83100-27

04-05-2011

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U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (7505C) Ariel Rios Building 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW Washington, D.C. 20460

EPA Reg.	Date of Issuance:
Number:	April 5, 2011
83100-27	Date of Expiration:

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

___ Registration
___ Reregistration
(under FIFRA, as amended)

Term of Issuance:

Name of Pesticide Product:

Rotam Methomyl 29LV Insecticide

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Rotam Agrochemical Company, Ltd. c/o IPM Resources LLC (agent) 4032 Crockers Lake Blvd., Suite 818 Sarasota, FL 34238

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA sec. 3(c)(7)(A) provided that you:

- 1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration of your product under FIFRA sec. 3(c)(5) when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.
- 2. Make the following label changes before you release the product for shipment:
 - a. Add the phrase "EPA Registration Number 83100-27".
- 3. Per the indicated EPA Guidelines, submit the following within the months indicated as measured from the effective date of this registration.
 - a. One year storage stability (830.6317) (measurements at 0, 3, 6, 9, and 12 months). Submit in both electronic and hard copy format. Due within 18 months.
 - b. Corrosion characteristics (830.6320) (measurements at 0, 3, 6, 9, and 12 months). Submit in both electronic and hard copy format. Due within 18 months.
- 4. Submit two (2) copies of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A copy of the label stamped "accepted with comments" is enclosed for your records. If you have any questions, please contact Tom Harris at (703) 308-9423 or harris.thomas@epa.gov. enclosure

Signature of Approving Official:

Date:

APR - 5 2011

Thomas C. Harris

Insecticide Rodenticide Branch Registration Division (7505P)

EPA Form 8570-6

[Front Container Label - Optional if Booklet is used as front container label]

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RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to high Acute Toxicity to Humans

For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision, and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's Certification. Direct supervision for this product requires the Certified Applicator to review federal and supplemental label instructions with all personnel prior to application, mixing, loading, repair or cleaning of application equipment.

GROUP

1A

INSECTICIDE

Rotam Methomyl 29LV Insecticide

Water Soluble Liquid

Contains 2.4 lbs. active ingredient per gallon

Active Ingredient By Weight

Methomyl

(S-methyl-N-[(methylcarbamoyl)

oxy]thioacetimidate) 29%

Other Ingredients 71%

TOTAL

Contains Methonol

ACCEPTED
With COMMENTS
In EPA Letter Dated:

APR - 5 2011

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, As amended, for the pesticide Registered under EPA Reg. No:

83100-27

[Placeholder to identify Container type]

EPA Reg. No. 83100 - 27

EPA Est. No.: 5905-GA-01

100%

DANGER POISON



PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See additional Precautionary Statements on inside booklet and back panel of container and Directions for Use on inside booklet.

Manufactured by: Rotam Agrochemical Company Ltd. 7/F Cheung Tat Centre 18 Cheung Lee Street Chai Wan, Hong Kong 1-866-927-6826 Net Contents Gallons TBA

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GROUP

1A

INSECTICIDE

Rotam Methomyl 29LV Insecticide

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER POISON



PELIGRO

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(S-methyl-N-[(methylcarbamoyl)

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TOTAL 100%

Contains Methanol

[Placeholder to identify Container type]

EPA Reg. No. 83100 - 27

EPA Est. No.: 5905-GA-01

Manufactured by: Rotam Agrochemical Company Ltd. 7/F Cheung Tat Centre 18 Cheung Lee Street Chai Wan, Hong Kong

1-866-927-6826

Net Contents
Gallons
TBA

Refer to inside for additional precautionary information including Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), User Safety Recommendations, Engineering Controls Statements, Environmental Hazards and Directions for Use

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FIRST AID (N-Methyl Carbamate insecticide)

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. **IF SWALLOWED:** Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything to an unconscious person.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

ATROPINE IS AN ANTIDOTE -- SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION AT ONCE IN ALL CASES OF SUSPECTED POISONING.

If poisoning symptoms appear (see POISONING SYMPTOMS), get medical attention.

POISONING SYMPTOMS — Methomyl poisoning produces effects associated with anticholinesterase activity which may include weakness, blurred vision, headache, nausea, abdominal cramps, discomfort in the chest, constriction of pupils, sweating, slow pulse, muscle tremors. If poisoning symptoms appear, refer to First Aid section and seek medical attention at once.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

TREATMENT — Atropine sulfate should be used for treatment. Administer repeated doses, 1.2 to 2.0 mg. intravenously every 10 to 30 minutes until full atropinization is achieved. Maintain atropinization until the patient recovers. Artificial respiration or oxygen may be necessary. Allow no further exposure to any cholinesterase inhibitor until recovery is assured.

Do not use 2-PAM for exposure to ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV alone. However, for exposure to combinations of ROTAM METHOMY L29LV and organophosphorous insecticides, 2-PAM may be used as required to supplement the atropine sulfate treatment. Do not use morphine.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

You may also contact the National Poison Control Center 24-hr Emergency Hotline at: 1-800-222-1222.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER POISON



PELIGRO

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Restricted Use Pesticide due to toxicity categories. For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification.

Contains Methanol. Methanol may cause blindness. Causes irreversible eye damage. May be fatal if swallowed or if inhaled. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Do not breathe spray mist. Avoid contact with skin.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category C on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Mixers, loaders, applicators, cleaners, repairers of application equipment, and others exposed to the concentrate must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants.
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as natural rubber or other materials in EPA category C.
- Socks and chemical resistant footwear.
- Protective eyewear.
- Chemical resistant apron.
- Respirator with either an organic vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G), or a NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or a canister with any R, P, or HE prefilter.

Discard clothing or other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENTS

Human flaggers must be in enclosed cabs.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR part 170.240 (d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

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The enclosed cabs must be used in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR part 170.240 (d)(4-6)]. The handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Pilots must not assist in the mixing and loading operations.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS USERS SHOULD:

- Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove personal protective equipment immediately after handling this product.
- Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
- As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.
- Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, and mammals. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean highwater mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area. This chemical is known to leach through soil into groundwater under certain conditions as a result of label use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

This chemical can contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, it may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water for several days to weeks after application. These include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas overlaying extremely shallow groundwater, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and areas overlaying tile drainage systems that drain to surface water.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Combustible. Do not use or store near heat or open flame. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. The product shows potential explosive properties when heated to elevated temperatures.

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE Restricted Use Pesticide

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe; consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI). REI Summary: REI peaches = 4 day; REI apple, cotton, grapefruit, lemon, nectarine, orange, tangelo, tangerine = 3 day; all other WPS uses = 48 hour REI.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

Coveralls.

Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or butyl rubber. Shoes plus socks.

Protective eyewear.

Discard clothing or other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

Do not formulate this product into other end-use products without written permission from Rotam.

ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV insecticide should be used only in accordance with directions for use on this label or in separate Rotam supplemental labeling. Rotam will not be responsible for use of the product in a manner not specified by Rotam in the product's labeling and User assumes all risk for such use.

ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV is a water soluble liquid that is applied by foliar application to control many important insect pests. ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV is mixed with water for application.

Do not apply thru Drip Chemigation unless accompanied by Rotam Supplemental Labeling.

Pilots must not assist in the mixing and loading operations.

Do not apply by ground equipment within 25 feet, or by air within 100 feet of lakes, reservoirs, rivers, estuaries, commercial fish ponds and natural, permanent streams, marshes or natural, permanent ponds. Increase the buffer zone to 450 feet from the above aquatic areas when ultra low volume application is made.

Hand-held equipment is prohibited for applications to crops. This product must be applied to crops only with mechanical ground, overhead sprinkler chemigation or aerial application equipment.

Use only in commercial and farm plantings. Not for use in home plantings. Not for use during any period after a commercial crop site is opened for public entry as a "U-Pick", "Pick Your Own" or similar operation; in no case shall preharvest applications be made after first public entry. The restricted entry interval and preharvest interval for the crop stated elsewhere on this label must be followed.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV insecticide is a group 1A insecticide. Repeated and exclusive use of ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV or other group 1A insecticides may lead to the build-up of resistant strains of insects in some crops. Not all members of this group have been shown to be cross-resistant. Different resistance mechanisms that are not linked to target site of action, such as enhanced metabolism, are common for this group of chemicals. Alternation of compounds from different sub-groups within this group may be an acceptable part of an integrated pest management program.

Some insects are known to develop resistance to products used repeatedly for control. When this occurs, the recommended dosages fail to suppress the pest population below the economic threshold. Because the development of resistance cannot be predicted, the use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the use area. These strategies may include incorporation of cultural and biological control practices, alternation of mode-of-action classes of insecticides on succeeding generations and targeting the most susceptible life stage. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities for details.

If resistance to this product develops in your area, this product, or other products with a similar mode of action, may not provide adequate control. If poor performance cannot be attributed to improper application or extreme weather conditions, a resistant strain of insect may be present. If you experience difficulty with control and resistance is a reasonable cause, immediately consult your local company representative or agricultural advisor for the best alternative method of control for your area. For additional information on insect resistance monitoring, visit the Insecticide Resistance Action Committee (IRAC) on the web at http://www.irac-online.org.

INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT

This product should be used as part of an Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program which can include biological, cultural, and genetic practices aimed at preventing economic pest damage. Application of this product should be based on IPM principles and practices including field scouting or other detection methods, correct target pest identification, population monitoring, and treating when target pest populations reach locally determined action thresholds. Consult

your state cooperative extension service, professional consumants or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate action treatment threshold levels for treating specific pest/crop systems in your area.

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SCOUTING

Monitor insect populations to determine whether or not there is a need for application of ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV based on locally determined economic thresholds. More than one treatment of ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV may be required to control a population of pests.

BENEFICIAL ARTHROPODS

ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV at rates of 2/5 to 3/4 pint per acre helps conserve certain beneficials, including big-eyed bugs, damsel bugs, flower bugs and spiders in cotton and soybeans. While these beneficials cannot be relied upon to control pests, they are of potential value and should be monitored along with pests in pest management programs on these crops.

SPRAY PREPARATION

Spray equipment must be clean and free of previous pesticide deposits before applying ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV.

Fill spray tank 1/4 to 1/2 full of water. Add ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV directly to spray tank. Mix thoroughly. Use mechanical or hydraulic means; do not use air agitation. Spray mix should not be stored overnight in spray tank.

Compatibility — Since formulations may be changed and new ones introduced, in this situation users can premix a small quantity of a desired tank mix and observe for possible adverse changes (settling out, flocculation, etc.) before applying the product. Avoid mixtures of several materials and very concentrated spray mixtures.

Do not use ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV with Bordeaux mixture (copper sulfate and hydrated lime), Du Ter triphenyltin hydroxide, lime sulfur, Rayplex iron nor in highly alkaline solutions. Use mildly alkaline mixtures immediately after mixing to prevent loss of insecticidal activity.

Tank Mix Sequence – Add different formulation types in the sequence indicated below. Allow time for complete mixing and dispersion after addition of each product.

- 1. Water soluble bags.
- 2. Water dispersible granules.
- 3. Wettable powders.
- 4. Water based suspension concentrates.
- 5. ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV and other water soluble concentrates.
- 6. Oil based suspension concentrates.
- 7. Emulsifiable concentrates.
- 8. Adjuvants, surfactants, oils, soluble fertilizers, and drift retardants. Follow local practice and manufacturer's recommendation.

APPLICATION

Apply at the recommended rates when insect populations reach locally determined economic thresholds. Consult the cooperative extension service, professional consultants or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate threshold levels for treatment in your area.

Follow-up treatments of ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV should be applied, as needed, to keep pest populations within threshold limits. On most crops, ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV should be applied at 5 to 7 day intervals to maintain control. Refer to crop specific directions for use in the crop tables for more specific information on treatment intervals.

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Use sufficient water to obtain thorough, uniform coverage. Since ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV is a fast acting contact insecticide, best results follow direct spraying of the target insect.

For aerial, use a minimum of 2 gals. per acre (gpa) except 10 gpa for peaches and nectarines; 15 gpa for oranges, lemons, grapefruit, tangelos and tangerines.

ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV is recommended for use as a low volume aerial spray 0.53 gpa (2L) for cotton* and soybeans* and 1 gpa for the crops listed below providing the following conditions are met:

- equipment is adjusted to distribute spray uniformly over the spray swath,
- wind conditions and other factors such as temperature and humidity are such
- -that the spray is delivered to the target area,
- -local regulations do not prohibit low-volume aerial sprays,
- -use rates are applied as directed on the package label or supplemental labeling for the following crops:

Peas (succulent) Alfalfa Celery Anise Collards Peppermint **Peppers** Corn Asparagus Cotton Potato Barley Beans Cucumber Rye Broccoli Soybean Lettuce Spinach Brussels sprouts Melons Cabbage Mint Sugar beet Summer Squash Carrot Oats Cauliflower Wheat Peanuts

Apply the low rates on small plants, small insects and light infestations of insects. Use intermediate rates on large insects and heavier infestations of insects. Use 1 to 3 applications of the highest recommended rate for controlling severe infestations. Thereafter, use the lowest rate possible to maintain control.

* Not Registered for aerial application in a diluted volume of less than 1 gal in CA.

SPRAY TANK CLEANOUT

Immediately following application, thoroughly clean all spray equipment to reduce the risk of forming hardened deposits which might become difficult to remove.

Drain spray equipment. Thoroughly rinse sprayer and flush hoses, boom and nozzles with clean water.

Clean all other associated application equipment. Take all necessary safety precautions when cleaning equipment. Do not clean near wells, water sources or desirable vegetation. Dispose of waste rinse water in accordance with local regulations.

CHEMIGATION

Instructions for the Use of ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV on Alfalfa, Barley, Oats, Green and Dry Bulb Onions, Potatoes, Rye, Sugar Beets and Wheat Using Overhead Sprinkler Chemigation

Do not apply thru Drip Chemigation unless accompanied by Rotam Supplemental Labeling.

Chemigation: Overhead sprinkler chemigation is allowed for use in alfalfa, barley, succulent and dry beans, oats, onions, succulent peas, potatoes, rye, sugar beets, sweet corn and wheat. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation systems, except those allowed by instructions provided in supplemental labeling.

Overhead chemigation applications offer the advantage of greater penetration and coverage of the target plant. However, typical chemigation applications are more dilute than ground or aerial applications. For best results, it is recommended to keep the concentration of ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV as high as possible in the application. Apply ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV in 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water per acre.

ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV is most active as a contact insecticide, although it does also have activity via ingestion of treated plants. For best results, applications of ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV should take place when the insects are active and most likely to come into direct contact with the application.

Types of Irrigation Systems:

ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV may be applied through overhead sprinkler irrigation systems for control of various pests. The irrigation system used must provide uniform water distribution. Do not use filter screens smaller than 50 mesh throughout the system, due to possible build up of material on 100 mesh or smaller screens. Do not apply ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV through any other type of irrigation systems, except those allowed by instructions provided in a supplemental, SLN, or this product label.

General Directions for Chemigation: Preparation

A pesticide tank is recommended for the application of ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV in chemigation systems. Thoroughly clean the injection system and tank of any fertilizer or chemical residues using a standard clean-out procedure. Dispose of any residues in accordance with State and Federal laws. Add 1/4 to 1/2 of the desired amount of water and then measure the required amount of ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV into the tank. Complete filling the tank by adding the required amount of water. Agitate thoroughly to insure a uniform solution of ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV. Once in solution, no further agitation is required. Injection solution should not be stored overnight. Highly alkaline water should be buffered so that the pH of the spray solution is in the range of neutral to slightly acidic (pH5-7).

Injection Into Chemigation Systems

Inject the proper amount of the ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV.solution into the irrigation water flow using a positive displacement injection pump. Injection should occur at a point in the main irrigation water flow to ensure thorough mixing with the irrigation water.

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Uniform Water Distribution

Equipment calibration

Calibrate the irrigation system and injector before applying ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV. Calibrate the injection pump while the system is running using the expected irrigation rate. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact your state extension service specialists, equipment manufacturer or other experts.

Monitoring of Chemigation Applications

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of a responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise. Wear the personal protective equipment as defined in the PPE section of the label for cleaners and repairers of application equipment when making adjustments or repairs on the chemigation system when ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV is in the irrigation water.

Required System Safety Devices

Do not connect any irrigation system used for pesticide applications to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices are in place. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption, if such a system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals at least 60 days out of the year.

- 1. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quickclosing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

7. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction.

There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

Posting of Areas to be Treated

Posting of areas to be chemigated is required when 1) any part of a treated area is within 300 feet of sensitive areas such as residential areas, labor camps, businesses, daycare centers, hospitals, in-patient clinics, nursing homes, or any other public areas such as schools, parks, playgrounds, or other public facilities not including public roads, or 2) when the chemigated area is open to the public such as golf courses or retail greenhouses.

Posting must conform to all the following requirements. Treated areas shall be posted with signs at all usual points of entry and along likely routes of approach from the listed sensitive areas. When there are no usual points of entry, signs must be posted in the corners of the treated areas and in any other location affording maximum visibility to sensitive areas. The signs shall be printed in ENGLISH. Signs must be posted prior to application and must remain posted until foliage has dried and soil surface water has disappeared. Signs may remain in place indefinitely as long as they are composed of materials to prevent deterioration and maintain legibility for the duration of the posting period.

All words shall consist of letters at least 2 1/2 inches tall, and all letters and the symbol shall be a color, which sharply contrasts with their immediate background. At the top of the sign shall be the words "KEEP OUT", followed by an octagonal stop sign symbol at least 8 inches in diameter containing the word "STOP". Below the symbol shall be the words "PESTICIDE IN IRRIGATED WATER".

Posting for chemigation does not replace other posting and reentry requirements for farm worker safety.

Operation

Start the water pump and sprinkler, and let the system achieve the desired pressure and speed before starting the injector. Start the injector and calibrate the injection system according to the directions above. This procedure is necessary to deliver the desired rate per acre in a uniform manner. Apply ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV in 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water per acre. When the application is finished, allow the entire irrigation and injector system to be thoroughly flushed clean before stopping the system. End guns must be turned off during the application, if they irrigate nontarget areas or if they do not provide uniform application and coverage.

Nozzles in the immediate area of control panels, chemical supply tanks, wellheads and system safety devices must be plugged to prevent contamination of these areas.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Do not apply when system connections or fittings leak or when nozzles do not provide uniform distribution.

Cleaning the System

Thoroughly clean the injection system and tank of any fertilizer or chemical residues using a standard clean-out procedure. Dispose of any residues in accordance with State and Federal laws. Consult your owner's manual or your local equipment dealer for cleanout procedures for your injection system.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

- 1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- 2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed. The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the <u>Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information</u>.

AERIAL DRIFT REDUCTION ADVISORY INFORMATION Importance of Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets (>150 - 200 microns). The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. The presence of sensitive species nearby, the environmental conditions, and pest pressure may affect how an applicator balances drift control and coverage. APPLYING LARGER DROPLETS REDUCES DRIFT POTENTIAL, BUT WILL NOT PREVENT DRIFT IF APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IMPROPERLY OR UNDER UNFAVORABLE ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS! See **Wind, Temperature and Humidity,** and **Temperature Inversions** sections of this label.

Controlling Droplet Size - General Techniques

- **Volume** Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle.
 Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. WHEN HIGHER FLOW RATES ARE NEEDED, USE A HIGHER-CAPACITY NOZZLE INSTEAD OF INCREASING PRESSURE.
- Nozzle Type Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Controlling Droplet Size – Aircraft

• **Number of Nozzles** - Use the minimum number of nozzles with the highest flow rate that provide uniform coverage.

- Nozzle Orientation Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel
 to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the
 recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce
 droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle Type Solid stream nozzles (such as disc and core with swirl plate removed) oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types and the lowest drift.
- **Boom Length** For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.
- Application Height Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.
- **Swath Adjustment** When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downward edges of the fields, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.)

BOOM HEIGHT

Setting the boom at the lowest labeled height (if specified) which provides uniform coverage reduces the exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind. For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

WIND

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 3-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 3 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. AVOID GUSTY OR WINDLESS CONDITIONS.

Note: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain close to the ground and move laterally in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

SENSITIVE AREAS

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The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce the effects of wind. However, it is the responsibility of the applicator to verify that the shields are preventing drift and not interfering with uniform deposition of the product.

AIR ASSISTED (AIR BLAST) FIELD CROP SPRAYERS

Air assisted field crop sprayers carry droplets to the target via a downward directed air stream. Some may reduce the potential for drift, but if a sprayer is unsuitable for the application and/or set up improperly, high drift potential can result. It is the responsibility of the applicator to determine that a sprayer is suitable for the intended application, is configured properly, and that drift is not occurring.

Note: Air assisted field sprayers can affect product performance by affecting spray coverage and canopy penetration. Consult the application equipment section of this label to determine if use of an air assisted sprayer is recommended.

AIR ASSISTED (AIR BLAST) TREE AND VINE SPRAYERS

Air assisted tree and vine sprayers carry droplets into the canopy of trees and vines via a radially or laterally directed air stream. These sprayers are not suitable for applying herbicides. In addition to the general drift management principles already described, the following specific practices will further reduce the potential for drift..

Adjust deflectors and aiming devices so that spray is only directed into the canopy.

Block off upward pointed nozzles when there is no overhanging canopy.

Use only enough air volume to penetrate the canopy and provide good coverage.

Do not allow spray to go beyond the edge of the cultivated area. Spray the outside row only from outside the planting.

Crops	Insects	Rate ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV Pts. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI
Alfalfa	Pea Aphid Lygus Bugs Blotch Leafminer Aphids	1 1/2 – 3	7 *	48 hrs
	Egyptian Alfalfa Weevil Larvae Loopers Beet Armyworm Armyworm Alfalfa Caterpillar Fall Armyworm Western Yellowstriped Armyworm Yellowstriped Armyworm			
	Alfalfa Weevil Larvae	3		
	Variegated Cutworm Do not apply to dormant or semi-dorr	3/4 - 3		
	Chemigation: ROTAM METHOMYL 2 chemigation. For best results, use the 29LV. Apply in 0.1 to 0.2 inches of warmore information.	highest listed rat	e of ROTAM METHOMYL	
	*Do not apply within 7 days of cutting or a	allowing livestock to	graze.	
Anise (Fennel)	*Do not apply within 7 days of cutting or a Cabbage Looper	allowing livestock to	graze.	48 hrs
Anise (Fennel)	Cabbage Looper	3		48 hrs
Anise (Fennel)		3 1 1/2 - 3 OTAM METHOMY	7	48 hrs

Crops	Insects	Rate ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV Pts. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI
Apple Ground application only	Apple Aphid Rosy Apple Aphid Tufted Apple Budmoth Green Fruitworm Tarnished-Plant Bug	1 1/2 - 3 *	14	72 hrs
	Codling Moth (10-12 day spray intervals)			
	Leafrollers (Fruit-tree, Obliquebanded, Redbanded, Variegated) Lesser Appleworm White Apple Leafhopper Tentiform Leafminer Cutworm	3 *		
	Do not use on Early Macintosh & We Do not apply more than 15 pints of R Do not make more than 5 application treatments is 7 days. * Apply in a minimum of 50 gallons of	ROTÁM METHON ns per crop; minir	num interval between	
Asparagus	Beet Armyworm Western Yellowstriped Armyworm Asparagus Beetle Spotted Asparagus Beetle White Cutworm Redbacked Cutworm	1 1/2 - 3	1	48 hrs
	Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2		
	Do not apply more than 15 pints of R Do not make more than 8 application		MYL 29LV per acre per crop.	
Avocado	Western Avocado Leafroller Omnivorous Looper	1 1/2 - 3	1	48 hrs
	Do not apply more than 3 pints of RC Do not make more than 2 application		YL 29LV per acre per crop.	
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Crops	Insects	Rate ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV Pts. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI
arley	Armyworms Cereal Leaf Beetle* Aphids**	3/4 – 1 1/2	7	48 hrs
	Do not apply more than 6 pints of F. Do not make more than 4 applications. Chemigation: ROTAM METHOMY chemigation. For best results, use 29LV. Apply in 0.1 to 0.2 inches of more information.	per crop. L 29LV may be ap _l the highest listed ra	plied by overhead sprinkler ate of ROTAM METHOMYL	
	*Cereal leaf beetle: ROTAM METH- cereal leaf beetle eggs when applie be timed to correspond with the ap egg hatch to achieve maximum ovi currently registered in California. **Aphids: For aphid control, crop madverse environmental conditions of Applications on Russian wheat aph (<10 adults per stem).	ed according to labe pearance of newly cidal effect. Use on oust be actively grow such as, extreme to	el directions. Application should laid eggs or in anticipation of a this pest stage (egg) is not wing and not under stress from emperatures or drought).	
Beans (Succulent)		3/4 – 3	Succulent Beans - 3/4 - 1 1/2 pts 1,	48 hrs
iidney	Leafhopper		over 1 1/2 pts 1;	
_ima	Mexican Bean Beetle	1		
			3 - Vines	
lung avy			3 - Vines 7 - Hay	
∕lung Navy Pinto Snap	Fall Armyworm Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2		
Mung Navy Pinto Snap Wax Broad Fava Asparagus Blackeyed peas Cowpeas Chick peas Garbanzo beans Sweet lupine White sweet lupine		1 1/2		
Mung Navy Pinto Snap Vax Broad Fava Asparagus Blackeyed peas Cowpeas Chick peas Garbanzo beans Sweet lupine Vhite sweet lupine	Variegated Cutworm Beet Armyworm Corn Earworm Saltmarsh Caterpillar Yellowstriped Armyworm Western Yellowstriped Armyworm Lygus Bugs Thrips Aphids			

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Crops	Insects	Rate ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV Pts. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI
Beans (Dry) (Same as Succulent Beans)	(Same as Succulent Beans)	(Same as Succulent Beans)	14 - Dry Beans * 14 - Vines * 14 - Hay *	48 hrs
	Do not apply more than 15 Do not make more than 10 Do not use for Loopers in A *Do not apply within 14 day	applications per crop L & GA.		
Beets (Table)	Imported Cabbageworm	3/4 – 3	0 - roots	48 hrs
	Beet Armyworm Cabbage Looper Diamondback Moth	1 1/2 - 3	10 -tops	
	Cucumber Beetle Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2		
	Do not apply more than 12 Do not make more than 8 a		THOMYL 29LV per acre per crop.	
Bermudagrass pasture	Fall Armyworm Armyworm Striped Grass Looper	3/4 - 3	7 - Forage * 3 - Dehydrated Hay **	48 hrs
	Do not make more than 4 a	pplications per crop. s of feeding forage o	HOMYL 29LV per acre per crop.	
Blueberries	Blueberry Leafhopper Aphids Tussock Moth Weevil Sharp-Nosed Leafhopper	1 1/2	3	48 hrs
	Cranberry Fruitworm* Cherry Fruitworm*	1 1/2 – 3		
	Flea Beetle (larvae) Sawfly (larvae) Blueberry Leafroller	3		
	Blueberry Maggot	3/4–1 1/2		
	Do not apply during bloom. Do not apply more than 12 point make more than 4 applies * For ground use only.		THOMYL 29LV per acre per crop. Do	
Broccoli	Loopers Diamondback Moth Imported Cabbageworm	1 1/2 - 3** 3/4 - 3**	3	48 hrs
	Do not apply more than 21	pints of ROTAM ME applications per crop	THOMYL29LV/acre/crop p; minimum interval between	-
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Crops	Insects	Rate ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV Pts. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI
Brussels Sprouts	Loopers Imported Cabbageworm Diamondback Moth	1 1/2 – 3 **	3	48 hrs
	Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2 **		
	Do not apply more than 18 p Do not make more than 10 a treatments is 2 days. ** Add a wetting agent to im	applications per crop; m	OMYL 29LV per acre per crop. ninimum interval between	
Cabbage	Loopers * Diamondback Moth Fall Armyworm	1 1/2 - 3 **	1	48 hrs
	Imported Cabbageworm	3/4 - 3 **		
	Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2 **		
	Do not apply more than 24 p Do not make more than 15 appl days. * Do not use for Loopers in A ** Add a wetting agent to im	lications per crop; minimu AL & GA.	OMYL 29LV per acre per crop. m interval between treatments is 2	
Carrot	Beet Armyworm Armyworms Aster Leafhopper	1 1/2 - 3	1	48 hrs
	Variegated Cutworm	3/4 – 1 1/2		
	Do not apply more than 21 p Do not make more than 10 a		OMYL 29LV per acre per crop.	
Cauliflower	Imported Cabbageworm	3/4 – 3 **	3	48 hrs
	Loopers Diamondback Moth	1 1/2 – 3 **		
	Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2 **		
	Do not apply more than 24 p Do not make more than 10 a treatments is 2 days. ** Add a wetting agent to imp	applications per crop; m	OMYL 29LV per acre per crop. inimum interval between	
Celery	Beet Armyworm Aster Leafhopper	1 1/2 – 3	. 7	48 hrs
	Loopers	3		
	Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2		
	Armyworms	3/4 - 3		
	Do not apply more than 24 p Do not make more than 10 a		DMYL 29LV per acre per crop.	
Chicory	Beet Armyworm Variegated Cutworm Leafhoppers	1 1/2 - 3	80	48 hrs
	Do not apply more than 6 pir Do not make more than 2 ap		MYL 29LV per acre per crop.	

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Crops	Insects	Rate ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV Pts. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI
Chinese Cabbage	Loopers Beet Armyworm	1 1/2 - 3*	10	48 hrs
	Do not apply more than 24 p Do not make more than 10 a * Minimum of 25 gallons water	pplications per crop.	DMYL 29LV per acre per crop. or 5 gallons by air.	
Collards (Fresh market only)	Diamondback Moth Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2	10	48 hrs
	Imported Cabbageworm Beet Armyworm Loopers*	1 1/2 - 3		
	Do not apply when temp. is le Do not apply when crop is le Do not apply more than 18 p Do not make more than 8 ap * Do not use for Loopers in A	ss than 10" tall. ints of ROTAM METHC plications per crop.	DMYL 29LV per acre per crop.	
Corn (Field, Popcorn & Seed)	Earworm – (Ovicide/Larvicide) Armyworm Fall Armyworm European Corn Borer Ears 1-3 days or as needed Corn Rootworm (adult beetle Flea Beetles Picnic Beetles Aphids	3/4 1 1/2	21 - Ears 3 - Forage* 21 - Stover*	48 hrs
	Variegated Cutworm, Beet Armyworm	1 1/2		
	Do not make more than 10 a *Corn forage is green activel The plants can be fed directly	pplications per crop. y growing plants that a y to animals or used to after removal of the gr	OMYL 29LV per acre per crop. re harvested with the ears intact. make silage. Corn stover are the ain at full plant maturity. These e to animals.	

Crops	Insects	Rate ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV Pts. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	RE
	EarwormWhorl as needed	1 – 1 1/2	0 -Ears	48 h
	Fall Armyworm Armyworm Earworm, (Ovicide/Larvicide) European Corn Borer -Ears 1-3 days or as needed Corn Rootworm (adult beetles) Flea Beetles Picnic Beetles Aphids	3/4 – 1 1/2	3 - Forage 21 - Stover	
	Variegated Cutworm Beet Armyworm	1 1/2		
			DMYL 29LV per acre per crop.	
	Do not make more than 28 applic treatments is 1 day.			
	Do not make more than 28 applic			

Crops	Insects	Rate ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV Pts. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI
Cotton – All US	Ovicide/Larvicide - Bollworm Tobacco Budworm (Initiate schedule when significant numbers of eggs are present Continue at 3 to 5-day intervals while eggs are present and larval control is adequate. If significant larvae survive, use higher rates below.) Lygus Bugs/Plant Bugs (adults and nymphs) Start treatment on low level population for suppression.	2/5 - 3/4 (see Insect Predator Section)	15	72 hrs
	Cotton Leafworm Cotton Fleahopper (as needed) Aphids, Thrips	3/4 - 1 1/2 2/5 - 3/4		
East of Rockies	(Early Season)	1 1/2		
only	Bollworm Tobacco Budworm Beet Armyworm Cotton Leafperforator Fall Armyworm Lygus Bugs/PlantBugs (adults and nymphs) Use as occasional spray in regular schedule but not more often than every 10 days. (Late Season) Bollworm Tobacco Budworm Beet Armyworm Cotton Leafperforator Fall Armyworm Lygus Bugs/Plant Bugs (adult and nymphs) Up to 3 applications at 3-5 day intervals after desired boll load set on plants.	1 1/2 – 2 1/4		
Texas	Cotton Aphid	3/4 – 2		
West of Rockies only	Larvicide for worms: Bollworm Fall Armyworm Tobacco Budworm Lygus Bugs Beet Armyworm	1 1/2 – 2 1/4		
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	For all applications made to Do not apply more than 6 pint Do not make more than 8 app	desired boll load set on plants. For all applications made to cotton in the United States: Do not apply more than 6 pints of ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV per acre per crop. Do not make more than 8 applications per crop. Do not graze or feed. Use may redden cotton. If excessive, stop or alternate with other insecticides.		
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Crops	Insects	Rate ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV Pts. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI
Cucumber	Loopers Tobacco Budworm Beet Armyworm Yellowstriped Armyworm Granulate Cutworm-	1 1/2 - 3	1 1/2 pt 1 Over 1 1/2 pt 3	48 hrs
	Flea Beetles Cucumber Beetles Melon Aphid Melonworm Pickleworm Fall Armyworm			
	Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2		
	Do not apply more than 18 pints of Do not make more than 12 applic		DMYL 29LV per acre per crop.	• .
Eggplant	Green Peach Aphid	3/4 – 3	5	48 hrs
	Tomato Pinworm (Ground Application Only) Beet Armyworm Corn Earworm	1 1/2 - 3		
	Do not apply more than 15 pints on Do not make more than 10 applic		DMYL 29LV per acre per crop.	
	Beet Armyworm	1 1/2 - 3	10	48 hrs
Endive, Escarole	Do not apply more than 15 pints of Do not make more than 8 applica		DMYL 29LV per acre per crop.	
Garlic	Beet Armyworm	1 1/2**	7	48 hrs
	Do not apply more than 9 pints of Do not make more than 6 applica ** Add a wetting agent to improve	tions per crop.	MYL 29LV per acre per crop.	
Grapefruit CA, AZ & HI only	Thrips Fruitree Leafroller Orange Tortrix Western Tussock Moth Beet Armyworm	1 1/2 - 3	1	72 hrs
	Do not apply more than 9 pints of Do not make more than 4 applica		MYL 29LV per acre per crop.	
Horseradish (Ground	Aphids Thrips	1 1/2	65	48 hrs
application Only)	Do not apply more than 6 pints of Do not make more than 4 applica		MYL 29LV per acre per crop.	
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48 hrs	
72 hrs	
48 hrs	
48 hrs	

Crops	Insects	Rate ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV Pts. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI
Leafy Green Vegetables: Beet (tops) Dandelions, Kale,	Beet Armyworm Cabbage Looper* Diamondback Moth Imported Cabbageworm	1 1/2 - 3	. 10	48 hrs
Mustard Greens, Parsley, Swiss Chard, Turnip Greens	Do not apply more than 12 pints of Do not make more than 8 applicates Do not use for Cabbage Loopers	tions per crop.	DMYL 29LV per acre per crop.	
Lemon CA, AZ & HI only	Thrips Western Tussock Moth Orange Tortrix Beet Armyworm	1 1/2 - 3	1	72 hrs
	Do not apply more than 9 pints of Do not make more than 4 applicat		MYL 29LV per acre per crop.	
Lentils	Western Yellowstriped Armyworm	1 1/2 - 3	21	48 hrs
	Do not apply more than 3 pints of Do not make more than 2 applicate		MYL 29LV per acre per crop.	
Lettuce	Alfalfa Looper	3/4 - 3	3/4-1 1/2 pt 7	48 hrs
(Head and Leaf varieties)	Thrips Aphids Beet Armyworm Cabbage Looper Corn Earworm Aster Leafhopper	1 1/2 - 3	over 1 1/2 pts. – 10	
	Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2		
	Lettuce (head varieties) Do not apply more than 24 pints of Do not make more than 15 application days. Lettuce (leaf varieties) Do not apply more than 12 pints of Do not make more than 8 applicant treatments is 2 days.	ns per crop; minimu	m interval between treatments is 2 DMYL 29LV per acre per crop.	

Crops	Insects	Rate ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV Pts. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI
Melons Including: Canteloupe Casaba —Santa-Claus-melon Crenshaw melon Honeydew melon Honey balls Persian melon Golden Pershaw melon Mango melon	Loopers Tobacco Budworm Beet Armyworm Yellowstriped Armyworm Granulate Cutworm Flea Beetles Cucumber Beetles Melon Aphid Melonworm Pickleworm Fall Armyworm	1 1/2 - 3	1 1/2 pts 1 day over 1 1/2 pts 3 days	48 hrs
Pineapple melon Snake melon Watermelon	Variegated Cutworm Do not apply more than 18 pints of	1 1/2	MYL 29LV per acre per crop	
	Do not make more than 12 applic			
Mint (Peppermint,	Variegated Cutworm Alfalfa Looper	3	14	48 hrs
Spearmint)	Flea Beetles	2 1/4 - 3]
	Do not apply more than 6 pints of Do not make more than 4 applica		MYL 29LV per acre per crop.	
Nectarine CA & AZ only	Thrips	1 1/2 – 3	1	72 hrs
	Do not apply more than 9 pints of Do not make more than 3 applications.		MYL 29LV per acre per crop.	

Crops	Insects	Rate ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV Pts. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI
Oats	Armyworms Cereal Leaf Beetle* Aphids**	3/4 – 1 1/2	. 7	48 hrs
	Do not apply more than 6 pints of Do not make more than 4 applica Chemigation: ROTAM METHOMY chemigation. For best results, use 29LV. Apply in 0.1 to 0.2 inches of more information. *Cereal leaf beetle: ROTAM MET cereal leaf beetle eggs when apply be timed to correspond with the ategg hatch to achieve maximum of currently registered in California. **Aphids: For aphid control, cropical adverse environmental conditions Applications on Russian wheat applications on Russian wheat applications and controls.	tions per crop. YL 29LV may be aper the highest listed of water per acre. So the MYL 29LV can lied according to la ppearance of newly vicidal effect. Use of the must be actively grow (such as, extreme)	pplied by overhead sprinkler rate of ROTAM METHOMYL see CHEMIGATION section for provide contact ovicidal effect on bel directions. Application should y laid eggs or in anticipation of on this pest stage (egg) is not rowing and not under stress from a temperatures or drought).	
Onions (Green & Dry Bulb)	Beet Armyworm Thrips* Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2 - 3** 3**	7 - Green & Dry Bulb Onions	48 hrs
	Onions, green Do not apply more than 18 pints of Do not make more than 8 applicate treatments is 5 days. Onions, dry bulb Do not apply more than 12 pints of Do not make more than 8 applicate treatments is 5 days. *Chemigation: ROTAM METHOM chemigation to control thrips. Beg thrips per plant. For best results, and a wetting agent. Apply in 0.1 CHEMIGATION section for more ** Add a wetting agent to improve	of ROTAM METHO tions per crop; min YL 29LV may be a in applications befouse the highest rate to 0.2 inches of wa information.	imum interval between MYL 29LV per acre per crop. imum treatment interval between applied by overhead sprinkler ore thrips populations reach 3-5 e of ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV	

Crops	Insects	Rate ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV Pts. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI
Oranges CA, AZ & HI only	Thrips Western Tussock Moth Orange Tortrix Fruittree Leafroller Beet Armyworm Citrus Cutworm	1 1/2 - 3		72 hrs
	Do not apply more than 9 pints of Do not make more than 4 applic		/L 29LV per acre per crop.	
Peaches	Catfacing Insects (Plant Bugs and Stink Bugs) - begin at petal fall and continue in cover sprays at 7 to 10-day intervals Oriental Fruit Moth* -begin at petal fall; use trapping devices and frequent field inspection to determine need for treatment. Continue treatment in cover sprays and alternate with residual- type insecticides registered for this use. Green Peach Aphid	3 pt (or 3/4 pt per 100 gal up to 400 gal per acre)		4 days
	Do not apply more than 18 pints Do not make more than 6 applic * Oriental Fruit Moth (Ground Ap	ations per crop.	IYL 29LV per acre per crop.	
Peanuts	Corn Earworm* Potato Leafhopper Fall Armyworm Beet Armyworm Green Cloverworm Velvetbean Caterpillar Cabbage Looper Soybean Looper ** Thrips Granulate Cutworm	3/4 - 3 1 1/4 - 3 1 1/2 - 3	21	48 hrs
	Do not apply more than 12 pints Do not make more than 8 applic Do not feed treated vines. * ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV ha **Soybean Looper is difficult to o Use higher rate for severe infest	ations per crop. s ovicidal and larvicida control. Do not apply to	al control on corn earworm.	

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Crops	Insects	Rate ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV Pts. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI
Pears	Green Fruitworm Oblique banded Leafroller	1 1/2 - 3*	7	48 hrs
Northeast only	Do not apply more than 6 pints Do not make more than 2 appli * Apply in a minimum of 50 gall	cations per crop.		- 1
Peas (succulent) Including: Pigeon peas Chick peas Garbanzo beans Dwarf peas	Alfalfa Looper Cabbage Looper* Pea Aphid Beet Armyworm Saltmarsh Caterpillar Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2 - 3	1 - Peas 5 – Forage 14 - Hay	48 hrs
Garden peas Green peas English Peas	Alfalfa Caterpillar Armyworm Green Cloverworm	3/4 - 3		
Field peas Edible pod peas	Do not apply more than 9 pints Do not make more than 6 applic treatments is 3 days. * Do not use for Cabbage Loop	cations per crop; m		
Pecans Southeast only	Aphids	1 1/2 - 3	30	48 hrs
	Do not apply more than 21 pints of ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV per acre per crop. Do not make more than 7 applications per crop.			
Peppers Including: Bell Hot Pimentos	Loopers Beet Armyworm Green Peach Aphid Armyworm Fall Armyworm	1 1/2 – 3 3/4 – 1 1/2	3	48 hrs
Sweet	Variegated Cutworm European Corn Borer	3/4 - 1 1/2		
	Do not apply more than 15 pints Do not make more than 10 app		IOMYL 29LV per acre per crop.	
Pomegranates	Omnivorous Leafroller	3	14	48 hrs
	Do not apply more than 6 pints Do not make more than 2 applic		DMYL 29LV per acre per crop.	

Crops	Insects	Rate ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV Pts. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI
Potato	Tuberworm* Loopers Aphids Beet Armyworm Leafhoppers	1 1/2 – 3	6	48 hrs
	Fall Armyworm			
	Variegated Cutworm Flea Beetles	1 1/2	•	
	Do not make more than 10 application - ROTAM METHON chemigation. For best results, us	cations per crop. MYL 29LVmay be se the highest list		
	as needed, to control tuber worm insecticides with different modes larval populations as low as poss	n populations. Ar of action may be sible prior to harv adequately conti	rest to reduce the risk of larval rol tuberworm larvae prior to crop	
Rye	Armyworms Cereal Leaf Beetle* Aphids**	3/4 – 1 1/2	7	48 hrs
	Do not apply more than 6 pints of Do not make more than 4 application - ROTAM METHOM chemigation. For best results, us 29LV. Apply in 0.1 to 0.2 inches more information.	ations per crop. MYL 29LV may b se the highest list	e applied by overhead sprinkler	
	cereal leaf beetle eggs when app be timed to correspond with the egg hatch to achieve maximum of currently registered in California.	olied according to appearance of ne ovicidal effect. Us must be actively s (such as, extre	growing and not under stress from me temperatures or drought).	
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Crops	Insects	Rate ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV Pts. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI
Sorghum	Sorghum Webworm	1 1/2*	14**	48 hrs
Including:	Sorghum Midge			
(except Sweet Sorghum)	Apply when 50% bloom and 3-5-days later if needed. Fall Armyworm (Budworm) Beet Armyworm Corn Earworm Armyworm	3/4 – 1 1/2*		
	Do not apply more than 3 pints of RO Do not make more than 2 application * Minimum of 10 gallons per acre by ** Do not apply within 14 days of fee	ns per crop. ground or 2 g	gallons per acre by air.	
Soybeans	Green Cloverworm Velvetbean Caterpillar Mexican Bean Beetle Corn Earworm - Light to moderate Infestations Corn Earworm - Moderate to severe	2/5 - 3/4 (see Insect Predator section)	14 - Soybeans 3 - Forage 12 - Hay	48 hrs
	infestations	1/0 1		
	Soybean Aphid Beet Armyworm Salt Marsh Caterpillar Bean Leaf Beetle Fall Armyworm Thrips Silver Spotted Skipper - Light to moderate infestations	1/2 – 1 3/4 – 1	·	
	Silver Spotted Skipper - Moderate to severe infestations	1 – 1 1/2	·	
	Do not apply more than 4.5 pints of F Do not make more than 3 application		HOMYL 29LV per acre per crop.	
Spinach	Alfalfa Looper Cabbage Looper Beet Armyworm Fall Armyworm	1 1/2 - 3	7	48 hrs
	Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2		
	Do not apply when minimum daily te Do not apply to seedlings less than 3 Do not apply more than 12 pints of R Do not make more than 8 application	5" diameter. OTAM METI		

Crops	Insects	Rate ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV Pts. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI
Sugar Beet	Beet Webworm Flea Beetles Carrion BeetlesBeet-Armyworm* Aphids*	3/4 - 3	30 - Tops 21- Roots	48 hrs
	Western Yellowstripe Armyworm*			
	Do not make more than 10 application - ROTAM METHON chemigation to control beet armyw	ations per crop MYL 29LV may worm, aphids a isted rate of R	y be applied by overhead sprinkler and western yellowstriped armyworm. OTAM METHOMYL 29LV. Apply in	
Summer Squash* Including: Crookneck squash Straightneck squash Scallop squash Vegetable marrow Spaghetti squash Hyotan Cucuzza Hechima Chinese okra	Loopers Tobacco Budworm Beet Armyworm Yellowstriped Armyworm Granulate Cutworm Flea Beetles Cucumber Beetles Melon Aphid Melonworm Pickleworm Fall Armyworm	1 1/2 - 3	1 1/2 pt 1 day over 1 1/2 pt 3 days	48 hrs
Bitter melon Balsam pear Balsam apple Chinese Cucumber	Do not make more than 12 applicate Fruit of the Gourd (Cucurbitacea of the fruit is edible cooked or rate.)	ations per crop e) family that w, once picke	THOMYL 29LV per acre per crop. o. are consumed when immature, 100% d cannot be stored, has a soft rind parvested they would not germinate.	
Tangelo, Tangerine CA, AZ & HI only	Thrips Western Tussock Moth Orange Tortrix Beet Armyworm	1 1/2 - 3	1	72 hrs
	Do not apply more than 9 pints of Do not make more than 4 applications			
Tobacco (Except shade)	Flea Beetle Hornworm	3/4 – 1 1/2	5 - Flue cured 14 - Air or fire cured	48 hrs
	Loopers Aphids Tobacco Budworm Fall Armyworm	1 1/2		
	Do not apply more than 7.5 pints of Do not make more than 5 applications.		THOMYL 29LV per acre per crop.	

Crops	Insects	Rate ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV Pts. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI
Tomato (Including Tomatillos*)	Tomato Fruitworm Aphids Hornworm Loopers	1 1/2 - 3	1	48 hrs
	Beet Armyworm Southern Armyworm Pinworm Armyworm Fall Armvworm Variegated Cutworm	1 1/2		
	Do not apply more than 21 pints of Do not make more than 16 applice * For tomatillos do not apply more acre per crop. Do not make more than 5 applications.	ations per crop. than 15 pints of R	, , ,	
Turf (For use on sod farms only)	Sod Webworm (after application, sprinkle irrigate for 15 minutes)	3 (1.1 fl. ozs. per 1000 sq. ft.)		48 hrs
	Do not apply more than 12 pints of Do not make more than 4 application Do not graze or feed.		MYL 29LV per acre per crop.	
Wheat	Armyworms Cereal Leaf Beetle* Aphids**	3/4 – 1 1/2	7.	48 hrs
	Do not apply more than 6 pints of Do not make more than 4 applicate Chemigation: ROTAM METHOMY chemigation. For best results, use 29LV. Apply in 0.1 to 0.2 inches of more information.	tions per crop. /L 29LV may be ap the highest listed	oplied by overhead sprinkler rate of ROTAM METHOMYL	
	*Cereal leaf beetle: ROTAM MET cereal leaf beetle eggs when appl be timed to correspond with the a egg hatch to achieve maximum or currently registered in California. **Aphids: For aphid control, crop adverse environmental conditions Applications on Russian wheat ap (<10 adults per stem).	ied according to la ppearance of newl vicidal effect. Use of must be actively gr (such as, extreme	y laid eggs or in anticipation of on this pest stage (egg) is not rowing and not under stress from a temperatures or drought).	

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Do not subject to temperatures below 32 degrees <u>F. Store product in original container only.</u> Not for use or storage in or around the home.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

Refer to the Net Contents section of this product's labeling for the applicable "Nonrefillable Container" or "Refillable Container" designation.

Nonrefillable Plastic and Metal Containers (Capacity Equal to or Less Than 5 Gallons): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then, (a) for Plastic Containers, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning; if burned, stay out of smoke, or (b) for Metal Containers, offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

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Storage and Disposal Continued

Nonrefillable Plastic and Metal Containers (Capacity Greater Than 5 Gallons): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then, (a) for Plastic Containers, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning; if burned, stay out of smoke, or (b) for Metal Containers, offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Nonrefillable Plastic and Metal Containers, e.g., Intermediate Bulk Containers [IBC] (Size or Shape Too Large to be Tipped, Rolled or Turned Upside Down): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining product contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain rinsate for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Then, (a) for Plastic Containers, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning; if burned, stay out of smoke, or (b) for Metal Containers, offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Storage and Disposal Continued

All Refillable Containers: Refillable container. Refilling Container: Refill this container with ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV containing methomyl only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. Prior to refilling, inspect carefully for damage such as cracks, punctures, abrasions, worn out threads and closure devices. Check for leaks after refilling and before transporting. Disposing of Container: Do not reuse this container for any other purpose other than refilling (see proceeding). Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then, (a) for Plastic Containers, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning; if burned, stay out of smoke, or (b) for Metal Containers, offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities. Do not transport if container is damaged or leaking.

In the event of a major spill, fire or other emergency, call CHEMTREC Day or Night, 1-800-424-9300.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product should be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of Rotam Agrochemical Company Limited or Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold Rotam Agrochemical Company Limited and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

Rotam Agrochemical Company Limited warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of the product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or Rotam Agrochemical Company Limited, and Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW ROTAM LTD MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, Rotam Agrochemical Company Limited or Seller shall not be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF ROTAM AGROCHEMICAL COMPANY LIMITED AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF ROTAM AGROCHEMICAL COMPANY LIMITED OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

Rotam Agrochemical Company Limited and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing conditions of sale and limitations of warranty and of liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of Rotam Agrochemical Company Limited.

Manufactured by: 7/F Cheung Tat Centre 18 Cheung Lee Street Chai Wan, Hong Kong 1-866-927-6826

Registered: [TBA]

[Back Page of Booklet - remains on the container when booklet is removed]

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to high Acute Toxicity to Humans

For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision, and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's Certification. Direct-supervision for this product requires the Certified Applicator to review federal and supplemental label instructions with all personnel prior to application, mixing, loading, repair or cleaning of application equipment.

GROUP 1A INSECTICIDE

Rotam Methomyl 29LV Insecticide

Water Soluble Liquid Contains 2.4 lbs. active ingredient per gallon			
Active Ingredient	By Weight		
Methomyl			
(S-methyl-N-[(methylcarbamoyl)			
oxy]thioacetimidate)	29%		
Other Ingredients	71%		
TOTAL	100%		
Contains Methanol			

[Placeholder to identify Container type]

EPA Reg. No. 83100 - 27

EPA Est. No.: 5905-GA-01

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER POISON



PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

Refer to inside label booklet for additional precautionary information including Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), User Safety Recommendations, Engineering Controls Statements, Environmental Hazards and Directions For Use.

FIRST AID

(N-Methyl Carbamate insecticide)

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth; if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything to an unconscious person.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

ATROPINE IS AN ANTIDOTE -- SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION AT ONCE IN ALL CASES OF SUSPECTED POISONING.

If poisoning symptoms appear (see POISONING SYMPTOMS), get medical attention.

POISONING SYMPTOMS — Methomyl poisoning produces effects associated with anticholinesterase activity which may include weakness, blurred vision, headache, nausea, abdominal cramps, discomfort in the chest, constriction of pupils, sweating, slow pulse, muscle tremors. If poisoning symptoms appear, refer to First Aid section and seek medical attention at once.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

TREATMENT — Atropine sulfate should be used for treatment. Administer repeated doses, 1.2 to 2.0 mg. intravenously every 10 to 30 minutes until full atropinization is achieved. Maintain atropinization until the patient recovers. Artificial respiration or oxygen may be necessary. Allow no further exposure to any cholinesterase inhibitor until recovery is assured.

Do not use 2-PAM for exposure to ROTAM METHOMYL 29LV alone. However, for exposure to combinations of ROTAM METHOMY L29LV and organophosphorous insecticides, 2-PAM may be used as required to supplement the atropine sulfate treatment. Do not use morphine.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

You may also contact the National Poison Control Center 24-hr Emergency Hotline at: 1-800-222-1222.

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER POISON



PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

Restricted Use Pesticide due to toxicity categories. For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification.

Contains Methanol. Methanol may cause blindness. Causes irreversible eye damage. May be fatal if swallowed or if inhaled. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Do not breathe spray mist. Avoid contact with skin.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category C on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Mixers, loaders, applicators, cleaners, repairers of application equipment, and others exposed to the concentrate must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants.
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as natural rubber or other materials in EPA category C.
- · Socks and chemical resistant footwear.
- Protective eyewear.
- Chemical resistant apron.
- Respirator with either an organic vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G), or a NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or a canister with any R, P, or HE prefilter.

Discard clothing or other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, and mammals. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of

equipment washwater or rinsate.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area. This chemical is known to leach through soil into groundwater under certain conditions as a result of label use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. This chemical can contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, it may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water for several days to weeks after application. These include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas overlaying extremely shallow groundwater, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and areas over-laying tile drainage systems that drain to surface water.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Combustible. Do not use or store near heat or open flame. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. The product shows potential explosive properties when heated to elevated temperatures.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

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Storage and Disposal Continued

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Nonrefillable Plastic and Metal Containers (Capacity Greater Than 5 Gallons): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then, (a) for Plastic Containers, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning; if burned, stay out of smoke, or (b) for Metal Containers, offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Storage and Disposal Continued

Nonrefillable Plastic and Metal Containers, e.g., Intermediate Bulk Containers [IBC] (Size or Shape Too Large to be Tipped, Rolled or Turned Upside Down): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining product contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain rinsate for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Then, (a) for Plastic Containers, offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning; if burned, stay out of smoke, or (b) for Metal Containers, offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

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Manufactured by:
Rotam Agrochemical Company Ltd.
7/F Cheung Tat Centre
18 Cheung Lee Street
Chai Wan, Hong Kong
1-866-927-6826

Registered: (TBA)

Net Contents Gallons TBA