

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

December 30, 2019

Matt Granahan U.S. Regulatory Leader HELM Agro US 401 E Jackson Street, Suite 1400 Tampa, FL 33602

Subject: Label Amendment – Phase 3 Label in Accordance with Requirements Specified in Paraquat Human Health Mitigation Decision Product Name: Helmquat 3SL EPA Registration Number: 74530-48 Application Date: December 17, 2019 Decision Number: 558118

Dear Mr. Granahan:

The amended label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable. This approval does not affect any conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. The next label printing of this product must use this labeling unless subsequent changes have been approved. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for one year from the date of this letter. After one year, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

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Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6. If you have any questions, please contact Marianne Mannix by phone at (703) 347-0275, or via email at Mannix.Marianne@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

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Linda Arrington, Branch Chief Risk Management and Implementation Branch 4 Pesticide Re-Evaluation Division Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure

TO BE USED B	RESTRICTED U DUE TO ACU Y CERTIFIED APPLICATORS ONLY – NOT TO BE USED	TE TOXICITY BY UNCERTIFIED PERSO		ERVISION	
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If swallowed:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately SPEED IS ESSENTIAL. Immediate medical attention is bentonite, or Fuller's Earth. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious perse Have person sip glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison contr 	s required. If available, give a on.	in adsorbent such as activated cha	arcoal,	
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For Chemical Er	nergency call CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300, and for Med	dical Emergency call the Nati	onal Poison Control Center at 1-80	00-222-1222.	

For additional Precautionary, Handling, and Use Statements, see inside of this booklet.

For deditional Freeductional y, Flanding,	
DANGER - FATAL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED. CAUSES SEVERE EYE INJURY. CORROSIVE TO SKIN.	PELIGRO – MORTAL SI SE INGIERE O INHALA. CAUSA LESIONES GRAVES EN LOS OJOS. CORROSIVO PARA LA PIEL.
NEVER TRANSFER THIS PRODUCT INTO FOOD OR BEVERAGE CONTAINERS OR CONTAINERS NOT EXPLICITLY INTENDED FOR PESTICIDES.	NUNCA TRANSFEIERA ESTE PRODUCTO A RECIPIENTES PARA COMIDA O DE BEBIDAS O RECIPIENTES NO EXPLÍCITAMENTE PREVISTOS PARA PLAGUICIDAS.
STORE TIGHTLY CLOSED IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, AND IN A LOCKED PLACE AWAY FROM CHILDREN AND ANIMALS.	GUARDE BIEN CERRADO EN EL ENVASE ORIGINAL Y EN UN LUGAR CERRADO LEJOS DE NIÑOS Y ANIMALES.
NEVER USE THIS PRODUCT IN RESIDENTIAL OR PUBLIC RECREATIONAL SETTINGS (E.G. HOMES, HOME GARDENS, SCHOOLS, RECREATIONAL PARKS, GOLF COURSES, AND/OR PLAYGROUNDS).	NUNCA USE ESTE PRODUCTO EN ÁREAS RESIDENCIALES O PÚBLICAS (COMO HOGARES, JARDINES, ESCUELAS, PARQUES RECREATIVOS, CAMPOS DE GOLF, O SALONES DE JUEGOS).
THIS PRODUCT IS TOXIC! AN ALERTING AGENT (ODOR) HAS BEEN ADDED TO HELP PREVENT ACCIDENTAL INGESTION.	¡ESTE PRODUCTO ES TÓXICO! SE HA AGREGADO UN AGENTE DE ALERTA (OLOR) PARA AYUDAR A PREVENIR SU INGESTIÓN ACCIDENTAL.
SEE BACK OF PRODUCT CONTAINER FOR IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION.	LA PARTE POSTERIOR DEL ENVASE DEL PRODUCTO TIENE INFORMACIÓN DE SEGURIDAD IMPORTANTE.
CLOSED SYSTEMS USE	

<u>CLOSED SYSTEMS USE</u> FOR CONTAINERS WITH CAPACITIES LESS THAN 120 GALLONS: This product must only be removed from the original container with a closed transfer system. Any subsequent transfer of this product must utilize a closed transfer system. Any attempt to circumvent the closed transfer system is prohibited. Any attempt to circumvent the closed transfer system prior to complete removal of the product and rinsing of the product container as

described in the STORAGE AND DISPOSAL Section of this label is prohibited.

FOR CONTAINERS WITH CAPACITIES GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 120 GALLONS: A closed transfer system is not required

This product may only be applied with a backpack sprayer if the backpack equipment **ONLY** allows the product to be transferred into the sprayer using a closed system.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER: May be fatal if swallowed. Fatal if inhaled. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Do not breath spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IMPORTANT: Inhalation is an unlikely route of exposure due to low vapor pressure and large spray droplet size, but mucosal irritation or nose bleeds may occur. Prolonged contact with this concentrated product can irritate your skin.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers (other than mixers and loaders) must wear:

- Long-sleeve shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, safety glasses)
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥14 mils, natural rubber ≥14 mils, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) ≥14 mils, or Viton®≥14 mils.
- NIOSH-approved particulate respirator with any N, R, or P filter, NIOSH approval number prefix TC-84A, or a NIOSH-approved powered airpurifying respirator with an HE filter with NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C.

Mixers and loaders must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical resistant apron
- Chemical-resistant shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥14 mils, natural rubber ≥14 mils, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) ≥14 mils, or Viton®≥14 mils.
- NIOSH-approved particulate respirator with any N, R, or P filter, NIOSH approval number prefix TC-84A, or a NIOSH-approved powered airpurifying respirator with an HE filter with NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C.
- Face shield

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170-240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirement may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to wildlife. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash waters.

HELMQUAT 3SL is a contact herbicide that desiccates all green plant tissue. Paraquat dichloride, the active ingredient in this product is toxic to nontarget crops and plants if off-target movement occurs because it desiccates all green plant tissue. Extreme care must be taken to ensure that off-target drift is minimized to the greatest extent possible. Refer to the local and state laws, regulations, guidelines, and spray drift information contained in the "Directions for Use" section for proper application to avoid off-target movement. Do not apply under conditions involving possible drift to food, forage, or other plantings that might be damaged or the crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use, or consumption. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. To avoid drift, do not make aerial applications during periods of thermal inversion.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

This product is mildly corrosive to aluminum and produces hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. Do not mix or store in containers, spray tanks, nurse tanks, or such systems made of aluminum or having aluminum fittings. This product is compatible with high density polyethylene and rubber lined steel containers.

CERTIFIED APPLICATOR TRAINING

Applicators must complete an EPA approved paraquat training listed on the following website <u>https://www.epa.gov/pesticide-worker-safety/paraquat-dichloride-training-certified-applicators</u>. The training must be completed a minimum of every three years.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read all label directions before using this product. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

DO NOT USE THIS PRODUCT IN RESIDENTIAL OR PUBLIC RECREATIONAL SETTINGS (e.g. HOMES, HOME GARDENS, SCHOOLS, RECREATIONAL PARKS, GOLF COURSES, AND/OR PLAYGROUNDS).

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170, This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard. **For Chemical Fallow, Early Postemergence Broadcast in Peanuts and Dormant Season Applications, and "Between Cutting" Applications in Alfalfa:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into the treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. **For Harvest Aid and Desiccation Applications, Preplant or Preemergence (Broadcast or Banded), and Postemergence Directed Spray:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with

anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- · Chemical-resistant shoes plus socks
- · Protective evewear
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥14 mils, natural rubber ≥14 mils, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) ≥14 mils, or Viton®≥14 mils

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

DO NOT enter or allow others to enter the treated areas until sprays have dried. AVOID working in spray mist.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas or vicinity where there may be danger of drift. Certain states may require more restrictive reentry intervals; consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information.

WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

PARAQUAT DICHLORIDE	GROUP	22	HERBICIDE

HELMQUAT 3SL is a Group 22 herbicide based on the mode of action classification system of the Weed Science Society of America and a Group D, photosystem-I-electron diversion herbicide as classified by the Herbicide Resistant Action Committee (HRAC). Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to HELMQUAT 3SL and other Group 22 herbicides. Weed species with natural or acquired resistance to Group 22 herbicides may eventually dominate the weed population if Group 22 herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field or in successive years as the primary method of control for targeted species. Such resistant weed plants may not be effectively managed using Group 22 herbicides but may be effectively managed utilizing another herbicide alone or in mixtures from a different Group and/or by using cultural or mechanical practices. However, the herbicide mode of action classification by itself may not adequately address specific weeds that are resistant to specific herbicides.

Consult your local company representative, state cooperative extension agent, professional consultant or other qualified authority to determine appropriate actions for controlling specific resistant weeds.

Weed Management Practices

Resistant populations arise when rare individual plants are uncontrolled by a normal dose of a given herbicide under normal environmental conditions. In the absence of other control measures these individuals survive, produce seed, and eventually become the dominant biotype in the field through continuous selection. The best means of reducing this selection is to use diverse weed control practices such as multiple

herbicides with different mechanisms of action for the target weed, and often in combination with various mechanical and cultural practices.

To minimize the occurrence of herbicide-resistant biotypes, including those resistant to Group 22 herbicides, implement the following weed management practice options that are practical to your situation. These management practices are applicable to reduce the spread of confirmed resistant biotypes (managing existing resistant biotypes) and to reduce the potential for selecting for resistance in new species (proactive resistance management).

- Use a diversified approach toward weed management focused on preventing weed seed production and reducing the number of weed seeds in the soil.
- Plant crops into fields that are as weed-free as possible and then keep them as weed-free as possible.
- Plant crop seed that is as weed-free as possible.
- Scout fields routinely, before and after herbicide application.
- Use multiple herbicide mechanisms of action that are effective against the most troublesome weeds in your field and against those with known resistance.
- Apply herbicides at application rates listed on the label when weeds are within the size range indicated on the label.
- Emphasize cultural practices that suppress weeds by using crop competitiveness.
- Use mechanical and biological weed management practices where appropriate.
- Prevent field-to-field and within-field movement of weed seed or vegetative propagules.
- Manage weed seed at harvest and after harvest to prevent a buildup of the weed seedbank.

Management of Herbicide-Resistant Biotypes

Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants by particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species.

Appropriate testing is needed to determine if a weed is resistant to Group 22 herbicides. Contact your Helm Agro representative or your local State Cooperative Extension Agency to determine if resistance in any particular weed biotype has been confirmed in your area, or visit on the Internet <<www.weedresistancemanagement.com> or www.weedscience.org.

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Helm Agro accepts no liability for any losses that result from the failure of Helmquat 3SL to control resistant weeds.

Report any incidence of repeated non-performance of this product on a particular weed to your Helm Agro representative, local retailer, or county extension agent.

SPRAY DRIFT INFORMATION

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment- and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions. The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

- 1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- 2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45°.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they shall be observed.

Information on Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see **Wind, Temperature and Humidity,** and **Temperature Inversions)**.

Controlling Droplet Size

• Volume—Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

• Pressure—Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

• Number of nozzles—Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

• Nozzle Orientation—Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

• Nozzle Type—Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift. **Boom Length**

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without

reducing swath width.

Application Height

Applications must not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making application at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance must increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application must be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator must be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

Applications must not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The pesticide must only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

PRODUCT INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

Formulation: The HELMQUAT 3SL formulation contains 3 pounds of active ingredient per gallon. It has a strong nontoxic odor and contains an emetic which will cause vomiting if the product is accidentally swallowed. The strong odor is intentionally part of the formulation to help prevent accidental ingestion of HELMQUAT 3SL.

Mode of Action: HELMQUAT 3SL is a contact herbicide that is rapidly absorbed by green plant tissue. Once absorbed the active ingredient interacts with the photosynthetic process to produce superoxides that destroy the plant cells. HELMQUAT 3SL must be applied to green plant tissue to be effective, therefore, excellent and complete coverage of all green foliage is necessary for effective weed control and effective leaf drop, desiccation and defoliation. Activity of HELMQUAT 3SL is reduced when it is applied to drought stressed weeds, weeds with little green foliage or to the mature woody bark of trees and vines. HELMQUAT 3SL is tied up rapidly by clay soils and organic matter so it has no residual soil activity.

Spectrum of Activity: As a contact herbicide, HELMQUAT 3SL will control most small broadleaf and grass weeds, as well as suppress perennial weeds through the destruction of green foliage. HELMQUAT 3SL can also be used at harvest as a desiccant or defoliant.

Best weed control is achieved when HELMQUAT 3SL is applied to emerged weeds that are still small (1 to 6 inches tall). Larger weeds are more difficult to control. Allow weeds that have been grazed or mowed to grow to 2 to 4 inches tall before applying HELMQUAT 3SL. Also, during harvesting of forage or grain crops before spraying, weeds present in the field are also cut. Therefore, raise cutter bars as high as possible from the ground to cut stubble and weeds at a greater height allowing sufficient green foliage to remain for applications.

When HELMQUAT 3SL is used for control of grass cover crops or volunteer cereals, application should be made prior to tillering or after the boot stage especially with a wheat cover crop or volunteer wheat. Application of HELMQUAT 3SL between tillering and the boot stage may not provide acceptable control. HELMQUAT 3SL will not provide complete control of perennial cover crops.

Replanting: Rotational crops may be planted after the last application of HELMQUAT 3SL. Since HELMQUAT 3SL has no soil activity, crops planted after the last application are not affected.

Spray Adjuvants: It is important to always add a nonionic surfactant (NIS) or crop oil concentrate (COC) with HELMQUAT 3SL. Otherwise, reduced activity of HELMQUAT 3SL will result.

For ground applications, use a NIS containing 75% or more active ingredient at 0.125% v/v (1 pint per 100 gallons), OR use a NIS containing 50-74% active ingredient at 0.25% v/v (2 pints per 100 gallons) of finished spray volume. If a COC is used, select a nonphytotoxic COC containing 15-20% approved emulsifier at 1.0% v/v (1 pint per 100 gallons) of finished spray volume. A COC should not be used with HELMQUAT 3SL when it is applied as a cotton harvest aid.

For aerial applications, use a NIS at 0.25% v/v (2 pints per 100 gallons) of the finished spray volume. Or, use a COC at 1 pint per acre. A COC should not be used with HELMQUAT 3SL when it is applied as a cotton harvest aid.

Weather Considerations: Although HELMQUAT 3SL is effective under most environmental conditions, some conditions such as cool weather (below 55° F), cloudy or overcast weather will slow its activity. HELMQUAT 3SL is rapidly absorbed by plant foliage and becomes rainfast soon

after application. If rain comes 30 minutes or more after application, activity of HELMQUAT 3SL will not be affected.

Dosage: Specific application rates for HELMQUAT 3SL are provided below under APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS. Always follow the specified rates listed for each use. Higher label rates should be used to control or suppress large or dense weeds. Also, when using HELMQUAT 3SL as a harvest aid, use the higher label rates when crop vegetation is dense. For broadcast application with backpack sprayers, do not exceed more than 0.50 lb ai/A in a minimum of 30 gallons of spray solution per acre.

Application methods: Application methods listed on this label are the only permissible application methods.

Application: <u>Thorough coverage</u> of target weeds is critical for good weed control since HELMQUAT 3SL is a contact herbicide. Thorough coverage is also critical for good crop desiccation and defoliation. Unacceptable weed control, desiccation or defoliation will result from poor coverage and application to large, stressed or mown weeds. Specific application instructions are provided below.

<u>Spray volume</u> varies with different uses. Always follow the spray volume instructions provided in the APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS. Only minimum spray volumes are provided. Increase spray volumes to insure thorough coverage of target weeds or plants without runoff from the foliage. If a spray volume of 20 gallons of spray carrier per acre is used, target weeds should not exceed 6 inches tall.

Spray carrier selection is very important to maximize effectiveness of HELMQUAT 3SL. Always use clean water (no mud or clay), clear liquid nitrogen, or complete clear liquid fertilizers with HELMQUAT 3SL. Fertilizers or water containing clay can inactivate HELMQUAT 3SL. It is important, therefore, to never use muddy water or suspension type fertilizers containing clay as the spray carrier. Use the higher rate of HELMQUAT 3SL and surfactant when the spray carrier is a clear liquid fertilizer containing high levels of phosphate. Always use a nonionic surfactant when using liquid fertilizers such as 28% N as a spray carrier. Liquid fertilizer carriers cannot substitute for surfactant.

<u>Nozzle selection</u> is very important when making applications of HELMQUAT 3SL. Flat-fan nozzles provide the most effective application, whereas flood nozzles are usually not as good because they produce large uneven droplets. Inadequate coverage and reduced weed control can occur if flood nozzles are used. Only use flat-fan nozzles if the spray carrier is less than 20 gallons per acre. Information on nozzles, pressures and setup are shown in the table below.

CHEMIGATION STATEMENT: Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

When HELMQUAT 3SL is applied at less than 10 gallons of finished spray volume per acre, a drift control or spray deposition additive should be used. Refer to the additive label for use directions.

Nozzle Type	Maximum Size	Spray Pressure (at nozzle)	Maximum Nozzle Spacing	Direction Of Spray Pattern	Maximum Speed	Spray Overlap (at each edge)
Flat-Fan	8	30-50 psi	30"	Down	10 mph	30%
Flood	15	30-50 psi	40"	Down	10 mph	50%

Table 1. Application Setup*

*Reduced weed control will result if nozzles, pressures or setups different from those in this table are used.

Spot Spraying: Sometimes it is necessary to spray small areas with labeled applications. To accomplish this, it may be necessary to mix small quantities of HELMQUAT 3SL.

If the Broadcast rate per acre for HELMQUAT 3SL Herbicide is:	Add the Following Amount of HELMQUAT 3SL Herbicide to 1 gallon of water
1.5 pints	0.33 fluid ounce
2 pints	0.375 fluid ounce
2.5 pints	0.5 fluid ounce
3 pints	0.66 fluid ounce

Always add 0.33 to 0.5 fluids ounces of NIS to each gallon of spray. During the spot spraying operation, spray plants thoroughly in order to wet the foliage, but not to the point of runoff.

HOODED SPRAYERS AND WICK BAR APPLICATORS

This product can be used in hooded sprayers and wick bar applicators for post emergent control of escaped weeds in cotton and soybean such as pigweed and other weeds listed in the weeds controlled section of the label. This product will injure or kill any plant surface it contacts so do not allow the product to be sprayed or drip onto the crop or desirable vegetation. Care must be taken to keep hoods and wick bars in good operating condition. This product will control glyphosate resistant weeds.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will control many troublesome weeds when applied under a hood or in a wick bar in a manner where the target weed is contacted and the desirable vegetation or crop is protected.

Application methods listed on this label are the only permissible application methods.

HOODED SPRAYERS: Apply this product at a rate of 1 pint per acre in at least 5-10 gallons of water. Use a spray surfactant of at least 80%

active at a rate of 0.25% v/v, or a crop oil concentrate at 0.5% v/v. Do not allow spray to come into contact with desirable crop or vegetation. Take care to get as much coverage on the target weed as possible.

WICK BAR APPLICATORS^[7]: Apply this product thru a wick bar applicator^[7] in a solution of at least 50% v/v. Do not allow the solution to drip onto desirable vegetation. Use a surfactant of at least 80% activity at a rate of 0.25%. ^[7] - Wick bar applicators are not for use in California.]

TANK MIX COMBINATIONS FOR HOODED SPRAYER APPLICATION: This product may be applied in combination with products such as Caparol® (prometryn), Diuron, Cotoran® (fluometuron). See the manufacturer's label for appropriate rates by weed species and weed size.

RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT ALLOW THESE APPLICATIONS TO CONTACT DESIRABLE VEGETATION OR CROPS. DO NOT MAKE MORE THAN 3 APPLICATIONS PER YEAR.

Tank Mixing for Improved Burndown of Difficult Weeds and Residual Weed Control: HELMQUAT 3SL can be tank mixed with certain other herbicides in order to obtain greater control of hard to control weeds. Best control is obtained when other photosynthetic inhibitor (PSI) herbicides are added with HELMQUAT 3SL. These herbicides will cause the activity of HELMQUAT 3SL to be slower, thus allowing it more time to distribute throughout the treated leaf. Weed control will generally be greater than when HELMQUAT 3SL is applied alone.

The following PSI herbicides may be tank mixed with HELMQUAT 3SL: AAtrex® Herbicide or other atrazine-containing products; Bicep MAGNUM® Herbicide; Bicep Lite II MAGNUM® Herbicide; Canopy@ Herbicide; Lariat® Herbicide; Lexone® Herbicide; Linex® Herbicide; Lorox® Herbicide; Lorox® Herbicide; MANA Parallel ™ Plus Herbicide; Princep® Herbicide; Sencor® Herbicide or other metribuzin-containing products; and Triangle 'r" Herbicide.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Control of the following difficult to control broadleaf and grassy weeds will be enhanced by the addition of a PSI herbicide with HELMQUAT 3SL: barnyardgrass, broadleaf signalgrass, cheatgrass, cocklebur, fall panicum, giant ragweed, knotweed, kochia, lambsquarters, malva (cheeseweed), marestail, momingglory, Pennsylvania smartweed, perennial weeds (suppression only), prickly lettuce, sedges, tansymustard, velvetleaf and volunteer wheat. For best results, make a second application.

Improved control of perennial broadleaf weeds such as Canada thistle, bindweed, dandelion, etc. or difficult to control annual broadleaf weeds such as giant ragweed or morningglory will result when HELMQUAT 3SL is tank mixed with 2,4-D ester (low volatile), 2,4-DB, or Banvel® Herbicide. Reduced grass control may result if the amine formulation of 2,4-D is applied as a tank mix with HELMQUAT 3SL.

Mixing Order: When tank mixing other products with HELMQUAT 3SL the following order should be followed: (1) fill spray tank 1/2 full with clean water or other approved carriers as discussed above; (2) begin tank agitation and continue agitation throughout the mixing and spraying operations; (3) add dry formulations (WP, DF, WDG, etc.) to the tank; (4) add liquid formulations (SC, EC, L, F, etc.) to the tank; (5) add HELMQUAT 3SL to the tank: (6) add spray surfactant to the tank; and (7) fill the remainder of the spray tank. Carefully read the labels of other pesticide products for mixing directions and precautions that may be different. Physical compatibility of any tank mix combination of HELMQUAT 3SL with other herbicides should be checked by performing a jar test. Tank mix compatibility testing (a.k.a., jar testing) is prohibited. For approved tank mix partners, please refer to HELM's website at: https://www.helmagro.com/en/products/helmquat-3sl/.

PRODUCT PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

Always read and follow label directions of all products. Always follow the most restrictive label language for all products whether used alone or in a tank mix. The most restrictive label language of any product used applies in tank mixtures, including all crop rotational and other crop restrictions. For additional information on approved tank mix partners, please refer to HELM's website at: www. https://www.helmagro.com/en/products/helmquat-3sl/.

Replanting: Rotational crops can be planted immediately after the last application of HELMQUAT 3SL. Since HELMQUAT 3SL has no soil activity, crops, planted after the last application, are not affected.

Equipment: Since HELMQUAT 3SL is corrosive to aluminum, all aluminum spray equipment and aluminum aircraft structures exposed to spray solution or spray drift should be flushed with water immediately after use.

Dusty Leaf Surfaces: If weed or plant leaves are extremely dusty (due to high winds, equipment tires, etc.), activity of HELMQUAT 3SL can be reduced. Avoid applying HELMQUAT 3SL in extremely dusty conditions.

Limitations and Precautions:

- 1. Do not graze livestock in treated fields or feed treated foliage in cotton when using HELMQUAT 3SL for a cotton harvest aid.
- 2. Use around home gardens, schools, recreational parks, or play grounds is PROHIBITED.
- 3. Do not apply to soils lacking clay, i.e., peat, muck, pure sand and artificial planting media if using HELMQUAT 3SL in preplant or preemergence (to the crop) uses.
- 4. Prepare seedbeds and plantbeds well ahead of planting and treatment to permit maximum weed and grass emergence prior to treatment.
- 5. Do not disturb the soil any more than necessary during seeding or transplanting.
- 6. Use caution when applying HELMQUAT 3SL for preplant weed control over the top of plastic mulch. Transplants may be damaged if they come in contact with treated plastic mulch. Sprinkler irrigation or rainfall may be needed to wash off the herbicide from the plastic to prevent damage to the crop.

- 7. HELMQUAT 3SL will not control or suppress broadleaf or grassy weeds that emerge after treatment.
- 8. Unless otherwise indicated crop plants that are emerged at the time of application and contacted by sprays of HELMOUAT 3SL will be injured or killed.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

The following tables contain information on use patterns, rates, minimum spray volumes, preharvest intervals, and other precautions, restrictions and comments specific to each crop. Read and follow directions carefully.

CROP	DOSAGE (RATE PER ACRE	COMMENTS	
ALFALFA New Seedlings	0.7 – 1.3 pts. Also see Table 2 below	During late winter or early spring, make a broadcast application using the specified rate in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air.	
(CA only)	RESTRICTIONS	Alfalfa foliage present at the time of application will be burned; stands will be reduced and replanting may be necessary.	
	Do not make more	than 1 application per year. st within 70 days of application.	
		dling alfalfa grown for seed.	
ALFALFA	1.7 – 2.7 pts.	Apply preplant or preemergence either broadcast or banded over the row using the specified	
(No-till or conventional		rate in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. Apply prior to the emergence of the crop as plants that come in contact with the spray will be killed. Seeding should be done with a minimum of soil disturbance.	
planting) (preplant or preemergence)	Do not make more th	an 2 applications per year.	
ALFALFA	1.3 – 2.0 pts	Make a broadcast application using the specified rate in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray	
Dormant season on established planting Region A ¹ (See chart at end of alfalfa section for list of states in each region)		per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. After the crop is dormant, apply to established stands (at least one year old); alfalfa present at the time of application will be burned which may reduce the yield of the first cutting. HELMQUAT 3SL controls weeds, Including bluegrass, chickweed, henbit, downy brome, ryegrass, cheatgrass, dogfennel, tansymustard, London rocket, sowthistle, rescue brome, wild oats, and other winter annuals and suppresses perennial weeds. Tank mixes with metribuzin products such as Lexone or Sencor may improve burndown of existing vegetation and improve residual control. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply.	
	RESTRICTIONS		
		st within 42 days of application.	
		than 1 application per year. ng regrowth is more than 2" or fall regrowth following last fall cutting is greater than 6".	
ALFALFA Dormant	0.7-1.3 pts. mixed		
season Tank Mix with Velpar® L Herbicide Region A ¹	with 1-2 qts. of Velpar L	Make one broadcast application to established alfalfa stands during the dormant season using the specified rate in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 10 gallons of spray per acre by air. Use the lower rate of HELMQUAT 3SL when weeds are less than 4" tall. HELMQUAT 3SL controls weeds such as chickweed, downy brome, and tansymustard. Use the lower rate of Velpar L on loamy sands or sandy loams. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply. Temporary chlorosis may occur on alfalfa regrowth. Plant stress due to disease, insects, winterkill, frost or drought, low fertility, and overcutting may increase the chance of crop injury.	
	RESTRICTIONS	ing regrowth is more than 2" or fall regrowth following last fall outting is greater than 6"	
	 Do not apply if spring regrowth is more than 2" or fall regrowth following last fall cutting is greater than 6". Do not apply to alfalfa during the first season after seeding. 		
	 Do not use on gravelly or rocky soils, exposed subsoils, hardpan, sand, or poorly drained alkaline soils as crop 		
	injury including mortality may result.		
		est within 42 days of application.	
		than 2 applications per year.	
ALFALFA	See rate below	Make a broadcast application during the late fall or winter months after the last fall cutting and	
Dormant	based on geographical	before the first spring cutting using the specified rate in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. HELMQUAT 3SL is used for desiccation	
	region	of weeds including London rocket, sowthistle, rescue brome, wild oats, chickweed, ryegrass, bluegrass, cheatgrass, dogfennel, tansymustard, henbit, downy brome, and other winter	

On established plantings: Region B ²	0.7-1.3 pts	annuals and suppression of perennial weeds. <u>In California only, HELMQUAT 3SL is used for</u> desiccation of weeds including bluegrass, ryegrass, shepherdspurse, chickweed, tansymustard, foxtail, sowthistle, and groundsel; use the higher specified rate if ryegrass, shepherdspurse, sowthistle, or groundsel are present.		
On fall-seeded, newly established stands less than 1- year-old: Region A ¹	0.7-1.3 pts	Applications to alfalfa that is not dormant or has broken dormancy may result in stand reduction or yield reductions. Replanting may be necessary. Foliage present at the time of application will be burned. Tank mixes with metribuzin products such as Lexone or Sencor may improve burndown of existing vegetation and improve residual control in dormant established alfalfa (at least 1-year old), but do not use on newly established alfalfa (less than 1-year old). When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions,		
On fall-seeded, newly established stands less than 1- year-old: Region B ²	0.5-0.8 pt.	precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply. If there is a severe weed infestation, total hay yield of first cutting may be reduced in alfalfa fields and the reduction is typically directly proportionate to the loss of weed weight.		
	RESTRICTIONS			
		Do not apply more than 1 application per year.		
		Do not apply within 60 days of harvest.		
		spring regrowth after grazing or cutting is more than 2" in the California counties of Orange, Riverside, a counties north of these counties.		
		with after grazing or cutting is more than 2" in all other areas within Region B.		

¹Region A includes: AK, CA: (Counties of Del Norte, Siskiyou, Modoc, Shasta, Lassen, Plumes, Sierra, Nevada), CO, CT, DE, ID, IL, IN, IA, KS, KY, ME, MD, MA, MI, MN, MO, MT, NE, NV, NH, NJ, NY, ND, OH, OR, PA, RI, SD, UT, VT, VA, WA, WV, WI, WY
²Region B includes: AL, AZ, AR, CA: (All other counties not listed in Region A), FL, GA, HI, LA, MS, NM, NC, OK, SC, TN, TX

CROP	DOSAGE (RATE PER ACRE)	COMMENTS
ALFALFA Between cuttings treatment in established plantings (includes first year alfalfa)	0.7 pt.	Apply the specified rate as a broadcast application using a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground immediately after alfalfa has been removed for hay or silage. In arid areas where moisture is limited, when weeds beyond the seedling stage, and stubble of weeds cut off during harvest will be less affected by this treatment and control may be affected. First year alfalfa stands and yields may be reduced if alfalfa is allowed to regrow more than 2". Crop foliage present at the time of application will be burned.
(All states east of the Rocky	RESTRICTIONS	an 5 days after cutting.
Mountains)	 Do not make more t dormant application 	han 3 applications per year during the growing season. These sprays are in addition to a , but do not apply more than twice during the first growing season of first year alfalfa. st within 30 days of application
ALFALFA (For use only in the following states> ID, MT, NV, OR, UT, WA WY)	1.7 – 2.7 pts. (for desiccation of alfalfa to facilitate harvest of alfalfa seed) 1.3-2.7 pts. HELMQUAT 3SL = 2 pts. Regione	Apply the specified rate as a broadcast application in a minimum of 20-25 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5-10 gallons of spray per acre by air. All alfalfa seed treated with HELMQUAT 3SL/Reglone tank mix is to be tagged at processing plants "NOT FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION." It shall be the grower's responsibility to notify the processing plants of any seed crop treated with HELMQUAT 3SL/Reglone tank mix. Screenings from alfalfa seed processing are prohibited from feed channels. All HELMQUAT 3SL/Reglone treated alfalfa seed screenings must be removed from the feed market. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply.
	RESTRICTIONS	iil at least 4 days after application
	 Do not apply wher Do not apply by gr natural ponds, estua Do not use on field treated field (includin Do not cut current Do not graze current Do not use treated 	til at least 4 days after application. a weather conditions favor drift from the treated areas. ound within 25 ft. or by air within 75 ft. of lakes; reservoirs; permanent streams, marshes, or uries; and commercial fish farm ponds. Is producing alfalfa for livestock feed; use only in fields producing alfalfa seed. No portion of the ng seed, seed screenings, hay forage, or stubble) may be used for human or animal feed. year's treated alfalfa seed crop for hay or forage. ent year's treated alfalfa seed crop. I alfalfa seed for sprouting. e than 2 applications per year.

ALFALFA

Table 2. New Seedlings–Suppression and control of broadleaf weeds and grasses in new alfalfa seedlings grown for hay (CA only).

For Control of:	Rate/Acre*		
	For Suppression	For Control	
Spikeweed (4 inches tall or less)	5.4 fl. oz.	10.7-16.0 fl. oz.	
Volunteer Small Grain (8 inches tall or less)	5.4-10.7 fl. oz.	21.3 fl. oz.	
Fiddleneck (6 inches tall or less)	5.4-10.7 fl. oz.	21.3 fl. oz.	
Shepherdspurse	10.7-21.3 fl. oz.	-	
Annual Bluegrass		10.7-21.3 fl. oz.	
Chickweed		10.7-21.3 fl. oz.	
Red Maids (6 inches tall or less)	_	10.7-21.3 fl. oz.	

*Do not use the 5.4 fl. oz. rate unless the alfalfa has at least 3 trifoliate leaves; do not use the 10.7 ft. oz. rate unless the alfalfa has 6 trifoliate leaves; or do not use rates over 10.7 fl. oz. unless there are 9 trifoliate leaves.

CROP	DOSAGE (RATE PER ACRE)	COMMENTS	
ALMONDS	0.8-2.7 pts.	Apply the specified rate as a directed spray in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground. Use a shield or wrap the plant when spraying around young trees. Mature woody weeds, perennial weeds, late germination weeds, and green suckers may need retreatment or spot treatments.	
	RESTRICTIONS		
	 Do not graze treate 		
	 Do not apply when nuts to be harvested are on the ground. 		
		crops grown in treated areas to livestock.	
		reen stems (except suckers) or foliage.	
		than 5 applications per year.	
ARTICHOKE (GLOBE)	1.7-2.7 pts.	Apply the specified rate as a directed spray in a minimum of 20-100 gallons of spray per acre by ground. Allow an interval of 7 days between applications.	
, , ,	RESTRICTIONS		
		e than 3 applications per season nor apply more than 8 pts per acre per season.	
	 Do not harvest with 	thin 1 day of application.	
ASPARAGUS	1.7-2.7 pts. (preplant or preemergence)	Apply the specified rate as a preplant or preemergence application either broadcast or banded over the row in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. Plants that have emerged at the time of application will be killed. Applications should be made before crop emergence. Preemergence to established plantings at least 2 years old: Apply the specified rate prior to emergence of crop or after last harvest either broadcast or banded over the row in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground. Plants that have emerged at the time of application will be killed. Do not apply within 6 days of harvest.	
	1.7-2.7 pts. (Preemergence to established plantings at least 2 years old)		
	• Do not make m	nore than 3 applications per year for preplant or preemergence application.	
BEANS, DRY, PEAS, DRY ² (See footnote in "Comments" section for list of approved commodities) Not for use in California	0.8-1.3 pts.	Apply the specified rate as a harvest aid in a minimum of 20 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air when the crop is mature and at least 80% of the pods are yellowing and mostly ripe with no more than 40% (bush type peas or beans) or 30% (vine type peas or beans) of the leaves still green. Add a nonionic spreader at 1 qt. per 100 gallons. For vining-type beans or bush-type with lush growth, make a single application at the higher specified rate. If making a split application, do not make more than 2 applications or exceed a total of 1.3 pts. per acre. The split application may improve vine coverage. Sweet lupin, White sweet lupin, White lupin, Grain lupin, Adzuki beans, Asparagus beans, Black beans, Broad beans, Field beans, Garbanzo beans, Rice beans, Tepary beans, Urd beans, Guar beans, ² Blackeyed peas, Chickpeas, Cowpeas, Crowder peas, Southern peas, Catjang peas	
	•This use is not register •Do not make more that	eather conditions favor drift. Adding a drift control agent may reduce spray drift. ared on dry beans or dry peas in California.	

BERRIES' (See footnote in "Comments"	1.3-2.7 pts.	Apply specified rate in a minimum of 50 gallons of spray per acre by ground. Apply as a postemergence directed spray. Apply before emergence of new canes or shoots or crop injury can occur. Apply a coarse spray to avoid injury from a fine spray mist. 'Blackberries, Blueberries, Boysenberries, Currant, Elderberries, Gooseberries, Huckleberries,
section for list of		Loganberries, Raspberries
approved commodities)	RESTRICTION •Do not make more that	an 5 applications per year.
CACAO (Not for use in California)	1.3-2.7 pts.	Apply as a directed spray in a minimum of 50-200 gallons of spray per acre by ground when the weeds are succulent and growth is from 1' - 6'. For mature woody weeds, perennial weeds, late germinating weeds, and grasses, retreatment or spot treatments may be needed but do not exceed 5 applications per year. Protect young plants with a shield to prevent spray from contacting plants as injury may result.
	•Do not apply within 1	areas or feed treated cover crops to livestock. day of harvest. than 5 applications per year.
CASSAVAS, TANIERS, YAMS	1.3 pts.	Apply as a shielded post directed spray in a minimum of 50 gallons of spray per acre by ground when the weeds are succulent and growth is from 1" - 6".
(Puerto Rico only)	 Do not allow spray to Do not spray under w 	areas nor feed treated forage to livestock.
	DOSAGE (RATE PER ACRE)	COMMENTS
CHEMICAL FALLOW Information	See below for specific rates depending on use site	 For all chemical fallow applications, apply in a minimum of 5-10 gallons of spray per acre by air or 5-60 gallons of spray per acre by ground. If applying at less than 10 gallons per acre by ground, also follow these additional precautions: 1. Do not apply with floaters or exceed speed of 10 mph. 2. Apply with flat-fan nozzles only at 30-40 psi. 3. Apply only in a tank mix with atrazine at a minimum of 0.5 lb. a.i./acre. Use higher spray volumes for better coverage as density of stubble, crop residue, or weeds increase. To control volunteer wheat or downy brome, fall-applied treatments generally work best with HELMQUAT 3SL. if possible, tank mix with atrazine for maximum burndown and residual control. Apply from immediately after harvest up to emergence of the newly seeded crop as a broadcast or band treatment. Cut wheat as high as possible to avoid cutting weeds too short and allow the weeds to grow at least 2-3" after harvest before applying HELMQUAT 3SL. The addition of dicamba (Banvel) or 2,4-D ester (low volatile) may aid in the suppression of emerged perennial broadleaf weeds and large annual broadleaf weeds.
CHEMICAL FALLOW Information (continued)	See below for specific rates depending on use site	Refer to 2,4-D ester (low volatile), Banvel, or residual herbicide label(s) for rates. Additionally, when tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply. For extended weed control during the fallow period, tank mixes with registered residual herbicide combinations other than those listed on this label are permissible. Weeds taller than 6" may not be controlled. Weeds and grasses emerging after application will not be controlled. Crop plants emerged at the time of application will be killed.
CHEMICAL FALLOW Continuous Wheat 2-3 Month Recropping Interval	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts. Weeds 6": 2.0-2.7 pts. RESTRICTIONS	Make a broadcast application in a minimum of 5 gallons of spray per acre by ground or air at least 45 days before seeding. Far volunteer wheat or downy brome control in the spring, use at least 1.3 pts. per acre with a PSI herbicide (see section of the label entitled "Tank Mixing For Improved Burndown of Difficult Weeds and Residual Weed Control" for additional details). Refer to the section above entitled "Chemical Fallow; Information" for additional instructions, restrictions, and precautions.
into vui	Do not make more that	

CHEMICAL FALLOW Wheat—Fallow Wheat Rotations (Fall applied after harvest; seeded 12-14 months later)	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts. Weeds 6": 2.0-2.7 pts.	Make a broadcast application in a minimum of 5 gallons of spray per acre by ground or air before weeds produce seed. Volunteer wheat and downy brome are best controlled with late August or early September applications. Tank mix with atrazine, Marksman® Herbicide or Command® Herbicide (or similar product) for enhanced burndown and residual weed control. Tank mixes with metribuzin products such as Lexone or Sencor may improve burndown of existing grass and broadleaf weeds and improve residual control. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply. Refer to the section above entitled "Chemical Fallow; Information" for additional instructions, restrictions, and precautions.
	Do not make more the	an 3 applications per year.
CHEMICAL FALLOW Wheat—Fallow Wheat Rotations (Spring applied; seeded 3-5 months later)	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts. Weeds 6": 2.0-2.7 pts.	Make a broadcast application in a minimum of 5 gallons of spray per acre by ground or air. Apply March 1 to April 15 prior to spring rains to conserve moisture. Volunteer wheat is easier to control after the boot stage, but soil moisture loss will be greater. For volunteer wheat or downy brome control in the spring, use at least 1.3 pts. per acre with a PSI herbicide (see section of the label entitled "Tank Mixing For Improved Burndown of Difficult Weeds and Residual Weed Control" for additional details). Refer to the section above entitled "Chemical Fallow; Information" for additional instructions, restrictions, and precautions. Tank mixes with metribuzin products such as Lexone or Sencor may improve burndown of existing grass and broadleaf weeds and improve residual control. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply. Refer to the section above entitled "Chemical Fallow; Information" for additional instructions, restrictions, and precautions.
		an 3 applications per year.
CHEMICAL FALLOW Wheat—Annual Crop'—Wheat Rotations (Fall applied in wheat stubble)	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts. Weeds 6": 2.0-2.7 pts,	Make a broadcast application in a minimum of 5 gallons of spray per acre by ground or air after wheat harvest but before weeds produce seed. If foxtail or barnyardgrass recover, respray before they seed. Late August through November applications are more effective for control of volunteer wheat and downy brome. Tank mix with atrazine or Marksman Herbicide for enhanced burndown and residual weed control. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply. Refer to the section above entitled "Chemical Fallow; Information" for additional instructions, restrictions, and precautions. Approved annual crops are grain sorghum, corn, wheat, and proso millet.
	• Do not make more the	an 3 applications per year.

CROP	DOSAGE (RATE PER ACRE)	COMMENTS
CHEMICAL FALLOW Wheat—Annual Crop—Wheat Rotations (Spring applied prior to planting an annual crop ¹) (See footnote in "Comments" section for list	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts. Weeds 6": 2.0-2.7 pts,	Make a broadcast application in a minimum of 5 gallons of spray per acre by ground or air. Tank mix with atrazine for enhanced burndown and residual weed control noting the atrazine instructions regarding pH and recropping intervals. For volunteer wheat or downy brome control in the spring, use at least 1.3 pts. per acre with a PSI herbicide (see section of the label entitled "Tank Mixing For Improved Burndown of Difficult Weeds and Residual Weed Control" for additional details). When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply. Refer to the section above entitled "Chemical Fallow; Information" for additional instructions, restrictions, and precautions.
of approved crops)	• Do not make more than	n 3 applications per year.

CLOVER AND OTHER LEGUMES' (See footnote in "Comments" section for list of approved crops)	See rate below for specific geographical region	For dormant season application only, HELMQUAT 3SL will desiccate weeds including London rocket, sowthistle, rescue brome, wildoats, chickweed, ryegrass, bluegrass, cheatgrass, dogfennel, tansymustard, henbit, downy brome, and other winter annuals and suppression of perennial weeds. In California, this product may be used for desiccation of weeds including bluegrass, ryegrass, shepherdspurse, chickweed, tansymustard, foxtail, sowthistle, and groundsel. In California, use higher specified rate if ryegrass, shepherdspurse, sowthistle, or groundsel is present. Applications should be made in the late fall or winter months after the last fall cutting but before the first spring cutting. Applications to clover or other legumes that are not dormant or have broken dormancy may result in stand and/or yield reductions. Replanting may be necessary. Green clover or other legumes foliage present at the time of application will be burned, discolored and/or temporarily stunted. Total hay yield of first cutting may be reduced in clover or other legumes fields with severe weed infestation. This reduction will usually be directly proportionate to the loss of weed weight. 'Other legumes include velvet bean, lespedeza, lupine, sainfoin, trefoil, vetch, crown vetch, and milk vetch.
	1.3-2.1 pts. (On established plantings in Region A ²)	 Make a broadcast application in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. RESTRICTIONS Do not make more than 1 application per year. Do not apply if regrowth after grazing or cutting is more than 2". Do not harvest within 60 days of application.
	0.7-1.3 pts. (On established plantings in Region B ³)	Make a broadcast application in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. RESTRICTIONS • Do not make more than one application per year. • Do not apply if regrowth after grazing or cutting is more than 2". • Do not harvest within 60 days of application.
	0.7-1.3 pts. (On fall seeded newly established stands less than 1 year old in Region A ²)	 Make a broadcast application in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. RESTRICTIONS Do not make more than 1 application per year. Do not apply if regrowth after grazing or cutting is more than 2". Do not harvest within 60 days of application.
	0.5-0.8 pts. (On fall seeded newly established stands less than 1 year old in Region B ³)	Make a broadcast application in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. RESTRICTIONS • Do not make more than I application per year. • Do not apply if regrowth after grazing or cutting is more than 2". • Do not harvest within 60 days of application. Del Norte, Siskiyou, Modoc, Shasta, Lassen, Plumes, Sierra, Nevada), CO, CT, DE, ID, II, IN

²Region A includes: AK, CA: (Counties of Del Norte, Siskiyou, Modoc, Shasta, Lassen, Plumes, Sierra, Nevada), CO, CT, DE, ID, IL, IN, IA, KS, KY, ME, MD, MA, MI, MN, MO, MT, NE, NV, NH, NJ, NY, ND, OH, OR, PA, RI, SD, UT, VT, VA, WA, WV, WI, WY
³Region B includes; AL, AZ, AR, CA: (All other counties not listed in Region A), FL, GA, HI, LA, MS, NM, NC, OK, SC, TN, TX

CROP	DOSAGE (RATE PER ACRE)	COMMENTS
CORN': (Used alone) (See footnote in "Comments" section for list of approved crops)	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts. Weeds 6": 2.0-2.7 pts.	Apply preplant or preemergence either broadcast or banded over the row using the specified rate in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. Apply prior to the emergence of the crop as plants that come in contact with the spray will be killed. Seeding should be done with a minimum of soil disturbance and seedbeds should be formed as far ahead of planting and treatment as possible to permit maximum weed and grass emergence. Applications made after weeds have emerged will not be controlled. 'Includes field, fresh sweet, forage, fodder, seed, and popcorn.
	• Do not make	more than three applications per year.

CORN Tank Mixes for No-Till/ Reduced Till	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts. Weeds 6": 2.0-2.7 pts.	Apply preplant or preemergence either broadcast or banded over the row using the specified rate in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. Ensure that any tank mix partners allow application by air. Apply before, during, or after planting, but prior to the emergence of the crop as plants that come in contact with the spray will be killed. For improved burndown or residual control, HELMQUAT 35L may be tank mixed with the following herbicides: 2,4-D ester (low volatile), Harness®, AAtrex/Atrazine, Harness® Xtra, Banvel, Lasso@ Herbicide, Bicep MAGNUM, Linex, Bicep Lite II MAGNUM, Lorox, Dual MAGNUM®, MANA Parallel, MANA Parallel Pius, MANA Parallel PCS, Princep, Frontier®, Prowl® Herbicide, Guardsman®, simazine, Harmony® Extra Herbicide (Preplant Only), Surpass® EC, Surpass® 100, Topnotch®. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed with Ambush@ insecticide or other permethrin products.		
	RESTRICTIONS			
		more than three applications per year.		
FIELD CORN, POPCORN, SWEET CORN, SEED CORN (Post-emergence directed spray)	0.7-1.3 pts.	Apply specified dosage in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground as a postemergence directed spray with or without a hooded or shielded sprayer. Use the higher rate on hard to control weeds; weeds 6" or more tall may not be controlled. Corn plants that come in contact with the spray may be severely damaged or may be killed, Apply when weeds are actively growing. With hooded or shielded sprayers: Use hooded or shielded sprayers with skids or wheels on the Direct the spray between the rows ensuring that the hooded or shielded spray prevents contact with corn plants. Without hooded or shield sprayers: When making a directed application without hooded or shielded sprayer, apply when corn is at least 10" tall with nozzles arranged to spray no higher than the lower 3" of the corn stalks. If corn Is 20" tall or more, arrange nozzles so they spray no higher than the lower 1/3 of the corn stalks. Corn plants shorter than 10' may be injured and not recover. Injury to corn foliage will occur if sprayed; however, corn will recover and develop normally. Corn height is measured from soil surface to top of whorl.		
	• Do not make more	than 3 applications per year.		
FIELD CORN, POPCORN, SEED CORN	0.8-1.3 pts.	Apply specified dosage as a harvest aid broadcast application in a minimum of 20 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air after the corn is mature. A black layer at the base of the kernels indicates maturity. Consult your local agricultural authority with help in identifying the black layer. Add nonionic surfactant containing at least 75% surface I active ingredient at 0.25% v/v. Use the higher specified rate to desiccate mature broadleaf weeds and grasses or on broadleaf weeds and grasses taller than 18". Drought stressed plants (especially <u>broadleaf</u> weeds) can be difficult to kill and desiccation may not be complete.		
	 RESTRICTIONS Do not apply wit 	hin 7 days of harvest.		
	Make only 1 app	lication per year.		
FIELD CORN ONLY (grain, fodder, forage)	1.3 pts.	For use in the USDA Witchweed Eradication Program, apply specified dosage by post-emergence directed spray in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground. If regrowth occurs, initiate sprays in late June to early July and repeat in early August. Follow application instructions in post-emergence directed spray section above.		
	RESTRICTIONS • Do not make more			
FIELD CORN ONLY (grain, fodder, forage) 2, 4-D Amine Tank Mix	5.41. oz. + 0.5 lb. 2,4-D Amine AE	For use in the USDA Witchweed Eradication Program, make applications at the specified dosage in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre as a post-emergence directed spray to grassy weeds and witchweed before witchweed blooms. Reapply if regrowth occurs. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply. Follow application instructions in post-emergence section above.		
	• Do not make n	nore than 3 applications per year.		
	20 Hot make I			
000	DOSAGE (RATE	COMMENTS		

COTTON (Used alone)	1.7-2.7 pts.	Apply preplant or preemergence at the specified rate in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air prior to, during, or after planting but before crop emergence. For fallow bed treatment, beds should be preformed to permit maximum weed and grass emergence before an application of HELMQUAT 3SL. When seeding, a minimum amount of soil_disturbance should occur.	
	RESTRICTIONS • Do not make more	than 3 applications per year.	
COTTON (Used alone)	5.4-10.7 fl. oz.	Apply specified dosage in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air as a preplant application. This application is used to control volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.	
(California only)	RESTRICTIONS	than 3 applications per year.	
COTTON Goal®/ Galigan®Herbicide Tank Mix	1.7-2.7 pts.	Apply specified dosage in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or air as a preplant or fallow bed broadcast application. Add Goal or Galigan according to the rate on the product label. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply.	
	RESTRICTIONS	than 3 applications per year.	
COTTON Other Tank Mixes	1.7-2.7 pts.	Apply specified dosage as a preplant or preemergence broadcast spray in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air before, during, or after planting, but before crop emergence. For improved burndown and residual control, HELMQUAT 3SL may be tank mixed with the following herbicides: Cotoran® Herbicide, Meturon® Herbicide, Cotton-Pro® Herbicide, Caparol® Herbicide, diuron herbicides. Harmony Extra (Preplant Only), MSMA herbicides, Zorial® Herbicide, Dual MAGNUM, MANA Parallel PCS, MANA Parallel, Prowl. When <i>tank mixing</i> with Cotoran DF or Meturon DF, follow the mixing instructions on the respective labels and maintain constant agitation. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable <i>use</i> directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective label limitations must apply.	
	RESTRICTIONS • Do not make more than 3 applications_per year.		
COTTON Post- emergence Directed Spray (Hooded or Shielded)* (except CA)	0.82- 1.7 pts	Apply when weeds are actively growing and between 1 - 6" in height. If multiple applications are made, allow 14 days between applications. Use higher rate on dense populations and/or larger or hard to control weeds. Weeds 6" or taller may not be controlled. Avoid contact with crop. Intentional or accidental contact (including drift) of HELMQUAT 3SL with the crop may result in severe damage or loss of the crop. Apply by directing spray between the rows and using hooded or shielded sprayers to prevent contact with crop plants. Equipment should be in good operating condition. Avoid leakage or dripping onto crop. Variation in equipment design may affect level of weed control. Keep hoods or shields adjusted to insure adequate contact with weeds while shielding the crop from the herbicide. To minimize drift, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations or adjuvants which produce fine spray droplets (mist). May be tank mixed with other postemergence directed herbicides When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, restrictions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply.	
	 RESTRICTIONS Do not make mo *Not for use in Carteria 	re than three applications per year. alifornia.	
COTTON Harvest aid	See rate below for specific rate based on geographical region	HELMQUAT 3SL may be used as a harvest aid in cotton growing areas of the US. Repeat application if necessary, but do not exceed 4 applications per year or 1.3 pints per acre per year. This product may be tank mixed with other cotton harvest aid materials known to be effective by local experience. Unless otherwise instructed in this label, refer to tank mix product label for rates, directions, limitations, and precautions. HELMQUAT 3SL can also be applied in a tank mix with methyl parathion and/or Karate Z or Silencer® insecticides. Nodes above cracked boils (NACB) timing is for guidance and is not intended to restrict local experience.	
	5.4 fl. oz + 1 pt. phosphate or 1 gal. chlorate (southern cotton)	Use in southern cotton to aid in the defoliation and opening of mature bolls. Tank mix with phosphate and chlorate defoliants. Apply specified dosages by broadcast application when 80% or more of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground and 5 gallons of spray per acre by air, Use of this tank mix will inhibit the development of immature bolls. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest and grazing.	

	 When tank mixing product label(s). If Do not pasture live Do not exceed a to 	 COTTON (Harvest Aid) g, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective n interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply. estock in treated fields or feed treated foliage. otal of 1.3 pts/A as a harvest aid. a than 4 applications per year. Use in southern cotton to aid in the defoliation and opening of mature bolls at specified rate as a broadcast application in 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. HELMQUAT 3SL may be mixed with Accelerate®, Defoliant, Def® Defoliant, Drop® Defoliant, Ethephon Plant Growth Regulator, Folex® Defoliant, Harvade® Harvest Growth Regulant, and PrepTM PGR. Apply 		
		when 60% or more of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature. Development of immature bolls will be inhibited.		
	 When tank mixing product label(s). In it Do not pasture live Do not exceed a to 	– COTTON (Harvest Aid) g, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective nterpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply. estock in treated fields or feed treated foliage. otal of 1.3 pts/A as a harvest aid. e than 4 applications per year.		
	0.7-1.3 pts. (Southern cotton)	Use in southern cotton as a post defoliation treatment to aid in opening of mature bolls and in the desiccation of green weeds. Apply at the specified rate by broadcast application in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air when 75% or more of the bolls are open and the remaining boils to be harvested are mature. Development of immature bolls will be inhibited. To avoid leaf sticking, apply HELMQUAT 3SL as a desiccant approximately 3-7 days after defoliation or a conditioning application.		
CROP	DOSAGE (RATE PER ACRE)	COMMENTS		
COTTON	0.7-1.3 pts.	If weed infestation is heavy or dense, use the higher specified rate.		
Harvest aid (continued)	(Southern cotton)			
	Do not exceed a t Do not exceed a t Do not make more Do not apply withi 3.7-5.4 fl. oz. + phosphate or sodium chlorate and/or other compatible harvest aid products (western cotton)	estock in treated fields or feed treated foliage. otal of 1.3 pts/A as a harvest aid. e than 4 applications per year. n 3 days of harvest or grazing. Use in western cotton to aid in boll opening and for early defoliation. Use the higher specified rate on rank cotton. Early defoliation occurs when 60% or more of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature (approximately 4 NACB). Do not use more than 5.4 fl. oz. of HELMQUAT 3SL for early defoliation as excessive desiccation may occur. Development of immature bolls will be inhibited. When using sodium chlorate, do not use more than 4 lbs. of actual defoliant per acre at this early defoliation timing. Make a broadcast application minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. Do not graze or harvest within 7 days of application when following this schedule.		
	When tank mixin respective produc must apply. Do not pasture li Do not exceed a	 RESTRICTIONS – COTTON (Harvest Aid) When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply. Do not pasture livestock in treated fields or feed treated foliage. Do not exceed a total of 1.3 pts/A as a harvest aid. 		
	Do not make mo 5.4-10.7 fl. oz. alone or tank mix with sodium chlorate or phosphate defoliant and/or other compatible harvest aid products (Western cotton)	re than 4 applications pr year. For use in western cotton for boll opening and as a mid- to late-defoliation treatment. Mid- to late- defoliation timing is when 75% or more of the bolls are opening and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature (approximately 3 or fewer NACB). Development of immature bolls will be inhibited. In desert cotton or on rank vigorous cotton, use the higher specified rate of HELMQUAT 3SL. Make a broadcast application in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air.		

	When tank mixing, product label(s). In ir Do not pasture live Do not exceed a to Do not make more Do not apply within 2.1-7.5 fl. oz. (stripper or spindle harvested)	 COTTON (Harvest Aid) read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective nterpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply. stock in treated fields or feed treated foliage. tal of 1.3 pts/A as a harvest aid. than 4 applications per year. 3 days of harvest or grazing Stripper or Spindle Harvested: Apply when 75% of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature. Make a broadcast application at the specified dosage in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air for defoliation and boll opening. It is advisable to apply the range of rates on a small block of cotton to determine the rate that best fits your environmental and plant conditions. Development of immature bolls will be inhibited. Slice boils and inspect seed for maturity. HELMQUAT 3SL may be applied alone or tank mixed with the following cotton harvest aids: Accelerate Defoliant, Folex Defoliant, Def Defoliant, Harvade Harvest Growth Regulant, Dropp Defoliant, Prep PGR, Ethephon Plant Growth Regulator or other products containing ethephon. Split applications may be made but do not exceed a total of 1.3 pints per acre. To avoid leaf sticking, apply HELMQUAT 3SL as a desiccant approximately 3-7 days after defoliation or a conditioning application and 7-14 days before harvest. Cooler temperatures may cause a longer waiting period between application of HELMQUAT 3SL as a desiccant and defoliation/conditioner. Lower rates in the range may be necessary south of 1-10 in Texas where temperatures are typically higher during defoliation. 		
	 respective product la Do not pasture live Do not exceed a to Do not make more 	abel(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply. stock in treated fields or feed treated foliage. tal of 1.3 pts/A as a harvest aid. than 4 applications per year.		
CROP	CROP (RATE PER ACRE)	COMMENTS		
COTTON Harvest aid (continued)	0.7-1.3 pts. (late season desiccation)	Late season desiccation: Apply when 85% of the bolls are open and the remaining bolls to be harvested are mature. Apply specified dosage by broadcast application in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. It is advisable to apply the range of rates on a small block of cotton to determine the rate that best fits your environmental and plant conditions. Development of immature bolls will be inhibited. Slice bolls and inspect seed for maturity. Split applications may be made but do not exceed a total of 1.3 pints per acre. To avoid leaf sticking, apply HELMQUAT 3SL as a desiccant approximately 3-7 days after defoliation or conditioning. Lower rates in the range may be necessary south of 1-10 in Texas where temperatures are typically higher during defoliation.		
	 When tank mixing, respective product la Do not pasture live Do not exceed a to Do not make more 	 RESTRICTIONS - COTTON (Harvest Aid) When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply. Do not pasture livestock in treated fields or feed treated foliage. Do not exceed a total of 1.3 pts/A as a harvest aid. Do not make more than 4 applications per year. Do not appply within 3 days of harvest or grazing. 		
	0.75-1.25 pts. (desiccation of regrowth)	Apply as a broadcast application in 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. Use to desiccate regrowth occurring after defoliation or desiccation. Control is dependent on growing conditions and desiccation of small new regrowth may not always be complete. Use the higher specified rate if regrowth is excessive. Because regrowth is difficult to control, thorough coverage with the full rate is necessary.		
	 When tank mixing, product label(s). In ir Do not pasture live Do not exceed a to Do not make more 	 COTTON (Harvest Aid) read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective neterpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply. stock in treated fields or feed treated foliage. tal of 1.3 pts/A as a harvest aid. than 4 applications per year. 3 days of harvest or grazing. 		

CROPS	CROP (RATE PER ACRE)	REMARKS
COTTON Harvest aid (Texas, except in the counties of	2.6 to 3.4 fl oz (0.06 to 0.08 Ib ai) (for boll	 To aid in defoliation and opening of mature bolls, HELMQUAT 3SL may be tank mixed with the following products: Folex[®] defoliant, Accelerate[®] defoliant. Apply when 60% or more of the bolls are open and remaining bolls to be harvested are mature. Development of immature bolls will be inhibited.
Starr, Hidalgo,	opening and defoliation)	 Refer to tank mix product label for rate, directions, limitations, and restrictions.
the counties of Starr, Hidalgo, Willacy, and Cameron)	product label(\$ Use a minimum to Because of extrem cotton to detern Do not pasture livy Do not exceed a t Up to 3 multiple bi Allow 7 days betw Do not apply withi Do not harvest wit When combined w Do not pasture lac When combined w 2.1 to 7.7 fl oz (0.05 to 0.18 lb ai) (Late season harvest aid desiccation of stripper cotton or spindle- harvested cotton)	n three days of harvest or grazing. hin 7 days of application if used with phosphate or chloratedefoliants. rith phosphate defoliants, observe livestock restrictions listed on the phosphate label.
	 RESTRICTIONS When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, restrictions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply. Use a minimum total spray volume per acre of 10 gallons by ground, and 5 gallons by air. Because of extremes in environmental and plant conditions, it is advisable to apply the range of rates on a small block of cotton to determine the specified rate that best fits yourneeds. Do not pasture livestock in treated fields or feed treated foliage. Do not exceed a total of 32 fl oz (0.50 lb ai) per acre per crop season Up to 3 multiple broadcast harvest aid applications may be made. Allow 7 days between applications. Do not apply within three days of harvest or grazing. Do not pasture lactating dairy animals. When combined with phosphate defoliants, observe livestock restrictions listed on the phosphate label. 10.7 to 21.3 fl oz (0.25 to 0.50 lb ai) expendent upon growing after defoliation or desiccation. Control is dependent upon growing condition and desiccation of small new growth may not always be omplete. Use higher specified rate if regrowth is excessive. 	

	RESTRICTIONS		
		, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, restrictions, and limitations on the respective	
	product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply.		
	Use a minimum total spray volume per acre of 10 gallons by ground, and 5 gallons by air.		
	Because of extremes in environmental and plant conditions, it is advisable to apply the range of rates on a small block of		
	cotton to deter	mine the specified rate that best fits your needs. estock in treated fields or feed treated foliage.	
		iotal of 32 fl oz (0.50 lb ai) per acre per crop season	
		roadcast harvest aid applications may be made.	
	 Allow 7 days betw 	veen applications.	
	 Do not apply with 	in three days of harvest or grazing.	
	Do not harvest within 7 days of application if used with phosphate or chlorate defoliants.		
	Do not pasture lactating dairy animals.		
	 When combined v 	vith phosphate defoliants, observe livestock restrictions listed on the phosphate label.	
EASTER LILIES	1.7-2.7 pts.	Apply preemergence in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground.	
(Field grown)	RESTRICTIONS		
		than 2 applications per year.	
FALLOW LAND	1.0-2.7 pts.	Apply specified dosage as a broadcast application in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by	
Prior to planting of		ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air for the control of weeds such as bluegrass, chickweed,	
any crops		henbit, downy brome, ryegrass, cheatgrass, dog fennel, tansymustard, London rocket, sowthistle,	
		rescue brome, wild oats, volunteer cereals and other winter annuals, and for suppression of perennial	
		weeds or sedges. Use the higher specified rate for weeds approaching the maximum size of 6". Fallow	
		land may be between operations such as disking, ripping, plowing, leveling, irrigating or listing for	
		ground preparation purposes. For best results, allow maximum weed emergence prior to application.	
		Adhere to the preharvest intervals and other crop specific restrictions for planted crops elsewhere on	
	RESTRICTIONS	this label.	
		than 2 applications during the fallow period.	
GRASSES	1.3-2.7 pts.	Apply specified dosage preplant, at planting, or preemergence in 10 gallons of spray per acre by	
(For Seed) (For	- F	ground. Prepare the seedbeds and allow weeds to germinate. When weeds are at the 3-5 leaf stage,	
Use in Seedbed		apply HELMQUAT 3SL. Repeat applications as necessary prior to grass emergence, but not exceed 3	
Preparation)		applications per year.	
	RESTRICTIONS		
	 Do not graze treated areas or use the seed or straw from treated areas for animal feed or bedding. Do not make more than 3 applications per year. 		
GRASSES	1.0 – 1.53 pts	Apply specified dosage by ground in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre and by air in a minimum	
(Kentucky	1.0 – 1.00 pts	of 5 gallons of spray per acre. For use on Kentucky bluegrass seed production fields in Minnesota as a	
Bluegrass grown		post-harvest application to facilitate burning. Add a nonionic surfactant at a rate of 1 pint per 100 gals.	
for seed only)		(75% or greater surface active ingredient) or 2 pints per 100 gallons (50-74% surface active ingredient).	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Make application 1-4 weeks after harvest and wait 3-7 days before burning fields.	
	RESTRICTIONS		
(Minnesota only)	Do not apply more than two applications per season.		
	 Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system. 		
	Do not graze or	feed hay from treated fields prior to burning.	
GUAR	1.3 pts.	Apply specified dosage for preharvest desiccation in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre	
		by ground after the pods are fully mature	
	RESTRICTIONS		
		ed areas or use the treated forage for animal feed.	
	Do not make more than 3 applications per year.		
GUAVA		4 days of harvest or grazing.	
GUAVA	2.5 pts	Apply specified dosage as a directed spray in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground.	
		Retreatment and/or spot spraying may be necessary for mature woody weeds, germinating weeds and	
	DEGEDIATIONS	grasses, and perennials.	
	RESTRICTIONS	then 4 appliestions per year	
		than 4 applications per year. to contact green stems, fruit, or foliage.	
	Do not graze treate		
		crops grown in treated areas to livestock.	
	CROP (RATE		
CROP	PER ACRE)	COMMENTS	
		1	

HOPS	1.3 pts.	Apply specified dosage as a directed spray in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground. For	
(ID, OR, & WA only)		suckering and stripping, spray only the basal 2 ft. of the vines. Repeat as necessary, but do not exceed 3 applications per year. Experience with varieties other than Cascade, Yakima Cluster, and Bullion is limited. If using HELMQUAT 3SL on varieties other than these, test on a small number of vines of each variety to determine sensitivity to injury and do not use on unlisted varieties if unacceptable crop injury occurs. For chemical pruning to bum back existing vines and obtain even emergence of subsequent vines, spray when vines are less than 3 ft. tall. Unacceptable injury may occur when applications are	
		made to vines less than 6 ft. tall.	
	RESTRICTIONS		
		n 14 days of harvest or grazing. • than 3 times per year.	
		<i>i</i> to contact green stems, foliage, flowers, or cones as injury may result.	
		als to graze in treated hopyards, but hop vine refuse and silage may be fed to livestock.	
LENTILS (Not for use in California)	0.8-1.3 pts.	Apply specified dosage as a harvest aid in a minimum of 20 gallons of spray per acre by ground and 7 gallons of spray per acre by air plus a nonionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v (2 pts. per 100 gallons) of the finished spray volume. Apply when the crop is mature and at least 80% of the pods are yellowing and mostly ripe. No more than 30% of the leaves should still be green in color. To improve coverage, a split application may be made.	
		n weather conditions favor spray drift. A drift control agent may be included to reduce spray drift. use on lentils in California.	
		than 2 applications per year nor exceed a total of 1.3 pts. per acre.	
MINT (Peppermint, Spearmint)	1.3-2.0 pts.	Apply during the dormant season before spring growth when weeds are less than 6" tall using the specified dosage in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of 'spray per acre by air. Use for the suppression of weeds such as Italian ryegrass, prickly lettuce, groundsel, chickweed, downy brome and bluegrass. This product may be tank mixed with Sin-bar® Herbicide (terbacil) weed killer for improved contact activity and residual control of Italian ryegrass, prickly lettuce, and groundsel. Apply this tank mixture no more than once per season. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must_apply.	
	RESTRICTIONS		
	 Do not apply more than 2 pts. per acre per dormant season. Do not make more than 2 applications per year. 		
ONIONS (seeded), GARLIC	1.7-2.7 pts.	Apply specified dosage preplant or preemergence in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground. The higher specified rate should be used for heavy infestations or for wild oat control. Allow maximum weed and grass emergence prior to treatment but apply prior to crop emergence.	
		n 60 days of harvest in all states except California. In California, do not apply within 200 days of harvest. than 2.7 pts. per acre per year nor apply more than once per year.	
PASSION FRUIT	2.5 pts.	Make a directed spray at the specified rate in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground. If bark is still green at the time of application, use a shield or wrap the vine. If making applications close to or during harvest, pick all fruit off the ground prior to application. Retreat as necessary, up to 5 times per year.	
	RESTRICTIONS • Do not make more than 5 applications per year. • Do not allow animals to graze in treated areas.		
PEANUTS	5.4-10.8 fl. oz.	Apply specified dosage as a broadcast application in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre at	
		ground cracking. A second application may be made up to 28 days after ground crack. This application will control or suppress small (1" - 6") emerged annual grass and broadleaf weeds. For at ground crack use, HELMQUAT 3SL can be tank mixed with Pursuit Herbicide, MANA Parallel PCS, or Dual MAGNUM for residual weed control. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply. Crop foliage sprayed will be injured in the form of bronzing and crinkling but the crop will recover and develop normally.	
	RESTRICTIONS • Do not apply by a	ir.	

	• Do not make more than 2 applications per season nor apply a total of more than 10.8 fl. oz. of product per acre per season.
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CROP	CROP (RATE PER ACRE)	COMMENTS
PEANUTS Basagran® Herbicide Tank Mix	5.4-10.8 fl. oz. + 1 pt. Basagran	Apply specified dosage as a broadcast application in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre at ground crack stage of peanuts. A second application may be made up to 28 days after ground crack. A tank mix application of HELMQUAT 3SL with Basagran will improve control of cocklebur, bristly starbur, smartweed, and prickly sida. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply. Crop foliage sprayed will be injured in the form of bronzing and crinkling but the crop will recover and develop normally.
	 Do not apply this tank treatment as injury m 	an 2 applications per season nor apply a total of more than 10.8 fl. oz of product per acre per season. k mix if peanuts show injury (leaf phytotoxicity and/or plant stunting) produced by any other herbicide ay be enhanced and/or prolonged. k mix during prolonged periods of drought or unseasonably cold weather as unsatisfactory weed control
PEANUTS Butyrac® Herbicide or Butoxone® 200 Herbicide Tank Mix	5.4-10.8 fl. oz. + 8-16 oz. (0.125- 0.25 lbs.) Butyrac or Butoxone 200	Apply as a broadcast postemergence application at the specified dosage in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground. A tank mix application of HELMQUAT 3SL with Butyrac or Butoxone 200 will improve control of weeds such as cocklebur, sicklepod, and morningglory. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply. Crop foliage sprayed will be injured in the form of bronzing and crinkling but the crop will recover and develop normally.
DEAMUTE	se <u>aso</u> n <u>.</u>	2 applications per season nor apply a total of more than 10.8 fl. oz. of product per acre per
PEANUTS Suppression of glyphosate- resistant Palmer Amaranth (Not for use in CA)	Mix 1 part HELMQUAT 3SL with 2 parts water to prepare a 33% solution. Add non-ionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v (2 pints/100 gal) of finished volume. Apply up to 3 pints/acre of the herbicide-water mixture.	Apply through a recirculating rope wick or carpet roller equipment for suppression or control of glyphosate-resistant Palmer Amaranth, or to prevent seed production. In order to prevent seed production, an application must be made prior to formation of viable seed. Make application at least 6 inches above the peanut canopy. Set application equipment to avoid dripping. Low ground speed enhances coverage which leads to improved weed control. Use ground speeds of 5 mph or less. Delaying application to late afternoon or early evening will enhance control of large weeds. Follow application equipment manufacturer's directions.
	 application method Do not exceed 0.5 lb Do not allow livestoc 	nan 1 pints/acre (0.25 lbs ai/acre) of HELMQUAT 3SL using the recirculating wick or carpet roller t. ai/acre total for all HELMQUAT 3SLapplications topeanut. k to graze in treated areas. nreshings from treated fields to livestock.
PERSIMMON (Not for use in CA unless	2.5 pts.	Apply specified dosage as a directed spray in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground. Mature woody weeds, late-germinating weeds and grasses, and perennials may need spot spraying or retreatment, but do not exceed 5 applications per year.
accompanied by a supplemental label)	 Do not graze treated an 	s grown in treated areas to livestock.
PIGEON PEAS (Puerto Rico only)	1.3 pts.	Apply specified dosage as a directed spray in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground. Avoid contact with crop foliage.

	RESTRICTIONS			
	Do not make more than 1 application per season or per year.			
	• Do not graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock. Cannery waste can be fed to livestock.			
	• Do not apply within 60			
PINEAPPLE	1.3-2.7 pts	Apply specified dosage as a directed spray in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground. Or mature or hard to control weeds, retreatment may be necessary, but do not exceed 3 applications per year.		
	RESTRICTIONS			
	Do not make more than 3 applications per season.			
	Do not apply within 20	Do not apply within 20 days of harvest.		
ΡΟΤΑΤΟ	0.7-1.3 pts.	Apply specified dosage as a preplant or preemergence broadcast spray in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. Applications may be made up to ground cracking but before potatoes have emerged.		
	RESTRICTIONS			
	Do not make more than 3 applications per year.			
POTATO (Used alone) (CA, WA, ID, OR only)	0.4-0.7 pt.	Apply specified dosage as a preplant broadcast spray in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. This application is used for volunteer barley control in preformed seedbeds.		
	RESTRICTIONS			
	Do not make more than 3 applications per year.			

CROP	DOSAGE (RATE PER ACRE)	COMMENTS		
POTATO (Fresh market potatoes only)' (see "Comments" section for list of states)	0.7-1.3 pts.	Apply specified dosage for preharvest vine killing and weed desiccation as a broadcast spray in a minimum of 20 gallons of spray per acre by ground. When quick vine kill is desired, use 1.3 pts. per acre. When vine growth is dense, use 2 applications at 0.6 pt per acre. Allow a minimum of 5 days between split applications. Fresh Market Potatoes include potatoes that are sent directly from the field to a consumer, grocery store, or processor for use. Potatoes must be harvested promptly after desiccation and consumed or processed immediately. Begin application when leaves begin to turn yellow. Immature potato foliage is tolerant to HELMQUAT 3SL; however; desiccation will not be complete under this condition. 'For Use Only in the states of: CO, DE, ID, IL; IN, KS, ME, MD, MA, MI, MN, NE, NV, NJ, NY, ND, OH, OR, PA, SD, UT, WA, WI, WY		
	RESTRICTIONS			
		es that will be stored as tuber decomposition may result.		
	 Do not apply to drought stressed potato vines. Do not use to desiccate the vines of seed potatoes as seed pieces may fail to germinate and grow normally. Do not pasture livestock in treated potato fields. 			
	Do not exceed 2.6 pts./A per season.			
	 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest. 			
RICE	Weeds 1-3":1.3-1.7 pts Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 pts. Weeds 6": 2.0-2.7 pts.	Apply as a broadcast spray before, during, or after planting but before crop emergence in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. Use higher specified rates and spray volumes when vegetation is dense. Seeding should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance. Weeds and grasses emerging after application will not be controlled, but crop plants exposed to application will be killed. For improved or extended weed control, HELMQUAT 3SL may be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for this use. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply.		
	RESTRICTIONS • Do not flood/flush within 48 hours of application in order to ensure complete kill of vegetation. If cool, cloudy, and/or wet weather delays speed of kill, do not flood/flush until complete kill is evident. • Do not make more than 3 applications per year.			
SAFFLOWER	1.7-2.7 pts.	Apply broadcast or banded over row before, during, or after planting but before crop emergence in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air.		
	• Do not make more that	an 3 applications per year.		

SAFFLOWER (CA only)	0.7 pt.	Apply as a preplant broadcast spray in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. This application is effective for control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.			
	RESTRICTIONS	•			
	• Do not make more th	an 3 applications per year.			
SMALL GRAINS	Weeds1-3":1.3-1.7	Apply specified dosage preplant or preemergence in a minimum of 5 gallons of spray per acre by			
(Barley, Wheat)	pts.	ground or air.			
	Weeds3-6":1.7-2.0				
	pts.				
	Weeds 6": 2.0-2.7				
	pts.				
	RESTRICTIONS				
	Do not make more than 3 applications per year.				
SMALL GRAINS	Weeds1-3":1.3-1.7	Apply specified dosage preplant or preemergence in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by			
(Wheat Only)	pts.	ground and 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. A tank mix with Hoelon 3EC applied when weeds are 1"			
Hoelon® 3EC	Weed 3-6":1.7-2.0	- 6" in height and are actively growing will improve grass control. Weeds 6" or taller may not be			
Tank Mix	pts.	controlled. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and			
	Weeds 6": 2.0-2.7	limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the			
	pts.	most restrictive label limitations must apply.			
	RESTRICTIONS				
		an 3 applications per year.			
	Do not apply this tank mix on barley as crop injury may result.				
SORGHUM	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7	Apply specified dosage preplant or preemergence in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by			
(Grain)	pts.	ground and 5 gallons of spray per acre by air as a broadcast or banded application. Seedbeds should			
	Weeds 3-6":1.7-2.0	be formed as far ahead of planting as possible to allow maximum weed and grass emergence.			
	pts.	Seeding should be done with a minimum of soil disturbance.			
	Weeds 6": 2.0-2.7				
	pts.				
	RESTRICTIONS				
	Do not make more than 3 applications per year.				
	 Do not apply within 4 	8 days of harvest for grain and 20 days of harvest for forage.			

CROP	DOSAGE (RATE PER ACRE)	COMMENTS	
SORGHUM (Grain) Atrazine & 2,4-D ester [low volatile]Tank Mix	Weeds 1-3":1.3- 1.7pts. Weeds 3-6":1.7-2.0 pts Weeds 6": 2.0- 2.7pts	For preplant or preemergence application, HELMQUAT 3SL may be tank mixed with atrazine for improved preemergence or residual weed control. The addition of 2,4-D ester (low volatile) may aid in the suppression of perennial and annual broadleaf weeds emerged at the time of application. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply.	
		an 3 applications per year. 8 days of harvest for grain and 20 days of harvest for forage.	
SORGHUM (Grain) Harmony Extra Tank Mix	1.3-2.5 pts.	Make a preplant application at the specified dosage in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground. HELMQUAT 3SL may be tank mixed with Harmony Extra for improved weed control. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply.	
		n 3 applications per year. days of harvest for grain and 20 days of harvest for forage.	

SORGHUM (Grain)	0.7-1.3 pts.	Apply specified dosage as a postemergence directed spray (including hooded or shielded) in 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground when weeds are actively growing. Use higher specified rate on larger or hard to control weeds. Weeds 6" or taller may not be controlled. Because spray can severely damage and/or kill sorghum plants, applications should be made with either hooded or shielded sprayers or as a directed spray as outlined below. To avoid excessive crop '• phytotoxicity, use a hooded or shielded sprayer with skids or wheels on the spray boom to maintain spray height. Apply by directing spray between the rows and using hooded or shielded sprayers to prevent spray contact with crop plants. If applying without a hooded or shielded sprayer, apply when sorghum is at least 12" tall when naturally standing. Do not exceed 30 psi nozzle pressure or spray under conditions which may cause excessive drift. Use precision directed spray application equipment adjusted so that no more than the lower 3" of the sorghum stalk is contacted by the application spray. Some crop injury will occur. The degree of injury is related to the precision of application and spraying conditions.		
		stemergence-directed applications or exceed a total of 5.3 pts. HELMQUAT 3SL per season or per year. 48 days of harvest for grain and 20 days of harvest for forage.		
SOYBEANS	Weeds 1-3": 1.3- 1.7 pts. Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2 pts. Weeds 6": 2-2.7 pts.	Apply specified dosage as a broadcast spray before, during, or after planting but before crop emergence in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. HELMQUAT 3SL may be tank mixed with the following herbicides for improved burndown or residual control: 2,4-D, Canopy, Dual MAGNUM, Goal or Galigan, Harmony Extra (Preplant Only), Lasso, Lexone, Linex, Lorox, Lorox Plus, Prowl, Pursuit, Scepter® Herbicide, Sencor, Surflan® Herbicide, Turbo® Herbicide. The rate of HELMQUAT 3SL to be used in these tank mixtures is dependent on weed height and growing conditions. Use the highest specified rate of HELMQUAT 3SL under dry conditions or where the weed canopy is dense. The lower rate may be used when weeds are less than 4" tall and a selective postemergence spray or cultivation will be made within 3 weeks after planting. Seeding should be done with a minimum amount of soil disturbance. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply.		
	 RESTRICTIONS Do not exceed a total of 4.0 pts. of HELMQUAT 3SL per season. Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Do not graze or harvest for forage or hay before the R3 stage of soybean development (early pod). 			
SOYBEANS 2,4-D ester (low volatile) Tank Mix	Weeds 1-3": 1.3-1.7 Weeds 3-6": 1.7-2.0 Weeds 6": 2.0-2.7 pt 0.35-0.475 lb.a.i. 2,4 ester (low volatile) at 7 days prior to plantii + 0.475- 0.95 lb. a.i. ester (low volatile) at 30 days prior to planti	Apply preplant or preemergence at the specified dosage in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply. least ag or 2,4-D least		
	Do not use the am	 Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Do not use the amine formulation of 2,4-D as the activity of HELMQUAT 3SL may be reduced. Do not apply 2,4-D ester (low volatile) prior to planting soybeans if soybean injury, including possible loss of stand and yield, 		
CROP	DOSAGE (RATE PER ACRE)	COMMENTS		

SOYBEANS		Apply specified dosage as a postemergence directed spray (includes hooded or shielded) in 'a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground when weeds are actively growing. Use the lower rate to control seedling johnsongrass, crabgrass, goosegrass, brachiaria, Texas millet, and pigweed less than 2" tall. Use 5.4 fl oz for control of 2-4" red rice, brachiaria, barnyard grass, crabgrass, goosegrass, seedling johnsongrass, giant foxtail, fall panicum, 2-3" sicklepod, purslane, pigweed, cutleaf ground cherry, and common ragweed. Add 2,4-D at rates specified on the label of the product you are using for control of 2-4" grasses in mixture with common cocklebur, morningglory, and red rice. If necessary, a second application may be made 7-14 days later. Hooded or shielded sprayers should be used by directing spray between the rows to prevent spray contact with crop plants. Use higher specified rate on larger (< 6") or hard to control weeds. Weeds 6" or taller may not be controlled. Severe damage and/or complete kill can occur if spray intentionally or accidentally (including drift of fine droplets) contacts the plants. If making applications without hooded or shielded sprayers, use precision directed spray application spray. Do not exceed 30 psi nozzle pressure or spray under conditions which may cause excessive drift. Do not treat if soybeans are less than 8" tall. Some crop injury will occur. The degree of injury is related to the precision of application and spraying conditions. When tank mixing with 2,4-D, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply.	
SOYBEANS	5.4-10.7 fl. oz.	Harvest Aid: Apply specified rate in a minimum of 20 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. On indeterminate varieties, apply when at least 65% of the seed pods have reached a mature brown color or when seed moisture is 30% or less. On determinant varieties, apply when plants are mature, i.e., beans are fully developed, 1/2 of leaves have dropped, and remaining leaves are yellowing. Immature soybeans will be injured. Use the higher specified rate for cocklebur control. Mature cocklebur, especially drought-stressed plants, are tolerant to HELMQUAT 3SL and desiccation will not be complete.	
		n 15 days of harvest. than 3 applications per year. rvest for forage or hay.	
STRAWBERRIES	1.3 pts.	Apply as a postemergence directed spray in a minimum of 20 gallons of spray per acre by ground directing	
	the spray between the rows and using shields to prevent contact with the crop. RESTRICTIONS Do not allow spray to contact strawberry plants as injury or excessive residues may result. Do not apply more than 3 times per season or per year. Do not graze livestock in treated areas. Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.		
SUGAR BEETS	1.3-2.7 pts.	Apply specified dosage preplant or preemergence in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground and 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. Use the higher specified rate for heavier weed infestations. Seedbeds or plantbeds should be formed as far ahead of treatment as possible to permit maximum weed emergence with a minimum amount of soil disturbance when seeding or transplanting occurs. Crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed. This application may be used in fallow bed/stale seedbed for weed control.	
	RESTRICTIONS Do not make more than 3 applications per year.		
SUGARCANE	See rate below based on geographical area to be treated 1.3 pts. (FL only)	For all sugarcane growing areas, the following general comments are applicable. Apply as a hooded, shielded, or directed post-emergence spray to avoid contact with cane foliage to prevent leaf burn and yield reduction. Make a second and final application, if necessary, when new weed growth is 2-6" high. In Florida, apply specified rate in a minimum of 50 gallons of spray per acre by ground in early spring (March-April) when weeds are small. Do not apply after June 1 as cane growth may be stunted and	
	yields reduced. RESTRICTIONS Do not graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock. Do not make more than 2 applications per year.		
	1.3 pts. (HI only)	In Hawaii, apply specified rate in a minimum of 20 gallons of spray per acre by ground but do not apply after the cane rows have closed in.	

	RESTRICTIONS			
	 Do not graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock. 			
	Do not make more than 2 applications per year.			
CROP	DOSAGE (RATE	COMMENTS		
	PER ACRE)			
SUGARCANE (continued)	0.7-2.0 pts. (LA only)	In Louisiana, apply specified rate in a minimum of 20 gallons of spray per acre by ground. Apply when tillers are less than 18" high for tiller control. Use the higher specified rate for tiller control and when heavier weed infestations are present.		
	RESTRICTIONS			
	 Do not graze trea 	ted areas or feed treated forage to livestock.		
	 Do not harvest with 	thin 30 days of application.		
	Do not make more than 2 applications per year.			
	0.4-0.7 pt. (FL and TX only)	In Florida and Texas, apply the specified rate in 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. Use the higher specified rate when cool cloudy weather exists. Apply 3-14 days before burning and harvest.		
	RESTRICTIONS	·		
		ted areas or feed treated forage to livestock.		
		e than 1 application per year.		
SUNFLOWER	1.7-2.7 pts. (preplant or preemergence)	Apply specified dosage before, during, or after planting but before crop emergence in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground and 5 gallons of spray per acre by air either broadcast or banded over the row.		
	RESTRICTIONS			
		than 3 applications per year.		
	0.8-1.3 pts. (preharvest desiccation)	Preharvest desiccation: Apply specified dosage as a broadcast spray for preharvest desiccation in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground and 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. Apply when sunflower seeds reach physiological maturity (when seed moisture is 35% or lower). For many varieties, this is the same time when the back of the heads are yellow and the bracts are turning brown. Use the higher specified rate when crop stands or weed infestations are heavy.		
	RESTRICTIONS			
	 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. Do not graze treated areas or feed treated forage to livestock. 			
TARO, DRYLAND (HI Only)	1.3-2.1 pts.	Apply specified dosage as a postemergence directed spray in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground. Make the first application when weed growth is 1" - 4" high. If weeds emerge after application, they will not be controlled. A single retreatment may be made; however, do not harvest dryland taro within 6 months of last application.		
	RESTRICTIONS			
		 Do not make more than 2 applications per year. 		
	Do not allow spray to contact taro plants as injury may result.			
	Do not harvest within 6 months 180 days) of last application.			
TREE PLANTATION ESTABLISHMENT Deciduous and Conifers	1.3-2.7 pts.	Apply specified dosage prior to planting as a broadcast application in 20 gallons of spray per acre by ground equipment. Be careful to minimize soil disturbance when planting. Use the higher specified rate for heavier weed infestations. For improved burndown or residual control, tank mix HELMQUAT 3SL with other herbicides labeled for this use. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply. Do not apply in less than 10 gallons per acre, as weed control will be reduced. Prepare ground early to allow maximum emergence of weeds.		
	RESTRICTIONS			
		than 3 applications per year.		

TREES AND VINES	1.7-2.7 pts.	Apply specified dosage as a directed spray in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground. Treat
Orchards,		when sucker growth is no longer than 8" on grapes. Late season applications to weeds should be made to
Vineyards,		prevent contact with desirable grape foliage. Spot treatments or retreatment may be needed for perennial
Windbreaks, Shade		weeds, mature woody weeds, late germinating weeds, and green suckers. Use a shield or wrap plant when
& Ornamental		spraying around young trees or vines.
Trees' (See		HELMQUAT 3SL may be used as a directed spray in tank mix combination with the following herbicides:
footnote in		Devrinol®, Goal or Galigan, Karmex® or Diuron herbicides, Krovar®, Princep, Sinbar or Metribuzin 75DF,
"Comments"		Solicam® or Oryzalin 4 AS. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions,
section		precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed
for list of approved		products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply. 'Acerola: Apples, Apricots, Avocados, Bananas,
uses)		Beechnut, Brazil Nut, Butternut, Calamondin, Cashew, Cherries, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Citrus Citron, Coffee,
		Figs, Filberts, Grapefruit, Grapes, Hickory Nut, Kiwi Fruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Macadamia Nuts,
		Mandarin, Nectarines, Olives, Orange (sour & sweet), Papayas, Peaches, Pears, Pecans, Pistachios, Plums,
		Prunes, Pummelo, Satsuma Mandarin, Walnuts, other shade and ornamental trees such as Arborvitae, Ash,
		Elm, Fir, Oak, Pine, etc.
	RESTRICTIONS	
		a than 5 next amorganize directed applications per year execut for apricets 2 next amorganize
		e than 5 post-emergence directed applications per year except for apricots 3 post-emergence
		e than 5 directed applications per year, cherries (3 post-emergence directed applications per year), kiwi fruit (3
		rear), nectarines (3 post-emergence directed applications per year), olives (4 post-emergence directed
		ar), peaches (3 post-emergence directed applications per year), pistachios (5 applications per year total but only
		plums (3 post-emergence directed applications per year).
		in 28 days of harvest for apricots, 28 days of harvest for cherries, 13 days of harvest for figs, 14 days of harvest
		rs of harvest for nectarines, 13 days of harvest for olives, 14 days of harvest for peaches, 7 days of harvest for
		of harvest for plums.
	 Do not graze treat 	
		y to contact fruit, foliage, or green stems except for suckers.
		crops grown in treated areas to livestock.
	Do not apply when	n figs, nuts, or olives to be harvested are on the ground.
TREES AND VINES	1.1 - 1.9 pts	Apply specified dosage as a dormant application in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by air for the control of annual weeds in grapes. Make applications when weeds are
Grapes-		succulent and growth is from 1 to 6 inches high. Add a nonionic surfactant containing 50%
dormant		surface-active agent at 1-2 pts per 100 gallons of the finished spray volume.
Application		
	RESTRICTIONS	
(California only)		nore than once per season.
		eated field within 24 hours after application.
	 Do not apply if 	finternal tissues of the buds are exposed as injury to the developing buds will result.
TYFON (NH only)	1.7-2.7 pts.	
	1. <i>1-2.1</i> pts.	Apply specified dosage preplant or preemergence in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground.
		Crop plants that have emerged at the time of application will be injured. Weeds and grasses emerging after
		treatment may not be controlled. Seeding should be done with a
		minimal amount of disturbance to the soil.
	RESTRICTIONS	
	Do not make more than 3 applications per year.	
PERENNIAL	1.7-2.5 pts	Apply specified dosage as a directed spray in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by
TROPICAL	-	ground. Apply only with backpack sprayers or ground boom equipment. For suckering, spray
AND SUB-		when suckers are 4" to 8" tall. Spot spraying or retreatment may be needed for perennial,
TROPICAL FRUIT TREES		mature woody weeds, and late germinating weeds and grasses.
Atemoya		
Biriba		
Black sapote		
Canistel		
Cherimoya		
Custard		
apple		
Feijoa		
llama	1	
Jaboticaba		

Longan Lychee Mamey sapote Mango Pawpaw Pomegranate Pulasan Rambutan Sapodilla Soursop Spanish lime Star apple Star fruit Sugar apple Wax jambu	 RESTRICTIONS Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not make more than four applications per year. If more than one application is to be made, maintain a minimum of 28 days between subsequent applications. Do not graze treated areas. Do not allow spray to contact fruit, foliage, or green stems (except suckers). Do not feed cover crops grown in treated areas to livestock. 			
White sapote VEGETABLES:	1.3 - 2.7 pts.	Apply specified dosage preplant or preemergence in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or		
Seeded or Transplanted' (See footnote for list of approved crops)		Apply specified dosage preplant of preemergence in a minimum of 10 galotis of spray per acte by ground of 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. Applications can be made as a banded or broadcast treatment before, during, or after planting but prior to the crop emergence. Seedbeds or plantbeds should be formed as far ahead of treatment as possible to permit maximum weed emergence. Use the higher specified rate for heavier weed infestations. Seeding or transplanting should be done with a minimal amount of soil disturbance. Crop plants emerged at time of application will be killed. HELMQUAT 3SL may be used in fallow bed/stale seedbed for weed control alone or tank mixed with Goal/Galigan. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply. ¹ Beans (Lima, Snap), Broccoli, Cabbage, Cantaloupe, Carrots, Cauliflower, Chayote Fruit, Chinese Cabbage, Chinese Waxgourd, Citron Melon, Collards, Cucumber, Eggplant, Endive (Escarole), Gherkin, Edible Gourd, Groundcherry, Lettuce, Momordica spp., Musk Melons, Peas, Pepino, Peppers, Pumpkin, Squash, Sweet Corn, Tomatillo, Turnips, Tomatoes, Watermelons.		
	RESTRICTIONS	RESTRICTIONS		
		 Do not harvest tomatoes within 30 days after application. Do not apply more than 3 applications per season. 		
VEGETABLES: Eggplant, Tomatoes, Peppers	1.3 pts.	Apply specified dosage as a directed spray between the row after crop establishment in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground to control or suppress emerged weeds. Use precision directed spray equipment (not exceeding 30 psi nozzle pressure) adjusted to prevent spray contact with crop. Do not spray under conditions which may cause excessive drift. Apply when weeds are succulent and when weed growth is less than 6".		
	RESTRICTIONS Do not apply more than 3 applications per season.			
	Do not allow animals to graze in treated areas.			
		hin 30 days of application on tomatoes.		
VEGETABLES: Tomatoes	1.6-2.5 pts.	After Final Harvest: Apply specified dosage after final harvest in 40-120 gallons of spray per acre (0.62-0.93 lb. a.i./A) by ground. Add NIS containing 75% or more surface active agent at 0.125% v/v (1 pt./100 gals. Spray solution). Thorough coverage of the tomato vines is required to ensure maximum herbicide burndown. Use of dirty or muddy water may deactivate HELMQUAT 3SL. Burn tomato vines with propane burners as soon as possible after the vines have dried down sufficiently to help with the removal of Sweet Potato Whitefly.		
		RESTRICTIONS		
	 Do not apply more than a total of 3 lbs. active ingredient (paraquat) per acre per season. Do not apply more than 2 applications per season. 			
		 To minimize drift, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations which produce fine spray droplets (mist). 		
VEGETABLES: Lettuce, Melon, Sugar Beets,	0.4-0.7 pt.	Apply specified dosage as a broadcast application in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. Used for control of volunteer barley in preformed seedbeds.		
Tomatoes (CA, WA,	RESTRICTIONS Do not harvest tomatoes within 30 days after application.			
OR, ID only)		natoes within 30 days after application.		
VEGETABLES:	1.7-2.7 pts.	Apply specified dosage as a dormant application in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground. Apply before buds in the crown begin to grow.		
Rhubarb	2.1 pto.			

RESTRICTIONS

• Do not apply more than 2 applications per season.

RESIN SOAKING: Pines (Loblolly, Shortleaf, Longleaf, Slash, Virginia, Pond, Pitch, Spruce Pines)

Tree Selection—Select trees to be treated from stands on sites not subject to periods of extreme drought stress as the desiccating effect of HELMQUAT 3SL to pines is accentuated during such periods, causing a reduction in the amount of oleoresin deposited in the xylem. Select trees to be treated from vigorous, nonstagnated stands, either natural or planted. In stagnated stands or commercial timber stands, plan treating with HELMQUAT 3SL not sooner than three years after a commercial thinning.

Application Directions—Apply HELMQUAT 3SL diluted in water to a suitable wound in the tree trunk to bring the treatment into contact with the xylem (sapwood).

Bark Streaks or Cuts—This type of wound is made using a standard or rotary bark hack or a chainsaw chipping tool (employed in naval stores work) to remove a single 1" wide streak of bark about 1-2 ft. from ground level. The total length should not exceed 1/3 of the tree circumference. Multiple streaks or cuts can result in serious girdling of the trunk and premature death of the tree. A coarse spray (about 1.7-5.0 ml) of HELMQUAT 3SL solution (1-5% cation; wt./wt. basis) should be applied to runoff to the exposed xylem, using a low-pressure sprayer. The amount of spray required per cut depends on tree circumference and the length of cut or streak. For a 9" diameter tree, 3 ml. of spray will cover the 1" wide streak. Using 3 ml. of a 2 or 4% HELMQUAT 3SL solution will result in application of 60 or 120 mg. of HELMQUAT 3SL per streak.

Time of Treatment—Resin soaking can occur from treatments made any time of the year; however, cool season treatments under nondrought conditions usually result in less severe pine beetle infestations and longer tree life.

Interval Between Treatment and Tree Harvest—The interval between application of HELMQUAT 3SL and tree harvest should be a minimum of 6 months and preferably from 12-24 months. Intervals of over 6 months may not be possible under conditions of drought or serious pine beetle attacks, which may make early harvest necessary. The HELMQUAT 3SL treatment may encourage beetle attack or may cause premature death of the tree. Desiccation of the xylem tissue rather than the desired resin soaking may occur, and is more likely at higher dosage rates.

Effect on Stem Growth-HELMQUAT 3SL treatment can result in reduced stem growth during the interval between treatment and tree harvest.

Dilution Table for HELMQUAT 3SL (3.0 lbs. cation per gallon)				
Concentration of Cation Desired (wt./wt. Basis)	Add the Following Number of Gallons of Water to 2/3 Gallon of HELMQUAT 3SL			
0.2%	118.8			
0.5%	46.8			
1.0%	22.9			
2.0%	10.9			
3.0%	6.9			
4.0%	4.9			
5.0%	3.7			

CROP	DOSAGE (RATE PER ACRE)	COMMENTS			
CONSERVATION RESERVE, FEDERAL	1.7-2.7 pts.	Apply specified dosage as a broadcast application in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by ground and 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. HELMQUAT 3SL may be tank mixed with other			
SET-ASIDE,		registered herbicides to improve weed control. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all			
CONSERVATION		applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product label(s). In interpreting the label(s) of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply.			
PROGRAMS' (See		'For use in compliance with the Federal Conservation Reserve Program or Federal set-aside			
footnote in "Comments"		programs.			
section for notation)	RESTRICTIONS				
	 Do not apply more that 	n 3 applications per season.			
NONCROP USES'	1.7-2.7 pts.	Apply specified dosage as a broadcast application or spot treatment in a minimum of 10 gallons			
(See footnote in		of spray per acre by ground. Repeat applications as necessary being careful to avoid contact with			
"Comments" section		foliage of ornamentals or desirable plants. 11r/eluding but not limited to public airports, electric			
for notation)		transformer stations, pipeline pumping stations, around commercial buildings, storage yards and			
		other installations, and fence lines.			
	RESTRICTIONS				
	• Do not apply more than 10 applications per year.				
PASTURE	0.7-1.3 pts.	Apply specified dosage as a broadcast application in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre			
RESEEDING		by ground or 5 gallons of spray per acre by air.			
For suppression of		West of Cascade and Sierra Nevada Mountains			

	1		
existing sod and		• Apply in October through December after first fall rains and after weeds have emerged and sod	
undesirable emerged		has started new growth.	
broadleaf weeds and		For best seeding results, apply on moderately to heavily grazed areas.	
grasses prior to or at		• Do not use in areas with heavy sod and weed growth.	
time of planting		East of Rocky Mountains	
grasses or forage		Use the 1.3 pt. rate on vigorous or coarse sod species such as bromegrass.	
legumes		Apply prior to or at time of seeding grasses or forage legumes.	
		Apply only to grazed or mowed pastures not more than 3" in height at time of treatment.	
CROP	DOSAGE (RATE PER ACRE)	COMMENTS	
PASTURE	0.7-1.3 pts.	Bermudagrass or Bahiagrass Sods	
RESEEDING		• Apply in late summer or early fall to sod not exceeding 3" in height. For control of emerged	
(continued)		little barley, apply in February or March before the mid-boot stage of little barley.	
		Bermudagrass and Coastal Bermudagrass Pastures	
		 Apply when bermudagrass is dormant. 	
		 For control of little barley, apply before the mid-boot stage. 	
		Do not mow for hay until 40 days after treatment.	
	RESTRICTIONS		
		an 3 applications per year.	
For Control of	0.7-1.3 pts.	Apply specified dosage as a broadcast application in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre	
Endophyte Fungus-	followed by	by ground when fescue is actively growing and is no more than 4' high. If necessary, use split	
Infected Fescue	0.7-1.3 pts.	applications of 10-21 days apart. For spring plantings, the initial application of 0.7-1.3 pts. may be	
Forage	DESTRUCTIONS	made the previous fall.	
Legume/Grass	RESTRICTIONS	a so to coord starting with the preceding wards aren to reduce the infectation and why to infected	
Mixture and Other		o go to seed starting with the preceding year's crop to reduce the infestation endophyte infested	
Grass Pastures	grass.	an 2 applications per year.	
		s. per acre total in preparation for reseeding.	
For Prickly Pear	0.8 fl. oz. per	Apply specified dosage in sufficient volume to spray to wet the weed foliage using knapsack,	
Desiccation in	gallon of water	backpack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, hand-guns, hand wands, and other hand-held	
Pastures	(spot sprays)	equipment which directs the spray onto weed foliage. Mix the specified rate of HELMQUAT 3SL	
(Not for use in CA)	(spot sprays)	with 1/3 fl. oz. of a nonionic surfactant per gallon of water.	
		Completely and uniformly cover all green prickly pear foliage with spray. Apply in May through	
		September for best desiccation results. Do not use more than 1.6 pints of HELMQUAT 3SL	
		Herbicide per acre per year. Apply only to pastures with no more than 3" of height at time of	
		treatment. Tank mix with Grazon® P+D Specialty herbicide at a rate of 1-2 fl. oz. per gallon of	
		water for improved desiccation and perennial control of Prickly pear. Always refer to the Grazon	
		P+D Specialty herbicide label for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use,	
		limitations, and restrictions.	
	RESTRICTIONS		
	1	an 10 applications per year.	
For Juniper Species	1.3 pts.	Apply specified dosage as a broadcast application during hot, dry weather conditions (generally	
leaf moisture		July and August) in a minimum of 5 gallons of spray per acre by air. Use only in conjunction with	
reduction or		prescribed burning as recommended and monitored by local SCS or University and Extension	
desiccation prior to		Range Specialists. Use 2% v/v noionic surfactant in a minimum of 5 gpa spray solution. Juniper	
Prescribed burning of		leaf moisture content should be monitored: however, maximum leaf moisture reduction generally	
pastures (Not for use		occurs 2-4 weeks after Helmquat 3SL application. Significant soil moisture and/or wet weather	
in CA)		conditions prior to or after application will decrease the potential for Juniper crown burns. Cool or	
	humid weather conditions also adversely affect leaf moisture reduction RESTRICTIONS		
	• Do not apply more than 10 applications per year.		
	Do not graze livestock after application or prior to burning.		
Native Pastures	1.0-1.25 Apply specified dosage as a broadcast application in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre by groun		
		of spray per acre by air. For the control of downy and Japanese brome, apply in the spring after	
(Not for use in CA)	90% node formation of brome species but before full bloom. Emerged native perennial grasses will be burner		
		plication, but application after 90% node formation will allow adequate time for native grasses to	
		attain maximum growth in the use season. Apply only to pastures with no more than 3" of height	
		of treatment.	
	RESTRICTIONS		
	Do not apply more than 2 applications per year.		
	• Do not apply more that		

Conversion Table HELMQUAT 3SL to be Applied			
Fluid Ounces	Pints	Lb. A.I.	Acres/Gallon
2.50	0.16	0.06	51.3
4.80	0.30	0.11	26.7
5.28	0.33	0.12	24.2
5.52	0.35	0.13	23.2
10.00	0.63	0.23	12.8
11.00	0.69	0.26	11.6
11.20	0.70	0.26	11.4
12.00	0.75	0.28	10.7
16.00	1.00	0.38	8.0
20.00	1.25	0.47	6.4
20.80	1.30	0.49	6.2
24.00	1.50	0.56	5.3
28.00	1.75	0.66	4.6
32.00	2.00	0.75	4.0
40.00	2.50	0.94	3.2
43.20	2.70	1.00	3.0

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store at temperatures above 32° F. For help with any spill, leak or fire involving this material, call Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

NONREFILLABLE CONTAINER:

Rigid, Nonrefillable Container Small Enough to Shake (Capacity of 5 Gallons or Less): Nonrefillable Container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Pump or empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Shake for 10 seconds. Pump rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank. Repeat this procedure two more times. [Prepare container for recycling.] Then offer container for recycling or reconditioning if available, or puncture and dispose and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Pressure rinse as follows: Pump or empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. While container is in the closed transfer system rinse at 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Once container is rinsed, [prepare container for recycling, then] offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Rigid, Nonrefillable Container Not Large Enough to Shake (Capacity of Greater than 5 Gallons, but Less than 120 Gallons): Nonrefillable Container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Pump or empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Remove transfer hoses. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use of disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Once container is rinsed, [prepare container for recycling, then] offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Pressure rinse as follows: Pump or empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. While container is in the closed transfer system rinse at 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Once container is rinsed, [prepare container for recycling, then] offer for recycling if

available or puncture and dispose and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Nonrefillable Container Greater than or Equal to 120 Gallons: Nonrefillable Container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use of disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer container for recycling or reconditioning if available, or puncture and dispose and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER.

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Folex® is a trademark of AMVAC Chemical Corporation.

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Surflan® is a trademark of United Phosphorus, Ltd.

Turbo® is a trademark of Novartis Crop Protection, Inc.

Triangle® is a trademark of Tenkoz, Inc.

WARRANTY STATEMENT

HELM AGRO US, INC. warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label thereof and is reasonably fit for purposes stated on such label only when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of HELM AGRO US, INC. To the extent consistent with applicable law, HELM AGRO US, INC. shall not be liable for consequential, special, or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer. In addition to the foregoing, no purchaser of this product (other than an end user) shall be entitled to any reimbursement for any loss suffered as a result of any suspension or cancellation of the registration for this product by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. Except as expressly provided herein, HELM AGRO US, INC. makes no warranties, guarantees, or representations of any kind, either expressed or implied, or by usage of trade, statutory or otherwise, with regard to the product sold, including, but not limited to merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose, use or eligibility of the product for any particular trade usage. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of any buyer or user of this product for any and all losses, injuries, or damages resulting from or in any way arising from the use, handling, or application of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability, or otherwise, shall be damages not exceeding the purchase price paid for this product or, at HELM AGRO US, INC.'s election, the replacement of this product.

Required Language for Product Cap Sticker and Product Package Safety Requirements Sticker to be affixed to all Paraquat Dichloride Product Containers



PRODUCT PACKAGE SAFETY REQUIREMENTS STICKER			
NEVER TRANSFER THIS PRODUCT INTO FOOD OR BEVERAGE CONTAINERS OR CONTAINERS NOT EXPLICITLY INTENDED FOR PESTICIDES.	NUNCA TRANSFEIERA ESTE PRODUCTO A RECIPIENTES PARA COMIDA O DE BEBIDAS O RECIPIENTES NO EXPLÍCITAMENTE PREVISTOS PARA PLAGUICIDAS.		
ONE SIP CAN KILL.	UN SORBO PUEDE CAUSAR LA MUERTE.	DANGER POISON PELGRO VENENO VENENO	
CONTACT WITH SKIN MAY RESULT IN POISONING.	EL CONTACTO CON LA PIEL PUEDE CAUSAR ENVENENAMIENTO.		
EXPOSURE TO EYES MAY CAUSE SUBSTANTIAL EYE INJURY.	EXPOSICIÓN A LOS OJOS PUEDE CAUSAR LESIONES SUSTANCIALES EN LOS OJOS.	DANGER EVE IRRITANT	
PARAQUAT SHOULD ALWAYS BE STORED TIGHTLY CLOSED IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, AND IN A LOCKED PLACE AWAY FROM CHILDREN AND ANIMALS.	EL PARAQUAT DEBE ALMACENARSE SIEMPRE CERRADO EN SU RECIPIENTE ORIGINAL, Y EN UN LUGAR CERRADO, ALEJADO DE NIÑOS Y ANIMALES.		
READ ENTIRE LABEL PRIOR TO USING THIS PRODUCT.	LEA LA ETIQUETA COMPLETA ANTES DE USAR ESTE PRODUCTO.		

Extended Counter Card Example (The Counter Card will be distributed at the point of sale)

COUNTER CARD

COUNTER CARD			
Helmquat 3SL contains the active ingredient paraquat dichloride (paraquat). People have died from accidentally drinking paraquat containing products that had been transferred into a beverage container, such as a water bottle or other drink bottle. It is also highly corrosive and can cause severe skin and eye damage including 3 rd degree burns. Inhalation exposure may result in serious respiratory effects. FATAL if swallowed or inhaled.		Helmquat 3SL contiene el ingrediente activo dicloruro de paraquat (paraquat). Hay personas que han muerto por beber accidentalmente productos que contienen paraquat que se habían transferido a un recipiente de bebidas, como una botella de agua u otra botella de bebida. También es altamente corrosivo y puede causar daños graves en la piel y los ojos, incluyendo quemaduras de tercer grado. La exposición por inhalación puede provocar efectos respiratorios graves. FATAL si se ingiere o inhala.	
PROPER STORAGE AND HANDLING	ALMACENAMIENTO Y MANEJO ADECUADOS		
NEVER TRANSFER HELMQUAT 3SL INTO FOOD OR BEVERAGE CONTAINERS OR CONTAINERS NOT EXPLICITLY INTENDED FOR HELMQUAT 3SL.	NUNCA TRANSFIERA HELMQUAT 3SL A RECIPIENTES PARA COMIDA O DE BEBIDAS O RECIPIENTES NO EXPLÍCITAMENTE PREVISTOS PARA HELMQUAT 3SL.		
ONE SIP CAN KILL.	UN SORBO PUEDE CAUSAR LA MUERTE.		
CONTACT WITH SKIN MAY RESULT IN POISONING.	EL CONTAC PIEL PUEDE EN ENVENE	RESULTAR	

EXPOSURE TO EYES MAY CAUSE SUBSTANTIAL EYE INJURY.	LA EXPOSICIÓN A LOS OJOS PUEDE CAUSAR LESIONES GRAVES A LOS OJOS.		DANGER EYE IRRITANT ©		
PARAQUAT SHOULD ALWAYS BE STORED TIGHTLY CLOSED IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, AND IN A LOCKED PLACE AWAY FROM CHILDREN AND ANIMALS.	EL PARAQUAT DEBE ALMACENARSE SIEMPRE CERRADO EN SU RECIPIENTE ORIGINAL, Y EN UN LUGAR CERRADO, ALEJADO DE NIÑOS Y ANIMALES.				
READ ENTIRE LABEL PRIOR TO USING THIS PRODUCT.	LEA LA ETIQUETA COMPLETA ANTES DE USAR ESTE PRODUCTO.				
DISREGARDING LABEL DIRECTIONS IS A VIOLATION OF FEDERAL LAW AND IS PUNISHABLE BY SUCH.		NO SEGUIR LAS INDICACIONES DE LA ETIQUETA REPRESENTA UNA INFRACCIÓN DE LA LEY FEDERAL Y ES PENADO COMO TAL.			
USE REQUIREMENTS	USE REQUIREMENTS		REQUISITOS DE USO		
• TO PREVENT SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH, FOLLOW ALL LABEL REQUIREMENTS.		• PARA EVITAR LESIONES GRAVES O LA MUERTE, SIGA TODOS LOS REQUERIMIENTOS DE LA ETIQUETA.			
• TO BE USED BY CERTIFIED APPLICATORS ONLY – <u>NOT</u> TO BE USED BY UNCERTIFIED PERSONS WORKING UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF A CERTIFIED APPLICATOR.		• PARA SER UTILIZADO SOLO POR APLICADORES CERTIFICADOS: <u>NO</u> DEBE SER UTILIZADO POR PERSONAS NO CERTIFICADAS QUE TRABAJAN BAJO LA SUPERVISIÓN DE UN APLICADOR CERTIFICADO.			

 Applicators and other handlers (other than Mixers and Loaders) must wear long-sleeve shirt and long pants, chemical- resistant shoes plus socks, protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, safety glasses), chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber 214 mils, natural rubber 214 mils, neoprene rubber 214 mils, natural rubber 214 mils, nov Pitton* 214 mils, and NIOSH-approved particulate respirator with any N, G, or P fitter, NIOSH approval number prefix TC-84A, or a NIOSH-approval number prefix TC-21C. Mixers and Loaders must wear long-sleeve shirt and long pants, chemical resistant apron, chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber 214 mils, neoprene rubber 214 mils, natural rubber 214 mils, polyethylene, polyvinj (choride (PVC) 214 mils, rot Viton* 214 mils, and NIOSH-approved particulate respirator with any N, R, or P fitter, NIOSH approval number prefix TC-84A, or a NIOSH- approval number prefix TC-84A, or a NIOSH- appro		
 long-sleeve shirt and long pants, chemical resistant apron, chemical resistant shoes plus socks, face shield, chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥14 mils, netural rubber ≥14 mils, netural rubber ≥14 mils, netural rubber ≥14 mils, netural rubber ≥14 mils, natural rubber ≥14 mils, not viton® ≥14 mils, and NIOSH-approved particulate respirator with any N, R, or P filter, NIOSH approved powered air-purifying respirator with an HE filter with NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C. Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before wearing again. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with paraquat. Do not reuse them. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washing PPE exist, use detergent and hot water. 	Mixers and Loaders) must wear long-sleeve shirt and long pants, chemical- resistant shoes plus socks, protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, safety glasses), chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥14 mils, natural rubber ≥14 mils, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) ≥ 14 mils, or Viton® ≥14 mils, and NIOSH-approved particulate respirator with any N, R, or P filter, NIOSH approval number prefix TC-84A, or a NIOSH-approved powered air-purifying respirator with an HE filter with NIOSH approval number prefix TC-	manipulen (que no sean mezcladores y cargadores) deben usar camisa de manga larga y pantalones largos, zapatos con calcetines, guantes resistentes a productos químicos, gafas protectoras, guantes resistentes a productos químicos (hechos de barrera laminada, goma de butilo ≥14 milésimas de pulgada, goma de nitrilo ≥14 milésimas de pulgada, goma de neopreno ≥14 milésimas de pulgada, goma natural ≥14 milésimas de pulgada, polietileno, cloruro de polivinilo (PVC) ≥14 milésimas de pulgada o Viton [®] ≥14 milésimas de pulgada), y un respirador aprobado por NIOSH para
gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.personal inmediatamente si se impregna de pesticida. Luego lávese bien y póngase ropa limpia.• Remove and wash contaminated clothing before wearing again.• Retire y lave la ropa contaminada antes de volver a usarla.• Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with paraquat. Do not reuse them. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washing PPE exist, use detergent and hot water.• Deseche la ropa y otros materiales absorbentes empapados o fuertemente contaminados con paraquat. No los reutilice. Siga las instrucciones del fabricante para limpiar y mantener el EPP. Si no existen tales instrucciones para lavar el EPP, use detergente y agua caliente.	long-sleeve shirt and long pants, chemical resistant apron, chemical resistant shoes plus socks, face shield, chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥14 mils, natural rubber ≥14 mils, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) ≥ 14 mils, or Viton [®] ≥14 mils, and NIOSH-approved particulate respirator with any N, R, or P filter, NIOSH approval number prefix TC-84A, or a NIOSH-approved powered air-purifying respirator with an HE filter with NIOSH approval number prefix	camisa de manga larga y pantalones largos, zapatos con calcetines, guantes resistentes a productos químicos (hechos de barrera laminada, goma de butilo ≥14 milésimas de pulgada, goma de nitrilo ≥14 milésimas de pulgada, goma de neopreno ≥14 milésimas de pulgada, goma natural ≥14 milésimas de pulgada, polietileno, cloruro de polivinilo (PVC) ≥14 milésimas de pulgada o Viton® ≥14 milésimas de pulgada), un delantal resistente a productos químicos, protector facial y un respirador aprobado por NIOSH para
 before wearing again. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with paraquat. Do not reuse them. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washing PPE exist, use detergent and hot water. Deseche la ropa y otros materiales absorbentes empapados o fuertemente contaminados con paraquat. No los reutilice. Siga las instrucciones del fabricante para limpiar y mantener el EPP. Si no existen tales instrucciones para lavar el EPP, use detergente y agua caliente. 	gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on	personal inmediatamente si se impregna de pesticida. Luego lávese bien y póngase ropa
that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with paraquat. Do not reuse them. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washing PPE exist, use detergent and hot water.empapados o fuertemente contaminados con paraquat. No los reutilice. Siga las instrucciones del fabricante para limpiar y mantener el EPP. Si no existen tales instrucciones para lavar el EPP, use detergente y agua caliente.	5	
Keep and wash PPE separately from other Mantenga y lave el EPP por separado de la otra	that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with paraquat. Do not reuse them. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washing PPE exist, use	empapados o fuertemente contaminados con paraquat. No los reutilice. Siga las instrucciones del fabricante para limpiar y mantener el EPP. Si no existen tales instrucciones para lavar el
	Keep and wash PPE separately from other	• Mantenga y lave el EPP por separado de la otra

laundry.	ropa.		
 Refer to the product label for more information. 	 Consulte la etiqueta del producto para más información. 		
• DO NOT tank mix this product with any pest control products other than those listed on the Helmquat 3SL label. Helmquat 3SL is compatible with the tank mix partners listed on this label.	 NO mezcle en tanque este producto con ningún otro producto para el control de plagas que no esté incluido en la etiqueta Helmquat 3SL. Helmquat 3SL es compatible con los socios de mezcla de tanque listados en esta etiqueta. 		
FIRST AID	PRIMEROS AUXILIOS		
 If swallowed: SPEED IS ESSENTIAL. Immediate medical attention is required. Administer either activated charcoal (100g for adults or 2g/kg body weight in children) or Fuller's Earth (15% solution; 1 liter for adults or 15ml/kg body weight in children). DO NOT USE SUPPLEMENTAL OXYGEN. Call a poison control center or doctor IMMEDIATELY for treatment advice. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 	 Si se ingiere: LA RAPIDEZ ES ESENCIAL. Se requiere atención médica inmediata. Administre carbón activado (100 g para adultos o 2 g/kg de peso corporal en niños) o Fuller's Earth (solución al 15 %, 1 litro para adultos o 15 ml/kg de peso corporal en niños). NO USE OXÍGENO COMPLEMENTARIO. Llame a un centro de control de envenenamiento o a un médico INMEDIATAMENTE para recibir asesoramiento sobre el tratamiento. No administre nada por vía oral a una persona inconsciente. 		
• If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. The odor of this product is from the alerting agent, which has been added, not from the paraquat. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.	• Si se inhala: Mueva a la persona al aire fresco. El olor de este producto proviene del agente de alerta, que se ha agregado, no del paraquat. Si la persona no respira, llame al 911 o a una ambulancia. Para recibir instrucciones adicionales respecto al tratamiento a seguir, llame a un médico o a un centro de control de envenenamiento.		
• If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with clean water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	 Si entra en contacto con los ojos: Mantenga los ojos abiertos y enjuague lenta y suavemente con agua limpia durante 15-20 minutos. Si el afectado usa lentes de contacto, espere cinco minutos antes de retirarlos; entonces, continúe enjuagando el ojo. Llame a un médico o a un centro de control de envenenamiento para recibir instrucciones respecto al tratamiento a seguir. 		
• If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. IMMEDIATELY wash the affected area with soap and water and rinse for 15-20 minutes. Prolonged contact will cause severe irritation. Contact with irritated skin or a cut or repeated contact with intact skin may result in poisoning. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. Call a	• Si entra en contacto con la piel o la ropa: Qítese la ropa contaminada. Lave INMEDIATAMENTE la zona afectada con agua y jabón y enjuague durante 15-20 minutos. El contacto prolongado causará irritación grave. El contacto con la piel irritada o un corte o contacto repetido con la piel intacta puede		

poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	provocar intoxicación. OBTENGA ATENCIÓN MÉDICA. Llame a un médico o a un centro de control de envenenamiento para recibir instrucciones respecto al tratamiento a seguir.	
• Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.		
Please refer to the product label for further	Consulte la etiqueta del producto para obtener	
information.	más información.	
For 24-hour medical emergency assistance	Para asistencia de emergencia médica las 24	
(human or animal) call 1-800-222-1222, or	horas (humanos o animales) llame 1-800-222-	
chemical emergency assistance (spill, leak, fire	1222, o asistencia de emergencia química	
or accident) call 1-800-424-9300	(derrames, fugas, incendios o accidentes) llame	
	al 1-800-424-9300.	

Explicit Counter Card Example (The Counter Card will be distributed at the point of sale)

COUNTER CARD FOR PARAQUAT DICHLORIDE				
PROPER STORAGE AND HANDLING		ALMACENAMIENTO Y MANEJO ADECUADOS		
NEVER TRANSFER HELMQUAT 3SL INTO FOOD OR BEVERAGE CONTAINERS OR CONTAINERS NOT EXPLICITLY INTENDED FOR HELMQUAT 3SL.	ONE SIP CAN KILL.		CONTACT WITH SKIN MAY RESULT IN POISONING.	
NUNCA TRANSFIERA HELMQUAT 3SL A RECIPIENTES PARA COMIDA O DE BEBIDAS O RECIPIENTES NO EXPLÍCITAMENTE PREVISTOS PARA HELMQUAT 3SL.	UN SORBO PUEDE CAUSAR LA MUERTE.		EL CONTACTO CON LA PIEL PUEDE RESULTAR EN ENVENENAMIENTO.	
EXPOSURE TO EYES MAY CAUSE SUBSTANTIAL EYE INJURY.	PARAQUAT SHOULD ALWAYS BE STORED TIGHTLY CLOSED IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, AND IN A LOCKED PLACE AWAY FROM CHILDREN AND ANIMALS.		READ ENTIRE LABEL PRIOR TO USING THIS PRODUCT.	
DANGER EYE IRRITANT				
LA EXPOSICIÓN A LOS OJOS PUEDE CAUSAR LESIONES GRAVES A LOS OJOS.	EL PARAQUAT DEBE ALMACENARSE SIEMPRE CERRADO EN SU RECIPIENTE ORIGINAL, Y EN UN LUGAR CERRADO, ALEJADO DE NIÑOS Y ANIMALES.		LEA LA ETIQUETA COMPLETA ANTES DE USAR ESTE PRODUCTO.	
DISREGARDING LABEL DIRECTIONS IS A VIOLATION OF FEDERAL LAW AND IS PUNISHABLE BY SUCH.		NO SEGUIR LAS INDICACIONES DE LA ETIQUETA REPRESENTA UNA INFRACCIÓN DE LA LEY FEDERAL Y ES PENADO COMO TAL.		
USE REQUIREMENTS		REQUISITOS DE USO		
• TO PREVENT SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH, FOLLOW ALL LABEL REQUIREMENTS.		• PARA EVITAR LESIONES GRAVES O LA MUERTE, SIGA TODOS LOS REQUERIMIENTOS DE LA ETIQUETA.		
• TO BE USED BY CERTIFIED APPLICATORS ONLY - <u>NOT</u> TO BE USED BY UNCERTIFIED PERSONS WORKING UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF A CERTIFIED APPLICATOR.		PARA SER UTILIZADO SOLO POR APLICADORES CERTIFICADOS: <u>NO</u> DEBE SER UTILIZADO POR PERSONAS NO CERTIFICADAS QUE TRABAJAN BAJO LA SUPERVISIÓN DE UN APLICADOR CERTIFICADO.		

(RV121719)

