

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION 9

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER

SEE PRECAUTIONARY
STATEMENTS ON BACK PANEL

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
Sodium Hypochlorite 9%
INERT INGREDIENTS 91%
Total 100%

EPA Reg. No. 72315-4
EPA Est. No. 72315-TN-001

FIRST AID	
If inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
<p>Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.</p> <p>NOTE TO PHYSICIAN - Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.</p>	

Net Wt. 1 GALLON
OLIN CORPORATION
501 MERRITT SEVEN, NORWALK, CT. 06904

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS: DANGER

Corrosive. May cause severe skin and eye irritation or chemical burns to broken skin. Causes eye damage. Wear safety glasses or goggles and rubber gloves when handling this product. Wash after handling. Avoid breathing vapors. Vacate poorly ventilated areas as soon as possible. Do not return until strong odors have dissipated.

PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL HAZARDS:

Strong oxidizing agent. Mix only with water according to label directions. Mixing this product with chemicals (e.g. ammonia, acids, detergents, etc.) or organic matter (e.g. urine, feces, etc.) will release chlorine gas which is irritating to eyes, lungs and mucous membranes.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD:

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, ponds, streams, estuaries, oceans or public waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL:

Store this product in a cool, dry, area away from direct sunlight and heat to avoid deterioration. In case of spill, flood areas with large quantities of water. Product or rinsates that cannot be used should be diluted with water before disposal in a sanitary sewer. Do not reuse empty container but place in trash collection. Do not contaminate food or feed by storage, disposal, or cleaning of equipment.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE: It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with it's labeling. Note: This product degrades with age. Use a chlorine test kit and increase dosage, as necessary, to obtain the required level of available chlorine.

SWIMMING POOL WATER

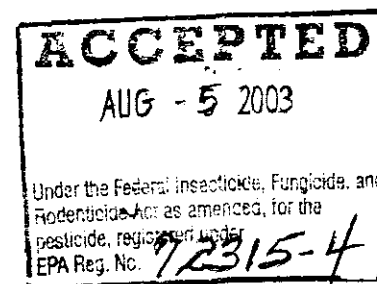
DISINFECTION:

For a new pool or spring start-up, superchlorinate with 65 to 130 ounces of product for each 10,000 gallons of water to yield 5 to 10 parts per million (ppm) of available chlorine by weight. Check the level of available chlorine with a test kit. Adjust and maintain pool water pH between 7.2 to 7.6. Adjust and maintain the alkalinity of the pool to between 50 to 100 ppm.

To maintain the pool, add manually or by a feeder device 13 ounces of this product for each 10,000 gallons of water to yield an available chlorine residual between 0.6 to 1 ppm by weight.

Stabilized pools should maintain residual of 1 to 1.5 ppm available chlorine. Test the pH, available chlorine residual and alkalinity of the water frequently with appropriate test kits. Frequency of water treatment will depend on temperature and number of swimmers.

Every 7 days, or as necessary, superchlorinate the pool with 65 to 130 ounces of product for each 10,000 gallons of water to yield 5 to 10 ppm available chlorine. Check the level of available chlorine with a test kit. Do not reenter pool until the chlorine residual is between 1 to 3 ppm.



72315-4

8/5/2003

Page 181