



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY  
WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY  
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

November 7, 2016

Janice E. Asato  
Regulatory Consultant for LAM International Corp.  
Technology Sciences Group Inc.  
1150 18<sup>th</sup> St. NW, Suite 1000  
Washington, DC 20036

Subject: PRIA Label Amendment – amendment to change precautionary label language  
Product Name: LYNX EC 5.0  
EPA Registration Number: 82074-7  
Application Date: 06/09/2016  
Decision Number: 519034

Dear Ms. Asato:

The amended label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable. This approval does not affect any conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance

Page 2 of 2  
EPA Reg. No. 82074-7  
Decision No. 519034

with FIFRA section 6. If you have any questions, you may contact Elizabeth Fertich at 703-347-8560 or via email at [fertich.elizabeth@epa.gov](mailto:fertich.elizabeth@epa.gov).

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Kable Bo Davis', enclosed within a large, hand-drawn oval.

Kable Bo Davis  
Product Manager 03  
Invertebrate & Vertebrate Branch 1  
Registration Division (7505P)  
Office of Pesticide Programs

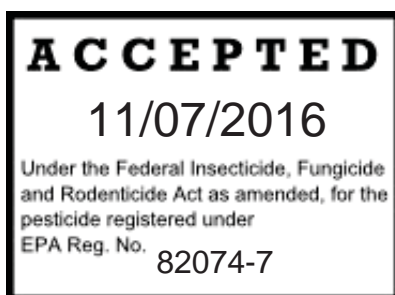
Enclosure

# LAM INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

## LYNX EC 5.0 MASTER LABEL

### Sub-Label A:

**For Agricultural / Livestock / Commercial Use Only  
Not for Residential Use**



EPA Reg. No. 82074-7  
EPA Est. No. 65626-MT-02



**ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**

Pyrethrins ..... 5.00%

OTHER INGREDIENTS:..... 95.00%

TOTAL.....100.00%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

## CAUTION

### FIRST AID

**IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:**

- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**IF INHALED:**

- Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**IF SWALLOWED:**

- Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For information regarding medical emergencies or pesticide incidents, call 1-888-740-8712.

### LAM INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

117 S. Parkmont; P.O. Box 4109-Butte, MT 59702; Ph: (406)782-2386; Fax: (406)782-9912  
EPA Reg. No. 82074-7 EPA Est. Number 65626-MT-02

Edition:  
Net Contents

Lot No.:  
Expiration Date:

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS  
**HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

**CAUTION**

Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through skin or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)**

Mixers, loaders, applicators, and other handlers must wear the following:

- Long-sleeved shirt
- Long pants
- Shoes and socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves (such as Barrier Laminate, Nitrile Rubber, Neoprene Rubber, Viton, Selection Category E)

In addition to the above PPE, applicators using hand held foggers in an enclosed area must wear a half-face, full-face, or hood-style NIOSH approved respirator with:

- A Powered air purifying respirator (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C), or
- Powered air purifying canister-type respirator (gas-mark) (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G), or
- A cartridge or canister with any R, P or HE filter.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides 40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

**USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This product is toxic to aquatic organisms, including fish and invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. This product may contaminate water through runoff. This product has a potential for runoff for several weeks after application. Poorly draining soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to produce runoff that contains this product. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are foraging the treatment area. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash-waters or rinsate.

## **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency for pesticide regulation.

### **AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR, Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Long sleeved shirt and long pants;
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate, Nitrile Rubber, Neoprene Rubber, or Viton;
- Shoes plus socks.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

For any requirement specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

### **NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR, Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not enter or allow others to enter until vapors, mists, and aerosols have dispersed, and the treated area has been thoroughly ventilated.

Do not enter or allow others to enter until sprays have dried.

## INDOOR AREAS FOR USE IN AND AROUND:

Greenhouses

## OUTDOOR AREAS for use in and around:

Nurseries

Outdoor Growing Crops

## TO KILL THE FOLLOWING INSECTS:

Angoumois Grain Moths, Ants (excluding fire and Pharaoh ants), Aphids, Apple Maggots, Armored Scales, Armyworms, Artichoke Plume Moths, Asparagus Beetles, Bagworms, Bean Beetles, Beet Armyworms, Beetles, Bermuda Grass Mirids, Billbugs, Blister Beetles, Blow Flies, Boll Weevils, Box Elder Bugs, Branch and Twig Borers, Cabbage Loopers, Cabbage Maggots, Cadelles, Cankerworms, Carrot Weevils, Caterpillars, Chalcids, Cheese Skippers, Cherry Fruit Flies, Cigarette Beetles, Clover Mites, Clover Weevils, Cockroaches, Codling Moths, Colorado Potato Beetles, Confused Flour Beetles, Corn Earworms, Crane Flies, Crickets, Cross-striped Cabbageworms, Cucumber Beetles, Cucumber Beetles (12-spotted), Dark Mealworms, Darkling Beetles (lesser meal worm), Diamondback Larvae and Moths, Dried Fruit Beetles, Drugstore Beetles, Earwigs, Eastern Tent Caterpillars, Elm Leaf Beetles, Eriophyid Mites, European Pine Tip Moths, Fire worms, Flea Beetles, Fleas, Forest Tent Caterpillars, Fruit Flies, Fruit tree Leafrollers, Fruitworms, Fungus Gnats, Garden Symphylan, Glassy Winged Sharpshooters, Gnats, Grain Mites, Grape Leaf Skeletonizers, Grape Leafhoppers, Grape Mealy bugs, Grasshoppers, Green bugs, Green Fruit Worms, Green Peach Aphids, Greenhouse Thrips, Gypsy Moths (adults & larvae), Harlequin Bugs, Heliothis spp., Horn Flies, Hornworms, House Flies, Imported Cabbageworms, Indian Meal Moths, Japanese Beetles, Katydid, Lace Bugs, Leaf-footed plant bugs, Leafhoppers, Leafminers, Leafrollers, Leathers, Loopers, Lygus, Maggots, Mealy Bugs, Mediterranean Flour Moths, Mexican Bean Beetles, Midges (non-biting), *Millipedes*, *Mites*, Mole crickets, Moths, Mushroom Flies, Navel Orangeworms, Olive Fruit Flies, Onion Maggots, Orange Tortrix, Pacific flatheaded borers, Pear Psyllids, Pepper Weevils, Pink bollworms, Potato Leafhoppers, Potato Tuberworms, Poultry Lice, Proba bugs, Psyllids, Red Flour Beetles, Rice Weevils, Saltmarsh caterpillars, Saw-Toothed Grain Beetles, Scales, Sharpshooters, Sheep "Tick" or Ked, Shore flies, Shot hole borers, Silverfish, Skippers, Small Flying Moths, Soft Scales, Southern chinch bugs, Sow bugs, Spider Beetles, Springtails, Squash bugs, Stable Flies, Stink Bugs, Tarnished Plant Bugs, Thrips, Ticks, Tobacco Moths, Tomato budworms, Tomato bugs, Tomato Fruit worms, Tomato Hornworms, Tomato pinworms, Tomato Russet Mite, Tussock moths, Vine mealy bugs, Vinegar Flies, Webworms, Weevils, Western Yellow-striped armyworms, Whiteflies and Yellow Mealworms.

## USE RESTRICTIONS:

- Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.
- Not for use in outdoor metered release devices.
- Keep unprotected persons out of treated areas until sprays have dried.
- Allow spray to dry before allowing adults, children or pets on treated areas.
- Do not wet plants to the point of runoff or drip.
- Do not apply more than 10 times per season.
- Do not reapply within 3 days except under extreme pest pressure.
- In case of extreme pest pressure, do not reapply within 24 hours.
- For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. Not for use in outdoor residential misting systems.
- Do not apply when food, feed, and or/water is present.
- Not for indoor use except in greenhouses.

### **Spray Drift Management for Agricultural Crops**

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator and the grower. The interactions of many equipment and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions. Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 10 mph at the application site. Do not make any type of application into temperature inversions. Apply as a medium or coarser spray (ASABE standard 572).

### **Additional Requirements for Aerial Applications:**

Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the ground or crop canopy. The boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade diameter. Aerial applicators must consider flight speed and nozzle orientation in determining droplet size. When applications are made with a cross-wind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

### **Additional requirements for ground applications:**

Do not release spray at a height greater than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.

### **Additional requirements for airblast applications:**

Direct sprays into the canopy.  
Turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and when spraying outer rows.

### **PESTICIDE RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT**

LYNX<sup>®</sup> EC 5.0 contains a Group 3A insecticide. Insect biotypes with acquired resistance to Group 3A may eventually dominate the insect population if Group 3A insecticides are used repeatedly in the same field or in successive years as the primary method of control for targeted species. This may result in partial or total loss of control of those species by LYNX<sup>®</sup> EC 5.0 or other Group 3A insecticides.

To delay insecticide resistance consider:

- Avoiding the consecutive use of LYNX<sup>®</sup> EC 5.0 or other group 3A insecticides that have a similar target site of action, on the same insect species.
- Using tank mixtures or premixes with insecticides from a different target site of action Group as long as the involved products are all registered for the same use and have different sites of action.
- Basing insecticide use on a comprehensive IPM program.
- Monitoring treated insect population for loss of field efficacy.
- Contacting your local extension specialist, certified crop advisors, and/or manufacturer for insecticide resistance management and or IPM recommendations for the specific site and resistance pest problems.

### **USE DIRECTIONS:**

To avoid possible harm to honey bees, apply in the early morning or late evening hours. Pyrethrins degrade rapidly in sunlight. To ensure the best performance, coverage is key. Use spray equipment that will provide the best coverage and direct contact with as many insects as possible.

Kills only at time of application. Listed insect pests must be directly contacted to be effective.



**TANK MIX:** This product may be tank mixed with other insecticides, acaricides, fungicides, adjuvants, and wetting agents. This application should conform to accepted use precautions and directions for both products. Tank mix applications must be made in accordance with the more restrictive of label limitations and precautions. No label application rates may be exceeded. This product cannot be mixed with any product with label prohibitions against such mixing.

Prior to tank mixing, a compatibility test should be conducted using the proper proportions of products and water to ensure the physical compatibility of the mixture.

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** Plant safety is an important consideration when using insecticides in a greenhouse. However, it is not possible to evaluate the phytotoxicity of LYNX® EC 5.0 on numerous plant varieties that may react differently to insecticides in different growth stages or under varying environmental conditions. Before making widespread applications of LYNX® EC 5.0, or tank mix combinations, treat a limited number of plants and observe for phytotoxicity over a 10-day period.

**DIRECTIONS FOR APPLICATION THROUGH IRRIGATION SYSTEMS (CHEMIGATION):**

Apply this product only through sprinkler (including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move) irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for the operation or under the supervision of the responsible person shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional normally closed, solenoid-operated valve, located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure valve which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must be a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Constant agitation must be maintained in the chemical supply tank during the entire period of insecticide application. Greater accuracy in calibration and distribution will be achieved by injecting a larger volume of more dilute suspension per unit of time.

## **GROWING CROPS (OUTDOORS AND IN GREENHOUSES AND NURSERIES):**

Apply 4.5 to 17 fluid ounces per acre (333 ml to 1,242 ml/Ha) by ground equipment in sufficient water for thorough coverage. This product may be applied by air at the rate of 4.5 to 17 fluid ounces per acre (333 ml to 1,242 ml/Ha) in a minimum of 20 gallons (75.6L) of water. Mix only enough for, immediate use. Spraying should begin when insects first appear. Do not wait until plants are heavily infested. Repeat as needed but not more than once daily.

LYNX<sup>®</sup> EC 5.0 may be used on most crops because its active ingredient is exempt from tolerances when applied to growing crops. The crop-grouping scheme used on this label was devised by the Environmental Protection Agency to expedite minor use pesticide registration. Each crop grouping on this label contains the phrase "including, but not limited to" and then lists a number of crops in each group. This wording allows the use of LYNX<sup>®</sup> EC 5.0 on crops that may not be specifically listed on this label (providing that the group to which the crop belongs is listed).

### **Maximum application rates:**

Field and Orchard-0.05 lbs a.i./ acre or 17 fl. oz. of LYNX<sup>®</sup> 5.0 EC per acre 0.0012 lb a.i./1,000 sq. ft.  
Greenhouse space sprays -0.0014 lbs. a.i./acre.

**ROOT AND TUBER VEGETABLES:** Including: Arracacha, Arrowroot, Purple Arrowroot, Japanese Artichoke, Jerusalem Artichoke, Garden Beets, Sugar Beets, Edible Burdock, Edible Canna, Carrots, Cassava (bitter or sweet), Celeriac (celery root), Chayote (root), Chervil (turnip rooted), Chicory, Chufa, Dasheen, Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Parsley (turnip rooted), Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Japanese Radish (Daikon), Rutabaga, Salsify, Black Salsify, Spanish Salsify, Sweet Potato, Tanier, Turmeric, Turnip, Yam (true), Yam Bean.

**LEAVES OF ROOT AND TUBER VEGETABLES:** Including: Garden Beet, Sugar Beet, Edible Burdock, Carrot, Cassava (bitter or sweet), Celeriac (celery root), Chervil (turnip rooted), Chicory, Dasheen (taro), Parsnip, Radish, Japanese Radish (daikon), Rutabaga, Black Salsify, Sweet Potato, Tanier, Turnip, Yam (true).

**BULB VEGETABLES:** Including: Garlic, Great-headed Garlic, Leek, Onion (bulb and green), Welch, Shallot.

**LEAFY VEGETABLES:** Including: Amaranth (leafy amaranth, Chinese spinach, tampala), Arugula, Cardoon, Celery, Chinese Celery, Celtuce, Chervil, Cilantro, Corn Salad, Chrysanthemum (edible-leaved), Chrysanthemum (gardland), Cress (garden, water), Upland Cress (yellow rocket, winter cress), Dandelion, Dock (sorrel), Endive (escarole), Fennel (Florence), Lettuce (head and leafy), Orach, Parsley, Purslane (garden and winter), Radicchio, Rhubarb, Spinach, Fine Spinach (Malabar, Ceylon), Spinach (New Zealand), Swiss Chard.

**BRASSICA (COLE) LEAFY VEGETABLES:** Including: Broccoli, Chinese Broccoli (Gai Lon), Broccoli Raab (rapini), Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage (Bok Choy), Chinese Cabbage (Napa), Chinese Mustard Cabbage (Gai Choy), Cauliflower, Cavalo Broccolo, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard Greens, Mustard Spinach, Rape Greens.

**LEGUME VEGETABLES (SUCCULENT OR DRIED):** Including: Adzuki Beans, Field Beans, Kidney Beans, Lima Beans, Moth Beans, Mung Beans, Navy Beans, Pinto Beans, Rice Beans, Runner Beans, Snap Beans, Tepary Beans, Urd Beans, Wax Beans, Asparagus Beans, Black-eyed Peas, Catjang, Chinese Longbeans, Cowpeas, Chowder Peas, Southern Peas, Yard-longbeans, Broad Beans (fava beans), Chick Peas (garbanzo beans), Guar, Jackbean (sword bean), Lablab Bean (hyacinth bean), Lentils, Peas (garden peas, field peas, sugar snap peas, English pea, snow pea), Pigeon Peas, Soybeans, Sweet Lupin Beans, White Lupin Beans, White Sweet Lupin, Sword Bean.

**FOLIAGE OF LEGUME VEGETABLES:** Including: Plant part of any legume vegetable included in the legume vegetable group that will be used as animal feed including any variety of Beans, Field Peas, Soybeans.

**FRUITING VEGETABLES:** Including: Eggplant, Ground Cherry, Okra, Pepinos, Pepper (bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking peppers, pimentos, sweet peppers), Tomatillo, Tomatoes.

**CUCURBIT VEGETABLES:** Including: Balsam Apple, Balsam Pear (bitter melon), Chayote (fruit), Chinese Waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), Chinese Cucumber, Citron Melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Edible Gourds, Melons (including hybrids, cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melons, honey balls, mango melon, muskmelon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon), Pumpkin, Squash (summer and winter), Watermelon (including hybrids).

**CITRUS FRUITS:** Including: Calamondin, Citrus Citron, Citrus Hybrids, Grapefruit, Kumquats, Lemons, Limes, Mandarin (tangerine), Orange (sweet and sour), Pummelo, Satsuma Mandarin, (Citrus spp. includes chironja, tangelos, tangors).

**POME FRUITS:** Including: Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Pear, Mayhaw, Oriental Pear, Quince.

**STONE FRUITS:** Including: Apricot, Cherry (sweet and sour), Nectarine, Peach, Plum, Prune, Chickasaw Plum, Damson Plum, Japanese Plum, Plumcot.

**SMALL FRUITS AND BERRIES:** Including: Blackberry, Blueberry, Cranberry, Currant, Dewberry, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Grape, Huckleberry, Loganberry, Olallie Berry, Raspberry (black and red), Strawberry, Youngberry.

**TREE NUTS:** Including: Almond, Beech Nut, Brazil Nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert (hazelnut), Hickory Nut, Macadamia Nut (bush nut), Pecan, Pistachio, Walnut, Black and English (Persian).

**ORIENTAL VEGETABLES:** Including: Acerola, Atemoya, Balsam Pear (bitter melon), Carambola, Japanese Artichoke, Chinese Broccoli (Gai Lan), Chinese Cabbage (Bok Choy, Napa), Chinese Mustard Cabbage (Gai Choy), Dasheen, Ginger, Ginseng, Chinese Longbeans, Mung Beans, Citron Melon, Japanese Radish (daikon), Chinese Spinach, Chinese Waxgourd, Cilantro, Citron Melon, Rambutan, Water Chestnut.

**SUBTROPICAL FRUITS:** Including: Avocado, Banana, Carob, Barbados Cherry, Cherimoya, Dates, Durian (jackfruit), Feijoa, Figs, Guava, Kiwifruit, Lychee, Mango, Papaya, Passion Fruit, Persimmon, Pineapple, Pomegranate.

**CEREAL GRAINS:** Including: Barley, Buckwheat, Corn (sweet and field), Millet, Proso, Oats, Pearl Millet, Popcorn, Rice, Rye, Sorghum (milo), Teosine, Triticale, Wheat, Wild Rice.

**FORAGE, FODDER AND STRAW OF CEREAL GRAINS:** Including: Barley, Buckwheat, Corn (sweet and field), Millet, Proso, Oats, Pearl, Popcorn, Rice, Rye, Sorghum (milo), Teosine, Triticale, Wheat, Wild Rice.

**GRASSES FOR SEED, FORAGE, FODDER AND HAY Including:** any Grass (Gramineal family, green or cured, except sugarcane and those listed in the cereal grains group), that will be fed to or grazed by livestock, all Pasture and Range Grasses and Grasses grown for hay and silage, Bermuda Grass, Bluegrass, Bromegrass, Fescue.

**NON-GRASS ANIMAL FEEDS:** Including: Alfalfa, Velvet Bean, Clover, Kudzu, Lespedeza, Lupine, Sainfoin, Trefoil, Crown Vetch, Milk Vetch.

**HERBS AND SPICES:** Including: Allspice, Angelica, Anise (anise seed), Anise [star], Annatto (seed), Balm (lemon balm), Basil, Borage, Burnet, Chamomile, Caper buds, Caraway, Caraway [black], Cardamom, Cassia bark, Cassia buds, Catnip, Celery seed, Chervil (dried), Chicory, Chive, Chive [Chinese], Cinnamon, Clary, Clove buds, Coriander (cilantro or Chinese parsley) (leaf), Coriander (cilantro) (seed), Costmary, Cilantro (leaf), Cilantro (seed), Cumin, Curry (leaf), Dill (dillweed), Dill (seed), Fennel (common), Fennel [Florence] (seed), Fenugreek, Grains of Paradise, Horehound, Hyssop, Juniper Berry, Lavender, Lemongrass, Lovage (leaf), Lovage (seed), Mace, Marigold, Marjoram (includes sweet or annual marjoram, wild marjoram or oregano and pot marjoram), Mustard (seed), Nasturtium, Nutmeg, Oregano, Mint, Paprika, Parsley (dried), Pennyroyal, Pepper [black], Pepper [white], Poppy (seed), Rosemary, Rue, Saffron, Sage, Savory [summer and winter], Sweet bay (bay leaf), Tansy, Tarragon, Thyme, Vanilla, Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood.

**ADDITIONAL CROPS:** Including: Artichoke, Asparagus, Avocado, Coffee, Cotton, Hops, Jojoba, Mushroom, Okra, Olives, Peanuts, Pineapple, Rice, Safflowers, Sesame, Sugar Cane, Sunflower, and Tea.

**FOR USE IN ORNAMENTAL PLANTS GROWN IN GARDENS:** Including: African Violet, Ageratum, Aster, Azalea, Begonia, Calceolaria, Calendula, Calla, Camellia, Carnation, Ceanothus, Cineraria, Chrysanthemum, Coleus, Cyclamen, Cypress, Daffodil, Dahlia, Delphinium, Dogwood, Elm, Eucalyptus, Fern, Ficus, Foliage Plants, Fuchsia, Gardenia, Geranium, Gladiolus, Gloxinia, Gypsophila, Holly, Hyacinth, Hydrangea, Iris, Lily, Maidenhair Fern, Marigold, Narcissus, Palm, Pansy, Peony, Pelargonium, Petunia, Philodendron, Phlox, Pine, Pyracantha, Rhododendron, Roses, Rubber Plant, Snapdragon, Sweet Pea, Tulips, Viburnum, Wandering Jew, Yew, Zinnia and Andromeda, Arborvitae, Ash, Beech, Birch, Boxwood, Cotoneaster, Crabapple, Euonymus, Fir, Firethorn, Forsythia, Hawthorn, Hemlock, Hickory, Honey Locust, Horse Chestnut, Juniper, Larch, Laurel, Lilac, Linden, Mimosa, Myrtle, Oak, Pine, Privet, Tulip Tree, Viburnum, Willow.

**TO KILL ANTS (EXCLUDING FIRE AND PHAROAH ANTS) ON ORCHARD FLOORS and Vineyard Floors:**

Apply as a broadcast spray to the entire orchard or vineyard floor using ground spray equipment at 5 to 17 fluid ounces per acre (367 ml to 1,124 ml/Ha) in 25 or more gallons (95 L or more) of water. For best results use the high rate for heavy infestations and the lower rate for light infestations.

Do not apply where weed growth or other obstructions would impede uniform coverage of the orchard or vineyard floor. Mow or chemically control weeds before the application. Foliar applications of LYNX® EC 5.0 may be made in addition to the orchard floor treatment.

**USE ON GREENHOUSE, ORNAMENTAL FLOWER AND FOLIAGE PLANTS:** Combine 16 to 32 fluid ounces with 100 gallons (1.25 ml to 2.50 ml/L) of water for applications with conventional sprayers or 1/4-1/2 of a fluid ounce (7 to 15 ml) per gallon (2 ml to 4 ml/L) of water for applications with handheld or backpack sprayers. Apply the diluted product at the rate of 3 gallons/1,000 sq. ft.

Do not exceed maximum application rate of .0036 lbs a.i./1,000 sq. ft. or 1.18 fl. oz. of LYNX® EC 5.0/ 1,000 sq. ft. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.

**FOR USE IN VEGETABLE AND TRUCK GARDENS:** For commercial production of listed crops to kill listed insects dilute 1/4 to 1/2 fl. oz. (7 to 15 ml) of LYNX EC 5.0 per gallon of water (2 ml/ liter of water to 4 ml/L of water). Apply diluted solution with all types of agricultural sprayers, including compressed air sprayers or pump driven sprayers.

**FOR USE ON PRODUCTION OF:** Beef, Birds, Buffalo, Calves, Cattle — beef and milking, Chickens, Donkeys, Ducks, Elk, Emus, Exotics, Geese, Goats, Hogs, Horses, Lambs, Livestock, Llamas, Mules, Ostrich, Oxen, Pheasants, Ponies, Poultry, Pullets, Quail, Ratites, Roosters, Sheep, Swine and Turkeys.

**FOR USE AS LIVESTOCK SPRAY:**

<b>Pest</b>	<b>Application Rates</b>	<b>Remarks</b>
To kill horn flies, house flies, mosquitoes and gnats	Dilute at the rate of 1.5 to 3 fluid ounces per gallon of water (12 to 24 ml/Liter of water) and apply to wet the hair thoroughly with particular attention to topline, underline, flanks, withers and other infested areas.	Repeat treatment at intervals of 5 to 12 days for small insect populations or as needed when flies are emerging in large numbers. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.
To kill stable flies, horse flies, and deer flies	Dilute at the rate of 2.5 to 4 fluid ounces per gallon of water (20 to 32 ml/L of water) and apply a quart per adult animal to wet the hair thoroughly with particular attention to the legs, flanks, barrel, topline and other body areas commonly attacked by these flies.	Repeat treatment each week as needed. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.
To kill face flies	Dilute at the rate of 2.5 fluid ounces per gallon of water (20 ml/L of water) and apply using spray which produces large wetting droplets. Apply to the face of the animal in the morning before releasing to pasture. Apply sufficiently to wet the face but not more than 1.5 fluid ounces (44 ml) of diluted solution per animal.	Repeat daily as needed. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.
To kill biting and sucking lice on cattle, horses, sheep, goats and hogs	Dilute at the rate of 1 quart with 60 gallons of water [1.5 fluid ounces with 2 gallons (6 ml/L of water)] and spray to thoroughly wet the hair of the animal including the head and brush of the tail.	Repeat treatment in <b>10</b> days to kill newly hatched lice. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.
To kill sheep "tick" or ked	Dilute at the rate of 1.5 to 3 fluid ounces per 4 gallons of water (3 to 6 ml/L of water) and thoroughly wet all portions of the body by dipping or by spraying with sufficient pressure and with a nozzle adjustment to give penetration of the wool.	Treat at a rate sufficient to wet the animal. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.
To kill fleas and ticks on livestock and to obtain protection against reinfestation	Dilute at the rate of 9 fluid ounces per gallon (71ml/L) of water and wet the animal by dipping or spraying. This product may also be used for livestock quarters.	Do not spray pets. For best results against fleas and ticks animal quarters and bedding should be treated. Remove and destroy old bedding. To reduce infestation, thoroughly spray the animal's bedding and sleeping quarters. Put fresh bedding in quarters after spray has dried. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.

## FOR USE AS POULTRY SPRAY:

Pest	Application Rates	Remarks
To kill poultry lice	Using a dilution of 2.5 to 4 fluid ounces of concentrate per gallon of water (20 to 32 ml/L of water) spray roosts, walls and nests or cages thoroughly.	It is not necessary to remove poultry from the housing unit during treatment. This should be followed by spraying over the birds with a fine mist. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.
To kill bed bugs and mites on poultry and in poultry houses	Dilute at the rate of 2.5 to 4 fluid ounces per gallon (20 to 32 ml/L of water) of water and spray crevices of roost poles, cracks in walls and cracks in nests where the Bed Bugs and mites hide.	This should be followed by spraying over the birds with a fine mist. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.
To kill adult darkling beetle (lesser meal worm)	Dilute 2 to 5 teaspoons (10-25 ml) of LYNX EC 5.0 per gallon of water. Using a power or proportioner-type sprayer, apply a uniform spray until wet at pressures of 80 to 100 pounds per square inch to surfaces such as interior walls, roosting posts, structural support pillars, and other surfaces where adult beetles are observed. One gallon of spray mixture covers 250-500 sq. ft. (23 m <sup>2</sup> -46 m <sup>2</sup> ).	For maximum effectiveness, treatments should coincide with poultry house clean out and litter replacement as this activity will tend to flush beetles to vertical surfaces where they will be exposed to the spray. Indoor control can be enhanced by making perimeter treatments around the outside of buildings. To prevent immigrating adult beetles, apply a uniform band of spray 2 feet (0.6 m) up and 1 to 4 feet (0.3 m-1.2m) out from the foundation. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.

## FOR USE IN PRODUCTION ANIMAL BARNs, DAIRIES, MILKING PARLORS, MILKING ROOMS AND POULTRY HOUSES:

Product must be formulated to deliver no more than this maximum rate when used according to directions:

Surface application 0.0056 lbs a.i./1000 sq. ft. or 18 fl oz. of LYNX EC 5.0/ 1000 sq. ft.

Crack/crevice or spot surface-0.056'ws a.i./1,000 sq. ft. or 18 fl oz. of LYNX EC 5.0/ 100 sq. ft.

Space sprays when non-domestic animals are absent-0.0033lbs a.i./1,000 cubic feet of space or 1 fl. oz. of LYNX EC 5.0 / 1,000 cubic feet of space.

Space sprays when non-domestic animals are present 0.0008 lb a.i./1000 cubic feet of space or 0.26 fl. oz. of LYNX EC 5.0 / 1,000 cubic feet of space.

To kill the following flying insects: Fruit Flies, Gnats and Small Flying Moths, dilute at the rate of 2.5 fluid ounces per gallon (19.82 ml/L) of water. Apply as a fog or fine mist (at approximately 2 fluid ounces per 1000 cubic feet of space (2.08 ml/m<sup>3</sup>), directing the nozzle for maximum coverage and above livestock and poultry toward the ceiling and upper corners of the area being treated. For best results, close doors and windows before spraying, and keep them closed for 10 to 15 minutes. Applicator must vacate the treated area and ventilate it prior to returning. Sweep up and destroy fallen insects.

## **DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN COMMERCIAL ANIMAL PREMISE AUTOMATIC MISTING SYSTEMS:**

When using this product, installers and service technicians must comply with the license certification, or registration requirements of the state(s), tribe(s) or local authority(ies) where they are installed.

Do not apply when food, feed, and or water is present.

When applying via a remote activation device, do not apply when people and pets are present. If possible, when applying via automatic timer, set the timing for application when people and pets are unlikely to be present.

Direct nozzles to spray towards the target area and away from areas where people are typically present. Do not use in an evaporative cooling system. Do not use in misters located within 3 feet of air vents, air conditioner units or windows.

If used in a system with a reservoir tank for the end use dilution, the system reservoir tank must be locked. Securely attach the end use pesticide label and a dilution statement to the system reservoir tank in a weather protected area or plastic sleeve. The dilution statement must be phrased as follows: this container holds parts LYNX® EC 5.0 to parts water.

This product must only be used in systems that have been calibrated to apply no more than the maximum application rate of .0008 lbs. a.i. / 1,000 cubic feet space sprays when non-domestic animals are present.

## **STORAGE AND DISPOSAL**

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

### **PESTICIDE STORAGE:**

Keep this product in a tightly closed container when not in use. Store in a cool, dry (preferably locked) area that is inaccessible to children and animals. Post as a pesticide storage area. Always store pesticides in the original container. Store away from food, feed, seed, fertilizers, and veterinary supplies. Place formulations on lower shelves and dry formulations above.

### **PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:**

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

### **CONTAINER HANDLING:**

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

[For containers with capacities equal to or less than 5 Gallons (18.9L)]:

Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate, for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

[Pressure rinse as follows [for containers greater than 5 Gallons (18.9L) too large to shake]: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 10 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary, landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.]

## CONDITIONS OF SALE

This product conforms to the description set forth on this label and is reasonably fit for the purposes described herein when used according to the label directions and specified conditions. The manufacturer disclaims any and all other express or implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for particular purpose. Buyers and users shall assume all risk and responsibility for potential loss or damage if this product is used, stored, handled or applied in a manner inconsistent with this labeling. To the extent permitted by law, manufacturer shall not be liable for more than the purchase price for the quantity involved including incidental, consequential or special damages.



# LAM INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

## LYNX EC 5.0 MASTER LABEL

### Sub-Label B:

For Gardening and Residential Use

EPA Reg. No. 82074-7

EPA Est. No. 65626-MT-02



**ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**

Pyrethrins ..... 5.00%

OTHER INGREDIENTS:..... 95.00%

TOTAL.....100.00%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

## CAUTION

### FIRST AID

**IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:**

- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**IF INHALED:**

- Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**IF SWALLOWED:**

- Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For information regarding medical emergencies or pesticide incidents, call 1-888-740-8712.

### LAM INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

117 S. Parkmont; P.O. Box 4109-Butte, MT 59702; Ph: (406)782-2386; Fax: (406)782-9912  
EPA Reg. No. 82074-7 EPA Est. Number 65626-MT-02

Edition:  
Net Contents

Lot No.:  
Expiration Date:

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS  
**HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

**CAUTION**

Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through skin or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or the using toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, shoes, and chemical-resistant gloves (such as Barrier Laminate, Nitrile Rubber, Neoprene Rubber, Viton, Selection Category E) .

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This product is toxic to aquatic organisms, including fish and invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. This product may contaminate water through runoff. This product has a potential for runoff for several weeks after application. Poorly draining soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to produce runoff that contains this product. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are foraging the treatment area. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash-waters or rinsate.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not make applications during rain. Do not allow adults, children or pets to enter the treated area until sprays have dried. Do not wet plants to point of runoff.

TO KILL THE FOLLOWING INSECTS: Angoumois Grain Moths, Ants (excluding fire and Pharaoh ants), Aphids, Apple Maggots, Armored Scales, Armyworms, Artichoke Plume Moths, Asparagus Beetles, Bagworms, Bean Beetles, Beet Armyworms, Beetles, Bermuda Grass Mirids, Billbugs, Blister Beetles, Blow Flies, Boll Weevils, Box Elder Bugs, Branch and Twig Borers, Cabbage Loopers, Cabbage Maggots, Cadelles, Cankerworms, Carrot Weevils, Caterpillars, Chalcids, Cheese Skippers, Cherry Fruit Flies, Cigarette Beetles, Clover Mites, Clover Weevils, Cockroaches, Codling Moths, Colorado Potato Beetles, Confused Flour Beetles, Corn Earworms, Crane Flies, Crickets, Cross-striped Cabbageworms, Cucumber Beetles, Cucumber Beetles (12-spotted), Dark Mealworms, Darkling Beetles (lesser meal worm), Diamondback Larvae and Moths, Dried Fruit Beetles, Drugstore Beetles, Earwigs, Eastern Tent Caterpillars, Elm Leaf Beetles, Eriophyid Mites, European Pine Tip Moths, Fire worms, Flea Beetles, Forest Tent Caterpillars, Fruit Flies, Fruit tree Leafrollers, Fruitworms, Fungus Gnats, Garden Symphylan, Glassy Winged Sharpshooters, Gnats, Grain Mites, Grape Leaf Skeletonizers, Grape Leafhoppers, Grape Mealy bugs, Grasshoppers, Green bugs, Green Fruit Worms, Green Peach Aphids, Greenhouse Thrips, Gypsy Moths (adults & larvae), Harlequin Bugs, Heliothis spp., Horn Flies, Hornworms, House Flies, Imported Cabbageworms, Indian Meal Moths, Japanese Beetles, Katydid, Lace Bugs, Leaf-footed plant bugs, Leafhoppers, Leafminers, Leafrollers, Leaf-tiers, Loopers, Lygus, Maggots, Mealy Bugs, Mediterranean Flour Moths, Mexican Bean Beetles, Midges, Millipedes, Mites, Mole crickets, Moths, Mushroom Flies, Navel Orangeworms, Olive Fruit Flies, Onion Maggots, Orange Tortrix, Pacific flatheaded borers, Pear Psyllids, Pepper Weevils, Pink bollworms, Potato Leafhoppers, Potato Tuberworms, Proba bugs, Psyllids, Red Flour Beetles, Rice Weevils, Saltmarsh caterpillars, Saw Toothed Grain Beetles, Scales, Sharpshooters, Sheep "Tick" or Ked, Shore flies, Shot hole borers, Silverfish, Skippers, Small Flying Moths, Soft Scales, Southern chinch bugs, Sow bugs, Spider Beetles, Springtails, Squash bugs, Stable Flies, Stink Bugs, Tarnished Plant Bugs, Thrips, Tobacco Moths, Tomato budworms, Tomato bugs, Tomato Fruit worms, Tomato Hornworms, Tomato pinworms, Tomato Russet Mite, Tussock moths, Vine mealy bugs, Vinegar Flies, Webworms, Weevils, Western Yellow-striped armyworms, Whiteflies and Yellow Mealworms.

## **USE RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply directly to or near water, storm drains, or drainage ditches.
- Do not apply when windy.
- To prevent product runoff do not over water the treated area(s) or apply when heavy rain is expected. Rinse applicator over lawn or garden areas only.
- Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift.
- Do not make applications during the rain.
- Do not wet plants to the point of runoff.
- Not for use in outdoor residential misting systems.
- Do not allow adults, children, or pets to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.
- To avoid possible harm to honeybees, apply in the early morning or late evening hours.
- Not for indoor use.

Pyrethrins degrade rapidly in sunlight. To ensure the best performance, coverage is key. Use spray equipment that will provide the best coverage and direct contact with as many insects as possible.

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** Plant safety is an important consideration when using insecticides. However, it is not possible to evaluate the phytotoxicity of LYNX EC 5.0 on numerous plant varieties that may react differently to insecticides in different growth stages or under varying environmental conditions. Before making widespread applications of LYNX EC 5.0 or tank mix combinations, treat a limited number of plants and observe for phytotoxicity over a 10-day period.

## **HOME GARDEN APPLICATIONS:**

### **Maximum application rates:**

Garden and Orchard: 0.05 lbs a.i./acre or 0.0012 lbs. a.i./1,000 sq. ft.

Do not apply more than 10 times per season.

Do not reapply within 3 days except under extreme pest pressure.

In case of extreme pest pressure do not reapply within 24 hours.

Dilute ¼ to ½ fluid ounces of LYNX EC 5.0 per gallon of water (2 to 4 ml/L of water). For larger gardens, apply 4.5 to 17 fluid ounces of LYNX EC 5.0 per acre (33 ml to 1,331 ml/Ha) or by ground equipment in sufficient water for thorough coverage. Mix only enough for immediate use. Apply diluted solution with a sprayer including compressed air sprayers or pump driven sprayers. Spraying should begin when insects first appear. Do not wait until plants are heavily infested. Repeat as needed but not more than once daily.

**ROOT AND TUBER VEGETABLES:** Including: Arracacha, Arrowroot, Purple Arrowroot, Japanese Artichoke, Jerusalem Artichoke, Garden Beets, Sugar Beets, Edible Burdock, Edible Canna, Carrots, Cassava (bitter or sweet), Celeriac (celery root), Chayote (root), Chervil (turnip rooted), Chicory, Chufa, Dasheen, Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Parsley (turnip rooted), Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Japanese Radish (Daikon), Rutabaga, Salsify, Black Salsify, Spanish Salsify, Sweet Potato, Tanier, Turmeric, Turnip, Yam (true), Yam Bean.

**LEAVES OF ROOT AND TUBER VEGETABLES:** Including: Garden Beet, Sugar Beet, Edible Burdock, Carrot, Cassava (bitter or sweet), Celeriac (celery root), Chervil (Turnip Rooted), Chicory, Dasheen (Taro), Parsnip, Radish, Japanese Radish (Daikon), Rutabaga, Black Salsify, Sweet Potato, Tanier, Turnip, Yam (true).

**BULB VEGETABLES:** Including: Garlic, Great-headed Garlic, Leek, Onion (bulb and green) Welch, Shallot.

**LEAFY VEGETABLES:** Including: Amaranth (Leafy Amaranth, Chinese Spinach, Tampala), Arugula, Cardoon, Celery, Chinese Celery, Celtuce, Chervil, Corn Salad, Chrysanthemum (edible-leaved), Chrysanthemum (garland), Cress (garden, water), Upland Cress (yellow rocket, winter cress), Dandelion, Dock (sorrel), Endive (escarole), Fennel (Florence), Lettuce (head and leafy), Orach, Parsley, Purslane (garden & winter), Radicchio, Rhubarb, Spinach, Fine Spinach (Malabar, Ceylon), Spinach (New Zealand), Swiss Chard.

**BRASSICA (COLE) LEAFY VEGETABLES:** Including: Broccoli, Chinese Broccoli (Gai Lan), Broccoli raab (Rapini), Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage (Bok Choy), Chinese Cabbage (Napa), Chinese Mustard Cabbage (Gai Choy), Cauliflower, Cavallo broccoli, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard Greens, Mustard Spinach, Rape Greens.

**LEGUME VEGETABLES (SUCCULENT OR DRIED):** Including: Adzuki Beans, Field Beans, Kidney Beans, Lima Beans, Moth Beans, Mung Beans, Navy Beans, Pinto Beans, Rice Beans, Runner Beans, Snap Beans, Tepary Beans, Urd Beans, Wax Beans, Asparagus Beans, Black-eyed Peas, Catjang, Chinese Longbeans, Cowpeas, Crowder Peas, Southern Peas, Yardlong Beans, Broad Beans, (Fava Beans), Chick Peas (Garbanzo Beans), Guar, Jack Beans (Sword Bean), Lablab Beans (Hyacinth Bean), Lentils, Peas (Garden Peas, Field Peas, Sugar Snap Peas, English Pea, Snow Pea), Pigeon Peas, Soybeans, Sweet Lupin Beans, White Lupin Beans, White Sweet Lupin, Sword Beans.

**FOLIAGE OF LEGUME VEGETABLES:** Including: Plant part of any legume vegetable included in the legume vegetable group that will be used as animal feed including any variety of Beans, Field Peas, Soybeans.

**FRUITING VEGETABLES:** Including: Eggplant, Ground Cherry, Okra, Pepinos, Pepper (Bell Pepper, Chili Peppers, Cooking Peppers, Pimentos, Sweet Peppers), Tomatillo, Tomatoes.

**CUCURBIT VEGETABLES:** Including: Balsam Apple, Balsam Pear (Bitter Melon), Chayote (fruit), Chinese Waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), Chinese Cucumber, Citron Melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Edible Gourds, Melons (including hybrids, Cantaloupe, Casaba, Golden Pershaw Melon, Crenshaw, Honeydew Melons, Honey Balls, Mango Melon, Muskmelon, Persian Melon, Pineapple Melon, Santa Claus Melon, Snake Melon), Pumpkin, Squash (summer & winter), Watermelon (including hybrids).

**CITRUS FRUITS:** Including: Calamondin, Citrus Citron, Citrus Hybrids, Grapefruit, Kumquats, Lemons, Limes, Mandarin (Tangerine), Orange (sweet & sour), Pummelo, Satsuma Mandarin, (Citrus spp. Includes Chironja, Tangelos, Tangors).

**POME FRUITS:** Including: Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear, Oriental Pear, Quince.

**STONE FRUITS:** Including: Apricot, Cherry (sweet & sour), Nectarine, Peach, Plum, Prune, Chickasaw Plum, Damson Plum, Japanese Plum, Plumcot.

**SMALL FRUITS AND BERRIES:** Including: Blackberry, Blueberry, Cranberry, Currant, Dewberry, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Grape, Huckleberry, Loganberry, Olallieberry, Raspberry (black & red), Strawberry, and Youngberry.

**TREE NUTS:** Including: Almond, Beech Nut, Brazil Nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert (hazel nut), Hickory nut, Macadamia Nut (Bush Nut), Pecan, Pistachio, Walnut, Black and English (Persian).

**ORIENTAL VEGETABLES:** Including: Acerola, Atemoya, Balsam pear (bitter melon), Carambola, Japanese Artichoke, Chinese Broccoli (Gai Lan), Chinese Cabbage (Bok Choy, Napa), Chinese Mustard Cabbage (Gai Choy), Dasheen, Ginger, Ginseng, Chinese Longbeans, Mung Beans, Citron Melon, Japanese Radish (Daikon), Chinese Spinach, Chinese Waxgourd, Cilantro, Citron Melon, Rambutan, Water Chestnut.

**SUBTROPICAL FRUITS:** Including: Avocado, Banana, Carob, Barbados Cherry, Cherimoya, Dates, Durian (Jackfruit), Feijoa, Figs, Guava, Kiwifruit, Lychee, Mango, Papaya, Passion Fruit, Persimmon, Pineapple, Pomegranate.

**HERBS AND SPICES:** Including: Allspice, Angelica, Anise (anise seed), Anise [star], Annatto (seed), Balm (lemon balm), Basil, Borage, Burnet, Camomile, Caper buds, Caraway, Caraway [black], Cardamom, Cassia bark, Cassia buds, Catnip, Celery seed, Chervil (dried), Chicory, Chive, Chive [Chinese], Cinnamon, Clary, Clove buds, Coriander (cilantro or Chinese parsley) (leaf), Coriander (cilantro) (seed), Costmary, Culantro (leaf), Culantro (seed), Cumin, Curry (leaf), Dill (dill weed), Dill (seed), Fennel (common), Fennel [Florence] (seed), Fenugreek, Grains of paradise, Horehound, Hyssop, Juniper berry, Lavender, Lemongrass, Lovage (leaf), Lovage (seed), Mace, Marigold, Marjoram (includes sweet or annual marjoram, wild marjoram or oregano, and pot marjoram), Mustard (seed), Nasturtium, Nutmeg, Oregano, Mint, Paprika, Parsley (dried), Pennyroyal, Pepper [black], Pepper [white], Poppy (seed), Rosemary, Rue, Saffron, Sage, Savory [summer and winter], Sweet bay (bay leaf), Tansy, Tarragon, Thyme, Vanilla, Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood.

**ADDITIONAL PLANTS:** Including: Artichoke, Asparagus, Avocado, Coffee, Cotton, Hops, Jojoba, Mushroom, Okra, Olives, Peanuts, Pineapple, Rice, Safflowers, Sesame, Sugar Cane, Sunflower, Tea.

**FOR USE ON ORNAMENTAL PLANTS GROWN IN GARDENS:** Including: African Violet, Ageratum, Aster, Azalea, Begonia, Calceolaria, Calendula, Calla, Camellia, Carnation, Ceanothus, Cineraria, Chrysanthemum, Coleus, Cyclamen, Cypress, Daffodil, Dahlia, Delphinium, Dogwood, Elm, Eucalyptus, Fern, Ficus, Foliage Plants, Fuchsia, Gardenia, Geranium, Gladiolus, Gloxinia, Gypsophila, Holly, Hyacinth, Hydrangea, Iris, Lily, Maidenhair Fern, Marigold, Narcissus, Palm, Pansy, Peony, Pelargonium, Petunia, Philodendron, Phlox, Pine, Pyracantha, Rhododendron, Roses, Rubber Plant, Snapdragon, Sweet Pea, Tulips, Viburnum, Wandering Jew, Yew, Zinnia and Andromeda, Arborvitae, Ash, Beech, Birch, Boxwood, Cotoneaster, Crabapple, Euonymus, Fir, Firethorn, Forsythia, Hawthorn, Hemlock, Hickory, Honey Locust, Horse Chestnut, Juniper, Larch, Laurel, Lilac, Linden, Mimosa, Myrtle, Oak, Pine, Privet, Tulip Tree, Viburnum, Willow.

## **STORAGE AND DISPOSAL**

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

### **PESTICIDE STORAGE:**

Keep this product in its tightly closed original container, when not in use. Store in a cool, dry (preferably locked) area that is inaccessible to children and animals.

### **PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:**

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

### **CONTAINER HANDLING:**

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

#### **If empty:**

Offer for recycling, if available.

#### **If partly filled:**

Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

**(Place on containers for Residential Use)**

## CONDITIONS OF SALE

This product conforms to the description set forth on this label and is reasonably fit for the purposes described herein when used according to the label directions and specified conditions. The manufacturer disclaims any and all other express or implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for particular purpose. Buyers and users shall assume all risk and responsibility for potential loss or damage if this product is used, stored, handled or applied in a manner inconsistent with this labeling. To the extent permitted by law, manufacturer shall not be liable for more than the purchase price for the quantity involved including incidental, consequential or special damages.