

81927-12

4/4/2011

1 of 26



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

Michael Kellogg
Alligare, LLC
c/o Pyxis Regulatory Consulting, Inc.
4110 136th St. NW
Gig Harbor, WA 98332

APR 4 2011

Subject: Label Notification; Per PR-Notice 98-10
Alligare Diuron 80DF
EPA Reg. No. 81927-12
Date Submitted: March 1, 2011

Dear Mr. Kellogg:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 dated March 1, 2011 for the product referenced above. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action requested falls within the scope of PRN 98-10. The label submitted with the application has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

If you have any questions regarding this letter, please contact Jasmine Branch at (703) 347-0351 or branch.jasmine@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Kable Bo Davis
Product Manager 25
Herbicide Branch
Registration Division (7505P)

20f26



United States
Environmental Protection Agency
Washington, DC 20460

<input type="checkbox"/>	Registration
<input type="checkbox"/>	Amendment
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Other

OPP Identifier Number

Application for Pesticide - Section I

1. Company/Product Number 81927-12	2. EPA Product Manager B. Davis	3. Proposed Classification <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Restricted
4. Company/Product (Name) Alligare, LLC / Alligare Diuron 80DF	PM# 25	
5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) Alligare, LLC c/o Pyxis Regulatory Consulting, Inc. 4110 136th St. NW Gig Harbor, WA 98332 <input type="checkbox"/> Check if this is a new address	6. Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) (b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No. _____ Product Name _____	

Section - II

<input type="checkbox"/> Amendment - Explain below.	<input type="checkbox"/> Final printed labels in response to Agency letter dated _____	NOTIFICATION APR - 4 2011
<input type="checkbox"/> Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated _____	<input type="checkbox"/> "Me Too" Application.	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notification - Explain below.	<input type="checkbox"/> Other - Explain below.	

Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and Section II.)

Notification of an alternate brand name per PRN 98-10. The alternate brand name is "Alligare Diuron IWC". This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

Section - III

1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In:				2. Type of Container	
Child-Resistant Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	Unit Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	Water Soluble Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Metal <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Plastic <input type="checkbox"/> Glass <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Paper <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) _____		
* Certification must be submitted		If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt. No. per container			
3. Location of Net Contents Information <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Label <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Container		4. Size(s) Retail Container 5 lbs., 25 lbs.		5. Location of Label Directions <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> On Label <input type="checkbox"/> On Labeling accompanying product	
6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lithograph Paper glued <input type="checkbox"/> Stenciled			<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____		

Section - IV

1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application.)		
Name Michael Kellogg	Title Agent	Telephone No. (Include Area Code) (253) 853-7369
Certification I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law.		6. Date Application Received (Stamped)
2. Signature 	3. Title Agent	
4. Typed Name Michael Kellogg	5. Date 3/1/11	

PYXIS REGULATORY CONSULTING, INC.

4110 136th St. NW
Gig Harbor, WA 98332

Phone: 253-853-7369
Fax: 253-853-5516
Email: www.PyxisRC.com

March 1, 2011

COURIER DELIVERY

Bo Davis (PM 25)
Document Processing Desk (NOTIF)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Room S-4900, One Potomac Yard
2777 S. Crystal Drive
Arlington, VA 22202-4501

RE: Alligare, LLC – Alligare Diuron 80DF (EPA Reg. No. 81927-12)
Submission of an Alternate Brand Name Notification per PRN 98-10

Dear Mr. Davis,

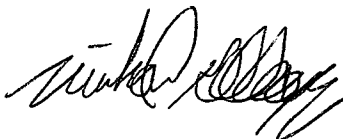
On behalf of Alligare, LLC please find the enclosed notification of an alternate brand name for Alligare Diuron 80DF. The alternate brand name is "Alligare Diuron IWC".

In support of this notification submission, we submit the following documents:

1. Completed Application for Registration (EPA Form 8570-1)
2. One (1) copy of the Alligare Diuron IWC labeling with changes tracked
3. One (1) copy of the Alligare Diuron IWC labeling with changes incorporated
4. One (1) copy of the Alligare Diuron IWC label on CD
5. Certification With Respect to Label Integrity
6. Letter of Authorization

Please feel free to contact me by phone (253) 853-7369 or by email at Mike@PyxisRC.com if you have any questions or need any additional information.

Sincerely,



Michael Kellogg

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Enclosures

4 of 26

ALLIGARE DIURON-80DF ALLIGARE DIURON IWC DRY FLOWABLE HERBICIDE

FOR CONTROL OF MANY ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL GRASSES AND HERBACEOUS WEEDS

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	% BY WT.
Diuron: 3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-1,1-dimethylurea.....	80.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	20.0%
TOTAL:	100.0%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

FIRST AID	
If in eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin or clothing:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
HOT LINE NUMBER	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-424-9300 for emergency medical treatment information.	

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing.

NOTIFICATION

APR - 4 2011

EPA Reg. No. 81927-12

EPA Est. No.

Manufactured for:
Alligare, LLC
13 N. 8th Street
Opelika, AL 36801

Net Weight:

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are polyethylene or polyvinylchloride. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

All pilots, flaggers, and groundboom applicators must wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants and shoes plus socks.

All mixers, loaders, other applicators, and other handlers must wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks, chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material ≥ 14 mils and a NIOSH approved particulate filtering respirator equipped with N, R, or P class filter media (the respirator should have a NIOSH approval number prefix TC-84A).

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)]. Flaggers supporting aerial applications must use an enclosed cab that meets the definition in the Worker Protection Standard for Agricultural Pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(5)] for dermal protection. In addition, flaggers must wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, shoes, and socks.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters or rinsate. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material ≥ 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses. Non-crop weed control is not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard. Do not enter or allow others to enter until sprays have dried.

IMPORTANT: Read the entire DIRECTIONS FOR USE and the WARRANTY STATEMENT before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container to the place of purchase at once. ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC herbicide must be used only in accordance with directions on this label or in separate published directions. Alligare, LLC will not be responsible for losses or damages resulting from the use of this product in any manner not specifically directed by Alligare, LLC. User assumes all risk associated with non-directed use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC is a dispersible granule to be mixed with water and applied as a spray for selective control of weeds in certain crops and for non-selective weed control on non-cropland areas. It is non-corrosive to equipment, non-flammable, and non-volatile.

~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC may be applied to soil prior to emergence of weeds to control susceptible weed seedlings for an extended period of time. The degree of control and duration of effect will vary with the amount of chemical applied, soil texture, rainfall, and other conditions. Soils high in clay or organic matter require higher dosages than soils low in clay or organic matter for equivalent herbicide performance. Moisture is required to activate the herbicide. Best results occur if rainfall (or sprinkler irrigation) occurs within 2 weeks of application.

~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC applied before emergence of crop and weeds is an effective procedure because susceptible weeds are controlled in an early, vulnerable seedling stage before they compete with the crop. With favorable moisture conditions, ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC continues to control weeds for some time as the crop becomes better able to compete. Should weed seedlings begin to break through the preemergence treatment in significant numbers, secondary weed control procedures should be implemented; these include cultivation and postemergence herbicide application.

~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC may also be used to control emerged weeds. Results vary with rate applied and environmental conditions. Best results are obtained on succulent weeds growing under conditions of high humidity and temperature of 70°F or higher. Addition of a surfactant to the spray (where specified) increases contact effects of ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC.

~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC may be used as a directed postemergence application. Contact of crop foliage and/or fruit with spray or mist must be avoided on the following crops: artichoke, corn (field), cotton, sorghum (grain), sugarcane, and established plantings of apples, bananas, plantains, blueberries, caneberries, gooseberries, citrus, grapes, macadamia nuts, olives, papayas, peaches, pears, pecans, walnuts, and certain tree plantings as injury may occur.

Under specified conditions, ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC without surfactant may be applied over the top of alfalfa (established, dormant, or semi dormant), asparagus (established), birdsfoot trefoil (established, dormant), grass seed crops (established), oats, red clover (established, dormant), sugarcane, wheat, and pineapple.

Weed species vary in susceptibility to ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC and they may be more difficult to control when under stress. Combinations of ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC with other herbicides (as registered) increase the number of weed species controlled. Consult labels of the companion product for this and other information. Observe all precautions and limitations on labeling of all products used in mixtures.

Since the effect of ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC varies with soils, uniformity of application, and environmental conditions, it is suggested that growers limit their first use to small areas.

IMPORTANT USE PRECAUTIONS:

Injury to or loss of desirable trees or other plants may result from failure to observe the following: Draining or flushing equipment on or near desirable trees or other plants, or on areas where their roots may extend, or in locations where the chemical may be washed or moved into contact with their roots may injure these plants. Do not use on home plantings of trees, shrubs, or herbaceous plants or lawns, walks, driveways, tennis courts, or similar areas. Prevent drift of dry powder or spray to desirable plants. Do not contaminate any body of water. Do not mix/load or use near wells including abandoned wells, drainage wells, and sink holes. Avoid storage of pesticides near well sites. Calibrate sprayers only with clean water, away from well sites.

Thoroughly clean all traces of ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC from application equipment immediately after use. Flush tank, pumps, hoses, and boom with several changes of water after removing nozzle tips and screens (clean parts separately).

CHEMIGATION STATEMENT: Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Biotypes of certain weeds listed on this label are resistant to ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC and other herbicides with the same mode of action, even at exaggerated application rates. Biotypes are naturally occurring individuals of a species that are identical in appearance but have slightly different genetic compositions; the mode of action of an herbicide is the chemical interaction that interrupts a biological process necessary for plant growth and development.

If weed control is unsatisfactory, it may be necessary to retreat problem areas using a product with a different mode of action.

If resistant weed biotypes are suspected or known to be present, use a combination of tillage, retreatment, tank-mix partners, and/or sequential herbicide applications with ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC to help control these biotypes, or use a planned herbicide rotation program where other herbicides having different modes of action are used.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment- and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions. The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses, or to applications using dry formulations.

1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information.

Importance of Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

Controlling Droplet Size

- Volume-Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure-Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher

flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

- Number of nozzles-Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation-Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released backwards parallel to the airstream will produce larger droplets than other orientations. Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle Type-Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.
- Boom Length-For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.
- Application-Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a cross-wind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small, suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a connected cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upwards and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

SELECTIVE USE IN CROPS

(Alligare Diuron 80DF Alligare Diuron IWC is NOT registered for use on CROPS in Arizona)

PREEMERGENCE USE (Germinating Weeds): ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC at specified rates controls annual weeds and grasses such as:

0.75 to 1 lb/Acre	1.5 to 2 lbs./Acre	2 to 6 lbs./Acre
Barnyardgrass (Watergrass)	Bluegrass, Annual	Ageratum
Crabgrass	Chickweed	Corn Speedwell
Lambsquarters	Corn Spurry	Dayflower
Pigweed	Dogfennel	Flora's Paintbrush

0.75 to 1 lb./Acre	1.5 to 2 lbs./Acre	2 to 6 lbs./Acre
Purslane	Fiddleneck (Amsinckia)	Hawksbeard
Ragweed	Foxtail	Horseweed
	Gromwell	Johnsongrass (Seedling)
	Groundcherry, Annual	Kochia
	Knawel	Kyllinger (Kyllinga)
	Morningglory, Annual	Lovegrass, Annual
	Pennycress	Marigold
	Rattail Fescue	Mexican Clover
	Red Sprangletop	Orchardgrass
	Shepherdspurse	Peppergrass
	Tansymustard	Pineappleweed
	Velvetgrass	Pokeweed
	Vernalgrass, Sweet, Annual	Rabbit Tobacco
	Wild Buckwheat	Ricegrass
	Wild Lettuce	Ryegrass, Annual
	Wild Mustard	Sandbur
		Smartweed, Annual
		Sowthistle, Annual
		Spanish Needles
		Velvetleaf (Buttonweed)
		Wild Radish

Partial Control: 1 lb./Acre	4 lbs./Acre	8 to 10 lbs./Acre
Cocklebur	Horsenettle	Guineagrass
Morningglory, Annual	Quackgrass	Maidencane
Prickly Sida (Teaweed)		Pangolagrass
Sesbania		
Sicklepod		

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

AERIAL APPLICATION: For alfalfa, barley (winter), cotton (preplant or preemergence only), grass seed crops (PNW only), sugarcane, wheat (winter), and rights-of-way, application may be made by aircraft at 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre unless otherwise noted. Avoid overlapping of spray swath and avoid application under conditions where excessive drift may occur. Where land is bedded, make application parallel to rows.

GROUND APPLICATION: Use a boom power sprayer properly calibrated to a constant speed and rate of delivery. Openings in screens should be 50 mesh or larger. Continuous agitation in the spray tank is required to keep the material in suspension.

Agitate by mechanical or hydraulic means. If by-pass or return line is used, it should terminate at bottom of tank to minimize foaming. Avoid overlapping and shut off spray booms while starting, turning, slowing, or stopping or injury to crop may result.

PREEMERGENCE: For preemergence application, use sufficient spray volume and pressure to uniformly distribute the spray solution over treated soil. Preemergence weed control will be reduced on high organic matter soils such as peat or muck.

POSTEMERGENCE: For postemergence application, use sufficient spray volume and pressure for thorough coverage of weed foliage. For selective applications and applications near sensitive crops, use low spray pressure to keep spray drift to a minimum. ~~Alligare Diuron-80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC at specified rates controls seedling annual weeds such as annual morningglory, barnyardgrass (watergrass), crabgrass, crowfoot, goosegrass, pigweed, and purslane. Addition of a surfactant to the spray (where specified) increases contact effects of ~~Alligare Diuron-80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC. Best results are obtained on succulent weeds growing under conditions of high humidity and temperatures over 70°F or higher.

SPRAY PREPARATION: Mix proper amount of ~~Alligare Diuron-80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC into necessary volume of water. Where use of surfactant is specified, dilute with ten parts of water and add as last ingredient to nearly full spray tank.

TANK MIXTURES: ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC may be tank mixed with other herbicides and/or adjuvants registered for crop or noncrop use in this label. Refer to the label of the tank mix product(s) for any additional use instructions or restrictions.

REPLANTING: Unless otherwise directed, do not replant treated areas to any crop within 2 years after last application as injury to subsequent crops may result. **Note:** for crops grown in the arid west, reductions in normal irrigation practices for the crop in production or a summer fallow period without supplemental irrigation may require the crop rotation intervals to be extended.

When such conditions occur, a field bioassay should be completed prior to planting any desired crop. A successful bioassay means growing to maturity a test strip of the crops intended for production. The test crops strip should cross the entire field including knolls, low areas, and areas where any berms were located. The results of this bioassay may require the rotation intervals to be extended.

RATES: All rates of ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC are expressed as broadcast rates. Where band applications are specified, use proportionately less. For example, use 1/3 of the broadcast rate when treating a 14-inch band where row spacing is 42 inches. Where a range of dosages is given, use the lower rate on coarse-textured soils low in clay or organic matter and the higher rate on the fine-textured soils high in clay or organic matter. For postemergence application, use the lower rate on smaller weeds and the higher rate on the larger weeds.

SOIL LIMITATIONS: Crop injury may result from failure to observe the following: Unless otherwise directed, do not use on sand, loamy sand, gravelly soils, or exposed sub-soils; nor on pecans where organic matter is less than 0.5%; nor on alfalfa, apples, artichoke, barley (winter), citrus, cotton, grapes, oats, olives, papayas, peaches, pears, sorghum, sugarcane, walnuts, and winter wheat where organic matter is less than 1%, nor on blueberries, birdsfoot trefoil, caneberries, gooseberries, macadamia nuts, and peppermint where organic matter is less than 2%.

FIELD CROPS: (See SOIL LIMITATIONS) A good seedbed must be prepared before preemergence use of ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC as crop injury may result if application is made to ground which is cloddy or compacted resulting in improperly planted seed. Plant seed to depth specified. Unless otherwise directed, the surface of the soil should not be cultivated or disturbed after application of ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC and before emergence of the crop as weed control may be reduced and crop injury may result. However, if moisture is insufficient to activate the herbicide, a shallow cultivation (rotary hoe preferred) should be made after emergence of crops while weeds are small enough to be controlled by mechanical means.

FRUIT AND NUT CROPS: (see SOIL LIMITATIONS) Unless otherwise directed, make single application per year as a directed spray avoiding contact of foliage and fruit with spray or drift. Do not graze livestock in treated orchards or groves.

ALFALFA

Treat only stands established for 1 year or more. Do not apply to seedling alfalfa nor to alfalfa/grass mixtures. Do not apply to alfalfa under stress from disease, insect damage, shallow root penetration (such as on shallow hard pans), alkali spots, nor to flooded fields as crop injury may result. Do not spray on snow-covered or frozen ground. Apply only once per year. Do not exceed 3 lbs. per acre per year.

Nevada: Use 1.5 to 3 lbs./Acre. Apply in fall after alfalfa becomes dormant but no later than January.

California (Dormant and Semi-Dormant Varieties): Use 1.5 to 3 lbs./Acre. Apply in fall or winter after alfalfa becomes dormant or semi-dormant but before growth begins in the spring. Crop injury may result if application is made to actively growing alfalfa. For best results, apply before weeds have emerged or become established (2 inches in height or diameter). Control of established weeds is improved by applying ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC with a suitable contact herbicide registered for such use. Sufficient rainfall for soil activation of ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC is unlikely in California after February 1. Treated areas may be replanted to any crop after 1 year from last application if rate does not exceed 2 lbs./Acre.

Eastern Colorado, Kansas: For control of tansymustard, apply 1 lb./Acre shortly after emergence of mustard in the fall or winter. Use 2 lbs./Acre if weeds are 2 to 4 inches in height. Alternatively, if other annual weeds are present, apply 2 to 3 lbs./Acre in February or March.

Idaho, Oregon, Washington: For control of annual weeds, use 1.5 to 3 lbs./Acre. Apply in fall after alfalfa becomes dormant but no later than mid-December.

Other Areas Where Alfalfa Becomes Winter Dormant: Use 1.5 to 3 lbs./Acre (1.5 to 2 lbs./Acre East of Appalachian Mountains). Apply in March or early April but before spring growth begins.

APPLE

Use Alligare Diuron 80DF Alligare Diuron IWC alone or apply as a tank mixture with Sinbar® Herbicide. Do not apply more than 4 lbs. per acre per year. When using Alligare Diuron 80DF Alligare Diuron IWC in a sequential treatment program, allow a minimum of 90 days between applications. Do not make more than two applications of Alligare Diuron 80DF Alligare Diuron IWC per year.

Alligare Diuron 80DF Alligare Diuron IWC Alone: Use only under trees established in the orchard for at least 1 year. Do not treat varieties grafted on full-dwarf root stocks. Apply 4 lbs./Acre in the spring from March through May. In the Far West, apply 4 lbs./Acre to small weeds less than 2 inches in height or diameter under dormant trees. Alternatively, treatments to small weeds may be applied at 2 lbs./Acre postharvest followed by 2 lbs./Acre prior to bud break.

Georgia: Apply 2 to 3 lbs./Acre in the spring. Repeat application in the fall but do not use more than 4 lbs./Acre per year. Add a surfactant to improve control of small, emerged weeds.

Alligare Diuron 80DF Alligare Diuron IWC plus Sinbar: Use only under trees established in the orchard for at least 2 years. Apply either in the spring or after harvest in the fall before weeds emerge or during early seedling stage of weed growth.

RATE/ ACRE

Soil Texture	1 to 2% Organic Matter		More Than 2% Organic Matter	
	Alligare Diuron 80DF Alligare Diuron IWC Lbs./Acre	Sinbar Lbs./Acre	Alligare Diuron 80DF Alligare Diuron IWC Lbs./Acre	Sinbar Lbs./Acre
Sandy Loam	1.0	+	1.5	+
Loam, Silt Loam, Silt	1.5	+	2.0	+
Clay Loam, Clay	2.0	+	2.0	+

Where crop is grown under furrow irrigation or under raised-berm flood irrigation (trees 4 to 6 inches above waterline), apply only as a band treatment. Do not treat trees planted in the bottom of irrigation furrows, nor trees grown under flat flood or basin irrigation as injury to trees may result. Where complete weed control to harvest is desired, additional weed control measures may be required during the growing season.

ARTICHOKE

California: Apply 2 to 4 lbs./Acre in late fall or early winter after the last cultivation. Apply before weeds germinate or to emerging seedlings. Direct spray to cover the area between the rows and at the base of artichoke plants keeping contact with crop plants at a minimum.

ASPARAGUS

Apply as a band or broadcast treatment. Do not apply to young plants during the first growing season (except as noted below), nor to newly seeded asparagus, nor on plants with exposed roots as severe injury may result. Preemergence weed control will be reduced on soils with greater than 5% organic matter.

Established Plantings: On light soils and other soils low in clay or organic matter, apply 1 to 2 lbs./Acre. On soils high in clay or organic matter, use 2 to 4 lbs./Acre. Two applications may be used. The first application should be made before weeds become established but no earlier than 4 weeks before spear emergence and no later than the early cutting period. If weeds are controlled into the cutting period by cultural practices, application may be delayed until immediately after the last cultivation. A second application may be made immediately following completion of harvest provided rainfall is expected. When two applications are used in one season, do not exceed 3 lbs./Acre per application. In Washington (irrigated crop), apply a single treatment of 4 lbs./Acre. If treatment is delayed until late winter or early spring, incorporation of the chemical in the top 1 to 2 inches of soil may substitute for lack of rain to activate the herbicide.

Newly Planted Crowns (San Joaquin Delta, California): Make a single treatment of 2 to 4 lbs./Acre on soils high in clay or organic matter. Use the lower rate on clay loams and the higher rate on peat soils.

Do not use on soils containing less than 2% organic matter. Soil must be settled by rainfall or irrigation prior to treatment. Do not treat crowns planted to a depth of less than 2 inches.

BANANA AND PLANTAIN

New Plantings: To control annual weeds, apply 1.5 to 3 lbs./Acre after planting but before weed or crop emergence. Do not apply to loose soil directly over the planting material.

Established Plantings: For control of annual weeds and for top-kill of perennials such as bermudagrass, birdseed grass, and guineagrass, apply 3 to 6 lbs./Acre plus surfactant. Avoid contact of banana and plantain plants with spray or drift as injury may result. When tall, dense weed growth is present, remove weed growth before application. If application is made to soil free of weeds, omit surfactant from the spray mixture. Repeat treatment as necessary. Apply at 6-week intervals or longer for a maximum of 12 lbs/Acre of ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC per acre (broadcast basis) in 12 months.

Note: Do not replant treated area to any crop within 2 years after last application as injury to subsequent crops may result. Exception; sugarcane or pineapple may be planted after 1 year.

**BARLEY (WINTER)
(Drill Planted)**

Western Oregon and Western Washington: Make a single application of 1.5 to 2 lbs./Acre as soon as possible after planting but before emergence of barley.

Do not replant treated areas to any crop within 1 year after last application as injury to the subsequent crop may result.

BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL (Lotus)

Western Oregon: Treat only stands established for at least 1 year. Do not apply to seedling trefoil as injury may result. Make a single application of 2 lbs./Acre when trefoil is dormant (October 15 to December 15). Do not replant treated areas to any crop within 1 year after last application as injury to subsequent crops may result.

BLUEBERRY, CANEBERRY, GOOSEBERRY

Use only in fields which have been established for at least 1 year. Do not apply to berries interplanted with fruit trees. Do not apply to plants where roots are exposed as injury may result. Apply as a band treatment at base of canes or bushes. For spring application, apply before germination and growth of annual weeds.

Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Mississippi, Missouri, New Hampshire, North Carolina, South Carolina-Blueberry: Apply 1.5 to 2 lbs./Acre in the spring and repeat treatment after harvest in the fall. Add a surfactant to improve control of small, emerged weeds.

California-Blackberry, Boysenberry, Dewberry, Loganberry, Raspberry: For control of winter annual weeds, apply 2 lbs./Acre in October or November. Repeat at the same rate in late spring to control summer annuals. A single application of 3 lbs./Acre in January or February will control annual weeds in some areas, but the separate fall and spring schedule is preferred.

Indiana, Michigan, Ohio-Blueberry: Apply 2 to 4 lbs./Acre in late spring. Alternatively, apply 2 lbs./Acre in the fall and repeat at the same rate in the spring.

Indiana, Michigan, Ohio-Raspberry: Apply 3 lbs./Acre in late spring.

Maine, Massachusetts-Blueberry: Apply 2 lbs./Acre in late spring.

Maryland, New Jersey-Blueberry: For control of winter annual weeds, apply 2 lbs./Acre from October to December, or make a single application of 2.4 lbs./Acre in early to mid-spring.

Western Washington, Western Oregon-Blueberry, Caneberry, and Gooseberry: For control of winter annual weeds, apply 2 lbs./Acre in October or November. Repeat at the same rate in late spring to control summer annual weeds. A single application of 3 lbs./Acre in January or February will control both winter and summer annual weeds in some areas, but the separate fall and spring schedule is preferred.

CITRUS

Time application as indicated for specific areas, however, application may be made any time of the year where sprinkler or flood irrigation can be timed to activate the herbicide. Established perennial weeds require other special control procedures.

~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC may be applied in citrus and in combination with registered paraquat and glyphosate formulations. Read and follow specific label instructions, precautions, and

restrictions on the label of the tank mix partner when applying ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC with other products.

Note: For citrus trees four or less years of age, make a maximum of two applications per year. Where ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC is used in a sequential treatment program, allow a minimum of 60 days between applications. For citrus trees four or more years of age, make a maximum of two applications per year. When ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC is used in a sequential treatment program, allow a minimum of 80 days between applications.

California (except Imperial and Coachella Valleys): Apply 3 to 4 lbs./Acre shortly after grove has been laid up in final form (non-tillage program) in late fall or early winter. Alternatively, apply 2 lbs./Acre in October or November and repeat at the same rate in March or April. Subsequent annual applications of 2 to 3 lbs./Acre will usually give adequate weed control.

Florida: Use only as a band application. Do not use "Trunk to Trunk".

East Coast/Flatwoods Areas-(low permeable soils)

Apply from 2 lbs./Acre to a maximum of 8 lbs./Acre for control of annual broadleaf weeds and annual grasses. Addition of an approved surfactant will improve control of emerged weeds.

Do not use more than 8 lbs. per treated acre in any one application.

Do not apply more than 8 lbs. per treated acre per year. This amount corresponds to 6.4 pounds of diuron, the active ingredient in ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC.

The maximum allowable use rate for diuron is 6.4 pounds active ingredient per treated acre per year inclusive of all diuron formulations used within 1 year.

Ridge Areas-except Highland Co. (highly permeable soils)

Apply from 2 lbs./Acre to a maximum of 4 lbs./Acre for control of annual broadleaf weeds and annual grasses. Addition of an approved surfactant will improve control of emerged weeds. Do not use more than 4 lbs. per treated acre in any one application.

Do not apply more than 8 lbs. per treated acre per year. This amount corresponds to 6.4 pounds of diuron, the active ingredient in this product.

The maximum allowable use rate for diuron is 6.4 pounds active ingredient per treated acre per year inclusive of all diuron formulations used within 1 year.

Ridge Areas-Highland Co. (highly permeable soils)

Apply from 2 lbs./Acre to a maximum of 4 lbs./Acre for control of broadleaf weeds and annual grasses. Addition of an approved surfactant will improve control of emerged weeds. Do not use more than 4 lbs. per treated acre in any one application.

Do not apply more than 6 lbs. per treated acre per year. This amount corresponds to 4.8 pounds of diuron, the active ingredient in ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC.

The maximum allowable use rate for diuron is 4.8 pounds active ingredient per treated acre per year inclusive of all diuron formulations used within 1 year.

Do not use at less than 60-day intervals.

Puerto Rico: Make a single application of 4 to 8 lbs./Acre or apply 3 to 4 lbs./Acre followed by the same rate 4 to 6 months later. On bearing citrus, apply anytime when seasonal rains are expected. On non-bearing trees, apply when winter banks are pulled down.

Texas: Apply 2 to 4 lbs./Acre for annual weeds. Use 4 to 6 lbs./Acre for control of seedling johnsongrass. Spring treatments give best results. Well-established weeds should be eliminated by cultivation prior to treatment.

CORN (Field)

Postemergence: Make a single application of 0.75 lb./Acre in combination with non-pressure nitrogen solution. If nitrogen solution is not used, apply 1 lb./Acre with surfactant. Apply as directed spray when corn is at least 20 inches high and weeds are no taller than 3 inches.

DO NOT APPLY OVER TOP OF CORN.

Do not replant to any crop within 1 year after last application as injury to subsequent crops may result. Exception: cotton, corn, and grain sorghum may be planted the spring following treatment.

Preemergence-Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, and Tennessee: Make a single application of 0.67 to 1 lb./Acre as a broadcast or band treatment after planting but before corn emerges. Plant corn at least 1 1/2 inches deep. Do not replant treated areas to crops other than corn or cotton within 4 months following band treatment and 6 months following broadcast treatment as injury to subsequent crops may result.

COTTON

USE PRECAUTIONS:

During a single crop season, do not exceed the following amount of ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC per acre as injury to subsequent crops may result; 1 lb. on sandy loam, 1.8 lbs. on clay loam, and 2.75 lbs. on clay.

Do not make more than 3 applications of ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC per year.

DO NOT SPRAY OVER THE TOP OF COTTON PLANTS.

Do not apply to sand or loamy sand soils.

Do not use on soils with less than 1% organic matter as crop injury may result.

Seedling disease may weaken plants and increase the possibility of injury from the use of trifluralin products followed by ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC. These treatments should be used only in conjunction with a standard fungicide seed treatment plus a good supplemental soil fungicide program such as captan-PCNB mixture.

Do not use ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC in preplant or preemergence applications where soil-applied organophosphate insecticides are used due to potential for severe cotton injury and possible stand loss.

Do not allow livestock to graze treated cotton.

Note: When using ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC in a sequential treatment program, allow a minimum of 21 days between applications.

PREPLANT

California: Use ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC alone or apply as a separate operation following preplant broadcast treatment with trifluralin products (incorporated according to directions on the trifluralin product label). Apply ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC as a broadcast spray after beds are formed, pre-irrigated, and final seedbeds prepared. Prior to planting, drag-off the tops of the beds and plant in moist soil not treated with ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC. Treated soil is returned to the bed after planting when irrigation furrows are reformed after cotton has emerged. If more than two furrowing-out operations are performed prior to lay-by, or deep furrows are made early, weed control may be reduced in the furrow bottoms.

Alligare Diuron 80DFAlligare Diuron IWC Alone: Apply at 1 to 2 lbs./Acre

Alligare Diuron 80DFAlligare Diuron IWC following trifluralin products:

Soil Texture	RATE/ACRE Trifluralin products	Alligare Diuron 80DF <u>Alligare Diuron IWC</u>
Sandy Loam, Loam, Silt Loam, Silt	1 pt.	0.67-1 lb.
Sandy Clay Loam, Clay Loam, Silty Clay Loam, Sandy Clay, Clay	1.5 pts.	1-1.25 lbs.

PREPLANT

Except California: ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC may be used for burndown of existing annual weeds and residual control of weeds prior to planting cotton. Complete any planned tillage prior to application. Apply herbicide treatments before weeds germinate or before weed seedlings are more than 2 inches tall. If weeds are emerged prior to application, add a non-ionic surfactant. Tillage following application should be avoided to prevent incorporation of the herbicide into the cotton seed germination zone which may result in crop injury. Dragging treated soil from beds will concentrate the herbicide in middles and reduce residual weed control on the beds.

Apply ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC at 1 to 2 lbs./Acre from 15 to 45 days prior to anticipated planting. Refer to the table below for use rates in preplant applications. Do not exceed suggested use rates for individual soil textures shown in the table below. If less than the maximum rate of application for a given soil is applied preplant, subsequent preemergence applications of ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC may be made. However, the total combined application rate for ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC applied preplant and preemergence may not exceed the maximum suggested use rate for either application method.

Alligare Diuron 80DFAlligare Diuron IWC Alone:

Soil Texture	Rate/Acre
Sandy Loam, Loam, Silt Loam, Silt	1 lb.
Sandy Clay Loam, Clay Loam, Silty Clay Loam, Sandy Clay	1.25 lbs.

Silty Clay, Clay

2 lbs.

Preemergence application of herbicides with a similar mode of action to that of diuron following preplant application of ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC may result in cotton injury. When preplant applications of ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC are followed by preemergence applications of herbicides with a similar mode of action, for example of Meturon®, Cotoron®, or other products containing fluometuron, product containing fluometuron should be used at the minimum rate of application for the soil under consideration in order to reduce potential for crop injury. This is most critical where applications of ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC are made less than 30 days preplant, on coarse-textured soils, and on soils low in organic matter. The risk of injury from preplant applications of ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC is reduced where substantial rainfall (greater than 0.5 inches) occurs between application and planting. Read and follow any additional precautions on the ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC label when using this product for preplant weed control in cotton.

PREPLANT TANK MIXES: When emerged weeds taller than 2 inches or weeds not listed on the ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC label are present, ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC may be tank mixed with other products registered for preplant applications in cotton. The addition of dry spray grade ammonium sulfate at the rate of 2.0% w/w (17 lbs. per 100 gallons finished spray solution) is suggested to enhance performance of ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC plus glyphosate tank mixes.

REPLANTING: Only cotton and corn may be planted within 6 months of preplant applications of ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC. To avoid crop injury following replanting, avoid disturbing the original bed.

PREEMERGENCE

Except California: Use ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC alone or apply as a separate operation following preplant treatment with trifluralin products. Apply ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC after planting but before cotton emerges.

Do not treat cotton in deep furrows as crop injury may result.

Use only where cotton is planted on flat or raised seedbeds. Shallow incorporation (no deeper than 0.25 inch) with a rotary hoe or similar equipment following planting usually improves results, especially during dry weather. A wide press wheel should be used on the planter to provide a level seedbed for subsequent early season postemergence treatments. If moisture is insufficient to activate ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC or if soil becomes crusted before crop emerges, a shallow rotary hoeing (no deeper than 0.25 inch) should be made before weeds become established. ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC should not be applied preemergence following application of the maximum rate for a given soil applied preplant. If less than the maximum rate is used preplant, additional ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC may be applied preemergence. However, the total amount of ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC applied preplant and preemergence must not exceed the maximum suggested use rate for either preplant or preemergence applications.

~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC Alone: Make a single application as a broadcast or band spray, using the following broadcast rates. Use proportionately less for band treatment.

SOIL TEXTURE	RATE/ACRE
Sandy Loam, Loam, Silt Loam, Silt	1 lb.
Sandy Clay Loam, Clay Loam, Silty Clay Loam, Sandy Clay	1.25 lbs.
Silty Clay, Clay	2 lbs.

PREEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS OF ~~ALLIGARE DIURON 80DF~~ALLIGARE DIURON IWC FOLLOWING TRIFLURALIN PRODUCTS: Apply trifluralin products prior to planting as a broadcast or band treatment. Incorporate according to the directions on trifluralin labels. As a separate operation apply ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC after planting but before cotton emerges. Use the following broadcast rates; for band treatment use proportionately less.

Soil Texture	RATE/ACRE	Trifluralin products	Alligare Diuron 80DF <u>Alligare Diuron IWC</u>
Sandy Loam, Loam, Silt Loam, Silt	1 pt.		1 lb.

Sandy Clay Loam, Clay Loam, Silty Clay Loam, Sandy Clay, Clay, Silty Clay 1.5 pts. 1.25-2 lbs.

POSTEMERGENCE: Apply ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC only as a directed spray to cover weed foliage. Adjust nozzles to minimize contact of cotton leaves with spray or drift or crop injury may result. Applications may also be made in hooded/shielded sprayers.

EARLY SEASON: Apply when cotton is at least 6 inches tall and when weeds are actively growing and do not exceed 2 inches in height. Apply as a band or broadcast treatment at the following rate. Two applications may be made if needed.

Annual Weed Problem (up to 2 inches tall)	Rate Per Acre
Cotton 6-8"	0.5 lb.
Cotton 8-12"	0.75 lb.

For control of seedling perennial grass such as johnsongrass in directed sprays and partial control of nutsedge or when weed growth is under drought stress or over 2 inches in height, add 2 to 3.5 lbs. active DSMA or 1.65 to 2 lbs. active MSMA to above spray mixture. If DSMA or MSMA are used, do not apply after first bloom.

For enhanced weed control in hooded/shielded sprayer applications, add MSMA or DSMA as suggested above; or add registered glyphosate or paraquat formulations according to label directions. Consult product labels for specific instructions and precautions for hooded/sprayer applications.

LATE SEASON (LAY-BY): Apply 1 to 1.5 lbs./Acre (1 to 2 lbs. in California) per acre when cotton is at least 12 inches high (at least 20 inches for Pima S-2). For control of germinating weed seedlings, apply to soil beneath cotton plants and between rows immediately after last cultivation. In irrigated cotton, best weed control is obtained if the field is irrigated within 3 to 4 days after application, to thoroughly wet the surface of the ground over the row to carry the herbicide into the root zone of germinating weeds. Alternatively, for control of emerged annual weeds (4 inches or less in height) at lay-by time, make a single application in combination with surfactant, or use 0.5 to 0.75 lb./Acre plus surfactant and repeat later if needed.

REPLANTING: If initial seeding fails to produce a stand, cotton may be replanted in soil treated preemergence with ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC alone or following preplant application of trifluralin products. Wherever possible, avoid disturbing original bed. If necessary to rework soil before replanting, use shallow cultivation such as discing. Do not relist nor move soil into the original drill area. Plant seed at least 1 inch deep. Do not retreat field with a second preplant or preemergence application of herbicide during the same crop year as injury to crop may result.

SUBSEQUENT CROPS

Alligare Diuron 80DF <u>Alligare Diuron IWC</u> Herbicide Type of Application	That May Follow Treated Cotton
Band pre or postemergence	Any crop 4 months after last application
Band pre plus postemergence or Broadcast preemergence (and preplant) or Broadcast preemergence plus band postemergence	Cotton, soybeans, corn, or grain sorghums (not sorgos or forage sorghums nor grass sorghums) the next spring. Do not replant treated areas to any other crop within 1 year after last application as injury to subsequent crops may result.
Broadcast postemergence (lay-by)	Cotton, corn, grain sorghums (not sorgos or forage sorghums nor grass sorghums) the next spring. Do not replant treated areas to any other crop within 1 year after last application as injury may result.
For subsequent crops in fields where trifluralin products are used, follow instructions on the trifluralin product label.	

FILBERTS

Use ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC for control of certain weeds in filbert orchards established for at least 1 year.

Do not apply more than 4 lbs. per acre per year. When using ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC in a sequential treatment program, allow a minimum of 150 days between applications.

Apply ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC as a directed spray, avoiding contact on the foliage and fruit with spray or drift. Make an initial treatment of 2.75 lbs./Acre in the late fall or early winter after harvest. Repeat annually with 2.75 lbs./Acre, or apply 2 lbs./Acre in October or November after harvest and repeat at the same rate in March or April.

Do not apply when nuts are on the ground.

Do not graze livestock in treated orchards.

Do not use on light sandy soils.

If trees are planted on hillsides, the elimination of weeds and ground cover may cause excessive soil erosion. Under these conditions, strip applications of ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC (at proportionately lower rates) may be made near the trees or to the tree rows perpendicular to the slope.

GRAPE

Apply only as a band treatment to established vineyards at least 3 years old. On soils low in clay or organic matter (1 to 2%), severe plant injury may result if heavy rainfall or more than 1 inch of irrigation occurs soon after treatment. This risk must be assumed by the user.

Do not apply more than 5 lbs./Acre as a single maximum use rate. Do not apply more than 10 lbs./Acre per year. When using ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC in a sequential treatment program, allow a minimum of 90 days between applications. Avoid direct or indirect spray contact to foliage and green bark (non-barked vines with the exception of undesirable suckers). Apply a maximum of two applications per year.

New York and Pennsylvania-Perennial Grasses: Use only in established vineyards (at least 4 years old) for spot control of perennial grasses such as orchardgrass, quackgrass, and ryegrass. Apply in the spring as a band treatment to ridged soil (2 to 4 inches high) under trellis at the rate of 8 to 10 lbs./Acre. Band width should not exceed 30 inches. Do not apply more than once every 4 years. Use only on heavy soil types such as loams, silt loams, clay loams. Do not use in areas where grape roots are shallow or exposed, because of high bedrock, poor drainage, or erosion as injury to grapevines may result.

East of the Rocky Mountains: On soils low in clay or organic matter (1 to 2%), apply 2 to 3 lbs./Acre. On soils high in clay or organic matter, apply 3 to 6 lbs./Acre. Apply in the spring just prior to germination of annual weeds.

West of the Rocky Mountains: For best results, apply during the winter months when weeds are less than 2 inches in height or diameter. Rainfall or overhead sprinkler irrigation sufficient to wet the soil to a depth of 2 inches is necessary to activate the herbicide. Abnormally heavy rainfall following application just before spring growth may move the herbicide into the root zone of grapes which could result in injury. For initial treatment, apply 3 to 4 lbs./Acre. Subsequent annual applications of 2 lbs./Acre will usually give adequate weed control. Do not apply to vines with trunks less than 1.5 inches in diameter as injury may result.

GRASS SEED CROPS

(Perennial except where specifically indicated)

Except as noted, apply only to established plantings at least 1 year old.

Note: Apply a single application per year at up to 3 lbs./Acre. May be applied by aerial application in the Pacific Northwest only.

Colorado, Kansas, Missouri, New Mexico, and Oklahoma: On sand bluestem, side oats grama, and switchgrass, apply 2 to 3 lbs./Acre during the dormant period shortly before weed seedlings emerge. Do not apply after crop begins growth in the spring as crop injury may result. In fields where ash residues have accumulated from burning straw use 3 lbs./Acre. Spread unburned chaff or straw with a harrow or chopper before application.

Eastern Oregon, Eastern Washington: On perennial bluegrass and fescue apply 1 to 3 lbs./Acre as broadcast in enough diluent to get even distribution. Apply in spring before rapid growth of the crop begins and when the windgrass is still small (1-4 leaf). DO NOT use on coarse (sand)-textured soils.

Western Oregon, Western Washington: On alta fescue, Astoria bentgrass, Highland bentgrass, Kentucky bluegrass (Merion bluegrass), and orchardgrass, apply 2 to 3 lbs./Acre between October 1 and November 15. In fields where ash residues have accumulated from burning straw, use 3 lbs./Acre. Spread unburned chaff or straw with a harrow or chopper before application. For best results, apply as soon as possible after fall rains start. Established weeds beyond two to four leaf stage should be removed prior to treatment.

Well established vigorous stands of spring planted alta fescue, Kentucky bluegrass, and orchardgrass may be treated the following fall provided the crop is planted before April 1 and treatment is not applied before October 15; apply 2 lbs./Acre.

Oregon and Washington: Apply in the fall to perennial ryegrass at the rate of 1 to 2 lbs./Acre and to tall fescue at the rate of 2 to 3 lbs./Acre. Use a sufficient volume of water, and minimum of 25 gallons per acre, for thorough coverage of weed foliage. For best results, make applications at the onset of the fall rains and before weeds have become established (typically October 1 through November 15). Established weeds beyond the 2-4 leaf stage should be removed prior to treatment.

Apply only to well established, vigorous stands. Do not apply to perennial ryegrass stands less than one year old. Use mechanical agitation and avoid overlap of spray patterns. Weed control efficacy may be reduced in fields where ash residues have accumulated from burning straw.

Annual Ryegrass for the Creation of Rows: Apply 1 to 2 lbs./Acre as a directed or shielded spray so the intended crop row area is not treated. These applications should be made where excessive populations of annual ryegrass are anticipated to volunteer from previous crops. Applications can be made as a directed/shielded spray during seeding or after emergence of annual ryegrass. These applications generally will occur between October 1 and January 15. ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC is most effective when applied before annual ryegrass volunteer plants have more than 2 leaves. If larger plants are to be treated, addition of a labeled postemergence herbicide will provide more effective control.

Adjust nozzle heights and spacing to allow the establishment of the desired row width (generally about 3 inches) and spacing (generally 9 to 12 inches). Use low-pressure nozzles, shielded nozzles, or drop nozzles to reduce spray movement in the intended crop row area.

Fine Fescue Grass Seed Crops (including chewings, creeping red, and hard fescue types): For the suppression of rattail fescue, apply at 1 to 2 lbs./Acre on soils having at least 1% organic matter. Do not use on sand, loamy sand, gravelly soils, or exposed sub-soils.

Crop Stage and Application Timing: Use ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC on healthy vigorous stands of fine fescue. ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC can be applied to stands established at least 1 year or to new plantings that have been established for at least 6 months and have a minimum of eight tillers at time of application.

Apply in fall before grass weeds are beyond the one to two leaf stage and before broadleaf weeds are larger than 1 to 2 inches tall or across. Use the high end of the rate range for large weeds or where weed populations are high.

Approximately 1/2 to 1 inch of rainfall or sprinkler irrigation is needed to move ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC into the weed zone before weeds develop an established root system. Weeds larger than the size indicated or those having a well established root system before ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC is properly activated by rainfall/irrigation may not be adequately controlled.

Weed control may be reduced by heavy straw residues or ash from field burning.

Tank Mixes: ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC can be applied either alone or in a program involving tank mixes with other herbicides and adjuvants. When using a tank mix with other herbicides, use 1 to 1.5 lbs./Acre unless prior experience indicates it is safe to use higher rates. Tank mixes with other herbicides can increase the risk of crop injury. When using a certain tank mix for the first time, limit use to a small area to determine safety before treating large areas.

Use Precautions:

Do not replant treated areas to any crop within 2 years of last application as injury to subsequent crops may result.

Do not apply to snow covered or frozen ground as injury to the crop or poor weed control may result.

Do not treat stands lacking in vigor due to poor fertility, environmental stress, insect or disease, or damage from other herbicides.

New Plantings-Oregon, Washington: For use in newly planted bentgrass, chewing fescue, Kentucky bluegrass, perennial ryegrass, orchardgrass, and tall fescue. During planting operation, spray a suitable brand of activated charcoal as a 1-inch band on soil surface at 15 pounds per acre of crop where row spacing is 20 inches (300 pounds per acre broadcast basis). Mount nozzles to apply directly over seed rows to prevent crop injury. Follow with ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC as a single broadcast spray at the rate of 2.5 to 3 lbs./Acre. Apply as soon as possible after planting but before crops or weeds emerge and before rains or sprinkler irrigation. Fall or spring plantings may be treated. Best results usually occur with early fall plantings. Treatment will not control downy brome or wild oats.

PERENNIAL RYEGRASS, TALL FESCUE, KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS, AND FINE FESCUE (Grown for Seed)

For control of certain broadleaf weeds and annual grasses apply this product only to well-established vigorous stands of grasses as directed below. Use sufficient water (a minimum of 25 gallons per acre) for thorough coverage of weed foliage. For best results, make application at the onset of fall rains and before weeds become established (typically October 1 through November 15). Weeds beyond the 2- to 4-leaf stage will usually not be controlled. Use higher rates within the range listed when treating larger weeds and heavier weed infestation. Weed control may be reduced where straw or ash residues have accumulated on the soil surface. Lack of moisture to activate the herbicide may reduce weed control. Tank mixtures or sequential treatments with other herbicides may reduce crop tolerance and increase risk of crop injury. When using ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC in a tank mix or in a sequential treatment with other herbicides, do not use the maximum rates listed below unless compatibility and the potential for phytotoxicity have been evaluated. Crop tolerance may be reduced and the likelihood of crop injury may increase when crop is under stress caused by weather, diseases, and insects.

Perennial Ryegrass (Established)(Oregon Only): Apply 1 to 2 pounds per acre per season (October 1 through mid-January) to control seedling grasses and broadleaf weeds such as annual bluegrass and others named on this label.

Tall Fescue (Established)(Oregon Only): Apply 2 to 3 pounds per acre per season (October 1 through mid-January) to control seedling grasses and broadleaf weeds such as rattail fescue and others named on this label.

Kentucky Bluegrass (Established stands east of the Cascade Mountains)(Oregon, Washington Only): Apply 1.5 to 3 pounds per acre per season (October 1 through mid-January) for suppression of rattail fescue and certain other seedling grasses and broadleaf weeds named on this label. Downy brome is not controlled. Do not use on *Poa trivialis* grass seed varieties.

Fine Fescue (Illahee, Rainier, Chewings, and related varieties including Hard Fescue)(Established stands west of the Cascade Mountains)(Oregon Only): Apply 1 to 2 pounds per acre for suppression of rattail fescue and certain other seedling grasses and broadleaf weeds named on this label. Make only 1 application per year. Do not use this product more than two years in succession in the same field.

MACADAMIA NUT

Hawaii: Use only under trees established in the orchard for at least 1 year. Apply 2 to 6 lbs./Acre immediately after harvest, preferably before weeds emerge. If weeds have emerged, add surfactant. Retreat as needed but do not exceed 10 lbs./Acre per year. The grazing of livestock to treated areas is prohibited.

OATS

Do not replant treated areas to any crop within 1 year after last application as injury to subsequent crops may result.

DRILL PLANTED SPRING OATS-Idaho, Eastern Oregon, Eastern Washington: Use in areas where average annual rainfall exceeds 16 inches. Make a single application of 1 to 1.5 lbs./Acre after planting, either before or after oats emerge but within 6 weeks of planting. Best results are usually obtained when application is made 3 to 4 weeks after planting. Apply before weeds are 3 to 4 inches in height.

DRILL PLANTED WINTER OATS AND MIXTURE WITH PEAS OR VETCH-Western Oregon and Western Washington: Make a single application of 1.5 to 2 lbs./Acre as soon as possible after planting but before crop emergence.

OLIVE

California: Use only under trees established in the grove for at least 1 year. Apply 2 lbs./Acre after the grove has been laid-up in final form in late October or November. Repeat at same rate in March or April. Remove weed growth prior to treatment. The grazing of livestock to treated areas is prohibited.

PAPAYA

Use only under trees established in the orchard for at least 1 year. Apply 2.5 to 5 lbs./Acre, preferably before weeds emerge. If weeds have emerged, add surfactant. The grazing of livestock to treated areas is prohibited.

**PEAS
(Austrian Field)**

Western Oregon: Apply ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC for selective control of certain weeds in Austrian field peas.
 Apply 1.5 to 2 lbs. ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC per acre as a broadcast spray with air or ground equipment as soon as possible after planting but before crop emerges for control of weeds such as chickweed, sheperdspurse, wild mustard, fiddleneck, lambsquarters, pigweed, and annual bluegrass. Use lower rate on coarse-textured soils and higher rate on fine-textured soils.
 Do not use ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC on sand, sandy loam, gravelly soils, or exposed subsoils, or on soils having less than 1% organic matter as crop injury may result. Do not replant treated area to another crop within 1 year of application. Crop injury may result if severe winter stress, disease, or insect damage to the crop follows application.

PEACH

~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC may be applied alone or as a tank mix with Sinbar. Where crop is grown under furrow irrigation or under raised-berm flood irrigation (trees 4 to 6 inches above waterline), apply only as a band treatment. Do not treat trees planted in the bottom of irrigation furrows, nor trees grown under flat flood or basin irrigation, as injury to trees may result. Where complete weed control to harvest is desired, additional weed control measures may be required during the growing season.
Alligare Diuron 80DF Alligare Diuron IWC Alone: Use only under trees established in the orchard for at least 3 years. Apply 2 to 2.75 lbs./Acre in the early spring before weeds emerge or during the early seedling stage of weed growth. In California, apply 2-3.75 lbs./Acre. Do not apply within 3 months of harvest. In the Far West, do not apply within 8 months of harvest.
Georgia: On trees established for at least 2 years, apply 2 to 2.75 lbs./Acre in the spring. Repeat application in the fall but do not exceed 5 lbs./Acre per year. Add surfactant to improve control of small, emerged weeds.
Alligare Diuron 80DF Alligare Diuron IWC plus Sinbar: Use only under trees established in the orchard for at least 2 years. Apply either in the spring or after harvest in the fall before weeds emerge or during early seedling stage of weed growth.

Soil Texture	RATE/ACRE					
	1 to 2% Organic Matter			More Than 2% Organic Matter		
	Alligare Diuron 80DF <u>Alligare Diuron IWC</u> Lbs./Acre	+	Sinbar Lbs./Acre	Alligare Diuron 80DF <u>Alligare Diuron IWC</u> Lbs./Acre	+	Sinbar Lbs./Acre
Sandy Loam	1.0	+	1.0	1.5	+	1.5
Loam, Silt Loam, Silt	1.5	+	1.5	2.0	+	2.0
Clay Loam, Clay	2.0	+	2.0	2.0	+	2.0

PEAR

Use only under trees established in the orchard for at least 1 year. Do not treat varieties grafted on full-dwarf root stocks. Apply 4 lbs./Acre in the spring from March through May. In the Far West, apply 4 lbs./Acre to weeds less than 2 inches in height or diameter under dormant trees. Alternatively, apply to small weeds at 2 lbs./Acre postharvest followed by 2 lbs./Acre prior to budbreak. The grazing of livestock to treated areas is prohibited.

PECAN

Use ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC alone or as a tank mix with Sinbar. Make a single band or broadcast application as a directed spray using a minimum of 30 gallons of water per acre. Apply in the spring before weeds emerge or during the early seedling stage of growth.

Soil Texture	RATE/ACRE				
	Alligare Diuron 80DF <u>Alligare Diuron IWC</u> Alone*	OR	Tank Mix** Alligare Diuron 80DF <u>Alligare Diuron IWC</u>	+	Sinbar
Sandy loam	2 lbs.		1.5 lbs.	+	1.5 lbs.
Loam, Silt loam, Silt	3 lbs.		1.75 lbs.	+	1.75 lbs.
Clay loam, Clay	4 lbs.		2 lbs.	+	2 lbs.

*Use only under trees established in the grove for at least 3 years and on soils with at least 0.5% organic matter.

**Use only under trees established in the grove for at least 1 year and on soils with at least 1% organic matter.

Note: Do not use on eroded areas where sub-soil or roots are exposed, nor on trees that are diseased or lacking in vigor, or on trees planted in irrigation furrows as injury may occur.

The grazing of livestock to treated areas is prohibited.

PEPPERMINT

Washington, Oregon, Idaho: Apply ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC at 0.75 to 1 lb./Acre on soils having 1 to 2% organic matter. Apply ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC at 1 to 2 lbs./Acre on soils having 2.1 to 3.0% organic matter. Apply ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC at 2 to 3 lbs./Acre on soils having more than 3.0% organic matter.

Use Precautions: Do not apply to stands of mint suffering from stress due to low fertility, drought, winter injury, insects, disease, or damage from other herbicides or other causes.

Do not apply to snow covered or frozen ground as injury to the crop or poor weed control may result.

Do not apply to sand, loamy soil, gravelly soils, or exposed sub-soils. Do not apply to soils that have a high salt content and/or high water table or poor drainage that retards mint root development resulting in a shallow root system. Do not apply to soils having less than 1% organic matter.

Application Timing: Apply ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC to established (at least one year) stands of mint during the late winter dormant period or after flaming in the spring prior to the emergence of new growth. Do not cultivate after application.

If weeds are present at time of application, the use of a surfactant at 0.25% v/v or crop oil concentrate at 1.0% v/v may be used to increase the performance of ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC postemergence to weeds.

Tank Mixes and Sequential Treatments: ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC can be applied either alone or in a program involving tank mixes and/or sequential treatments with other herbicides and adjuvants providing ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC is not applied to actively growing mint plant.

When using a tank mix with other herbicides, use the lower end of the ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC use rate range unless prior experience indicates it is safe to use higher rates. Tank mixes and sequential treatments with other herbicides can increase the risk of crop injury. When using a certain tank mix or sequential treatment for the first time, limit use to a small area to determine safety before treating large areas.

PINEAPPLE

Hawaii: Apply 2 to 6 lbs./Acre as a broadcast spray just before or immediately after planting but prior to weed emergence. Use 2 to 4 lbs./Acre after harvesting the plant crop or ratoon crop (for the first ratoon crop as well as subsequent ratoon crops) but before differentiation. For plant crop only, additional broadcast or interspace applications may be made prior to differentiation at the rate of 2 lbs./Acre at intervals of not less than 2 months. Additional applications to plant crop may be made as needed to interspace only using 2 lbs./Acre. Do not apply more than 12 lbs./Acre as broadcast sprays nor more than 16 lbs. total per acre per plant crop. Treated areas may be planted to pineapple or sugarcane 1 year after last application.

Florida: Apply 4 to 8 lbs./Acre as a broadcast spray just before or immediately after planting but prior to weed emergence. For ratoon crop use 4 lbs./Acre after harvesting plant crop. For plant crop only, a second and third broadcast or interspace application may be made prior to differentiation at the rate of 2 lbs./Acre at intervals of not less than 2 months. Additional applications to plant crop may be made as needed to interspace only using 2 lbs./Acre. Do not apply more than three broadcast sprays (maximum 12 lbs./Acre) prior to differentiation nor more than 16 lbs. total per acre per plant crop. Treated areas may be planted to pineapple or sugarcane 1 year after last application.

Puerto Rico: Apply 3.75 to 6.25 lbs./Acre as a broadcast spray before or immediately after planting but prior to weed emergence. Preemergence application controls weeds such as pigweed, crotalaria, morningglory, purslane, crabgrass, foxtail, goosegrass, fall panicum, and sourgrass.

RED CLOVER

Western Oregon: Make a single application of 2 lbs./Acre on established red clover stands at least 9 months old. Apply when red clover is dormant between October 15 to December 15. Do not apply to seedling red clover. Do not replant treated area to any crop within 1 year after last application as injury to subsequent crops may result. Treatment will control annual weeds such as bluegrass, chickweed, hawksbeard, rattail fescue, ryegrass, and velvetgrass.

**SORGHUM
(Grain)**

DO NOT SPRAY OVER TOP OF SORGHUM.

Southwestern States: Apply 0.25 to 0.5 lb./Acre plus surfactant. Apply as a directed postemergence spray after sorghum is 15 inches tall to control weeds 2 to 4 inches in height. Use lower rate on broadleaf weeds up to 2 inches tall. Use the higher rate on grasses up to 2 inches and broadleaf weeds up to 4 inches tall. When the lower rate is used, a second application may be made if needed. Do not exceed 0.5 lb./Acre. Treatment of weeds under drought stress is usually ineffective. Do not replant treated areas to crops other than cotton or corn within 4 months following band treatment and 6 months following broadcast treatment as injury to subsequent crops may result.

SUGARCANE

To prevent possible crop injury on new cane varieties, test tolerance to ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC prior to adoption as a field practice. Do not treat sugarcane growing on thinly covered subsoils or rocky areas as crop injury may result. Temporary chlorosis and stunting of the crop may result from application over emerged cane. Application over emerged cane should be made only as directed below, without the addition of a surfactant or crop oil concentrate. To minimize chlorosis and stunting, use directed postemergence sprays.

~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC may be applied as a directed spray (including hooded and shielded spray) in combination with formulations of paraquat. Consult the label of the tank mix partner for rates and timings of application, restrictions, and precautions.

PREEMERGENCE-Florida: For high organic soils, apply 2 to 4 lbs./Acre as a broadcast or band spray prior to weed emergence after planting or after harvesting plant crop (for ratoon crop).

POSTEMERGENCE-Florida: Make one or two applications of 2 lbs./Acre as needed by directed spray inter-row. Alternatively, for panicum control, make up to three applications of 0.5 to 1 lb. per acre plus surfactant as a directed spray after cane has emerged but before panicum exceeds 2 inches in height. Adjust nozzles to spray beneath cane plants and between rows to cover weed foliage and to minimize contact of cane leaves with spray or drift. Do not apply more than 6 lbs. total per acre between planting (or ratooning) and harvest.

Hawaii: Apply 2 to 6 lbs./Acre as a broadcast spray prior to weed emergence after planting or after harvesting plant crop or ratoon crop. Sequential applications of 2 to 4 lbs./Acre may be made as a broadcast spray over emerged cane or by directed spray inter-row.

If weeds are emerged, add a surfactant and apply as a directed spray. Do not apply more than three treatments nor more than 12 lbs./Acre in Hawaii between planting (or ratooning) and harvest. Treated areas may be replanted to sugarcane or pineapple 1 year after last application.

Puerto Rico: Apply 4 to 8 lbs./Acre as a broadcast spray prior to weed emergence after planting or after harvesting plant crop or ratoon crop. A second and third application of 2 to 4 lbs./Acre may be made as a broadcast spray over emerged cane or by directed spray inter-row.

If weeds are emerged, add a surfactant and apply as a directed spray. Do not apply more than 3 treatments nor more than 10 lbs./Acre in Puerto Rico between planting (or ratooning) and harvest. Treated areas may be replanted to sugarcane or pineapple 1 year after last application.

Louisiana, Texas: Apply at 3 to 3.75 lbs./Acre. ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC may be applied as a broadcast spray after planting and following the harvesting of sugarcane. ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC may also be applied broadcast in late winter. Application is best when made prior to weed emergence. ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC may be applied as a post-directed spray immediately after the last cultivation. Direct the spray application to the base (no more than 1/3 the plant height) of the sugarcane plants. When small weeds (3 inches or less) are present at application, add a surfactant at 0.25% v/v or crop oil concentrate at 1.0% v/v to the spray mix.

Use Precautions: Temporary leaf yellowing may occur following application. Do not apply more than 7.5 lbs./Acre broadcast per year. Use proportionately less for band applications.

TREE PLANTINGS

Colorado, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wyoming: Use only under established plantings 1 year or older of American elm, caragana, cottonwood, Douglas fir, green ash, honeysuckle, Ponderosa pine, red cedar, Russian olive, and Siberian elm. Use 2.5 to 5 lbs./Acre. Apply as a band 4 feet wide in the tree row (2 feet on each side of row). For example, 1 ounce ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC treats 135 feet of tree row (2 feet on each side of row) at the rate of 5 lbs./Acre. Apply as a directed spray in early spring before weeds emerge and before trees leaf out. Do not apply to foliage of trees nor under trees growing in low areas as injury may result.

Idaho, Oregon, Washington: Use ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC for control of weeds to aid in the establishment of hybrid poplar plantings. Apply at 1 to 3 lbs./Acre depending upon soil texture and organic matter content. Use 1 to 2 lbs./Acre on coarse-textured soils and 2 to 3 lbs./Acre on medium- to fine-textured soils. Do not use on gravelly soils or on any soil having less than 0.5% organic matter as injury to trees may result. **Injury may result from applications to poplar plantings grown on sandy soil with low organic matter with sprinkler irrigation.** When applied in a band, the application rate will be in proportion to the area banded on a per acre basis.

Apply in late winter or early spring as a uniform broadcast spray before or after planting but prior to bud swell, or as a directed spray after bud swell. Apply before weeds emerge or after emergence while weeds are small. Some rainfall or water is necessary to move ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC into the weed root zone before weeds become well established. If weeds are present at time of treatment, add a surfactant at 1 to 2 quarts per 100 gallons of spray solution.

PREPLANT: Take precautions to prevent treated soil (usually top 1 inch) from coming into contact with roots of trees during the planting process as injury may result.

POST-PLANT (BROADCAST): It is best to wait until rain or irrigation has settled the soil around the newly planted trees before applying ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC. If trees are dormant, a broadcast application can be made.

POST-PLANT (DIRECTED): If buds have started to swell, use a directed spray pattern that prevents ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC from contact with trees as injury may result. During the growing season (from bud swell to leaf drop), ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC may be applied (alone or with tank mix) between tree rows in shielded and directed sprays.

~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC can be tank mixed with a glyphosate herbicide pre-plant and as a directed spray to broaden the spectrum of weeds controlled and improve post-emergence activity. Use 1 to 3 lbs. ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC plus glyphosate herbicide (according to label instructions) depending upon soil type and weeds to be controlled. **Note:** There are several formulations of glyphosate herbicide. Check the glyphosate herbicide label to verify that the intended use as a pre-plant or post-directed spray on hybrid poplar plantations is allowed. Avoid contact of glyphosate herbicide with foliage, green stems, trees, or other desirable vegetation because severe damage or destruction may result.

WALNUT (ENGLISH)

California, Oregon, Washington: Use only under trees established in the orchard for at least 1 year. As an initial treatment, apply 2.75 lbs./Acre after the orchard has been laid-up in final form (non-tillage program) in late fall or early winter. Retreat annually with 2 to 2.75 lbs./Acre. In California, apply 2 to 3.75 lbs./Acre. Alternatively, apply 2 lbs./Acre in October or November and repeat at the same rate in March or April.

Do not use on sand, loamy sand, gravelly soils, or exposed sub-soils, nor where organic matter is less than 1%.

Do not graze livestock in treated orchards and groves.

Do not make more than two applications per year. Do not apply more than 4 lbs./Acre per year. In California, do not apply more than 3.75 lbs./Acre per year. When using ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC in a sequential treatment program, allow a minimum of 150 days between applications.

WHEAT (WINTER)

Use Precautions: Crop injury may result where severe winter stress, disease, or insect damage follows application. Winter-sensitive varieties may be less tolerant of ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC

than winter-hardy varieties. Crop injury may result from failure to observe the following: Do not use on sand or loamy sand soils, nor on gravelly or sandy loams with less than 1% organic matter. Do not use on thinly covered or exposed sub-soil area (clay knolls). Do not treat wheat planted less than 1 inch deep. Do not treat wheat where winter climatic conditions have caused "heaving" of plants. Do not treat wheat plants lacking in vigor due to poor emergence, insect damage, disease, high alkalinity or other causes. Do not apply after wheat has reached the "boot" stage of maturity. Unless specified otherwise, do not use with surfactants or nitrogen solution. Do not replant treated areas to any other crop within 1 year after last treatment (except as noted) as injury to subsequent crops may result.

Idaho, Oregon and Washington-East of Cascade Range: Where average annual rainfall exceeds 16 inches, make a single application of 1 to 1.5 lbs./Acre.

FALL TREATMENT: For early fall planted wheat (seeded before September 10), apply 3 to 6 weeks after planting but before weeds are 3 to 4 inches tall. Treatment after October 1 has generally given best results. Application should not be made after soil freezes in the fall. Wheat planted in late October should not be treated until the following spring.

SPRING TREATMENT: Apply as soon as wheat starts to grow. Treatment made prior to April 10 will usually give good results provided weed growth is less than 4 inches tall. Application later than May 1 may give poor results.

Alternatively, make a single application of 0.5 to 1 lb. ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC plus 0.25 lb. bromoxynil per acre as a tank mixture in either the fall after wheat has emerged but before soil freezes or in the spring as soon as soil thaws. Apply before weeds are more than 2 inches tall or across.

Where average annual rainfall is 10 to 16 inches following fall planting, make a single application of 1 to 1.5 lbs./Acre when sufficient moisture is available to germinate wheat seed. Apply before soil freezes and weeds are 2 inches tall. Application later than March 1 may give poor results.

If fall-planted wheat fails to grow due to winter kill or adverse growing conditions after fall treatment, only fields treated before November 1 may be replanted to spring wheat. Spring wheat should not be planted before April 1 and only after deep discing and plowing to a depth of 4 to 6 inches prior to planting. Do not make a second application during the same crop year or injury to the crop may result.

Oregon, Washington-West of Cascade Range: Make a single application of 1.5 to 2 lbs./Acre as soon as possible after planting. If wheat and weeds have emerged, apply before weeds are 3 to 4 inches tall.

Alternatively, apply a tank mixture of ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC plus bromoxynil as detailed for "East of Cascade Range".

Other Areas of Oregon and Washington: Make a single application in the spring as soon as wheat (fall-planted) starts to grow and before weeds are 2 inches tall. Application later than May 1 may give poor results.

Kansas, Oklahoma, and Texas: Do not use on sand or sandy loam soils. Use 1 lb./Acre on silt and silt loam soils and 1.5 to 2 lbs./Acre on clay, clay loam, and silty clay loam soils.

Central Plains, Midwest: Use 1 to 2 lbs./Acre.

Northeast: Use 1 to 1.5 lbs./Acre.

NON-CROP WEED CONTROL (Including Arizona)

Use Alligare Diuron 80 DF on plants in the following non-crop and non-timber areas: uncultivated non-agricultural areas (airports; highway, utility and railroad rights-of-way, switch yards, and storage areas; roadsides; sewage disposal areas); uncultivated agricultural areas (non-crop producing farmyards, fuel storage areas, fence rows, barrier strips); outdoor industrial sites (lumberyards, pipeline and tank farms). Not for use on crops, timber, or other plants being grown for sale or other commercial use, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.

~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC is an effective herbicide for the control of listed weeds. The degree of control and duration of effect will vary with amount of chemical applied, soil texture, rainfall, and other conditions.

~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC may be used as a preemergence treatment at any time of the year except when ground is frozen provided adequate moisture is supplied by rainfall or artificial means to activate the herbicide. Best results are obtained if applied shortly before weed growth begins. If dense growth is present, remove tops and spray the ground. Increased contact activity on established weeds

may be obtained by the addition of a non-ionic surfactant. Apply as a drenching spray to actively growing weeds during warm weather when daily temperature will exceed 70°F.

Use a fixed-boom power sprayer properly calibrated to insure a constant rate of application. Mix proper amount of ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC into volume of water necessary to obtain uniform coverage. If a surfactant is used, dilute with 10 parts of water and add as last ingredient to nearly full tank. ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC must be kept in suspension at all times. Agitate by mechanical or hydraulic means in the spray tank. If bypass or return line is used, it should terminate at bottom of tank to minimize foaming. Openings in screens should be equal to or larger than 50 mesh.

Note: ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC may be applied by either ground application equipment or by air application equipment (helicopter only) for the control of various weeds and grasses on railroad rights-of-way (including storage yards, switch yards, etc.) and military installations. When making aerial applications, apply in sufficient water volume to ensure thorough coverage of the site to be treated; generally 5 to 15 gallons of water per acre are sufficient.

Do not exceed an application rate of 10 lbs./Acre except in areas of high rainfall (more than 40 inches per year) or dense vegetation (more than 90% weed ground cover). In areas with high rainfall or dense vegetation, a maximum application of 15 lbs. per acre is allowed. Do not exceed 15 lbs./Acre per year. Do not make more than two applications per year. If ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC is used in a sequential application program, allow a minimum of 90 days between applications.

Weed Control: To control most annual weeds for an extended period of time on non-crop and non-timber areas listed on this label, apply 5 to 15 lbs./Acre.

Broadleaves

5 to 15 lbs./Acre

Ageratum	Knawel	Ragweed
Chickweed	Kochia	Sesbania
Cocklebur	Lambsquarter	Shepherdspurse
Corn Speedwell	Marigold	Sicklepod
Corn Spurry	Mexican Clover	Smartweed, Annual
Dayflower	Morningglory, Annual	Sowthistle, Annual
Dogfennel	Pennycress	Spanishneedles
Fiddleneck (Amsinckia)	Pigweed	Tansymustard
Flora's Paintbrush	Pineappleweed	Velvetleaf (Buttonweed)
Gromwell	Pokeweed	Wild Buckwheat
Groundcherry, Annual	Prickly Lettuce	Wild Lettuce
Hawksbeard	Prickly Sida (Teaweed)	Wild Mustard
Horsenettle	Purslane	Wild Radish
Horseweed	Rabbit Tobacco	

Grasses

5 to 8 lbs./Acre

Barnyardgrass (Watergrass)	Orchardgrass	Ryegrass, Annual
Bluegrass, Annual	Peppergrass	Sandbur
Crabgrass	Quackgrass	Seedling, Johnsongrass
Foxtail	Rattail Fescue	Velvetgrass
Kyllinger (Kyllinga)	Red Sprangletop	Vernalgrass, Sweet, Annual
Lovegrass, Annual	Ricegrass	

8 to 15 lbs./Acre

Guineagrass	Maidencane	Pangolagrass
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Irrigation and drainage ditches: Apply 5 to 15 lbs./Acre to control most annual weeds as shown above. Apply only when water is not in the ditch. For irrigation ditches, apply during the non-crop season, and when ditch is not in use. To avoid crop injury, it is essential to minimize movement of ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~ Alligare Diuron IWC in irrigation water. The herbicide must be fixed in the soil by moisture. Apply before expected seasonal rainfall, if possible when soil in the ditch is still moist. Following treatment, if rainfall has not totaled at least 4 inches, fill ditch with water and allow to stand for 72 hours. Drain off any

wastewater remaining before using ditch. Do not treat any ditch area into which roots of trees or other desirable plants may extend as injury may result.

Dry Application: ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC may be applied dry for control of the listed weeds on non-crop sites. Apply ~~Alligare Diuron 80DF~~Alligare Diuron IWC granules using dry application (ground) equipment to distribute the granules uniformly to the target area.

Use of this product in certain portions of California, Oregon, and Washington is subject to the January 22, 2004 Order for injunctive relief in Washington Toxics Coalition, et al. vs. EPA, C01-0132C; (W.D. WA). For further information, please refer to EPA Web Site: <http://www.epa.gov/espp>.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store product in original container only, away from other pesticides, fertilizer, food, or feed.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill, or incineration; or if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

DO NOT REUSE EMPTY CONTAINER

WARRANTY STATEMENT

Alligare, LLC warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label thereof and is reasonably fit for purposes stated on such label only when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Alligare, LLC. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Alligare, LLC shall not be liable for consequential, special, or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer. In addition to the foregoing, no purchaser of this product (other than an end user) shall be entitled to any reimbursement for any loss suffered as a result of any suspension or cancellation of the registration for this product by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. To the extent consistent with applicable law, except as expressly provided herein, Alligare, LLC makes no warranties, guarantees, or representations of any kind, either expressed or implied, or by usage of trade, statutory or otherwise, with regard to the product sold, including, but not limited to merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose, use or eligibility of the product for any particular trade usage. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of any buyer or user of this product for any and all losses, injuries, or damages resulting from or in any way arising from the use, handling, or application of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability, or otherwise, shall be damages not exceeding the purchase price paid for this product or, at Alligare, LLC's election, the replacement of this product.

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