

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER

CORROSIVE, causes irreversible eye damage/injury. May be fatal if swallowed through skin or inhaled. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Wear goggles or face shield. Wear protective clothing and rubber gloves. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking or using tobacco. Remove contaminated clothing/shoes before reentry.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, rivers, creeks, canals or other waters without first obtaining the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewersystems unless previously notified by the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Waterboard or Regional Office of the EPA.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARD

STRONG OXIDIZING AGENT. Contact with water slowly becomes irritating and hazardous chlorine and bromine containing gases. Decomposes at temperatures above 457°F with liberation of hazardous gases. When ignited, will burn with the evolution of chlorine and equally toxic gases. Always add product to large quantities of water. Use clean, dry stomach. Do not add this product to any depressurizing equipment or any other product. Such an action may cause a violent reaction leading to a fire or explosion. Contact with sensitive, organic material, or other chemicals may start a chemical reaction with generation of heat, liberating hazardous gases, and possible fire and explosion. When shock loading product should not fill in stagnant water should feeder shuts off. Pray the feeder with minimal air or water flow between shock treatments.

In case of fire or explosion: Call the fire department. Do not attempt to extinguish the fire without a self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Do not let the fire burn. Flood with copious amounts of water. Do not use ABC or other dry chemical extinguishers since there is the potential for a violent reaction.

In case of contamination or decomposition: Do not reuse containers. Follow instructions on label.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Pesticide Disposal: Store product in original container in areas inaccessible to children, in a cool dry well ventilated area. Do not store a elevated temperatures. Pesticides are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixtures or residuals is a violation of Federal Law. If this material cannot be disposed of by an according to label instructions contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance. The preferred disposal methods are incineration or chemical treatment in accordance with local, State and Local regulations. Do not put product, spilled product, or filled or partially filled containers into trash or into a septic tank. Contact with incompatible materials could cause a reaction and fire. Do Not transport wet or damp material.

Container Disposal:

Wash: Return empty tank for reuse. Do not vent, wash or clean inside of tank.
Triple Rinse: Completely empty bag into application equipment. Remove and triple rinse polyethylene liner. Dispose of every bag and liner in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or if allowed by State and Local authorities, by burning. If allowed, do not reuse bag.
Overfilling: Completely empty liner by shaking sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application equipment. Remove and triple rinse polyethylene liner. The disposal of liner in a sanitary landfill or by incineration is allowed by State and Local authorities. If it is contaminated and cannot be reused, dispose of in the same manner.
Triple Rinse or Equivalent: Then after transferring or reconditioning or practices and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or if allowed by State and Local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Stellar

75 tabs

JUL 25 2001

Under The Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the purpose of registration.

MICROBICIDIDE

TO CONTROL THE GROWTH OF SLIME FORMING BACTERIA, FUNGI AND ALGAE IN RECIRCULATING WATER SYSTEMS, SEWAGE WASTEWATER SYSTEMS, POOLS, TOILET BOWLS AND BREWERY PASTEURIZER WATER

Active Ingredients:

Trichloro-s-triazinone 75.0%

Inert Ingredients

25.0%

100.0%

Available Chlorine 68.0%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

If Swallowed: Drink promptly a large quantity of water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Avoid alcohol. Get medical attention.

If in Eyes: Flush with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

If on Skin: Immediately wash off excess chemical and flush with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash clothing before reuse. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

If Inhaled: Remove person to fresh air. Get medical attention.

Notes to Physicians: Probable successful dosage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

See side panel for DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Stellar Technology Company

1647 Saugat Business Blvd.

Saugat, IL 62206

618-337-1700

EPA Reg. No. 72437-4

EPA Est. No. 58401-IL-1

Net Contents 50 lbs

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

TO CONTROL THE GROWTH OF SLIME FORMING BACTERIA, FUNGI AND ALGAE IN RECIRCULATING WATER SYSTEMS, SEWAGE WASTEWATER SYSTEMS, POOLS, TOILET BOWLS AND BREWERY PASTEURIZER WATER

For Commercial/Industrial Recirculating Water Systems

This product is intended for use in the following specific sites: Air Washer Systems, Commercial/Industrial Water Cooling Systems, Evaporative Condenser Water Systems, Commercial Pool and Aquatics, Hot Exchange Water Systems, Laboratory/Pharmaceutical (Without Humans or Wildlife Use), Industrial Scrubbing Systems, Industrial Auxiliary Water Systems, Industrial Process Water, Industrial Waste Disposal Systems, Pasteurizer/Winery/Cannery Cooling Water Systems.

This product may be added to the system continuously or intermittently as needed with a wide variety of tablet dissolving devices (feeders, bags, buckets, etc.) or by direct placement into the water at a point where the product will be uniformly mixed with water. The frequency and duration of treatment will depend on the severity of contamination. Badly loaded systems must be cleaned before treatment begins.

Intermittent, Stop and Continue Feed Methods

INITIAL DOSE: When the system is noticeably fouled, add this product at a rate of 0.1 to 0.5 lbs per 1,000 gallons (12 to 60 grams per 1000 liters) in the system to achieve 0.5-Waag. Total available chlorine as chlorine, as measured by a suitable test kit. Repeat dosage until residual is achieved.

SUBSEQUENT DOSE: When microbial control is evident, add this product at a rate of 0.02 to 0.10 lbs per 1,000 gallons (2.4 to 12 grams per 1,000 liters) in the system to achieve 0.5-1.0 mg/L total available chlorine as chlorine, as measured by a suitable test kit. Repeat periodically as needed to maintain control.

FOR POOLS

It is recommended that the pool be stabilized with cyanuric acid stabilizer to verify the disinfection effect of sunlight on chlorine. Follow the directions on the label for that product.

The filter system should be backwashed or properly cleaned and the pH adjusted between 7.2 and 7.8. It is necessary that the pool be superchlorinated before using the product so that a free chlorine reading of 1.0 and 3.0 is obtained. The product should be used in various types climates. Summers, prechlorinating swimmers or feeders. Never add product directly to the pool. Adjust whatever feeding mechanism is used to obtain a consistent treatment level of 1.0 - 2.0 ppm free available chlorine in the pool water (usually 1-2 oz. Per 10,000 gallons per day for pools) (heavy leather lead will rapidly reduce chlorine residual). The regular use of a free chlorine test kit will determine if further adjustments are necessary. A shock treatment should be made every week during hot weather or after a heavy rain. Less frequent shock treatment can be made during cooler weather. For shock treatment add a fast dissolving chlorine according to the label for that product. Swimmers should not be permitted in the pool after shock treatment until the chlorine residual is below 3.0 ppm.

FOR TOILET BOWLS

When used as directed, this product will sanitize toilet bowl water, keeping it clean, clear and free of odor. Sanitizing formula kills 99.9% of germs in toilet bowl water after each flush. Clean and deodorize. To Sanitize, Clean and Deodorize: For best results, clean toilet bowl thoroughly, including under the rim. Get open package. Do not touch the tablet directly. Flush toilet. When water level in tank is low drop tablet into right rear corner of the tank. When tablet has dissolved, replace tablet with a new tablet. Each tablet sanitizes for 3 months or up to 14 weeks. This product contains no phosphates or phosphorus compounds. Does not harm plumbing or septic tanks.

72437-4

7/25/2001

11