DEC 0 9 2009

James B. Messina Agent for Plant Protectants, LLC 1150 Connecticut Avenue, NW Suite 1100 Washington, DC 20036

Subject: Fungi-Phite (EPA Reg. No 83472-1)

Label Amendment

Application Dated: 10/7/09 Decision Number: 420281

#### Dear Mr. Messina:

The amendment referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under FIFRA section 3(c)(5), is acceptable provided that you:

- 1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration of your product under FIFRA section 3(c)(5) when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.
- 2. Submit three (3) copies of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment. Final printed labeling means the label or labeling of the product when distributed or sold. Clearly legible reproductions or photo reductions will be accepted for unusual labels, such as those silk-screened directly onto glass or metal containers or large bags or drum labels.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(b). Your release for shipment of the product bearing the amended labeling constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

If you have any questions contact John Fournier at 703-308-0169 or by email at: <a href="mailto:fournier.john@epa.gov">fournier.john@epa.gov</a>. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

Sincerely,

ForLinda A. Hollis, Chief

Biochemical Pesticides Branch

CONCURRENCES and Pollution

751/P

1510

Prevention Division (7511P)

SYMBOL 751/P 151/P 751/P Prevention Division (7511P)

SURNAME FOUNTIER CALF Braceland

DATE 2 Dec 09 12/9/69 12/9/09

EPA Form 1320-1A (1/90)

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#### **MASTER LABEL**

#### FUNGI-PHITE™ Systemic Fungicide

ACCEPTED

DEC 0 9 2009

Under the Federal Insetticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 83472-1

#### Sublabel A: Agricultural Uses

For use on Avocado, Bananas and Plantains, Berry Crops, Bulb Vegetable Crops, Brassica Crops, Cereal Grains, Citrus and Citrus Hybrids, Forage and Fiber Crops, Cucurbit Crops, Fruiting Vegetable Crops, Grapes, Herb and Spice Crops, Hops, Leafy Vegetable Crops, Legume Crops, Oil Crops, Pineapple, Pome Fruit Crops, Potatoes, Sweet Potatoes, Yams and other Root and Tuber Vegetable Crops, Stone Fruit Crops, Strawberry, Tobacco, Kiwi, Olives, and Tree Nut Crops, and other Miscellaneous Crops such as Asparagus, Cacao, Carambola, Coconut, Coffee, Corn, Eggplant, Guava, Longan, Mango Okra, Papaya, Lychee, Mangosteen, Persimmons, Purslane and Sugarcane.

#### Sublabel B: Turf and Ornamental Uses

For use on Roses, Other Ornamentals such as Annual and Perennial Flowers, Cut Flowers, Bedding Plants, Foliage Plants, Ground Covers, Deciduous and Evergreen Trees and Shrubs in the Field, Container and Conifer Nursery, Lath or Shade House, and Use in Greenhouse and Conifers in Commercial Nurseries, Landscape Trees, Plantations, and Forests, and Turf

#### Sublabel C: Agricultural Uses Post-Harvest Application

For use on Potatoes, Sweet Potatoes, Yams and other Tuber Crops, Citrus and Citrus Hybrids, Avocado, Carrots, Pome fruit, Stone fruit, Banana and Plantains, Mango, Papaya, Lychee, Mangosteen, Wax Apple, Longan, Carambola, Guava and certain Cut Flowers

[ABN: FRESH-PHITE]

#### **ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:**

Mono- and di-potassium salts of Phosphorous A	\cid*45.5%
OTHER INGREDIENTS	
TOTAL	100.0%
*Contains 5.41 lbs/gal of the active ingredients of Mono-	and di-potassium salts of Phosphorous Acid
*Equivalent to 3.38 lbs/gal Phosphorous Acid	·

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

EPA Reg. No. 83472-1

EPA Est. No. 73771-CA-1

NET CONTENTS: (various) 1 gallon, 2.5 gallon, 5 gallon Manufactured For: Plant Protectants, LLC 35801 Road 132

Visalia, CA 93292 Ph. 559-625-9255

# 45

#### **FUNGI-PHITE™**

A Systemic Fungicide for the Suppression and Control of Phytophthora, Pythium and Downy Mildew

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	•
Mono- and di-potassium salts of Phosphorous Acid*	45.5%
OTHER INGREDIENTS	54.5%
TOTAL	
*Contains 5.41 lbs/gal of the active ingredients of Mono- and di-potassium sal	ts of Phosphorous Acid
*Equivalent to 3.38 lbs/gal Phosphorous Acid	

#### **KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN**

### **CAUTION**

	FIRST AID
If in eyes	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
If on skin or clothing	Take off contaminated clothing.
·	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
	Hotline Number
	ainer or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going by also contact the International Poison Center at 1-888-740-8712 for eatment information

See Back [Side] Panel for Precautionary Statements

EPA Reg. No. 83472-1

EPA Est. No. 73771-CA-1

Manufactured For: Plant Protectants, LLC 35801 Road 132 –Visalia, CA 93292 Ph. 559-625-9255

Net Contents\_\_\_\_gallons

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

#### HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toiletHarmful if absorbed through skin. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wear the appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

All mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear

- long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- waterproof gloves
- shoes plus socks
- protective eyewear

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### **USERS SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

- Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
- As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers to be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the State or Tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notifications, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted entry interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the WPS.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the REI of 4 hours.

For early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the WPS and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, wear coveralls, waterproof gloves, shoes and socks, and protective eyewear.

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**CHEMIGATION:** Apply this product only through the following types of systems: sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, hand move, fanjet or micro-sprinkler; or drip (trickle) and hydroponic solutions. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

#### CHEMIGATION SYSTEMS CONNECTED TO PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS:

Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

Chemigation systems connected to public water system must contain a functional, reduced pressure zone (RPZ) backflow preventer or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the flow outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops or, in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Use a pesticide supply tank that is equipped with a means for continuous agitation either by recirculation or a mechanical agitator. Charge the supply tank with the appropriate amount of water and add the

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pesticide slowly followed by any sticker-spreaders, insecticides, nutrients, etc. Observe all directions cautions and limitations on the label of the product(s) being mixed.

For fixed position irrigation systems, apply the pesticide towards the end of the irrigation period. Exact timing will depend on the desired pesticide application rate and calibration of the system. Apply the pesticide continuously through irrigation systems that move and do not irrigate the same or fixed area during the irrigation cycle.

Complete the pesticide injection in sufficient time to allow the pesticide to be completely flushed out of the irrigation system before the system is shut down.

**SPRINKLER CHEMIGATION:** The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back flow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Use a pesticide supply tank that is equipped with a means for continuous agitation either by recirculation or a mechanical agitator. Charge the supply tank with the appropriate amount of water and add the pesticide slowly followed by any sticker-spreaders, insecticides, nutrients, etc. Observe all directions, cautions and limitations on the label of the product(s) being mixed.

For fixed position irrigation systems, apply the pesticide towards the end of the irrigation period. Exact timing will depend on the desired pesticide application rate and calibration of the system. Apply the pesticide continuously through irrigation systems that move and do not irrigate the same (fixed) area during the irrigation cycle.

Complete the pesticide injection in sufficient time to allow the pesticide to be completely flushed out of the irrigation system before the system is shut down.

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**DRIP (TRICKLE) CHEMIGATION:** The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back flow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

System must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Use a pesticide supply tank that is equipped with a means for continuous agitation either by recirculation or a mechanical agitator. Charge the supply tank with the appropriate amount of water and add the pesticide slowly followed by any sticker-spreaders, insecticides, nutrients, etc. Observe all directions, cautions and limitations on the label of the product(s) being mixed.

Apply the pesticide towards the end of the irrigation period. Exact timing will depend on the desired pesticide application rate and calibration of the system.

Complete the pesticide injection in sufficient time to allow the pesticide to be completely flushed out of the irrigation system before the system is shut down.

#### **†GENERAL HYDROPONIC APPLICATION**

General Root	For use with	Add 1-2 liters Fungi-Phite per	Repeat every 4-6 weeks in summer and
Rots (Pythium, Phytophthora)	plants grown in recirculating hydroponic systems to aid in the control of pathogens.	20,000 L nutrient solution.	every eight weeks in winter. Depending on crop load and the water quality, the application time interval may be reduced.

†Not registered for use in CA unless accompanied by a supplemental label.

Note: For Recirculating (i.e. closed systems) use only. Do not remove reservoir water prior to harvest. Apply solid residue as fertilizer only at Fungi-Phite concentrations at or below those approved on this label for direct application.

## AGRICULTURAL USE INSTRUCTIONS



#### **GENERAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS**

Apply this product by various application methods, including foliar spray (aerial and ground), soil drench, soil incorporation and bare root dip. For foliar sprays, apply this product with sufficient water volumes for adequate coverage of foliage, according to crop and growth stage.

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Do not exceed the use rates or apply more frequently than the specified interval or plant injury can occur. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not make foliar applications to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20 day intervals unless instructed to do so by your crop consultant. Allow foliage to dry completely after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours).

#### **MIXING INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. Fill the spray tank with ½ to ¾ of the required volume of water before adding the product.
- 2. Add the product slowly to the tank and agitate by hydraulic or mechanical means.
- 3. Continue to fill the tank with water to the desired volume while agitating.
- 4. Continue agitation when applying.

#### COMPATIBILITY

This product is compatible with most products used in agriculture. However, crop sensitivity to these mixtures may vary. If these combinations or others have not been previously used, do not tank mix without first testing the mixture's compatibility nor apply it without assessing its safety to the crop (Phytotoxicity).

The use of spray adjuvants (i.e. stickers, spreaders, wetting agents) will enhance this products performance. If an adjuvant is used with this product, test before use for compatibility. Do not use strongly acidifying compatibility agents.

To determine the compatibility of this product with other products, use a jar compatibility test. Add the correct proportions of each product and the appropriate quantity of water to clean container, thoroughly mix, then let stand for 3-5 minutes. If the mixture remains in solution or can be remixed readily, the products are considered compatible.

To determine if a combination is phytotoxic to a specific crop, spray a few plants/trees/vines, then evaluate 3-7 days later for visual effects.

#### **AVOCADO**

DISEASE	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
Phytophthora citricola (Canker)	Trunk Spray	Mix 1-2 quarts (1-2 L) in 5 gallons (20 L) of water. Add 0.25% wetting agent to the solution.	Apply to trunk lesions using enough spray volume to thoroughly wet the lesions. In the absence of lesions, apply to the trunk from the soil line to about two feet up the trunk. Use the higher rate when lesions are present. Apply one time in the Spring, Summer and Fall.
Phytophthora	Foliar Spray	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a	Apply up to 6 applications per year at 4-8 week

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cinnamorni (Root Rot)	Aerial: Ground:	inimum of 20 gallons/acre (190 L/ha) of water.  Apply 2 quarts/acre (5 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	intervals acune start of the growing season.
	Chemigation Low Volume:	Apply 2-3 quarts/acre (5-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	Apply one time in the Spring, Summer and Fall.
	Trunk Injection	Mix a 15% v/v solution (20 fl oz/gallon or 150 ml/liter).	Inject (according to injection equipment instructions) 0.5 fl oz (15 ml) of the diluted Fungi-Phite solution into one injection hole.
			Dosage: One injection (1) per yard (or meter) of canopy diameter at the drip line. (i.e. a tree with 6 yards (or meters) of canopy diameter will require 6 injections via 6 separate injection holes).
			Curative: Inject 2 times per year in the Spring and Fall. Preventative: Inject 1 time in the Spring.
†Powdery Mildew & Downy Mildew suppression.	Foliar Spray Ground:	Apply 1.5 quarts/acre (3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	Apply at the first onset of the disease and repeat at 7-10 day intervals until disease abatement.

**BANANA** (Except California)

DISEASE	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
Suppression** of Root Rot Complex and Sigatoka	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2.5-5 L/ha). At the low rate, use 3 gallons/acre (25 L/ha) of water and at the high rate, use 6 gallons/acre (50 L/ha) of water.	Apply every 4 weeks as needed.
	Ground:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 15 gallons/acre (150 L/ha) of water.	
	Trunk Injection	Mix a 3.75% v/v solution (1.5 quarts/10 gallons of water or 3 L/100 L of water).	Inject 40 ml of the diluted product (according to injection equipment instructions) into the pseudostem, 1-1.5 m above the ground, Timing: Inject at the onset of flowering into the mother plant. And again into the primary sucker when or close to the mother plant is harvested.
	Chemigation	Apply 2-3 quarts/acre (5-7 L/ha) in at least 100 gallons/acre (1,000 L/ha) of water.	Apply 4 times per year.
Suppression** of Bunch Diseases	Foliar Spray of Bunches	Mix a 0.3% v/v spray solution (4 fl oz/10 gallons of water or 300 ml/L of water).	Apply a full cover spray to the fruit bunches when the flower rachis are fully expanded (approximately at bunch cover) and again 14 days later.

#### BERRY CROPS, such as:

Blackberry, Bingberry, Black Satin Berry, Boysenberry, Cherokee Blackberry, Blueberry, Chesterberry, Cheyenne Blackberry, Coryberry, Darrowberry, Dewberry, Dirksen Thornless Berry, Elderberry, Himalayaberry, Hullberry, Lavacaberry, Loganberry, Lowberry, Lucretiaberry, Mammoth Blackberry, Marionberry, Nectarberry, Olallieberry, Oregon Evergreen Berry, Mulberry, Huckleberry, Cranberry, Youngberry,

Boysenberry, and Raspberry.

DISEASE	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
Phytophthora and Pythium sp	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-1.5 quarts/acre (2-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 20 gallons/acre (190 L/ha) of water.	Begin applications in the Spring after bud break (1-3 inches of new growth) and when conditions favor disease development.  Disease Prevention/Low Pressure Program*: Apply

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	Ground:	אין 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	lower rate at 2-3 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.  Disease Control/High Pressure Program*: Apply higher rate at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Root Dip	Mix a 2.50% v/v solution (1.5 quarts/10 gallons of water or 2.5 L/100 L of water).	Apply as pre-plant dip to the roots for 2-3 minutes. Plant within 48 hours after dipping. Mix a fresh solution daily.
	Chemigation Overhead:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 1,000 gallons/acre (9,350 L/ha) of water.	Apply with normal irrigation schedule. Follow <b>Disease Programs*</b> as stated above. Do not apply more than 4 times per crop cycle.
	Low Volume:	Apply 2-3 quarts/acre (5-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	
Downy Mildew	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-1.5 quarts/acre (2-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 20 gallons/acre (190 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Ground:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha of water.	High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
Suppression** of general leaf and berry diseases such as those caused by	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-1.5 quarts/acre (2-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 20 gallons/acre (190 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
Septoria spp and Anthracnose spp.	Ground:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha of water.	High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
			Ideally Fungi-Phite is best used in combination with conventional registered fungicides to increase the performance of the disease control program.

## BULB VEGETABLE CROPS, such as: en). Onion (Welch) and Shallot.

Garlic, Leek, Onion (dry bulb and green), Onion (Welch) and Shallot

DISEASE	APPLICATION	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
•	METHOD		
Phytophthora and Pythium sp	Foliar Spray Aerial	Apply 1-1.5 quarts/acre (2-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of water.	Begin applications after plants are established and conditions favor disease development.  Disease Prevention/Low Pressure Program*: Apply
Suppression** of	,		lower rate at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more
†Bacterial Diseases	Ground:	Apply 1-1.5 quarts/acre (2-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 30 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of water.	than 6 times per crop cycle.  Disease Control/High Pressure Program*: Apply higher rate at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Transplant /Furrow Application	Apply 3 pints at planting or to newly planted seedling by side dressing or shank application.	
	Chemigation Overhead:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 1,000 gallons/acre (9,350 L/ha) of water.	Apply with normal irrigation schedule. Follow <b>Disease Programs*</b> as stated above. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Low Volume:	Apply 2-3 quarts/acre (5-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha)	

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		`o, water.	
Downy Mildew	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-1.5 quarts/acre (2-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 10-14 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Ground:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 30 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of water.	High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.

#### BRASSICA CROPS, such as:

Broccoli, Broccoli Raab (Rapini), Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese Broccoli (Gai Ion), Chinese Cabbage (Bok Choy), Chinese Cabbage (Napa), Chinese Mustard Cabbage (Ga Choy), Cauliflower, Cavalo Broccolo, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizunna, Mustard Greens,

Mustard Spinach and Rape Greens.

Pythium sp (root rots and damping off)  Gro	round: re Plant Seedling ursery treatment	Apply 1-1.5 quarts/acre (2-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of water.  Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 30 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of water.  Apply 1 qt/100 gallons water to nursery plants in seedling trays 1-7 days prior to	Begin applications after plants are established and conditions favor disease development.  Disease Prevention/Low Pressure Program*: Apply lower rate at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.  Disease Control/High Pressure Program*: Apply higher rate at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
Gro	re Plant Seedling	minimum of 30 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of water.  Apply 1 qt/100 gallons water to nursery	than 6 times per crop cycle.  Disease Control/High Pressure Program*: Apply higher rate at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more
		out planting.	
	ransplant/Furrow	Apply 3 pints at planting or to newly planted seedling by side dressing or shank application.	
	nemigation Overhead:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 1,000 gallons/acre (9,350 L/ha) of water.	Apply with normal irrigation schedule. Follow <b>Disease Programs*</b> as stated above. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
Lov	ow Volume:	Apply 2-3 quarts/acre (5-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	
Downy Mildew Fol	oliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-1.5 quarts/acre (2-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
Gro	round:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 30 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of water.	High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
Suppression of leaf diseases caused by Septoria, Collectotrichum,	oliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-1.5 quarts/acre (2-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
· ·	round:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 30 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of water.	High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.

†Not registered for use in CA unless accompanied by a supplemental label.

#### CEREAL GRAINS, FORAGE AND FIBER CROPS, such as:

Alfalfa, Barley, Buckwheat, Clover (all types), Corn (all types), Cotton, Hay, Kudzu, Lespedeza, Lupin, Millet, Oats, Popcorn, Rice, Rye,

Sainfoin, Sorghum, Sugarcane, Teosinte, Trefoil, Triticale, Vetch, Wheat and Wild Rice.

DISEASE	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
Phytophthora and Pythium sp	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 0.5-1.5 quarts/acre (1-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 15 gallons/acre (140 L/ha) of water.	Begin application after plants are established and conditions favor disease development.  Disease Prevention/Low Pressure Program*: Apply lower rate at 2-4 week intervals. Do not apply more
	Ground:	Apply 0.5-2 quarts/acre (1-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	than 6 times per crop cycle.  Disease Control/High Pressure Program*: Apply higher rate at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
†Suppression** of Fusarium, Rhizoctonia and Head Diseases	Chemigation Overhead:	Apply 2-4 quarts/acre (5-9 L/ha) in a minimum of 1,000 gallons/acre (9,350 L/ha) of water.	Apply with normal irrigation schedule. Follow <b>Disease Programs*</b> as stated above. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
(except California)	Low Volume:	Apply 2-4 quarts/acre (5-9 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	
Downy Mildew	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 0.5-1.5 quarts/acre (1-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 15 gallons/acre (140 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Ground:	Apply 0.5-2 quarts/acre (1-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
Suppression** of †Powdery Mildew	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 0.5-1.5 quarts/acre (1-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 15 gallons/acre (140 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Ground:	Apply 0.5-2 quarts/acre (1-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.

†Not registered for use in CA unless accompanied by a supplemental label.

#### CITRUS CROPS, such as:

Calamondin, Citrus Citron, Citrus Hybrids, Clementines, Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin, Orange (Sour), Orange (Sweet), Pummelo and Satsuma Mandarin.

DISEASE	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
Root, Trunk and Crown rots Phytophthora sp	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 2 quarts/acre (5 L/ha) in a minimum of 15 gallons/acre (140 L/ha) of water.	Apply 3-4 times per year during the Spring, Summer, and Fall when conditions favor disease development.
	Ground:	Apply 2 quarts/acre (5 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	
	Chemigation Low Volume:	Apply 2-3 quarts/acre (5-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	Apply with normal irrigation schedule. Follow Foliar Spray APPLICATION PROGRAM as stated above. Do not apply more than 4 times per crop cycle.
	Trunk and Scaffold Branches Spray	Mix 1-2 quarts (1-2 L) in 5 gallons (20 L) of water and apply with a wetting agent or adjuvant on and around the affected area.	Use higher rates when lesions are present. Clean the wound site and apply on and around the lesions using enough spray volume to thoroughly wet the lesions. In the absence of lesions, use the lower rate and apply to the trunk from the soil line to 2 feet up the trunk. Apply in Spring, Summer, and Fall.

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†Suppression** of Pre-Harvest Blue and Green Mold & Brown rot (Phytophthora	Foliar Spray Ground:	minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	Apply 2-4 weeks prior to harvest. Ensure that fruit is thoroughly covered by the spray application.	45

#### **COCONUTS**

DISEASE	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
Bud Rot, Trunk cankers and root rot (Phytophthora and	Soil Drench:	Apply 100 ml of a 3% v/v solution in a 1 foot (0.3 M) swath around the base of each tree.	Curative: Apply every 3 months  Preventative: Apply once per year.
Pythium spp). Phytophthora	Stem Injection:	Mix a 15% v/v solution (20 fl oz/gallon or 150 ml/liter).	Inject (according to injection equipment instructions) 0.5 fl oz (15 ml) of the diluted Fungi-Phite solution into the tree trunk
			Curative: Inject 2 times per year in the Spring and Fall.
			Preventative: Inject 1 time in the Spring.

#### **CUCURBIT CROPS, such as:**

Chinese Waxgourd, Citron Melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Gourd (edible), Momordica spp. (Balsam Apple, Balsam Pear, Biter Melon, Chinese Cucumber), Muskmelon, Pumpkin, Summer and Winter Squash and Watermelon.

DISEASE	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
Phytophthora and Pythium sp (root rots and damping off)	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-1.5 quarts/acre (2-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of water.	Begin applications after plants are established and conditions favor disease development.  Disease Prevention/Low Pressure Program*: Apply lower rate at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more
,	Ground:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 30 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of	than 6 times per crop cycle.
		water.	Disease Control/High Pressure Program*: Apply higher rate at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more
	Pre-plant Seedling Nursery application	Apply 1 qt/100 gallons water to nursery plants in seedling trays 1-7 days prior to out planting.	than 6 times per crop cycle.
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	Transplant and Furrow Application	Apply 3 pints at planting or to newly planted seedling by side dressing or shank application	
	Chemigation Overhead:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 1,000 gallons/acre (9,350 L/ha) of water.	Apply with normal irrigation schedule. Follow Disease Programs* as stated above. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Low Volume:	Apply 2-3 quarts/acre (5-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	
Downy Mildew	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-1.5 quarts/acre (2-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.

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	Ground:	mply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 30 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of water.	High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
		Fungi-Phite is most effectively applied to control downy mildew when tank mixed with other registered fungicides.	
†Suppression** of Powdery Mildew and other leaf	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-1.5 quarts/acre (2-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop
diseases such as Anthracnose and Alternaria leaf blight	Ground:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 30 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of water.	cycle.  High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.

## FRUITING VEGETABLE CROPS (Except Cucurbits), such as: Pepino, Pepper (Bell, Chili, Cooking, Pimento, Sweet), Tomatillo, Tomato and Eggplant.

DISEASE	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
Phytophthora and Pythium sp(damping off and root rots)	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-1.5 quarts/acre (2-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of water.	Begin applications after plants are established and conditions favor disease development.  Disease Prevention/Low Pressure Program*: Apply lower rate at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more
	Ground:	Apply 1-2.5 quarts/acre (2-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 30 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of water.	than 6 times per crop cycle.  Disease Control/High Pressure Program*: Apply higher rate at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
:	Pre-plant seedling nursery application	Apply 1 qt/100 gallons water to nursery plants in seedling trays 1-7 days prior to out planting.	For control of Bacterial leaf spot of Tomato, apply the high rate of Fungi-Phite with registered bacteriacides.
<b>†Suppression**</b> of Bacterial Diseases	Transplant/Furrow Application	Apply 3 pints at planting or to newly planted seedling by side dressing or shank application	• .
(except California)	Chemigation Overhead:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 1,000 gallons/acre (9,350 L/ha) of water.	Apply with normal irrigation schedule. Follow <b>Disease Programs*</b> as stated above. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Low Volume:	Apply 2-3 quarts/acre (5-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	
Downy Mildew	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-1.5 quarts/acre (2-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Ground:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 30 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of water.	High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
†Suppression** of Powdery Mildew	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-1.5 quarts/acre (2-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week

and other leaf diseases such as Anthracnose and Alternaria leaf blight	water.  Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 30 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of water.	intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.  High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop	4
	water.	intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.	

#### **GRAPES**

DISEASE	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
Phytophthora and Pythium root rots	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-1.5 quarts/acre (2-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 15 gallons/acre (140 L/ha) of water.	Apply to vines that have stressed root system that can lead to root rots. Mitigating factors such as nematode pressure, water logging and compaction contribute to vine declines.
•	Ground:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 50 gallons/acre (470 L/ha) of water.	Table Grapes: Begin applications in the Spring at the 4-6 inch shoot stage. Continue applications at 1-2 week intervals until flowering. Resume applications in the Fall after harvest. Do not apply more than 4 times per crop cycle.  Wine and Raisin Grapes: Begin applications in the Spring at the 4-6 inch shoot stage. Continue applications at 1-2 week intervals through flowering. Do not apply more than 4 times per crop cycle.
	Chemigation Low Volume:	Apply 2 quarts/acre (5 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	Apply 4-6 times per crop cycle.
Downy Mildew	Foliar Spray Aerial: Ground:	Apply 1.5-2 quarts/acre (2-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 15 gallons/acre (140 L/ha) of water.  Apply 1.2-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 50 gallons/acre (470 L/ha) of water.	Begin applications at bud break with additional applications made at 7-10 day intervals in rotational programs with other labeled fungicides. Use higher rates and volumes based on disease severity and density of canopy. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	•	Fungi-Phite is most effectively applied to control downy mildew when tank mixed with other registered fungicides.	
†Suppression** of Powdery Mildew.	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply1.5-2 quarts/acre (3.5-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Ground:	Apply 1.5-2 quarts/acre (3.5-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 30 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of water.	High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.

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#### HERB AND SPICE CROPS, such as:

Allspice, Angelica, Anise, Annatto, Balm, Basil, Borage, Burnet, Chamomile, Caper Buds, Caraway, Cardamom, Cassia (bark and buds), Catnip, Celery Seed, Chervil, Chive, Cinnamon, Clary, Clove, Cocoa, Coriander, Costmary, Cilantro, Cumin, Curry, Dill, Fennel, Fenugreek, Ginseng, Grains of Paradise, Horehound, Horseradish, Hyssop, Juniper Berry, Lavender, Lemongrass, Lovage, Mace, Marigold, Marjoram, Mint, Mustard, Nasturtium, Nutmeg, Parsley, Pennyroyal, Pepper, Poppy seed, Rosemary, Rue, Saffron, Sage, Savory, Sweet Bay, Tansy, Tarragon, Thyme, Vanilla, Wasabi, Wintergreen, Woodruff and Wormwood.

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DISEASE	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
Root rots and Damping off (Phytophthora and Pythium sp)	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-1.5 quarts/acre (2-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of water.	Begin application after plants are established and conditions favor disease development.  Disease Prevention/Low Pressure Program*: Apply lower rate at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Ground:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 30 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of water.	than 6 times per crop cycle.  Disease Control/High Pressure Program*: Apply higher rate at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Pre-plant nursery treatment	Apply 1 qt/100 gallons water to nursery plants in seedling trays 1-7 days prior to out planting.	
†Suppression** of Fusarium and Rhizoctonia	Transplant/Furrow application.	Apply 3 pints at planting or to newly planted seedling by side dressing or shank application.	
(except California)	Chemigation Overhead:	Apply 2-3 quarts/acre (5-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 1,000 gallons/acre (9,350 L/ha) of water.	Apply with normal irrigation schedule. Follow <b>Disease Programs*</b> as stated above. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Low Volume:	Apply 2-3 quarts/acre (5-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	
Downy Mildew	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-1.5 quarts/acre (2-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Ground:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 30 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of water.	High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
†Suppression** of Powdery Mildew	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply1.5-2 quarts/acre (3.5-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Ground:	Apply 1.5-2 quarts/acre (3.5-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 30 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of water.	High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.

**HOPS (Except California)** 

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DISEASE	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
Downy Mildew	Foliar Spray Aerial:  Ground:	Apply 1-1.5 quarts/acre (2-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of water.  Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a	Make applications during favorable disease development conditions; 1) when shoots are 6-12 inches high; 2) after training when vines are 5-6 feet tall; 3) about 3 weeks after the second application; and
		minimum of 25 gallons/acre (235 L/ha) of water.	4) during bloom.  During periods of high disease pressure, apply at 7-10 day intervals until disease abatement. Do not apply more than 6 applications per season.

#### LEAFY VEGETABLE CROPS (Except Brassica Vegetables), such as:

Amaranth, Arugula (Roquette), Cardoon, Celery, Celery (Chinese), Celtuce, Chervil, Chrysanthemum (Édible Leaved, Garland), Corn Salad, Cress (Garden, Upland), Dandelion, Dock (Sorrel), Endive (Escarole), Fennel (Florence), Lettuce (Head and Leaf), Orach, Parsley, Purslance (Garden and Winter), Radicchio (Red Chicory), Rhubarb, Spinach, Spinach (New Zealand and Vine) and Swiss Chard.

		······································	ch (New Zealand and Vine) and Swiss Chard.
DISEASE	APPLICATION	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
	METHOD		
Damping off and	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of	Begin application after plants are established and
root rots (Phytophthora and		water.	conditions favor disease development.  Disease Prevention/Low Pressure Program*: Apply
Pythium sp)	,	water.	lower rate at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more
,	Ground:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a	than 6 times per crop cycle.
		minimum of 30 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of	Disease Control/High Pressure Program*: Apply
		water.	higher rate at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more
	Pre-plant Nursery	Apply 1 qt/100 gallons water to nursery	than 6 times per crop cycle.
	application	plants in seedling trays 1-7 days prior to	
		out planting.	,
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	Chemigation Overhead:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 1,000 gallons/acre (9,350	Apply with normal irrigation schedule. Follow <b>Disease Programs*</b> as stated above. Do not apply more than 6
	Overnead.	L/ha) of water.	times per crop cycle.
		,	
.	Low Volume:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a	
		minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	
		oi water.	,
	Transplant/Furrow	Apply 3 pints at planting.	
	application		·
Downy Mildew	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first
,		minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of	onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week
		water.	intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop
	Cround	Apply 1.2 guarta/agra (2.5 l./ba) in a	cycle.
	Ground:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 30 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of	<b>High Disease Pressure*:</b> Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 day
		water.	intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop
			cycle.
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†Suppression** of	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1.5-2 quarts/acre (3.5-5 L/ha) in a	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first
Powdery Mildew		minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of	onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week
and leaf diseases such as		water.	intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
anthracnose	Ground:	Apply 1.5-2 quarts/acre (3.5-5 L/ha) in a	High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first
(Collectotrichum		minimum of 30 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of	onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 day
spp), leaf blights		water.	intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop
(septoria &		•	cycle.
Cercospora spp) and bacterial rots		•	
(Erwinia spp)	•		
		accompanied by a cumplemental	

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#### LEGUME CROPS (Except Brassica Vegetables), such as:

Legume Vegetables (succulent or dried), Bean (Lupins, all), Bean (Field, Kidney, Lima, Navy, Pinto, Runner, Snap, Tepary and Wax), Bean (Adzuki, Asparagus, Blackeyed, Catjang, Chinese Longbean, Cowpea, Crowder Pean, Moth, Mung, Rice, Southern Pea, Urd, Yardlong), Broad Bean (Fava), Chickpea (Garbanzo), Guar, Jackbean, Lablab Bean, Lentil, Pea (Dwarf, Edible-Pod, English, Field,

Garden, Green, Snow, Sugar Snap), Pigeon Pea, Soybean and Sword Bean.

DISEASE	APPLICATION	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
	METHOD		
Phytophthora and Pythium sp	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of water.	Begin applications after plants are established and conditions favor disease development.  Disease Prevention/Low Pressure Program*: Apply lower rate at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more
<b>†Suppression**</b> Fusarium and Rhizoctonia	Ground:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 30 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of water.	than 6 times per crop cycle.  Disease Control/High Pressure Program*: Apply higher rate at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Pre-plant Nursery application	Apply 1 qt/100 gallons water to nursery plants in seedling trays 1-7 days prior to out planting.	
	Transplant/Furrow Application	Apply 3 pints at planting or to newly planted seedling by side dressing or shank application.	
	Chemigation Overhead:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (5-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 1,000 gallons/acre (9,350	Apply with normal irrigation schedule. Follow <b>Disease Programs*</b> as stated above. Do not apply more than 6
		L/ha) of water.	times per crop cycle.
	Low Volume:	Apply 2-4 quarts/acre (5-9 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	
	Transplant Application	Apply 3 pints at planting.	
Downy Mildew	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Ground:	Apply 1-3 quarts/acre (2-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 30 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of water.	High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
† Suppression** of Powdery Mildew and leaf diseases such as	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1.5-2 quarts/acre (3.5-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
anthracnose (Collectotrichum spp), leaf blights (septoria & Cercospora spp) and bacterial rots (Erwinia spp)	Ground:	Apply 1.5-2 quarts/acre (3.5-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 30 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of water.	High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
(LIWING SPD)			

†Not registered for use in CA unless accompanied by a supplemental label.

## MIS ELLANEOUS FOOD CROPS, such as:

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Asparagus, Cacao, Coconut, Coffee, Corn (all types), Guava, Carambola, Lychee, Langan, Wax apple, Okra, Papaya, Persimmons,

Purslane and Sugarbeet.

DISEASE	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
Phytophthora and Pythium sp  †Suppression** of	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of water.	Begin application after plants are established and conditions favor disease development.  Disease Prevention/Low Pressure Program*: Apply lower rate at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more
Bacterial and Leaf Diseases such as coffee berry disease,	Ground:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of water.	than 6 times per crop cycle.  Disease Control/High Pressure Program*: Apply higher rate at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
(Collectotrichum spp), Anthracnose (Collectotrichum	Root Dip	Mix a 0.25% v/v solution (1/3 fl oz/1 gallon of water or 2.5 ml/L of water).	Apply as pre-plant dip to transplants immediately prior to planting. Dip plants momentarily and plant within 48 hours. Mix a fresh solution daily.
spp), and various leaf spots (Septoria and cercospora spp)	Chemigation Overhead:	Apply 2-3 quarts/acre (5-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 1,000 gallons/acre (9,350 L/ha) of water.	Apply with normal irrigation schedule. Follow <b>Disease Programs*</b> as stated above. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Low Volume:	Apply 2-4 quarts/acre (5-9 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	
;	Transplant/Furrow Application	Apply 3 pints at planting or to newly planted seedling by side dressing or shank application.	
Phytophthora sp Pruning Wound and Trunk Canker	Trunk Spray	Mix 1-2 quarts with 5 gallons of water (3-5 L with 50 L water).	Use higher rates when lesions are present. Clean the wound site and apply on and around the lesions using enough spray volume to thoroughly wet the lesions. In the absence of lesions, use the lower rate and apply to the trunk from the soil line to 2 feet up the trunk. Apply in Spring, Summer, and Fall.
Downy Mildew	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-3 quarts/acre (2-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Ground:	Apply 1-3 quarts/acre (2-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
†Powdery Mildew Suppression**	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-3 quarts/acre (2-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Ground:	Apply 1-3 quarts/acre (2-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.

†Not registered for use in CA unless accompanied by a supplemental label.

#### OIL CROPS, such as:

Canola (Oil Seed Rape), Cotton, Safflower, Sunflower, Corn, Palm Oil and Betel Nut.

DISEASE	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
Phytophthora and Pythium sp	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 0.5-1 quart/acre (1-2 L/ha) in a minimum of 15 gallons/acre (140 L/ha) of water.	Begin application after plants are established and conditions favor disease development.  Disease Prevention/Low Pressure Program*: Apply

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†Suppression** of	,	· ·	lower rate at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more
Bacterial and Leaf	Ground:	Apply 0.5-2 quarts/acre (1-5 L/ha) in a	than 6 times per crop cycle.
Diseases such as ,		minimum of 30 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of	Disease Control/High Pressure Program*: Apply
Anthracnose		water.	higher rate at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more
(Collectotrichum			than 6 times per crop cycle.
spp), and various	Chemigation	Apply 2-3 quarts/acre (5-7 L/ha) in a	Apply with normal irrigation schedule. Follow Disease
leaf spots (Septoria	Overhead:	minimum of 1,000 gallons/acre (9,350	Programs* as stated above. Do not apply more than 6
and cercospora spp)		L/ha) of water.	times per crop cycle.
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	Low Volume:	Apply 2-4 quarts/acre (5-9 L/ha) in a	
		minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha)	
		of water.	
Downy Mildew	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-3 quarts/acre (2-7 L/ha) in a	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first
		minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of	onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week
		water.	intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop
			cycle.
	Ground:	Apply 1-3 quarts/acre (2-7 L/ha) in a	High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first
		minimum of 30 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of	onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 day
		water.	intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop
			cycle.
†Powdery Mildew	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-3 quarts/acre (2-7 L/ha) in a	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first
Suppression**		minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of	onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week
		water.	intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop
			cycle.
	Ground:	Apply 1-3 quarts/acre (2-7 L/ha) in a	High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first
		minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha)	onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 day
		of water.	intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop
		a accompanied by a complemental	cycle.

#### **PEANUTS**

DISEASE	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
Root rots, Pod rots, damping off, Wilt, (Phytophthora and	Foliar Aerial Application:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of water.	Begin application after plants are established and conditions favor disease development.
Pythium spp)  †Suppression** of leaf and crown	Foliar Ground:	Apply 1-2.5 quarts/acre (2-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of water.	Disease Prevention/Low Pressure Program*: Apply lower rate at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
diseases, Anthracnose (Collectothricum)	Transplant/Furrow application:	Apply 3 pints at planting or to newly planted seedlings by side/top dressing or shank application.	Disease Control/High Pressure Program*: Apply higher rate at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.

†Not registered for use in CA unless accompanied by a supplemental label.

**PINEAPPLE (Except California)** 

DISEASE	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
Phytophthora sp (Heart Rot and Root Rot)	Dip	Mix a 0.5% v/v solution (2 quart/100 gallons of water or 2 L/400 L of water).	Immerse planting material in solution for 1 minute prior to planting.
	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1.5-2 quarts/acre (3.5-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 15 gallons/acre (140 L/ha) of water.	Preventative: Apply every 4-6 months.  Curative: Apply every 2-3 months.
·	Ground:	Apply 1.5-2 quarts/acre (3.5-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 200 gallons/acre (1,870	

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	ப/ha) of water.	
Chemigation Low Volume:	Apply 2.5 quarts/acre (7 L/ha) in a minimum of 500 gallons/acre (4,650 L/ha) of water.	Apply 4 times per year during the Spring, Summer and Fall.

POME FRUIT CROPS, such as: Apple. Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear, Asian Pear and Quince.

DISEASE	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
Phytophthora and Pythium sp (Root rot, Collar rot, foot rot and trunk	Chemigation Overhead:	Apply 2-3 quarts/acre (5-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 1,000 gallons/acre (9,350 L/ha) of water.	Apply with normal irrigation schedule. Follow <b>Disease Programs*</b> as stated above. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
†Suppression** of Fire Blight, Blister Spot, Blue and Green Mold, Alternaria Blotch, blister spot and Pear Black Spot	Foliar	Apply 1-2.5 quarts/acre (3-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.  High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 days intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.  Apply during active plant growth. Commence from flowering for Fire blight suppression in combination with registered antibiotics.
	Trunk Spray	Mix 1-2 quarts with (1-2 L) in 5 gallons (20 L) of water.	Use higher rates when lesions are present. Clean the wound site and apply on and around the lesions using enough spray volume to thoroughly wet the lesions. In the absence of lesions, use the lower rate and apply to the trunk from the soil line to 2 feet up the trunk. Apply one time in the Spring, Summer, and Fall.
†Suppression** of Powdery Mildew (except California)	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 20 gallons/acre (190 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Ground:	Apply 1-3 quarts/acre (2-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 days intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.

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#### **POTATOES**

DISEASE	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
Pink rot, Pythium leak (Phytophthora infestans, Phytophthora	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 20 gallons/acre (190 L/ha) of water.	Begin application after plants are established and conditions favor disease development.
erthroseptica and Pythium spp.)	Ground:	Apply 1-2.5 quarts/acre (2-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 50 gallons/acre (470 L/ha) of water.	Disease Prevention/Low Pressure Program*: Apply lower rate at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
Suppression** of Late Blight			Disease Control/High Pressure Program*: Apply higher rate at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.

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			**Late Blight management using Fungi-Phite requires the high application rate and is most effectively applied when tank mixed with other registered fungicides.
	Chemigation Overhead:	Apply 2-3 quarts/acre (5-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 1,000 gallons/acre (9,350 L/ha) of water.	Apply with normal irrigation schedule. Follow <b>Disease Programs*</b> as stated above. Do not apply more than 4 times per crop cycle.
	Low Volume:	Apply 2-3 quarts/acre (5-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	
	Seed Piece Spray:	Mix a 15% v/v solution (0.3 quart/2 quarts of water or 0.3 L/2 L of water).  Treat 2 tons of tubers with 1 gallon of solution.	Treat seed pieces with a full coverage spray.
†Powdery Mildew Suppression**	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-3 quarts/acre (2-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 20 gallons/acre (190 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 4 times per crop cycle.
	Ground:	Apply 1-3 quarts/acre (2-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 50 gallons/acre (470 L/ha) of water.	High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 4 times per crop cycle.

#### **ROOT AND TUBER VEGETABLE CROPS, such as:**

Arracacha, Arrowroot, Artichoke (all types), Beet (all types), Burdock, Canna, Carrot, Cassava, Celeriac, Chayote, Chervil (turnip-rooted), Chicory, Chufa, Cinchoca, Dasheen, Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Parsley (turnip-rooted), Parsnip, Radish (all types), Rutabaga, Salisify (all types), Skirret, Sweet Potato, Tanier, Turnip, Yam (all types)

DISEASE	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
Phytophthora and Pythium sp	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of water.	Begin application after plants are established and conditions favor disease development.  Disease Prevention/Low Pressure Program*: Apply
†Suppression** of Foliar and Bacterial Diseases (except California)	Ground:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 30 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of water.	lower rate at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.  Disease Control/High Pressure Program*: Apply higher rate at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Pre-plant nursery seedling Application	Apply 1 qt/100 gallons water to nursery plants in seedling trays 1-7 days prior to out planting.	
	Root/Tuber Dip	Mix a 0.5% v/v solution (2 quarts/100 gallons of water or 0.5 L/100 L of water).	Apply as pre-plant dip to the roots for 2 minutes. Plant within 48 hours after dipping. Mix a fresh solution daily.
	Chemigation Overhead:	Apply 2-3 quarts/acre (5-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 1,000 gallons/acre (9,350 L/ha) of water.	Apply with normal irrigation schedule beginning at the 4-6 true leaf stage. Follow <b>Disease Programs*</b> as stated above. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Low Volume:	Apply 2-4 quarts/acre (5-9 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	<u> </u>

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	Transplant/Furrow Application	Apply 3 pints at planting or to newly planted seedling by side dressing or shank application.	
Downy Mildew	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-3 quarts/acre (2-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 10 gallons/acre (95 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Ground:	Apply 1-3 quarts/acre (2-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 30 gallons/acre (280 L/ha) of water.	High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.

STONE FRUIT CROPS, such as:
Apricot, Cherry, Nectarine, Peach, Plum, Plumcot and Prune.

DISEASE	APPLICATION	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
	METHOD		
Phytophthora and	Trunk and Scaffold	Mix 1-2 quarts (1-2 L) in 5 gallons (20 L)	Use higher rates when lesions are present. Clean the
Pythium sp	Branches Spray	of water and apply with a wetting agent	wound site and apply on and around the lesions using
(Root Rot, Crown		or adjuvant on and around the affected	enough spray volume to thoroughly wet the lesions. In
rot, Collar Rot and		area.	the absence of lesions, use the lower rate and apply to
Foot Rot)			the trunk from the soil line to 2 feet up the trunk. Apply
	D 10:	145 0.050/ / 1.5 /4 .4400	in Spring, Summer, and Fall.
٠.	Root Dip	Mix a 0.25% v/v solution (1 quart/100	Apply as pre-plant dip to the roots for 10 seconds.
		gallons of water or 0.25 L/100 L of	Plant within 48 hours after dipping. Mix a fresh solution
	Chemigation	water). Apply 2-3 quarts/acre (5-7 L/ha) in a	daily.
,	Overhead:	minimum of 1,000 gallons/acre (9,350	Apply with normal irrigation schedule. Follow <b>Disease Programs*</b> as stated above. Do not apply more than 4
	Overnead.	L/ha) of water.	times per crop cycle.
		and of water.	intes por crop cycle.
	Low Volume:	Apply 2-4 quarts/acre (5-9 L/ha) in a	Apply during the active growing season a maximum of
	,	minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha)	4 times.
		of water.	
†Suppression** of	Foliar Spray Aerial:		Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first
Powdery Mildew	·	Apply 1-3 quarts/acre (2-7 L/ha) in a	onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-3 week
and other fungal and		minimum of 20 gallons/acre (190 L/ha) of	intervals. Do not apply more than 4 times per crop
bacterial diseases		water.	cycle.
such as Fire Blight,	Ground:		
(Erwinia spp) scab		Apply 1-3 quarts/acre (2-7 L/ha) in a	High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first
(Venturia spp) and		minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha)	onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-3 week
blister spot		of water.	intervals. Do not apply more than 4 times per crop
(Xanthomonas spp)	<u> </u>	a accompanied by a cumplemental	cycle.

†Not registered for use in CA unless accompanied by a supplemental label.

#### **STRAWBERRY**

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DISEASE	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
Phytophthora and Pythium sp (Red Stele, Leather Rot and Root Rot)	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 20 gallons/acre (190 L/ha) of water.	Begin application during active plant growth. Repeat on a 2-4 week interval when conditions favor disease development.
,	Ground:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 50 gallons/acre (470 L/ha) of water.	Perennial planting: Start Spring applications when the plants start active growth. Repeat application at 2-4 week interval if disease conditions persist or reoccur.



†Suppression** of	Chemigation	Apply 2-3 quarts/acre (5-7 L/ha) in a	
Foliar Fungal and Bacterial Diseases (Anthracnose,	Overhead:	minimum of 1,000 gallons/acre (9,350 L/ha) of water.	If using Red Stele susceptible varieties or if disease pressure is severe, use higher rates, shortest application time and maximum number of applications.
Rhizopus)	Low Volume:	Apply 2-4 quarts/acre (5-9 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha)	Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
		of water.	Grey mold and Anthracnose suppression using Fungi- Phite requires the use of the high application rates and
	Transplant/Furrow Application	Apply 3 pints at planting or to newly planted seedling by side dressing or shank application.	is most effectively applied when tank mixed with other registered fungicides.
Phytophthora spp.	Dip	Mix a 0.25% v/v solution (1 quart/100 gallons of water or 0.25 L/100 L of water).	Dip runners in the solution for 1-2 minutes. Plant within 48 hours. Mix a fresh solution daily.
Leather Rot (Phytophthora cactorum)	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 20 gallons/acre (190 L/ha) of water.	Start application at 10% bloom and early fruit set. Continue applications on a 7-14 day interval when conditions favor disease development. Under heavy disease pressure, use the higher rate and apply on a 7
	Ground:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 50 gallons/acre (470 L/ha) of water.	day interval. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
†Powdery Mildew Suppression**	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-1.5 quarts/acre (2-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 20 gallons/acre (190 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Ground:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 50 gallons/acre (470 L/ha) of water.	High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.

TOBACCO (Except California)

DISEASE	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
Phytophthora and Pythium sp (root rot and damping off)	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 20 gallons/acre (190 L/ha) of water.	Begin application after plants are established and conditions favor disease development.  Disease Prevention/Low Pressure Program*: Apply lower rate at 4 week intervals. Do not apply more than
Blue Mold (Peronospora tabacina)	Ground:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	4 times per crop cycle.  Disease Control/High Pressure Program*: Apply higher rate at 2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 4 times per crop cycle.
Black Shank (P. parasitica) and Root Declines	Pre-plant nursery seedling application.	Apply 1 qt/100 gallons water to nursery plants in seedling trays 1-7 days prior to out planting.	
. ~	Chemigation Overhead:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 1,000 gallons/acre (9,350 L/ha) of water.	Apply with normal irrigation schedule. Follow <b>Disease Programs*</b> as stated above. Do not apply more than 4 times per crop cycle.
	Low Volume:	Apply 2-3 quarts/acre (5-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	,

KIWI, OLIVES AND TREE NUT CROPS, such as:
Almond, Beech Nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert, Hazelnuts, Hickory Nut, Macadamia Nut, Pecan, Pistachio, and

DISEASE	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
Phytophthora and Pythium sp (Root rots, Crown rots) trunk cankers, foliar	Foliar Spray Aerial:  Ground:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 20 gallons/acre (190 L/ha) of water.  Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a	Begin application during active plant growth after plants are established and conditions favor disease development.  Disease Prevention/Low Pressure Program*: Apply
blights).	Ground.	minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	lower rate at 3 monthly intervals. Do not apply more than 4 times per crop cycle.
†Suppression** of foliar bacterial and fungal diseases Anthracnose (Collectotrichum),			Disease Control/High Pressure Program*: Apply higher rate at monthly intervals. Do not apply more than 4 times per crop cycle.
Hull rot (Monilia spp), Flower diseases	Root Dip	Mix a 0.5% v/v solution (2 quarts/100 gallons of water or 5 L/1000 L of water).	Apply as pre-plant dip to the roots for 30 seconds. Plant within 48 hours after dipping. Mix a fresh solution daily.
(Cladosporium spp), Alternaria leaf spots (Alternaria spp), raceme blight	Chemigation Overhead:	Apply 2-3 quarts/acre (5-7 L/ha) in a minimum of 1,000 gallons/acre (9,350 L/ha) of water.	Apply with normal irrigation schedule. Follow <b>Disease Programs*</b> as stated above. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
(Phytophthora) in Macadamia.	Low Volume:	Apply 2-4 quarts/acre (5-9 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	
Phytophthora spp Pruning Wound, crown and Trunk Canker	Trunk Spray	Mix 1-2 quarts with (1-2 L) in 5 gallons (20 L) of water.	Use higher rates when lesions are present. Clean the wound site and apply on and around the lesions using enough spray volume to thoroughly wet the lesions. In the absence of lesions, use the lower rate and apply to the trunk from the soil line to 2 feet up the trunk. Apply one time in the Spring, Summer, and Fall.
†Powdery Mildew Suppression **	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 20 gallons/acre (190 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Ground:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 days intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
Downy Mildew (Phytophthora & Peronospora spp)	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 20 gallons/acre (190 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop
* <u></u>	Ground:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	cycle.  High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 days intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.

†Not registered for use in CA unless accompanied by a supplemental label.

\*Check with your local Extension Agent or Crop Consultant if you are unsure about disease prevention, control or severity/pressure.

\*\*Suppression: Fungi-Phite™ has suppressive properties on diseases caused by certain bacteria or fungi. When applying Fungi-Phite™ for disease suppression, use it in combination with another registered bacteriacide or fungicide registered for the same crops listed on this label.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage and disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in a cool, dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or

at an approved waste disposal facility.

#### **CONTAINER HANDLING:**

Nonrefillable Container (five gallons or less): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Nonrefillable Container (greater than five gallons): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Refillable Container: Refillable container. Refill this container with Mono- and di-potassium salts of Phosphorous Acid only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

FOR 24-HOUR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE (SPILL, LEAK, OR FIRE), CALL INFOTRAC AT 1-800-535-5053.

#### WARRANTY STATEMENT

PLANT PROTECTANTS, LLC warrants that the product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth on the label when used according to directions under normal use conditions. THERE ARE NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING A WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. This warranty does not extend to the handling or use of this product contrary to label instructions or under abnormal conditions not reasonably foreseeable to seller and to the fullest extent permitted by state law, buyer assumes all risk of any such use.

[Label version 9/3/09]

#### Sub Label B Turf & Ornamental Label

#### **FUNGI-PHITE™ T & O**

A Systemic Fungicide for the Suppression and Control of Phytophthora, Pythium and Downy Mildew

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	
Mono- and di-potassium salts of Phosphorous	
Acid*	45.5%
OTHER INGREDIENTS	54.5%
TOTAL	100.0%
*Contains 5.41 lbs/gal of the active ingredients of Mono- and di-pota	ssium salts of Phosphorous
Acid	
*Equivalent to 3.38 lbs/gal Phosphorous Acid	

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

	FIRST AID		
If in eyes	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.  Pomove contact length if present after the first 5.		
	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>		
If on skin or clothing	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> </ul>		
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.		
	Hotline Number		

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact the International Poison Center at 1-888-740-8712 for emergency medical treatment information.

See Back [Side] Panel for Precautionary Statements

EPA Reg. No. 83472-1

EPA Est. No. 73771-CA-1

Manufactured For: Plant Protectants, LLC 35801 Road 132 –Visalia, CA 93292 Ph. 559-625-9255

Net Contents\_\_\_\_gallons

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

#### HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wear the appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- a. long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- b. waterproof gloves
- c. shoes plus socks
- d. protective eyewear

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### **USERS SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers to be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the State or Tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains



requirements for training, decontamination, notifications, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted entry interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the WPS.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the REI of 4 hours.

For early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the WPS and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, wear coveralls, waterproof gloves, shoes and socks, and protective eyewear.

#### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements of this box apply to uses of the product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

**CHEMIGATION:** Apply this product only through the following types of systems: sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, hand move, fanjet or micro-sprinkler; or drip (trickle). Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

#### CHEMIGATION SYSTEMS CONNECTED TO PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS:

Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

Chemigation systems connected to public water system must contain a functional, reduced pressure zone (RPZ) backflow preventer or the functional

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equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the flow outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quickclosing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops or, in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Use a pesticide supply tank that is equipped with a means for continuous agitation either by recirculation or a mechanical agitator. Charge the supply tank with the appropriate amount of water and add the pesticide slowly followed by any sticker-spreaders, insecticides, nutrients, etc. Observe all directions, cautions and limitations on the label of the product(s) being mixed.

For fixed position irrigation systems, apply the pesticide towards the end of the irrigation period. Exact timing will depend on the desired pesticide application rate and calibration of the system. Apply the pesticide continuously through irrigation systems that move and do not irrigate the same or fixed area during the irrigation cycle.

Complete the pesticide injection in sufficient time to allow the pesticide to be completely flushed out of the irrigation system before the system is shut down.

**SPRINKLER CHEMIGATION:** The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back flow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quickclosing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Use a pesticide supply tank that is equipped with a means for continuous agitation either by recirculation or a mechanical agitator. Charge the supply tank with the appropriate amount of water and add the pesticide slowly followed by any sticker-spreaders, insecticides, nutrients, etc. Observe all directions, cautions and limitations on the label of the product(s) being mixed.

For fixed position irrigation systems, apply the pesticide towards the end of the irrigation period. Exact timing will depend on the desired pesticide application rate and calibration of the system. Apply the pesticide continuously through irrigation systems that move and do not irrigate the same (fixed) area during the irrigation cycle.

Complete the pesticide injection in sufficient time to allow the pesticide to be completely flushed out of the irrigation system before the system is shut down.

**DRIP (TRICKLE) CHEMIGATION:** The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back flow.

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The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quickclosing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

System must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Use a pesticide supply tank that is equipped with a means for continuous agitation either by recirculation or a mechanical agitator. Charge the supply tank with the appropriate amount of water and add the pesticide slowly followed by any sticker-spreaders, insecticides, nutrients, etc. Observe all directions, cautions and limitations on the label of the product(s) being mixed.

Apply the pesticide towards the end of the irrigation period. Exact timing will depend on the desired pesticide application rate and calibration of the system.

Complete the pesticide injection in sufficient time to allow the pesticide to be completely flushed out of the irrigation system before the system is shut down.

## APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS FOR ORNAMENTAL PLANTS, CONIFERS AND TURF

#### **GENERAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS**

Apply this product by various application methods, including foliar spray (aerial and ground), soil drench, soil incorporation and bare root dip. For foliar sprays, apply this product with sufficient water volumes for adequate coverage of foliage, according to crop and growth stage.

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Do not exceed the use rates or apply more frequently than the specified interval or plant injury can occur. Do not apply to plants that



are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper Phytotoxicity, do not make foliar applications to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20 day intervals unless instructed to do so by your crop consultant. Allow foliage to dry completely after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours).

#### **MIXING INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. Fill the spray tank with ½ to ¾ of the required volume of water before adding the product.
- 2. Add the product slowly to the tank and agitate by hydraulic or mechanical means.
- 3. Continue to fill the tank with water to the desired volume while agitating.
- 4. Continue agitation when applying.

#### COMPATIBILITY

This product is compatible with most products used in agriculture. However, crop sensitivity to these mixtures may vary. If these combinations or others have not been previously used, do not tank mix without first testing the mixture's compatibility nor apply it without assessing its safety to the crop (Phytotoxicity).

The use of spray adjuvants (i.e. stickers, spreaders, wetting agents) will enhance this products performance. If an adjuvant is used with this product, test before use for compatibility. Do not use strongly acidifying compatibility agents.

To determine the compatibility of this product with other products, use a jar compatibility test. Add the correct proportions of each product and the appropriate quantity of water to clean container, thoroughly mix, then let stand for 3-5 minutes. If the mixture remains in solution or can be remixed readily, the products are considered compatible.

To determine if a combination is phytotoxic to a specific crop, spray a few plants/trees/vines, then evaluate 3-7 days later for visual effects.

#### **ROSES**

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DISEASE	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
Root Rot and cankers ( <i>Phytophthora</i> and <i>Pythium</i> sp)	Foliar:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	Apply at 2-4 week intervals and repeat as needed. Application rates depend upon plant type, maturity and spray technique/method. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.

Suppression** of Foliar Diseases Black spot (Diplocarpon spp), (except California)	Soil Incorporation:	Mix 1-2 quarts (1-2 L) in 100 gallons (380 L) of water.  Mix 4-16 fl oz/cubic yard (150-700 ml/m³) of soil media.	Apply using hand held, mechanical, or motorized spray equipment, or as a chemigation drench or directed spray using applicable sprinkler or low volume irrigation systems to propagation beds, containers, pots, trays, or nursery or landscape beds at a rate to thoroughly soak the growing media through the root zone. A general guide is 1-2 quarts/sq ft (5-10 L/m²) of the diluted mixture depending on the media type and depth (about 3 fl oz/3 inch pot or 6 fl oz/6 inch pot or about 80 ml/10 cm pot and 120 ml/15 cm pot).  Mix product with soil media immediately before potting. If conditions are favorable for disease development, applications as a foliar spray or soil drench will enhance protection.
Powdery Mildew Suppression**	Foliar Spray Aerial: Ground:	Apply 1-1.5 quarts/acre (2-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 20 gallons/acre (190 L/ha) of water.  Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 75 gallons/acre (700 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.  High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.

#### **ORNAMENTALS**, such as:

Annual and Perennial Flowers, Bedding Plants, Foliage Plants, Ground Covers, Deciduous and Evergreen Trees and Shrubs in the field, Container, and Conifer Nursery, Lath or Shade House, Greenhouse, Residential, Commercial and Municipal Landscapes. Use in Greenhouses:

Ornamentals and Bedding Plants such as: Ageratum, Aglaonema, Algerian Ivy, Anthurium, Aphelandra, Arborvitae, Artemisia, Aster, Azaleas, Baby's Breath, Begonia, Bougainvillea, Boxwood, Caladium, Carnation, Cattelya Skinneri, Ceanothus, Chrysanthemum, Cissus, Coleus, Columbine, Cotoneaster, Daisy, Delphinium, Dieffenbachia, Dogwood, Easter Lily, English Ivy, Ficus, Foxglove, Gaillardia, Geranium, Gloxinia, Hibiscus, Impatiens, Japanese Holly Juniper, Leather-Leaf Fern, Marigold, Monterey Pine, Pansy, Peperomia, Petunia, Philodendron, Phlox, Photinia, Pieris, Pinks, Pittosporum, Poinsettia, Pothos, Primrose, Prostrate Rosemary, Rhododendron, Salvia, Schefflera, Sedum, Sempervivum, Snapdragon, Spathiphyllum, Taxus Media, Verbena, Vinca, White Cedar, White Pine, Zinnia, Zygocactus, etc.

DISEASE	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
Root and crown rots, stem cankers and foliar blight. Phytophthora and	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-1.5 quarts/acre (2-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 20 gallons/acre (190 L/ha) of water.	Apply at 2-3 week intervals and repeat as needed. Use the lower rate on sensitive plants. For greenhouse applications, do not exceed the lower

Pythium sp	Ground:	A - 1 - 4 0	rate (1 quart/100 gallons/acre of water
Suppression** of Foliar Diseases (except California)		Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	or 2 L/950 L/ha of water). Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Soil Drench	Mix 6-13 fl oz (180-390 ml) in 100 gallons (380 L) of water.	Apply 25 gallons of solution per 100 square feet. Irrigate to distribute solution through soil. Repeat as required. Limit to one application per month.
	Soil Incorporation	Mix 1-2 pints/cubic yard (600- 1200 ml/m³) of soil.	Mix immediately before potting. If conditions are favorable for disease development, a foliar spray or soil drench application will enhance protection.
	Root Dip	Mix a 0.25% v/v solution (1 quart/100 gallons of water or 1 L/400 L of water).	Dip transplants into diluted mixture keeping roots submerged for 20-30 seconds. Plant within 48 hours. Make a fresh solution daily.
	Chemigation Overhead:	Apply 2 quarts/acre (5 L/ha) in a minimum of 1,000 gallons/acre (9,350 L/ha) of water.	Apply with normal irrigation schedule. Follow Foliar Spray APPLICATION PROGRAM as stated above. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	Low Volume:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	
Downy Mildew	Foliar Spray Aerial:  Ground:	Apply 0.5-1 quart/acre (1-2 L/ha) in a minimum of 20 gallons/acre (190 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease.  Repeat applications at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6
	Glound.	Apply 1-2.5 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	times per crop cycle.  High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 days intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
	·		Application amount depends upon plant type, maturity and application technique/method.
Powdery Mildew Suppression**	Foliar Spray Aerial:  Ground:	Apply 1-1.5 quarts/acre (2-3.5 L/ha) in a minimum of 20 gallons/acre (190 L/ha) of water.	Low Disease Pressure*: Apply lower rate at the first onset of the disease.  Repeat applications at 1-2 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6
	Giodila.	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 50 gallons/acre (470 L/ha) of water.	times per crop cycle.  High Disease Pressure*: Apply higher rate at the first onset of the disease. Repeat applications at 7-10 days intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.

# CONIFERS IN COMMERCIAL NURSERIES, LANDSCAPE TREES, PLANTATIONS, FORESTRY AND PARK APPLICATIONS, such as: Christmas Tree Varieties, Firs, Spruces, Ash, Pines, Beech, Cedar, Chestnut, Crap Apple, Dogwood, Elm, Fir, Hawthorn, Juniper, Linden, Oaks, Birch, Eucalyptus and Willow.

DISEASE	APPLICATION	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
	METHOD		
Root rot and trunk cankers (Phytophthora Pythium sp)	Foliar Spray Aerial:	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 20 gallons/acre (190 L/ha) of water.	Apply as a light cover spray to foliage. Apply at 2-4 week intervals and repeat as needed. Final application amounts depend on plant type, maturity, and application technique/method. Do not apply more than 4 times per crop cycle.
,	Ground:		
Suppression** of Foliar Diseases (except California)		Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons/acre (950 L/ha) of water.	
Enhancement of Mycorrhization (except California)	Soil Drench	Mix 1-2 quarts (1-2 L) in 100 gallons (380 L) of water.	Apply 0.25-0.5 pints/sq ft (4-8 L/m³) of the diluted mixture. Irrigate sufficiently to wet active root zone. Apply at a 2-4 week interval and repeat as needed. Do not apply more than 4 times per crop cycle.
	Root Dip	Mix a 0.25% v/v solution (1 quart/100 gallons of water or 1 L/400 L of water).	Dip transplants into diluted mixture keeping roots submerged for 1 to 2 minutes. Plant within 48 hours. Make a fresh solution daily.
Christmas Trees	Soil Drench	1 gallon/acre immediately after transplanting then 2 qt/acre every 30 days for 3 applications in the active growing season.	
Stem and Canker blight (Phytophthora ramorum) i.e. Sudden Oak Death	Trunk Injection	Make up a 15% v/v solution of Fungi-Phite (20 fl oz/gallon of water or 150 ml/L of water).	Inject (according to injection equipment instructions) 0.5 fl oz (15 ml) of the diluted Fungi-Phite solution into one injection hole.  Dosage: One (1) injection per yard (or meter) of canopy diameter at the drip line. (i.e. a tree with 6 yards (or meters) of canopy diameter will require 6 injections via 6 separate injection holes).  Curative: Inject 2 times per year in the Spring and Fall.
	Bark Applications	Mix Fungi-Phite and water in a 1:1 ratio (i.e. 1 gallon of Fungi-Phite plus 1 gallon of water). Add to this 3 oz(100 ml) of a silicon based surfactant.	Preventative: Inject 1 time in the Spring.  Apply the Fungi-Phite solution from the
			base of the tree to approximately 5

		feet(1.5	M) above ground, ensuring
	•	comple	e bark coverage. Spray over
}		active le	esions if they are accessible.

#### TURF(Warm & Cool season)\*\*\*, such as

Golf Course, Athletic Fields, Sod Farms, Residential, Amenity, Commercial and Municipal Lawns,

DISEASE	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
Pythium sp and Phytophthora (except California)	Foliar Spray	Mix 3.5-5 fl oz (100-150 ml) in 1-2 gallons (4-8 L) of water.	Begin preventative applications when conditions first favor disease. Apply 1-2 gallons of diluted mixture/1,000 sq ft (4-8 L/100 m²) as a light cover spray. Apply at a 1-4 week interval as needed. Do not mow or irrigate treated area until sprays have completely dried
Pythium Blight		5 fl oz/1000 sq. ft.	Apply at 7 day intervals
Brown Patch (Rhizoctonia spp) and Anthracnose (Collectotrichum) Suppression		5 fl oz/1000 sq. ft. Apply at 1.5 gallons per 1000 sq. ft.	Apply at 7 day intervals.  Turf disease management is significantly improved when Fungi-Phite is used at the high labeled rate and is most effectively applied used when tank mixed with other registered fungicides.

#### **TURF TANK MIXTURES\*\*\***

For suppression or control of summer stress diseases caused by a complex of Pythium sp, Collectotrichum and Rhizoctonia sp,. Also for improvement of existing fungicide programs and the minimization of resistance development in pathogenic fungi. Tank mix this product with fungicides from the classes of Fungicides as listed below in accordance with the most restrictive label limitations and precautions. Do not exceed label dosage rates. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibiting against any such mixing. To determine the compatibility to this fungicide with other products, use a jar compatibility test. Add the correct proportions of each product and the appropriate quantity of water to a clean container. Thoroughly mix and let stand for 3-5 minutes. If the mixture remains in solution or can be remixed readily, the products are considered compatible.

DISEASE	APPLICATION METHOD	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
Complex of Pythium sp, Collectotrichum spp, and Rhizoctonia sp	Tank mix with a registered fungicide for these turf declines such as a dithiocarbanate, a Triazole, a benzimidazole, a strobilurin or a Chloronitrile fungicide.	Follow product label.	Follow the most restrictive product label.

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\*Check with your local Extension Agent or Crop Consultant if you are unsure about disease prevention, control or severity/pressure.

\*\*Suppression: Fungi-Phite™ has suppressive properties on diseases caused by certain bacteria or fungi. When applying Fungi-Phite™ for disease suppression, use it in combination with another registered bacteriacide or fungicide registered for the same crops listed on this label.

\*\*\*Do not graze livestock or poultry in treated turf areas. Do not feed forage or clippings from treated turf areas to livestock or poultry.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage and disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in a cool, dry place.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be

disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

**CONTAINER HANDLING:** 

Nonrefillable Container (five gallons or less): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Nonrefillable Container (greater than five gallons): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Refillable Container: Refillable container. Refill this container with Mono- and di-potassium salts of Phosphorous Acid only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

FOR 24-HOUR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE (SPILL, LEAK, OR FIRE), CALL INFOTRAC AT 1-800-535-5053.

#### **WARRANTY STATEMENT**

PLANT PROTECTANTS, LLC warrants that the product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth on the label when used according to directions under normal use conditions. THERE ARE NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING A WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. This warranty does not extend to the handling or use of this product contrary to label instructions or under abnormal conditions not reasonably foreseeable to seller and to the fullest extent permitted by state law, buyer assumes all risk of any such use.

[Label version 9/3/09]



## Sub Label C – Agricultural Uses-Post Harvest Applications FUNGI-PHITE™

A Systemic Fungicide for the Suppression and Control of Phytophthora, Pythium and Downy Mildew for Potatoes, Sweet Potatoes, Yams and other Tuber Crops, Citrus and Citrus Hybrids, Avocado, Carrots, Pome fruit, Stone fruit, Banana and Plantains, Mango, Papaya, Lychee, Mangosteen, Wax Apple, Longan, Carambola, Guava and certain Cut Flowers [ABN: FRESH-PHITE]

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\*Contains 5.41 lbs/gal of the active ingredients of Mono- and di-potassium salts of Phosphorous

**ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:** 

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

FIRST AID				
If in eyes	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> </ul>			
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.			
If on skin or	Take off contaminated clothing.			
clothing	<ul> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> </ul>			
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.			
Have the product	t container or label with you when calling a poison control center			
or doctor, or goin	ng for treatment. You may also contact the International Poison			
Center at 1-888-	Center at 1-888-740-8712 for emergency medical treatment information.			

See Back [Side] Panel for Precautionary Statements

EPA Reg. No. 83472-1

EPA Est. No. 73771-CA-1

Manufactured For: Plant Protectants, LLC 35801 Road 132 Visalia, CA 93292 Ph. 559-625-9255

Net Contents gallons

<sup>\*</sup>Equivalent to 3.38 lbs/gal Phosphorous Acid

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

#### HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wear the appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

All mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:

- long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- · waterproof gloves
- shoes plus socks
- protective eyewear

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### **USERS SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers to be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the State or Tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notifications, and emergency

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assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted entry interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the WPS.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the REI of 4 hours.

For early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the WPS and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, wear coveralls, waterproof gloves, shoes and socks, and protective eyewear.

General Instructions: FUNGI-PHITE Systemic Fungicide can be applied in any aqueous application such as bin washers, dump tanks, soak tanks and pressure washers. When diluted per label mixing instructions, FUNGI-PHITE is compatible with most post harvest chemicals. For suppression of: Brown Rot (*Phytophthora spp.*) and Phythium storage rots (*Phythium* spp.). Sour Rot (*Geotrichum candidum*), Bitter Rot (*Glomularia* spp.), Blue Mold (*Penicillium italicum*), Green Mold (*Penicillium digitatum*), Anthracnose (*Collectotrichium gleosporoides*), Late Blight (*Phytophthora infestans*) and Pink Rot (*Phytophthora erytrhoseptica*) particularly when used in combination with other post harvest fungicides.

FUNGI-PHITE is especially effective in preventing the development of tolerant or resistant strains of fungi when tank mixed with a registered fungicide of a different class of chemistry or when registered chemicals require alternating with a different chemical class.

Use a suitable non-ionic surfactant in all post harvest applications.

#### Potatoes and Sweet Potatoes/Yams

DISEASE	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM	
Suppression of Late Blight ( <i>Phytopthora</i> <i>infestans</i> ) and Pink Rot ( <i>Phytophthora</i> <i>erytrhoseptica</i> )	Tuber low volume spray: Apply 1-1.5 pints of FUNGI- PHITE per ton of tubers in 0.5-1 gallon of water as a spray.		
	Dipping: Make up a 1% w/w solution of Fungi-Phite.		

43/Y

Citrus including, but not limited to Grapefruit, Lemons, Limes, Oranges (sour and sweet), Tangelos, Tangerines, Citrus Citron, Citrus Hybrids (Mandarin Lime, Calamondin), Clementines, Kumquat, Pummelo, and Satsuma Mandarin

DISEASE	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM	
Suppression of Brown rot ( <i>Phytophthora</i> spp)., Green Mold ( <i>Penicillium digitatum</i> ) and Blue Mold ( <i>Penicillium italicum</i> ) & Sour rot ( <i>Geotrichum candidum</i> )	Make up a 2% v/v solution of Fungi-Phite in water. Use approximately 100 gallons of diluted solution per 30 bins* of fruit. For applications to aqueous sprays prior to washing, apply 3 pints per 25 gallons spray mixture.	Ensure complete and even coverage and that fruit is drenched for at least 60 seconds.	

\*Note: Average Bin Weight = 800 lbs or 30 bins weigh 12 Tons

For use on Avocado, Pome Fruit (Apples, Pears, Loquat, Mayhaw, Quince), Stone Fruit [Apricots, Cherry (sour), Cherry (sweet), Nectarine, Peach, Plum, Plumcot, Prune], Banana, Plantain, Mango, Papaya, Guava, Lychee, Longan, Mangosteen, Carambola, Wax Apple, and Carrots in a Drench Tank

or as a Spray

CROP	DISEASE	APPLICATION	APPLICATION PROGRAM
·	DIOLAGE	RATE	AIT EIGATION TROOKAM
Avocado	Suppression of Anthracnose (Colletotrichum spp.) Dithiorella, Cercospora	Apply 4-6 quarts FUNGI-PHITE per 100 gallons of water. Use approximately 100 gallons of diluted solution per 30 bins* of fruit.	Ensure complete and even coverage. Replace solution every 30 bins of fruit.  *Note: Average Bin Weight = 800 lbs or 30 bins weigh 12 Tons
Pome Fruit	Suppression of Brown Rot (Phytophthora spp.) Blue Mold (Penicillium spp.)Bitter Rot (Glomularia spp.) and Monolinia	Apply 4-6 quarts FUNGI-PHITE per 100 gallons of water. Use approximately 100 gallons of diluted solution per 30 bins* of fruit.	Ensure complete and even coverage. Replace solution every 30 bins of fruit. *Note: Average Bin Weight = 800 lbs or 30 bins weigh 12 Tons

CROP	DISEASE	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION PROGRAM
Stone Fruit	Suppression of Brown Rot (Phytophthora spp.) (Monolinia spp) Grey Mold ( <i>Botrytis</i> ) and Blue Mold ( <i>Penicillium</i> spp.)	Apply 4 quarts FUNGI-PHITE per 100 gallons of water. Use approximately 100 gallons of diluted solution per 30 bins* of fruit.	Ensure complete and even coverage. Replace solution every 30 bins of fruit. *Note: Average Bin Weight= 800 lbs or 30 bins weight 12 Tons
Bananas & Plantains	Suppression of: Crown rot (Fusarium spp.), Anthracnose (Collectotrichium spp.) Speckle, Freckle and Finger Rot	Dehanding Tank: Apply 2-3 gallons FUNGI-PHITE per 200 gallons of water. Replenish every 2 days.  Fungicide Application: Apply as a spray mix with other fungicides at 1-2 pints FUNGI- PHITE per 25 gallons of water	Apply to dehanded fruit after fruit has passed through the delatexing tank. Apply as a part of the post harvest fungicide treatment.
Mangos, Papayas, Lychee, Longan, Carambola, Wax Apple, Mangosteen, and Guava	For the suppression of Anthracnose, Black Spot, Chocolate Spot, Cercospora, Alternaria, Botryodiplodia, Phomopsis, Cladosporium	Fruit Dip: Make up a 2% v/v solution of Fungi- Phite in water. Use one gallon of the diluted mix per 4,000 lbs. of fruit.	Ensure complete and even coverage. Apply with other fungicides in hot or cold water.
Carrots	For the suppression of Cavity spot, Fusarium Rot, Phytophthora rot Grey Mold ( <i>Botrytis</i> cineria) Crown Rot and Black Rot	Apply 3 pints FUNGI-PHITE per 75 gallons of water. Use one gallon of the diluted mix per 6,000 lbs. of carrots	Immerse carrots for 5-10 seconds prior to storage. Replace solution when it appears dirty.



#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage and disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in a cool, dry place.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

#### **CONTAINER HANDLING:**

Nonrefillable Container (five gallons or less): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Nonrefillable Container (greater than five gallons): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Refillable Container: Refillable container. Refill this container with Mono- and di-potassium salts of Phosphorous Acid only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

FOR 24-HOUR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE (SPILL, LEAK, OR FIRE), CALL INFOTRAC AT 1-800-535-5053.

#### WARRANTY STATEMENT

PLANT PROTECTANTS, LLC warrants that the product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth on the label when used according to directions under normal use conditions. THERE ARE NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING A WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. This warranty does not extend to the handling or use of this product contrary to label instructions or under abnormal conditions not reasonably foreseeable to seller and to the fullest extent permitted by state law, buyer assumes all risk of any such use.

[Label version 9/3/09]