81889-1

5114/2008





U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (7505P) Ariel Rios Building 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW Washington, D.C. 20460 EPA Reg. Number:

81882-1

Date of Issuance:

MAY 1 4 2008

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

<u>x</u> Registration
____ Reregistration
(under FIFRA, as amended)

Term of Issuance: Conditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

Triangle Brand Copper Sulfate Instant Powder

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Phelps Dodge Sierrita, Inc.

P.O. Box 527; Green Valley, AZ 85622

c/o Landis International, Inc.

P.O. Box 5126

Valdosta, GA 31603-5126

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA sec. 3(c)(7)(A) provided that you:

- 1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration of your product under FIFRA Section 3(c)(5) when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data; and submit acceptable responses required for re-registration of your product under FIFRA Section 4.
 - 2. Submit the one-year GLP storage stability and corrosion characteristics data requirements by 12/31/09.
 - 3. Submit one copy of a final printed label (along with a copy of this notice) within 30 days from the date of this notice which makes the following changes:

A. Add the EPA registration number 81882-1 to the label

	(cont	inued)
Tony Kish Product Manager, Team 22 Fungicide Branch Registration Division (7505P)	Date:	MAY 1 4 2008

Page 2 EPA Reg No. 81882-1

B. In the "Environmental Hazards" section on page 2,

Delete the entire first, second, and fourth paragraphs because some of it is for aquatic uses which are not on this label, and the remaining is repeated elsewhere.

Delete the first sentence in the third paragraph, "This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates". The remaining paragraph must begin with, "Do not discharge...rinsate".

- C. On page 5 under sewer treatment, correct "Copper Sulfate Crystal" to "Copper Sulfate Instant Powder".
- D. On page 6, under apples, correct the max application and annual rates to "32/640" and "32/640", respectively so they match the copper mixture rate. Also on page 7, under walnuts, change "Copper Sulfate" to "Copper Sulfate Instant Powder". Do the same globally on this label.
- E. Starting on page 8 under "Chemigation", much of the required verbage required under PRN 87-1 is missing and must be added. For example, verbage from sections V, VI, VII, and possibly IX, is missing.
- F. On page 9 change "To mix this product for application..." to, "To mix this product by chemigation systems...".
- G. On page 9, in the "Notice to Buyer", add "To the extent consistent with applicable law" in front of "Buyer assumes all risks...".

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA Section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A copy of the label stamped "Accepted with comments" is enclosed for your records.

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TRIANGLE BRAND COPPER SULFATE INSTANT POWDER

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	
Copper sulfate pentahydrate*	99.0%
OTHER INGRÉDIENTS:	
TOTAL	
*Metallic copper equivalent 25.2%	·

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER/PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

Information for Right-to-Know States:

Copper sulfate pentahydrate/CAS Reg. No. 7758-99-8: sulfuric acid, copper (2+) salt (1:1)/ CAS Reg. No. 7758-98-7; Water/CAS Reg. No. 7732-18-5

	FIRST AID					
If in eyes	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.					
	• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.					
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.					
If On Skin or	Take off contaminated clothing.					
Clothing	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.					
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.					
If swallowed	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.					
	Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.					
	Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.					
	Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.					
If Inhaled	Move person to fresh air.					
	• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration,					
	preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.					
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.					
Have the product	container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.					
You may also co	ntact CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300 for emergency medical treatment information.					
NOTE TO PHY	SICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.					

See side panel for additional precautionary statements.

EPA Reg. No. 81882-R

EPA Est. No. 081882-AZ-001

Manufactured By: PHELPS DODGE SIERRITA, INC. P.O. Box 527 Green Valley, AZ 85622 Net Weight 50 Lbs./22.68 Kg.

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dated MAY 1 4 2008

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fundicide, and Redenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

81882-1

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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS DANGER

Potable water sources treated with copper products may be used as drinking water only after proper additional potable water treatments.

Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Avoid contact with skin or clothing. May be fatal if swallowed. Do not get in eyes, skin, or on clothing. Wear protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses). Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Keep out of reach of pets.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks, and protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses).

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are: polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride, barrier-laminate, and butyl, nitrile, neoprene, and natural rubber. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to fish and aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. Direct application of copper sulfate to water may cause a significant reduction in populations of aquatic invertebrates, plants, and fish. Do not treat more than one-half of lake or pond at one time to avoid depletion of oxygen levels due to decaying vegetation. Allow one to two weeks between treatments for oxygen levels to recover.

Waters treated with this product may be hazardous to aquatic organisms. Treatment of aquatic weeds and algae can result in oxygen loss from decomposition of dead algae and weeds. This

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oxygen loss can cause fish and invertebrate suffocation. To minimize this hazard, do not treat more than ½ of the water body to avoid depletion of oxygen due to decaying vegetation. Wait at least 10 to 14 days between treatments. Begin treatment along the shore and proceed outwards in bands to allow fish to move into untreated areas. Consult with the State or local agency with primary responsibility for regulating pesticides before applying to public waters, to determine if a permit is required.

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other water unless in accordance with requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

Trout and other species of fish may be killed at application rates recommended on this label, especially in soft or acid waters. However, fish toxicity generally decreases when the hardness of water increases. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. Consult your State Fish and Game Agency before applying this product to public waters. Permits may be required before treating such waters.

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates and may contaminate water through runoff. This product has a potential for runoff for several months or more after application. Poorly draining soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to produce runoff that contains this product. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash-waters or rinsate.

Certain water conditions including low pH (≤6.5), low dissolved organic carbon (DOC) levels (3.0 mg/L or lower), and "soft" waters (i.e., alkalinity less than 50 mg/L), increases the potential acute toxicity to non-target aquatic organisms.

This product may contaminate water through runoff. Poorly draining soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to produce runoff that contains this product. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas.

For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

(If product is intended for outdoor use, follow the Storage and Disposal statements below): STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Store unused product in original container only in a cool, dry area out of reach of children and animals. If container or bag is damaged, place the container or bag in a plastic bag. Shovel any spills into plastic bags and seal with tape. Keep away from galvanized pipe and nylon equipment. In the event copper sulfate solution is spilled, neutralize with limestone or baking soda before disposal. Copper sulfate solution may deteriorate concrete.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance. Open dumping is prohibited.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Place the pesticide into application equipment. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then dispose of liner in a sanitary landfill or by incineration if allowed by State and local authorities. If burned, stay out of smoke. Offer for recycling if available.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulations.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact adults, children, or pets, either directly or through drift.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forest, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box

only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 48 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is coveralls, shoes plus socks, chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, and protective eyewear.

SEWER TREATMENT FOR ROOT AND FUNGUS CONTROL*

Triangle Brand Copper Sulfate Instant Powder is effective in keeping sewer lines free of roots.

FOR PARTIAL STOPPAGE: Add ½ pound of Copper Sulfate Crystal to sewer or drain and flush toward blockage with 5 gallons of water. Repeat at 6 month intervals to prevent growth of new roots.

FOR COMPLETE STOPPAGE: Physically remove the root blockage and repeat as above.

*State laws prohibit the use of this product in sewage systems in Connecticut and in the following nine counties in California: Alameda, Contra Costa, Napa, San Francisco, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Solano, and Sonoma.

TO CONTROL PLANT DISEASES

Apply Triangle Brand Copper Sulfate Instant Powder as directed below:

Crop ¹ : Pest	Season	Copper Mixture	Maximum Application Rate ²	Maximum Annual Rate ³	Minimum Retreatment Interval	Use Notes
Almonds, Apricots, Peaches, Nectarines: Shot Hole Fungus (Coryneum Blight) Gro Sea	Fall, Late Dormant	10-10-100 Bordeaux Mixture	32/ 320	71/710	7 Days	Apply as a dormant spray in late fall or early spring.
	Bloom, Growing Season (Early Spring)	10-10-100 Bordeaux Mixture	6.0/ 60	71/710	5 Days	
Almonds, Apricots, Cherries, Peaches, Nectarines, Plums, Prunes: Brown Rot Blossom Blight	Bloom, Growing Season (Spring)	10-10-100 Bordeaux Mixture	6.0/ 60	71/710	5 Days	Apply when buds begin to swell.
Apples⁴: Fireblight	Fall, Late Dormant	5 lbs of Triangle Brand Copper Sulfate Instant Powder per 100 Gallons of Water	32/ 320	64/1280	N/A (Only 1 application per season permitted)	Spray uniformly to the point of runoff. Apply in dormant only at silver tip stage. After silver tip, severe burn will occur on any exposed green tissue. Do not mix lime to make a Bordeaux spray for this treatment.
Blueberries ⁵ : Bacterial Canker	Fall, Late Dormant	8-8-100 Bordeaux Mixture	8/ 100	33.3/ 420	7 Days	Apply before heavy rains begin and again 4 weeks later.
Bulbs (Lillies, Easter): Botrytis Blight		10-10-100 Bordeaux Mixture	10/ 100	298/ 2980 ⁶	7 Days	Apply as a foliar spray to one acre. Apply for thorough coverage beginning at the first sign of disease and repeat as needed to control disease at 3 to 10 day intervals. Use the shorter intervals during periods of frequent rains or when severe disease conditions persist. Avoid spray just before flower cutting season if residues are a problem.
Bulbs (Tulip, Gladiolus): Botrytis Blight		10-10-100 Bordeaux Mixture	8.0/ 80	80/ 800	7 Days	
Caneberries: Leaf and Cane Spot and Pseudomonas Blight (Pseudomonas syringae)	Fall, Late Dormant	8-8-100 Bordeaux Mixture	8/ 100	40/ 500	7 Days	Apply before heavy rains begin and again 4 weeks later.

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Crop¹: Pest	Season	Copper Mixture	Maximum Application Rate ²	Maximum Annual Rate ³	Minimum Retreatment Interval	Use Notes
Cherries (Sweet): Dead Bud and Bacterial Canker (Pseudomonas syringae)	Fall, Late Dormant	12-12-100 Bordeaux Mixture	32/ 267	71/ 592	7 Days	Apply at leaf fall and again in late winter before buds began to swell. In wet, cool Northwest U.S. winters, a third spray may be needed between above sprays.
Chamina (Saus)	Fall, Late Dormant	10-10-100 Bordeaux Mixture	32/ 320	71/710	7 Days	Apply as a full coverage spray after
Cherries (Sour): Leaf Spot	Bloom, Growing Season	10-10-100 Bordeaux Mixture	6.0/ 60	71/ 710	5 Days	 petal fall or as recommended by State Extension Service.
Grapes: Downy Mildew		2-6-100 Bordeaux Mixture	12/ 600	79/ 3950	3 Days	Spray beginning when downy mildew is detected. Repeat as needed to achieve and maintain control. This mixture and its use will exhibit some phytotoxicity on most varieties.
Grapes, (Dormant) ⁴ : Powdery Mildew		4-8 lbs of Triangle Brand Copper Sulfate Instant powder per 100 Gallons of Water	12/ 150-300	79/ 988-1975	3 Days	Apply in spring before bud-swell and before green tissue is present. Apply in a high volume spray of 300 gallons water per acre. Direct spray to thoroughly wet the dormant vine, especially the bark of the trunk, head, or cordons.
Olives: Peacock Spot and Olive Knot		10-10-100 Bordeaux Mixture ⁷	12.5/ 125	25/ 250	30 Days	Apply in autumn before heavy winter rains to prevent peacock spot. To help protect against olive knot, apply before heavy rains and again in the spring. Injury may occur in areas of less than 10 inches of rainfall.
Walnuts: Walnut Blight		15 lbs. Copper Sulfate with 10 lbs. of Lime in 100 Gallons of Water plus ½ Gallon Summer Oil Emulsion ⁸	12.5/83	100/ 667	7 Days	Apply in early pre-bloom and at 10% to 20% pistillate (not when catkin blooms are showing) just before or after rain.
Citrus: Bacterial Blast		10-10-100 Bordeaux Mixture ⁹	12.5/ 125	50/ 500	7 Days	Apply a spray in late October to early November of before fall rains begin. Make a complete coverage spray using 10 to 25 gallons per mature tree.
Lemons, Oranges, · Grapefruits: Phytophthora Brown Rot		3-4.5-100 Bordeaux Mixture ^{9,11}	12.5/ 420	50/ 1700	7 Days	Spray 6 gallons on skirt of tree 3 to 4 feet high, and 2 to 4 gallons on trunk and ground under the tree. If <i>Phytophthora hibernalis</i> is present, use 10 to 25 gallons to completely cover each tree. Apply in November or December just before or after first rain. In severe brown rot season apply second application in January or February.
		3-2-6-100 Bordeaux Mixture ^{9,10,11}	12.5/ 625	50/ 2500	7 Days	

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Crop ⁱ : Pest	Season	Copper Mixture	Maximum Application Rate ²	Maximum Annual Rate ³	Minimum Retreatment Interval	Use Notes
Lemons, Oranges, Grapefruits: Septoria Fruit and Leaf Spot (Central California), Brown Rot, Zinc and Copper Deficiencies	,	3-2-6-100 Bordeaux Mixture ^{10,11}	12.5/ 625	50/ 2500	7 Days	Use 10 to 15 gallons to cover completely each tree. Apply in October, November or December just before or after rain.
Potato ⁴ : Vine Kill (Ground Equipment)		10 lbs/ Acre in 10 to 100 Gallons of Water ¹²	10/ 10-100	99.2/ 99-990	5 Days	To enhance vine-kill and suppress late blight, apply with Diquat at vine-kill to enhance vine desiccation and suppress late blight. Additional applications can be made with Diquat if needed within 7 days of harvest. Triangle Brand Copper Sulfate Instant Powder may be applied alone until harvest to suppress late blight.
Potato ⁴ : Vine Kill (Aerial Equipment)		10 lbs/ Acre in 5 to 10 Gallons of Water ¹²	10/ 5-10	99.2/ 49.5- 990	5 Days	

¹Additional Growing Season information provided where applicable.

CHEMIGATION

Apply this product only through sprinkler systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, solid set or hand move. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Do not use this product in sprinkler systems connected directly to public water systems. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non uniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration you should contact State Extension Service Specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

² Maximum Copper Sulfate Instant Powder (lbs/Acre)/ Maximum Application Volume (Gallons)

³Maximum Copper Sulfate Instant Powder (lbs/Acre)/ Maximum Annual Volume (Gallons)

⁴Except California

Not for use in California.

⁶Maximum pounds of Copper Sulfate Instant Powder which may be applied in a 12 month period. Do not apply any additional copper pesticide to this land for 36 months.

⁷In areas of less than 10 inches of annual rainfall, use a 5-10-100 Bordeaux mixture.

⁸Use only if Bordeaux mixture has been proven to be non-phytotoxic in your area.

⁹Apply where there is no history of crop injury.

¹⁰Zinc Sulfate-Copper Sulfate Instant Powder-Hydrated Lime-Gallons of water.

¹¹Adding foliar nutritionals to spray mixtures containing Copper Sulfate Instant Powder or other products and applying to citrus during the post bloom period when young fruit is present may result in spray burn.

¹² Note: This product can be mixed with Diquat for use on potatoes in accordance with the most restrictive of label limitations and precautions. No label dosage rates should be exceeded.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution in adversely affected. Systems must use a motoring pump, such as positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of material that is compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

To mix this product for application, add it to the supply tank containing sufficient water to maximize a pumpable fluid for your equipment with continuous agitation. Continued agitation is required in the pesticide supply tank when this product is present until it is completely empty.

If other known compatible pesticides or products are tank-mixed, add this product and other wettable powders first to the water, followed by flowables, liquids, and last emulsiable products. In lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, solid set or hand move, inject products in the last 15 to 30 minutes of each set allowing sufficient time for all of the required pesticide to be applied by all sprinkler heads. In continuous moving systems inject this product-water mixture continuously applying the labeled rate per acre for that crop. In continuous moving systems, best disease control results when water applications are low, but do not exceed one inch per acre.

NOTICE TO BUYER

Seller makes no warranty, expressed or implied, concerning the use of this product other than indicated on the label. Buyer assumes all risk of use and/or handling of this material when such use and/or handling is contrary to label instructions.

WARRANTY STATEMENT

PHELPS DODGE SIERRITA, INC. warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label thereof and is reasonably fit for purposes stated on such label only when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of PHELPS DODGE SIERRITA, INC. To the extent consistent with applicable law, PHELPS DODGE SIERRITA, INC. shall not be liable for consequential, special or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer. To the extent consistent with applicable law exclusive remedy of any buyer or user of this product for any and all losses, injuries, or damages resulting from or in any way arising from the use, handling or application of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid for this product or at PHELPS DODGE SIERRITA, INC.'s election, the replacement of this product. PHELPS DODGE SIERRITA, INC. MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

> DOT Hazard Class RQ, Environmentally Hazardous Substances, Solid, n.o.s., (Cupric Sulfate), 9, UN 3077, III

> > 04/14/08 LRE