	63520-22 8.5.2010		152			
SWAROUM HEAVING PROTECTION	U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (7505P) 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW Washington, D.C. 20460	EPA Reg. Number: 83520-22	Date of Issuance:			
	NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:	Term of Issuance	ce:			
	x Registration	Conditiona	al			
	(under FIFRA, as amended)	Name of Pestic:	ide Product:			
		Clethodim	2 EC			
AXSS USA, 1 c/o Pyxis 1 4110 136 th Gig Harbor Note Changes 1 be submitted to correspondence of On the basis of	Regulatory.Consulting, Inc. ST. NW , WA 98332 n labeling differing in substance from that accepte and accepted by the Registration Division prior to on this product always refer to the above EPA regis information furnished by the registrant, the above	use of the labe tration number. named pesticide	il in commerce 7 in/any			
registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusiv use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others. This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA						
reregistrat requires a submit acce	1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/ reregistration of your product under FIFRA sec. 3(c)(5) when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data; and submit acceptable responses required for reregistration of your product under FIFRA section 4.					
	ake the following label changes li e product for shipment:	sted below	before you			
a. Ado	a. Add the phrase, "EPA Reg. No. 83520-22".					
b. Update the crop listing. The EPA Commodity Vocabulary [http://www.epa.gov/opphedol/foodfeedlindex.htm] specifies the term: "pea succulent shelled".						
Signature of App	proving Official:	Date:				
		AUG	- 5 2010			
PA Form 8570-6						

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page 2 EPA Reg. No. 83520-22

> c. If all of the Precautionary Statements do not appear on the front panel add a referral statement similar to the following:

See back panel for additional precautionary statements

d. Delete the term "General" in the heading on the labeling. This term implies that the directions and restrictions do not all have to be followed as specified.

e. In footnote 10 turnip greens should be listed separately since it has its own specific tolerance established and is not part of the listed Crop Group 5 Brassica Leafy Vegetables.

3. Submit one (1) copy of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment. Refer to the A-79 enclosure for a further description of final printed labeling.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

CLETHODIM 2EC

ACTIVE INGREDIENT % BY WT Clethodim: (E)-2-[1-[(3-chloro-2-propenyl)oxy]imino] TOTAL 100.0%

Contains petroleum distillate. Contains 2.0 lbs. clethodim per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING-AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID						
• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.						
• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue						
rinsing eye.						
Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.						
• Take off contaminated clothing.						
• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.						
Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.						
Immediately call a poison control center or doctor.						
• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.						
• Do not give any liquid to the person.						
Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.						
Move person to fresh air.						
• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial						
respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.						
Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.						
HOT LINE NUMBER						
ct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going						
For emergency information concerning this product, call the National Pesticides						
nter (NPIC) at 1-800-858-7378 seven days a week, 6:30 am to 4:30 pm Pacific Time						
control center at 1-800-222-1222.						
SICIAN: Ingestion of this product or subsequent vomiting can result in aspiration of						
on liquid, which can cause pneumonitis. Contains petroleum distillate.						
with COMMENTS						
EPA REG. NO. 83520- In EPA Letter Dated:						
EPA EST. NO. AUG - 5 2010						
Or: Under the Federal Instaticide,						
tepistend under FPA Res Mo						
NET CONTENTS:						
Page 1						

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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS WARNING

Causes substantial but temporary eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category G on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or Viton > 14 mils
- Protective eyewear, and
- Shoes plus socks.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply where weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

The use of this product may pose a hazard to the federally designated endangered species of Solano Grass and Wild Rice. Use of this product is prohibited in the following areas where the species are known to exist:

Solano Grass: Solano County, California: The vernal lakes area bounded by the Union Pacific Railroad and Hastings Road to the north, Highway 113 to the east, Highway 12 to the south, and Travis Air Force Base to the west.

Wild Rice: Hays County, Texas

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Combustible. Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- · Coveralls,
- Cherhical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or Viton > 14 mils,
- Protective eyewear, and
- Shoes plus socks

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep unprotected persons out of operating areas, or vicinity where there may be drift. Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

TANK MIXES

Notice: Tank mixing or use of this product with any other product which is not specifically and expressly authorized by the labels shall be the exclusive risk of user, applicator, and/or application advisor. Read and follow the entire label of each product to be used in the tank mix with this product.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

For Use On:

Alfalfa, Asparagus, Bean and Pea (dry shelled)¹, Bean and Pea (succulent)², Erocceli, Cabrage, Canola^{*} Carrot, Cauliflower (and other Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables)³, Celery, Clover (grown in Idaho Oregon and Washington only), Conifers, Cotton, Cranberry, Cucumber, Eugplant (and other Fruiting Vegetables)⁴, Fallow Land (and other non-producing agricultural areas), Flax^{*}, Garden Beets, Garlic, Herbs⁵, Hops, Horseradish (and other Root Vegetables)⁶, Legume Vegetables (edible podded)⁷, Lettuce, Head and Leaf (and other leafy greens)⁸, Melons (including Cantaloupes and Watermelons)⁹, Mint, Mustard Greens (and other leafy brassica greens)¹⁰, Mustard Seed*, Non-Bearing Food Crops, Non-Crop or Non-Planted Areas, Onions (dry bulb and green), ornamentals, Peanut (including perennial), Peppers (bell and non-bell), Potato, Radish, Rhubarb (and other Leaf Petioles)¹¹, Safflower, Sesame, Shallots (dry bulbs and green), Squash (including Pumpkins)⁹, Soybeans, Strawberry, Sugar Beet, Sunflower, Sweet Potato, Tomato, Turnip Greens, and Yam (and other Tuberous and Corm Vegetables)¹².

*Not for use in California

¹ Other Dry Shelled Bean and Pea crops approved for use with this product include: Bean (*Lupinus* spp.), grain, sweet, white and white sweet; Bean (*Phaseolus* spp.), field, kidney, lima (dry), navy, pinto and tepary; Bean (*Vigna* spp.), adzuki bean, black-eyed pea, catjang, cowpea, crowder pea. moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, Southern pea, urd bean, broad (dry), chickpea (garbanzo), guar, lablab bean and lentil; Pea (*Pisum* spp.), field and pigeon

² Other Succulent Bean and Pea crops approved for use with this product include: Bean (*Lupinus* spp.), grain, sweet, white and white sweet; Bean (*Phaseolus* spp.), field, kidney, lima (dry), navy, pinto and tepary; Bean (*Vigna* spp.), adzuki bean, black-eyed pea, catjang, cowpea, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, Southern pea, urd bean, broad (dry), chickpea (garbanzo), guar, lablab bean and lentil; Pea (*Pisum* spp.), field and pigeon

³ Other head and stem brassica vegetables approved for use with this product include: Chinese broccoli Brussels sprouts, Chinese (napa) cabbage, Chinese mustard, cavalo broccolo and kohlrabi.
 ⁴ Other Fruiting Vegetables (except tomato) approved for use with Clethodim 2EC include: eggplant, groundcherry, pepino, peppers (all) and tomatillo

⁵ Other Herb crops approved for use with Clethodim 2EC include: angelica, balm, basil, borage, burnet, chamomile, catnip, chervil (dried), chive, Chinese chive, clary, coriander (leaf), costmary, culantro (leaf), curry (leaf), dill (dillweed), horehound, hyssop, lavender, lovage (leaf), marigold, marjoram (*origanum* spp.), nasturtium, parsley (dried), pennyroyal, rosemary, rue, sage and savory, summer and winter.

⁶ Other root vegetables approved for use with Clethodim 2EC include: burdock, edible; celeriac; chervil, turnip-rooted; chicory; ginseng; parsley, turnip-rooted; parsnip; radish, oriental; rutabaga; salsify; salsify, black; salsify, Spanish; skirret and turnip

⁷ Other Edible Podded Legume Vegetable crops approved for use with Clethodim 2EC include: Bean *(Phaseolus* spp.), runner, snap and wax; Bean *(Vigna* spp.), asparagus, Chinese longbean, moth, yardlong, jackbean; Pea *(Pisum* spp.), dwarf, edible-pod, snow, sugar snap, pigeon and sword bean ⁸ Other Leafy Greens crops approved for use with Clethodim 2EC include: amaranth (Chinese spinach, leafy amaranth and tampala), arugula (roquette), chervil, chrysanthemum (edible-leaved and garland), corn salad, cress (garden, yellow rock and winter), dandelion, dock (sorrel), endive (escarole), lettuce (head and leaf), orach, parsley, purslane (garden and winter), radicchio (red chicory), spinach (New Zealand and Vine (Indian and malabar))

⁹ Other cucurbit crops approved for use with Clethodim 2EC include: Chayote (fruit), Chinese Wax Gourd, Citron Melon, Edible Gourd, Gherkin and Muskmelons (all, including Honeydew Melon).
 ¹⁰ Other leafy brassica greens approved for use with Clethodim 2EC include: broccoli raab, Chinese (bok choy) cabbage, collards, kale, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach, and rape greens.
 ¹¹ Other leaf petiole crops approved for use with Clethodim 2EC include: cardoon, celtuce, Chinese celery, Florence fennel, and Swiss chard.

¹² Other tuber and corm vegetables approved for use with Clethodim 2EC include: arracacha, arrowroot, Chinese artichoke, Jerusalem artichoke, edible burdock, edible canna, bitter and sweet cassava, chayote (root), chufa, dasheen (taro), ginger, leren, tanier, turmeric and bean yam.

This product is not recommended for use on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.

This product is a selective post-emergence herbicide for control of annual and perennial grasses. This product does not control sedges or broadleaf weeds.

Repeated use of this product (or similar post-emergence grass herbicide with the same mode of action) may lead to the selection of naturally occurring biotypes that are resistant to these products in some grass species.

If poor performance occurs and cannot be attributed to adverse weather or application conditions, a resistant biotype may be present. This is most likely to occur in fields where other control strategies such as crop rotation, mechanical removal, and other classes of herbicides are not used from year to year.

Do not allow this product to come in contact with desirable grass crops such as corn, rice, sorghum, small grains, or turf, as these and other grass crops will be injured or killed. Minor leaf spotting may occur on treated plants under certain environmental conditions. New foliage is not affected.

Control Symptoms

Treated grass weeds show a reduction in vigor and growth. Early chlorosis/necrosis of younger plant tissue is followed by a progressive collapse of the remaining foliage. Symptoms will generally be observed in 7 to 14 days depending on grass species treated and environmental conditions.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Timing of Applications

Apply this product post-emergence to actively growing grasses according to rate table recommendations. Applications made to grass plants stressed by insufficient moisture or cold temperatures or to grass plants exceeding recommended growth stages may result in unsatisfactory control. Do not apply under these conditions.

In arid regions where irrigation is used to supplement limited rainfall, this product should be applied as soon as possible after irrigation (within 7 days). A second application of this product will generally provide more effective control of perennial grass weeds than a single application. Make a second application to actively growing grass 2 to 3 weeks after emergence of new growth.

Cultivation of treated grasses 7 days prior to or within 7 days after application of this product may reduce weed control. **Do not apply** this product if rainfall is expected within one hour since control may be reduced.

ADJUVANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE RECOMMENDATIONS Alfalfa, Cotton, Dry Shelled Bean & Pea, Edible Podded Legume Vegetables, Peanuts (including perennial), Potato, Soybean, Succulent Bean & Pea, Sugar Beet and Sunflower: Always use a crop oil concentrate at 1.0 qt./A by ground or 1 % v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume by air. 1 to 2 qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N or 32%N), or an equivalent amount (2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added to Clethodim 2EC applications, in addition to the recommended rate of crop oil concentrate. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.

Asparagus, Canola, Carrot, Clover, Cranberry, Cucurbits, Flax, Fruiting Vegetables (except Tomato), Garden Beet, Garlic, Head & Stem Brassica Vegetables, Herbs, Hops, Leaf Petioles, Leafy Brassica Greens, Leafy Greens, Mint, Mustard Seed, Onion (Dry Bulb & Green), Root Vegetables, Safflower, Sesame, Shallots (Dry Bulb & Green), Strawberry, Sweet Potato (Yam & other Tuberous and Corm Vegetables except Potato) and Tomato: Always use a crop oil concentrate* at 1 % v/v in the finished spray volume unless tank mix instructions indicate otherwise. Addition of liquid fertilizer is not recommended for these crops.

Non-Bearing Food Crops, ornamental Plants: Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v). Use of crop oil concentrate is not recommended since it may injure flowers and foliage.

Conifer Trees, Fallow Land (and other non-producing agricultural areas), and Non-Crop or Non-Planted Areas: Always use a crop oil concentrate* containing at least 15% emulsifier at 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

*Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those that contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criteria: be non-phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality, and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils.

Ground Application

Use of sufficient spray volumes and pressure is essential to ensure complete coverage. Use a minimum of 5 gals. and a maximum of 40 gals. of spray solution per acre. Under the following conditions a minimum of 10 gals. per acre is required: ultra narrow row cotton, narrow row soybeans, broad leaf herbicide tank mixes, perennial grasses, volunteer corn, drought or stress conditions, heavy grass pressure or when grasses are at or near maximum height. Failure to use a minimum of 10 gals. per acre under these conditions can result in poor coverage and reduced grass control requiring repeat applications. Spray pressures should reflect a minimum of 30 psi and a maximum of 60 psi at the nozzle. Do not use flood nozzles.

Applications to onions (dry bulbs and green), garlic, and shallots (dry bulbs and green) should be made in a minimum of 20 gals. of spray solution per acre.

Air Application

Use a minimum of 3 gals. of spray solution per acre unless otherwise directed in this label. Increase spray volumes up to 10 gals. as grass or crop foliage becomes dense.

For onions (dry bulbs and green), garlic, or shallots (dry bulbs and green): When applying by air do not exceed 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. In California, air applications to onions, garlic or shallots should be made in a minimum of 20 gals. of spray solution per acre. In states other than California, air application to onions, garlic, or shallots should be made in a minimum of 10 gals. of spray solution per acre.

NOTE: Crop injury may occur when Clethodim 2EC is applied to onions, garlic or shallots with aerial equipment.

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Spot Treatment

When using hand sprayers or high volume sprayers utilizing hand guns, mix 1/4% to 1/2% (0.33 oz. to 0.65 oz. per gal.) Clethodim 2EC and treat to wet vegetation, while not allowing runoff of spray solution. For uses requiring crop oil concentrate, include crop oil concentrate at 1% (1.3 oz. per gal.) by volume. For uses requiring non-ionic surfactant, include non-ionic surfactant at 1/4% (0.33 oz. per gal.) by volume.

NOTE: If Clethodim 2 EC is applied as a spot treatment, care should be taken to not exceed the maximum rate allowed on a "per acre" basis or crop injury may occur.

CHEMIGATION - ONION (Dry Bulb and Green) AND GARLIC SPRINKLER IRRIGATION APPLICATION

• Do not apply Clethodim 2EC by chemigation in the states of Idaho, Montana, Oregon and Washington.

Apply Clethodim 2EC at the high rate recommended for annual grasses (16 fl. oz./A) when the grass height is at the low end of the range (application to larger grasses may not provide adequate control). Add a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier at 1 quart per acre.

Apply Clethodim 2EC in 0.1 to 0.2 acre-inch of water either at the end of a regular irrigation set or as a separate application not associated with a regular irrigation using the least amount of water that provides proper distribution and coverage. Application of more than label recommended quantities of irrigation water per acre may result in decreased product performance by removing the chemical from the zone of effectiveness. Use a metering device to inject the Clethodim 2EC into the irrigation water at a constant flow. Constant agitation must be maintained in the chemical supply tank during the entire period of herbicide application. Inject the product with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right angle turn to ensure adequate mixing. Allow time for all lines to flush the herbicide through all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. To ensure the lines are flushed and free of remaining herbicide, a dye indicator may be injected into the lines to mark the end of the application period.

It is not recommended that Clethodim 2EC be applied through an irrigation system connected to a public water system. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption, if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

Use Precautions

1. Apply this product only through sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, travelers, big gun, solid set, or hand move. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

2. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop may result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.

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3. If you have any questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

4. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the label-prescribed safety devices for public water supplies are in place.

5. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

6. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
7. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

8. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

9. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

10. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

11. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

12. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

Do not apply if rain is expected within 1 hour of application as control may be unsatisfactory.

Do not apply a postemergence broadleaf herbicide within one day following application of Clethodim 2EC or reduced grass control may result.

Clethodim 2EC is not recommended for use on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.

For canola, do not apply more than 6 fl. oz. of Clethodim 2EC per acre per season. For clover, flax, mustard seed and radish crops, do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. of Clethodim 2EC (0.25 lb. a.i.) per acre per season. For all other crops, do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. of Clethodim 2EC (0.50 lb. a.i.) per acre per season. Application on Long Island, New York, is restricted to no more than 16 fl. oz. of Clethodim 2EC (0.25 lb. a.i.) per acre per season.

Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A of Clethodim 2EC **per application** to the following crops: asparagus, brassica vegetables (head and stem), bean (succulent), carrot, cranberry, cucurbits, flax, fruiting vegetables (except tomato), garden beet, green onion, herbs, hops, leaf petioles, leafy brassica greens, leafy greens, legume vegetables (edible podded), non-bearing food crops, pea (dry shelled) pea (succulent), root vegetables, safflower, sesame and strawberry. Do not apply more than 6 fl. oz./A of Clethodim 2EC per application to canola or mustard seed. For all other crops, do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. of Clethodim 2EC (0.25 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. **Exceeding these recommendations may result in unacceptable crop injury.** Do not apply under conditions of stress. Applying Clethodim 2EC under conditions that do not promote active grass growth will reduce herbicide effectiveness. These conditions include drought, excessive water, extremes in temperature, low humidity and grasses either partially controlled or stunted from prior pesticide applications. Grasses under these kinds of stressful conditions will not absorb and translocate Clethodim 2EC effectively, and will be less susceptible to herbicide activity.

Optimal perennial grass control can be obtained if rhizomes or stolons are cut up by preplant tillage practices, (discing, plowing, etc.) to stimulate maximum emergence of grass shoots. Cultural practices, such as continuous no-tillage in which the perennial grass rhizomes or stolons are not cut up, result in a very staggered, non-uniform weed emergence. Due to this non-uniform weed emergence, no fewer than 2 Clethodim 2EC applications per season per year are recommended at the appropriate weed-growth stage rate under continuous no-till conditions. Grass crops such as corn, rice, sorghum, small grains, or turf, etc. are highly sensitive to Clethodim 2EC.

While all the vegetable crops on this label have been tested and are tolerant to Clethodim 2EC, not all specialty varieties of these crops have been tested. It is advised that, before applying Clethodim 2EC to specialty varieties of vegetable crops on this label, crop tolerance be investigated first using a small section of the field. It is possible that injury symptoms can occur. Symptoms may appear as leaf speckling or stunting.

Always read and follow the restrictions and limitations for all products whether used alone or in a tank mix. The most restrictive labeling of any product used applies in tank mixtures, including all crop rotational and other crop restrictions.

Tank mixes of Clethodim 2EC and broadleaf herbicides may result in reduced grass control. If grass regrowth occurs, an additional application of Clethodim 2EC may be necessary.

AVOID SPRAY DRIFT

Do not allow spray from ground or aerial equipment to drift onto adjacent land or crops. When drift may be a problem, do everything possible to reduce spray drift, including:

• Do not spray if wind speeds are or become excessive.

• Do not spray if wind speed is 10 mph or greater. If sensitive crops or plants are downwind, extreme caution must be used under all conditions.

• Do not spray if winds are gusty.

• Use extreme caution when conditions are favorable for drift (high temperatures, drought, low relative humidity), especially when sensitive plants are located nearby.

• Do not apply when a temperature inversion exists. If inversion conditions are suspected, consult with local weather services before making an application.

• Further reductions in drift can be obtained by:

1. Using large droplet size sprays. Do not use nozzles that produce small droplets. orient nozzles downward and slightly backward as needed to reduce drift for ground applications.

2. Orienting nozzles straight back with the windstream, using straight stream orifices for aerial applications. Use the lowest number of nozzles practical with the largest possible orifice size to obtain the minimum 3 GPA volume. Application height and boom length should be set according to manufacturer's instructions to minimize drift.

3. Increasing the volume of spray mixture (for example, a minimum of 10 GPA for ground applications) by using higher flow rate nozzles. Using lower pressure with the appropriate nozzle to obtain higher volumes will also reduce drift.

4. Applying as close to target plants as practical while maintaining a good spray pattern for adequate coverage.

Do not apply under conditions involving possible drift to food, forage or other plantings that might be damaged or the crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption.

	CROP SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS					
¢	Crops ¹	Minimum Time from Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rate Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ²	Special Use Instructions	
Alfalfa in Sainfoin Holy Clov Birdsfoot	er	15 days before grazing, feeding or harvesting (cutting) for forage or hay	6-16 fl. oz.⁴	1 qt. by ground or 1.0% v/v (but no less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁵	Refer to tank mix partners for feeding, grazing and harvesting restrictions ^(5,6) The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn.	
Asparagi	JS	14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1.0% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.	
including Bean (<i>Lu</i> Grain Sweet White Bean (<i>Ph</i> Field Kidney Lima (Navy Pinto Tepary Bean (<i>Vig</i> Adzuk Black- Catjan Cowpe Crowd Moth b Mung Rice be Southe Urd be Broad	aseolus spp.) dry) dry) bean eyed pea g er pea er pea bean ean erm pea an bean (dry) ea (garbanzo)	30 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1.0% v/v (but no less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁵	 (Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz./A in a single application.) For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn. 	

(Crops ¹	Minimum Time from Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rate Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ²	Special Use Instructions
including Bean (Ph	aseolus spp.)	21 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1.0% v/v (but no less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁵	Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses.
Broad succuler)					Do not apply more than one 1 application per acre per season.
Black- Cowp	eyed pea				The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn.
Beet, Ga		30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1.0% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Head and ncluding:		30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1.0% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.
Broccoli Brussels Cabbage Cauliflow	•				For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Canola		70 days	4-6 fl. oz.	1.0% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply after crop has begun bolting. Crop injury may occur when this product is applied during the bloom period.
					Do not apply more than 6 fl. oz./A in a single application.
Carrot		30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1.0% v/v in the	Do not exceed 6 fl. oz./A in a season. Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a
			•	finished spray volume	single application. For repeat applications make on a
01	<u>, </u>		0.10.0	4.004	minimum of a 14-day interval.
Clover (Idaho, C Washing	regon and ton only)	15 days before grazing, feeding or harvesting (cutting) for forage or hay	6-16 fl. oz.	1.0% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not exceed 16 fl. oz./A in a season.
Cotton		60 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1.0% v/v (but no less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁵	Do not graze treated field or feed treated forage or hay to livestock. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn.

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¢	rops ¹	Minimum Time from Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rate Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ²	Special Use Instructions
Cranberr	у	30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1.0% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply between the "hook" stage and full fruit set.
					Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.
					For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Chayote (Vax Gourd Ion r Jible ons (all) Cantaloupes v Melon	14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1.0% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Waterme Fallow La		N/A	6-16 fl. oz.	1.0% v/v (but not	Do not plant any crop for 30 days after
Conifer T (and othe agricultur Non-Crop Planted A	non-producing al areas) o or Non-			less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume using a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier.	application unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.
Flax		60 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1.0% v/v in the finished spray volume	Apply prior to bloom. Crop injury may result when this product is applied during the bloom period.
	:				Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.
					Do not exceed 16 fl. oz./A in a season.
(except T including:	/egetables omato)	20 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1.0% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.
Eggplant Groundch Pepino					For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Peppers (Tomatillo	all)				

	Crops ¹	Minimum Time from Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rate Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ²	Special Use Instructions
Herbs ind Angelica Balm Basil Borage Burnet Chamom Catnip Chervil (c Chive Chinese Coriande Costmary Culantro Curry (lea Dillweed Horehour Hyssop Lemongra Lovage (l Marigold Marjoram Nasturtiu Parsley Pennyroy Rosemar Rue Sage Savory, S Winter Sweet Ba Tansy Tarragon Thyme Wintergre Woodruff Wornwoo Hops	ile Iried) chive r (leaf) (leaf) af) nd ass eaf) m al y summer and y	14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1.0% v/v in the finished spray volume	This product has not been tested on all herbs and herb varieties. It is the responsibility of the user to test this product on a small portion of the crop to be treated before treating the entire field. Crop tolerance to this product should be verified on a small are of the herb crop at the desired rate and with the same crop oil concentrate that will be used on the herb field. If no crop response is evident seven 7 days after treatment, this product may be used on the entire field at the same rate tested and with the same crop oil used in the tolerance test.Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
nops		21 days	0-6 11. OZ.	finished spray volume	single application. For repeat applications make on a
Leaf Peti Cardoon Celery Celtuce Chinese Chinese Fennel, F (finochi Rhubarb Swiss Ch	lorence b)	30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1.0% v/v in the finished spray volume	minimum of a 14-day interval. Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.

Crops ¹	Minimum Time from Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rate Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ²	Special Use Instructions
Leafy Brassica Greens including: Broccoli Raab Cabbage, Chinese (bok choy) Collards Kale Mizuna Mustard greens Mustard spinach Rape greens	14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1.0% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Leafy Greens including: Amaranth Chinese spinach Leafy amaranth Tampala Arugula (roquette) Chervil Chrysanthemum Edible-leaved Garland Corn salad Corn salad Cress Garden Upland (yellow rock and winter) Dandelion Dock (sorrel) Endive (escarole) Lettuce, Head and Leaf orach Parsley (leaves) Purslane Garden Winter Radicchio (red chicory) Spinach	14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1.0% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.

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Crops	Minimum Time from Applicatio to Harvest (PHI	n Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ²	Special Use Instructions
egume Vegeta Edible Podded ncluding Bean (Phaseolus runner bean snap bean wax bean Bean (Vigna spr asparagus be Chinese long moth bean yardlong bea jackbean Pea (Pisum spp. dwarf pea edible-podder snow pea sugar snap pe Boybean (immat seed)	s spp.) .) an bean n) d pea ea	6-8 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1.0% v/v (but no less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁵	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. Do not apply more than one 1 application per acre per season. For peas, apply before bloom, but no later than 21 days before harvest.
Sword bean Mint	21 days	6-16 fl. oz. ⁴	1 qt. by ground or 1.0% v/v (but no less than 1 pt./A) by air	Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Mustard Seed	75 days	4-6 fl. oz.	1.0% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply after crop has begun bolting. Crop injury may occur when this product is applied during the bloom period. Do not apply more than 6 fl. oz./A in a single application. Do not exceed 16 fl. oz./A in a season.
Onions (Dry Bulbs Or Garlic Shallots (Dry Bulbs Or		6-16 fl. oz. '	1.0% v/v in the finished spray volume	Minimum of 20 gals./A spray volume by ground in entire US. Minimum of 20 gals./A spray volume by air in California. ⁹ In states other than California, air applications to onions, garlic or shallots should be made in a minimum of 10 gals./A.
Dnions, Green ncluding Green eschalot Green shallot Japanese Bunch Dnion Leeks Scallion or Spring		6-8 fl. oz.	1.0% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.

(Crops ¹	Minimum Time from Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rate Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ²	Special Use Instructions
Orname	ntals	N/A	6-16 fl. oz.	Use of crop oil is not recommended since it may injure flowers and foliage. See Special Use Instructions.	Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v). Sugar maples cannot be tapped for syrup within one year of application of this product. Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application to non-bearing food
Non-Bea Crops	ring Food	N/A	6-8 fl. oz. ⁸	Use of crop oil is not recommended since it may injure flowers and foliage. See Special Use Instructions.	crops.Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v).Sugar maples cannot be tapped for syrup within one year of application of this product.Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application to non-bearing food
Peanut (perennia	including I)	40 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1.0% v/v (but no less than 1 pt./A) by air ^{2,}	crops. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn.
Peas, Dr including Pea (<i>Pisi</i> Field Pigeo	ım spp.)	30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1.0% v/v (but no less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁵	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A per application. Do not apply more than one 1 application per acre per season. Apply before bloom but not later than 30 days prior to harvest. ¹⁰ Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer

	Crops ¹	Minimum Time from Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rate Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ²	Special Use Instructions
Peas, Su including Pea (Pisu Englis Garde	im spp.) h pea	21 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1.0% v/v (but no less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁵	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A per application. Do not apply more than one 1 application per acre per season.
Green Pigeo	pea				Apply before bloom but not later than 21 days prior to harvest. ¹⁰
					Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses.
					The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn.
Potato		30 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1.0% v/v (but no less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁵	The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn.
Radish		15 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1.0% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz./A (0.25 lb. ai) per acre in a season.For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Root Veg (except F including: Chicory Ginseng Horserad	Radish),	30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1:0% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Turnip Safflowe	r .	70 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1.0% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.
					For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Sesame		14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1.0% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply during flowering. Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.
					For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.

Crops ¹	Minimum Time from Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rate Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ²	Special Use Instructions
Soybean	60 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1.0% v/v (but no less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁵	Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage or hay to livestock. Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate recommendations for the control o small annual grasses. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer
Strawberry	4 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1.0% v/v in the finished spray volume	corn. Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a
Sugar Beets	40 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1.0% v/v (but no less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁵	minimum of a 14-day interval. Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.
Sunflower	70 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1.0% v/v (but no less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁵	The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.
Sweet Potato, Yam and other tuberous and corm vegetables (Except Potatoes) including: Artichoke Chinese Jerusalem Cassava Bitter Sweet Ginger	30 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1.0% v/v in the finished spray volume	The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.
Tomato	20 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1.0% v/v in the finished spray volume	For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Turnip Greens	14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1.0% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.

N/A - Not Applicable

¹ Clethodim 2EC is not recommended for use on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.
² Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those which contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must

meet all the following criteria: be non phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils. See the Addition of Adjuvant and Crop Oil Concentrate section for further information.

³ Clethodim 2EC may be applied to seedling or established alfalfa grown for seed, hay, silage, green chop or direct grazing.

⁴ For weed control in established alfalfa and mint, the minimum use rate is 10 fl. oz./A

⁵ 1 to 2 qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N or 32%N), or an equivalent amount (2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added to Clethodim 2EC applications, in addition to the recommended rate of crop oil concentrate.

⁶ Do not apply Clethodim 2EC plus 2,4-DB as a tank mix to alfalfa unless the 60 day feeding, grazing, and harvesting restriction on the 2,4-DB label can be observed.

⁷ For ground applications to garlic or shallot, do not exceed 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For air applications to onion, garlic or shallot, do not exceed 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For garlic and shallot, do not exceed 2 applications per season. In CA for air applications to onion, do not exceed 2 applications per season.

⁸ If Clethodim 2EC is applied as a spot treatment to onion, garlic, shallot, or non-bearing food crops, care should be taken to not exceed the maximum rate allowed on a "per acre" basis or crop injury may occur.

⁹ In California, do not apply Clethodim 2EC to onion, garlic, or shallot until the crop has at least two full leaves. In California, 14 day spray intervals are recommended between the application of Clethodim 2EC and liquid nitrogen or other herbicide applications. Injury to crop may occur when shorter intervals are observed.

¹⁰ Applications of Clethodim 2EC to peas during the bloom period could result in severe crop injury, including loss of yield and delayed maturity.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON:

Alfalfa, Asparagus, Bean and Pea (dry shelled)¹, Bean and Pea (succulent)², Broccoli, Cabbage, Canola^{*}, Carrot, Cauliflower (and other Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables)³, Celery, Clover (grown in Idaho, Oregon and Washington only), Conifers, Cotton, Cranberry, Cucumber, Eggplant (and other Fruiting Vegetables)⁴, Fallow Land (and other non-producing agricultural areas), Flax^{*}, Garden Beet, Garlic, Herbs, Hops, Horseradish (and other Root Vegetables)⁶,Legume Vegetables (edible podded)⁷, Lettuce, Head and Leaf (and other leafy greens)⁸, Melons (including Cantaloupes and Watermelons)⁹, Mint, Mustard Greens (and other leafy brassica greens)¹⁰, Mustard Seed^{*}, Non-Bearing Food Crops, Non-Crop or Non-Planted Areas, Onions (dry bulb and green),ornamentals, Peanut (including Perennial), Peppers (bell and non-bell), Potato, Radish, Rhubarb (and other Leaf Petioles)¹¹, Safflower, Sesame, Shallots (dry bulbs and green), Squash (including Pumpkins)⁹, Soybeans, Strawberry, Sugar Beet, Sunflower, Sweet Potato, Tomato and Yam (and other Tuberous and Corm Vegetables)¹².

*Not for use in California

¹ Other Dry Shelled Bean and Pea crops approved for use with Clethodim 2EC include: Bean (*Lupinus* spp.), grain, sweet, white and white sweet; Bean (*Phaseolus* spp.), field, kidney, lima (dry), navy, pinto and tepary; Bean (*Vigna* spp.), adzuki bean, black-eyed pea, catjang, cowpea, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, Southern pea, urd bean, broad (dry), chickpea (garbanzo), guar, lablab bean and lentil; Pea (*Pisum* spp.), field and pigeon

²Other Succulent Bean and Pea crops approved for use with *Clethodim 2EC* includes: Bean *(Lupinus spp.)*, grain, sweet, white and white sweet; Bean *(Phaseolus spp.)*, field, kidney, lima (dry), navy,

pinto and tepary; Bean (*Vigna* spp.), adzuki bean, black-eyed pea, catjang, cowpea, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, Southern pea, urd bean, broad (dry), chickpea (garbanzo), guar, lablab bean and lentil; Pea (*Pisum* spp.), field and pigeon

³ Other head and stem brassica vegetables approved for use with Clethodim 2EC include: Chinese broccoli, Brussels sprouts, Chinese (napa) cabbage, Chinese mustard, cavalo broccolo and kohlrabi. ⁴ Other Fruiting Vegetables (except tomato) approved for use with Clethodim 2EC include: eggplant, groundcherry, pepino, peppers (all) and tomatillo

groundcherry, pepino, peppers (all) and tomatillo ⁵ Other Herb crops approved for use with Clethodim 2EC include: angelica, balm, basil, borage, burnet, chamomile, catnip, chervil (dried), chive, Chinese chive, clary, coriander (leaf), costmary, culantro (leaf), curry (leaf), dill (dillweed), horehound, hyssop, lavender, lovage (leaf), marigold, marjoram (*origanum* spp.), nasturtium, parsley (dried), pennyroyal, rosemary, rue, sage and savory, summer and winter.

⁶ Other root vegetables approved for use with Clethodim 2EC include: burdock, edible; celeriac; chervil, turnip-rooted; chicory; ginseng; parsley, turnip-rooted; parsnip; radish, oriental; rutabaga; salsify; salsify, black; salsify, Spanish; skirret and turnip.

⁷ Other Edible Podded Legume Vegetable crops approved for use with Clethodim 2EC include: Bean *(Phaseolus* spp.), runner, snap and wax; Bean *(Vigna* spp.), asparagus, Chinese longbean, moth, yardlong, jackbean; Pea *(Pisum* spp.), dwarf, edible-pod, snow, sugar snap, pigeon and sword bean.

⁸ Other Leafy Greens crops approved for use with Clethodim 2EC include: amaranth (Chinese spinach, leafy amaranth and tampala), arugula (raquette), chervil, chrysanthemum (edible-leaved and garland), corn salad, cress (garden, yellow rock and winter), dandelion, dock (sorrel), endive (escarole), lettuce (head and leaf), orach, parsley, purslane (garden and winter), radicchio (red chicory), spinach (New Zealand and Vine (Indian and malabar).

⁹ Other cucurbit crops approved for use with Clethodim 2EC include: Chayote (fruit), Chinese Wax Gourd, Citron Melon, Edible Gourd, Gherkin and Muskmelons (all) including Honeydew Melon.

¹⁰ Other leafy brassica greens approved for use with Clethodim 2EC include: broccoli raab, Chinese (bok choy) cabbage, collards, kale, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach, rape greens and turnip greens.

greens. ¹¹ Other leaf petiole crops approved for use with Clethodim 2EC include: cardoon, celtuce, Chinese celery, Florence fennel, and Swiss chard

¹² Other tuber and corm vegetables approved for use with Clethodim 2EC include: arracacha, arrowroot, Chinese artichoke, Jerusalem artichoke, edible burdock, edible canna, bitter and sweet cassava, chayote (root), chufa, dasheen (taro), ginger, leren, tanier, turmeric and bean yam.

IMPORTANT

Plant tolerance to Clethodim 2EC at labeled rates has been found to be acceptable for the indicated genera and species listed below. Due to variability within species, crop growth stage, environmental conditions, and application techniques, it is recommended that the user determine if the herbicide can be used safely on a few plants prior to widespread application. Neither the seller nor the manufacturer of Clethodim 2EC have investigated the safety factor to plants not listed on the label.

NON-BEARING FOOD CROPS

CLETHODIM 2EC SHOULD NOT BE APPLIED TO NON-BEARING FRUIT OR NUT CROPS WHICH ARE GROWN FOR ROOT STOCK.

Crop injury to non-bearing fruit and nut crops can occur if Clethodim 2EC is improperly applied

Clethodim 2EC should not be applied directly over the top of these plant types. Instead, spray should be directed at the base of the plant where grassy weeds are growing near the ground.

Non-bearing fruit and nut crops are plants which will not bear fruit or nuts for at least one year following Clethodim 2EC application.

	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Apples	Malus spp.
Berries	Vaccinium spp.
· · · · · ·	Rubus spp.
Cherry, Sweet	Prunus avium
Citrus fruits	Citrus spp.
Grapes	Vitis spp.
Olives	Olea spp.
Peach	Prunus persica
Pears	Pyrus communis
Prunes	Prunus spp.
Stone Fruits	Prunus spp.
Strawberries	Fragaria spp.
Tree Nuts	
Almond	Prunus triloba
Filbert	Corylus illinoinensis
Pistachio	Pistacia vera
Walnut	Juglans spp.

CONIFER TREES

Clethod 2EC can be used to control labeled grasses in Christmas tree farms, conifer nurseries, and conifer plantations (but not in forests).

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Arborvitae, American	Thuja occidentalis
Cedars	Cedrus spp.
Cypress	Taxodium spp.
Fir, Douglas	Pseudotsuga menziesii
Firs	Abies spp.
Hemlock, Canadian/Eastern	Tsuga Canadensis
Hemlock, Western	Tsuga herterophylla
Pines	Pinus spp.
Spruces	Picea spp.
Yew	Taxus spp.

NON-CROP OR NON-PLANTED AREAS

The following areas are considered non-crop or non-planted areas: rights-of-way including railroads, highways, roads, dividers, medians, pipelines, public utility lines, pumping stations, transformer stations and substations. Around airports, electric utilities, commercial buildings, manufacturing plants, storage yards, rail yards, fence lines, parkways, and post-harvest croplands. Also beneath greenhouse benches and around golf courses.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES (EXCEPT FOR IN ESTABLISHED ALFALFA AND MINT)

• Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.

• Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.

• Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

• Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A of Clethodim 2EC **per application** to the following crops: asparagus, carrot, cranberry, cucurbits, flax, fruiting vegetables (except tomato), garden beets, green onion, head and stem brassica vegetables, herbs, hops, leaf petioles, leafy brassica greens, leafy greens, nonbearing food crops, root vegetables, safflower, sesame and strawberry. Do not apply more than 6 fl. oz./A of Clethodim 2EC per application to canola or mustard seed.

GRASS SPECIES		WEED HEIGHT* (inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE ¹
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	2 to 8	6	8
Broadleaf Signalgrass	Brachiaria platyphylla	2 to 6	6	8
Brome		2100		
California	Bromus carinatus	2 to 6	6	8
Cheat	Bromus secalinus	2 to 6	6	8
Downy	Bromus tectorum	2 to 6	6	8
Ripgut	Bromus diandrus	2 to 6	6	8
Canarygrass	Phalaris canariensis	1 to 4	6	8
Crabgrass				<u>├</u>
Hairy	Digitaria adscendens	2 to 6**	6	8
Large	Digitaria sangtJinalis	2 to 6**	6	8
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	2 to 6**	6	8
Southern	Digitaria ciliaris	2 to 6**	6	8
Crowfpotgrass	Dactyloctenium aegyptium	2 to 6**	6	8
Fall Panicum	Panicum dichotomiflorum	2 to 8	6	8
Field Sandbur	Cenchrus incèrtus	2 to 6	6	8
Foxtail		2.000		
Giant	Setaria faberi	2 to 12	6	8
Green	Setaria viridis	2 to 8	6	8
Yellow	Setaria glauc	2 to 8	6	8
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica	2 to 6**	-6	8
Itchgrass	Rottboellia cochinchinensis	2 to 6	6	8
Junglerice	Echinochloa colona	2 to 6	6	B
Lovegrass (Stinkgrass)	Eragrostis cilianensis	2 to 6	6	8
Rabbitsfootgrass	Polypogon monspeliensis	1 to 4	6	8
Red Ride	oryza sativa	1 to 3	6	8
Ryeqrass				
Hardy	Lolium remotum	2 to 6	6	8
Italian	Lolium multiflorum	2 to 6	6	8
Seedling Johnsongrass	Sorghum halepense	4 to 10	6	8
Shattercane	Sorghum bicolor	6 to 18	6	8
Southwestern Cupgrass	Eriochloa gracilis	2 to 6	6	8
Sprangle top				
Amazon	Leplochloapanicoides	2 to 6	6	8
Bearded	Lepfochloa fascicularis	2 to 6	6	8
Mexican	Lepfochloa uninervia	2 to 6	6	8
Red	Lepfochloa filiformis	2 to 6	6	8
Texas Panicum	Panicum fexanum	2 to 6	6	8
Barley	Hordeum vulgare	2 to 6	6	8
Oats	Avena sativa	2 to 6	6	8
Rye	Secale cereale	2 to 6	6	8
Wheat	Triticum aestivum	2 to 6	6	8
Volunteer Corn ³	Zea mays	4 to 12	4	6
Volunteer Corn (S.R.) ⁴	Zea mays	4 to 12	8 (suppression only)	
Volunteer Grain Sorghum	Sorghum bicolor	8 to 12	6	8
Wild Oats	Avena fatua	2 to 6	6	8

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT* (inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE ¹
Wild Proso Millet	Panicum miliaceum	2 to 10	6	8
Witchqrass	Panicum capillare	2to 8	6	8
Woolly Cupgrass	Eriochloa villosa	2 to 8	6	8

*Generally occurs between 3 leaf stage and tillering.

**Length of lateral growth.

¹ Rates higher than 8 fl. oz./A may be applied in certain geographic areas, cropping situations, or environmental conditions, where experience has shown that higher rates are needed for satisfactory control of annual grasses. In these situations, rates from 8 to 16 fl. oz./A may be applied. Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A Clethodim 2EC to the following crops: asparagus, carrot, cranberry, cucurbits, flax, fruiting vegetables (except tomato), garden beet, green onion, head and stem brassica vegetables, herbs, hops, leaf petioles, leafy brassica greens, leafy greens, non-bearing food crops, root vegetables, safflower, sesame and strawberry.

Do not apply more than 6 fl. oz./A of Clethodim 2EC per application to canola or mustard seed. ² When a cereal grain crop (such as wheat) is interseeded for crop establishment or is planted as wind breaks to aid crop establishment, the minimum Clethodim 2EC use rate for control is 8 fl. oz./A. ³ Includes Roundup Ready®, Liberty Link® and IMI-CORN® volunteer com.

⁴ Sethoxydim resistant volunteer corn.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL & PERENNIAL GRASS CONTROL IN ESTABLISHED ALFALFA AND MINT WITH CLETHODIM 2EC

GRAS	SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE
Annua	& Perennial Grasses Listed in Grass Table	See Table	10	16

Mowing: The best control of annual grasses can be achieved by applying Clethodim 2EC before grass weeds are mowed. Once a grass is mowed it becomes tougher to control, as much of the available leaf surface has been removed. In areas without a killing frost, some annuals can overwinter after having been mowed multiple times. These grasses form large crowns and may contain many viable buds. These grasses, even though they may be an annual grass, may require repeated applications of Clethodim 2EC for partial or complete control.

Irrigated Alfalfa and Mint: Irrigation practices can be very critical to the successful use of Clethodim 2EC in established alfalfa and mint and may be necessary to initiate active growth of the weeds prior to application. Generally applications 2 to 4 days after an irrigation are most effective. Irrigation made shortly after application (2 days) can be effective, but more consistent grass control occurs when the irrigation is made before the application.

Aerial Application: Apply Clethodim 2EC in a minimum of 10 GPA in established alfalfa and mint when applying by air.

Annual Grass Control: Apply Clethodim 2EC at the grass sizes indicated in the Recommendation for Annual Grass Table and rates indicated. If a grass has been cut, apply Clethodim 2EC after active growth has resumed and regrowth has reached the minimum height and before it reaches the maximum height indicated. Apply before the alfalfa/mint canopy covers the grasses and interferes with the spray coverage. Some annual grasses are spring and summer-germinating plants, while others are fall-germinating plants, and the time they are actively growing and most susceptible to Clethodim 2EC may vary from region to region. Also some annuals germinate over a extended period of time, and because control of small grasses is desired, applications after each weed flush may be

required. As a general rule spray spring and summer-germinating grasses as early in the season as possible, after initial green-up. Spray fall-germinating weeds in the fall soon after they begin growing but before any damage is done due to frost. Late fall applications may be less effective due to environmental conditions, such as frost, slower plant growth, or the onset of flowering.

Perennial Grass Control: Clethodim 2EC effectively controls perennial grasses such as bermudagrass, Johnsongrass, quackgrass, wirestem muhly, tall fescue, foxtail barley and orchardgrass. Due in part to lack of tillage, perennial grasses are more difficult to control in a perennial crop such as established alfalfa or mint. A program of repeated applications is usually necessary for best results. The best way to control perennial grasses is to do so in the year of stand establishment before rhizomes and stolons become large and difficult to kill.

Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at or near maximum height.

Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt /A by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) to the finished spray volume by air.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL BLUEGRASS CONTROL WITH CLETHODIM 2EC

GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE
Annual Bluegrass (Poa annua)	To 4-leaf	6*	16

Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity, which exists within a few days after rainfall or within 7 days after irrigation. Grass needs to be actively growing at time of application(s).

Apply at weed stage indicated on the label, as reduced control can be expected with more mature annual bluegrass.

Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when annual bluegrass is more mature. Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground to the finished spray volume. *Use a minimum of 10 fl. oz./A to control annual bluegrass in seedling and established alfalfa and mint

DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES IN CANOLA, DRY SHELLED BEAN & PEA (INCLUDING SOYBEAN), EDIBLE PODDED LEGUME VEGETABLES, FLAX, MUSTARD SEED, SUCCULENT BEAN & PEA AND SUGAR BEET (REDUCED RATE RECOMMENDATIONS NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA)

• Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.

• Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.

 Regrowth by tillering may occur if application is made when plants are stressed by lack of moisture, excessive moisture, low or high temperatures and/or under very low humidity.

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT (inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE ¹
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	1 to 4	4
Broadleal Signalgrass	Brachiaria platyphylla	1 to 4	5
Crabgrass		·····	
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	1 to 3*	4
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	1 to 4*	5

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT (inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE ¹
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	1 to 3*	4
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	1 to 4*	5
Southern	Digitaria ciliaris	1 to 4*	5
Fall Panicum	Panicum dichotomiflorum	1 to 4	4
Foxtail			
Giant	Setaria faberi	1 to 4	4
Green	Setaria viridis	1 to 4	4
Millet	Setaria italica	1 to 4	5
Yellow	Setaria glauca	1 to 4	4
Seedling Johnsongrass	Sorghum halepense	1 to 6	5
Shattercane	Sorghum bicolor	4 to 10	4
Texas Panicum	Panicum texanum	1 to 4	5
Volunteer Cereals			
Barley	Hordeum vulgare	1 to 4	5
Oats	Avena sativa	1 to 4	5
Wheat	Triticum aestivum	1 to 4	5
Volunteer Corn**	Zea mays	4 to 12	4
Wild Proso Millet	Panicum miliaceum	1 to 6	4
Wild Oats	Avena fatua	1 to 4	5

*Length of lateral growth

**Not S R. Corn

¹ Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground application to the finished spray volume.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES

• Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.

• Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.

• Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A of Clethodim 2EC per application to the following crops: asparagus, carrot, cranberry, cucurbits, flax, fruiting vegetables (except tomato), garden beet, green onion, head and stem brassica vegetables, herbs, hops, leaf petioles, leafy brassica greens, leafy greens, non-bearing food crops, root vegetables, safflower, sesame and strawberry. Do not apply more than 6 fl. oz./A of Clethodim 2EC per application to canola or mustard seed.

GRASS SPECIES	WEED HEIGHT (inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE
Bermudagrass (Cynodon dactylon)			
First Application	3 (or up to 6" runners)	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	3 (or up to 6" runners)	8	16
Fescue, Tall (Festuca arundinacea)			
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16
Foxtail Barley (Hordeum jubatum)			
First Application	2 to 6	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	2 to 6	8	16
Orchardgrass (Dactylis glomerata)			
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16

GRASS SPECIES	WEED HEIGHT (inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE
Quackgrass (Elytrigia repens)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
First Application	4 to 12	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 12	8	16
Rhizome Johnsongrass (Sorghum halepense)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
First Application	12 to 24	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	6 to 18	6	8
Perennial Bluegrass*			
Roughstalk (Poa trivialis)			
Kentucky (Poa prantensis)			
First Application	2 to 4	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	2 to 4	8	16
Bentgrass* <i>(Agrostis</i> spp.)	·····		
First Application	2 to 4		16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	2 to 4		16

*Control of quackgrass, perennial bluegrass and bentgrass with Clethodim 2EC may be enhanced by adding AMS at 2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A.

TANK MIXES PRODUCT INFORMATION

The labels for each of the herbicides recommended for tank mixing with Clethodim 2EC are unique to the characteristics of those products and contain restrictions and limitations that may be more restrictive than the Clethodim 2EC label in certain considerations. Those concerns may include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Geographic restrictions all products are not registered for use in all areas and rates may vary from one region of labeled use to another;
- 2. Crop rotation restrictions;
- 3. Applicator certification requirements;
- 4. Worker safety rules (e.g. protective clothing, reentry time, posting);
- 5. Soil type or soil characteristics (e.g. pH, OM);
- 6. Maximum dosage or number of applications per season;
- 7. Rain free period required; or
- 8. Application timing (e.g. pre-harvest interval)
- 9. Do not exceed the total season rates.

THE MOST RESTRICTIVE LABELING OF ANY PRODUCT USED IN A TANK MIX MUST BE FOLLOWED.

TANK MIX APPLICATION OF CLETHODIM 2EC AND BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASSES AND BROADLEAF WEEDS

• Apply only to actively growing grass and broadleaf weeds at recommended height or growth stage listed on each label.

• Apply when the first grass or broad leaf weed species in a mixed population reaches the recommended height or growth stage for treatment.

• Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity that exist a few days after rainfall or within seven days after irrigation.

• Always add the appropriate adjuvant to the spray mix at the rate recommended for each specific tank mix combination.

• Tank mix applications may sometimes result in reduced grass control and possible increases in crop injury as compared to either product used alone. If regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Clethodim 2EC, as specified in the respective size and rate tables.

• Do not tank mix Clethodim 2EC when broad leaf weeds are tall and/or dense enough to prevent proper grass coverage.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Fill clean spray tank 1/2 to 2/3 of desired level with clean water.
- 2. While agitating, add the correct amount of Clethodim 2EC. Agitation should create a rippling or rolling action on the water surface.
- 3. If tank mixing Clethodim 2EC with other labeled herbicides, add water soluble bags first, followed by dry formulations, flowables, emulsifiable concentrates, and then solutions. Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate spray operation.
- 4. Add any required adjuvants (crop oil concentrate, non-ionic surfactant and/or nitrogen solution).
- 5. Fill spray tank to desired level with water. Agitation should continue until all spray solution has been applied.

Failure to agitate the spray solution may result in improper mixing of the herbicides and unsatisfactory weed control. Mixing and compatibility qualities should be verified by a jar test.

INFORMATION ON ANTAGONISM

Tank mixes of Clethodim 2EC with postemergence broadleaf herbicides have shown some reduction or failure to control certain grass species which would have otherwise been controlled when Clethodim 2EC is applied alone. Activity 01 the postemergence broad leaf herbicide in the tank mix is not affected.

ALFALFA

Table 1. CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR ALFALFA (Refer to the recommendation tables above for specific grasses and growth stages)

PRODUCT ²	APPLICATION	RATES/ACRE ¹		
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Clethodim 2EC +	10 to 16 fl. oz.	10 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	1%
2,4-DB ⁴	+	+		6
,	Refer to 2,4-DB label	Refer to 2,4-DB label		
Clethodim 2EC	10 to 16 fl. oz.		1%	1%
+	+			
Pursuit DG ⁵	1.08 to 2.16 oz.			
or	or			
Pursuit ⁵	3 to 6 fl. oz.			
Clethodim 2EC	10 to 16 fl. oz.		0.5%	0.5%
+	+			

PRODUCT ²	APPLICATION RA	TES/ACRE ¹	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ³ V/V
Buctril 2L ⁶	1.0 to 1.5 pts.		,,,,,,, _
or	or		
Buctril Gel 6, 7	0.5 to 0.75 pt.		

¹ If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Clethod m 2EC alone (Without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

² Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

³ Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

⁴ Clethodim 2EC plus 2,4-DB may increase the severity of crop injury when tank mixed. Alfalfa plants will generally outgrow this temporary crop injury within a few weeks.

⁵ Before using this tank mix, read and understand the PURSUIT or PURSUIT DG labels for geographical restrictions and restrictions regarding alfalfa growth stage and type. Failure to do so can result in crop injury to alfalfa. Do not feed, graze, or harvest alfalfa for 30 days following an application of PURSUIT to alfalfa.

⁶ In the states of Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, Nevada and the western halves of North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas: The Clethodim 2EC plus BUCTRL or BUCTRIL GEL tank mix must be applied in the fall or spring to seedling alfalfa when the majority of the field has a minimum of 2 trifoliates. Unacceptable crop injury may occur to alfalfa seedlings less than the 2 trifoliate leaf stage. Clethodim 2EC plus BUCTRIL or BUCTRIL GEL applications made when temperatures are expected to exceed 80°F at (and 3 days following) application can result in unacceptable crop injury. In the states not listed above, apply in the fall or spring to seedling alfalfa when the majority of the field has a minimum of 4 trifoliate leaves. When alfalfa stand is uneven and conditions favor leaf burn, unacceptable crop injury may occur to alfalfa in the 2 trifoliate or smaller stage at growth. Clethodim 2EC plus BUCTRIL or BUCTRIL GEL applications made when temperatures are expected to exceed 70°F at (and 3 days following) applications made when temperatures are expected to exceed 70°F at (and 3 days following) applications made when temperatures are expected to exceed 70°F at (and 3 days following) applications made when temperatures are expected to exceed 70°F at (and 3 days following) application can result in unacceptable crop injury. Crop leaf burn can occur following Clethodim 2EC plus BUCTRIL or BUCTRIL GEL application. Warm, humid conditions may enhance leaf burn. New crop growth will not be affected.

⁷ Do not apply when alfalfa is under moisture, temperature, insect or disease stress or has been stressed by other pesticide carryover or application.

Table 2 REDUCED RATE CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR CANOLA

(Refer to the recommendation tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE		AMMONIUM SULFATE	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Clethodim 2EC ²	4 to 5 fl. oz.		3.0 lbs.	3.0 lbs.
Liberty ³	+			
	34 fl. oz.			

¹Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those that are identified In the **DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES** table. ² Do not apply Clethodim 2EC tank mix during or after bolting or flowering or crop injury may occur.

COTTON

Table 3. CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIXED WITH COBRA® AND MSMA APPLIED POST DIRECTED TO COTTON

PRODUCT ¹	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ²		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ³ V/V	COMMENTS	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND		
Clethodim 2EC ⁴ + Cobra + MSMA (4.0 lbs./gal.) or MSMA (6.0 lbs./gal.)	4 to 5 fl. oz. 8 to 16 fl. oz. See Cobra label for rates to control broadleaf weeds and height limitations for cotton. Refer to the Clethodim 2EC label for weed height and species control. See MSMA label for rates to control broadleaf weeds and height limitations for cotton. Refer to the Clethodim 2EC label for weed height and species control.		1%	Reduce broadcast rate in proportion to the band area actually treated.	
		height and species control.			

¹ Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

² If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Clethodim 2EC alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

³ Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

⁴ If at the time of application, grass height is so tall that post-directed applications cannot get good coverage over the top of the grassy weeds, then poor control may result and a second (non-post directed) application of Clethodim 2EC may be necessary.

Table 4. CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIXED WITH BUCTRIL 4 EC TO CONTROL EMERGED WEEDS IN BXN COTTON AS A BROADCAST APPLICATION

PRODUCT	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ANNUAL GRASSES	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE PER ACRE ³	COMMENTS'
Clethodim 2EC ² + Buctril 4 EC ^{4, 5, 6}	8 to 16 fl. oz. + See Buctril 4 EC label for rates to control broadleaf weeds and height limitations for cotton	1 qt.	See charts for grasses controlled.

¹ Broadleaf weed control may be reduced with grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage.

² If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Clethodim 2EC at the recommended rate with the appropriate amount of crop oil concentrate in a non-BUCTRIL tank mix.

³Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground in the finished spray solution.

⁴ Applications of BUCTRIL 4 EC can be made only to cotton that has been genetically modified for crop tolerance to postemergence over-the-top applications of bromoxynil.

⁵ Do not apply the Clethodim 2EC plus Buctril tank mix within 75 days of harvest.

⁶ Do not exceed 2 applications of BUCTRIL before cotton is 12 inches tall and one application after 12 inches tall.

['] Use a minimum of 10 gals. of spray solution per acre.

Table 5 CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIXED WITH GLYPHOSATE TO CONTROL EMERGED GRASSES IN COTTON AS A BROADCAST APPLICATION

PRODUCT	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE		ADJUVANT		COMMENTS	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	Glyphosate formulation with built in adjuvant	Glyphosate formulation without built in adjuvant		
Clethodim 2EC + Glyphosate	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	Non-ionic surfactant @ 0.125 to 0.25% v/v plus ammonium sulfate @ 8.5 to 17 lbs. per 100 gals. of carrier	Non-ionic surfactant @ 1 pt./A plus ammonium sulfate @ 8.5 to 17 lbs. per 100 gals. of carrier	See charges for grasses controlled. Use a minimum of 10 gals. of spray solution per acre.	

¹ If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Clethodim 2EC at the recommended rate with the appropriate amount of crop oil concentrate

DRY SHELLED AND SUCCULENT BEANS

Table 6 CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR DRY SHELLED AND SUCCULENT BEANS

(Refer to the recommendation tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT ²	APPLICATIO	N RATES/ACRE ¹	CROP CONCENTR	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Clethodim 2EC +	8 to 10 fl. oz.	10 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	1%
Basagran	+	+		
	1.0 to 2.0 pts.	1.0 to 2.0 pts.		

¹ If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Clethodim 2EC alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

² Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

³ Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

Table 7. REDUCED RATE CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR FLAX

(Refer to the recommendation tables above for specific grasses and growth stages)

PRODUCT	APPLICATIO	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE		
	ANNUAL GRASSES ¹	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Clethodim 2EC	4 to 5 fl. oz.		1 pt.	1 pt.
+	+			
Brohate Advanced ^{2,3}	11.4 fl. oz.			
	:			
Clethodim 2EC	4 to 5 fl. oz.		1 pt.	1 pt.
+	+			
Bronate ^{2,3}	0.9 pt.			
Clethodim 2EC	4 to 5 fl. oz.		1 pt.	1 pt.
+	+			
Buctril	1.0 pt.			
Clethodim 2EC	4 to 5ifl. oz.		1 pt.	1 pt.
+	+		1	
Rhonox ^{2, 3}	0.25 to 0.5 pt			1

¹Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those that are Identified In the **DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTORL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES** table.

² Do not apply Clethodim 2EC tank mix during or after the bud stage or to ornamental flax or crop injury may occur.

³ Do not apply tank mixes if temperatures are expected to exceed 85°F at (or 3 days following) application or crop injury may occur.

SOYBEAN

Table 8. CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIXES³ TO CONTROL ANNUAL GRASSES WHEN USED AS A BURNDOWN IN NO-TILL SOYBEAN

PRODUCT	PRODUCT RATE/ ACRE ¹	GRASS HEIGHT (Inches)	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE/ ACRE ²	28%N <i>OR</i> 32%N QTS./A <i>OR</i> 2.5 TO 4.0 LBS. AMS
Clethodim 2EC +	3 fl. oz.	Foxtail 1 to 3 Fall Panicum 1 to 3	1 qt.	1 to 2 qts. or 2.5 to 4.0 lbs. AMS
2,4-D Ester* ³	4 fl. oz.	Foxtail 1 to 4 Fall Panicum 1 to 4	1 qt.	1 to 2 qts. or 2.5 to 4.0 lbs. AMS
	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 0.5 lb. ai	(See Grass Chart for grasses claimed.)	1 qt.	1 to 2 qts. or 2.5 to 4.0 lbs. AMS

*2,4-D ester should not be used where drift sensitive crops may be grown.

¹ If regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Clethodim 2EC according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

² Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate in the finished spray volume.

³ T he following products can be tank mixed with Clethodim 2EC plus 2,4-D ester: VALOR®.

AUTHORITY® BROADLEAF, CANOPY XL®, DUAL® B E. DUAL II®, DUAL MAGNUM®, PROWL®, SENCOR®, SENCOR plus the DUAL products and TURBO®.

Table 9. CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEAN (Refer to the recommendation tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT ²	APPLICATION	CROP OIL CON CENTRATE ³ V/V		
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	All
Clethodim 2EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	0.5 to 1%	1%
-	÷.	+		ĺ
Cobra	12.5 fl. oz.	12.5 fl. oz.		ļ
Clethodim 2EC	8 to 10 fl. oz.	10 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	1%
+	+	+		
Basagran 4 SL Clethodim 2EC	<u>1 to 2 pts.</u> 6 to 8 fl. oz.	1 to 2 pts. 8 to 16 fl. oz.	0.5 to 1% ⁴	1%
	0 10 0 11. 02.	0101011.02.	0.5 10 1 %	170
Giyphosate (for use on Roundup Ready soybean only)	0.75 to 3.0 lb. ai	0.75 to 3.0 lb. ai		
Clethodim 2EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.	6 to 8 fl. oz.	0.5 to 1%	1%
+	÷	+		1
Ultra Blazer	1 to 1.5 pts.	1 to 1.5 pts.		l
Clethodim 2EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	1%
+	+ Refer to the Flexstar HL label	+ Refer to the Flexstar HL label		1
Flexstar HL	for specific application rates.	for specific application rates.		
Clethodim 2EC	8 to 10 fl. oz.	10 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	1%
_	, L			
Classic 25DG	0.5 to 0.75 oz.	0.5 to 0.75 oz.		
Clethodim 2EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	1%
+	+	+		
Pursuit 70 DG	1.44 oz.	1.44 oz.		
Clethodim 2EC	8 to 10 fl. oz.		0.5%	1%
+	+			
Cobra	6 to 8 fl. oz.			
+ Classic 25 DC	+ 0 5 to 0 75 or			
Classic 25 DG Clethodim 2EC	0.5 to 0.75 oz. 8 to 10 fl. oz.		0.5%	1%
			0.070	1,0
+	+			
Cobra +	6 to 10 fl. oz. +			
Basagran 4SL	1 to 1.5 pts.			_
Clethodim 2EC	8 to 10 fl. oz.		0.5%	1%
+	+	_		
Cobra	6 to 10 fl. oz.			
+	+			
Pursuit 70 DG Clethodim 2EC	1.44 oz. 8 to 10 fl. oz.		0.5%	1%
			0.5%	170
+	+			
Clethodim 2EC	1.5 pts.		4.07	4.07
	8 to 10 fl. oz.		1%	1%

PRODUCT ²	APPLICATION	CROP OIL CON CENTRATE ³ V/		
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	
+	+			
Resource +	4 fl. oz. +		-	
Pursuit 70 DG	1.44 oz.			
Clethodim 2EC	8 to 10 fl. oz.		1%	1
+	+			
Resource	4 fl. oz.			
+	+			
Basagran Clethodim 2EC	1 pt. 8 to 10 fl. oz.		1%	1
				'
+	+			
Resource	4 fl. oz. +			
Classic	0.5 oz.			ļ
Clethodim 2EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.		0.5%	1
+	.+			
Cobra	6 fl. oz.			
+	+			
Resource Clethodim 2EC	4 fl. oz. 6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	
	0 10 3 11. 02.	8 10 10 11. 02.	1 70	
+	+	+		-
FirstRate Clethodim 2EC	0.3 oz. 6 to 8 fl. oz.	0.3 oz. 8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	
	0 10 0 11. 02.	0 10 10 11. 02.	170	
+	+	+		-
Cobra +	6 to 8 fl. oz.	6 to 8 fl. oz. +		
FirstRate	0.3 oz.	0.3 oz.		
Clethodim 2EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.		1%	
+	+	_		_
Raptor (1 AS)	4 to 5 fl. oz.	-		
Clethodim 2EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.		1%	
+	+	-		-
Cobra	6 to 8 fl. oz.			
+	+			
Raptor (1 AS) Clethodim 2EC	4 to 5 fl. oz. 6 to 8 fl. oz. '		1 qt.	
	0.000 11.02.		1 95	
+	+			
Synchrony STS	0.5 oz./A 6 to 8 fl. oz. /		1 pt.	
Clethodim 2EC	6 (0 0°11, 02,		i pc	
+	+			-
Cobra	4 to 8 fl. oz. +			
+ Synchrony STS	0.5 oz.			
Clethodim 2EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.		1 qt.	••••
1				

33

:

PRODUCT ²	APPLICATION	CROP OIL CON CENTRATE ³ V/V		
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Resource	4 to 12 fl. oz.			1
Clethodim 2EC	8 to 10 fl. oz.		1%	1
		_		-
+	+			
Frontrow	Refer to Frontrow label for			
	use rates.			
Clethodim 2EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	
+		+		
Firstrate	0.3 oz.	0.3 oz.		ļ
+	+	+		
Flexstar HL	Refer to the Flexstar HL label	Refer to the Flexstar HL label		
	for specific application rates.	for specific application rates.		

¹ If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Clethodim 2EC alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

² Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

³ Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

⁴ The addition of 2.5 lb. of ammonium sulfate is required when Clethodim 2EC is tank mixed with glyphosate. If the glyphosate formulation has a standalone built in adjuvant, add 0.125% v/v non-ionic surfactant in place of crop oil concentrate. If the glyphosate formulation does not have a built in adjuvant system, add 0.5 to 1% crop oil concentrate for ground application and 1 % v/v for aerial application.

⁵ The addition of 1 to 2 qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N or 32%N) is recommended when Clethodim 2EC is tank mixed With PURSUIT, RESOURCE, STORM, FIRSTRATE, SYNCHRONY, RAPTOR, FRONTROW, COBRA plus CLASSIC, COBRA plus BASAGRAN, COBRA plus PURSUIT, COBRA plus FIRSTRATE, COBRA plus SYNCHRONY, and COBRA plus RAPTOR. An equivalent amount (2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added in place of liquid fertilizer Fertilizer adjuvants are to be added in addition to the crop oil concentrate. ⁶ Refer to FLEXSTAR HL label for geographic and rotational restrictions.

⁷Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those that are identified in the **DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES** table.

Table 10. REDUCED RATE CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEAN

(Refer to table for reduced rate use in canola, dry shelled bean & pea, edible podded legume vegetables, flax, mustard seed, soybean, succulent bean & pea and sugar beet recommendations for small annual grasses for specific grasses and growth stages)

PRODUCT ²	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ¹			
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Clethodim 2EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.		1%	1%
+	+			
FirstRate	0.3 oz.			
Clethodim 2EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.		1%	1%

	;	 T
+	+	
Pursuit 70 DG	1.44 OZ.	
If groop regrowth easy in	or on additional fluch	les a second soulisation of

If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Clethodim 2EC alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

²Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those that are identified in the **DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES** table.

³ Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume

⁴ The addition of 1 to 2 qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10·34·0, 28%N, or 32%N) is required when Clethodim 2EC is tank mixed at reduce rates. An equivalent amount (2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added in place of liquid fertilizer. Fertilizer adjuvants are to be added in addition to the crop oil concentrate.

PEANUT (INCLUDING PERENNIAL)

Table 11. CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR PEANUT (INCLUDING PERENNIAL)

(Refer to the recommendation tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT ²	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ¹		CROP C CONCENTRA	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Clethodim 2EC	8 to 10 fl. oz.		1%	1%
+	+	-		
Basagran	1.0 to 2.0 pts			
Clethodim 2EC	8 to 10 fl. oz.		1%	1%
+	+			
Pursuit 70 DG	0.5 to 1.5 pts.			
Clethodim 2EC	8 to 10 fl. oz.		1%	1%
+	+			
Pursuit 70 DG	1.5 pts.			

¹ If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Clethodim 2EC alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

² Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

³ Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR GRASS SUPPRESSION FOR HARVEST EFFICIENCY IN PEANUT (INCLUDING PERENNIAL) WITH CLETHODIM 2EC							
GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ./A	HIGH RATE				
Annual and perennial grasses that exceed height claimed for control on height charts "RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES" & "RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES"	Up to and including grasses in the seed head stage	16	32				

Do not apply as part of a tank mix when applying Clethodim 2EC for grass suppression. Add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground to the finished spray volume.

SUGAR BEET

Table 12. CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIXED WITH STINGER® APPLIED TO SUGAR BEET (Refer to the recommendation tables above for specific grasses and growth stages)

PRODUCT	APPLICATION RATES	PLICATION RATES/ACRE ¹ CR CO		ATE ³ V/V
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Clethodim 2EC	6 to 8 fl. oz./A	8 to 16 fl. oz./A	1%	1%
+ Stinger		See Stinger label for rates	•	

¹ If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Clethodim 2EC alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

² Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

³Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed *rate* (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

Table 13. CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIXED WITH BETAMIX® or BETANEX® APPLIED TO SUGAR BEET

PRODUCT ¹	WEEDS CONTROL	LED	WEED HEIGHT	APPLICATION	
	COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	(inches)	RATE/ACRE ²	
Clethodim 2EC ³ +	Barnyardgrass Foxtail Foxtail Millet	Echinochloa crus-galli Setaria spp. Setaria italic	1 to 3 1 to 3 1 to 3 1 to 3	8 fl. oz.	
Betamix or Betanex	Wild Oat Wild Proso Millet	Avena fatua Panicum miliaceum		for rates to control	
Detailex			broad leaf weeds. No additives are recommended in the tank mix. See Betanex label for rates to contro		
			broad leaf weeds. No additives are recommended in the tank mix.		

¹Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage, Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

² Do not use crop oil concentrate. No additives are recommended in the tank mix. If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Clethodim 2EC alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations. ³ If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Clethodim 2EC at full label rate with appropriate rate of crop oil concentrate.

Table 14. CLETHODIM 2EC PLUS BETANEX OR BETAMIX TANK MIX FOR THREE SEQUENTIAL APPLICATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASS CONTROL (MICRO-RATE APPLICATION)

PRODUCT ²	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ¹	METHYLATED SEED OIL ² (V/V)

	ANNUAL GRASSES	GRASSES CONTROLLED (inches)	GROUND	AIR
Clethodim 2EC	2 to 3 fl. oz.	Green Foxtail (1-2) Yellow Foxtail (1-2)	1.5%	1.5%
+	+	Barnyardgrass (1-2)		
Betanex	8 to 12 fl. oz. ³	Wild Oat (1-2)		
or	or	Volunteer Cereals (1-2)		
Betamix	8 to 12 fl. oz. ³			

¹ Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

² Always use a methylated seed oil at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

³ Use 8 fl. oz./A rate when sugar beet are in the cotyledon to 4 leaf stage. Rate can be increased up to 12 fl. pz./A when the smallest sugar beet plants in the field are in the 4 true leaf stage or larger.

Directions for Use for Micro-Rate Applications to Sugar Beet General Information

Multiple micro-rate applications of Clethodim 2EC in tank mixtures with reduced rates of BETANEX or BETAMIX and methylated seed oils may be applied by air or ground equipment to sugar beet to control early germinating annual grasses listed above. The rate of BETANEX or BETAMIX must not exceed 0.12 lb. ai/A (broadcast application) when in combination with these spray adjuvants. Note that maximum rate allowed varies depending on crop growth stage. The use of wetting agents or spray adjuvants with conventional rates (0.73 to 1.22 lb. ai/A) or multiple low rate (0.24 to 0.73 lb. ai/A) applications of BETANEX or BETAMIX is prohibited on the BETANEX and BETAMIX master label. Favorable climatic conditions (good conditions for plant growth and development) are essential for adequate *weed* control. All use precautions and restrictions on the BETANEX and BETAMIX master labels must be followed.

Directions for Using Micro-Rate Multiple Applications of Clethodim 2EC Tank Mixes

Apply Clethodim 2EC in broadcast applications only at a rate of 2 to 3 fl. oz./A in tank mixture with either BETANEX or BETAMIX following the directions for use on the tank mix partner label. A minimum of three sequential applications of 2 fl. oz./A or a minimum of 2 sequential applications of 3 fl. oz./A should be utilized for Clethodim 2EC tank mixtures. A minimum of 3 sequential applications of BETAMIX or BETANEX should be used. Accurate timing is essential; make initial application immediately after weeds emerge, and make repeat applications on 5 to 7 day intervals. If weed control is not adequate due to climatic conditions, spray coverage or other factors, return to conventional application rates of Clethodim 2EC (6 to 8 fl. oz./A) and add rates of BETANEX or BETAMIX as directed on their label. When using conventional rates of BETANEX or BETAMIX in tank mixtures with Clethodim 2EC, a spray adjuvant is not recommended.

Use Precautions for Micro-Rate Applications: (See Clethodim 2EC, BETANEX and BETAMIX master label for further use precautions.)

Not all weeds will be adequately controlled, even with favorable climatic conditions. Conventional rates of Clethodim 2EC, BET ANEX or BETAMIX and/or hand labor may be required if multiple micro-rate applications do not adequately control weeds. Plugging of spray nozzles may be encountered due to the potential for formation of a precipitate in the spray solution that is often associated with micro-rate applications. Loveland Products, Inc. will not be responsible for any nozzle plugging that may occur with the use of multiple micro-rate applications. Methylated seed oils must not be added if

the BETANEX or BETAMIX rate exceeds 0.12 lb. ai/A broadcast, as the addition of methylated seed oils could increase the possibility of crop injury at dosage rates greater than 0.12 lb. ai/A.

GROUND APPLICATION

Use of sufficient spray volumes and pressure is essential to ensure complete coverage. Use a minimum of 10 gals. and a maximum of 20 gals. of spray solution per acre. Spray pressures should reflect a minimum of 30 psi and a maximum of 60 psi at the nozzle. Do not use flood nozzles.

AERIAL APPLICATION

Use of sufficient spray volumes is essential to ensure complete coverage. Use a minimum of 5 gals. and a maximum of 15 gals. of spray solution per acre.

Table 15. TANK MIX APPLICATION OF CLETHODIM 2EC AND FUNGICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASS WEEDS AND DISEASES IN SUGAR BEET

PRODUCT ²	DUCT ² APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ¹			
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	- CONCENTRATE ³ V/V	
Clethodim 2EC	6 to 8 fl. oz./A	8 to 16 fl. oz./A	1%	
+	+	+		
Basagran	13 fl. oz.	13 fl. oz.		

¹ If grass regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Clethodim 2EC alone (without a tank mix fungicide) according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

² Refer to Clethodim 2EC and fungicide label for rates and weeds and diseases controlled.

³ Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

Table 16. TANK MIX APPLICATION OF CLETHODIM 2EC AND INSECTICIDES FOR CONTROLOF GRASS WEEDS AND INSECTS IN ALFALFA, COTTON, MINT, PEANUT (INCLUDINGPERENNIAL), SOYBEAN AND SUNFLOWER

PRODUCT 2	APPLICATION	RATES/ACRE ¹	CROP OIL	POIL CROP		_			
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	CONCENTRAT E (V/V) ³	Alfalfa ⁴	Cotton	Mint ^{4, 5}	Peanut	Soybean	
Clethodim 2EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%		X	Х	Х		1
+ Orthene 75 S or Orthene 97	+ 0.33 to 1.33 lbs. or 0.25 to 1.0 lb.	+ 0.33 to 1.33 lbs. or 0.25 to 1.0 lb.							
Clethodim 2EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%		x	Х	Х	X	t
+ Onthene 90 S [₫]	+ 0.25 to 1 lb.	+ 0.25 to 1 lb.							
Clethodim 2EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%		Х		Х		
+ Danitol 2.4 EC	+ 10 2/3 to 16 fl. oz.	+ 10 2/3 to 16 fl. oz.							
Clethodim 2EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%				1		X
+ Asana XL	+ Refer to Asana XL label	+ Refer to Asana XL label							
Clethodim 2EC	6 to 8 fl. oz. 7	8 to 16 fl. oz. 7	1%						X

PRODUCT ²	APPLICATION	CATION RATES/ACRE ¹ CROP OIL CROP							
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	CONCENTRAT E (V/V) ³	Alfalfa ⁴	Cotton	Mint ^{4, 5}	Peanut	Soybean	
+	+	+							-
Warrior	Refer to Warrior label	Refer to Warrior label							
Clethodim 2EC	10 to 16 fl. oz. '	10 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	X					$\left[\right]$
+	+	+							
Warrior	Refer to Warrior label	Refer to Warrior label							Ĺ
Çlethodim 2EC	10 to 16 fl. oz. ⁷	10 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	x					
+	+	+							
Baythroid	Refer to Baythroid label	Refer to Baythroid label							l l
Clethodim 2EC	10 to 16 fl. oz.	10 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	X					
il +	+	+							
Dimethoate	Refer to Dimethoate label	Refer to Dimethoate label							
Clethodim 2EC	10 to 16 fl. oz. '	10 to 16 fl. oz.	1 to 2 pt.8	X					
+	+	+							i
Lorsban	Refer to Lorsban label	Refer to Lorsban label							
Clethodim 2EC	10 to 16 fl. oz.	10 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	Х					
+	+	+ .							
Pounce	Refer to Pounce label	Refer to Pounce label							

¹ If grass regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Clethod m 2EC alone (without a tank mix insecticide) according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

² Refer to Clethodim 2EC and insecticide label for rates and weeds and insects controlled.

³ Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

⁴ Certain insecticides may cause temporary phytotoxic symptoms on alfalfa and mint foliage. Refer to the insecticide label for further information. It is suggested that prior to using any of these

insecticide/herbicide tank mixtures, that a small area of the field be treated first and observations for crop injury be made prior to treating the whole field.

⁵ The Clethodim 2EC rate should be 6 to 8 fl. oz./A for annual grass control in baby mint, minimum of 8 fl. oz./A for annual grass control in established mint and 8 to 16 fl. oz./A for perennial grass control. Crop oil concentrate should be added at the rate of 1.0 to 2.0 pts./A.

⁶ Insecticide tank mix use with Orthene 90 S in soybean is permitted only in a state having an approved Section 24(c) registration tor Orthene 90 S use in soybean.

⁷ The Clethodim 2EC rate should be 6 to 8 fl. oz./A for annual grass control in seedling alfalfa.

⁸ For the Clethodim 2EC plus LORSBAN tank mix, reduce the adjuvant rate down to 1.0 pt./A when the LORSBAN rate is 1.0 pt./A or higher.

Table 17. RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ROUNDUP READY VOLUNTEER CORN CONTROL IN ROUNDUP READY SOYBEAN WITH CLETHODIM 2EC TANK MIX

Roundup Ready Volunteer Corn Height (inches)	Clethodim 2EC Rate fl. oz./A	Glyphosate ¹ rate for formulations <u>with</u> built in adjuvant	Adjuvant
<12	4	1.0 to 2.0 lb. ai/A	Non-ionic surfactant @
12 to 18	5	(Approximately	0.125 to 0.25% v/v plus
18 to 24	6	equivalent to 22 to 44 fl. oz./A of Roundup Weather Max.)	ammonium sulfate @ 8.5 to 17 lbs. per 100 gals. of carrier.

Volu	ndup Ready nteer Corn ht (inches)	Clethodim 2EC Rate fl. oz./A	Glyphosate ¹ rate for formulations <u>without</u> built in adjuvant	Adjuvant
	<12	4	Up to 2.0 lb. ai/A	Crop oil concentrate @ 1
	12 to 18	5	(Approximately	pt./A plus ammonium
	18 to 24	6	equivalent to 36 to 44 fl. oz./A of Roundup original.)	sulfate @ 8.5 to 17 lbs. per 100 gals. of carrier.

¹ Glyphosate formulation must be labeled for use on Roundup Ready soybean.

THE MOST RESTRICTIVE LABELING OF ANY PRODUCT USED IN A TANK MIX MUST BE FOLLOWED.

• Apply only to actively growing grass and broadleaf weeds at recommended height or growth stage listed on each label.

• Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity which exist a few days after rainfall or within seven days after irrigation.

• Tank mix applications may sometimes result in reduced grass control. If regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Clethodim 2EC, as specified in the respective size and rate tables.

• Do not tank mix Clethodim 2EC when broadleaf weeds are tall and/or dense enough to prevent proper grass coverage.

• This tank mix may be applied postemergence to ROUNDUP READY soybean up through the full flowering stage. Do not apply less than 60 days before harvest.

• Avoid contact with foliage, green stems, or fruit crops, or any desirable plants and trees, other than soybean with the ROUNDUP READY gene as severe injury or destruction will result.

• Do not allow the Clethodim 2EC plus ROUNDUP to mist, drip, drift or splash onto desirable vegetation as minute quantities of the tank mix can cause severe damage or destruction to the crops, plants or other areas on which treatment was not intended. The likelihood of injury occurring from drift of this product is greatest when winds are gusty or in excess of 5 miles per hour. Even under lesser wind velocities, avoid conditions that allow spray drift to occur such as combinations of spray pressure and nozzle type that will result in fine particles (mist) that are likely to drift.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

FALLOW LAND

Clethod 2EC may be used to control annual and perennial grasses in land that has been left fallow the previous year and other non-producing agricultural areas. Apply Clethodim 2EC at 6 to 8 fl. oz./A or annual grasses and 8 to 16 fl. oz./A for perennial grasses. When both grass and broadleaf weeds are the target pest, Clethodim 2EC may be tank mixed with 2,4-D ester or BANVEL® SGF for broad spectrum control. When both annual and perennial grasses occur in the same field, use a minimum of 8 fl. oz./A Clethodim 2EC rate.

GENERAL INFORMATION:

• Use a minimum spray volume of 5 gals./A for aerial applications and 15 gals./A for ground applications.

• Apply only to actively growing grasses when the first grass reaches the recommended weed height as specified by the Recommendations for Annual and Perennial Grasses section of this label.

• Annual grasses that emerge after the Clethodim 2EC application will not be controlled, and a second application may be necessary.

• The control of perennial grasses may require more than 1 application in non-tilled areas.

• Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.

 Do not apply to grasses that have tillered, formed seedheads or exceeded recommended growth stage.

• Do not use flood jet nozzles.

Do not apply to drought stressed grasses.

• Do not mow area for 2 weeks prior to or after the Clethodim 2EC application.

Table 18. CLETHODIM 2EC IN TANK MIXES TO CONTROL ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL GRASSES IN FALLOW LAND

PRODU	СТ			CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ² V/V	
		ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
CI	ethodim 2EC	6 to 8 fl. oz./A	8 to 16 fl. oz./A	1%	1%
	+	+			
4	2,4-D ester	0.5 lb./A			
	OR	or			
E	Banvel SGF	See Banvel SGF label for rates			

Refer to Clethodim 2EC label for weed height and species control. Review BANVEL SGF and 2,4-D labels for crop restrictions, use rates and weeds controlled.

² Always use a crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil containing at least 15% emulsifier at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR GRASS SUPPRESSION IN NON-CROP AREAS WITH CLETHODIM 2EC

GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ./A	HIGH RATE		
Annual and perennial grasses that exceed height claimed for control on height chart above.	Up to and including grasses in the seed head stage	12	16		
Do not apply as part of a tank mix when applying Clear Add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground to the					

TABLE 19. CLETHODIM 2EC FOR THE CONTROL AND/OR SUPPRESSION OF TALL FESCUE IN NATIVE PRAIRIE WARM-SEASON GRASS RESTORATION PROJECTS

PRODU	СТ	PRODUCT RATES	GRASS WEEDS CONTROLLED/SUPPRESSED		WEED STAGES
			Common Name	Scientific Name	1
С	lethodim 2EC	10 to 12 fl. oz./A	Tall Fescue	Festuca arundinacea	4 to 6 inches tall (40 to 60% green-up)
2.5 to 4 I		ed Mixing order: Thoro			de ammonium sulfate at water, add Clethodim

SPECIAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS/PRECAUTIONS

Burn or mow fields a minimum of 3 weeks prior to application to remove excess crop residue. Apply in the spring, at 40 to 60% tall fescue green-up, prior to emergence of warm-season grasses. Do not mow area for 2 weeks after the Clethodim 2EC application.

Apply in a minimum of 15 to 20 gals. of water per acre at a spray pressure of 40 to 60 PSI at the nozzle. Apply using flat fan or hollow cone nozzles. Do not use flood jet nozzles.

Apply only to fields that have warm-season grasses established for 2 years. Applications of Clethodim 2EC to emerged warm-season grasses may cause injury. Do not apply to warm-season grasses grown for seed.

Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage and or hay to livestock. Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application, unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.

NOTE: Clethodim 2EC applications are most effective if applied when average nighttime temperatures are consistently greater than or equal to 47°F.

TABLE 20. CLETHODIM 2EC FOR THE SUPPRESSION OF TALL FESCUE SEED-HEADS IN NON-PRODUCING AGRICULTURAL AREAS

PRODU	ЮТ	PRODUCT RATE	SUPPRESSION	APPLICATION TIMING
	Clethodim 2EC	1 1/2 to 2 fl. oz./A	Tall Fescue Seed-Heads	(50 to 90% Tall Fescue
		i	(Festuca arundinacea)	green-up)
ADJUVA	NT: Clethodim 2EC mus	t be applied with crop oil of	concentrate at 1 of /A plus a spra	v grade ammonium sulfate

ADJUVANT: Clethodim 2EC must be applied with crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A, plus a spray grade ammonium sulfate at 2.5 to 4 lb./A. Recommended Mixing order: Thoroughly mix spray grade ammonium sulfate in water, add Clethodim 2EC, then add crop oil concentrate.

SPECIAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS/PRECAUTIONS

• Apply at 50 to 90% tall fescue green-up.

• Use the higher Clethodim 2EC rate if less tall fescue green matter is present.

• Do not mow area for two weeks after the Clethodim 2EC application.

• Apply in a minimum of 15 to 20 gals. of water per acre at a spray pressure of 40 to 60 psi at the nozzle. Apply using flat fan or hollow cone nozzles. Do not use flood nozzles.

• 2-4-D ester maybe added to this tank mix for broadleaf control (see 2,4-D ester label for weeds controlled)

• Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage and/or hay to livestock. Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application, unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN ORNAMENTALS

For ornamental plant uses, Clethodim 2EC can be used to control labeled grass weeds in greenhouses, lath houses, shadehouses, and around outdoor ornamentals, including nurseries, parks, roadside plantings, and structure landscapes.

IMPORTANT: Clethodim 2EC successfully controls weeds in newly transplanted and established non-grassy ornamentals. Plant tolerance to Clethodim 2EC at labeled rates has been found to be acceptable for the indicated genera and species listed below. Due to variability within species, crop growth stage, environmental conditions, and application techniques, it is recommended that the user determine if herbicide can be used safely on a few plants prior to widespread application. Neither the

seller nor the manufacturer of Clethodim 2EC have investigated the safety factor to ornamental plants not listed on the label.

The following plants have shown a tolerance for Clethodim 2EC applications:

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME			
Alder, Red	Alnus rubra			
Ash	Fraxinus spp.			
Basswood	<i>Tilia</i> spp.			
Birch, European White	Betula pendula			
Birch, River	Betula nigra			
Birch, White	Betula papyrifera			
Crabapple, Flowering	Malus halliana			
Dogwood, Flowering	Comus florida			
Golden Chain Tree	Laburnum anagyroides			
Maples	Acer spp.			
Mulberry, White	Morus alba			
Oaks	Quercus spp.			
Olive, Wild	Elaeagnus angustifolia			
Redbud, Eastern	Cercis Canadensis			
Sweet Gum, American	Liquidambar styraciflua			

ORNAMENTAL TREES

GROUND COVERS

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Bugleweed, Carpet	Ajuga reptans
Ivy, English	Hedera helix
Japanese Spurge	Pachysandra terminalis
Lilyturf	Liriope muscari
Moneywort	Lysimachia nummularia
Mondo Grass, White	Ophiopogon jaburan
Mondo Grass, Dwarf	Ophiopogon japonicus
Periwinkle, Lesser	Vinca minor

GARDEN FLOWERS AND PLANTS

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Ageratum	Ageratum spp.
Alyssum*,Sweet	Lobularia maritima
Asparagus Fern	Asparagus setaceus
Bleeding Heart	Dicentra spectabilis

Cast Iron Plant	Aspidistra elatior
Chrysanthemum	Chrysanthemum spp.
Cinquefoil	Potentilla spp.
Coleus	Coleus spp.
Coralbells	Heuchera sanguinea
Cranesbill	Geranium spp.
Dahlia	Dahlia spp.
Daisy, Trailing African	Osteospermum fruticosum
Daylily	Hemerocallis spp.
Dusty Miller	Senecio cineraria
Euonymus	Euonymus spp.
Gazania	Gazania spp.
Geranium, House	Pelargonium hortorum
Heather, False	Cuphea hyssopifolia
Hosta	Hosta fortunei
Iris	<i>Iris</i> spp.
Jasmine Tobacco	Nicotiana alata
Loosestrife	Lythrum salicaria
Marigold	Tageyes spp.
Partridge berry	Mitchella repens
Petunia*	Petunia hybrida
Phlox	Phlox spp.
Pinks	Dianthus spp.
Portulaca	Portulaca grandiflora
Salvia	Salvia spp.
Saxifrage	Saxifraga spp.
Sedum	Sedum spp.
Selloum	Philodendron selloum
Snapdragon*	Antimhinum majus
Sweet Flag	Acorus gramineus
Tickseed	Coreopsis grandiflora
Touch·Me·Not	Impatiens spp.
Verbena	Verbena spp.
Violet	Viola spp.
Yarrow, Common	Achillea millefolium
Zinnia	Zinnia elegans

*Slight foliage or flower speckling has been observed on these species.

SHRUBS				
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME			
Abelia	Abelia spp.			
Anise, Purple	Illicium floridanum			
Aucuba	Aucuba spp.			
Azalea*	Rhododendron spp.			
Bamboo	Bambusa spp.			

Barberry, JapaneseBerberis thunbergiiBarberry, MagellanBerberis buxifoliaBayberryMyrica pensylvanicaBottlebrushCallistemon citrinusBoxwoodBuxus sempervirensCamelliaCamellisa japonicaCandytuftIberis sempervirensCleyeraCleyera japonicaCoralberryArdisia crenataCrape MyrtleLagerstroemia indicaCoyote BrushBaccharis pilularisFig, CreepingFicus pumilaGardeniaGardenia spp.HollyIlex spp.HoneysuckleLonicera pileataIndian HawthornRaphiolepis indicaJasmine, AsiaticTrachelospermum asiaticumJasmine, StarTrachelospermum jasminoidesJuniperJuniperus spp.LantanaLantana's pp.Nandina* Bamboo, HeavenlyNandinia domesticaOleander, CommonNerium oleanderOregon GrapeMahonia aquifoliumPhotiniaPhotinia spp.PittosporumPittosporum spp.PrivetLigustrum spp.PyracanthaPyracantha spp.RhododendronRhododendron spp.RoseRosa spp.Sweet OliveOsmanthus tragransViburnumViburnum tinus	Derhame langeses	De de sie de sub-
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	Sweet Olive	
	Viburnum	
Wisteria Wisteria spp.	Wisteria	Wisteria spp.
Yellow Sage/Shrub Verbena Lantana camara	Yellow Sage/Shrub Verbena	Lantana camara

* Slight foliage or flower speckling has been observed on these species.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES IN ORNAMENTALS

Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.
Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.

• Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED* HEIGHT	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE ¹	HIGH RATE ²
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	2 to 8	8	16

Broadleaf Signalgrass	Brachiaria platyphylla	2 to 6	8	16
Brome	i			
California	Bromus carinatus	2 to 6	8	16
Cheatgrass	Bromus secalinus	2 to 6	8	16
Downy	Bromus tectorum	2 to 6	8	16
Ripgut	Bromus diandrus	2 to 6	8	16
Canarygrass	Phalaris canariensis	1 to 4	8	16
Crabgrass				
Hairy	Digitaria adscendens	2 to 6**	8	16
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	2 to 6**	8	16
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	2 to 6**	8	16
Southern	Digitaria ciliaris	2 to 6**	8	16
Crowfootgrass	Dactyloctenium aegyptium	2 to 6**	8	16
Fall Panicum	Panicum dichotomiflorum	2 to 8	8	16
Field Sandbur	Cenchrus incertus	2 to 6	8	16
Foxtail				
Giant	Setaria faberi	2 to 12	8	16
Green	Setaria viridis	2 to 8	8	16
Yellow	Setaria glauca	2 to 8	8	16
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica	2 to 6**	8	16
Itchgrass	Rottboellia exaltata	2 to 6	8	16
Junglerice	Echinochloa colona	2 to 6	8	16
Lovegrass (Stinkgrass)	Eragrostis cilianensis	2 to 6	8	16
Rabbitsfootgrass	Polypogon monspeliensis	1 to 4	8	16
Red Ride	oryza sativa	1 to 3	8	16
Ryegrass				
Hardy	Lolium remotum	2 to 6	8	16
Italian	Lolium multiflorum	2 to 6	8	16
Seedling Johnsongrass	Sorghum halepense	4 to 10	8	16
Shattercane	Sorghum bicolor	6 to 18	8	16
Southwestern Cupgrass	Eriochloa gracilis	2 to 6	8	16
Sprangletop				
Amazon	Leptochloa panicoides	2 to 6	8	16
Bearded	Leptochloa fascicularis	2 to 6	8	16
Mexican	Leptochloa uninervia	2 to 6	8	16
Red	Leptochloa filiformis	2 to 6	8	16
Texas Panicum	Panicum texanum	2 to 6	8	16
Volunteer Cereals	Hordeum vulgare	2 to 6	8	16
Barley	Hordeum vulgare	2 to 6	8	16
Oats	Avena sativa	2 to 6	8	16
Rye	Secale cereale	2 to 6	8	16
Wheat	Triticum aestivum	2 to 6	8	16
/olunteer Corn	Zea mays	4 to 12	8	16
/olunteer Corn	Zea mays	12 to 24	8	16
/olunteer Grain Sorghum	Sorghum bicolor	8 to 12	8	16
Wild Oats	Avena fatua	2 to 6	8	16
Wild Proso Millet	Panicum miliaceum	2 to 10	8	16
Vitchgrass	Panicum capillare	2 to 8	8	16
Noolly Cupgrass	Eriochloa villosa	2 to 8	8	16

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*Generally occurs between 3-leaf stage and tillering. **Length of lateral growth. ¹ 8 fl. oz./A=approximately 0.2 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft. ² 16 fl. oz./A=approximately 0.4 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft. Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v).

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL BLUEGRASS CONTROL WITH CLETHODIM 2EC IN ORNAMENTALS

GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. O	Z./A HIC	GH RATE
Annual Bluegrass (Poa annua)	To 4-leaf	6	16	
Apply under favorable soil moistu	re and humidity which	exists within a few o	days after rainfall or	within 7 days after
irrigation. Grass needs to be activ	ely growing at time of	application (s).		
Apply at weed stage indicated on				re annual bluegrass.
Use high rate under heavy grass				
Add a non-ionic surfactant contair	ning at least 80% activ	ve ingredient at the r	ate of 1 pt. per 50 ga	als. (0.25% v/v)
RECO	OMMENDATIONS	5 FOR PERENNI	AL GRASSES	
Apply only to actively growin	g grasses at reco	mmended weed l	heights.	
Apply when first grass weed			•	the recommende
rowth stage for treatment.		- <u>g. acc</u> cca po		
i laa ibb bigb rata undar baa	AL AROOD BROODLING	and/anywhan are	as a sus of a use	الماملية ما معين معيل
Use the high rate under hea	vy grass pressure	and/or when gra	sses are at a ma	ximum height.
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GRASS SPECIES	WE	ED HEIGHT	sses are at a ma	_
GRASS SPECIES	WE (Inc			_
GRASS SPECIES Bermudagrass (Cynodon dact)	/WE (inc	ED HEIGHT hes)	RATE FL. OZ./A	HIGH RATE ²
GRASS SPECIES Bermudagrass (Cynodon dacty First Application	/lon)	ED HEIGHT thes)	RATE FL. OZ./A	HIGH RATE ²
GRASS SPECIES Bermudagrass (Cynodon dact) First Application Repeat Application(s) (if re-growt	//on) A occurs) 3 (contraction)	ED HEIGHT hes)	RATE FL. OZ./A	HIGH RATE ²
GRASS SPECIES Bermudagrass (Cynodon dacty First Application Repeat Application(s) (if re-growt Quackgrass (Agropyron repens	//on) //on) h occurs) 3 (c s)	ED HEIGHT thes) or up to 6" runners) or up to 6" runners)	8 8	HIGH RATE ²
GRASS SPECIES Bermudagrass (Cynodon dacty First Application Repeat Application(s) (if re-growt Quackgrass (Agropyron repeats First Application	WE (Inc /lon) 3 (c h occurs) 3 (c s) 4 to	ED HEIGHT thes) or up to 6" runners) or up to 6" runners) 8	RATE FL. OZ./A 1 8 8 8 8	HIGH RATE ² 16 16 16 16
GRASS SPECIES Bermudagrass (Cynodon dacty First Application Repeat Application(s) (if re-growt Quackgrass (Agropyron repens First Application Repeat Application(s) (if re-growt	WE (inc (inc) 3 (c h occurs) 3 (c s) 4 to h occurs) 4 to	ED HEIGHT thes) or up to 6" runners) or up to 6" runners) 8	8 8	HIGH RATE ²
GRASS SPECIES Bermudagrass (Cynodon dacty First Application Repeat Application(s) (if re-growt Quackgrass (Agropyron repens First Application Repeat Application(s) (if re-growt Rhizome Johsongrass (Sorghu	WE (Inc. (Inc.) 3 (c h occurs) 3 (c s) 4 to h occurs) 4 to m halepense) 4 to	ED HEIGHT thes) or up to 6" runners) or up to 6" runners) 8 8	RATE FL. OZ./A 1 8 8 8 8 8	HIGH RATE ² 16 16 16 16 16 16
GRASS SPECIES Bermudagrass (Cynodon dacty First Application Repeat Application(s) (if re-growt Quackgrass (Agropyron repens First Application Repeat Application(s) (if re-growt Rhizome Johsongrass (Sorghu First Application	WE (Inc. /lon) 3 (c h occurs) 3 (c s) 4 to h occurs) 4 to im halepense) 12 t	ED HEIGHT thes) or up to 6" runners) or up to 6" runners) 8 8 8 10 24	RATE FL. OZ./A 1 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	HIGH RATE ² 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16
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GRASS SPECIES Bermudagrass (Cynodon dacty First Application Repeat Application(s) (if re-growt Quackgrass (Agropyron repens First Application Repeat Application(s) (if re-growt Rhizome Johsongrass (Sorghu First Application	WE (Inc. /lon) 3 (c h occurs) 4 to h occurs) 4 to m halepense) 12 t h occurs) 12 t h occurs)	ED HEIGHT thes) or up to 6" runners) or up to 6" runners) 8 8 8 50 24 18	RATE FL. OZ./A 1 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	HIGH RATE ² 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16

Repeat Application(s) (if re-growth occurs)4 to 81 8 fl. oz./A=approximately .02 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.

 2 16 fl. oz./A=approximately 0.4 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.

Add non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. Per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v)

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

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Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal or cleaning of equipment. Open dumping is prohibited.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep pesticide in original container. Do not put concentrate or dilute into food or drink containers. Store in cool, dry place. Do not store diluted spray.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTA INER DISPOSAL: Nonrefiliable container. Do not reuse this container to hold materials other than pesticides or dilute pesticides (rinsate). After emptying and cleaning, it may be allowable to temporarily hold rinsate or other pesticide-related materials in the container. Contact your state regulatory agency to determine allowable practices in your state. Once cleaned, some agricultural plastic pesticide containers can be taken to a container collection site or picked up for recycling. To find the nearest site, contact your chemical dealer or manufacturer, or contact The Agricultural Container Recycling Council (ACRC) at www.acrecycle.org. If not recycled, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning.

If burned, stay out of smoke. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

For packages up to 5 gallons: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

For packages greater than 5 gallons and less than 56 gallons: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with

water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

For packages greater than 56 gallons: To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

For refillable containers: Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

Terms and Conditions of Use

If terms of the following Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies are not acceptable, return unopened package at once to the seller for a full refund of purchase price paid. Otherwise, use by the buyer or any other user constitutes acceptance of the terms under Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitations of Remedies.

Warranty Disclaimer

AXSS USA, LLC warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions, subject to the inherent risks set forth below. AXSS USA, LLC MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILTY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.

Inherent Risks of Use

It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with use of this product. Crop injury, lack of performance, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as use of the product contrary to label instructions (including conditions noted on the label, such as unfavorable temperatures, soil conditions, etc.), abnormal conditions (such as excessive rainfall, drought, tornadoes, hurricanes), presence of other materials, the manner of application, or other factors, all of which are beyond the control of AXSS USA, LLC or the seller. All such risks shall be assumed by buyer.

Limitation of Remedies

The exclusive remedy for losses or damages resulting from this product (including claims based on contract, negligence, strict liability, or other legal theories), shall be limited to, at AXSS USA, LLC election, one of the following:

(1) Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought, or

(2) Replacement of amount of product used.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, AXSS USA, LLC shall not be liable for losses or damages resulting from handling or use of this product unless AXSS USA, LLC is promptly notified of such loss or damage in writing. In no case, to the extent consistent with applicable law, shall AXSS USA, LLC be liable for consequential or incidental damages or losses.

The terms of the Warranty Disclaimer above and this Limitation of Remedies cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or sales agent of AXSS USA, LLC or the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of the Warranty Disclaimer or this Limitation of Remedies in any manner.

Banvel® - Reg. TM of BASF Corporation Basagran® - Reg. TM of BASF Corporation Baythroid®- Reg. TM of Bayer Corporation Betamix® - Reg. TM The Aventis Group Betanex® - Reg. TM of The Aventis Group Blazer® - Reg. TM of BASF Corporation Buctril® - Reg. TM of Rhone-Poulenc Classic® - Reg. TM of E.I. duPont de Nemours & Co. Inc. Cobra® - Reg. TM of Valent U.S.A. Corporation Danitol® - Reg. TM of Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd. Dual®, Dual II® and Dual Magnum® - Reg. TMs of Novartis Crop Protection, Inc. Firstrate® - Reg. TM of Dow AgroSciences LLC Flexstar® - Reg. TM of Zeneca Ag. Products Frontrow™ - TM of Dow AgroScience LLC Galaxv® - Reg. TM of BASF AG IMI-Corn® - Reg. TM of American Cyanamid Co. Liberty Link® - Reg. TM of The Aventis Group Lorsban® - Reg. TM of Dow AgroSciences LLC Orthene® - Reg. TM of OMS Investments, Inc.

Pounce ® - Reg. TM of FMC Corporation Prowl® - Reg. TM of American Cyanamid Co. Pursuit® and Pursuit DG® - Reg. TMs of American Cyanamid Co. Raptor® - Reg. TM of American Cyanamid Co. Reflex® - Reg. TM of Zeneca Ag. Products Resource® - Reg. TM of Valent U.S.A. Corporation Roundup Ready® and Roundup Ultra® - Reg. TM of Monsanto Company Select® - Reg. TM of Valent U.S.A. Corporation Sencor® - Reg. TM of Valent U.S.A. Corporation Stinger® - Reg. TM of Bayer Corporation Stinger® - Reg. TM of Bayer Corporation Stinger® - Reg. TM of BASF Corporation Synchrony®STS[™] - Reg. TM And TM of E.I. duPont de Nemours & Co. Inc. Warrior® - Reg. TM of Zeneca Ag. Products [EPA approval date]

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