73049-15

08/05/2004

MASTER LABEL

Primary Product name: ProGibb 4% Plant Growth Regulator Solution.

Sublabel I: ProGibb 4% Plant Growth Regulator Solution; For use on grapes, citrus, banana, blueberry, cherries, stone fruit, Italian prune, strawberry, cranberry, artichoke, carrot, celery, cucumber, lettuce for seed, melon, pepper, pineapple, potato seed, rhubarb, spinach, mustard, turnip and

collard greens, watercress and hops.

Sublabel II: Ryzup Plant Growth Regulator Solution; For use on Rice and Cotton Sublabel III: ProGibb T&O Plant Growth Regulator Solution; For use on Turf and Ornamental Plants

For Organic Production.

Active Ingredient:	
Gibberellic Acid	4.0% w/w
Other Ingredients	
Total	

ProGibb 4% contains approximately 1.0gram active ingredient per fluid ounce of formulated product. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING - AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail).

For MEDICAL and TRANSPORT Emergencies ONLY Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-892-0099. For All Other Information Call 1-800-6-VALENT

EPA Registration No. 73049-15 EPA Establishment No.

Valent BioSciences Corporation 870 Technology Way Libertyville, IL 60048 ACCEPTED AUG 0 5 2004 Under the Føderal Insecticide. Fuzgicide, and Rodonticide Act. as canended, for the perticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 73049-15

SUB LABEL I

ProGibb 4% Plant Growth Regulator Solution.

For use on grapes, citrus, banana, blueberry, cherries, stone fruit, Italian prune, strawberry, cranberry, artichoke, carrot, celery, cucumber, lettuce for seed, melon, pepper, pineapple, potato seed, rhubarb, spinach, mustard, turnip and collard greens, watercress and hops.

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ProGibb[®] 4% Plant Growth Regulator SOLUTION For agricultural use.

For Organic Production.

Active Ingredient:	
Gibberellic Acid	
Other Ingredients	
Total	

ProGibb 4% liquid contains approximately 1.0gram active ingredient per fluid ounce of formulated product. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING - AVISO

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Valent BioSciences Corporation 870 Technology Way Libertyville, IL 60048

Net Contents:

This container will treat __acre at the maximum use rate, as indicated for use on _____

If in eyes	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
lf swallowed	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If inhaled	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

WARNING

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist, and avoid contact with skin. Wash thoroughly with water and soap after handling. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for Category C on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long sleeved shirt
- Long pants
- Chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, polyvinyl chloride, and viton
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- User should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

FLAMMABLE! Keep away from heat and open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of <u>12</u> hours.

EXCEPTION: If the product is soil incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, polyvinyl chloride, and viton
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS

Use only as directed. Read the label thoroughly and understand it before making applications. Keep out of reach of children.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Application Instructions:

ProGibb 4% contains gibberellic acid, which is an extremely potent plant growth regulator; when applying plant growth regulators, deviations from the label directions in the rates, timings, water volumes, or the adoption of untested spray mixes, results in undesirable effects. Always consult the Valent agricultural specialist in your area for the spray regimen best suited to your conditions.

- Do not apply to plants under pest, nutritional, or water stress.
- When a range of rates is indicated, use the concentration and spray volume directed locally by the Valent agricultural specialist.
- For optimum effectiveness, thorough spray coverage must be achieved; all parts of the plant or crop must receive the spray or desired results will not occur. Prepare solution concentrations by mixing the required amount of product with water in a clean, empty spray tank. Dispose of any unused spray material at the end of each day following local, state or federal law.
- For most efficacious results, the water pH is best at 7.0, and always below 8.5.
- ProGibb 4% applications made under slow drying conditions (cool to warm temperatures, medium to high relative humidity, and no wind) will increase absorption by the plant, thus optimizing effectiveness. Night time applications are encouraged when day time conditions are not conducive to slow drying conditions.
- Product persistence: Re-apply ProGibb 4% if significant rain occurs within 2 hours of application.

- Compatibility: Except when specifically noted, this ProGibb 4% spray guidelines refer to the use of the product alone. The use of surfactants and other additives has been reported to be beneficial. Data concerning the compatibility of ProGibb 4% with other agricultural compounds, except DiPel DF and XenTari DF, are not available. Valent Biosciences does not assume responsibility for unexpected results due to the tank mixing of ProGibb 4% with other products not indicated on this label.
- DO NOT apply using ULV application methods. For aerial applications spray volumes must be greater than 2 gallons per acre (10 gallons per acre for tree crops).
- No preharvest interval is required for this product.

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• SPRAY INSTRUCTIONS FOR CROP CATEGORIES

• GRAPE

For all grapes, application by ground sprayer provides the best coverage. Apply as a concentrate or dilute spray in sufficient water volume to ensure thorough wetting. It is important to wet all flower clusters or berries thoroughly. For cultivar specific spray rates and timings, see accompanying tables.

SEEDLESS TABLE GRAPE			
CLUSTER STRETCH SPRAYS			
OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT APPLICATION TIMING			
For cluster elongation and looser cluster forms. To reduce costs of thinning, allow better air circulation to aid in the control of bunch rot, and increase light penetration to aid in sugar development.	Make one to three applications before bloom when flower clusters are 2 to 7 inches long.		
CROP/CULTIVAR	RATE (grams a.i. /acre)		
Perlette Seedless	8-24		
Flame Seedless	8-24		
Thompson Seedless	8-24		
Raisin	8-24		
Other Seedless Grapes	No data is available at this time.		

SEEDLESS TABLE GRAPE			
BERRY THINNING SPRAYS			
OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT APPLICATION TIMING			
For decreased berry set, reduced hand-	Make one to four applications during bloom.		
thinning costs, and hastened maturity.	Only 1-2 applications for "Other Seedless		
	Grape". When the bloom period is extended,		
	make subsequent sprays 1 to 7 days after the		
	first application		
CROP/CULTIVAR	RATE (grams a.i. /acre)		
Perlette Seedless	No data is available for this variety/timing at this time.		
Flame Seedless	3-16		
Thompson Seedless	8-20		
Raisin	3-12		
Other Seedless Grapes	0.5-12		
NOTE:			

• Higher amounts or multiple applications has sometimes resulted in an excess of shot berries or over-thinning, especially in young vines or vines with high vigor.

• For "Other Seedless Grapes" use caution as some of the new cultivars are very responsive and are known to over-thin easily. Consult a Valent representative or local specialist before thinning unfamiliar cultivars.

SEEDLESS TABLE GRAPE		
BUMP SPRAY		
Thompson Seedless		
OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT APPLICATION TIMING/RATE		
To help initiate the beginning of the berry growth period.	Make one application of 16-24 grams a.i./acre during the period between the last thinning spray and the first sizing spray.	

<u>S</u>		ABLE GRAP	<u>E</u>
OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	DERICI SIZ	APPLICATION	TIMING
For larger berries and larger clu used in conjunction with establi and thinning practices		Make one to fo the average ber diameter (See b subsequent spr experience in t occurring betw	bur applications beginning when rry size reaches "target" below). Timing of the ays will be dictated by he vineyard and temperatures een sprays. Sprays made after m the first sizing spray are less
CROP/CULTIVAR	Target Berry Diameter *		RATE (grams a.i. /acre)
Perlette Seedless	4-5 mm		32-128
Flame Seedless	6-9 mm		20-128
Thompson Seedless	3-5 mm		32-128
Raisin	3-5 mm		4-20
Other Seedless Grapes	3-14 mm		8-60
*Target average berry diameter	for the first app	lication	
occasionally been obser reduce fruitfulness (ved to: [cluster counts] t	he following yea	nounts of gibberellic acid have r, ation and overall maturation.

Consult a Valent representative or local specialist before sizing unfamiliar cultivars.

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also to reduce berry s CROP/CULTIVA R	e in listed cultivars; ar	diameter range. Mak	n during the indicated berry te the application as a whole oray or dip directly to the
To increase berry size also to reduce berry size CROP/CULTIVA	e in listed cultivars; ar hrivel in Emperor. Berry Diameter	nd Make one application diameter range. Mak vine spray, or as a sp cluster.	n during the indicated berry te the application as a whole oray or dip directly to the
R		Whole vine spray.	
Emperor	()	Rate in grams a.i. /acre	Direct spray to the cluster only or dip the clusters. Rate in ppm's of a.i.
	12-16	20	40-50
Red Globe	12-18	20	40-50
Calmeria	12-16	20	40-50
Christmas Rose	12-16	20	40-50
Rogue	12-16	20	40-50
Queens	12-15	20	40-50
* Predominant average	berry diameter for this	application.	
 High amounts of accumulation a 	of gibberellic acid has o nd overall maturation.	mes reduced fruitfulness (clus occasionally delayed berry ski local specialist before sizin	n color development, sugars

OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	APPLICATION TIMING	
To increase berry size	Make one application 3-5 days after full bloom, but befor shatter begins.	
CROP/CULTIVAR	RATE (grams a.i. /acre)	
Black Corinth (Zante Currant)	1-12	

WINE GRAPE		
OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	APPLICATION TIMING	
To increase cluster length and improve air circulation and light penetration within the cluster. Under certain conditions this application is known to help reduce the incidence of bunch rot and sour rot. ALWAYS consult the Valent representative or the local agricultural specialist before making this application if there is no prior experience with this application.	APPLICATION TIMING Make a single spray. Apply when the clusters found in the dominant shoots arising from buds on count spurs are starting to elongate and show separation of the uppermost flower groups. This timing usually coincides with average cluster length of 3-4 inches (1-5 inch overall cluster length range). For each cultivar follow the rate directions given on the table below. Use 100 gallons of water per acre.	
CROP/CULTIVAR	RATE (grams a.i. /acre)	
Palomino	0.4-1	
Sauvignon Blanc		
Tinta Madeira		
Aleatico	1-2	
Carignane		
Chardonney		
Chenin Blanc		
French Colombard		
Pinot Noir		
Valdepenas		
Barbera	2-4	
Petite Sirah		
Zinfandel	4.0	
Green Hungarian	4-8	
Grenache Alicante	8	
Salvadore	8-16	
NOTE:		

• DO NOT make this application less than three weeks before anticipated full bloom.

• This application will most likely cause some reduction in yield of seeded wine grape cultivars. This reduction in yield results from: a) increase in shot berries in the year of application; b) reduction in fruitfulness (cluster counts) in the first and second year following the application.

• CITRUS

For citrus, apply in sprays of sufficient water volumes to ensure thorough fruit wetting. In most cases, this application will cause some drop of older mature leaves; this drop of older leaves is inconsequential. However, application to trees of low vigor or under stress (pest, nutritional, or water, etc) has sometimes caused severe leaf and/or fruit drop. Do not apply in white wash sprays in which lime or other caustic material has produced a high pH in the spray tank. Applications of copper fungicides and/or oils within three weeks (before or after) the ProGibb 4% application has been known to result in significant leaf drop and fruit drop.

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CITRUS: FIELD APPLICATIONS			
CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE	APPLICATION TIMING
		(grams	
		a.i. /acre)	·
Navel Orange	To delay rind aging, reduce physiological disorders (e.g., rind staining, water spotting, sticky or tacky surface, puffy rind and rupture under pressure), and produce a more orderly harvesting pattern.	16-48	Make one or two applications as a concentrate or dilute spray. 1) Early application: spray approximately 2 weeks prior to color break (typically August – November). This timing causes the greatest delay in rind aging and produces the firmest rind possible. AND/OR 2) Late spray: one application after marketable color (typically October – December). This late spray has been known to cause re-greening.
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Valencia Orange (For California and Arizona use only)	To reduce rind creasing and to delay rind aging and softening	40-80	Make a single application as a concentrate or dilute spray in August to October to target crop of young fruit.
NOTE: In groves that delayed. Do observed to l Slower color	not apply from January thro be reduced the following year development is to be expect	ough July, as p ar. ted in the targ	early spray as fruit coloring will be production has occasionally been get crop. Increased re-greening of
	has been observed to occur. ossibly dissipated the longer		able color is achieved, treatment remain on the tree.
All Round Oranges (For Florida use only)	To delay aging and softening of the rind, and to reduce creasing and puffiness.	20-60	Make a single application in August to October to trees with a target crop of young fruit. The addition of pure organo-silicone type surfactant at 0.05% (6 fl. Oz. In 100 gallons) has been shown to be beneficial.

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CITRUS: FIELD APPLICATIONS (con't)			
CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE (grams a.i./acre)	APPLICATION TIMING
Lemon/Lime	To decrease the amount of small ripe fruit and produce a more desirable production pattern relative to market demand.	10 – 32	Make a single application when target crop is ½ to ¾ full size, but still green.
NOTE:			
	ed two years in a row, an eve s been reported	en larger diff	erence in harvest pattern and
Tangerine Hybrids (Orlando, Robinson, Minneola, Sunburst, and others)	To delay disorders associated with rind aging, puffiness, and softening, and to increase peel strength, of tangerine hybrids	20 – 40	Make one spray application two weeks prior to color break. Apply as a dilute spray.
staining is p in rind colo	oossible. Application during r development.	coloring has	ly after coloring as pre-harvest rind been observed to result in variation
Grapefruit (Not for use in California)	To delay disorders associated with rind aging (e.g., puffiness, softening, and orange coloration), prevent preharvest drop of mature fruit, increase peel strength, reduce water loss during storage, and produce a more orderly harvesting pattern.	16 – 48	Make one or two dilute spray applications in sufficient volume to ensure coverage. Do not exceed 20 ppm a.i. in spray solution. EARLY: Make application two weeks prior to color break. Apply as a dilute spray (AUG-SEP). AND/OR LATE: Make application after marketable color has developed (OCT-DEC).
Treated fru periods. A been obser have been I The delay i	it has been known to re-gree pplication made after Decen ved to adversely affect the ne known to vary from season to	n if allowed iber, or when ew crop. Do o season dep i spray is app	nce fruit coloring will be delayed. to remain on the tree for extended a trees begin to break dormancy, have not use concentrate sprays. Results ending on environmental conditions. blied before color change. This spray

	CITRUS: FIELD AP	PLICATIO	NS (con't)
CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE (grams a.i./acre)	APPLICATION TIMING
Star Ruby Grapefruit (Not for use in California)	To reduce early-season small fruit drop of Star Ruby Variety thereby increasing yields.	25-35	Make a single dilute application during the bloom period.
	rom season to season deper fertilization and watering		rironmental conditions. Maintain a
Tangerine Hybrids (Orlando, Robinson, Minneola, Sunburst, and others) (Not for use in California)	To increase fruit set and yield. The number of applications depends on desired fruit set.	8 - 30	Make one to two applications during the bloom period. Apply as a dilute spray.
	been known to be reduced in mature leaf drop occurs		evelopment slightly retarded. A in trees under stress.
Navel and Valencia Orange (For Florida use only)	To enhance fruit set and yield.	15-25	Make a single application in December - January. Apply in 125-175 gallons of water per acre with a pure organo-silicone type surfactant at 0.05% (6 fl. oz/100 gallons).
Ambersweet Orange (For Florida use only)	To enhance fruit set and yield.	15-25	Make a single application in January. Apply in 125-175 gallons of water per acre with a pure organo-silicone type surfactant at 0.05% (6 fl. oz/100 gallons).

CITRUS: FIELD APPLICATIONS (con't)			
CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE (grams a.i./acre)	APPLICATION TIMING
Grapefruit (Not for use in California)	To enhance fruit set, size and yield	15-25	Make a single application in December - January. Apply in 125-175 gallons of water per acre with a pure organo-silicone type surfactant at 0.05% (6 fl. oz/100 gallons).

CITRUS: CLEMENTINE MANDARIN			
CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE	APPLICATION TIMING
Clementine Mandarin	To increase fruit set and yield	1-8 grams a.i. per 100 gallons of spray volume	Make one to two applications from early bloom up to 4 weeks after petal fall. Allow a minimum of three days between sprays. Use a dilute spray with sufficient spray volume for adequate coverage of
		L	tree canopy.

NOTE:

The number of applications depends upon amount of desired fruit set. Generally, more fruit will be set by 2 applications, earlier applications, higher rates, and climactic conditions more favorable to set. Differences in the crop strain have been observed to interact with the above factors to affect the degree of fruit set achieved. Reductions in final fruit size have on occasion occurred as a result of excessive fruit set.

	CITRUS: POSTHAR	VEST APPL	ICATIONS
CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE (ppm a.i.)	APPLICATION TIMING
Lemon	To delay fruit senescence and prolong storage life. The delay in senescence has been shown to reduce the incidence of infection by sour rot (<i>Geotrichum</i> <i>candidum</i>).	50-100	Add 2 to 4 fluid ounces of product (2 to 4 grams of a.i.) in 10 gallons of storage wax, which has been diluted as per wax label instructions.
Yellow lemons and other mature citrus fruit	To delay aspects of rind senescence and color changes	50-100	Add 2 to 4 fluid ounces of product (2 to 4 grams of a.i.) in 10 gallons of storage wax, which has been diluted as per wax label instructions.

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• FRUIT CROPS

·····		Г CROPS	
CROP/CULTIVAR	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE	APPLICATION TIMING
Banana	To stimulate plant growth, and to overcome the effects of stress caused by insect, disease or adverse weather. These applications have been observed to improve fruit size and quality and overall yield.	Aerial spray: Apply 6 to 20 grams a.i. per acre per spray. Use sufficient water volume to achieve adequate coverage of the canopy	Make applications every 3-4 weeks throughout the year. Use higher rates prior to, and during the periods of intense stress. It is permissible to tank-mix with the standard pesticide treatments applied by air.
		<u>Ground</u> <u>spray:</u> Apply 6 to 20 grams a.i. per acre per spray. Use sufficient water volume to achieve adequate coverage of the canopy.	Direct applications to the daughter plants. Make first application when the daughter plant is selected. Make applications every 3-4 weeks throughout the year as needed. Use higher rates prior to, and during the periods of intense stress. It is permissible to tank- mix the product with pesticides.
	To stimulate early growth in new plantations, increase plant vigor and accelerate the time to flowering.	Apply 2-16 grams a.i. per acre per spray. Use sufficient water volume to achieve adequate coverage of the canopy	Make the first application a few days after transplanting, when plants are established. Repeat applications at 3-4 weeks intervals.

	Application by injection into the pseudostem		NOTE: Make sure that the needle tip does not touch the growing tissue at the center of the pseudostem.
	 To promote plant growth: 	Apply 5 ml per plant of a 640-1280 ppm solution.	Apply to plants over 5 feet tall on a monthly basis until flowering occurs. Make one application per generation
	2. To promote healthy root system	Apply 50 – 400 ml per plant of a 250-1000 ppm solution	
	To stimulate bunch fruit development, improving fruit size and quality, and overall yield.	Apply a solution of 200 – 500 ppm. Use sufficient water volume to achieve adequate coverage of bunch and fruit.	Make 1-2 applications prior to bunch bagging program or approximately 7-14 days after floral bunch emergence. It is permissible to tank-mix with the standard pesticide treatments
	Post-harvest treatment To extend fruit green life	Apply a solution of 750 to 1500 ppm . The solution can be sprayed or brushed to the crown.	Apply after washing the fruit and before packing. It is permissible to tank-mix with other protectants.
		ROPS (con't)	
CROP/CULTIVAR	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE	APPLICATION TIMING

Pineapple	To improve fruit size. To improve uniformity of fruit maturity and enhance harvest efficiency.	Apply 125- 250 grams a.i. per acre per application. Apply 12-24 grams a.i. per acre per application.	Apply after flowering. Make 2 applications at 3-5 weeks intervals. Direct sprays to the fruit. Use sufficient water to achieve adequate coverage. Make the first application a few days after planting when plants are established. Repeat applications at 3-4 weeks intervals.
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Blueberry (Not for use in California) <u>Highbush:</u> Coville, Jersey, Stanley, Earliblue, Weymouth, Walcott, Berkeley, Blueray, Bluecrop, 1316A, Concord, and others	To improve fruit set.	40-80	Make a single application of 80 grams a.i. in 40 to 100 gallons of water/acre. Apply at full bloom (when 75% of the flowers are fully open). OR Make two applications at 40 grams a.i./acre in 40 to100 gallons of water. Make the first application at full bloom, and the second one within 10-14 days of the first one. To increase size of "shot" berries inWeymouth, delay the application up to two weeks after bloom.
Blueberry: (Not for use in California) <u>Rabbiteye:</u> Aliceblue, Beckyblue, Bonita, Brightwell, Climax, Delite, Tiftblue, Woodward, and others.	To improve fruit set.	40-80	Make a single application of 40 to 80 grams a.i./acre in 40 -to- 100 gallons of water per acre when most of the flowers are elongated but not yet open (bloom Stage 5). OR Make two to four applications 10-to-14 days apart starting at bloom Stage 5. Spray 20 to 40 grams a.i./acre in 40 to 100 - gallons of water per application.

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	FRUIT CF	ROPS (Con't)	
CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE (grams a.i. /acre)	APPLICATION TIMING
Sweet Cherry	To produce larger, brighter colored, firmer fruit.	16-48	Apply a single spray when the fruit is translucent green to straw colored. Use sufficient water volume to ensure thorough wetting.
	lopment and harvest date har rates with heavier crop loads		y been slightly delayed.
Sweet Cherry (Not for use in California)	To produce larger, brighter colored, firmer fruit in cultivars with uneven maturity		Make 1-2 applications. When using two applications, apply 1/3 to ¹ / ₂ of the total desired amount when the majority of the fruit is translucent green. Apply the remaining material 3-7 days later, when the majority of the fruit is straw colored.
 Color deve Use higher 	eed 48 grams a.i./acre per sea elopment and harvest date ha r rates with heavier crop load	ve occasionall s.	
Sour Cherry (Not for use in California)	To maintain and extend high fruiting capacity of sour cherry trees by promoting spur formation and reducing the occurrence of "blind" nodes. Spur formation is apparent the year after application. Therefore, changes in shoot, spur, and flower production will not be evident until two or three years after program initiation. Applications must be applied annually to ensure spur development and subsequent yield improvement year after	4-18	Apply one spray 14-to-28 days after bloom. Optimum timing is defined as that stage when 3-to-5 terminal leaves have fully expanded, or, at least 1-to-3 inches of terminal shoot extension has occurred. Use 4 to 18 grams a.i./acre, depending on tree age and vigor (See Table below). Apply as a dilute spray in sufficient water to ensure thorough wetting, or as a concentrate spray ensuring uniform coverage.

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year.		
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- NOTE:
 - Rates are based on expected normal tree vigor at various ages. Adjust rate according to tree vigor. If trees are vigorous, use lowest indicated rates. Use lowest rates on trees that have been heavily pruned or hedged. Use higher rates for trees low in vigor and weak in shoot and spur production. Excessive application rates will increase vegetative growth at the expense of fruit production the following year. Applications will not improve growth of trees under stress conditions, such as nutritional, moisture, or pest. Best results will be obtained when combined with good cultural practices.

APPLICATION RATES (GRAMS A.I./ACRE) FOR TART CHERRY TREES BY AGE

Tree Age (years)	Rate (grams a.i./acre)		
6-10	4-6		
11-15	8-10		
16-20	10-14		
20 + years	14-18		

achieve complete coverage of fruits and foliage. NOTE: • This application has occasionally caused reduction in flower counts the year following the application, particularly if it is made during the months of May through July. Italian Prune To reduce internal 16-48 Make a single application four to five weeks before expected		FRUIT CH	ROPS (con't))
and improve fruit quality in the season of applicationweeks prior to the beginning of the harvest period. Use sufficient water to achieve complete coverage of fruits and foliage.NOTE: • This application has occasionally caused reduction in flower counts the year following the application, particularly if it is made during the months of May through July.NOTE: NOTE: • This application, particularly if it is made during the months of May through July.Italian Prune (Not for use in California)To reduce internal browning, improve quality, and increase size.16-48Make a single application four to five weeks before expected harvest. Apply in sufficient water volume to ensure thorough	CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	(grams a.i.	APPLICATION TIMING
 This application has occasionally caused reduction in flower counts the year following the application, particularly if it is made during the months of May through July. Italian Prune (Not for use in browning, improve quality, and increase size. Italian Prune (Not for use in browning, improve quality, and increase size. 	Stone Fruit Group	and improve fruit quality	16-32	weeks prior to the beginning of the harvest period. Use sufficient water to achieve complete coverage of fruits
(Not for use in California)browning, improve quality, and increase size.five weeks before expected harvest. Apply in sufficient water volume to ensure thorough	• This applica			
	Italian Prune (Not for use in	To reduce internal browning, improve quality, and increase		Make a single application four to five weeks before expected harvest. Apply in sufficient water volume to ensure thorough

• Color development and harvest have occasionally been slightly delayed. Observation of reduced bloom the following season is occasionally seen.

CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE (grams a.i. /acre)	APPLICATION TIMING
Non Bearing Stone Fruit (Not for use in California)	To reduce flowering and fruiting in young stone fruit trees in order to minimize the competitive effect of early fruiting on tree development.	20 - 80	Make a single application during the period of flower bud initiation for the following year. Consult with the Valent representative or local horticulturist for timings and rates for specific cultivars in your area. Use sufficient water to achieve good coverage of the canopy.

NOTE:

• Do not spray trees in the first year. Treat in the second season for reduction of flowering in the third season, and again in the third season if flower reduction and fruiting is desired in the fourth season. Treat only trees that are in good physiological condition. Discontinue treatment the year before desired harvest.

FRUIT CROPS (Con't)				
CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE (grams a.i. /acre)	APPLICATION TIMING	
Strawberry (Not for use in California)	To increase runner production of mother plants.	15-25	Make a single application to mother plants 10 – 30 days after planting. Efficacy is best when plants have 1-6 leaves at spraying. Apply 100 gallons spray/acre to point of run-off.	

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NOTE:

- Not for use on fruiting plants. Treatments have not been as effective on plantings set out after mid-May.
- Response varies with cultivar and location. Consult your Valent representative or local horticulturist for specific indications.

Cranberry Olat far use in	To reduce or	10-50	Make a single application at
(Not for use in California)	completely eliminate the crop in the year of		early bloom (2-5% scatter bloom). Use sufficient water to
	application		ensure thorough coverage.

NOTE:

- Applications made later than indicated have been known to result in no effect or actually result in increased fruit set (opposite effect).
- Responses will vary with cultivar, age of the bog and location. Consult the Valent representative or local specialist for specific information.

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• VEGETABLE CROPS

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CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE (grams a.i. / acre)	APPLICATION TIMING
Artichoke	To accelerate maturity and shift harvest to an earlier date	10 – 20	For perennials: apply one to three applications at bud initiation stage. For annuals: apply one to four applications at 2-week intervals, beginning at the fourth true leaf. Use sufficient water volume to ensure thorough wetting of the entire plant (leaves, stems and buds).
Carrots, Fresh and Processing	To delay leaf senescence. Maintaining vigorous foliage has been shown to help reduce the incidence of infection by <i>Alternaria</i> <i>dauci</i> .	1-6	Make the first application 4 –6 weeks after emergence using commercial ground or aerial equipment with spray concentrations of 20-30 ppm. In severe disease situations or cool weather a second spray 14 days later is sometimes required to achieve the desired amount of foliar recovery. Do not apply more than twice per crop.
	greater concentration can inclusion	rease the risk o	f excessive top growth,
Celery	with a second application. To increase plant height and yield and to overcome stress due to cold weather conditions or saline soils, and obtain earlier maturity.	2.5 - 10	Make a single application one to four weeks prior to harvest. Use 25-to-50 gallons of water per acre by ground application or 5-to-10 gallons of water per acre for aerial application (except in California). Use lower concentrations if applying 3-to-4 weeks before harvest and higher concentrations within 1-to-2 weeks before harvest.

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	VEGETABLE	CROPS (con	<u>'t)</u>
CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE (grams a.i. / acre)	APPLICATION TIMING
Cucumber (Not for use in California)	To stimulate fruit set during periods of cool temperatures.	1-4	Make one application prior to bloom followed by two additional applications at intervals of 10-to-14 days. It is acceptable to use up to four applications. Use sufficient water volume for thorough coverage of exposed foliage.
	um benefits, vines must be to cool temperatures.	in good condi	tion, except for reduced rate of
Lettuce for Seed	To obtain uniform bolting and increase seed production	1-4	Apply one to four applications at two-week intervals, beginning at the fourth true leaf. Use sufficient water volume to ensure thorough wetting.
Melon (Not for use in California)	To stimulate fruit set during periods of cool temperatures	1-4	Make one application prior to bloom followed by two additional applications at intervals of 10-to-14 days on cantaloupes and watermelons.
	um benefits, vines must be to cool temperatures.	in good cond	ition, except for reduced rate of

···	VEGETABLE	CROPS (con	
CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE (grams a.i. / acre)	APPLICATION TIMING
Pepper (Not for use in California)	To promote plant growth	1-3	Apply one to two sprays in 25-to-50 gallons of water per acre at two-week intervals. Begin sprays 2 weeks after transplanting.
NOTE: • This use is solve the slow plant g		wing seasons	, or when low temperatures
Pepper (Not for use in California)	To increase fruit set and promote fruit growth	1-3	Apply one to two sprays in 25-to-50 gallons of water per acre at weekly intervals during the flowering period.
NOTE: • The high ra fruit set pro		eas and/or va	rieties with pollination and/or
Pepper (Not for use in California)	To increase fruit size	1-3	Apply in 25-to-50 gallons of water per acre at the beginning of the picking period.
NOTE: • The high ra	te is best for plants with he	avv fruit load	s.
Potato seed	To stimulate uniform sprouting to aid in maximum production, more uniform development, fewer late maturing plants, and to break dormancy of newly harvested potatoes that have not had a full rest period.	0.2- 0.4 (grams in 100 gallons)	Dip whole or cut seed pieces in a solution containing 0.2- to-0.4 grams a.i. in 100 gallons of water prior to planting.
	soil temperatures use the n sted seed pieces.	ninimum cone	centration for dormant seed. Do

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	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	BLES (Con' RATE	
		TALL	APPLICATION TIMING
		(grams	
		a.i. /acre)	
hubarb	To break dormancy on	10 - 20	1) When the rest period is not
	plants receiving	(grams in	completely broken, make a single
	insufficient chilling and	10	application of 2 fluid ounces (60 ml)
1	to increase marketable	gallons)	of a solution containing 20 grams
	yield of forced rhubarb		a.i. in 10 gallons of water to each
			cleaned crown.
(2) When the rest period is broken by
			cold weather, apply 2 fluid ounces
	-		(60 ml) of a solution containing 10
			grams a.i. in 10 gallons of water to
			each cleaned crown.
OTE:			
• Keep forcing	g house temperatures at 40	-50° F for 2	24 hours after application. If house is
warmer than	50°F, cover crowns with r	plastic. Ten	nperatures above 50°F lower yields
and cause po	oor stalk color.	·	
pinach, Mustard	To facilitate harvest,	4-10	Apply a single spray 10-to-18 days
eens, Collard	increase yield and		before each anticipated harvest on
reens and	improve quality of fall		fall or over-winter crops, ideally
urnip greens.	and over-winter crops.		when daytime temperatures are 40°
Not for use in	-		F-to-70° F and during early morning
alifornia)			hours when dew is present on crop.
			Make applications in 10-to-50
ľ		}	gallons of water per acre by ground
	ſ		sprayer or in a minimum of 5-to-10
			gallons of water per acre by air.
			When applied to promote growth of
			second cutting, wait until some
			regrowth has started before
}			spraying. Maximum benefit is
			obtained when below normal
			temperatures prevail following
ł			application and growth would be
			otherwise slowed in untreated crops.
			Ĺ
OTE:			
			occur, do not apply after the mid-
winter period	d or if temperatures are ex	pected to ex	ceed 75° F within several days of
application.	Do not apply on spring pl	antings.	-

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CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE (grams a.i. /acre)	APPLICATION TIMING
Watercress	1) To enhance growth in adverse weather conditions; 2) To help plants resume growth after insect and disease attacks; 3) To increase root free stem length during low light/short day conditions.	15-25 per application	Make one or two applications per acre per crop 3 to 7 days before harvest. Use 50-100 gallons of water per acre.

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• HOPS

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CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE (grams a.i. /acre)	APPLICATION TIMING
Hops: Seeded and seedless Fuggle hops and similar varieties adapted to the Northwestern states.	To increase fruit set and yield.	4 – 6	Make a single application in 100- 150 gallons of water per acre when vine growth is 5-8 feet in length.

CONVERSION TABLE

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ProGibb 4% contains approximately 1 gram of active ingredient per fluid ounce of product

Grams of active ingredient	Fluid Ounces of ProGibb 4%
0.5	0.5 oz
1.0	1 oz.
2.0	2 oz
4.0	4 oz
5.0	5 oz
8.0	8 oz
10.0	10 oz
12.0	12 oz
16.0	16 oz
20.0	20 oz
25.0	25 oz
32.0	32 oz
40.0	40 oz
48.0	48 oz
50.0	50 oz

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STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE:

Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and open flame.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

NOTICE TO USER:

To the fullest extent permitted by law, seller makes no warranty, express or implied, of merchantability, fitness or otherwise concerning use of this product other than as indicated on the label. User assumes all risks of use, storage or handling not in strict accordance with accompanying directions.

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SUB-LABEL II

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RYZUP® PLANT GROWTH REGULATOR SOLUTION

For use on rice and cotton.

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RYZUP[®] PLANT GROWTH REGULATOR SOLUTION

For Organic Production.

Active Ingredient:	
Gibberellic Acid	
Other Ingredients	
Total	

RyzUp liquid contains approximately 1.0 gram active ingredient per fluid ounce of formulated product.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING - AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail).

For MEDICAL and TRANSPORT Emergencies ONLY Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-892-0099. For All Other Information Call 1-800-6-VALENT

EPA Registration No. 73049-15 EPA Establishment No.

Valent BioSciences Corporation 870 Technology Way Libertyville, IL 60048

Net Contents:

This container will treat _____ acres at the maximum use rate, as indicated for use on

lf in eyes	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If inhaled	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS

WARNING

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist, and avoid contact with skin. Wash thoroughly with water and soap after handling. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for Category C on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long sleeved shirt.
- Long pants.
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, polyvinyl chloride, and viton.
- Shoes plus socks.
- Protective eyewear.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- User should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

• Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters and rinsate. Exposed treated seed may be hazardous to birds and other wildlife. Dispose of all excess treated seed and seed packaging by burial away from bodies of water.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

FLAMMABLE! Keep away from heat and open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of <u>12</u> hours.

EXCEPTION: If the product is soil incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls.
- Chemical resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, polyvinyl chloride, and viton.
- Shoes plus socks.
- Protective eyewear.

GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS

Use only as directed. Read the label thoroughly and understand it before making applications. Keep out of reach of children.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Application Instructions:

RyzUp contains gibberellic acid which is an extremely potent plant growth regulator; when applying plant growth regulators, deviations from the label directions in the rates, timings, water volumes, or the adoption of untested spray mixes, results in undesirable effects. Always consult the Valent agricultural specialist in your area for the spray regimen best suited to your conditions.

- Do not apply to plants under pest, nutritional, or water stress.
- When a range of rates is indicated, use the concentration and spray volume indicated locally by the Valent agricultural specialist.
- For optimum effectiveness, thorough spray coverage must be achieved; all parts of the plant or crop must receive the spray or desired results will not occur. Prepare solution concentrations by mixing the required amount of product with water in a clean, empty spray tank. Dispose of any unused spray material at the end of each day following local, state or federal law.
- For most efficacious results, the water pH is best at 7.0, and always below 8.5.
- RyzUp applications made under slow drying conditions (cool to warm temperatures, medium to high relative humidity, and no wind) will increase absorption by the plant, thus optimizing effectiveness. Night-time applications are encouraged when day-time conditions are not conducive to slow drying conditions.
- Product persistence: Re-apply RyzUp if significant rain occurs within 2 hours of application.
- DO NOT apply using ULV application methods. For aerial applications spray volumes must be greater than 2 gallons per acre.
- No preharvest interval is required for this product.

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RICE

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USE	OBJECTIVE/ BENEFIT	RATE (fl oz/acre)	APPLICATION TIMING
Seedling Applications (Early Season)	1 to 3 fl oz (30 to 90 ml)	At the 1-2 and 4-5 leaf stages of growth
With use of a non- ionic surfactant or in tank mix combination with rice herbicides	To promote vigorous and more uniform seedling growth of rice prior to permanent flood	1 to 2 fl oz (30 to 60 ml)	Early flooding reduces the additional flushing costs associated with a delay in establishing the permanent
With some dry and water-based herbicide formulations, or when temperatures will likely average 75° F or less during 14 days after application.	establishment. This growth promotion will permit earlier flooding (5 to 10 days earlier) of drill or broadcast-seeded rice and is particularly effective on semi-dwarf varieties.	1.5 to 3 fl oz (45 to 90 ml)	flood, reduce weed infestations and the number of herbicide applications, and/or promote earlier and more uniform grain maturity.
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Panicle Extension App Tank mix with a non-	lications (Late Season) To promote main culm and	3 to 8 fl oz	Between split-boot and 100%
ionic surfactant known to be non-phytotoxic to rice.	tiller panicle extension. Known to increase panicle height of rice, which will facilitate harvest efficiency in the field by allowing the rice grain to be cut above the leaf canopy at faster combine speeds and at reduced vegetative load. Grain quality and maturity have been observed to be advanced with the promotion of tiller panicle development.	(90 to 240 ml)	panicle heading. Heading applications to the first crop also has been observed to accelerate re- growth of second crop rice. The desired result is an earlier second crop maturity and maximized grain yield.
herbicides, and prefer when rice is subjected	red permanent flood practice to drought stress conditions. and temporarily appears light	in relation to ri	

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2) HYBRID RICE SEED PRODUCTION

USE	OBJECTIVE/ BENEFIT	RATE (grams a.i./acre)	APPLICATION TIMING
Panicle Extension	Improved pollination and seed yield.	20-100	Make 1-5 applications at regular intervals during the heading period to promote main culm and tiller panicle extension.

For Foliar and Hybrid Rice Seed Production:

Mixing Instructions

Fill the treatment tank with half of the final tank mix volume. Add the required amount of RyzUp and mix thoroughly while adding water to the desired final volume. Dispose of any unused spray material at the end of the day.

Application Equipment

Apply RyzUp by aerial or ground spray equipment. As an aerial spray, use a spray system capable of producing a uniform spray pattern of medium to fine spray droplets at 10 gallon per acre (GPA). Apply no less than 3 GPA of total spray volume. Use low pressure ground sprayers equipped with boom and flat fan nozzles using 10 to 15 GPA spray volume.

Compatibility with Other Chemicals

It is permissible to tank-mix RyzUp with most commonly used rice herbicides and fungicides. When applying RyzUp in mixture with Arrosolo[®], Riverside Propanil[®] 60DF, Stam[®] M4, Stam[®] 80EDF, or Wham![®] EZ, plus one of their indicated adjuvants, use of an additional surfactant is not necessary. Do not apply RyzUp with Whip[®] IEC or Whip[®] 360.

Use Precautions

Avoid drift or accidental application to other crops

3) SEED TREATMENT APPLICATION

USE	OBJECTIVE/	RATE	APPLICATION
	BENEFIT	(fl. oz.)	TIMING
Seed treatment for rice	To promote germination and emergence for semi- dwarf and tall varieties. To help increase final stand density and uniformity when seed are planted deeper to receive adequate moisture.	0.5 to 2.1 fl oz product in 8-20 fl oz water/100 lbs seed (Equivalent to 15 to 62 ml in 237 to 591 ml water/45 kg seed)	For use with drill or broadcast seeding systems.

Mixing Instructions

Apply RyzUp to seed with standard mist treating equipment. For best results, higher treatment volume of 12 to 20 fl oz per 100 pounds of seed (355 to 591 ml/45 kg seed) ensures complete and uniform coverage.

Fill the treatment tank with half of the final tank mix volume. Add the required amount of RyzUp and mix thoroughly while adding water and other co-applied seed treatment products (see Compatibility with Other Chemicals section) to the desired final volume.

An approved dye must be added to distinguish RyzUp treated seed and prevent inadvertent use for food, feed, or oil purposes. Treated seed must be labeled in accordance with the requirements of the Federal Seed Act.

Use Restriction

Do not use treated seed for food, feed or oil purposes.

Compatibility with Other Chemicals

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RyzUp is compatible with most commonly used fungicide seed treatments (e.g. Vitavax[®] CT and Dithane[®]), standard dyes, and sticker/binding agents. When preparing tank mixes, ensure adequate physical compatibility and mixing.

COTTON:

RyzUp has been shown to help shorten the vegetative growth "lag" phase. This benefit reduces the time interval needed to develop optimum leaf area and plant height, thus maximizing the potential for earliness and improved yields.

USE	OBJECTIVE/ BENEFIT	RATE (fl oz/acre)	APPLICATION TIMING
On young cotton plants	Promote growth and increase seedling vigor	Use higher rates (within the indicated range) when temperatures will	In-furrow application to seed, or as a foliar application from the cotyledon leaf stage through the 7 leaf/node stage. Repeat applications as needed to a maximum of 3 applications. Applying more often than necessary to achieve the desired height results in excessive vegetative growth.

Do not apply RyzUp to cotton plants that are under drought stress. If the cotton plants are under continuous stress, delay the application of RyzUp until the stress is alleviated and the plants are beginning to recover.

Avoid drift or accidental application to other crops.

Mixing Instructions

Fill the treatment tank with half of the final tank mix volume. Add the required amount of RyzUp and mix thoroughly while adding water to the desired final volume. Dispose of any unused spray material at the end of the day.

Application Equipment

Apply RyzUp by aerial or ground spray equipment. As an aerial spray, use a spray system capable of producing a uniform spray pattern of medium to fine spray droplets at 10 gallon per acre (GPA). Apply no less than 3 GPA of total spray volume. Use low pressure ground sprayers equipped with boom and flat fan nozzles using 10 to 15 GPA spray volume.

Compatibility with Other Chemicals

Data regarding the compatibility of RyzUp with herbicides used in cotton are not available.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and open flame.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke

NOTICE TO USER

To the fullest extent permitted by law, seller makes no warranty, express or implied, or merchantability, fitness or otherwise concerning the use of this product other than as indicated on the label. User assumes all risks of use, storage or handling not in strict accordance with accompanying directions.

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SUB LABEL III

ProGibb T&O Plant Growth Regulator Solution

For use on turf and ornamental plants.

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ProGibb T&O Plant Growth Regulator Solution For use on turf and ornamental crops.

For Organic Production.

Active Ingredient:	
Gibberellic Acid	4.0% w/w
Other Ingredients	
Total	
10[21	100.0% W/W

ProGibb T&O liquid contains approximately 1.0 gram active ingredient per fluid ounce of formulated product.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING - AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail).

For MEDICAL and TRANSPORT Emergencies ONLY Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-892-0099. For All Other Information Call 1-800-6-VALENT

EPA Registration No. 73049-15 EPA Establishment No.

Valent BioSciences Corporation 870 Technology Way Libertyville, IL 60048

Net Contents:

This container will treat __acres at the maximum use rate, as indicated for use on _____.

FIRST AID			
If in eyes	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 		
If swallowed	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 		
If inhaled	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. 		
If on skin or clothing	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 		
	HOT LINE NUMBER		
•	er or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For a may also call toll-free 1-800-892-0099 for treatment information.		

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS WARNING

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist, and avoid contact with skin. Wash thoroughly with water and soap after handling. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for Category C on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long sleeved shirt
- Long pants
- Chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, polyvinyl chloride, and viton
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- User should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

FLAMMABLE! Keep away from heat and open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of <u>12</u> hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, polyvinyl chloride, and viton
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

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NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not enter without appropriate protective clothing until sprays have dried.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON ORNAMENTAL CROPS, CUT FLOWERS AND TURFGRASS

PRODUCT INFORMATION

ProGibb T&O is an extremely active plant growth regulator. Care must be used in measuring, diluting, and applying ProGibb T&O.

A foliar application of ProGibb T&O supplies plants with an additional source of the naturally occurring plant growth regulator gibberellin. Gibberellins are involved in numerous plant development processes. Adding gibberellic acid (GA3) promotes a number of desirable effects in floriculture crops including increased flower size, increased flower number, uniform flowering, increased stem elongation, and a decrease in time to flower. Additionally, gibberellin applications have been shown to reduce the minimum temperature required to initiate plant growth and will overcome bud and seed dormancy. In Bermudagrass turf, adding ProGibb T&O will initiate and/or maintain growth and prevent color change during periods of cold stress and will maintain and/or enhance regrowth during summer months.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

When applying plant growth regulators, deviations in rates, timings, or water volumes from the label directions has been known to result in undesirable effects.

For optimum effectiveness, thorough spray coverage must be achieved; only plant parts covered with spray solution will be affected. Plant parts not directly covered with ProGibb T&O will not respond to the application.

An effective dose of ProGibb T&O is strongly dependent on application volume. Variation in plant response is possible if a given rate is applied at different spray volumes. Uniformity of spray solution is equally important.

When applying foliar applications of ProGibb T&O spray plants to run-off. The actual spray application rate will vary depending on plant size and spacing density. A spray application rate which is effective for 6-inch potted plants spaced at a density of 1 pot per square foot is 2 quarts of finished spray solution per 100 square feet of bench area.

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Differences in plant response to ProGibb T&O due to differences in plant surfaces, leaf orientation, and plant structure are possible. ProGibb T&O is most efficacious when applied during morning or late afternoon hours or when plants are not under environmental stress as extreme temperatures can influence plant response to ProGibb T&O.

DETERMINING OPTIMAL APPLICATION RATES

The rates on this label are ranges and an optimum ProGibb T&O rate will depend on desired expectations as well as physical and environmental factors. Specific growing practices such as watering, potting media, fertilization, temperature, and light conditions will affect plant responses to a given ProGibb T&O rate.

Results from ProGibb T&O applications are dependent upon timing, rate, frequency of application, and plant vigor at application. ProGibb T&O applications made under slow drying conditions (cool temperatures, low air movement and medium to high relative humidity) will increase absorption by the plant, thus optimizing effectiveness.

To determine optimum use rates, conduct trials on a small number of plants under actual use conditions using the lowest indicated rate. When a range of rates is indicated, use the lowest concentration directed until familiarity is gained.

LIMITATIONS

- For optimum effectiveness, thorough spray coverage must be achieved; all parts of the plant or crop must receive the spray or desired results will not occur.
- Do not apply to plants under pest, nutritional, or water stress. ProGibb T&O will not correct or substitute for treatment of pest, nutrient, or water stresses.
- Do not apply after flower buds show color.
- Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.
- Avoid drift onto non-target species.
- Do not mix ProGibb T&O with pesticides, fertilizers, wetting agents, spreader stickers or other adjuvants.
- Over-application has the potential to result in accelerated plant growth/development.
- Do not apply ProGibb T&O to any food crop.
- Do not reuse soil from plants treated with ProGibb T&O.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS AND RATE CONVERSION TABLE

Apply with standard spray equipment set according to manufacturer's indications.

ProGibb T&O mixes readily with water. For best results, have the water pH at 7.0 and always below 8.5.

Foliar Applications: Always make sure application equipment is thoroughly clean before mixing. When preparing ProGibb T&O for use as a foliar spray, fill tank to one half full. Add the amount of ProGibb T&O according to the rate conversion table below. Complete filling the tank. Dispose of any unused spray material at the end of each application following local, state or federal law.

ppm (parts per million)	Milliliters (ml) of	Milliliters (ml) of	Fl. oz. of ProGibb	
(GA ₃)	ProGibb T&O per	ProGibb T&O per	T&O per gallon of	
	liter of spray	gallon of spray	spray solution	
	solution	solution		
1	0.03	0.1	0.003	
5	0.15	0.6	0.02	
10	0.3	1.1	0.04	
25	0.74	2.8	0.09	
50	1.5	5.6	0.19	
100	3.0	11.2	0.4	
250	7.4	28.0	0.95	
500	14.8	56	1.9	
750	22.2	84	2.8	
1,000	29.6	112	3.8	

Rate Conversion Table*

*ProGibb T&O is a liquid. Each fluid ounce contains approximately 1.0 gram of active ingredient.

ORNAMENTAL CROPS, CUT FLOWERS AND TURFGRASS

- The following use rates are based on results with common cultivars. Differences in responsiveness vary between cultivars, growing conditions, and cultural management systems. Therefore, prior to widespread usage, test a small number of plants from each cultivar under a specific set of growing and cultural management conditions to verify desired efficacy.
- ProGibb T&O is an extremely potent plant growth regulator. The general effects on floriculture crops are to increase plant size through increased stem elongation and leaf and petal expansion. If applied at an improper time, at excessive rates, or too frequently, plants have the potential to become long and spindly with weak stems.

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• SPRAY INSTRUCTIONS FOR ORNAMENTALS

	AZALEA				
CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE	APPLICATION TIMING		
		(ppm a.i.)			
 Do not app 	As a Partial Replacement of Cold Treatment to Break Flower Dormancy Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to partially replace a cold treatment needed to break flower dormancy of azalea.	250-500 for uniform f			
	uch as 'Gloria', 'Prize', and ' chilling has proven effectiv		single spray of 1,000 ppm after g dormancy		
Azalea	As a Complete Substitution of Cold Treatment to Break Flower Dormancy Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to completely substitute for a cold treatment that is needed to break flower dormancy of azalea.	1,000	For four to six consecutive weeks apply a single foliar application of 1,000 ppm. Plants must be at Stage 5 of floral development (i.e., style elongated and open) before first spray is applied. Flowers will not develop properly if applied prior to Stage 5 of floral development.		
-	spray coverage is essential by after flower buds show c		flowering.		

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	AZALEA	(con't)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE (ppm a.i.)	APPLICATION TIMING
Azalea	To Inhibit Flower Bud Initiation During Vegetative Growth Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to inhibit flower bud initiation during vegetative growth of azalea.	100-750	Apply a single foliar application of ProGibb T&O at 100 to 750 ppm beginning 2 to 3 weeks after each pinch. Continue applications on a weekly basis for 1 to 2 weeks after the first application.
Note: Apply a ma	ximum of three application	e	***** *********************************
	CALLA		<u>, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,</u>
Calla Lily	CALLA For increased	500	Soak rhizome or tuber in
Note:	flowering Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to increase the number of flowers per rhizome or tuber in Calla Lilies.		ProGibb T&O at 500 ppm for 10 minutes prior to planting.
			ng soak time or concentration
	esponse to ProGibb T&O.		
	CAME	LLIA	
Camellia	For Substitution of Chilling Requirements and to Increase Bloom Size Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to substitute for the chilling requirements and increase bloom size of camellia.	2.0% solution	Dilute ProGibb T&O in half by mixing equal volumes of product and water. Remove the vegetative bud immediately adjacent to or below the floral bud. Place a single drop of the prepared solution to the vegetative bud scar.
	n of a deposition aid (such ll decrease run-off.	as carboxym	nethylcellulose) to thicken the

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OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE	APPLICATION TIMING
	(ppm a.i.)	
For Uniform Flowering Both bud and foliar applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to promote uniform flowering of cyclamen.	10 to 15	Bud Application: With a dropper apply 8 ml (0.25 fl. oz.) of a 10 to 15 ppm solution directly to the crown when buds are pinhead size in the leaf axils (generally when there are 10 to 12 unfolded leaves). Earlier applications are sometimes ineffective in promoting uniform flowering.
	25	Foliar Application: Apply a single foliar application of 25 ppm directly toward the crown and adjacent leaves when buds are pinhead size in the leaf axils (generally when there are 10 to 12 unfolded leaves). Thoroughly wet the crown.
s or poorly formed flowers.		sometimes result in weakened
For Tree Forms: The following directions are for the	250	For four consecutive weeks apply a single foliar application of 250 ppm. Begin applications after the
	For Uniform Flowering Both bud and foliar applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to promote uniform flowering of cyclamen. In sapplied too late or at exc s or poorly formed flowers. FUCH For Tree Forms:	For Uniform (ppm a.i.) Flowering 10 to 15 Both bud and foliar applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to promote uniform flowering of cyclamen. 25 As applied too late or at excessive rates so or poorly formed flowers. 25 FUCHSIA FUCHSIA

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	GERAN	NUM	
CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE	APPLICATION TIMING
		(ppm a.i.)	
CUTTINGS			
Geranium	For increase in flower number and flower size. Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to increase flower number and flower size of geranium cuttings.	1-5	Apply a single foliar application of 1 to 5 ppm when inflorescence first begins to show color. Direct spray at the developing inflorescence.
Note:			
	ccasionally caused peduncl	-	concentrations higher than 5
Geranium		C 1 C	
Gerannum	For flowering advancement Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to advance flowering 10 to 21 days depending upon variety of geranium.	5-15	Apply a single foliar application of 5 to 15 ppm when first flower bud set is noted. Spray the entire plant to the point of run-off.
	advancement Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to advance flowering 10 to 21 days depending upon variety of	5-15	application of 5 to 15 ppm when first flower bud set is noted. Spray the entire plant
Note:	advancement Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to advance flowering 10 to 21 days depending upon variety of geranium.		application of 5 to 15 ppm when first flower bud set is noted. Spray the entire plant
Note:	advancement Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to advance flowering 10 to 21 days depending upon variety of geranium.		application of 5 to 15 ppm when first flower bud set is noted. Spray the entire plant to the point of run-off.

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	HYDRAI	NGEA	
CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE	APPLICATION TIMING
		(ppm a.i.)	
Hydrangea	For chilling	2-5	For one to four consecutive
	substitution to break		weeks apply a single foliar
	flower bud dormancy		application of 2 to 5 ppm.
	Applications of ProGibb		Begin applications at the star
	T&O have been shown to		of forcing. For best results,
	substitute for chilling		thoroughly cover all growing
	requirements to break		points containing flower
	flower bud dormancy of hydrangea.		buds.
Note:			
	cations or concentrations hig d weakened stems.	gher than 5 p	opm have resulted in stretched.
	POMPOM CHRYS	SANTHEM	UM
Pompom	For Elongated	25-60	Apply a single foliar
Chrysanthemum	Peduncies		application of 25 to 60 ppm 4
	Applications of ProGibb		to 5 weeks after initiation of
	T&O have been shown		short days. Apply directing
	to elongate peduncles of		the spray solution towards th
	Pompom		flower buds.
	chrysanthemum.		
Note:		<u> </u>	
Over-application o	r incorrect timing have caus	sed stretched	l, spindly, and weakened stems
	CHRYSANTHEMUM		
Chrysanthemum	To elongate the cuttings	1-150	Use 125 – 150 gallons of
Stock Plants	prior to harvest		water per acre. Repeat at 3-7
	P		day intervals as needed.
<u> </u>			
	SPATHIPHYLLUM AN	DOTHER	ARACEAE
Spathiphyllum	To accelerate bloom	150-250	Apply a single foliar
	and increase the		application of 150 to 250
	number of flowers per		ppm approximately 9 to 12
	plant		weeks prior to expected date
	Applications of ProGibb		of sale. Spray to the point of
			1 CHIEGHI AND INGENIUM V WA
	T&O have been shown		run-off and thoroughly wet
			all growing points.

'Starlight', 'Tasson', and 'Mauna Loa'. Reduce rates when this is noted. On other cultivars, first evaluate ProGibb T&O on a small number of plants <u>prior to</u> application of the product on a commercial basis.

CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE (ppm a.i.)	APPLICATION TIMING
AGLAONEMA ANTHURIUM	To accelerate bloom and increase the number of flowers per	250-500 250-500	For one to four consecutive weeks apply a single foliar application of 250 to 500
DIFFENBACHIA [°] (Dumb Cane)	plant. Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to increase flowering of Araceae	250-500	ppm. Begin applications at the start of forcing. For best results, thoroughly cover all growing points containing flower buds.
SYNGONIUM	To accelerate bloom and increase the number of flowers per plant. Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to increase flowering of Araceae	500-2,000	For one to four consecutive weeks apply a single foliar application of 500 to 2,000 ppm. Begin applications at the start of forcing. For best results, thoroughly cover all growing points containing flower buds.

Note:

• Application of ProGibb T&O has been shown to reduce the days to flowering and increase the number of flowers per plant. Apply 1 or 2 applications during the vegetative phase of plant development to induce bloom. On other cultivars, first evaluate ProGibb T&O on a small number of plants <u>prior to</u> application of the product on a commercial basis.

APPLICATIONS TO CUT FLOWERS

Apply ProGibb T&O to ornamental plants grown for cut flowers to promote stem elongation and flowering. Applying ProGibb T&O has the potential to dramatically promote flowering in many dicot and some monocot plants.

NOTE: ProGibb T&O is very active and application at an excessive rate results in undesirable effects. First evaluate ProGibb T&O on a small number of plants <u>prior to</u> application of the product on a widespread basis.

	ASTI	ER	
CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE (ppm a.i.)	APPLICATION TIMING
Aster: Callistephus chinensis Monte Carlo-type Novi-type Belgi-type	To promote stem elongation, and break dormancy. Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to increase stem elongation and reduce time to flowering.	50-100	Make 1-3 applications of 50- 100 ppm during the early vegetative period. Apply when plants are 2"- 6" in height. Keep applications 2-3 weeks apart.
78	BABY'S BREAT	H (Gipsopt	nila)
Gipsophila	To accelerate plant growth, increase number of flowering stems, increase flower number and increase uniformity. Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to promote uniform and increased flowering of Gipsophylla.	150-500	Apply 3-4 applications of 150-500 ppm at 4 weeks of growth (after pinching). Keep applications 2 weeks apart.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	BELLS OF IRELA	ND (Moluc	cella)
Moluccella	To accelerate plant growth and stem elongation Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to promote plant growth and stem elongation of Bells of Ireland.	50-100	Apply when plants are 4"- 8" in height. Keep applications 2-3 weeks apart.

CUT FLOWERS

CUT	FLOW	ERS ((con't))

	BUPLU	REUM	
CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE (ppm)	APPLICATION TIMING
Buplureum	To promote plant growth and stem elongation Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to promote plant growth and stem elongation of Buplureum sp.	50-100	Apply as a foliar spray when plants are 4"- 8" in height. Keep applications 2-3 weeks apart.
ann dha ta dhidha an Allain. Mar a dha an	САМРА	NULA	
Campanula medium	To promote plant growth and stem elongation. Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to promote plant growth and stem elongation of Campanula	50-100	Apply as a foliar spray when plants are 4"- 8" in height. Keep applications 2-3 weeks apart.
an a	CANDY TU	FT (Iberis)	
Iberis oderata	To promote plant growth and stem elongation. Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to promote plant growth and stem elongation of Candy Tuft.	50-100	Apply as a foliar spray when plants are 4"- 8" in height. Keep applications 2-3 weeks apart.

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CUT FLOWERS (con't)

	COLUMN STOC	CK (Matthio	ola)
CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE (ppm a.i.)	APPLICATION TIMING
Stock	To promote plant growth and stem elongation. Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to promote plant growth and stem elongation of <i>Matthiola incana</i>	50-100	Apply as a foliar spray when plants are 4"- 8" in height. Keep applications 2-3 weeks apart.
	DELPHI	NIUM	
Delphinium species: including D. elatum, D. grandiflorum, D. belladonna, D. bellamosum, D. cardinale, D. nudicale, and Delphinium hybrids.	To promote plant growth and stem elongation. Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to promote plant growth and stem elongation of Delphinium	50-100	Apply as a foliar spray when plants are 4"- 8" in height. Keep applications 2-3 weeks apart.
	DIDISCUS (Trachyme)	
Trachyme	To promote plant growth and stem elongation. Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to promote plant growth and stem elongation of Didiscus	50-100	Apply as a foliar spray when plants are 4"- 8" in height. Keep applications 2-3 weeks apart.

CUT	FLOWERS	(con't)

	HYDRA	NGEA	
CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE (ppm a.i.)	APPLICATION TIMING
Hydrangea	To promote plant growth and stem elongation. Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to promote plant growth and stem elongation of Hydrangea	50-100	Apply as a foliar spray when plants are 4"- 8" in height. Keep applications 2-3 weeks apart.
	LARKS	SPUR	
Larkspur Consolida ambigua, C. orientalis, Delphinium ajacis	To promote plant growth and stem elongation. Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to promote plant growth and stem elongation of Larkspur	50-100	Apply as a foliar spray when plants are 4"- 8" in height. Keep applications 2-3 weeks apart.
	LISIANTHUS	S (Eustoma))
Lisianthus	To promote plant growth and stem elongation. Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to promote plant growth and stem elongation of <i>Eustoma grandiflora</i> .	50-100	Apply as a foliar spray when plants are 4"- 8" in height. Keep applications 2-3 weeks apart.

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PHLOX			
CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE (ppm a.i.)	APPLICATION TIMING
Phlox Phlox paniculata and Drummondi hybrida	To promote plant growth and stem elongation. Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to promote plant growth and stem elongation of Phlox	50-100	Apply as a foliar spray when plants are 4"- 8" in height. Keep applications 2-3 weeks apart.
	QUEEN ANNE'S	LACE (An	1mi)
Queen Anne's Lace	To promote plant growth and stem elongation. Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to promote plant growth and stem elongation of Queen Anne's Lace	50-100	Apply as a foliar spray when plants are 4"- 8" in height. Keep applications 2-3 weeks apart.
	SAFFLOWER	(Carthamu	s)
Safflower	To promote plant growth and stem elongation. Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to promote plant growth and stem elongation of Safflower	50-100	Apply as a foliar spray when plants are 4"- 8" in height. Keep applications 2-3 weeks apart.

CUT FLOWERS (con't)		-
	SOLIDASTEI	R (Solidago))
CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE (ppm)	APPLICATION TIMING
Solidaster	To promote plant growth and stem elongation. Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to promote plant growth and stem elongation of Solidago.	50-100	Apply as a foliar spray when plants are 4"- 8" in height. Keep applications 2-3 weeks apart.
	STATICE (I	im onium)	
	STATICE (I		
Statice	For earlier flowering and increased flower yield. Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to decrease the time to flower, increase stem elongation, and increase flower yield of Statice.	400-500	Apply as a foliar spray 10 ml (0.33 fl. oz.) of a 400 to 500 ppm solution to each plant when plants are 10 inches or more in diameter (approximately 90 to 110 days after sowing).
Note:			
 Do not make n 	specified rates. fore than one application. wering is also influenced b	y photoperio	od, nutrition, and temperature.
Statice	To promote plant growth and stem elongation. Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to promote plant growth and stem elongation of Statice	50-100	Apply as a foliar spray when plants are 4"- 8" in height. Keep applications 2-3 weeks apart.

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CUT FLOWERS (con't)

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SUNFLOWER (Helianthus)				
CROP/VARIETY	OBJECTIVE/BENEFIT	RATE (ppm)	APPLICATION TIMING	
Sunflower	To promote plant growth and stem elongation. Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to promote plant growth and stem elongation of Sunflower	50-100	Apply as a foliar spray when plants are 4"- 8" in height. Keep applications 2-3 weeks apart.	
	SWEET WILLIA	M (Dianti	nus)	
Sweet William	To promote plant growth and stem elongation. Applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to promote plant growth and stem elongation of Sweet William	50-100	Apply as a foliar spray when plants are 4"- 8" in height. Keep applications 2-3 weeks apart.	

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APPLICATIONS TO TURFGRASS

Foliar applications of ProGibb T&O have been shown to initiate or maintain growth and/or prevent color change during periods of cold stress on Bermudagrass grown in golf courses, parks and turf farms.

Cool Weather App CROP/VARIETY		RATE (grams of a.i./acre)	APPLICATION TIMING
Bermudagrass (Tifdwarf, Tifgreen, and other cultivars)	To initiate or maintain growth and prevent color change during periods of cold stress and light frosts.	10-25	Apply 10 grams a.i./acre weekly or 25 grams a.i./acre biweekly in 25-to-100 gallons of water/acre.
 Maintain ac 	lequate moisture and prope	r fertilization	n programs as required for the
local area. Keep appli Do not use Discontinue occasionall	cations of the high rate at l on dormant turf e treatments if thinning is o y necessary.	east two wee	-
local area.Keep appliDo not useDiscontinue	cations of the high rate at l on dormant turf e treatments if thinning is o y necessary.	east two wee	ks apart.

- Keep applications of the high rate at least two weeks apart.
- Do not use on dormant turf

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• Discontinue treatments if thinning is observed. More frequent mowing is occasionally necessary.

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BEDDING PLANTS, ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL POTTED CROPS (for example: Tree Form Azalea, Flowering Chrysanthemum, Poinsettia) FIELD-GROWN ORNAMENTALS AND BULB CROPS

Application Instructions for Promotion of Plant Growth

Apply ProGibb T&O to bedding plants, annual and perennial potted crops, and bulb crops to promote plant growth. Applying ProGibb T&O has the potential to dramatically promote plant growth of most dicot and some monocot plants. Additionally, utilize a foliar ProGibb T&O application to overcome over-applications of a gibberellin-inhibiting plant growth regulator.

- When applying ProGibb T&O to promote plant growth, start with 1 ppm unless previous experience warrants higher use rates.
- If desired plant results are not achieved, a reapplication or an increase in rate is often warranted.

NOTE: ProGibb T&O is very active and application at an excessive rate results in undesirable stem elongation. First evaluate ProGibb T&O on a small number of plants **before** application of the product on a widespread basis.

Rate (ppm) (parts per million)	Timing	Method
1 to 25	Apply a single application directly to plant foliage	Foliar application

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE:

Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and open flame.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

NOTICE TO USER

To the fullest extent permitted by law, seller makes no warranty, express or implied, or merchantability, fitness or otherwise concerning the use of this product other than as indicated on the label. User assumes all risks of use, storage or handling not in strict accordance with accompanying directions.

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