

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

Jane M. Miller Sinon USA, Inc. c/o Biologic, Inc. 115 Obtuse Hill Road Brookfield, CT, 06804

NOV 1 9 2013

Subject:

Amendment to make label match parent label

Product Name: Methomyl 90 WSP EPA Registration No. 82557-3

Submission Date: September 23, 2013

Decision Number: # 483561

Dear Jane Miller,

The labeling referred to above, submitted under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, is acceptable. Submit two copies of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment. A stamped copy is enclosed for your records. If you have any questions, please contact me at (703) 347-0263 or rogala.jessica@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Reuben Baris

Acting Product Manager 07 Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch Registration Division (7505P)

Please read	instructions	on reverse	before	comple

Form Approved.

B No. 2070-0060. Approval exc

oprovel expires 2-28-95



United States

Environmental Protection Agency

	Registration
,	Amendment
	Other

OPP Identifier Number

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. Company/Product (Name) Methomyl 90 WSP				PM# 07				- L	None		Restricted
. Name and Address of Appli	cant (Include ZIP Cod				dited Rev	veiw	In accordar	ce wit	h FIFRA S	Section	on 3(c)(3)
Sinon USA, Inc. c/o Biologic, Inc. 115 C Brookfield, CT 06804			;	(b)(i), my to:	y product	is simi	lar or identi	cal in c	ompositio		
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Amendment - Explain t		dated			Final printe Agency let "Me Too"	tter date		to			<u> </u>
Notification - Explain b	elow.				Other - Exp	plain bel	ow.				;
Explanation: Use additiona This amendment is to correct t Jane M. Miller - Tel: 203-740-1	ypographical errors an	d to correct the	emergen	cy phone n		ne produ	ct registration	. This a	ction will n	ot fall	within PRIA.
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Name Jane M. Miller			Title Agent					•	ne No. 46 40-1200	clude	Area Code)
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September 20, 2013

Document Processing Desk (AMEND)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P)
US Environmental Protection Agency
One Potomac Yard
2777 S. Crystal Drive
Room S-4900, 4th Floor
Arlington, VA 22202

Attention:

Mr. John Hebert, PM #07

RE:

"Methomyl 90 WSP"; EPA Reg. No. 82557-3

Application for Label Amendment to Correct Typographical Errors & To Correct

Emergency Phone Number

Dear Mr. Hebert:

On behalf of Sinon USA, Inc. we are submitting this Application for Label Amendment to correct typographical errors and to correct emergency phone number.

The following documents are enclosed to process this Application:

- 1. Application for Pesticide Amendment (EPA Form 8570-1)
- 2. One (1) copy of the "Me-Too" label "DuPont Lannate SP Insecticide", EPA Reg. No. 352-342.
- 3. One (1) copy of the proposed revised "Methomyl 90 WSP" label with the additions/deletions highlighted in yellow.
- 4. Three (3) copies of clean amended labeling.

This amendment action is submitted under the Formulator's Exemption provision of FIFRA section 3(c)(2)(D). In addition, according to FIFRA section 3(c)(3)(b)(i) this application qualifies for an expedited review on the basis that this product is similar in labeling and composition to "DuPont Lannate SP Insecticide", EPA Reg. No. 352-342.

Should you have any questions, or wish to reach me, please feel free to contact our office at 203-740-1200.

Sincerely,

kane Miller

Agent to Sinon USA, Inc.

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to High Acute Toxicity to Humans.

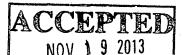
For retail sale and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification. Direct supervision for this product requires the certified applicator to review federal and supplemental label instructions with all personnel prior to application, mixing, loading, or repair or cleaning of application equipment.

GROUP 1A INSECTICIDE

METHOMYL 90 WSP INSECTICIDE

Water Soluble Powder In Water Soluble Bags

Active Ingredient	By Weight
Methomyl (S-methyl-N-[(methylcarbamoyl)oxy] thioacetimidate)	90%
Other Ingredients:	10%
TOTAL	100%



Under the Federal Insecticide, Pungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pestacide registered under EPA Reg. No. \$25<7-2

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER/PELIGRO



POISON

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

EPA Reg. No. 82557-3 EPA Est.: XXXXX-XXX

Net Contents:

[Net Contents of Package Sizes Available:

24- 8 oz (1-8 oz water soluble bag inside 1 barrier bag), 24 barrier bags in a box 6-2 lb (1-2 lb water soluble bag inside 1 barrier bag), 6 barrier bags in a box 2-101b (2-5 lb water soluble bags inside 1 barrier bag), 2 barrier bags in a box]

Manufactured For:

Sinon USA, Inc. 1080 Caròl Lane, Suite 264 Lafayette, CA 94549

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Restricted Use Pesticide due to acute oral and primary eye irritation Toxicity Category I. For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification.

Fatal if swallowed. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. May be fatal if inhaled. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Do not get into eyes or on clothing. Do not breathe dust. Avoid contact with skin. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

ethyl Carbamate insecticide.
Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have a person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

ATROPINE IS AN ANTIDOTE -- SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION AT ONCE IN ALL CASES OF SUSPECTED POISONING. If poisoning symptoms appear, get medical attention.

POISONING SYMPTOMS — Methomyl poisoning produces effects associated with anticholinesterase activity which may include weakness, blurred vision, headache, nausea, abdominal cramps, discomfort in the chest, constriction of pupils, sweating, slow pulse, muscle tremors. If poisoning symptoms appear, refer to First Aid section on front panel of METHOMYL 90 WSP label and seek medical attention at once.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For information on this product, contact the National Pesticide Information Center, 1-800-858-7378, Monday-Friday, 7:30 AM-3:30 PM PST. You may also contact the National Poison Control Center, 1-800-222-1222, day or night, for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. **TREATMENT** — Atropine sulfate should be used for treatment. Administer repeated doses, 1 2 to 2.0 mg. intravenously every 10 to 30 minutes until full atropinization is achieved. Maintain atropinization until the patient recovers. Artificial respiration or oxygen may be necessary. Allow no further exposure to any cholinesterase inhibitor until recovery is assured.

Do not use 2-PAM for exposure to METHOMLY 90 WSP alone. However, for exposure to combinations of METHOMYL 90 WSP and organophosphorous insecticides, 2-PAM may be used as required to supplement the atropine sulfate treatment. Do not use morphine.

Last approved Notification to add alternate brand name 12 17 2012 Amendment to correct typos and update label language 09 05 2013

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Applicators and others exposed to the diluted spray solution must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or butyl rubber
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses)

Mixers, loaders, cleaners, repairers of application equipment, and others exposed to the concentrate must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or butyl rubber
- Socks and chemical resistant footwear
- Protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses)
- Chemical resistant apron
- Respirator as outlined below

For handling activities, use a non-powered air purifying respirator equipped with an N-, R-, or P or HE- series filter.

For exposures in enclosed areas, a respirator with either an organic vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G), or NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or a canister with any R, P, or HE prefilter.

For exposures outdoors, Dust/mist filtering respirator (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C), or a NIOSH approved respirator with any R, P, or HE prefilter.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Discard clothing or other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENTS

Human flaggers must be in enclosed cabs.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR part 170.240 (d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

The enclosed cabs must be used in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR part 170.240 (d)(4-6)]. The handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Water soluble packets when used correctly qualify as a closed loading system under the WPS. Handlers handling this product while it is enclosed in intact water-soluble packets are permitted to wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, shoes plus socks, chemical-resistant gloves, and chemical-resistant apron, provided the other required PPE is immediately available in case the bag is opened.

Pilots must not assist in the mixing and loading operations.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS USERS SHOULD:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove personal protective equipment immediately after handling this product. Wash the
 outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into
 clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, and mammals. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean highwater mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area.

This chemical is known to leach through soil into ground-water under certain conditions as a result of label use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

This chemical can contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, it may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water for several days to weeks after application. These include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas overlaying extremely shallow groundwater, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and areas overlaying tile drainage systems that drain to surface water.

Do not apply by ground equipment within 25 feet, or by air within 100 feet of lakes, reservoirs, rivers, estuaries, commercial fish ponds and natural, permanent streams, marshes or natural, permanent ponds. Increase the buffer zone to 450 feet from the above aquatic areas when ultra low volume application is made.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Restricted Use Pesticide

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact worker or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Do not formulate this product into other end-use products without written permission from Sinon.

METHOMYL 90 WSP insecticide must be used only in accordance with directions for use on this label or in separate Sinon supplemental labeling.

Sinon will not be responsible for use of the product in a manner not specified by Sinon in the product's labeling and User assumes all risk for such use.

Use only in commercial and farm plantings. Not for use in home plantings. Not for use during any period after a commercial crop site is opened for public entry as a "U-Pick", "Pick Your Own" or similar operation; in no case shall preharvest applications be made after first public entry. The restricted entry interval and preharvest interval for the crop stated elsewhere on this label must be followed.



AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI)

REI Summary: REI peaches = 4 day; REI apple, cotton, grapefruit, lemon, nectarine, orange, tangelo, tangerine = 3 day; all other WPS uses = 48 hour REI.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

Coveralls.

Chemical Resistant Gloves Category A (such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber or nitrite rubber), all 14 mils.

Shoes plus socks.

Protective eyewear.

Discard clothing or other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

METHOMYL 90 WSP is a water soluble liquid that is applied by foliar application to control many important insect pests. METHOMYL 90 WSP is mixed with water for application.

Restrictions:

- Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation systems, except those allowed by instructions provided in a supplemental, SLN or this product label.
- **Chemigation:** Overhead sprinkler chemigation is allowed for use in alfalfa, barley, oats, onions, potatoes, rye, sugar beets, and wheat. Refer to supplemental, or Special Local Need (SLN) labeling or the crop specific sections of this label for use directions for chemigation.
- Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation systems, except those allowed by instructions provided in a supplemental, SLN or this product label.
- Hand-held equipment is prohibited for applications to crops. This product must be applied to crops only with mechanical ground, overhead sprinkler or aerial application equipment only.

SCOUTING

Monitor insect populations to determine whether or not there is a need for application of METHOMYL 90 WSP based on locally determined economic thresholds. More than one treatment of METHOMYL 90 WSP may be required to control a population of pests.

BENEFICIAL ARTHROPODS

METHOMYL 90 WSP at rates of 1/8 to 1/4 lb. per acre helps conserve certain beneficials, including big-eyed bugs, damsel bugs, flower bugs and spiders in cotton and soybeans. While these beneficials cannot be relied upon to control pests, they are of potential value and should be monitored along with pests in pest management programs on these crops.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, METHOMYL 90 WSP insecticide is a group 1A insecticide. Repeated exclusive use of METHOMYL 90 WSP or other group 1A insecticides may lead to the buildup of resistant strains of insects in some crops. Not all members of this group have been shown to be cross-resistant. Different resistance mechanisms that are not linked to target site of action, such, as enhanced metabolism, are common for this group of chemicals. Alternation of compounds from different sub-groups within this group may be an acceptable part of an integrated pest management

Some insects are known to develop resistance to products used repeatedly for control. When this occurs, the recommended dosages fail to suppress the pest population below the economic threshold. Because the development of resistance cannot be predicted, the use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the use area. These strategies may include incorporation of cultural and biological control practices, alternation of mode-of-action classes of insecticides on succeeding generations and targeting the most susceptible life stage. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities for details.

If resistance to this product develops in your area, this product, or other products with a similar mode of action, may not provide adequate control. If poor performance cannot be attributed to improper application or extreme weather conditions, a resistant strain of insect may be present. If you experience difficulty with control and resistance is a reasonable cause, immediately consult your local company representative or agricultural advisor for the best alternate method of control for your area. For additional information on insect resistance monitoring, visit the Insecticide Resistance Action Committee (IRAC) on the web at http://www.irac-online.org.

INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT

This product should be used as part of an Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program which can include biological, cultural, and genetic practices aimed at preventing economic pest damage. Application of this product should be based on IPM principles and practices including field scouting or other detection methods, correct target pest identification, population monitoring, and treating when target pest populations reach locally determined action thresholds. Consult your state cooperative extension service, professional consultants or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate action treatment threshold levels for treating specific pest/crop systems in your area.

SPRAY PREPARATION

Spray equipment must be clean and free of previous pesticide deposits before applying METHOMYL 90 WSP.

Fill spray tank ¼ to ½ full of water. Add METHOMYL 90 WSP directly to spray tank. Carefully open the outer barrier bag containing METHOMYL 90 WSP in a water soluble bag. Do not cut open the outer barrier bag. Invert the outer barrier bag allowing the inner water soluble bag to fall directly in the spray tank. Do not allow packets to become wet prior to adding to the spray tank. Do not handle, open, rip, tear, cut or perforate the inner water soluble bag. Mix thoroughly to fully dissolve the insecticide; once dissolved continued agitation is not required. Use mechanical or hydraulic means; do not use air agitation. Be sure the soluble packet is completely dissolved before adding any other ingredients. Spray mix should not be stored overnight in spray tank.

Compatibility — Since formulations may be changed and new ones introduced, it is recommended that users premix a small quantity of a desired tank mix and observe for possible adverse changes (settling out, flocculation, etc.). Avoid mixtures of several materials and very concentrated spray mixtures.

Do not use METHOMYL 90 WSP with Bordeaux mixture, "Du Ter" (triphenyltin hydroxide), lime sulfur, "Rayplex" iron nor in highly alkaline solutions. Use mildly alkaline mixtures immediately after mixing to prevent loss of insecticidal activity.

Tank-mix solutions containing Boron may affect solubility of the water soluble film. When using Boron containing solutions in a tank-mix, follow these procedures:

- Add the correct amount of METHOMYL 90 WSP water soluble packets first
- Be sure the soluble packets are completely dissolved Introduce Boron containing solutions last If the above procedure cannot be followed, and Boron is an essential part of the spray mix, substitute Methomyl 90 WSP formulation for the water soluble packets.

Tank Mix Sequence - Add different formulation types in the sequence indicated below. Allow time for complete mixing and dispersion after addition of each product.

- 1. METHOMYL 90 WSP and other products in water soluble bags
- 2. Water dispersible granules
- 3. Wettable powders
- 4. Water based suspension concentrates
- 5. Water soluble concentrates
- 6. Oil based suspension concentrates
- 7. Emulsifiable concentrates
- 8. Adjuvants, surfactants, oils
- 9. Soluble fertilizers
- 10.Drift retardants

Follow local practice and manufacturer's recommendation.

APPLICATION

Apply at the recommended rates when insect populations reach locally determined economic thresholds. Consult the cooperative extension service, professional consultants or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate threshold levels for treatment in your area.

Follow-up treatments of METHOMYL 90 WSP should be applied, as needed, to keep pest populations within threshold limits. On most crops, METHOMYL 90 WSP should be applied at 5 to 7 day intervals to maintain control. Refer to crop specific directions for use in the crop tables for more specific information on treatment intervals.

Use sufficient water to obtain thorough, uniform coverage. Since METHOMYL 90 WSP is a fast acting contact insecticide, best results follow direct spraying of the target insect.

For aerial, use a minimum of 2 gals. per acre (gpa) except 10 gpa for peaches and nectarines; 15 gpa for oranges, lemons, grapefruit, tangelos and tangerines.

For certain crops a minimum of 1 gpa for the crops listed below providing the following conditions are met:

- equipment is adjusted to distribute spray uniformly over the spray swath,
- wind conditions and other factors such as temperature and humidity are such that the spray is delivered to the target area,
- local regulations do not prohibit low-volume aerial sprays.
- use rates are applied as directed on the package label or supplemental labeling for the following crops:

Celery	Peas (succulent)
Collards	Peppermint 1
Corn	Peppers
Cotton	Potato
Cucumber	Rye
Lettuce	Soybean
Melons	Spinach
Mint	Sugar beet
Oats	Summer Squash
Peanuts	Wheat
	Collards Corn Cotton Cucumber Lettuce Melons Mint Oats

Apply the low rates on small plants, small insects and light infestations of insects. Use intermediate rates on large insects and heavier infestations of insects. Use 1 to 3 applications of the highest recommended rate for controlling severe infestations. Thereafter, use the lowest rate possible to maintain control.

Last approved Notification to add alternate brand name 12 17 2012 Amendment to correct typos and update label language 09 05 2013

SPRAY TANK CLEANOUT

Immediately following application, thoroughly clean all spray equipment to reduce the risk of forming hardened deposits which might become difficult to remove.

Drain spray equipment. Thoroughly rinse sprayer and flush hoses, boom and nozzles with clean water.

Clean all other associated application equipment. Take all necessary safety precautions when cleaning equipment. Do not clean near wells, water sources or desirable vegetation. Dispose of waste rinse water in accordance with local regulations.

CHEMIGATION

Instructions for the Use of METHOMYL 90 WSP on Alfalfa, Barley, Oats, Green and Dry Bulb Onions, Potatoes, Rye, Sugar Beets and Wheat Using Overhead Sprinkler Chemigation

Overhead chemigation applications offer the advantage of greater penetration and coverage of the target plant. However, typical chemigation applications are more dilute than ground or aerial applications. For best results, it is recommended to keep the concentration of METHOMYL 90 WSP as high as possible in the application. Apply METHOMYL 90 WSP in 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water per

METHOMYL 90 WSP is most active as a contact insecticide, although it does also have activity via ingestion of treated plants. For best results, applications of METHOMYL 90 WSP should take place when the insects are active and most likely to come into direct contact with the application.

Types of Irrigation Systems:

METHOMYL 90 WSP may be applied through overhead sprinkler irrigation systems for control of various pests. Center pivot and lateral move irrigation systems are preferred. Other overhead sprinkler systems; such as end tow, side (wheel) roll and solid set, may be used if they provide uniform water distribution. Do not use filter screen: smaller than 50 mesh throughout the system, due to possible build up of material on 100 mesh or smaller screens. Do not apply METHOMYL 90 WSP through any other type of irrigation systems, except those allowed by instructions provided in a supplemental, SLN or this product label.

Directions for Chemigation: Preparation

A pesticide tank is recommended for the application of METHOMYL 90 WSP in chemigation systems. Thoroughly clean the injection system and tank of any fertilizer or chemical residues using a standard clean-out procedure. Dispose of any residues in accordance with State and Federal laws. Add 1/4 to 1/2 of the desired amount of water and then measure the required amount of METHOMYL 90 WSP into the tank. Complete filling the tank by adding the required amount of water. Agitate thoroughly to insure a uniform solution of METHOMYL 90 WSP. Once in solution, no further agitation is required. Injection solution should not be stored overnight. Highly alkaline water should be buffered so that the pH of the spray solution is in the range of neutral to slightly acidic (pH5-7).

Injection Into Chemigation Systems

Inject the proper amount of the METHOMYL 90 WSP solution into the irrigation water flow using a positive displacement injection pump. Injection should occur at a point in the main irrigation water flow to ensure thorough mixing with the irrigation water. For continuously moving systems, inject the solution containing METHOMYL 90 WSP into the irrigation water line continually and uniformly throughout the irrigation cycle. Apply in no more than 0.2 inches of water per acre. For overhead sprinkler systems that are stationary, add the solution containing METHOMYL 90 WSP to the irrigation water line, and apply no more than 0.2 inches of water per acre, just before the end of the irrigation cycle.



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Uniform Water Distribution

The irrigation system used for application of METHOMYL 90 WSP must provide for uniform distribution of METHOMYL 90 WSP treated water. Non-uniform distribution might result in crop injury, lack of effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in or on the crop being treated. Ensure the irrigation system is calibrated to uniformly distribute the chemigation application to the crop. Contact the equipment manufacturer, the local University Extension agent or other experts if you have questions about achieving uniform distribution of the application.

Equipment Calibration

Calibrate the irrigation system and injector before applying METHOMYL 90 WSP. Calibrate the injection pump while the system is running using the expected irrigation rate. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact your state extension service specialists, equipment manufacturer or other experts.

Monitoring of Chemigation Applications

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of a responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise. Wear the personal protective equipment as defined in the PPE section of the label for cleaners and repairers of application equipment when making adjustments or repairs on the chemigation system when METHOMYL 90 WSP is in the irrigation water.

Required System Safety Devices

Do not connect any irrigation system used for pesticide applications to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices are in place. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption, if such a system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals at least 60 days out of the year.

- 1. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction.

There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

Posting of Areas to be Treated

Posting of areas to be chemigated is required when 1) any part of a treated area is within 300 feet of sensitive areas such as residential areas, labor camps, businesses, daycare centers, hospitals, inpatient clinics, nursing homes, or any other public areas such as schools, parks, playgrounds, or other public facilities not including public roads, or 2) when the chemigated area is open to the public such as golf courses or retail greenhouses.

Posting must conform to all the following requirements. Treated areas shall be posted with signs at all usual points of entry and along likely routes of approach from the listed sensitive areas. When there are no usual points of entry, signs must be posted in the corners of the treated areas and in any other location affording maximum visibility to sensitive areas. The signs shall be printed in ENGLISH. Signs must be posted prior to application and must remain posted until foliage has dried and soil surface water has disappeared. Signs may remain in place indefinitely as long as they are composed of materials to prevent deterioration and maintain legibility for the duration of the posting period.

All words shall consist of letters at least 2 ½ inches tall, and all letters and the symbol shall be a color, which sharply contrasts with their immediate background. At the top of the sign shall be the words "KEEP OUT", followed by an octagonal stop sign symbol at least 8 inches in diameter containing the word "STOP". Below the symbol shall be the words "PESTICIDE IN IRRIGATED WATER". Posting for chemigation does not replace other posting and reentry requirements for farm worker safety.

Operation

Start the water pump and sprinkler, and let the system achieve the desired pressure and speed before starting the injector. Start the injector and calibrate the injection system according to the directions above. This procedure is necessary to deliver the desired rate per acre in a uniform manner. Apply METHOMYL 90 WSP in 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water per acre. When the application is finished, allow the entire irrigation and injector system to be thoroughly flushed clean before stopping the system. End guns must be turned off during the application, if they irrigate nontarget areas or if they do not provide uniform application and coverage.

It is recommended that nozzles in the immediate area of control panels, chemical supply tanks, wellheads and system safety devices be plugged to prevent contamination of these areas.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Do not apply when system connections or fittings leak or when nozzles do not provide uniform distribution.

Cleaning the System

Thoroughly clean the injection system and tank of all fertilizer or chemical residues using a standard cleanout procedure. Dispose of any residues in accordance with State and Federal laws. Consult your owner's manual or your local equipment dealer for cleanout procedures for your injection system.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment-and-weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

- 1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- 2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the **Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information.**

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AERIAL DRIFT REDUCTION ADVISORY INFORMATION Importance of Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets (>150 - 200 microns). The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. The presence of sensitive species nearby, the environmental conditions, and pest pressure may affect how an applicator balances drift control and coverage. APPLYING LARGER DROPLETS REDUCES DRIFT POTENTIAL, BUT WILL NOT PREVENT DRIFT IF APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IMPROPERLY OR UNDER UNFAVORABLE ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS! See **Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions** sections of this label.

Controlling Droplet Size - General Techniques

- **Volume** Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle
 types lower pressure produces larger droplets. Use the lower spray pressures recommended for
 the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. WHEN
 HIGHER FLOW RATES ARE NEEDED, USE A HIGHER-CAPACITY NOZZLE INSTEAD OF INCREASING
 PRESSURE.
- **Nozzle Type** Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Controlling Droplet Size - Aircraft

- Number of Nozzles Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- **Nozzle Orientation** Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- **Nozzle Type** Solid stream nozzles (such as disc and core with swirl plate removed) oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types and the lowest drift.
- **Boom Length** For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than ³/₄ of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width
- **Application Height** Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plant unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.
- **Swath Adjustment** When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore on the up and downward edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.)

BOOM HEIGHT

Setting the boom at the lowest labeled height (if specified) which provides uniform coverage reduces the exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind. For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

WIND

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 3-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 3 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. AVOID GUSTY OR WINDLESS CONDITIONS.

Note: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

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TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain close to the ground and move laterally in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally, in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipate indicates good vertical air mixing.

SENSITIVE AREAS

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce the effects of wind. However, it is the responsibility of the applicator to verify that the shields are preventing drift and not interfering with uniform deposition of the product.

AIR ASSISTED (AIR BLAST) FIELD CROP SPRAYERS

Air assisted field crop sprayers carry droplets to the target via a downward directed air stream. Some may reduce the potential for drift, but if a sprayer is unsuitable for the application and/or set up improperly, high drift potential can result. It is the responsibility of the applicator to determine that a sprayer is suitable for the intended application, is configured properly, and that drift is not occurring.

Note: Air assisted field sprayers can affect product performance by affecting spray coverage and canopy penetration. Consult the application equipment section of this label to determine if use of an air assisted sprayer is recommended.

AIR ASSISTED (AIR BLAST) TREE AND VINE SPRAYERS

Air assisted tree and vine sprayers carry droplets into the canopy of trees and vines via a radially or laterally directed air stream. These sprayers are not suitable for applying herbicides. In addition to the general drift management principles already described, the following specific practices will further reduce the potential for drift:

- Adjust deflectors and aiming devices so that spray is only directed into the canopy.
- Block off upward pointed nozzles when there is no overhanging canopy.
- Use only enough air volume to penetrate the canopy and provide good coverage.
- Do not allow spray to go beyond the edge of the cultivated area. Spray the outside row only from outside the planting.



Crops	Insects	Rate METHOMYL 90 WSP Lbs. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI
A 15-15-	Pea Aphid	1/2 - 1	7*	48 hrs.
Alfalfa	Lygus Bugs		/ "	1
	Blotch Leafminer			1
	Aphids		·	1
	Egyptian Alfalfa			
	Weevil Larvae			
	Loopers			
	Beet Armyworm]		Ì
	Armyworm			
	Alfalfa Caterpillar			
	Fall Armyworm			i
	Western Yellowstriped		(
	Armyworm			
	Yellowstriped Armyworm		,	
	Alfalfa Weevil Larvae	1	*]
		<u> </u>		
•	Variegated Cutworm	1/4 - 1	L	4
			daily temperature is 50° F or lower.	1
	Do not apply more than 4 pour		acre/crop.	
	Do not make more than 10 app			
			head sprinkler chemigation. For best	1
			Apply in 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water per	1
	acre. See "Chemigation" section			
	 Do not apply within 7 days 	of cutting or allowing livesto	ck to graze.	
1	Cabbage Looper	1	. 7	48 hrs
Anisė (Fennel)	Beet Armyworm	^q 1/2 - 1	• /	48 Hrs
	Do not apply more than 5 pour		acre/crop	7
	Do not make more than 10 ap		acre, crop.	
	Apple Aphid	1/2 - 1 *	T	+
		1/2 - 1 *] 14	
	Rosy Apple Aphid			ŀ
Apple	Tufted Apple Budmoth			1
Ground	Green Fruitworm			72 hrs
application only	Tarnished Plant Bug	4		
	Codling Moth			
•	(10-12 day spray intervals)			
	Leafrollers		·	
	(Fruittree, Obliquebanded, Redbanded, Variegated)			
		1 *		
	Lesser Appleworm	1	ì	1
	White Apple Leafhopper			,
	Tentiform Leafminer]		
	Cutworm	1		
	Do not use on Early Macintosh	& Wealthy varieties.		7
	Do not apply more than 5 pour	1	acre /crop.	
			erval between treatments is 7 days.	
	* Apply in a minimum of 50 g			i
Asparagus		1/2 - 1	1	48 hrs
naparayus	Beet Armyworm	1/2 - 1	1	701115
	Western Yellowstriped	Į.		l
	Armyworm			
	Asparagus Beetle			
•	Spotted Asparagus Beetle			1
	White Cutworm			1
•	Redbacked Cutworm	<u> </u>		
	Variegated Cutworm	1/2]	
	Do not apply more than 5 pour		acre/crop.	7
	Do not make more than 8 app		as. s, a op.	
	Western Avocado Leafroller			+
A •		1/2 - 1	1	48 hr
Avocado		1		1
Avocado	Omnivorous Looper			⊣ i
Avocado		nd of METHOMYL 90 WSP/a	cre/crop.	\dashv
Avocado	Omnivorous Looper		Cre/crop.	1
Avocado	Omnivorous Looper Do not apply more than 1 pou Do not make more than 2 app		cre/crop.	
Avocado Barley	Omnivorous Looper Do not apply more than 1 pou		cre/crop.	48 hr



Crops	Insects	Rate Methomyl 90 WSP Lbs. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI	
Barley (cont'd)	results, use the highest listed r acre. See "Chemigation" sectio *Cereal leaf beetle: METHOMY eggs when applied according to appearance of newly laid eggs Use on this pest stage (egg) is **Aphids: For aphid control, cr	nds of METHOMYL 90 WSP/a ications/crop. WSP may be applied by over ate of METHOMYL 90 WSP. In for more information. L 90 WSP can provide conta to label directions. Application or in anticipation of egg hat not currently registered in Cop must be actively growing as, extreme temperatures	rhead sprinkler chemigation. For best Apply in 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water per act ovicidal effect on cereal leaf beetle in should be timed to correspond with the ach to achieve maximum ovicidal effect. California. g and not under stress from adverse or drought). Applications on Russian		
Beans (Succulent) Including:	Leafhopper Mexican Bean Beetle	1/4 - 1	Succulent Beans 1/4 – 1/2 lb. — 1,	48 hrs.	
Kidney beans Lima beans	Fall Armyworm Variegated Cutworm	1/2	over 1/2 lb. — 3; 3 Vines		
Mung beans Navy beans Pinto beans Snap beans Wax beans Broad beans Fava beans Asparagus beans Blackeyed peas Cowpeas	Beet Armyworm Corn Earworm Saltmarsh Caterpillar, Yellowstriped Armyworm Western Yellowstriped Armyworm, Lygus Bugs Thrips Aphids Loopers*	1/2 - 1	7 Hay		
Chick peas Garbanzo beans Sweet lupine White sweet lupine White lupine Grain lupine	European Corn Borer (Ovicide & Larvicide) Initiate when moth flights first appear and-continue preventive treatments at 3-4 day intervals to control eggs and larvae				
	Spotted Cucumber Beetle	1/4 -1/2		4	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Succulent Beans - Do not apply more than 5 pou Do not make more than 10 ap * Do not use for Loopers in Al	plications/crop.	acre /crop.		
Beans (Dry) (Same as Succulent Beans)	(Same as Succulent Beans)	(Same as Succulent Beans)	14 Dry Beans * 14 Vines * 14 Hay *	48 hrs.	
	Do not apply more than 5 pou Do not make more than 10 ap Do not use for Loopers in AL 8 * Do not apply within 14 days	plications/crop. k GA.	acre /crop.		
Beets (Table)	Imported Cabbageworm	1/4 - 1	0 - roots	48 hrs.	
	Beet Armyworm Cabbage Looper Diamondback Moth	1/2 - 1	10 – tops		
	Cucumber Beetle Variegated Cutworm	1/2			
	Do not apply more than 4 pounds of METHOMYL 90 WSP/acre/crop. Do not make more than 8 applications/crop.				
Bermudagrass Pasture	Fall Armyworm, Armyworm Striped Grass Looper	1/4 - 1	7 Forage * 3 Dehydrated Hay **	48 hrs.	
	Do not apply more than 1 pou Do not make more than 4 app * Do not apply within 7 days of ** Do not apply within 3 days	olications/crop. Of feeding forage or allowing	acre/crop.		

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Crops	Insects	Rate Methomyl 90 WSP Lbs. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI
Blueberries	Blueberry Leafhopper		3	48 hrs.
	Aphids Tussock Moth	1/2		
	Weevil			
	Sharp-Nosed Leafhopper			·
	Cranberry Fruitworm*	1/2 - 1		
	Cherry Fruitworm* Flea Beetle (larvae)	-,		1.
	Sawfly (larvae)	1		
	Blueberry Leafroller			
	Blueberry Maggot	1/4 - 1/2		4
	Do not apply during bloom. Do not apply more than 4 pour	nds of METHOMYL'90 WSP/a	acre/crop.	
	Do not make more than 4 appl			
<u></u>	* For ground use only.			
Broccoli	Loopers Diamondback Moth	1/2 - 1 **	3	48 hrs.
	Imported Cabbageworm	1/4 - 1 **	,	
	Do not apply more than 7 pour		acre/crop.	
	Do not make more than 10 ap	plications/crop; minimum int	erval between treatments is 2 days.	
	** Add a wetting agent to imp	rove coverage.		
Brussels Sprouts	Loopers	1/2 - 1 **	3	48 hrs.
	Imported Cabbageworm Diamondback Moth	ļ		Į.
	Variegated Cutworm	1/2 **	•	
	Do not apply more than 6 pour		acre/crop.	+
		plications/crop; minimum int	erval between treatments is 2 days.	
Cabbage	Loopers*	1/2 - 1 **	1	48 hrs.
	Diamondback Moth Fall Armyworm			
	Imported Cabbageworm	1/4 - 1 **		
	Variegated Cutworm	1/2 **		_
	Do not apply more than 8 pour		acre/crop. erval between treatments is 2 days.	
	* Do not use for Loopers in AL		ervar between treatments is 2 days.	
	** Add a wetting agent to imp	rove coverage		
Carrot	Beet Armyworm Armyworms	1/2 -1	1 ,	48 hrs.
	Aster Leafhopper		•	
	Variegated Cutworm	1/4 - 1/2		
	Do not apply more than 7 pou		acre/crop.	
0 10	Do not make more than 10 ap			_
Cauliflower	Imported Cabbageworm	1/4 - 1 **	3	48 hrs
	Loopers Diamondback Moth	1/2 – 1 **		- [
	Variegated Cutworm	1/2 **		
	Do not apply more than 8 pou			
			erval between treatments is 2 days.	
Calani	** Add a wetting agent to imp Beet Armyworm	1/2 -1	7	
Celery	Aster Leafhopper	-1/2 -	,	48 hrs
	Loopers	1		1
	Variegated Cutworm	1/2		
	IA wood a common	1/4 - 1	l .	1
	Armyworms	1/4-1	<u> </u>	

Crops	Insects	Rate Methomyl 90 WSP Lbs. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI
Chicory	Beet Armyworm Variegated Cutworm Leafhoppers	1/2 - 1	80	48 hrs.
	Do not apply more than 2 pour Do not make more than 2 appli		acre/crop.	
Chinese Cabbage	Loopers Beet Armyworm	1/2 - 1*	10	48 hrs.
	Do not apply more than 8 pour Do not make more than 10 app * Minimum of 25 gallons water	olications/crop.	•	
Collards	Diamondback Moth Variegated Cutworm	1/2	10	48 hrs.
(Fresh market only)	Imported Cabbageworm Beet Armyworm Loopers*	1/2 - 1		
	Do not apply when temp. is les Do not apply when crop is less Do not apply more than 6 pour Do not make more than 8 appli * Do not use for Loopers in AL	than 10" tall. Ids of METHOMYL 90 WSP/a cations/crop.	acre/crop.	
Còrn (Field, Popcorn & Seed)	Earworm, (Ovicide/Larvicide) Armyworm Fall Armyworm European Corn Borer - Ears 1 to 3 days or as needed Corn Rootworm (adult beetles) Flea Beetles Picnic Beetles Aphids	1/4 -1/2	21 Ears 3 Forage* 21 Stover*	48 hrs.
	Variegated Cutworm Beet Armyworm	1/2		
	be fed directly to animals or us	olications/crop. growing plants that are han ed to make silage. Corn sto	P/acre/crop. vested with the ears intact The plants can ver are the parts of the plant that remain laining stalks and leaves can be fed as	
Corn (Sweet)	Earworm—Whorl as needed	1/3 - 1/2	0 Ears	48 hrs.
	Fall Armyworm Armyworm Earworm - (Ovicide/Larvicide) European Corn Borer -Ears 1-3 days or as needed Corn Rootworm (adult beetles) Flea Beetles Picnic Beetles Aphids	1/4 - 1/2	3 Forage 21 Stover	
	Variegated Cutworm Beet Armyworm	1/2 et corn are susceptible to m	ethomyl injury. Treat a small area to	
	determine crop safety before f Do not apply more than 7 pour	ull scale spraying. nds of METHOMYL 90 WSP/		_



Crops	Insects	Rate Methomyl 90 WSP Lbs. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI
Cotton U.S	Ovicide/Larvicide - Bollworm, Tobacco Budworm (Initiate schedule when significant numbers of eggs are present. Continue at 3 to 5-day intervals while eggs are present and larval	1/8 – 1/4 (see Insect Predator Section)	15	72 hrs.
	control is adequate. If significant larvae survive, use higher rates below.) Lygus Bugs/Plant Bugs (adults and nymphs) Start treatment on low level population for suppression.			
	Cotton Leafworm	1/4 - 1/2		1
, i	Cotton Fleahopper (as needed)	1/8 - 1/4		
	Aphids, Thrips	1/4		
опіу	(Early Season) Bollworm, Tobacco Budworm, Beet Armyworm, Cotton Leafperforator, Fall Armyworm, Lygus Bugs/Plant Bugs (adults and nymphs) Use as occasional spray in regular schedule but not more often	1/2		
	than every 10 days. (Late Season) Bollworm, Tobacco Budworm, Beet Armyworm, Cotton Leafperforator, Fall Armyworm, Lygus Bugs/Plant Bugs (adult and nymphs). Up to 3 applications at 3-5 day intervals after desired boll load set on plants.	1/2 - 3/4		
	Cotton Aphid	1/4 - 2/3	•	-
West of Rockies only	Larvicide for worms: Bollworm, Fall Armyworm, Tobacco Budworm, Lygus Bugs Beet Armyworm	1/2 - 3/4		
	Cotton Leafperforator	1/3 – 3/4		
			3-5 day intervals after desired boll load	1
	For all applications made to Do not apply more than 2 pour Do not make more than 8 appl Use may redden cotton if exce Do not graze or feed.	nds of METHOMYL 90 WSP/a ications/crop.	cre/crop.	
Cucumber	Loopers Tobacco Budworm	1/2 - 1	1/2 lb. — 1 . Over 1/2 lb 3	48 hrs.
/	Beet Armyworm Yellowstriped Armyworm Granulate Cutworm Flea Beetles	· .		
	Cucumber Beetles Melon Aphid Melonworm Pickleworm			
	Fall Armyworm			1
	Variegated Cutworm	1/2		1

Crops	Insects	Rate Methomyl 90 WSP Lbs. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI	
Sacriant	Green Peach Aphid	1/4 - 1	. 5	48 hrs.	
Eggplant	Tomato Pinworm (Ground Application Only) Beet Armyworm	1/2 - 1			
	Corn Earworm				
	Do not apply more than 5 pour Do not make more than 10 app		cre/crop.		
Endive, Escarole	Beet Armyworm	1/2 - 1	10	48 hrs.	
Litaive, Escarole	Do not apply more than 5 pour Do not make more than 8 appl	•	cre/crop.		
Garlic	Beet Armyworm	1/2 **	. 7	48 hrs.	
	Do not apply more than 3 pour Do not make more than 6 appl ** Add a wetting agent to imp	ications/crop.	cre/crop.		
Grapefruit CA, AZ & HI only	Thrips Fruittree Leafroller Orange Tortrix Western Tussock Moth Beet Armyworm	1/2 - 1	1	72 hrs.	
	Do not apply more than 3 pour Do not make more than 4 appl		cre/crop.		
Horseradish Ground	Aphids Thrips	1/2	65	48 hrs.	
application only	1	Do not apply more than 2 pounds of METHOMYL 90 WSP/acre/crop. Do not make more than 4 applications/crop.			
Leafy Green Vegetables: Beet (tops) Dandelions, Kale,	Beet Armyworm Cabbage Looper* Diamondback Moth Imported Cabbageworm	1/2 -1	10	48 hrs.	
Mustard Greens, Parsley, Swiss Chard, Turnip Greens	Do not apply more than 4 pounds of METHOMYL 90 WSP/acre/crop. Do not make more than 8 applications/crop. * Do not use for Cabbage Loopers in AL & GA.				
Lemon CA, AZ & HI only	Thrips Western Tussock Moth Orange Tortrix Beet Armyworm	1/2 - 1	. 1	72 hrs.	
<u> </u>	Do not apply more than 3 pour Do not make more than 4 apple		cre/crop.		
Lentils	Western Yellowstriped Armyworm	1/2 - 1	21	48 hrs.	
	Do not apply more than 1 pound of METHOMYL 90 WSP/acre/crop. Do not make more than 2 applications/crop.				
Lettuce	Alfalfa Looper	1/4 - 1	1/4-1/2 lb. — 7	48 hrs.	
	Thrips	1/2 - 1	over 1/2 lb. — 10	10 1113.	
(head varieties and Leaf	Aphids	,	, <u>, </u>		
varieties)	Beet Armyworm Cabbage Looper			1	
	Corn Earworm				
	Aster Leafhopper	1/2	,	-	
	Variegated Cutworm	1/2			
	Lettuce (leaf varieties) Do not apply more than 4 pou	plications/crop; minimum inte nds of METHOMYL 90 WSP/a	erval between treatments is 2 days. cre/crop.		
	Do not make more than 8 app	lications/crop; minimum inter	val between treatments is 2 days.		

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Crops	Insects	Rate METHOMYL 90 WSP Lbs. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI
Crenshaw melon	Loopers Tobacco Budworm Beet Armyworm Yellowstriped Armyworm Granulate Cutworm Flea Beetles	1/2 – 1	1/2 lb. – 1 day over 1/2 lb. –3 days	48 hrs.
Honeydew melon Honey balls Persian melon Golden Pershaw melon	Cucumber Beetles Melon Aphid Melonworm Pickleworm Fall Armyworm	·		
Mango melon Pineapple melon	Variegated Cutworm	1/2		
Snake melon Watermelon	Do not apply more than 6 pour Do not make more than 12 app		acre/crop.	
Mint (Peppermint,	Variegated Cutworm Alfalfa Looper	1	14	48 hrs.
Spearmint)	Flea Beetles	3/4 - 1		
	Do not apply more than 2 pour Do not make more than 4 appl		acre/crop.	
Noctarino	Thrips	1/2 - 1	1	72 hrs.
Nectarine CA & AZ only	Do not apply more than 3 pour Do not make more than 3 appl		acre/crop.	
Oats	Armyworms Cereal Leaf Beetle* Aphids**	1/4 – 1/2	7	48 hrs.
	results, use the highest listed r acre. See "Chemigation" sectio * Cereal leaf beetle: METHOM' eggs when applied according t the appearance of newly laid e effect. Use on this pest stage (**Aphids: For aphid control, cr	lications/crop. VSP may be applied by over rate of METHOMYL 90 WSP. on for more information. VL 90 WSP can provide control of label directions. Application of eggings or in anticipation of egging is not currently register op must be actively growing as, extreme temperatures	head sprinkler chemigation. For best Apply in 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water per act ovicidal effect on cereal leaf beetle in should be timed to correspond with g hatch to achieve maximum ovicidal ered in California. g and not under stress from adverse or drought). Applications on Russian	
Onions	Beet Armyworm	1/2 - 1**		48 hrs.
(Green &Dry Bulb)	Thrips* Variegated Cutworm Black Cutworm Onions, Green	1 **	7 Green and Dry Bulb Onions	
	Do not apply more than 6 pour Do not make more than 8 appl Onions, dry bulb Do not apply more than 4 pour Do not make more than 8 app	lications/crop; minimum inte nds of METHOMYL 90 WSP/ lications/crop; minimum inte	erval between treatments is 5 days. acre/crop. erval between treatments is 5 days. erhead sprinkler chemigation to control	
	thrips. Begin applications before	re thrips populations reach 3 0.2 inches of water per acre	s-s trings per plant. For best results, add a se. See "Chemigation" section for more	
	thrips. Begin applications before wetting agent. Apply in 0.1 to information.	re thrips populations reach 3 0.2 inches of water per acre		

Crops	Insects	Rate METHOMYL 90 WSP Lbs. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI
Oranges	Thrips	1/2 - 1	1	72 hrs
CA, AZ & HI	Western Tussock Moth	1	•	/2 nrs
Only	Orange Tortrix	İ		1
•	Fruittree Leafroller			l l
	Beet Armyworm	·		
	Citrus Cutworm	[]	•	
	Do not apply more than 3 pour	nds of Methomyl 90 WSP/acre	e/crop	0
	Do not make more than 4 appl		-, c. op.	1.
	Catfacing Insects	1 16		4 days
Peaches	(Plant Bugs and Stink	1 lb.	4	
	Bugs)	(or ¼ lb. per 100	•	
	- begin at petal fall and	gal up to 400 gal.		
	continue in cover sprays	per acre)		
	at 7-to 10-day intervals	i i		
	Oriental Fruit Moth*			\
	-begin at petal fall; use	· ·		
	trapping devices and	i i		
	frequent field inspection to			
	determine need for			1
	treatment.			
	Continue treatment in			
•				
	cover sprays and alternate			1
	with residual-type			
	insecticides register for this			.
	USC.	Į.		1
•	Green Peach Aphid	-d6 M-th 00 WCD /		-
	Do not apply more than 6 pour		e/crop.	
	Do not make more than 6 app			
	* Oriental Fruit Moth (Ground	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 		┷
Peanuts	Corn Earworm*	1/4 – 1	21	40 5
	Potato Leafhopper	i i	21	48 hrs.
	Fall Armyworm			1 .
	Beet Armyworm	3/8 - 1		
	Green Cloverworm		•	1
	Velvetbean Caterpillar	1/2 -1		1
•	Cabbage Looper			1
	Soybean Looper **			,
	Thrips			1
	Granulate Cutworm	i i		
		<u> </u>		-
	Do not apply more than 4 pour		cre/crop.	
	Do not make more than 8 app	lications/crop.		
	* METHOMYL 90 WSP has ovid	cidal and larvicidal control on o	corn earworm.	Į.
	**Soybean Looper is difficult t	o control. Do not apply to wo	rms greater than 1/2" long.	
	Use higher rate for severe infe	stations. Do not feed treated	vines.	1
Pears	Green Fruitworm			48 hrs.
Northeast only	Obliquebanded	1/2 – 1*	. 7	TO OFS.
NOI LITEAST UTILY	Leafroller	1		
•		nds of METHOMYL OO WCD/	oro loron	1
	Do not apply more than 2 pour	iius oi mei nomite 90 WSP/ac	аеустор.	l
	Do not make more than 2 app			
	* Apply in a minimum of 50 ga	alions of water per acre.	<u> </u>	
Peas (succulent)	Alfalfa Looper	. 1	1 Peas	48 hrs.
Including:	Cabbage Looper*	1/2 4		-
Digeon near	Pea Aphid	1/2 - 1	5 Forage	
Pigeon peas	Beet Armyworm		14 Hay	
Chick peas	Saltmarsh Caterpillar	(· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	
Garbanzo beans	Variegated Cutworm	, I		1
Dwarf peas		1// 1	•	
Garden peas	Alfalfa Caterpillar	1/4 – 1		
Green peas	Armyworm	1		1
English Peas	Green Cloverworm		<u> </u>	
Field peas	Do not apply more than 3 pou			
i icia peas				
Edible pod peas	Do not make more than 6 app	lícations/crop; minimum inter	val between treatments is 3 days.	-

Crops	Insects	Rate METHOMYL 90 WSP Lbs. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI
Pecans	Aphids	1/2 - 1	30	48 hrs.
Southeast only	Do not apply more than 7 pounds of METHOMYL 90 WSP/acre/crop. Do not make more than 7 applications/crop.			
Peppers Including: Bell Hot Pimentos Sweet	Loopers Beet Armyworm Green Peach Aphid Armyworm Fall Armyworm	1/2 -1	3	48 hrs.
Sweet	Variegated Cutworm	1/4 - 1/2		1
	European Corn Borer Do not apply more than 5 pou Do not make more than 10 ap		acre/crop.	\
Pomegranates	Omniverous Leafroller	1	14	48 hrs.
	Do not apply more than 2 pour Do not make more than 2 app		acre/crop.	}
Potato	Tuberworm* Loopers Aphids Beet Armyworm Leafhoppers Fall Armyworm	1/2 - 1	6	48 hrs.
	Variegated Cutworm Flea Beetles	1/2		1
	acre. See "Chemigation" section * Repeat applications of METH tuberworm populations. An application of the tuberword to keep foliar feeding is a feeding to the tuberword of tuberword o	on for more information. HOMYL 90 WSP on a 5-7 day pplication of effective insection ng larval populations as low libers. Failure to adequately of	Apply in 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water per schedule, or longer as needed to control cides with different modes of action may as possible prior to harvest to reduce the control tuberworm larvae prior to crop	1
Rye	scenescence or vinekill increase Armyworms	1/4 - 1/2	7	48 hrs.
	Cereal Leaf Beetle* Aphids**			-
	results, use the highest listed acre. See "Chemigation" section * Cereal leaf beetle: METHOM eggs when applied according appearance of newly laid eggs Use on this pest stage (egg) is **Aphids: For aphid control, or	olications/crop. WSP may be applied by over rate of METHOMYL 90 WSP. on for more information. WL 90 WSP can provide cont to label directions. Applications or in anticipation of egg has not currently registered in crop must be actively growing thas, extreme temperatures	head sprinkler chemigation. For best Apply in 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water per act ovicidal effect on cereal leaf beetle in should be timed to correspond with the tch to achieve maximum ovicidal effect. California. g and not under stress from adverse or drought). Applications on Russian	
·				·
				1

Crops	Insects	Rate METHOMYL 90 WSP Lbs. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI
Sorghum	Sorghum Webworm	1/2 *	14**	48 hrs.
Including: Sudangrass (Except Sweet Sorghum)	Sorghum MidgeApply when 50% bloom and 3-5 days later if needed. Fall Armyworm (Budworm) Beet Armyworm Corn Earworm Armyworm	1/4 - 1/2 *		
	Do not apply more than 1 pour Do not make more than 2 appl * Minimum of 10 gallons per a ** Do not apply within 14 days	ications/crop. cre by ground or 2 gallons p	er acre by air.	
Soybeans	Green Cloverworm Velvetbean Caterpillar Mexican Bean Beetle Corn Earworm Light to moderate	1/8 - 1/4 (see Insect Predator section)	14 Soybeans 3 Forage 12 Hay	48 hrs.
	Moderate to severe infestations	1/4 - 1/2	·	
	Soybean Aphid Beet Armyworm Salt Marsh Caterpillar Bean Leaf Beetle Fall Armyworm Thrips Silver Spotted Skipper Light to moderate infestations	1/6 - 1/3 1/4 - 3/8		·
	Moderate to severe infestations	3/8 - 1/2		
	Do not apply more than 1.5 po Do not make more than 3 appl		P/acre/crop.	
Spinach	Alfalfa Looper Cabbage Looper Beet Armyworm Fall Armyworm	1/2 - 1	7	48 hrs.
	Variegated Cutworm Do not apply when min. daily to be not apply to seedlings less Do not apply more than 4 pou Do not make more than 8 app	than 3" diameter. nds of METHOMYL 90 WSP/	acre/crop.	
Sugar Beet	Beet Webworm Flea Beetles Carrion Beetles Beet Armyworm* Aphids* Western Yellowstriped Armyworm*	1/4 - 1	30 Tops 21 Roots	48 hrs.
	Variegated Cutworm Do not apply more than 5 pou Do not make more than 10 ap *Chemigation- METHOMYL 90 beet armyworm, aphids and w	plications/crop. WSP may be applied by ove restern yellowstriped armyw	acre/crop. erhead sprinkler chemigation to control orm. For best results, use the highest es of water per acre. See "Chemigation"	



Crops	Insects	Rate METHOMYL 90 WSP Lbs. Per Acre	Last Application -Days To Harvest	REI
	Loopers	1/2 - 1	1/2 lb. — 1 dav	48 hrs.
Including:	Tobacco Budworm	,	over 1/2 lb.— 3 days	
Crookneck squash				
	Yellowstriped Armyworm			
squash	Granulate Cutworm Flea Beetles			
Scallop squash Vegetable marrow				
	Melon Aphid			
Spaghetti squash	Melonworm			
Hyotan	Pickleworm			
Cucuzza	Fall Armyworm			
Hechima Chinese okra	Do not apply more than 6 pour	nds of METHOMYL 90 WSP/acr	e/cron	
Bitter melon	Do not make more than 12 ap		c, crop.	
Balsam pear			ed when immature, 100% of the	
Balsam apple	fruit is edible cooked or raw, o			,
Chinese Cucumber	penetrated, and if seeds were	harvested they would not germ	ninate.	
	Thrips	1/2 -1	1	72 hrs
Tangelo,	Western Tussock Moth		<u>-</u>	′~ '"`
Tangerine CA, AZ & HI	Orange Tortrix			l
Only	Beet Armyworm].	,	}
Offig		de of METHOMYL OO WCD /se	- Admin -	
	Do not apply more than 3 pour Do not make more than 4 appl		re/crop.	
		ications/crop.	<u> </u>	
Tobacco	Flea Beetle	1/4 – 1/2	5 Flue cured	48 hrs
(Except shade)	Hornworm		14 Air or fire cured	
(Except shade)	Loopers	1/2		Ì
	Aphids	·		
	Tobacco Budworm			
	Fall Armyworm	<u> </u>		
	Do not apply more than 2.5 po Do not make more than 5 app	ounds of METHOMYL 90 WSP /a lications/crop.	acre/crop.	
Tomato	Tomato Fruitworm	1/2 -1	1	48 hrs
(Including	Aphids			
Tomatillos*)	Hornworm	[,	
Torridanos /	Loopers			
	Beet Armyworm		•	
	Southern Armyworm			
	Pinworm			
*	Armyworm			
	Fall Armyworm	1/2	-	
	Variegated Cutworm	1/2	<u> </u>	
	1	nds of METHOMYL 90 WSP/acr	re/crop.	
	Do not make more than 16 ap		NA COLUCE I - I	
		nore than 5 pounds of METHON	TYL 90 WSP /acre/crop.	
	Do not make more than 5 app			15.1
Turf	Sod Webworm	1 (2/5		48 hrs
(For use on sod	(after application, sprinkle	(2/5 oz. per 1000 sq. ft.)		
farms only)				<u> </u>
farms only)	irrigate for 15 minutes)			
farms only)	Do not apply more than 4 pou	nds of METHOMYL 90 WSP /ac	re/crop.	i
farms only)	Do not apply more than 4 pou Do not make more than 4 app	nds of METHOMYL 90 WSP /ac	re/crop.	
farms only)	Do not apply more than 4 pou Do not make more than 4 app Do not graze or feed.	nds of METHOMYL 90 WSP /ac lications/crop.		
	Do not apply more than 4 pou Do not make more than 4 app Do not graze or feed. Armyworms	nds of METHOMYL 90 WSP /ac	7 7	48 hrs
farms only) Wheat	Do not apply more than 4 pou Do not make more than 4 app Do not graze or feed. Armyworms Cereal Leaf Beetle*	nds of METHOMYL 90 WSP /ac lications/crop.		48 hrs
	Do not apply more than 4 pou Do not make more than 4 app Do not graze or feed. Armyworms Cereal Leaf Beetle* Aphids**	nds of METHOMYL 90 WSP /ac lications/crop. 1/4 -1/2	7	48 hrs
	Do not apply more than 4 pou Do not make more than 4 app Do not graze or feed. Armyworms Cereal Leaf Beetle* Aphids** Do not apply more than 2 pou	nds of METHOMYL 90 WSP /ac lications/crop. 1/4 -1/2 ands of METHOMYL 90 WSP /ac	7	48 hrs
	Do not apply more than 4 pou Do not make more than 4 app Do not graze or feed. Armyworms Cereal Leaf Beetle* Aphids** Do not apply more than 2 pou Do not make more than 4 app	nds of METHOMYL 90 WSP /ac lications/crop. 1/4 -1/2 ands of METHOMYL 90 WSP /ac lications/crop.	re/crop.	48 hrs
	Do not apply more than 4 pou Do not make more than 4 app Do not graze or feed. Armyworms Cereal Leaf Beetle* Aphids** Do not apply more than 2 pou Do not make more than 4 app Chemigation- METHOMYL 90 N	nds of METHOMYL 90 WSP /ac lications/crop. 1/4 -1/2 Inds of METHOMYL 90 WSP /ac slications/crop. WSP may be applied by overhe	7 cre/crop. ad sprinkler chemigation. For best	48 hrs
	Do not apply more than 4 pou Do not make more than 4 app Do not graze or feed. Armyworms Cereal Leaf Beetle* Aphids** Do not apply more than 2 pou Do not make more than 4 app Chemigation- METHOMYL 90 versults, use the highest listed	nds of METHOMYL 90 WSP /ac lications/crop. 1/4 -1/2 Inds of METHOMYL 90 WSP /ac slications/crop. WSP may be applied by overhe rate of METHOMYL 90 WSP. Ap	re/crop.	48 hrs
	Do not apply more than 4 pou Do not make more than 4 app Do not graze or feed. Armyworms Cereal Leaf Beetle* Aphids** Do not apply more than 2 pou Do not make more than 4 app Chemigation- METHOMYL 90 results, use the highest listed acre. See "Chemigation" section	nds of METHOMYL 90 WSP /ac lications/crop. 1/4 -1/2 Inds of METHOMYL 90 WSP /ac slications/crop. WSP may be applied by overhe rate of METHOMYL 90 WSP. Ap on for more information.	7 cre/crop. ad sprinkler chemigation. For best oply in 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water per	48 hrs
	Do not apply more than 4 pou Do not make more than 4 app Do not graze or feed. Armyworms Cereal Leaf Beetle* Aphids** Do not apply more than 2 pou Do not make more than 4 app Chemigation- METHOMYL 90 versults, use the highest listed acre. See "Chemigation" section. **Cereal leaf beetle: METHOM*	nds of METHOMYL 90 WSP /ac lications/crop. 1/4 -1/2 Inds of METHOMYL 90 WSP /ac dications/crop. WSP may be applied by overhe rate of METHOMYL 90 WSP. Ap on for more information. YL 90 WSP can provide contact	7 cre/crop. ad sprinkler chemigation. For best oply in 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water per to vicidal effect on cereal leaf beetle	
	Do not apply more than 4 pou Do not make more than 4 app Do not graze or feed. Armyworms Cereal Leaf Beetle* Aphids** Do not apply more than 2 pou Do not make more than 4 app Chemigation- METHOMYL 90 versults, use the highest listed acre. See "Chemigation" section. **Cereal leaf beetle: METHOM*	nds of METHOMYL 90 WSP /ac lications/crop. 1/4 -1/2 Inds of METHOMYL 90 WSP /ac dications/crop. WSP may be applied by overhe rate of METHOMYL 90 WSP. Ap on for more information. YL 90 WSP can provide contact	7 cre/crop. ad sprinkler chemigation. For best oply in 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water per	
	Do not apply more than 4 pou Do not make more than 4 app Do not graze or feed. Armyworms Cereal Leaf Beetle* Aphids** Do not apply more than 2 pou Do not make more than 4 app Chemigation- METHOMYL 90 versults, use the highest listed acre. See "Chemigation" sections care in the company of t	nds of METHOMYL 90 WSP /ac lications/crop. 1/4 -1/2 Inds of METHOMYL 90 WSP /ac lications/crop. WSP may be applied by overhe rate of METHOMYL 90 WSP. Ap on for more information. YL 90 WSP can provide contact to label directions. Application :	7 cre/crop. ad sprinkler chemigation. For best oply in 0.1 to 0.2 inches of water per to vicidal effect on cereal leaf beetle should be timed to correspond with the to achieve maximum ovicidal effect.	

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**Aphids: For aphid control, crop must be actively growing and not under stress from adverse environmental conditions (such as, extreme temperatures or drought). Applications on Russian wheat aphid need to begin when aphid population is low (<10 adults per stem).

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Handle this package carefully to prevent breakage of inner bag when stored at low temperatures. Allow to warm above 50° F for normal handling. Store product in original container only. Do not contaminate water, other pesticides, fertilizer, food or feed in storage. Not for use or storage in or around the home.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Refer to the Net Contents section of this product's labeling for the applicable "Nonrefillable Container".

Outer Foil Pouches of Water Soluble Packets (WSP): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available or, dispose of the empty outer foil pouch in the trash as long as WSP is unbroken. If the outer pouch contacts the formulated product in any way, the pouch must be triple rinsed with clean water. Add the rinsate to the spray tank and dispose of the outer pouch as described previously.

Do not transport if this container is damaged or leaking. If the container is damaged, leaking or obsolete, or in the event of a major spill, fire or other emergency, contact [enter phone number].

Notice: Please read the entire label, including the supplemental labeling enclosed. Before buying or using this product, read the Limitation of Warranty and Liability in the supplemental labeling. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, for a refund of the purchase price.



LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read this Limitation of Warranty and Liability Before Buying or Using This Product. If the Terms Are Not Acceptable, Return the Product at Once, Unopened, and the Purchase Price Will Be Refunded.

It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Such risks arise from weather conditions, soil factors, off target movement, unconventional fanning techniques, presence of other materials, the manner of use or application, or other unknown factors, all of which are beyond the control of Sinon USA, Inc. These risks can cause: ineffectiveness of the product, crop injury, or injury to non-target crops or plants. WHEN YOU BUY OR USE THIS PRODUCT, YOU AGREE TO ACCEPT THESE RISKS.

Sinon USA, Inc. warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label thereof and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks described above, when used in accordance with the Directions for Use under normal conditions.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, SINON USA, INC. MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY. TO THE EXTENT WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR OF MERCHANTABILITY OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO EVENT SHALL SINON USA, INC. OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR ANY INCIDENTAL CONSEQUENTIAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT. BUYER'S OR USER'S BARGAINED-FOR EXPECTATION IS CROP PROTECTION.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF SINON USA, INC. OR SELLER, FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY OR CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT OR STRICT LIABILITY), WHETHER FROM FAILURE TO PERFORM OR INJURY TO CROPS OR OTHER PLANTS, AND RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT, OR AT THE ELECTION OF SINON USA, INC. OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

To the extent consistent with applicable law that allows such requirement, Sinon USA, Inc. or its Ag Retailer must have prompt notice of any claim so that an immediate inspection of buyer's or user's growing crops can be made. Buyer and all users shall promptly notify Sinon USA, Inc. or a Sinon USA, Inc. Ag Retailer of any claims, whether based on contract, negligence, strict liability, other tort or otherwise, or be barred from any remedy.

This Limitation of Warranty and Liability may not be amended by any oral or written agreement.

Last approved Notification to add alternate brand name 12 17 2012 Amendment to correct typos and update label language 09 05 2013 3

Water Soluble Bag Labeling: RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

EPA Reg. No. 82557-3

METHOMYL 90 WSP

INSECTICIDE

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER/PELIGRO



POISON

90% METHOMYL

Refer to the outer bag and Directions for Use folder for detailed instructions. (Pictures depicting proper package opening displayed here).

Foil Pouch

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to High Acute Toxicity to Humans.

For retail sale and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification. Direct supervision for this product requires the certified applicator to review federal and supplemental label instructions with all personnel prior to application, mixing, loading, or repair or cleaning of application equipment

Sinon USA, Inc.

Methomyl 90 WSP insecticide

Water Soluble Powder in Water Soluble Bags

	GROUP	1A :	INSECTICIDE	╛
ACTIVE INGREDIENT BY	WFIGHT			
Methomyl(S-methyl-N-(methy	/lcarbamoyl)oxy]thioacetimida			
OTHER INGREDIENTS		*************************	<u>10%</u>	
EPA Reg. No. 82557-3 EPA E	st. No. XXXXX-XX-XXX		TOTAL 100%	

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER/PELIGRO



Poison

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Restricted Use Pesticide due to acute oral and primary eye irritation Toxicity Category I. For retail sale and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification.



FATAL IF SWALLOWED. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. May be fatal if inhaled. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Do not get into eyes or on clothing. Do not breathe dust. Avoid contact with skin. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

FIRST AID This Product is an N-M	lethyl Carbamate insecticide.
IF SWALLOWED:	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have a person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF IN EYES:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF INHALED:	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

ATROPINE IS AN ANTIDOTE --SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION AT ONCE IN ALL CASES OF SUSPECTED POISONING. If poisoning symptoms appear, get medical attention.

POISONING SYMPTOMS — Methomyl poisoning produces effects associated with anticholinesterase activity which may include weakness, blurred vision, headache, nausea, abdominal cramps, discomfort in the chest, constriction of pupils, sweating, slow pulse, muscle tremors. If poisoning symptoms appear, refer to First Aid section on front panel of METHOMYL 90 WSP label and seek medical attention at once.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For information on this product, contact the National Pesticide Information Center, 1-800-858-7378, Monday-Friday, 7:30 AM-3:30 PM PST. You may also contact the National Poison Control Center, 1-800-222-1222, day or night, for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. **TREATMENT** — Atropine sulfate should be used for treatment. Administer repeated doses, 1.2 to 2.0 mg. intravenously every 10 to 30 minutes until full atropinization is achieved. Maintain atropinization until the patient recovers. Artificial respiration or oxygen may be necessary. Allow no further exposure to any cholinesterase inhibitor until recovery is assured.

Do not use 2-PAM for exposure to METHOMLY 90 WSP alone. However, for exposure to combinations of METHOMYL 90 WSP and organophosphorous insecticides, 2-PAM may be used as required to supplement the atropine sulfate treatment. Do not use morphine.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Applicators and others exposed to the diluted spray solution must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or butyl rubber
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses)

Amendment to correct typos and update label language 09 05 2013

Mixers, loaders, cleaners, repairers of application equipment, and others exposed to the concentrate must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or butyl rubber
- Socks and chemical resistant footwear
- Protective eyewear(goggles, face shield, or safety glasses)
- Chemical resistant apron
- Respirator as outlined below

For handling activities, use a non-powered air purifying respirator equipped with an N-, R-, or P or HE- series filter.

For exposures in enclosed areas, a respirator with either an organic vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G), or NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or a canister with any R, P, or HE prefilter.

For exposures outdoors, Dust/mist filtering respirator (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C), or a NIOSH approved respirator with any R, P, or HE prefilter.

Discard clothing or other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENTS

Human flaggers must be in enclosed cabs.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR part 170.240 (d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

The enclosed cabs must be used in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR part 170.240 (d)(4-6)]. The handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Water soluble packets when used correctly qualify as a closed loading system under the WPS. Handlers handling this product while it is enclosed in intact water-soluble packets are permitted to wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, shoes plus socks, chemical-resistant gloves, and chemical-resistant apron, provided the other required PPE is immediately available in case the bag is opened.

Pilots must not assist in the mixing and loading operations.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

USERS SHOULD:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove personal protective equipment immediately after handling this product. Wash the
 outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into
 clean clothing.



ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, and mammals. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean highwater mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area.

This chemical is known to leach through soil into ground-water under certain conditions as a result of label use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

This chemical can contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, it may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water for several days to weeks after application. These include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas overlaying extremely shallow groundwater, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and areas overlaying tile drainage systems that drain to surface water.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation.

See back panel for additional precautionary statements.

Sold By:

Sinon USA, Inc. Lafayette, CA 94549

Net 2 lb

BACK Reads This Way

THIS PACKAGE CONTAINS METHOMYL 90 WSP IN A WATER-SOLUBLE BAG-ENTIRE CONTENTS DISSOLVE IN WATER.

After opening package, immediately dump entire contents into spray tank. Do not touch inner bag; handling may cause breakage.

BACK Reads This Way

After opening package, immediately dump entire contents into spray tank. Do not touch inner bag; handling may cause breakage.

SEE DIRECTIONS FOR USE FOLDER BELOW

NOTE: Remove folder through perforated plastic envelope after breaking perforations. Do not pull plastic envelope away from package; this might tear package and expose contents.

Place Directions For Use Here

See Directions for Use in Supplemental Labeling attached.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to supplemental labeling under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

NOTICE: Please read the entire label, including the supplemental labeling attached. Before buying or using this product, read the Limitation of Warranty and Liability in the supplemental labeling. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, for a refund of the purchase price.

NOTICE TO BUYER: Purchase of this material does not confer any rights under patents of countries outside of the United States.

Top flap

Carton containing 6-2 lb. envelopes

Methomy! 90 WSP in WATER SOLUBLE PACKAGES

THIS SIDE UP AVOID ROUGH HANDLING BELOW 50° F. LIFT FLAP TO OPEN — DO NOT CUT Front Panel

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to High Acute Toxicity to Humans.

For retail sale and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification. Direct supervision for this product requires the certified applicator to review federal and supplemental label instructions with all personnel prior to application, mixing, loading, or repair or cleaning of application equipment.

GROUP 1A INSECTICIDE

METHOMYL 90 WSP INSECTICIDE

Water Soluble Powder In Water Soluble Bags

Active Ingredient	By Weight
Methomyl (S-methyl-N-[(methylcarbamoyl)oxy] thioacetimidate)	90%
Other Ingredients:	10%
TOTAL	100%

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER/PELIGRO



POISON

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

EPA Reg. No. 82557-3 EPA Est.: XXXXX-XXX

See back and side panel for additional precautionary statements.



Side Panel

METHOMYL 90 WSP INSECTICIDE

Water Soluble Powder In Water Soluble Bags

Net 12 lbs. (6-2 lb. envelopes)

Back Panel

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Restricted Use Pesticide due to acute oral and primary eye irritation Toxicity Category I. For retail sale and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification.

FATAL IF SWALLOWED. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. May be fatal if inhaled. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Do not get into eyes or on clothing. Do not breathe dust. Avoid contact with skin. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

FIRST AID	
This Product is an I	N-Methyl Carbamate insecticide.
IF SWALLOWED:	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have a person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF IN EYES:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF INHALED:	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

ATROPINE IS AN ANTIDOTE --SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION AT ONCE IN ALL CASES OF SUSPECTED POISONING. If poisoning symptoms appear, get medical attention.

POISONING SYMPTOMS — Methomyl poisoning produces effects associated with anticholinesterase activity which may include weakness, blurred vision, headache, nausea, abdominal cramps, discomfort in the chest, constriction of pupils, sweating, slow pulse, muscle tremors. If poisoning symptoms appear, refer to First Aid section on front panel of METHOMYL 90 WSP label and seek medical attention at once.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For information on this product, contact the National Pesticide Information Center, 1-800-858-7378, Monday-Friday, 7:30 AM-3:30 PM PST. You may also contact the National Poison Control Center, 1-800-222-1222, day or night, for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. **TREATMENT** — Atropine sulfate should be used for treatment. Administer repeated doses, 1.2 to 2.0 mg. intravenously every 10 to 30 minutes until full atropinization is achieved. Maintain atropinization until the patient recovers. Artificial respiration or oxygen may be necessary. Allow no further exposure to any

cholinesterase inhibitor until recovery is assured.

Do not use 2-PAM for exposure to METHOMLY 90 WSP alone. However, for exposure to combinations of METHOMYL 90 WSP and organophosphorous insecticides, 2-PAM may be used as required to supplement the atropine sulfate treatment. Do not use morphine.



PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Applicators and others exposed to the diluted spray solution must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- · Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or butyl rubber
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses)

Mixers, loaders, cleaners, repairers of application equipment, and others exposed to the concentrate must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or butyl rubber
- Socks and chemical resistant footwear
- Protective eyewear(goggles, face shield, or safety glasses)
- Chemical resistant apron
- Respirator as outlined below

For handling activities, use a non-powered air purifying respirator equipped with an N-, R-, or P or HE- series filter.

For exposures in enclosed areas, a respirator with either an organic vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G), or NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or a canister with any R, P, or HE prefilter.

For exposures outdoors, Dust/mist filtering respirator (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C), or a NIOSH approved respirator with any R, P, or HE prefilter.

Discard clothing or other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENTS

Human flaggers must be in enclosed cabs.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR part 170.240 (d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

The enclosed cabs must be used in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR part 170.240 (d)(4-6)]. The handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Water soluble packets when used correctly qualify as a closed loading system under the WPS. Handlers handling this product while it is enclosed in intact water-soluble packets are permitted to wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, shoes plus socks, chemical-resistant gloves, and chemical-resistant apron, provided the other required PPE is immediately available in case the bag is opened.

Pilots must not assist in the mixing and loading operations.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS USERS SHOULD:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove personal protective equipment immediately after handling this product. Wash the
 outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into
 clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, and mammals. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean highwater mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area.

This chemical is known to leach through soil into ground-water under certain conditions as a result of label use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

This chemical can contaminate surface water through spray drift. Under some conditions, it may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water for several days to weeks after application. These include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas overlaying extremely shallow groundwater, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and areas overlaying tile drainage systems that drain to surface water.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation.

Sold By: Sinon USA, Inc. Lafavette, CA 94549 Side Panel

[DOT SYMBOL]

CARBAMATE PESTICIDES, SOLID, TOXIC (METHOMYL) UN 2757

4G/Y6.7/5/04 USA/+AA1482

See Directions for Use in Supplemental Labeling enclosed.

Agricultural Use Requirements

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