



#### U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (7505P) Ariel Rios Building 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW Washington, D.C. 20460 EPA Reg. Number:

83278-4

Date of Issuance:

NOV 3 0 200b

Term of Issuance:

conditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

PRE-AMINE 0.38% Plus

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

x Registration

\_\_\_ Reregistration (under FIFRA, as amended)

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Envanage, LLC

115 Obtuse Hill Road

Brookfield, CT 06804

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA sec. 3(c)(7)(A) provided that you:

1. Add the phrase "EPA Registration No. 83278-4" to the label before you release the product for shipment.

COMMENTS CONTINUED ON PAGES 2 and 3 OF THIS NOTICE OF REGISTRATION.

Joanne J. Miller

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product under the enclosed stamped copy of the label constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

Enclosures

Signature of Approving Official:

Joanne I. Miller Product Manager 23 Herbicide Branch

Registration Division (7505P)

Date:

NOV 3 0 2006

EPA Form 8570-6

page 2 EPA Reg. No. 83278-4

#### Comments Continued:

- 2. Delete the descriptor "Selective", or name the plants that prodiamine controls and the plants that are not controlled (grass species that make-up the turf). "Selective" occurs on page 1 and 3.
- 3. Replace the chemical expression of prodiamine with the Chemical Abstracts Index name in compliance with PR Notice 97-5.
- 4. Add an EPA establishment number and the "Net Content" of package to the label.
- 5. Revise the "Precautionary Statements" by adding as the first statement: "Harmful if absorbed through skin.", followed by "Harmful if inhaled", followed by "Causes moderate eye irritation (wear protective eyewear)"; followed by:

  Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals"
- 6. Add a "Note to Physician" to the First Aid Statements. This note should give -technical information on symptomatology, -use of supportive treatments to maintain life functions, -medicine that will counteract the specific physiological effects of the pesticide; -company telephone number to specific medical personnel who can provide specialized medical advice; and the statement: "Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-xxx-xxxx for emergency medical treatment information.
- 7. On page 3, revise the sentence that reads: "It controls susceptible weeds by inhibiting weed seeds, germination and not root development." to read: It controls susceptible weeds by inhibiting germination, not root development".
- 8. On page 3, add the map indicating: "This map shows approximate crabgrass germination dates."
- On page 4, correct the "maximum annual rate" chart by either deleting all reference to Lbs/acre per year or adding Worker Protection Language with reentry information. If you wish add the Worker Protection Language to this label, you must correct the two rates so they are the same based on a 43, 560 square foot acre. See PR Notice 93-7 in regard to removing the product from WPS and for appropriate WPS language.
- On page 5, Under "Landscape Ornamentals" add "listed on this label. " to the statement, i.e. "This product may.....ornamentals listed on this label".

Page 3 EPA Registration No. 83278-4

#### Comments Continued

- 11. On page 6, under "Tolerant Ornamental Species" revise the 1st sentence to read: "PRE-AMINE 0.38% Plus will not harm trees, shrubs, vines and flowers listed on this label".
- 12. On page 1, add the word "many" after the word "Stops" to read: "Stops Many Grasses....."
- 13. Revise the "Conditions of Sale and Warranty" by adding the statement: "To the extent consistent with applicable law" at the beginning of the disclaimer of liability section.
- 14.. Submit one (1) copy of the final printed labeling before you release this product for shipment.
- 15.. Submit and/or cite all data required for the registration of this product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit data; and submit acceptable responses required for reregistration of this product under FIFRA, section 4.

### PRE-AMINE 0.38% PLUS

For Selective Pre-Emergence Control of Grass and Broadleaf Weeds in Lawns and Ornamental Turf (excluding golf course putting greens), and Landscape Ornamentals (including Established Perennials and Wildflower Plantings)

> Stops Weed Grasses Before They Grow Prevents Crabgrass, Annual Bluegrass, Foxtail & More

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	
Prodiamine: [N³·N³-Di-n-propyl-2,4-dinitro-6-	
(trifluoromethyl)-m-phenylenediamine]	0.38%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	99.62%
TOTAL:	100.009

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

See back panel for additional precautionary statements

EPA Reg. No. 83278-XXX EPA Est. No. XXXX-XX-XXX	ACCEPTED with COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dated:		
NET CONTENT:	NOV 3 0 2006 Under the Federal Insecticide. Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act		
Manufactured by: Envanage, LLC	as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.		
Brookfield, CT 06804	83278-4		

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Prolonged or repeated skin contact with product may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

	FIRST AID
IF IN EYES:	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	Take off contaminated clothing.
	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF SWALLOWED:	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or physician immediately for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or physician.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>
IF INHALED:	Move person to fresh air.
	<ul> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, is possible.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For information on this pesticide product (including health concerns, medical emergencies, or pesticide incidents), call the National Pesticide Telecommunications Network at 1-800-858-7378.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This product has low solubility in water. At the limits of solubility, this product is not toxic to fish. However, at concentrations above the level of water solubility, it may be toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

If material is spilled: Contain and sweep up material of spill for disposal or use per land instructions. Wash cleanup equipment to prevent contamination elsewhere. Excess quantities above normal application rates could result in damage to plants subject to spill. Water-in

remainder, disc under, cover with layer of soil, or leave exposed to sunlight as deemed appropriate to the situation.

#### **DIRECTION FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Not for use on plants being grown for sale or other commercial use, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes. For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification and being grown in ornamental gardens or parks, or on golf courses or lawns and grounds.

PRE-AMINE 0.38% Plus is a selective pre-emergence herbicide that provides residual control of many grass and broadleaf weeds in established lawns and ornamental turf (excluding golf course putting greens), landscape ornamentals and established perennials and wildflower plantings. It controls susceptible weeds by inhibiting weed seeds, germination and root development.

#### WHEN TO APPLY TO ESTABLISHED TURF

This product must be applied prior to germination of weed seeds, as it will not control established weeds.

#### **APPLICATION DIRECTIONS**

Apply this product uniformly, using a suitable spreader that has been properly calibrated. Most effective weed control will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1-2 inches) incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days application. See map below for approximate crabgrass germination dates.

[MAP OF USA]

THIS MAP SHOWS
APPROXIMATE CRABGRASS
GERMINATION DATES

#### **USE PRECAUTIONS**

The following precautions apply to the use of this product in turf grasses and lawns.

- Application of this product may thin emerged annual bluegrass and newly overseeded grasses.
- · Do not apply newly set sod until the following year.
- Application to turf stressed by drought, low fertility, or pest damage may result in turf injury.
- Disturbing the herbicide barrier with cultural practices (such as core aeration) may result in reduced weed control.
- Do not apply to putting greens, or areas where dichondra, colonial bentgrass, velvet bentgrass or annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) are desirable species.
- · Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.
- · Do not apply aerially.
- · Do not graze or feed livestock forage cut from treated areas.

#### RATES OF APPLICATION

PRE-AMINE 0.38% Plus may be applied as a single application or in sequential applications to control weeds germinating throughout the year. Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rates recommended for each turf species. The length of time of residual weed control provided by this product is related to the rate applied. Use the higher rates listed for longer periods of weed control.

PRE-AMINE 0.38% Plus is recommended for use on the turf grass species listed in the following table. The maximum amount of this product that may be applied per year is given for each turf grass species. Do not apply more than 395 lbs./A (1.5 lb. Al/A) of this product per calendar year.

MAXIMUM ANNUAL APPLICATION RATES				
Turf Species	Maximum Annual Rate			
Bahiagrass Bermudagrass <sup>2</sup> Centipedegrass Seashore Paspalum St. Augustinegrass Tall Fescue (including turf-type) Zoysiagrass	9.1 lbs/1,000 sq. ft. per year (395 lbs/A per year)			
Buffalograss Kentucky Bluegrass Perennial Ryegrass	6.0 lbs/1,000 sq. ft. per year (263 lbs/A per year)			
Creeping Red Fescue	4.5 lbs/1,000 sq. ft. per year (197 lbs/A per year)			
Creeping Bentgrass	3.9 lbs/1,000 sq. ft. per year (171 lbs/A per year)			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>These are the maximum rates per calendar year.

#### **WEEDS CONTROLLED**

When used according to label instructions, PRE-AMINE 0.38% Plus will control the following weeds:

Barnyardgrass	Kochia
Bluegrass, Annual (Poa annua)	Lambsquarter, Common
Carpetweed	Lovegrass
Chickweed, Common	Panicum (Texas, Fall, Browntop)
Chickweed, Mouseear (from seed)	Pigweed
Crabgrass (Large, Smooth)	Puslane, Common
Crowfootgrass	Pusley, Florida
Cupgrass, Woolly	Rescuegrass <sup>3</sup>
Foxtails, Annual	Shepard's Purse <sup>2</sup>
Goosegrass <sup>1</sup>	Signalgrass, Broadleaf
Henbit	Speedwell, Persian
Itchgrass	Sprangletop
Johnsongrass (from seed)	Spurge, Prostrate
Junglerice	Witchgrass
Knotweed	Woodsorrel, Yellow (from seed)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>In many areas a single application of 3.9 to 9.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft. (171 to 395 lbs./A) will control goosegrass. However, under heavy goosegrass pressure and/or an extended growing season, most effective weed control may be obtained with an initial application of 3.9 to 6.0 lbs./1,000 sq. ft. (171 to 263 lbs./A), followed after 60 to 90 days by a second application at doses that would not exceed the maximum annual rate ("Maximum Annual Application Rate" table in the Rates of Application section of this label).

<sup>3</sup>Suppression only.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>May be used on newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass at rates not to exceed 132 lbs./A or 3.0 lbs./1,000 sq. ft. Newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass stolon rooting may be temporarily retarded. Suppression only of foxtail, goosegrass and rescuegrass due to reduced rates used in sprigging situations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>For this weed, apply in late summer, fall or winter prior to germination.

#### WHEN TO APPLY AFTER OVERSEEDING TURF

Do not apply to overseeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer. Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil (not thatch plus soil).

#### WHEN TO OVERSEED AFTER APPLICATION

PRE-AMINE 0.38% Plus will inhibit germination of turf seec if overseeded too soon after application. Follow rates and intervals in table for best overseeding/reseeding results.

USE RATE		MONTHS BEFORE OVERSEEDING			
LBS./A	Lbs./1,000 sq. ft.	Al/A	North	Transition	South
131.5	3.0	0.50	4	4	4
171	3.9	0.65	5	4	4
197	4.5	0.75	6	5	5
213	4.9	0.81	-	6	6
258	5.9	1.00	-	7	7
302	6.9	1.15	-	-	9
342	7.8	1.30	-	-	10
395	9.1	1.50	-	-	12

<sup>\*</sup>Note: In AZ, CA, NV and TX, the overseeding interval cab be shorter in established bermudagrass that has been overseeded with perennial ryegrass. See the next section "Poa Annua Control in Established Bermudagrass Overseeded with Perrenial Ryegrass (AZ, CA, NV and TX only)".

### <u>POA ANNUA CONTROL IN ESTABLISHED BERMUDAGRASS OVERSEEDED WITH PERENNIAL RYEGRASS (AZ, CA, NV AND TX ONLY)</u>

Use on golf courses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns when overseeding with perennial ryegrass (minimum seed rate of 350 lbs./A).

#### HOW MUCH AND WHEN TO APPLY

Apply 2.3 to 3.9 lbs./1,000 sq. ft. (99 to 171 lbs./A) 6 to 8 weeks before ryegrass overseeding. A second application should be made 4 to 8 weeks after overseeding date or when perennial ryegrass roots are in the second inch of soil. One application should provide a 70% or greater control of *Poa annua*. The second application should add to the residual under normal weather conditions.

#### **Use Precautions:**

- 1. Some seed mortality and temporary reduction in root growth of new seedlings may occur.
- 2. To reduce the potential for seeding mortality, maintain a moist seedbed with light, frequent irrigation.
- Make no more than 2 applications per year for this use, and do not exceed 222 lbs./A
  (5.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.) for these two applications for *Poa annua* control in ryegrass
  overseeded turf.
- 4. Do not make a second application if any injury to the ryegrass is observed after the first application.
- Do not make a second application unless the product was first applied before overseeding.

RECOMMENDED SPREADER SETTINGS  These suggested spreader settings are not intended to replace calibration.  Please calibrate your spreader before applying product.						
Light Rate (3.9 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.)  Low Rate (4.5 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.)  Medium Rate (6.0 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.)  X lbs. treats X sq. ft. at the 197 lbs. product/A  X lbs. treats X sq. ft. at the 263 lbs. product/A  X lbs. treats X sq. ft. at the 263 lbs. product/A						
	High Rate (9.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.)  Ground or   Width of		X lbs. treats X sq. ft. at the 265 lbs. product/A  X lbs. treats X sq. ft. at the 395 lbs. product/A  Spreader Settings			
Spreader	PTO Speed	Coverage	Light Rate	Low Rate	Medium Rate	High Rate
aa	X mph	XX ft.	X	X	Χ	X
bb	X mph	XX ft.	X	χ.	X	Х
CC	X mph	XX ft.	Х	Х	Х	X

LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS (including established perennials and wildflower plantings) PRE-AMINE 0.38% Plus may be applied for residual pre-emergence weed control in ornamentals.

#### **RATES OF APPLICATION**

Apply at the rate of 171 to 395 lbs./A (3.9 to 9.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.) in fall and/or spring. Use higher rates of application for longer control periods. Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rate of 395 lbs./A (9.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.) per year.

#### APPLICATION TIMING AND INFORMATION

PRE-AMINE 0.38% Plus is a pre-emergence herbicide and will not control emerged weeds. Most effective weed control in ornamentals will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inch) mechanical incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application.

Best weed control is obtained when applied to soil free of clods, weeds and debris such as leaves. Prior to application, control existing vegetation by hand weeding, cultivation or the use of an appropriate post-emergence herbicide.

#### **ESTABLISHED LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS**

PRE-AMINE 0.38% Plus may be applied at any time to established ornamentals as a broadcast, over the top or directed application. Irrigation or rainfall soon after application will wash residues off plant foliage and activate the product in the soil.

#### **NEWLY TRANSPLANTED LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS**

PRE-AMINE 0.38% Plus may be applied to newly transplanted ornamentals as a broadcast, over the top or directed application. Delay application to allow soil to settle and water thoroughly before applying. Apply after cuttings form roots and become established. Apply before budding/grafting or after buds/grafts have taken to avoid any inhibition of the tissue union.

#### **TOLERANT ORNAMENTAL SPECIES**

PRE-AMINE 0.38% Plus will not harm most trees, shrubs, vines and flowers. The species listed below are tolerant to this product. Best results will be obtained when product is uniformly applied to the soil surface; avoid applying to ornamental shoots which may defeat the effort to get uniform distribution on the soil surface. This product may be applied over the top of these species. When plants are under stress (such as heat, drought or frost damage) some cultivars of listed plants may be sensitive to this product.

#### SCIENTIFIC NAME

Abies spp.
Abelia grandflora
Acer palmatum
A. Platanoides
Achillea spp.
Actinidia chinensis
Agapanthus africanus

Agapanthus orientalis Akebia quintata Allium cemuum Anemone hybrida Aquilegia spp.

Arctostaphylos densiflora Arctotheca calendula

Artenesia spp.
Aster spp.
Aster X Frikartii
Athrium Filiz-femina
Aucuba japonica
Begonia spp.

Berberis gladwynensis

B. Julianae
B. mentorensis
B. Thunbergii
B. Verruculosa
Bergenia cordifolia
Boltonia asteroides
Buddleia davidii
Buxus microphylla
Callistemon viminalis
Calluna vulgaris
Campanula carpatica
Campis X Tagliabuana
Carpobrotus edulis
Cassia artemisoides

Ceratostigma plumbagonoides

Chamaecyparis pisifera Chrysanthemum nipponicum

Cleyera japonica
Citrus spp.
Coreopsis spp.
Cornus florida
C. Stolonifera
Cortaderia selloana
Cotoneaster apiculatus

Ceanothus rigidus

C. buxifolius
C. dammeri
C. Microphyllus
Cretaegus spp.
Crocosmia spp.

Cupressus sempervirens

Delosperma alba Delosperma spp.

#### **COMMON NAME**

Fir species\*\* (Balsam, Frasier, Noble, etc.)

Abelia: Sherwood Japanese Maple Norway Maple

Yarrow: King Edward

Kiwi\*

Lily-of-the-Nile (African Lily)

Five-leaf or Chocolate Vine Lady's Leek, Nodding Onion Japanese Anenome Aquilegia: Red and Gold

Vine Hill Manzanita Cape Weed

Wormwood; Silver Mound, Castle Aster: Bonnie Blue, Purple Dome

Lady Fern; Fern Lady Japanese Aucuba

Fibrous Begonia: Hardy Grandis

Barberry

Wintergreen Barberry Mentor Barberry Japanese Barberry Warty Barberry

Snowbank

Butterfly-Bush (Dwarf Blue); Royal Red

Japanese Boxwood Weeping Bottlebrush Scotch Heather

Tussock Bellflower, (White Clips) Trumpet Flower, Madame Galen

Hottentot Fig (Ice Plant) Feathery Cassia Wild Lilac

False Cypress

Cleyera

Citrus species\*

Coreopsis (Calliopsis) Early Sunrise, Moonbeam

Flowering Dogwood American Dogwood Pampas Grass

Cranberry Cotoneaster

Cotoneaster

Bearberry Cotoneaster Rockspray Cotoneaster

Hawthorne Lucifer

Italian Cypress

White Trailing Ice Plant

Cooperi Pink

Delphinium spp.
Dianthus deltoides
D. gratianopolitanus
Dodonea viscosa
Echinacea purpurea
Elaeagnus pungens
Euonymus fortunei
E. japonica

E. japonica
E. kiautschovica
Fatsia japonica
Forsythia intermedia
Forsythia suspensa
F. viridissima
Gaillardia spp.

Gardenia iasminoides

Gaura spp.

Gentiana dahurica Geranium cinereum Gladiolus spp. Gypsophilia repens

Gypsophilia repens Hedera helix

Hellanthemum spp. Hemerocallis spp.

Hibiscus spp.

Hibiscus rosa-sinensis Hosta plantaginea H. Sieboldiana

Houttuynia cordata var. variegata

Hydrangea macrophylla

Ilex Bernyi
Ilex cornuta
I. crenata
I. opaca
I. vomitoria
Inula ensifolia
Iris ensata
Iris siberica
Iris sop.

Jasminium nudiflorum Juniperus chinensis

J. conferta
J. davurica
J. horizontalis
Juglans spp.

Justicia brandegeana Lagerstromia indica

Lagerstromia indica X Fauriei

Lantana montevidensis

Lavender spp.

Leontopodium alpinum Ligustrum amurense Ligustrum sinense L. japonicum L. lucidum Lilium spp. Larkspur: Blue Elf

Dianthus: Maiden Pinks "Zing"

Cheddar Pink Hop Bush

Coneflower, Purple; Magnus

Silverberry
Wintercreeper
Evergreen Euonymus
Spreading Euonymus

Spreading Euonymus Japanese Aralia Border Forsythia Weeping Forsythia Greenstem Forsythia

Gaillardia, Blanket Flower: "Goblin"

Gardenia, Cape-Jasmine

Gentian Cranesbill

Gladiolus species\*\* Baby's Breath English Ivy Sunrose

Daylily: Aztec Gold, Stella de Oro, Tender Love

Rose of Sharon\*\*

Mallow: Disco Belle White

Chinese Hibiscus

Hosta, Plantain Lily (Fragrant)

Hosta, "Seersucker"

Bigleaf Hydrangea

Holly

Chinese Holly Japanese Holly American Holly

Yaupon Holly, Schillings

Sword-Leaved Iris; Jodlesong

Siberian Iris; Cabernet

Iris species\*\*
Winter Jasmine

Chinese Juniper; Nick's Compact, Parsonnii

Shore Juniper; Blue Pacific

Parsoni

Creeping Juniper

Walnut\* Shrimp Plant Crape Myrtle

Crape Myrtle; Tuscarora Weeping Lantana Lavender; Munstead

Edelweiss Amur Privet

Chinese Privet; Variegata

Japanese Privet

Glossy Privet (Waxleaf)

Lily; Jazz

Liriope muscari

Liriope muscari var. variegata

Liriope spicata Lobelia Cardinalis Lonicera japonica

L. tatarica

Lorapetalum chinense

Lythrum spp. Magnolia spp. Maleophora luteola

Malus spp.

Miscanthus sinensis Nandina domestica Narcissus spp. Nerium oleander Olea europaea

Orea europaea
Ophiopogon japonicus
Osmanthus heterphyllus
Osteospermum fruticosum
Oxydendrum arboretum
Paeonia suffruticosa
Pennisetum setaceumi
Perovskia atriplicifolia
Persea americana

Photinia Fraseri Physotegia Virginiana Picea spp. Pieris japonica

Pinus brutia
P. canariensis
P. Elliottii
P. halepensis
P. nigra
P. palustrus
P. radiata
P. strobus
P. sylvestris

P, taeda P. Thunbergiana P. Virginiana Pistachio spp.

Pittosporum rhombifolium

P. tobira

Podocarpus macrophyllus Prunus laurocerasus

Prunus spp.

Pseudotsuga menziesii Pyracantha coccinea

P. fortuneana P. koidzumii Pyrus spp.

Quercus Shumardii Quercus spp. Raphiolepsis indica Raphiolepsis umbellata Big Blue Lily, Silver Mound, Evergreen Giant

Liriope, Variegated Liriope, Creeping

Cardinal Flower, Indian Pink Japanese Honeysuckle Tatarian Honeysuckle

Burgundy

Loosestrife; Modern Pink Magnolia species\*\*

Ice Plant Crabapple\*

Yaku Jima, Silberfeder Heavenly Bamboo Narcissus species\*\*

Oleander Olive\* Mondo Grass

Osmanthus (False Holly); Gulf Tide

Trailing African Daisy

Sourwood Tree Peony

Fountain Grass (Dwarf)

Avocado\*

Frasier's Photinia (Redtip) Dragonhead, False; Vivid

Spruce species\*\* (Colorado Blue, Norway, etc.)

Lily-of-the-Valley Bush

Calabrian Pine
Canary Island Pine
Slash Pine
Alappo Pine

Aleppo Pine
Austrian Pine
Longleaf Pine
Monterey Pine
Eastern White Pine
Scotch Pine

Loblolly Pine Japanese Black Pine

Virginia Pine Pistachio\*

Queensland Pittosporum Japanese Pittosporum

Japanese Yew English Laurel

Almond, Apricot, Nectarine, Peach, Plum and

Prune\*

Douglas Fir\*\*
Firethorn (Scarlet)

Firethorn Firethorn

Bradford Pear spp. Oak, Shumard's Red

Oak species Indian Hawthorne Yedda Hawthorne Rhododendron (including Azalea)

'Coral Bells,' 'Formosa,' 'Hino-crimson,' 'PJM' 'Delaware Valley White', 'Roseum Elegans,' 'Flame Creeper', 'Girard Crimson', 'Wakeiebisu

White Gumbo', 'George L. Tabor'

Rosa banksiae Lady Bank's Rose Rosmarinus officinalis Rosemary\*

Rudbeckia spp. Black-Eyed Susan; Goldsturm

Santolina virens Santolina
Saxifraga spp. Saxifrage; Purple Dome
Scabiosa spp. Pincushion Flower

Sedum album Stonecrop

Sedum cauticola Stonecrop: Lidakense Sedum dasyphyllum Stonecrop

Sedum spurium Stonecrop: Dragon's Blood Spiraea bumalda Spirea; Anthony Waterer Syzygium paniculatum Australian Brushcherry

Taxus cuspidata Japanese Yew

T. media Yew
Teucrium spp. Germander
Thalictrum diptercarpum Meadow Rue

Thuja occidentalis American Arborvitae

Trachelospermum asiatum
Tsuga canadensis
Tulipa spp.

Star Jasmine
Canada Hemlock
Tulip species

Veronica spp. Veronica, Speedwell; Sunny Border

Viburnum japonicum
V. odoratissimum
V. plicatum
V. rigidum
V. suspensum
Japanese Viburnum
Japanese Snowball
Canary Island Viburnum
Arrowood Viburnum

V. tinus Laurustinus
V. trilobium Cranberry Bush
V. wrightii Leatherleaf Viburnum
Vinca major Greater Periwinkle, Vinca

Vinca Minor Common Periwinkle, Vinca Vitis spp. Grape\*

Weigela florida
Yucca aloifolia
Y, filametosa
Old Fashioned Weigela
Spanish Bayonet, Yucca
Adam's Needle, Yucca

\*Do not use on food producing trees, vines or plants.

\*\*Not for use on container grown plants.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

**STORAGE:** Store in original container in a locked storage area out of reach of children and domestic animals.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

**CONTAINER DISPOSAL:** Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, of, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, say out of smoke

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#### CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARANTY

The DIRECTIONS FOR USE of this product are believed to be reliable and should be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Crop, injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or use of the product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling, all of which are beyond the control of Envanage, LLC or the Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer.

Envanage, LLC warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label, and is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the DIRECTIONS FOR USE, when it is used in accordance with such directions, subject to the inherent risks mentioned above.

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