfa Caterpillar	4.5 - 11.2 fl. oz./A of	levels.	
Armyworm, Fall*	product		
Armyworm, Southern		Restrictions:	
Armyworm, True		Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): DO NOT apply within 21 days of harvest.	
Armyworm, Yellowstriped		• Maximum Amount per Application: DO NOT apply more than 11.2 fl.	
Blister Beetle spp.		oz./A of product (0.025 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.075 lb./A	
Corn Earworm		bifenthrin) per application.	
Corn Rootworm (Adults)		 Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC 	
Cowpea Curculio		allowed per Year: DO NOT apply more than 44.9 fl. oz./A of product	
Cucumber Beetle (Adults)		(0.1 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.301 lb./A bifenthrin) per year.	
Dectes Stem Borer		• DO NOT make more than 4 applications per year when applications	
European Corn Borer		are made at the maximum rate.	
False Chinch Bug		DO NOT make applications less than 30 days apart.	
Grape Colaspis (Adults)		DO NOT graze or harvest treated soybean forage, straw, or hay for	
Hornworms		livestock feed.	
Imported Cabbageworm		Refer to the maximum usage tables when applying more than one	
Japanese Beetle (Adults)		product containing either zeta-cypermethrin or bifenthrin to this	
Leaf Skeletonizer spp.		crop.	
Leafhoppers		*Coverage is assential for control of this next. For heavy outbreak conditions, tank	
Leafminers (Adults)		*Coverage is essential for control of this pest. For heavy outbreak conditions, tank mix with another product that is labeled for this pest.	
Lesser Cornstalk Borer		**Pyrethroid resistance is common for this pest. Please consult your local or State	
Loopers		agricultural authority to determine if resistance pest populations are in your area.	
Mexican Bean Beetle		If so, refer to the INSECT RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT section of this label.	
Pea Leaf Weevil			
Saltmarsh Caterpillar			
Seed Corn Maggot (Adults)			

		14
Soybean Aphid		
Spittlebug		
Stink Bugs		
Threecornered Alfalfa Hopper		
Thrips		
Tobacco Budworm**		
Velvetbean Caterpillar		
Webworm		
Woollybear Caterpillar		
Lygus spp.	11.2 fl. oz./A of	1
Thrips	product	
Twospotted Spider Mite Whitefly	·	

Sovbeans - At-Plant Use

Soybeans - At-Plant Use		
Pests Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Armyworm spp. (True Armyworm) Cutworm spp. (Army Cutworm) Seed Corn Maggot Root Aphids White Grub Wireworm spp.	4.5 - 11.2 fl. oz./A of product	For Seed Corn Maggot, Root Aphids, White Grubs, and Wireworms: Apply in-furrow or in a 3- to 4-inch T-Band (band over the open furrow) at planting in a minimum of 2 - 7 gals. per acre. For Armyworm spp. and Cutworm spp.: Apply at planting on the soil surface in a 5- to 7-inch band in a minimum of 2 - 7 gals. per acre or broadcast in a minimum of 10 gals. per acre. Use higher dosage for increased residual pest control. Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): DO NOT apply within 21 days of harvest. Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC allowed per Application: DO NOT apply more than 11.2 fl. oz./A of product (0.025 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.075 lb./A bifenthrin) per application. Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC allowed per Year: DO NOT apply more than 44.9 fl. oz./A of product (0.1 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.301 lb./A bifenthrin) per year. DO NOT make more than 4 applications per year when applications are made at the maximum rate.
Row Spacing (Inches)	Fl. Oz./1,000 Linear Fe	
30	0.26 - 0.64	0.0006 zeta-cypermethrin + 0.0017 bifenthrin to
		0.0014 zeta-cypermethrin + 0.0043 bifenthrin
20	0.17 - 0.43	0.0004 zeta-cypermethrin + 0.0011 bifenthrin to
		0.0010 zeta-cypermethrin + 0.0029 bifenthrin
15	0.13 - 0.32	0.0003 zeta-cypermethrin + 0.0009 bifenthrin to
		0.0007 zeta-cypermethrin + 0.0021 bifenthrin

Sovbeans - PPI and PRE Uses

Soybeans - FFF and F	Soybeans - PPI and PRE Oses			
Pests Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application		
Armyworm spp.	Pre-Plant	For PPI Treatments: Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC can be tank mixed and		
Black Cutworm	Incorporated (PPI):	applied with PPI herbicides. DO NOT i ncorporate Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper.		
Seed Corn Maggot	4.5 - 11.2 fl. oz./A of	3.24% EC any deeper than the intended planting depth and no deeper than 3 inches.		
White Grub	product	Incorporate to a depth close to the intended seed planting depth.		
Wireworm				
Armyworm spp.	Pre-Emergence	For PRE Treatments: Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC may be applied and		
Black Cutworm	(PRE):	can be tank mixed and applied with PRE herbicides.		
Stalk Borer	2.8 - 6.7 fl. oz./A of			
	product	Restrictions:		
		Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): DO NOT apply within 21 days of harvest.		
		• Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC allowed per		
		Application: DO NOT apply more than 11.2 fl. oz./A of product (0.025 lb./A zeta-		
		cypermethrin + 0.075 lb./A bifenthrin) per application.		
		• Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC allowed per		
		Year: DO NOT apply more than 41.2 fl. oz./A of product (0.092 lb./A zeta-		
		cypermethrin + 0.276 lb./A bifenthrin) per year.		
		DO NOT make more than 3 applications per year when applications are made at the		
		maximum rate.		

VEGETABLES

Cucurbits

Momordica spp.; Pumpkin; Squash, Summer; and Squash, Winter.

Pests Controlled	Rates of Application	Method of Application
Aphid spp. Armyworm, Fall* Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, True Armyworm, Yellowstriped Bagrada Bug Cabbage Looper	4.5 - 11.2 fl. oz./A of product	Apply in a minimum of 5 gals. of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum of 20 gals. of finished spray per acre with ground equipment. When applying by air, 1 - 2 qts. of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1 - 2 qts. of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.
Corn Earworm Cucumber Beetle Cutworm spp. Grasshopper Leafhopper spp. Melonworm Pickleworm Rindworm Squash Bug Squash Vine Borer Stink Bugs spp. Tobacco Budworm** Carmine Mite Plant Bugs spp. Twospotted Spider Mite Whitefly	11.2 fl. oz./A of product	 Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): DO NOT apply within 3 days of harvest. Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC per Application: DO NOT apply more than 11.2 fl. oz./A of product (0.025 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.075 lb./A bifenthrin) per application. Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC allowed per Year: DO NOT apply more than 44.8 fl. oz./A of product or (0.1 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.3 lb./A bifenthrin) per year. DO NOT make more than 4 applications per year at higher application rate. DO NOT make more than 2 applications after bloom. DO NOT make applications less than 7 days apart. Refer to the maximum usage tables when applying more than one product containing either zeta-cypermethrin or bifenthrin to this crop. *Coverage is essential for control of this pest. For heavy outbreaks, tank mix with another product that is labeled for this pest. **Pyrethroid resistance is common for this pest. Please consult your local or State agricultural authority to determine if resistance pest populations are in your area. If so, refer to the INSECT RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT section of this label.

Eggplant, Okra, Pepper (Bell and Non-Bell), and Pepino

Eggplant, Okra, Pepper (Bell and Non-Bell), and Pepino			
Pests Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application	
Armyworm, Fall*	4.5 - 11.2 fl. oz./A of	Apply in a minimum of 2 gals. of finished spray per acre by air or in a minimum	
Armyworm, Southern	product	of 10 gals. of finished spray per acre with ground equipment. When applying by	
Armyworm, True		air, 1 - 2 qts. of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1 - 2 qts. of water in the	
Armyworm, Yellowstriped		finished spray.	
Bagrada Bug			
Cabbage Looper		Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.	
Celery Leaf Tier			
Colorado Potato Beetle**		Restrictions:	
Corn Earworm		 Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): DO NOT apply within 7 days of harvest. 	
Cucumber Beetle		 Maximum Amount per Application: DO NOT apply more than 11.2 fl. oz./A 	
Cutworm spp.		of product (0.025 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.075 lb./A bifenthrin) per	
European Corn Borer		application.	
Flea Beetle		Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC allowed	
Garden Webworm		per Year: DO NOT apply more than 29.86 fl. oz./A of product (0.067 lb./A	
Grasshoppers		zeta-cypermethrin + 0.2 lb./A bifenthrin) per year.	
Hornworms		• DO NOT make more than 2 applications per year when applications are	
Leafhopper spp.		made at the maximum rate.	
Meadow Spittlebug		DO NOT make applications less than 7 days apart.	
Pepper Maggot (Adults)		 Refer to the maximum usage tables when applying more than one product 	
Pepper Weevil		containing either zeta-cypermethrin or bifenthrin to this crop.	
Southwestern Corn Borer			
Stink Bugs		*Coverage is essential for control of this pest. For heavy outbreaks, tank mix with another product that is labeled for this pest.	
Tobacco Budworm		**Pyrethroid resistance is common for this pest. Please consult your local or State	
Tomato Fruitworm		agricultural authority to determine if resistance pest populations are in your area. If so,	
Tomato Hornworm		refer to the INSECT RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT section of this label.	
Tomato Pinworm			
Vegetable Leafminer			
Banks Grass Mite	11.2 fl. oz./A of		
Carmine Mite	product		
Lygus spp.			
Pacific Spider Mite			
Psyllid spp.			
Thrips spp.			
Twospotted Spider Mite			
Whitefly			

Tomato

Pests Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Armyworm, Fall*	4.5 - 11.2 fl. oz./A of	Apply in water as necessary for insect control using a minimum of 15 gals. of
Armyworm, Southern	product	finished spray per acre with ground equipment and 2 gals. of finished spray per

Head Lettuce

Pests Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Aphid spp.	4.5 - 11.2 fl. oz./A of	
Armyworm, Fall	product	finished spray per acre with ground equipment and 5 gals. of finished spray per
Armyworm, Southern		acre by air. When applying by air, 1 - 2 qts. of emulsified oil may be substituted
Armyworm, True		for 1 - 2 qts. of water in the finished spray.
Armyworm, Yellowstriped		
Bagrada Bug		Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.
Chinch Bug		
Corn Earworm		Restrictions:
Crickets		 Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): DO NOT apply within 7 days of harvest.
Cucumber Beetle		 Maximum Amount per Application: DO NOT apply more than 11.2 fl. oz./A
Cutworm spp.		of product or 0.1 lb. a.i./A (0.025 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.075 lb./A
Diamondback Moth**		bifenthrin) per application.
Flea Beetle		 Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC allowed
Imported Cabbageworm		per Year: DO NOT apply more than 50.5 fl. oz./A of product or 0.45 lb. a.i./A
Leafhopper spp.		(0.113 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.338 lb./A bifenthrin) per year.
Leafminer (Adults)		• DO NOT make more than 4 applications per year when applications are
Loopers		made at the maximum rate.
Saltmarsh Caterpillar		DO NOT make applications less than 7 days apart.
Stink Bugs		Refer to the maximum usage tables when applying more than one product
Tobacco Budworm**		containing either zeta-cypermethrin or bifenthrin to this crop.
Carmine Mite	11.2 fl. oz./A of	*Coverage is essential for control of this pest. For heavy outbreaks, tank mix with another
Lygus spp.	product	product that is labeled for this pest.
Onion Thrips		**Pyrethroid resistance is common for this pest. Please consult your local or State
Twospotted Spider Mite		agricultural authority to determine if resistance pest populations are in your area. If so,
Whitefly		refer to the INSECT RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT section of this label.

Head and Stem Brassica

Broccoli; Chinese Broccoli (Gai Lon, White Flowering Broccoli); Brussels Sprouts; Cauliflower; Cavalo Broccolo; Kohlrabi; Cabbage; and Chinese Cabbage (Napa).

cimicos cabbage (itapa).		
Pests Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Aphid spp.	4.5 - 11.2 fl. oz./A of	Apply in a minimum of 5 gals. of finished spray per acre by air or in a
Armyworm, Fall*	product	minimum of 15 gals. of finished spray per acre with ground equipment.
Armyworm, Southern		When applying by air, 1 - 2 qts. of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1 -
Armyworm, True		2 qts. of water in the finished spray.

Armyworm, Yellowstriped Bagrada Bug Click Beetle (Wireworm Adults)		Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.
Corn Earworm		Restrictions:
Crickets		Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): DO NOT apply within 7 days of harvest.
Cucumber Beetle		Maximum Amount per Application: DO NOT apply more than 11.2 fl.
Cutworm spp.		oz./A of product (0.025 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.075 lb./A
Diamondback Moth**		bifenthrin) per application.
Flea Beetle		Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC
Grasshoppers		allowed per Year: DO NOT apply more than 50.5 fl. oz./A of product
Imported Cabbageworm		(0.113 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.338 lb./A bifenthrin) per year.
Leafhopper spp.		DO NOT make more than 4 applications per year when applications
Leafminer spp.		are made at the maximum rate.
Loopers		DO NOT make more than 5 applications after bloom.
Saltmarsh Caterpillar		DO NOT make applications less than 7 days apart.
Southern Cabbageworm		Refer to the maximum usage tables when applying more than one
Stink Bugs		product containing either zeta-cypermethrin or bifenthrin to this
Tobacco Budworm**		
Banks Grass Mite	11.2 fl. oz./A of	- crop.
Cabbage Webworm	product	*Coverage is essential for control of this pest. For heavy outbreaks, tank mix with
Carmine Mite	•	another product that is labeled for this pest.
Lygus spp.		**Pyrethroid resistance is common for this pest. Please consult your local or State
Pacific Spider Mite		agricultural authority to determine if resistance pest populations are in your area. If so, refer to the INSECT RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT section of this label.
Thrips spp.		11 30, Telef to the INSECT RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT Section of this label.
Twospotted Spider Mite		
Whitefly		

Leafy Brassica, Crop Subgroup 4-16B

Broccoli Raah: Cabhage Chinese (Bok Choy): Collards: Kale: Mizuna: Mustard Greens: Mustard Spinach: and Rane Greens

		ale; Mizuna; Mustard Greens; Mustard Spinach; and Rape Greens.
Pest Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Aphid spp.	4.5 - 11.2 fl. oz./A of	Apply as required by scouting. Base timing and frequency of applications
Armyworm, Fall*	product	on insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
Armyworm, Southern		
Armyworm, True		Apply by ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full
Armyworm, Yellowstriped		coverage of foliage (minimum of 15 gals. of finished spray per acre by
Bagrada Bug		ground and 5 gals. of finished spray per acre by air).
Cabbageworm		
Click Beetle (Wireworm Adults)		Follow appropriate spray drift precautions on this label.
Corn Earworm		
Crickets		Restrictions:
Cucumber Beetle (Adults)		Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): DO NOT apply within 7 days of harvest.
Cutworm spp.		Maximum Amount per Application: DO NOT apply more than 11.2 fl.
Diamondback Moth**		oz./A of product (0.025 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.075 lb./A
Flea Beetle spp.		bifenthrin) per application.
Grasshopper spp.		Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC
Imported Cabbageworm		allowed per Year: DO NOT apply more than 50.4 fl. oz./A of product
Japanese Beetle (Adults)		(0.113 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.338 lb./A bifenthrin) per year.
Leafhopper spp.		DO NOT make more than 4 applications per year when applications
Leafminer (Adults)		are made at the maximum rate.
Looper spp.		DO NOT make applications less than 7 days apart.
Saltmarsh Caterpillar		Refer to the maximum usage tables when applying more than one
Stink Bugs spp.		product containing either zeta-cypermethrin or bifenthrin to this
Thrips		crop.
Tobacco Budworm**		*Coverage is essential for control of this pest. For heavy outbreaks, tank mix with
Wireworm (Adults)		another product that is labeled for this pest.
Carmine Mite	11.2 fl. oz./A of	**Pyrethroid resistance is common for this pest. Please consult your local or State
Plant Bugs spp.	product	agricultural authority to determine if resistance pest populations are in your area.
Pacific Spider Mite		If so, refer to the INSECT RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT section of this label.
Thrips		
Twospotted Spider Mite		

Dried and Succulent Peas and Beans (except Soybeans)

Succulent Edible-Podded Pea and Bean or Succulent Shelled Pea and Bean: Dwarf Pea; Edible-pod Pea; Snow Pea; Sugar Snap Pea; Pigeon pea; Soybean (immature seed); Swordbean; English Pea; Garden Pea; Green Pea; Runner Bean; Snap Bean; Wax Bean; Asparagus Bean; Chinese Longbean; Moth Bean; Yardlong Bean; Jackbean; Lima Bean (Green); Broad Bean (Succulent); Blackeyed Pea; Southern Pea; and Cowpea.

Dried Shelled Pea and Bean (except Soybean): Broad Bean (Fava Bean); Blackeyed Pea; Southern Pea; Grain Lupin; Sweet Lupin; White Lupin; White Sweet Lupin; Field Bean; Kidney Bean; Lima Bean (Dry); Navy Bean; Pinto Bean; Tepary Bean; Adzuki Bean; Catjang; Cowpea; Crowder Pea; Moth Bean; Mung Bean; Rice Bean; Urd Bean; Chickpea (Garbanzo Bean); Guar; Lablab Bean; Lentil; Field Pea; and Pigeon Pea.

		Page 16 of 20
Pests Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Alfalfa Caterpillar	4.5 - 11.2 fl. oz./A of	Apply in a minimum of 2 gals. of finished spray per acre by air or in a
Aphid spp.	product	minimum of 10 gals. of finished spray per acre with ground equipment.
Armyworm, Fall*		When applying by air, 1 - 2 qts. of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1 -
Armyworm, Southern		2 qts. of water in the finished spray.
Armyworm, True		
Armyworm, Yellowstriped		Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.
Bagrada Bug		
Bean Leaf Beetle		Restrictions:
Blister Beetle spp.		Succulent Edible-Podded Pea and Bean or Succulent Shelled Pea and
Chinch Bug		Bean:
Corn Earworm		 Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): DO NOT apply within 3 days of
Corn Rootworm (Adults)		harvest.
Cowpea Curculio		 Application Interval: DO NOT make applications less than 5 days
Cucumber Beetle (Adults)		apart.
Cutworms spp.		 Dried Shelled Pea and Bean (except Soybean):
Dectes Stem Borer (Adults)**		 Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): DO NOT apply within 21 days of
European Corn Borer		harvest.
False Chinch Bug		 Application Interval: DO NOT make applications less than 7 days
Flea Beetle		apart.
Grasshopper spp.		Maximum Amount per Application: DO NOT apply more than 11.2 fl.
Green Cloverworm		oz./A of product (0.025 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.075 lb./A
Hornworm spp.		bifenthrin) per application.
Imported Cabbageworm		 Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC
Japanese Beetle (Adults) Leaf Skeletonizer		allowed per Year: DO NOT apply more than 29.86 fl. oz./A of product
		(0.067 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.2 lb./A bifenthrin) per year.
Leafhopper spp. Leafminers spp. (Adults)		DO NOT make more than 2 applications per year when applications
Lesser Cornstalk Borer		are made at the maximum rate.
Looper spp.		Refer to the maximum usage tables when applying more than one
Mexican Bean Beetle		product containing either zeta-cypermethrin or bifenthrin to this
Painted Lady (Thistle) Caterpillar		crop.
Pea Leaf Weevil		*Coverage is essential for control of this pest. For heavy outbreaks, tank mix with
Pea seed Weevil		another product that is labeled for this pest.
Saltmarsh Caterpillar		**Pyrethroid resistance is common for this pest. Please consult your local or State
Sap Beetle		agricultural authority to determine if resistance pest populations are in your area.
Seed Corn Maggot (Adults)		If so, refer to the INSECT RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT section of this label.
Silverspotted Skipper		
Southwest Corn Borer		
Spittlebug		
Stink Bugs spp.		
Threecornered Alfalfa Hopper		
Tobacco Budworm**		
Velvetbean Caterpillar		
Webworm spp.		
Western Bean Cutworm		
Banks Grass Mite	11.2 fl. oz./A of	
Carmine Mite	product	
Lygus spp.		
Thrips spp.		
Twospotted Spider Mite		
Whitefly		

Root and Tuber Vegetables, Crop Group 1 (except Sugar Beet, Garden Beet, and Potato)

Arracacha; Arrowroot; Artichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem); Edible Burdock; Edible Canna; Carrot; Cassava (Bitter and Sweet); Celeriac (Celery Root); Chayote (Root); Turnip-Rooted Chervil; Chicory; Chufa; Dasheen (Taro); Ginger; Ginseng; Horseradish; Leren; Turnip-Rooted Parsley; Parsnip; Oriental Radish (Daikon); Rutabaga; Salsify (Oyster Plant); Black Salsify; Spanish Salsify; Skirret; Sweet Potato; Tanier (Cocoyam): Turmeric: Turnip: Yam Bean; and Yam (True).

ranier (Cocoyam); Turmeric; Tur	nip; Yam Bean; and Yar	n (True).
Pests Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Cutworms	2.8 - 6.7 fl. oz./A of	Apply by ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full
Flea Beetle	product	coverage of foliage (minimum of 25 gals. of finished spray per acre by
Grasshoppers		ground and 3 gals. of finished spray per acre by air).
Aphids	4.5 - 11.2 fl. oz./A of	
Armyworm, Fall*	product	Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.
Armyworm, Southern		
Armyworm, True		Apply as required by scouting. Base timing and frequency of applications on
Armyworm, Yellowstriped		insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold levels.
Bagrada Bug		
Banded Cucumber Beetle		Restrictions:
Black Flea Beetle		

Chinch Bug		Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): DO NOT apply within 21 days of harvest.
Colorado Potato Beetle		Maximum Amount per Application: DO NOT apply more than 11.2 fl.
Cucumber Beetle (Adults)		oz./A of product (0.025 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.075 lb./A
European Corn Borer		bifenthrin) per application.
False Chinch Bug		Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC
Grasshopper spp.		allowed per Year: DO NOT apply more than 50.4 fl. oz./A of product or
Japanese Beetle		(0.113 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.338 lb./A bifenthrin) per year,
June Beetle		including soil application.
Loopers		DO NOT make more than 2 foliar applications per year.
Potato Leafhopper		DO NOT make applications less than 21 days apart.
Sugarcane Beetle		Leaves of Root and Tuber Vegetables (except sugar beet tops) cannot
Sweet Potato Flea Beetle		be used for food or feed.
Sweet Potato Weevil (Adults)		Refer to the maximum usage tables when applying more than one
Potato Tuberworm**		product containing either zeta-cypermethrin or bifenthrin to this crop.
Rootworm spp. (Adults)		
Lygus spp.	11.2 fl. oz./A of	*Coverage is essential for control of this pest. For heavy outbreaks, tank mix with
Twospotted Spider Mite	product	another product that is labeled for this pest. **Pyrethroid resistance is common for this pest. Please consult your local or State
		agricultural authority to determine if resistance pest populations are in your area. If
		so, refer to the INSECT RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT section of this label.
		**For Tuberworm control (adults and larvae), apply prior to harvest or senesce
		when economic thresholds are met.

Garden Beet

Pests Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Cutworms	2.8 - 6.7 fl. oz./A of	Apply by ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full
Flea Beetle	product	coverage of foliage (minimum of 25 gals. of finished spray per acre by ground
Grasshoppers		and 3 gals. of finished spray per acre by air).
Aphids	4.5 - 11.2 fl. oz./A of	
Armyworm, Fall*	product	Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control.
Armyworm, Southern		
Armyworm, True		Apply as required by scouting. Base timing and frequency of applications on
Armyworm, Yellowstriped		insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold levels.
Bagrada Bug		
Banded Cucumber Beetle		Restrictions:
Black Flea Beetle		• Maximum Amount per Application: DO NOT apply more than 11.2 fl.
Chinch Bug		oz./A of product (0.025 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.075 lb./A bifenthrin)
Colorado Potato Beetle		per application.
Cucumber Beetle (Adults)		 Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC
European Corn Borer		allowed per Year: DO NOT apply more than 50.4 fl. oz./A of product
False Chinch Bug		(0.113 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.338 lb./A bifenthrin) per year,
Grasshopper spp.		including soil application.
Japanese Beetle		DO NOT make more than 2 foliar applications per year.
June Beetle		DO NOT make applications less than 7 days apart.
Loopers		Leaves cannot be used for food or feed.
Potato Leafhopper		Refer to the maximum usage tables when applying more than one
Sugarcane Beetle		product containing either zeta-cypermethrin or bifenthrin to this crop.
Sweet Potato Flea Beetle		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Sweet Potato Weevil (Adults)		*Coverage is essential for control of this pest. For heavy outbreaks, tank mix with another product that is labeled for this pest.
Potato Tuberworm**		**Pyrethroid resistance is common for this pest. Please consult your local or State
Rootworm spp. (Adults)		agricultural authority to determine if resistance pest populations are in your area. If
Lygus spp.	11.2 fl. oz./A of	so, refer to the INSECT RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT section of this label.
Twospotted Spider Mite	product	**For Tuberworm control (adults and larvae) apply prior to harvest or senesce when
		economic thresholds are met.

BUSHES, VINES, and TREES

Blueberries

Pests Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Aphid spp.	4.5 - 11.2 fl. oz./A of	Apply by ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage
Blueberry Maggot	product	of foliage (minimum of 20 gals. of finished spray per acre by ground and 2 gals.
Fruitworms		of finished spray per acre by air).
Leaf hopper spp.		
Lecanium Scale (Crawlers)		Follow appropriate spray drift precautions on this label.
Plum Curculio		
Oblique Leafroller		Restrictions:
Red Banded Leafroller		Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): DO NOT apply within 1 day of harvest.
Spanworm		Maximum Amount per Application: DO NOT apply more than 11.2 fl. oz./A
Variegated Leafroller		of product (0.025 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.075 lb./A bifenthrin) per
Carmine Mite	11.2 fl. oz./A of	application.
Lygus sp.	product	 Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC allowed
Pacific Mite		per Year: DO NOT apply more than 50.4 fl. oz./A of product (0.113 lb./A

Twospotted Spider Mite	zeta-cypermethrin + 0.338 lb./A bifenthrin) per year. • DO NOT make more than 4 applications per year when applications are
	made at the maximum rate.
	DO NOT make applications less than 7 days apart.
	 Refer to the maximum usage tables when applying more than one product
	containing either zeta-cypermethrin or bifenthrin to this crop.

Caneberries

Blackberries, Bingleberries, Boysenberry, Dewberries, Lowberries, Marionberries, Olallieberries, Youngberries, Loganberries, and Raspberries (Black and Red).

Pests Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Blackvine Weevil Leafroller spp. Orange Tortrix Root Weevil spp.	4.5 - 11.2 fl. oz./A of product	Apply by air or ground equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage (minimum of 10 gals. of finished spray per acre by air and 50 gals. of finished spray per acre by ground).
Carmine Mite Raspberry Crown Borer Twospotted Spider Mite	11.2 fl. oz./A of product	One application may be made pre-bloom and a second application may be made post bloom
		For Crown Borer, apply 11.2 fl. oz. per acre of product post-harvest (fall) or pre- bloom (spring), as a drench application directed at the crown of plants in a minimum of 200 gals. water per acre. Greater efficacy is observed at higher water gallonage (up to 400 gals. per acre) or in an application prior to a significant rainfall event.
		Follow appropriate spray drift precautions on this label.
		Restrictions: • Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): DO NOT apply within 3 days of harvest. • Maximum Amount per Application: DO NOT apply more than 11.2 fl. oz./A of product (0.025 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.075 lb./A bifenthrin) per application. • Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC allowed
		 per Year: DO NOT apply more than 30 fl. oz./A of product (0.067 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.201 lb./A bifenthrin) per year. DO NOT make more than 2 applications per year when applications are made at the maximum rate.
		DO NOT make applications less than 7 days apart.
		 DO NOT make both pre-bloom foliar and pre-bloom drench applications. Refer to the maximum usage tables when applying more than one product containing either zeta-cypermethrin or bifenthrin to this crop.

Grape

Grape			
Pests Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application	
Asian Lady Bird Beetle	4.5 - 11.2 fl. oz./A	Apply as required by scouting. Base timing and frequency of applications on	
Cutworm spp.	of product	insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold levels.	
Eastern Grape Leafhopper			
Grape Berry Moth		Apply by ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full	
Grape Vine Root Borer (Adults)		coverage of foliage (minimum of 25 gals. of finished spray by ground and 10	
Japanese Beetle (Adults)		gals. of finished spray by air).	
Lady Bird Beetle			
Variegated Leafhopper		Follow appropriate spray drift precautions on this label.	
Western Grape Leafhopper			
Black Vine Weevil	11.2 fl. oz./A of	Restrictions:	
Glassy Winged Sharpshooter	product	Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): DO NOT apply within 30 days of harvest.	
Twospotted Spider Mite		Maximum Amount per Application: DO NOT apply more than 11.2 fl.	
		oz./A of product (0.025 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.075 lb./A	
		bifenthrin) per application.	
		• Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC	
		allowed per Year: DO NOT apply more than 11.2 fl. oz./A of product	
		(0.025 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.075 lb./A bifenthrin) per year.	
		DO NOT make more than 1 application per year when applications are	
		made at the maximum rate.	
		DO NOT make applications less than 7 days apart.	
		Refer to the maximum usage tables when applying more than one	
		product containing either zeta-cypermethrin or bifenthrin to this crop.	

Tree Nuts, Crop Group 14

Almond; Beech Nut; Brazil Nut; Butternut; Cashew; Chestnut; Chinquapin; Filbert (Hazelnut); Hickory Nut; Macadamia Nut; Pistachio; and Walnut (Black and English); and Pecan.

Pests Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Black Pecan Aphid	4.5 - 11.2 fl. oz./A of	Apply as a dilute (minimum of 200 gals. of finished spray per acre) or concentrate
Codling Moth	product	(minimum of 50 gals. of finished spray per acre) spray in sufficient water to
Filbert Worm		provide thorough coverage.
Hickory Shuckworm		
Leaffooted Bug		Apply the specified dosage in a minimum of 10 gals. of finished spray per acre.
Navel Orange Worm		
Oblique-Banded Leafroller		Restrictions:
Peach Twig Borer		Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): DO NOT apply within 7 days of harvest except
Pecan Leaf Casebearer		pecan which is 21 days.
Pecan Nut Casebearer		Maximum Amount per Application: DO NOT apply more than 11.2 fl. oz./A
Pecan Phylloxera		of product (0.025 lb./A zeta-cypermethrin + 0.075 lb./A bifenthrin) per
Pecan Weevil		application.
Plant Bugs spp.		Maximum Amount of Sharda Bifen. 9.72% + Zeta-Cyper. 3.24% EC allowed
Stink Bugs spp.		per Year: DO NOT apply more than 50.4 fl. oz./A of product (0.113 lb./A zeta-
Walnut Aphid		cypermethrin + 0.338 lb./A bifenthrin) per year.
Yellow Pecan Aphid Brown Mite	11.2 fl. oz./A of	DO NOT make more than 4 application per year when applications are made
Pacific Mite	product	at the maximum rate.
San Jose Scale (Crawlers)	product	DO NOT make applications less than 15 days apart.
Twospotted Spider Mite		Grazing: DO NOT graze livestock in treated orchards or cut treated cover
Walnut Husk Fly		crops for feed.
Walliat Hask Hy		Refer to the maximum usage tables when applying more than one product
		containing either zeta-cypermethrin or bifenthrin to this crop.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store this product in a cool, dry place in its original container only. **DO NOT** store this product near fertilizers, seeds, or other pesticides. If this product is spilled, sweep up the spillage and dispose pursuant to the below Pesticide Disposal instructions.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be used according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

[Less Than or Equal to 5 Gallons] [Nonrefillable container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration.]

[Greater Than 5 Gallons] [Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. **DO NOT** reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

[Greater Than 5 Gallons] [Nonrefillable container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration.]

[For Bulk and Mini-Bulk Containers] [Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. **DO NOT** use this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the person refilling. To clean container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by State and local authorities.]

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER!

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of Sharda USA LLC or Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold Sharda USA LLC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

Sharda USA LLC warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or Sharda USA LLC and Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. To the extent consistent with applicable law, SHARDA USA LLC MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, neither Sharda USA LLC nor Seller shall be liable for any incidental, consequential, or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF SHARDA USA LLC AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR. AT THE ELECTION OF SHARDA USA LLC OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

Sharda USA LLC and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of Sharda USA LLC.

[All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.]

[OPTIONAL MARKETING LANGUAGE] [www.shardausa.com] [language of the state of the s