



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
1/26/2015
UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

1/25

JAN 26 2015

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

Maria Pilar Herrero
Valent BioSciences, Inc.
870 Technology Way
Libertyville, IL 60048

Subject: Label Amendment to add directions for use for thinning of grapes and to change the commercial brand name of sublabel II, which is for the use of the product on coffee.
Product Name: ProTone SG Plant Growth Regulator Soluble Granule
EPA Reg. No.: 73049-461
Your submission dated October 9, 2014
Decision Number: 496411

Dear Ms. Herrero:

The amendment referred to above submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) section 3(c)(5), is acceptable provided that you:

- 1) Submit and/or cite all data required for registration of your product under FIFRA section 3(c)(5) when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.
- 2) Submit two (2) copies of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment. Final printed labeling means the label or labeling of the product when distributed or sold. Clearly legible reproductions or photo reductions will be accepted for unusual labels, such as those silk-screened directly onto glass or metal containers or large bags or drum labels.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product bearing the amended labeling constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. Should you have any questions, you may contact Mr. Colin Walsh directly at (703) 308-0298 or via email at walsh.colin@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Andrew Bryceland, Team Leader
Biochemical Pesticides Branch
Biopesticides and Pollution
Prevention Division (7511P)

CONCURRENCES

SYMBOL	7611P						
SURNAME	Walsh						
DATE	1/21/15						

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MASTER LABEL

Primary Product name: ProTone SG Plant Growth Regulator, Soluble Granule.

Sublabel I: ProTone SG Plant Growth Regulator Soluble Granule. For Application to grape berries to causes enhanced coloration of the berries. Application to grape bunches at berry set for thinning purposes.

Sublabel II: ProTone FW Plant Growth Regulator Soluble Granule. For Application to coffee to suppress flower bud break from their latent dormancy of immature (<4 mm) and early mature (5 to 6 mm long) stages.

Active Ingredient	
S-Absciscic Acid	20.0% w/w
Other Ingredients.....	80.0% w/w
Total.....	100.0% w/w

ProTone® SG contains a total of 20 g of S-Absciscic acid (S-ABA) in 100 g of product. S-Absciscic acid, commonly known as S-ABA, is a growth regulator found in all plants.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

EPA Registration No. 73049-461
EPA Establishment No. 33762-IA-001

Registrant: Valent BioSciences
Corporation
870 Technology Way
Libertyville, IL 60048
1-847-968-4700

Net Weight: 1.65 lb. (750 grams)
This container will treat 0.6 acres when applied at the maximum label rate.

ACCEPTED

JAN 26 2015

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide,
and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for
the pesticide registered under
EPA Reg. No. 73049-461

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SUB-LABEL I

ProTone® SG

**Plant Growth Regulator
SOLUBLE GRANULE**

**FOR USE ON
GRAPES**

Sublabel I: ProTone SG Plant Growth Regulator Soluble Granule. For Application to grape berries to causes enhanced coloration of the berries. Application to grape bunches at berry set for thinning purposes.

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ProTone® SG

Plant Growth Regulator SOLUBLE GRANULE

FOR USE ON GRAPES

Active Ingredient	
S-Abscisic Acid	20.0% w/w
Other Ingredients.....	80.0% w/w
Total.....	100.0% w/w

ProTone® SG contains a total of 20 g of S-Abscisic acid (S-ABA) in 100 g of product. S-Abscisic acid, commonly known as S-ABA, is a growth regulator found in all plants. Application of ProTone® SG (S-ABA) to grape berries causes enhanced coloration of the berries.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
HOT LINE NUMBER	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also call toll-free 1-800-892-0099 (24 hours) for emergency medical treatment and/or transport emergency information. For all other information, call 1-847-968-4700.	

This label must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.

EPA Registration No. 73049-461
EPA Establishment No. 33762-IA-001

Registrant: Valent BioSciences
Corporation
870 Technology Way
Libertyville, IL 60048
1-847-968-4700

Net Weight: 1.65 lb. (750 grams)
This container will treat 0.6 acres when applied at the maximum label rate.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants.
- Chemical Resistant Gloves
- Shoes plus socks.
- Protective eyewear

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash-water or rinsate.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with the terms of the Label. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the State or Tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

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AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants (or Coveralls).
- Chemical resistant gloves (made of any waterproof material).
- Shoes plus socks.
- Protective eyewear.

GENERAL DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON GRAPES

Use only as directed. Read the label thoroughly and make sure it is understood before making applications. ProTone® SG improves red color development in grapes.

Application instructions:

- On grapes, S-ABA is known to accelerate and enhance the red color development of grape berries depending on cultivar, vineyard conditions, and growing region. One or more of the following benefits is often associated with treatment with S-ABA: improved fruit quality as a result of enhanced fruit color, earlier harvest, improved harvest management, and improved pack-out yield.
- In most cases color development resulting from ProTone® application will be visible five to seven days after application.
- Undesired effects can result from any deviations from the label directions in the rates, timings, water volumes, or the adoption of untested spray mixes, when applying ProTone® SG.

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- To prepare the treatment solution, add the required amount ProTone® SG to a spray tank about half-filled with water. Agitate while bringing the total volume of water to the required level. Mix thoroughly with agitation and bypass circulation to completely dissolve the ProTone® SG, and then add surfactant. Discard any unused treatment solution at the end of each day following local, state or federal law.
- Use a non-ionic surfactant at the final adjuvant concentration directed by the adjuvant manufacturer. Use of an adjuvant will improve wetting and coverage of the grape bunches.
- Increased coloration of grape berries has been achieved with bunch directed sprays applied by calibrated commercial spray equipment. Apply ProTone® SG in a sufficient amount of water to ensure uniform, thorough, but not excessive coverage of the grape bunches. Product efficacy requires that all bunches, and berries within bunches, receive thorough and complete coverage. Adjust spray volumes to achieve thorough coverage based on vine size, spacing, trellis system, vine canopy, and spray equipment.
- Best results will be achieved from applications during the cooler parts of the day or night, avoiding the hottest period of the day. To maximize absorption and optimize product effectiveness, apply ProTone® SG under slow drying conditions, e.g. early in the morning, in the evening or night (coolest daily temperatures, medium to high relative humidity, and no wind). Do not make applications during the day or early evening when the fruit is still hot.
- ProTone® SG can enhance the red color of grape cultivars that have difficulty developing color and helps increase red color of grapes grown in poor coloring areas. However, under very poor color development conditions (e.g. excessively hot day and night temperatures, heavy crop load, poor growing conditions) application of ProTone® SG may not give adequate red color development. Serious consideration is to be given, on a block-by-block basis, to any vineyard conditions (elevation, sun exposure, soil texture, growing condition, prevailing or anticipated weather patterns such as high temperature, drought or flood conditions, nutrient levels) or production practices (vine size, vine spacing, vine canopy, crop load, trellis system, pruning) that impact fruit color development.
- Under conditions where red color development of grapes is good, (e.g. growing areas with a history of good red color development, years in which there is good red color development, cultivars that already develop sufficient red color), application of ProTone® SG will not provide significant additional red color or advance the harvest period.
- Do not apply ProTone® SG to plants or fruit under stress (e.g. heat, water, disease, insect and nutrient). Injured or stressed plants or fruit will show a reduced response to ProTone® SG.
- Do not overhead irrigate treated plants for at least 6 hours following application of ProTone® SG.

- Do not apply ProTone® SG if rain is expected within 6 hours of application.
- The proper application timing of ProTone® SG is important to product performance. When applying ProTone® SG, deviations from the label directions in the rates, timings, water volumes, or the use of untested spray mixes, may produce undesired results.

COMPATIBILITY WITH OTHER AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS

Compatibility and performance data for ProTone® SG with other agricultural products is not available.

Do not tank mix ProTone® SG with compounds containing copper or iron ions. Do not tank mix ProTone® SG with any product unless compatibility has been verified. If considering tank mixing ProTone® SG with other products use the following **compatibility jar test** before mixing a whole tank:

Add water from the same water source to a clear glass or plastic jar. Add the pesticides in correct proportions. Mix thoroughly and let stand for a minimum 15 minutes. Separation, gelling, or generation of heat are all signs of incompatibility.

Even if a mix passes the jar test for compatibility, it is imperative to test it on a designated area to evaluate for phytotoxicity or ineffectiveness.

Always read and follow all label directions and precautions of each product. When using combinations of products the most restrictive of label limitations and precautions must be followed. Do not mix with any pesticide that has a prohibition against tank mixing. For further information consult your Valent agricultural specialist.

**APPLICATIONS, RATES, AND TIMINGS
COLORATION:**

CROP	OBJECTIVE / BENEFIT	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
<p>Grapes (Table Grapes, Juice Grapes, Wine Grapes)</p>	<p>Enhanced red coloration of grapes.</p> <p>Contact Valent Corporation for more information.</p>	<p>Apply ProTone® within the period from 1 week before veraison (50 percent of the target fruit has softened) until anticipated harvest of target fruit. Application timing varies depending on the cultivar, vineyard conditions, and grower objectives.</p> <p>Spray Applications: Apply 75 to 250 grams of S-ABA (375 to 1250 grams of ProTone® SG) per acre as a spray solution in a sufficient volume to achieve uniform and complete coverage of the grape bunches. In most cases 75 grams S-ABA (one-half bottle of ProTone® 20 SG) to 150 grams S-ABA (one bottle of ProTone® 20 SG) per acre per application will provide good results. In situations where greater color development is desired, use the higher S-ABA rate.</p> <p><u>Early timing:</u> First application should be made between 1 week before veraison and 3 weeks after veraison. A single application made during this period has been shown to be effective to enhance grape berry color.</p> <p><u>Late timing:</u> If additional color development is desired, up to three (3) applications of ProTone® SG can be used. Multiple applications are expected to improve color on cultivars for which there is an extended period between veraison and harvest</p> <p>Apply to marketable clusters with significant green color. Fruit may need to remain on the vine for 2 to 3 additional weeks for harvestable color to develop. Fruit must be firm at time of application with the potential to remain firm until harvest.</p>
<p>Application: Use bunch directed sprays that achieve thorough wetting of the fruiting zone. Bunches need to receive uniform and complete coverage without runoff. The spray volume required will depend on the trellis system, the vine canopy size and management, and commercial spray equipment used. Spray volumes ranging from 80 – 200 gallons/A have been shown to be effective when applied under slow drying conditions.</p>		
<p>Use of Adjuvants: Use a non-ionic surfactant at the final surfactant concentration directed by the surfactant manufacturer to improve wetting and coverage of grape bunches.</p>		

Determining Optimal Rates: Optimal ProTone® SG rates will vary according to the desired color effect, growing conditions & practices, application technique, environmental conditions, variety & cultivar, plant vigor, vine canopy and crop-load. Different varieties or cultivars of the same species respond differently to ProTone® SG. For specific variety or cultivar information contact your Valent representative. With increasing temperature and lower humidity consider using the higher rates within the range given in the application rates, remembering not to apply to plants that are under stress.

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THINNING:

CROP	OBJECTIVE / BENEFIT	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
<p>Grapes (Table Grapes, Juice Grapes, Wine Grapes)</p>	<p>For decreased berry set, reduced hand-thinning costs, allow better air circulation to aid in the control of bunch rot, increase light penetration to aid in sugar development, and hastened maturity.</p>	<p>Make one to four applications from first bloom to berry set. When the bloom and set period is extended, subsequent applications are to be made at 1 to 7 day intervals. Application timing varies depending on the cultivar, vineyard conditions, and grower objectives.</p> <p>Applications: Apply 75 grams S-ABA (one-half bottle of ProTone® SG) to 150 grams S-ABA (one bottle of ProTone® SG) per acre per application.</p>
<p>Application: Use bunch directed sprays, or dips, that achieve thorough wetting of the fruiting zone. Bunches need to receive uniform and complete coverage, without significant runoff. The volume required will depend on the trellis system, the vine canopy size and management, and commercial spray equipment used. Volumes ranging from 80 – 200 gallons/A have been shown to be effective when applied under slow drying conditions.</p>		
<p>Use of Adjuvants: Use of adjuvants, or other wetting agents, is not recommended during the bloom or fruit set period.</p>		

CONVERSION TABLE:

Grams of S-ABA	Pounds of ProTone® SG	Grams of ProTone® SG
75	0.83	375
100	1.10	500
125	1.38	625
150	1.65	750
175	1.93	875
200	2.20	1000
225	2.48	1125
250	2.76	1250

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CHEMIGATION

Apply this product only through the following systems:

- 1) Drip Irrigation, such as micro-irrigation with spaghetti-tube or drip emitters.

Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

CHEMIGATION SYSTEMS CONNECTED TO PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

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DRIP - IRRIGATION

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch, which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Fill the supply tank with the desired amount of water. Then add the amount of ProTone® SG required in order to achieve the selected final use solution rate. Agitate the mixture of ProTone® SG frequently during the chemigation period to assure a uniform distribution throughout the system.

Apply ProTone® SG within the last 30 to 40 minutes of the water application but do not exceed maximum rates and volumes.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage

Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Store product in a cool and dry place. Avoid extended storage conditions at temperatures above 25°C (77°F). Avoid exposure of product to light.

Pesticide Disposal

To avoid waste, use all material in this container by application according to label directions. If waste cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste disposal facility or pesticide disposal program (often such programs are run by state or local governments or by industry).

Container Handling

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling, if available or puncture and dispose of the container in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Warranty and Disclaimer Statement:

To the extent consistent with applicable law, seller makes no warranty, express or implied, of merchantability, fitness or otherwise concerning use of this product other than as indicated on the label. User assumes all risks of use, storage or handling not in strict accordance with accompanying directions.

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SUB-LABEL II

ProTone® FW

**Plant Growth Regulator
SOLUBLE GRANULE**

**FOR USE ON
Coffee**

Sublabel II: ProTone FW Plant Growth Regulator Soluble Granule. For Application to coffee to suppress flower bud break from their latent dormancy of immature (<4 mm) and early mature (5 to 6 mm long) stages.

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ProTone® FW

Plant Growth Regulator SOLUBLE GRANULE

FOR USE ON COFFEE

Active Ingredient	
S-Abscisic Acid	20.0% w/w
Other Ingredients.....	80.0% w/w
Total.....	100.0% w/w

ProTone® FW contains a total of 20 g of S-Abscisic acid (S-ABA) in 100 g of product. S-Abscisic acid, commonly known as S-ABA, is a growth regulator found in all plants.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
HOT LINE NUMBER	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also call toll-free 1-800-892-0099 (24 hours) for emergency medical treatment and/or transport emergency information. For all other information, call 1-847-968-4700.	

This label must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.

EPA Registration No. 73049-461
EPA Establishment No. 33762-IA-001

Registrant: Valent BioSciences Corporation
870 Technology Way
Libertyville, IL 60048
1-847-968-4700

Net Weight: 1.65 lb. (750 grams)
This container will treat 0.6 acres when applied at the maximum label rate.

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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants.
- Chemical Resistant Gloves
- Shoes plus socks.
- Protective eyewear

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash-water or rinsate.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with the terms of the Label. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the State or Tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants (or Coveralls).
- Chemical resistant gloves (made of any waterproof material).
- Shoes plus socks.
- Protective eyewear.

GENERAL DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON GRAPES

Use only as directed. Read the label thoroughly and make sure it is understood before making applications. ProTone® FW improves red color development in grapes.

Application instructions:

- Undesired effects can result from any deviations from the label directions in the rates, timings, water volumes, or the adoption of untested spray mixes, when applying ProTone® FW.
- To prepare the treatment solution, add the required amount ProTone® FW to a spray tank about half-filled with water. Agitate while bringing the total volume of water to the required level. Mix thoroughly with agitation and bypass circulation to completely dissolve the ProTone® FW, and then add surfactant. Discard any unused treatment solution at the end of each day following local, state or federal law.

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- Use a non-ionic surfactant at the final adjuvant concentration directed by the adjuvant manufacturer. Use of an adjuvant will improve wetting and coverage of the grape bunches.
- Apply ProTone® FW in a sufficient amount of water to ensure uniform, thorough, but not excessive coverage. Adjust spray volumes to achieve thorough coverage based on tree size, spacing, canopy, and spray equipment.
- Best results will be achieved from applications during the cooler parts of the day or night, avoiding the hottest period of the day. To maximize absorption and optimize product effectiveness, apply ProTone® FW under slow drying conditions, e.g. early in the morning, in the evening or night (coolest daily temperatures, medium to high relative humidity, and no wind). Do not make applications during the day or early evening when the fruit is still hot.
- Do not apply ProTone® FW to plants or fruit under stress (e.g. heat, water, disease, insect and nutrient). Injured or stressed plants or fruit will show a reduced response to ProTone® FW.
- Do not overhead irrigate treated plants for at least 6 hours following application of ProTone® FW.
- Do not apply ProTone® FW if rain is expected within 6 hours of application.
- The proper application timing of ProTone® FW is important to product performance. When applying ProTone® FW, deviations from the label directions in the rates, timings, water volumes, or the use of untested spray mixes, may produce undesired results.

COMPATIBILITY WITH OTHER AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS

Compatibility and performance data for ProTone® FW with other agricultural products is not available.

Do not tank mix ProTone® FW with compounds containing copper or iron ions. Do not tank mix ProTone® FW with any product unless compatibility has been verified. If considering tank mixing ProTone® FW with other products use the following **compatibility jar test** before mixing a whole tank:

Add water from the same water source to a clear glass or plastic jar. Add the pesticides in correct proportions. Mix thoroughly and let stand for a minimum 15 minutes. Separation, gelling, or generation of heat are all signs of incompatibility.

Even if a mix passes the jar test for compatibility, it is imperative to test it on a designated area to evaluate for phytotoxicity or ineffectiveness.

Always read and follow all label directions and precautions of each product. When using combinations of products the most restrictive of label limitations and precautions must be

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followed. Do not mix with any pesticide that has a prohibition against tank mixing. For further information consult your Valent agricultural specialist.

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APPLICATIONS, RATES, AND TIMINGS

CROP	DOSE	OBSERVATIONS
Coffee	40 to 400 grams A.I. (200 to 2000 grams product)	To suppress flower bud break from their latent dormancy of immature (<4 mm) and early mature (5 to 6 mm long) stages FOLIAR APPLICATIONS Applied in sufficient water volume to assure total coverage of developing buds along all laterals (arrange nozzles for coverage from bottom up as well as top down of laterals and leaves) Multiple applications at 3 to 7 day frequency may be required over a period of 14 to 40 days. Begin applications when developing buds are at the <4 mm length stage and prior to the beginning of the rainfall period. Use a non-ionic surfactant at 0.05% v/v
	0.5 to 2 grams A.I. / Liter (2.5 to 10 grams product)	SOIL APPLICATIONS: <u>Hand applied method:</u> Apply 1 liter of mix solution per tree, evenly distributed within the tree drip line. Multiple applications at 3 to 7 day frequency may be required over a period of 14 to 40 days. Begin applications when developing buds are at the <4 mm length stage and prior to the beginning of the rainfall period.
	500 to 2000 grams A.I. (2,500 to 10,000 grams product)	<u>Irrigation Drip Line Injection method:</u> Inject ProTone® COFFEE within the last 30 to 40 minutes of the irrigation run, utilize the 500 PPM dose. Multiple applications at 3 to 7 day frequency may be required over a period of 14 to 40 days. Begin applications when developing buds are at the <4 mm length stage and prior to the beginning of the rainfall period.

CONVERSION TABLE:

Grams of S-ABA	Pounds of ProTone® COFFEE	Grams of ProTone® COFFEE
75	0.83	375
100	1.10	500
125	1.38	625
150	1.65	750
175	1.93	875
200	2.20	1000
225	2.48	1125
250	2.76	1250

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CHEMIGATION

Apply this product only through the following systems:

- 1) Drip Irrigation, such as micro-irrigation with spaghetti-tube or drip emitters.

Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

CHEMIGATION SYSTEMS CONNECTED TO PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

DRIP - IRRIGATION

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch, which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Fill the supply tank with the desired amount of water. Then add the amount of ProTone® FW required in order to achieve the selected final use solution rate. Agitate the mixture of ProTone® FW frequently during the chemigation period to assure a uniform distribution throughout the system.

Apply ProTone® FW within the last 30 to 40 minutes of the water application but do not exceed maximum rates and volumes.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage

Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Store product in a cool and dry place. Avoid extended storage conditions at temperatures above 25°C (77°F). Avoid exposure of product to light.

Pesticide Disposal

To avoid waste, use all material in this container by application according to label directions. If waste cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste disposal facility or pesticide disposal program (often such programs are run by state or local governments or by industry).

Container Handling

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling, if available or puncture and dispose of the container in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Warranty and Disclaimer Statement:

To the extent consistent with applicable law, seller makes no warranty, express or implied, of merchantability, fitness or otherwise concerning use of this product other than as indicated on the label. User assumes all risks of use, storage or handling not in strict accordance with accompanying directions.

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Supplemental Label



EPA Reg. No. 73049-461
(For Use In California Only)

PROTONE SG FOR USE ON GRAPES

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

THIS LABELING MUST BE IN THE POSSESSION OF THE USER AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION. READ THE LABEL AFFIXED TO THE CONTAINER FOR PROTONE SG BEFORE APPLYING. USE OF PROTONE SG ACCORDING TO THIS LABELING IS SUBJECT TO THE USE PRECAUTIONS AND LIMITATIONS IMPOSED BY THE LABEL AFFIXED TO THE CONTAINER FOR PROTONE SG.

THINNING

CROP	OBJECTIVE / BENEFIT	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
Grapes (Table Grapes, Juice Grapes, Wine Grapes)	For decreased berry set, reduced hand-thinning costs, allow better air circulation to aid in the control of bunch rot, increase light penetration to aid in sugar development, and hastened maturity.	Make one to four applications from first bloom to berry set. When the bloom and set period is extended, subsequent applications are to be made at 1 to 7 day intervals. Application timing varies depending on the cultivar, vineyard conditions, and grower objectives. Applications: Apply 75 grams S-ABA (one-half bottle of ProTone® SG) to 150 grams S-ABA (one bottle of ProTone® SG) per acre per application.
Application: Use bunch directed sprays, or dips, that achieve thorough wetting of the fruiting zone. Bunches need to receive uniform and complete coverage, without significant runoff. The volume required will depend on the trellis system, the vine canopy size and management, and commercial spray equipment used. Volumes ranging from 80 – 200 gallons/A have been shown to be effective when applied under slow drying conditions.		
Use of Adjuvants: Use of adjuvants, or other wetting agents, is not recommended during the bloom or fruit set period.		

