

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

Walton F. Suchanek WLS Associates 1077 Redwolf Court Fairview Heights, IL 62208

APR 8 2014

Subject:

Hebei Jiheng Chemical Company, Ltd.

Hebei Jiheng 60 Shock

EPA Reg. No.

73660-5

Application Date:

February 11, 2014

Receipt Date:

February 19, 2014

Dear Mr. Suchanek:

This acknowledges receipt of your notification, submitted under the provision of PR Notice 98-10, FIFRA section 3(c)9.

Proposed Notification:

To update the container disposal instructions to comply with PR Notice 2007-4

General Comments:

Based on a review of the material submitted, the following comment applies:

The notification application is acceptable and a copy has been inserted in your file for future reference.

Should you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, please contact me at <u>Henson.Wanda@epa.gov</u> or call (703) 308-6345.

Sincerely,

Wanda Y. Hensorh

Environmental Protection Specialist Regulatory Management Branch II Antimicrobials Division (7510P)

Hebei Jiheng 60 SHOCK

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Sodium dichloro-s-triazinetrione..... OTHER INGREDIENTS..... 3% 100%

Provides 60% Available Chlorine

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN **DANGER**

| FIRST AID | |
|---|---|
| If in eyes | Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. |
| | Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 3 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| If on skin or | Take off contaminated clothing. |
| clothing | • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. |
| | Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| If swallowed | Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. |
| | Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. |
| | • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. |
| | Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. |
| If inhaled | Move person to fresh air. |
| | • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, |
| | preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. |
| . <u></u> | Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. |
| HOT LINE NUMBER | |
| Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for | |
| treatment. You may also contact 1-800-654-6911 for 24 hour emergency medical treatment information. | |

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

See side panel for Directions for Use.

EPA Reg. No. 73660-5

EPA Est. No. 73660-CHN-001

Manufactured for:

Sagax Products Corporation 997 Thousand Oaks Bend Kennesaw, GA 30152

Flammability 1 HMIS Rating System: Health 3 Reactivity 2

Net Wt. 1 lbs. / 454 g.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

DANGER - HAZARD TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Corrosive: Causes irreversible eye damage. May be fatal if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust, vapor or spray mist. Wear goggles, face shield or safety glasses. Wear protective clothing and rubber gloves when handling this product. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling, before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into sewer systems without previously notifying the sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of EPA.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARD

Strong oxidizing agent. Contact with water slowly liberates irritating and hazardous chlorine containing gases. Decomposes at temperatures above 464°F with liberation of harmful gases. When ignited, will burn with the evolution of chlorine and equally toxic gases.

Never add water to product. Always add product to large quantities of water. Use clean, dry utensils. Do not add this product to any dispensing device containing remnants of any other product. Such use may cause a violent reaction leading to fire or explosion. Contamination with moisture, organic material, or other chemicals may start a chemical reaction with generation of heat, liberation of hazardous gases, and possible fire and explosion.

IN CASE OF FIRE OR SMOKE: Call the fire department. Do not attempt to extinguish the fire without a self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Do not let the fire burn. Flood with copious amounts of water. Do not use ABC or other dry chemical extinguishers since there is the potential for a violent reaction.

IN CASE OF CONTAMINATION OR DECOMPOSITION: Do not reseal container. Neutralize material to a non-oxidizing state for safe disposal.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

SWIMMING POOL WATER SYSTEMS

This product is intended for use in controlling bacteria and algae in swimming pools. This product should be added directly to the surface of circulating water according to the directions.

Re-entry into treated swimming pools is prohibited above levels of 3 ppm chlorine.

Start up - Before using this product, make sure that the filtration system is clean and operating properly. Adjust the pH of the water to the range of 7.2-7.6 using suitable products and a reliable test kit. Adjust the alkalinity of the water to a minimum of 125 ppm (mg/L), based on the test kit reading.

Add a sufficient amount of this product directly to the surface of circulating water to raise the free available chlorine level in the water to 5-6 ppm (mg/L), based on reading from a suitable test kit. The addition of 10 ounces of this product per 10,000 gallons of water (7.5 grams per 1,000 liters) will provide approximately 5 ppm (mg/L) of available chlorine.

<u>Shock treatment</u> - The pool water should be superchlorinated or shocked every seven days or whenever the *combined* chlorine level is above 0.5 ppm (mg/L). *Combined* chlorine is the difference between *total* and *free* chlorine, as measured by a suitable test kit.

Add a sufficient amount of this product directly to the surface of circulating water to raise the available chlorine level to 5-6 ppm (mg/L), based on test kit readings. The addition of 10 ounces of this product per 10,000 gallons of water (7.5 grams per 1,000 liters) will provide approximately 5 ppm (mg/L) of available chlorine. If the combined chlorine reading is not below 0.5 ppm (mg/L) and the water has not been restored to its normal clarity, repeat the shock treatment described above.

Do not enter water until free available chlorine reading is below 3 ppm (mg/L), combined chlorine is below 0.5 ppm (mg/L) and the water is restored to its normal clarity.

Maintenance treatment - Add this product daily or as needed to maintain the free available chlorine level in the water at 1-3 ppm (mg/L) as indicated by a reliable test kit. The addition of 2 ounces of this product per 10,000 gallons of water (1.5 grams per 1,000 liters) will provide approximately 1 ppm (mg/L) of available chlorine. Weather and usage effect sanitizer levels. In addition, some oils, lotions, fragrances, cleaners, etc. may cause foaming or cloudy water as well as reduce the efficiency of this product. Maintain the pH at 7.2-7.6 and the alkalinity at a minimum of 125 ppm (mg/L).

When the total dissolved solid (TDS) reaches 3000 ppm (mg/L) or whenever the water becomes difficult to manage, the water should be drained and fresh water added to the pool.

Winterizing - Thoroughly clean and vacuum the pool. While the water is still clear and clean, apply 16 ounces of this product for each 10,000 gallons of water (12 grams per 1,000 liters), while the filtration system is running. This will increase the available chlorine by approximately 8 ppm (mg/L). Cover pool, prepare heater, filter and heater components for winter by following manufacturers' instructions.

SPA AND HOT TUB DISINFECTION

Start up - Before using this product, make sure that the filtration system is clean and operating properly. Adjust the pH of the water to the range of 7.2-7.6 and the alkalinity of the water to a minimum of 125 ppm (mg/L), using suitable products and reliable test kits. For bather safety, it is not recommended that water temperatures exceed 104°F (40°C).

Add a sufficient amount of this product directly to the surface of circulating water to raise the free chlorine level in the water to 5-6 ppm (mg/L), based on suitable test kit readings. The addition of one ounce of this product per 1,000 gallons (0.75 grams per 100 liters) of water will increase the available chlorine by 5 ppm (mg/L).

Shock treatment - After each use, the water should be superchlorinated or shocked. Add a sufficient amount of this product directly to the surface of circulating water to raise the available chlorine level to 5-6 ppm (mg/L), based on test kit readings. The addition of one ounce of this product per 1,000 gallons (0.75 grams per 100 liters) of water will increase the available chlorine by 5 ppm (mg/L). If the combined chlorine reading is not below 0.5 ppm (mg/L) and the water has not been restored to its normal clarity, repeat the shock treatment described above. Combined_chlorine is the difference between total and free chlorine, as measured by a suitable test kit

Maintenance treatment - Add this product daily or as needed to maintain the free available chlorine level in the water at 3 - 5 ppm (mg/L) as indicated by a suitable test kit. The addition of 0.5 ounce of this product per 1,000 gallons of water (0.38 grams per 100 liters) will increase the available chlorine by 2.5 ppm (mg/L). Weather and usage effect sanitizer levels. In addition, some oils, lotions, fragrances, cleaners, etc. may cause foaming or cloudy water as well as reduce the efficiency of this product. Maintain the pH at 7.2-7.6 and the alkalinity at a minimum of 125 ppm (mg/L).

When the total dissolved solid (TDS) reaches 3000 ppm (mg/L) or whenever the water becomes difficult to manage, the water should be drained and the spa/hot tub thoroughly cleaned before adding fresh water.

HUBBARD AND IMMERSION TANKS

Add 5 oz. of this product for each 1,000 gallons (3.75 grams per 100 liters) of water to obtain an available chlorine level of 25 ppm (mg/L), as measured by a suitable test kit. Adjust and maintain the pH at 7.2-7.6. After each use, drain the tank. Add 1 oz. to a bucket of water and circulate this solution through the agitator of the tank for 15 minutes and then rinse out the solution. Clean the tank thoroughly and dry with clean cloths.

HYDROTHERAPY TANKS

Add this product daily or as needed to maintain the free available chlorine in the water at 1 - 3 ppm (mg/L) as indicated by a suitable test kit. The addition of 0.5 ounce of this product per 1,000 gallons (0.38 grams per 100 liters) of water will increase the available chlorine by 2.5 ppm (mg/L). Adjust and maintain the pH at 7.2-7.6 and the alkalinity at a minimum of 75 ppm (mg/L). Operate the filtration system continuously. Drain the tank weekly and clean thoroughly before refilling.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage and disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a closed container in cool, dry area away from heat and sunlight where temperatures do not exceed 125°F. Do not store with easily oxidizable materials, acids, and reducers. Retie polyethylene liner after each use and keep container tightly closed. In case of spill, isolate container (if possible) and flood area with large amounts of water to dissolve all material before discarding this container in trash. Emergency Handling: In case of contamination or decomposition, do not reseal container. Isolate in open, well-ventilated area. Flood with large volume of water. Cool unopened containers in vicinity by water spray.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes may be hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your are State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING AND DISPOSAL: Non-refillable rigid container. Do not re-use or refill this container. Completely empty container. Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration if available. If allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

(Instructions for rigid nonrefillable containers equal to or less than 5 gallons)
RIGID NONREFILLABLE CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

(Instructions for rigid nonrefillable containers greater than 50 lbs.)

RIGID NONREFILLABLE CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ½ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least on complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip id back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

(Instructions for Valeron pouches and small bags)

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.