

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

January 27, 2020

Narasimha Rao Kothapalli Authorized Representative Coromandel International Limited c/o Parry America Inc. 1521 N Cooper St. Ste 350 Arlington, TX 76011

Subject: Non-PRIA (Pesticide Registration Improvement Act) Labeling Amendment – Addition of

New Use Site, Hemp, to Sublabels 1-9 Product Name: Neemazal T/S 1.2 EC EPA Registration Number: 71908-1 Application Date: September 30, 2019

OPP Decision Number: 556409

Dear Mr. Kothapalli:

The amended labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, is acceptable.

This approval does not affect any terms or conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing terms or conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one (1) copy of the final printed labeling before you release this product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR § 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR § 152.3.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to your company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under FIFRA and is subject to review the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). If the website is false or misleading, the product will be considered to be misbranded and sale or distribution of the product is unlawful under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR § 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements the EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should

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the EPA find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA-approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance.

Your release for shipment of this product constitutes acceptance of these terms. If these terms are not complied with, this registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6.

If you have any questions, please contact Menyon Adams by phone at (703) 347-8496 or via email at adams.menyon@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Gina Burnett, Senior Regulatory Advisor Biochemical Pesticides Branch

Biochemical Pesticides Branch
Biopesticides and Pollution

NU

Prevention Division (7511P)

Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure

MASTER LABEL

ACCEPTED

01/27/2020

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 71908-1

NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: % By Wt.

Contains 0.0987 lb. azadirachtin per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

71908-1

Sublabel 1: [Commercial Agriculture market segment]

> NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC BOTANICAL - AZADIRACHTIN-BASED BOTANICAL, ANTIFEEDANT, REPELLANT AND INSECT GROWTH REGULATOR, FOR USE ON GREENHOUSE AND OUTDOOR FOOD CROPS, ORNAMENTAL FLOWERS, HEMP, TREES, SHRUBS AND PLANTS.

Sublabel 2: [Turf and Ornamental market segment]

> ECOGARDEN™ (Alternate Product Name) BOTANICAL INSECTICIDE, REPELLANT, ANTIFEEDANT AND INSECT GROWTH REGULATOR (IGR). BOTANICAL PRODUCT FOR CONTROL OF INSECTS ON INDOOR AND OUTDOOR TREES, SHRUBS, FLOWERS, FRUIT AND NUT TREES, INDOOR AND OUTDOOR VEGETABLES, ORNAMENTAL FLOWERS, HEMP, TREES, TURFGRASS, SHRUB S AND PLANTS, INCLUDING PLANTS GROWN IN CONTAINERS, AND INTERIORSCAPES.

Sublabel 3: [Home and Garden market segment]

> AZAMAX™ (Alternate Product Name) BOTANICAL INSECTICIDE, MITICIDE AND NEMATICIDE, REPELLANT, ANTIFEEDANT AND INSECT GROWTH REGULATOR (IGR)

INDOOR AND OUTDOOR, ORNAMENTAL FLOWERS, HEMP, TREES, SHRUBS, VEGETABLES, F RUIT AND NUT TREES, PLANTS INCLUDING PLANTS GROWN IN CONTAINERS, RECIRCULATO RY, AEROPONIC, AND HYDROPONIC SYSTEMS, INTERIORSCAPES, AND HOME AND GARDEN.

Sublabel 4: [Turf and Ornamental market segment]

> ECOGARDEN™ (Alternate Product Name) BOTANICAL INSECTICIDE, MITICIDE AND NEMATICIDE REPELLANT, ANTIFEEDANT AND INSECT GROWTH REGULATOR (IGR) FOR CONTROL OF INSECTS ON FRUIT AND NUT TREES, INDOOR AND OUTDOOR VEGETABLES, ORNAMENTAL FLOWERS, HEMP, TREES, SHRUBS AND PLANTS INCLUDING PLANTS GROWN IN CONTAINER S, INTERIORSCAPES AND GARDEN USE.

Sublabel 5: [Home and Garden market segment]

> ECOGARDEN™ (Alternate Product Name) BOTANICAL INSECTICIDE, MITICIDE AND NEMATICIDE SINGLE DOSE DELIVERY CARTRIDGE FOR CONTROL OF INSECTS ON FRUIT AND NUT TREES. I NDOOR AND OUTDOOR VEGETABLES, ORNAMENTAL FLOWERS, HEMP, TREES, SHRUBS AND PLANTS INCLUDING PLANTS GROWN IN CONTAINERS, INTERIORSCAPES AND GARDEN USE.

Sublabel 6: [Home and Garden market segment]

> ECOGARDEN™ (Alternate Product Name) BOTANICAL INSECTICIDE, MITICIDE AND NEMATICIDE SINGLE DOSE DELIVERY SACHET FOR CONTROL OF INSECTS ON FRUIT AND NUT TREES, I NDOOR AND OUTDOOR VEGETABLES, ORNAMENTAL FLOWERS, HEMP, TREES, SHRUBS AND PLANTS INCLUDING PLANTS GROWN IN CONTAINERS, INTERIORSCAPES AND GARDEN USE.

Sublabel 7: [Home and Garden market segment]

ECOGARDEN® (Alternate Product Name) BOTANICAL INSECTICIDE, MITICIDE AND NEMATICIDE SINGLE DOSE SPRAYER SYSTEM FOR CONTROL OF INSECTS ON FRUIT AND NUT TREES, I NDOOR AND OUTDOOR VEGETABLES, ORNAMENTAL FLOWERS, HEMP, TREES, SHRUBS, AND PLANTINGS INCLUDING PLANTS GROWN IN CONTAINERS, INTERIORSCAPES AND HOME AND GARDEN USE.

Sublabel 8: [Home and Garden market segment]

ECOGARDEN™ (Alternate Product Name) BOTANICAL INSECTICIDE, MITICIDE AND NEMATICIDE WATER SOLUBLE SACHET FOR CONTROL OF INSECTS ON FRUIT AND NUT TREES, INDOOR AND OUTDOOR VEGETABLES, ORNAMENTAL FLOWERS, HEMP, TREES, SHRUBS AND PLANTS INCLUDING PLANTS GROWN IN CONTAINERS. INTERIORSCAPES AND GARDEN USE.

Sublabel 9: [Home and Garden market segment]

ECOGARDEN™ (Alternate Product Name) BOTANICAL INSECTICIDE, MITICIDE AND NEMATICIDE WATER SOLUBLE CAPSULE FOR CONTROL OF INSECTS ON FRUIT AND NUT TREES, INDOOR AND OUTDOOR VEGETABLES, ORNAMENTAL FLOWERS, HEMP, TREES, SHRUBS AND PLANTS INCLUDING PLANTS GROWN IN CONTAINERS. INTERIORSCAPES AND GARDEN USE.

See Directions for Use for a Complete List of Insects Controlled.

NET CONTENTS ____ GALLONS

EPA Reg. No. 71908-1

EPA Est. No. 71908-IND-001 USA Phone Number: 972-325-1227 COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED Coromandel House, Sardar Patel Road Secunderabad 500 003 Telangana India

NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC

AZADIRACHTIN-BASED BOTANICAL, ANTIFEEDANT, REPELLANT AND INSECT GROWTH REGULATOR

FOR USE ON GREENHOUSE AND OUTDOOR FOOD CROPS, ORNAMENTAL FLOWERS, HEMP, TREES, SHRUBS AND PLANTS



FOR ORGANIC PRODUCTION

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	% B	y Wt
Azadirachtin		1.2%
OTHER INGREDIENTS	<u>g</u>	98.89
	TOTAL 100	0.00%

Contains 0.0987 lb. (44.8 g) azadirachtin per gallon.

CAUTION

mouth if possible. Call poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. If on skin or clothing Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. If in eyes Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.							
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clothing doctor for treatment advice. If in eyes Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. If swallowed Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.	If inhaled						
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~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	If swallowed						
CALL THE POISON CONTROL HOTLINE 24 HOURS A DAY AT 1-888-478-0798	Hav	Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.					
		CALL THE POISON CONTROL HOTLINE 24 HOURS A DAY AT 1-888-478-0798					

#### READ ALL DIRECTIONS BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail).

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Caution: Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through skin or if inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing vapor. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wear chemical resistant gloves.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

#### Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- · Long sleeved shirt and long pants
- · Chemical resistant gloves
- Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates.

For Terrestrial Uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

Treated seed exposed on soil surface may be hazardous to birds, other wildlife, and fish. Cover or collect seeds spilled during loading.

#### **USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

NET	CONTENTS	GALLONS
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EPA Reg. No. 71908-1 EPA Est. No. 71908-IND-001 USA Phone Number 972-325-1227 Batch Number:xxxxx COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED Coromandel House, Sardar Patel Road Secunderabad 500 003 Telangana India

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the state or tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard (WPS).

Do not enter or allow entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical resistant gloves
- Shoes plus socks

#### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in the box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses. For uses that do not fall under the Agricultural Use Requirements: Keep unprotected persons out of treated areas until sprays have dried.

#### PRODUCT MODE OF ACTION

**NEEMAZAL® T/S 1.2 EC CONTROLs** target pests on contact or by ingestion. The product acts on pests by way of repellence, antifeedance and interference with the molting process. The buyer or user is reminded that the degree of efficacy of the product is largely dependent on weather conditions, intensity of pest population, area of application, type of pest, and physical stages of pests and crops.

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Read all directions before using this product.

Apply **NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC** as directed to any food or non-food crop up to and including the day of harvest, at a maximum rate of 3½ pints/Acre. Refer to the Use Site Section for a complete listing of crops.

#### MIXING

Shake well before using. Add required amount of **NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC** to a clean spray tank with at least one-half of the water to be sprayed. Constant agitation is required, particularly with tank mixes. Agitate the mixture thoroughly and then fill the tank with remaining water and continue agitation. Thorough mixing is necessary for uniform coverage. Non-uniform mixing can cause crop injury or can result in lowered effectiveness. For tank mixes, add other components to the tank containing the **NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC** spray mixture and agitate thoroughly. If tank mixture is allowed to sit, agitation is necessary prior to application. Adjusting the spray mixture pH between 5.5 and 7 will provide optimal performance. Always use this product promptly after mixing with water and do not let tank mix sit for any extended period.

COMPATIBILITY: NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC has been found to be compatible with most commonly used pesticides and fertilizers. To avoid problems, conduct a compatibility test before using this product in a tank mix with other pesticides or with fertilizers. To test for compatibility, mix a small amount of each product, in the appropriate proportions, in a small jar test.

A jar test can quickly determine physical compatibility. The process of conducting jar test is given below:

STEP 1: Add one pint of water to a glass jar with a lid. (Use the same water source that will go in the tank.).

STEP 2: Check spray water pH and adjust if necessary. Often, the pesticide label will give the optimal pH range for best results.

STEP 3: Add the pesticides to the jar you plan to use one at a time, and shake vigorously after each addition.

STEP 4: After all products have been added, shake again, let the solution stand for 15 minutes and then shake one last time and observe the results.

Results: Jar is cool to the touch, and mixture is smooth. Then it is compatible mixture.

PHYTOTOXICITY: NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC has been evaluated for phytotoxicity on a wide range of crops and ornamentals. However, since testing on all varieties of all crops and ornamentals is not feasible, testing a small portion of the area to be treated for phytotoxicity is recommended before treating the entire area. Further, all possible combinations or sequences of pesticide sprays, including other fertilizers, surfactants, adjuvants and other pesticides, have not been tested, thus testing for phytotoxicity of spray mixtures is recommended. It is further recommended that spray equipment used to apply NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC be thoroughly cleaned before use. The addition of spray adjuvants enhances control in some crops under ideal conditions. Addition of certain adjuvants may cause phytotoxicity therefore, the addition of crop oils and other adjuvants should be thoroughly tested before using. Do not add crop oils to spray mixtures on ornamental crops. Captan, Bordeaux mixtures, and highly alkaline products cause unacceptable phytotoxicity and/or reduced effectiveness on target pests. Avoid tank mix combinations of NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC plus compounds known to be incompatible with oil-based formulations to prevent phytotoxicity. "Waxy bloom" on certain crops and ornamental plants is reduced after a NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC application.

### **APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS**

For optimal performance spray product as soon as possible when pests are expected or when pests first appear. For foliar applications, apply **NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC** in sufficient spray volume and with adequate spray pressure to ensure complete and thorough coverage of all plant surfaces including both the top and bottom of leaves. Avoid excessive runoff. Best results are obtained following 2-3 applications made at 7-10 day intervals. When pest pressure is heavy or plant canopy is dense, use higher rates and increase spray frequency. Spraying in the morning or evening hours will provide the best results. Repeat application if rain occurs within two to three hours of spraying.

#### SPRAY DIRECTIONS

Apply **NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC** as a foliar spray or a drench to soil or non-soil media to control insects. When needed, soil drenches can also be used to control soil-borne pests, including soil-borne larvae of foliar insect pests. When applying as a drench, avoid excessive leaching. **NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC** can also be applied through sub-surface soil treatment equipment. Always follow equipment manufacturer's use directions. **NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC** may be applied using any powered or manual pesticide application equipment which includes, but is not restricted to, high volume, low volume, ultra-low volume, electrostatic, fogging and chemigation. Follow the original manufacturer's instructions when using these types of equipment.

DRENCH AND ORNAMENTAL SPRAY DIRECTIONS FOR LABELED PLANTS GROWN IN GREENHOUSES, SHADECLOTHS AND NURSERIES When used as a soil drench, apply one pint of finished spray for each gallon of soil in the pot. For most pests apply 18-21 oz. NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC per 100 gallons of water. For treatment of harder to control pests, such as Dipteran leafminers, use up to 27 ounces per 100 gallons of water. Do not exceed 57 oz of NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC per acre per application.

#### **RATES**

Use **NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC** at 1-2 pints/acre for most pest and crop conditions. Under extremely heavy pest pressure up to 3 ½ pints may be used. Do not use less than 5 oz. per acre of **NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC** alone. When tank mixed with other insecticidal products, the rate of **NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC** may be reduced by ½, but not less than 4 oz per acre. Use up to 2.6 oz/1000 square feet for manure and compost treatments.

#### **GENERAL CHEMIGATION INSTRUCTIONS**

Apply this product only through low pressure, drip (trickle) or sprinkler (center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, solid set or hand move) irrigation systems.. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

If you have questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Dilute NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC with water before introduction into the system. Use the diluted mixture within 8 hours. Do not apply in irrigation water if the pH exceeds 7.0. The optimum pH range for application is 5.5 - 6.5. If needed, the pH of the irrigation water can be adjusted by use of a suitable buffering agent. Agitation is necessary. Apply at the rate indicated in APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS using sufficient water to achieve an even distribution.

# For Chemigation Systems Connected to Public Water Systems

- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

# In addition, all directions and requirements specified for Sprinkler Irrigation Systems must be followed. Sprinkler Irrigation Systems

The system must contain a functional check valve and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch that will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Center pivot, motorized lateral move, or traveling gun types of equipment: Inject into the system for one revolution or run. Shut off injection equipment after one revolution or run, but continue to operate irrigation system until NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC has been cleared from the last sprinkler head. Do not use end guns. The system should be run at maximum speed for a foliar application.

Wheel move, side roll, end tow, solid set, or hand move types of equipment: Adjust equipment to inject NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC over a 30-60 minute period. Shut off injection equipment. Continue to operate irrigation system until NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC has been cleared from the last sprinkler head. NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC can be injected at the end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application. Do not use end guns. NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC must be premixed in a supply tank with water and other appropriate tank-mix chemicals. Agitation is necessary at all times.

Attention must be exercised in irrigation waters with a pH greater than 7. If the irrigation cycle will last longer than 8 hours and the NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC is premixed in the supply tank, the tank mix must be buffered to a pH of 6 or lower. Please contact your Company sales representative should this situation apply. Application is to be made in sufficient water and of sufficient duration to apply the appropriate rate evenly over the entire treated area.

No field runoff can be permitted during chemigation.

#### **USE SITES**

AGRICULTURAL USE SITES - Use NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC on agricultural use sites including, but not limited to, the following:

**BERRIES GROUP, such as:** Blackberry, Blueberry, Currant, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Huckleberry, Loganberry, Raspberry (black and red) Note: For Strawberries – see miscellaneous.

BULB VEGETABLES, such as: Garlic, Leek, Onion (dry bulb, green and Welch), Shallot

CEREAL GRAINS and GRAINS GROUP, such as: Barley, Buckwheat, Corn, Millet (pearl and Proso), Oats, Popcorn, Rice, Rye, Sorghum (milo), Teosinte. Triticale. Wheat. Wild rice

CITRUS FRUITS, such as: Calamondin, Citrus citron, Citrus hybrids, Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin (tangerine), Orange (sour and sweet), Pummelo, Satsuma mandarin, White Sapote, Uniq Fruit

#### COTTON AND TOBACCO

**CUCURBIT VEGETABLES, such as:** Chayote, Chinese waxgourd, Citron melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Gourd (edible), Muskmelon, Pumpkin, Squash (summer and winter), Watermelon

FORAGE CROPS, including but not limited to: Alfafla, Alfaalfa Seed, Clover, Trevoil or Vetch.

FRUITING VEGETABLES, such as: Eggplant, Groundcherry, Pepino, Pepper (including bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper), Tomatillo, Tomato

HERBS AND SPICES GROUP, such as: Allspice, Angelica, Anise (anise seed and star), Annatto (seed), Balm (lemon balm), Basil, Borage, Burnet, Camomile, Caper buds, Caraway, Caraway (black), Cardamom, Cassia bark, Cassia buds, Catnip, Celery seed, Chervil (dried), Chive, Chinese Chive, Cinnamon, Clary, Clove buds, Coriander (cilantro or Chinese parsley – leaf), Coriander (cilantro-seed), Costmary, Culantro (leaf and seed), Cumin, Curry (leaf), Dill (dillweed and seed), Fennel (common, Florence), Fenugreek, Grains of paradise, Horehound, Hyssop, Juniper berry, Lavender, Lemongrass, Lovage (leaf and seed), Mace, Marigold, Marjoram, Mustard (seed), Nasturtium, Nutmeg, Parsley (dried), Pennyroyal, Pepper (black and white), Poppy (seed), Rosemary, Rue, Saffron, Sage, Savory (summer and winter), Sweet bay (bay leaf), Tansy, Tarragon, Thyme, Vanilla, Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood

LEGUME VEGETABLES (Succulent or Dried), such as: Bean, Broad Bean, Chickpea, Guar, Jackbean, Lablab bean, Lentil, Pea, Pigeon Pea, Soybean, Sword bean

LEAFY AND BRASSICA (COLE) VEGETABLES, such as: Amaranth, Arugula, Broccoli, Broccoli raab (rapini), Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Cardoon, Cavalo broccolo, Celery, Chinese Broccoli (gai lon), Chinese Cabbage (bok choy, Napa), Chinese mustard Cabbage (gai choy), Chinese Celery, Celtuce, Chervil, Chrysanthemum (edible-leaved, Garland), Collards, Corn salad, Cress (garden, upland), Dandelion, Dock (sorrel), Endive (escarole), Fennel (florence), Kale, Kohlrabi, Lettuce (head and leaf), Mizuna, Mustard Greens, Mustard Spinach, Orach, Parsley, Purslane (garden, winter), Radicchio (red chicory), Rape Greens, Rhubarb, Spinach, Spinach (New Zealand, vine), Swiss Chard, Turnip Greens

MISCELLANEOUS, such as: Asparagus, Avocado, Banana, Coffee, Cocoa, Cranberry, Fig, Globe artichoke, Grape, Hops, Kiwifruit, Mango, Mushroom, Okra, Olives, Papaya, Pawpaw, Peanut, Persimmon, Pineapple, Pomegranate, Strawberry, Tea, Water chestnut, Watercress, and all other food crops

**POME FRUITS GROUP, such as:** Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Quince, Oriental Pear, or Pear (Comice varieties such as Concorde, Seckel, Forelle and Gem): DO NOT apply more than 24 fl oz/A. DO NOT apply after pink stage of flowering; test small areas of other varieties of pears for plant safety prior to full scale useage.)

ROOT AND TUBER VEGETABLE GROUP, such as: Arracacha, Arrowroot, Artichoke (Jerusalem, Chinese), Beet (garden, sugar), Burdock (edible), Canna (edible), Carrot, Cassava (bitter and sweet), Celeriac (celery root), Chayote (root), Chervil, (turnip-rooted), Chicory, Chufa, Dasheen (taro), Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Oriental Radish (daikon), Parsley (turnip-rooted), Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Rutabaga, Salsify (oyster plant, black, Spanish), Skirret, Sweet potato, Tanier, Turmeric, Turnip, Yam bean (jicama, manoic pea), Yam (true)

**OTHER CROPS: Hemp** 

STONE FRUIT GROUP, such as: Apricot, Cherry (sweet and tart), Nectarine, Peach, Plum (Chickasaw, Damson, Japanese), Plumcot, Prune TREE AND NUT GROUP, such as: Almond, Beech nut, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert (hazelnut, Hickory nut, Macadamia nut (bush nut), Pecan, Walnut (black and English), Pistachios

**TROPICAL FRUITS**, **such as**: Papaya, Black Sapote, Canistel, Mamey Sapote, Mango, Sapodilla, Star Apple, Guava, Feijoa, Jaboticaba, Wax Jambu, Star Fruit, Passion Fruit, Acerola, Lychee, Longan, Spanish Lime, Rambutan, Pulasan, Sugar Apple, Atemoya, Custard Apple, Cherimoya, Ilama, Soursop, and Biriba.

ORNAMENTAL-USE SITES — NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC may be used on Ornamental Use sites including, but not limited to, the following:
ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS AND PLANTS, such as: Amaranthus, Aster, Azalea, Ferns, Fuschia, Caladium, Carnation, Chrysanthemum, Dahlia, Daisy, Lilies, Ivy, Ficus, Gardenia, Impatiens, Iris, Jasmine, Lilac, Marigold, Philodendron, Poinsettia, Rose, Zinnia

ORNAMENTAL TREES, such as: Ash, Birch, Cedar, Cyprus, Dogwood, Fir, Elm, Juniper, Maple, Oak, Pine, Spruce

# CHRISTMAS TREES AND CHRISTMAS TREE PLANTATIONS

NON-CROP USE SITES – Use NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC on non-crop use sites including, but not limited to, the following:
UNCULTIVATED AGRICULTRAL AREAS, such as: farm yards, fuel storage areas, fence rows, rights-of-way, fallow land; soil bank land, barrier strips

GENERAL SOIL TREATMENTS, such as: Manure, Composts, Cull piles, Mulches, soil application with no mention of crops to be grown (potting soil, tops soil)

#### **PESTS**

### NeemAzal® T/S 1.2 EC may be used against the following pests:

Aphids (such as pea aphid, Rosy Apple Aphid), Beetles (such as Japanese beetle), Borers, (such as peachtree borers, peach twig borers), True Bugs, (such as Lygus bugs, stink bugs), Caterpillars, (such as leafrollers, cutworms, loopers, armyworms), Flies (such as walnut husk fly, leafminers and fungus gnats), Leafhoppers, Leafminers, Whiteflies, Mealy Bugs,, Mites, Psyllids (such as pear psylla), Weevils, Scales (such as San Jose scale), Thrips, (such as western flower thrips).

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL					
	Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal				
Pesticide Storage:	Store in original container in a dry, cool, well ventilated area.				
Pesticide Disposal:	Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.				
Container Disposal:	Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available or dispose of in trash or in a sanitary landfill or by incineration. Do not burn, unless allowed by State and local ordinances.				

#### NOTICE ON CONDITIONS OF SALE

The directions for use of this product are based upon tests believed to be reliable, and the directions for use must be followed. To the extent applicable by law the use of this product being beyond the control of the manufacturer, no guarantee, expressed or implied, is made as to the effects of such or the results to be obtained if not used in accordance with directions or established safe practice. To the extent applicable by law, the buyer must assume all responsibility, including injury or damage, resulting from its misuse as such, or in combination with other materials.

# **EcoGarden** TM

# **BOTANICAL**

# BOTANICAL INSECTICIDE, REPELLANT, ANTIFEEDANT AND INSECT GROWTH REGULATOR (IGR)

- BOTANICAL PRODUCT FOR CONTROL OF INSECTS ON INDOOR AND OUTDOOR TREES, SHRUBS, FLOWERS, HEMP, FRUIT AND NUT TREES, VEGETABLES AND PLANTS.
- INDOOR AND OUTDOOR VEGETABLES, ORNAMENTAL FLOWERS, HEMP, TREES, TURFGRASS, SHRUBS AND PLANTS, INCLUDING PLANTS GROWN IN CONTAINERS, AND INTERIORSCAPES.



# For Organic Gardening

<b>ACTIVE I</b>	INGREDIENT:	% By Wt.
Azadira	achtin	
OTHER II	NGREDIENTS	<u>98.8%</u>
TOTAL		

Contains 0.0987 lb. (44.8 g) azadirachtin per gallon.

# CAUTION

	FIRST AID			
If inhaled	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.			
If on skin or clothing	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.			
If in eyes	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.			
If swallowed				
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.				
CALL THE POISON CONTROL HOTLINE 24 HOURS A DAY AT 1-888-478-0798				

NET CONTENTS _1 qt, 1 or 2.5_ GALLONS Batch Number: xxxxx

EPA Reg. No. 71908-1

EPA Est. No. 71908-IND-001 USA Phone Number: 972-325-1227 COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED Coromandel House, Sardar Patel Road Secunderabad 500 003 Telangana India

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Harmful if absorbed through skin or if inhaled. Avoid breathing vapor. Causes moderate eye irritation. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wear chemical resistant gloves.

### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and handlers must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt
- Long pants
- Socks and shoes
- Chemical resistant gloves

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates.

For Terrestrial Uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

#### **USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

This is an end use product. Coromandel International Ltd. does not intend that this product be reformulated or repackaged except under a toll repackaging agreement.

## **Agricultural Use Requirements**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, greenhouses and handlers of agricultural products. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on the label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notification to workers and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box apply to the uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow any worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

For early entry into treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, water, wear coveralls, chemical resistant gloves, shoes plus socks and protective eyewear.

#### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in the box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses. Keep unprotected persons out of treated areas until sprays have dried

#### PRODUCT DESCRIPTION:

EcoGarden™ Insecticide is a botanical product for control of insects on indoor and outdoor plants including ornamental trees, shrubs, flowers, vegetables, turfgrass, fruit trees and nut trees.

When used as a component of an Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program, **EcoGarden™** Insecticide provides an effective resistance management tool.

#### MODE OF ACTION:

**EcoGarden™** Insecticide controls target pests on contact or by ingestion. The product acts on pests by way of repellence, anti-feedance, and interference with the molting process.

Azadirachtin, an insect growth regulator (IGR), mimics the pests' hormones and disrupts distinct stages of growth and development of insects and mites. The primary mode of action of azadirachtin is an interference with synthesis and metabolism of ecdysone and the juvenile hormone. Ecdysone is the molting hormone of insects, and azadirachtin can regulate growth leading to death before or during molting.

INDOOR AND OUTDOOR ORNAMENTAL TREES, SHRUBS, FLOWERS, AND PLANTS ESTABLISHED IN RESIDENTIAL, LANDSCAPE PLANTINGS AROUND INSTITUTIONAL, PUBLIC, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL BUILDINGS, PARKS, RECREATIONAL AREAS, GREENHOUSES, SHADECLOTHS, NURSERIES, AND ATHLETIC FIELDS.

**EcoGarden™** Insecticide has been evaluated for phytotoxicity on a wide range of ornamentals and crops. However, since testing on all plant varieties is not feasible, test a small portion of the area to be treated for phytotoxicity before treating the entire area. All possible combinations or sequences of pesticide sprays, including other fertilizers, surfactants, adjuvants and other pesticides have not been tested. Thus, testing for phytotoxicity of spray mixtures is recommended.

The professional user assumes the responsibility for determining the level of tolerance of treated plants to **EcoGarden™** Insecticide when applied alone or in tank-mix combinations under commercial growing conditions.

Waxy bloom on certain ornamental plants is reduced after a **EcoGarden™** Insecticide application.

Applications of EcoGarden™ will remove the glaucus 'blue' coloring from evergreens such as Colorado blue spruce and Koster spruce.

Use EcoGarden™ Insecticide on the following plants:

Ornamental Plants and Flowers including but not limited to:	Actinopteris, African violets*, ageratum, aglaonema, Algerian ivy, allamanda, alocasia, amaranthus, anthurium, aphelandra, arborvitae, Artemisia, aster, aucuba ilex, azalea, baby's breath, begonia, Boston fern, bougainvillea, boxwood, brachycome, cacti, calabrese, caladium, calathea, calendula, calla, camellia, carnation, ceanothus, chrysanthemum, cineraria, coleus, columbine, cotoneaster, cyclamen, daffodil, dahlia, daisy, daylily, delphinium, dianthus, dieffenbachia, dogwood, dusty miller, Easter lily, English ivy, euphorbia, fern, ficus, foliage plants, foxglove, freesia, fuschia, gaillardia, gardenia, geranium, gerbera, gladiola, gloxinia, gypsophilla, hedera, hibiscus, hyacinth, hydrangea, ilex, impatiens, iris, ivy, jasmine, lilac, lily, maidenhair fern, mandevilla, marigold, narcissus, nasturtium, orchid*, pansy, pelargonium, peony, peperomia, petunia, philodendron, phlox, photinia, pinks, pittosporum, poinsettia*, pothos, portulaca, primrose, pyracantha, rhododendron, rose*, rosemary, rubber plant, salvia, schefflera, sedum, sempervivum, snapdragon, spathiphyllum, stock, syngonium, tulip, verbena, vinca, wandering jew, yucca, zinnia  *Please note that when making applications to these species, spotting of plant foliage is possible.
Ornamental Trees and Shrubs including but not limited to:	Andromeda, arborvitae, ash, Austrian pine, azalea, beech, birch, birdsnest spruce, blue spruce, bougainvillea, boxwood, butternut, cedar, charmaecyparis, cherry, cotoneaster, crabapple, cyprus, dogwood, Douglas fir, elm, euonymus, firethorn, forsythia, hackberry, hawthorn, hemlock, hickory, holly, honey locust, horse chestnut, juniper, larch, laurel, lilac, linden, London planetree, magnolia, mandevilla, maple, mimosa, mountain ash, myrtle, oak, pachysandra, peach, photinia, pine, planetree, poplar, privet, purpleleaf wintercreeper, quince, sage, spruce, sycamore, white cedar, white pine, yew
Other Crops	Нетр

# PESTS CONTROLLED OR SUPPRESSED

Use  $\mathbf{EcoGarden^{TM}}$  Insecticide against the following pests presented in Table 1.

TABLE 1. TARGET PEST SPECIES OF EcoGarden™ INSECTICIDE.

including but not limited to: true bugs including boxelder bugs, chinch bugs, lygus bugs and stink bug;  lacebugs; leafhoppers including grape leafhopper, spittlebug, potato leafhopper and variegated leafhopper; mealy bugs including apple mealy bugs, citrus mealy bugs, grape mealy bugs;  whiteflies including greenhouse whitefly, silverleaf whitefly and sweet potato whitefly and woolly whitefly; aphids including apple aphid, green peach aphid, melon aphid, pea aphid, potato aphid and rose aphid;  psyllids including pear psyllids and scales including black scale, brown soft scale, California red scale, coffee scale, olive scale, San Jose scale, and cottony cushion scale.	Including but not limited to:  Moths including European pine shoot moth, pine tip moth and Tussock moth; leafrollers including blueberry leafroller, filbert leafroller, fruitree leafroller, citrus leafminers, grape leafroller, oblique banded leafroller, omnivorous leafroller;  Cutworms including black cutworm and citrus cutworm;  Caterpillars and loopers including bagworms, budworms, cabbage looper, canker worms, case bearers, caseworms, corn earworm, diamondback moth, fruit worms, grapeleaf skeletonizer, gypsy moth, hornworms, imported cabbageworm, navel orangeworm, soybean looper, spruce budworm, tent caterpillar, tip moths, tent caterpillars, tobacco budworm, tobacco hornworm, tomato pinworm and tussock moth;  Armyworms including beet armyworm, fall armyworm, lawn armyworm, southern armyworm and yellow striped armyworm; webworms and leaf
201505551	perforators.
including but not limited to: beetles, grubs and weevils including Asian long-horned beetle, bark beetles, black vine weevil, Colorado potato beetle, elm bark beetle, European chafer, flea beetles, Japanese beetle, June beetle, leaf beetles, Mexican bean beetle, Northern masked chafer, rose chafer and Southern masked chafer and twig girders.	Including but not limited to:*  Flies including Caribbean fruit fly, cherry maggots, crane fly, fungus gnat, Hessian fly, oriental fruit fly, Mediterranean fruit fly, marsh crane flies, melon fly, shore fly and walnut husk fly; leafminers including citrus leafminers and serpentine leafminers.  *Not intended for use on public health pests
THYSANOPTERA	ACARINA
including but not limited to:  thrips including citrus thrips, flower thrips, gladiolus thrips, onion thrips, thrips palmi and Western flower thrips.	Including but not limited to:* mites including, red spider mites, brown mite, clover mite, conifer spider mite, European red mite, spruce spider mite, and two-spotted spider mite.  *Not intended for use on public health pests
ORTHOPTERA	HYMENOPTERA
including but not limited to:	Including but not limited to:*
crickets; grasshoppers; locusts	sawflies including European sawflies, pear sawflies, red-headed pine sawflies, yellow-headed pin sawflies.
	*Not intended for use on public health pests
NEMATODA	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	I .
nematodes (suppression)	

#### SPRAY PREPARATION

EcoGarden™ Insecticide is an emulsifiable concentrate to be diluted with water.

#### Water as diluent:

Add one-half the required amount of water to the spray tank, then add **EcoGarden™** Insecticide slowly with agitation, and complete filling the tank with water. To prevent separation of the emulsion, mix thoroughly and continue agitation while spraying.

This product forms an emulsion and can separate upon extended or prolonged standing. Re-agitate to assure uniformity of the spray mixture.

Adjusting the mixture pH to between 5 and 7 will provide optimal performance Do not use tank additives that alter the pH of the spray solution above pH 7. Buffer the spray solution to alter the pH range as appropriate.

Prepare only the volume needed for the intended application, and use the spray mixture within 24 hours of preparation.

#### **TANK MIXTURES**

**EcoGarden™** Insecticide is an emulsifiable concentrate and is compatible with commonly used pesticides and fertilizers. Always check the physical compatibility using a jar test in the correct proportions if needed.

A jar test can guickly determine physical compatibility. The process of conducting jar test is given below:

- STEP 1: Add one pint of water to a glass jar with a lid. (Use the same water source that will go in the tank.).
- STEP 2: Check spray water pH and adjust if necessary. Often, the pesticide label will give the optimal pH range for best results.
- STEP 3: Add the pesticides to the jar you plan to use one at a time, and shake vigorously after each addition.
- STEP 4: After all products have been added, shake again, let the solution stand for 15 minutes and then shake one last time and observe the results.
- Results: Jar is cool to the touch, and mixture is smooth. Then it is compatible mixture.

If a broader spectrum of control is required tank-mix **EcoGarden™** Insecticide with insecticides or miticides. If a rapid knockdown of heavy populations is necessary, then include an effective contact insecticide/miticide in combination with **EcoGarden™** Insecticide.

Tank mixtures are for use only in states where the companion product(s) and the application site are registered.

Always read and follow the directions for use, precautions and limitations for use on all product labels used in combination. Applications must follow the precautions and limitations of the most restrictive product label in the mixture. Do not exceed the dosage rates of any product.

#### Select the right companion products:

IPM uses a variety of control options including biological, chemical, and cultural practices. Azadirachtin is botanical with growth regulator effect on insects and mites. Companion products include pyrethroids, spinosyns, microbial toxins, and chloronicotinyls that can complement azadirachtin. Formulations of bifenthrin, spinosad, abamectins, and imidacloprid are effective for different pests. Select the product that has been proven to provide adequate performance for the pests you are trying to control.

### **Physical Incompatibility**

Do not use **EcoGarden** Insecticide with Captan, Bordeaux mixture, triphenyltin hydroxide, lime sulfur, Rayplex iron or other highly alkaline materials as they can cause phytotoxicity and/or reduced efficacy on some target pests. Tank-mix combinations with compounds known to be incompatible with oil-based formulations are not to be used or phytotoxicity will occur.

#### **ADJUVANTS**

The addition of adjuvants may enhance control under certain conditions; the use of adjuvants or oils will cause phytotoxicity and should be thoroughly tested prior to use. Do not add crop oils to spray mixtures intended for use on ornamental plants, flowers, trees, and shrubs.

### APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

# **Ground Equipment**

Apply **EcoGarden** Insecticide with hand-operated (manual) or power spray equipment suitable for low volume and/or high volume applications. Follow the recommendations of the equipment manufacturer when using backpack sprayers, hose-end sprayers, compression (pump-up) sprayers, and other sprayers suitable for foliar applications of insecticides.

# Chemigation and Subsurface Equipment

EcoGarden™ Insecticide may also be applied through chemigation systems and sub-soil treatment equipment; always follow equipment manufacturer's directions.

#### APPLICATION SCHEDULE

For the most effective control, apply the product when pests are expected to appear or as soon as possible after pests appear and are in immature stages. Spray at an interval of seven (7) to ten (10) days or as the situation warrants.

During high pest infestation levels or when canopy is dense use higher dosage (use) rates and increase the spray frequency. Spraying in the morning or evening hours is recommended. Repeat spraying if rain occurs within two to three hours of spraying. For additional guidance, consult with the state agricultural experiment station or local extension horticulturalist/arborist for information on tactics and windows of application.

#### **APPLICATION RATES**

Use **EcoGarden™** Insecticide on ornamental pests as a spray concentration of 0.25 - 1.70% vol/vol per treatment with high volume applications in Table 2.

The application rates are specified as rate ranges depending upon the pest infestations:

Lower rate ranges with a spray concentration of 0.25 - 0.75% vol/vol: Use lower rate ranges for light infestations of lepidopterous insects, at the first sign or at the first observation of the early and uniform growth stages of the pest(s), and/or tank mixtures with contact insecticides.

Medium rate ranges with a spray concentration of 0.75 - 1.25% vol/vol: Use medium rate ranges for moderate infestations, when multiple growth stages of the pests are present, and/or heterogeneous pesticide populations are present.

**Upper rate ranges with a spray concentration of 1.25 - 1.70% vol/vol:** Use upper rate ranges for moderate to heavy pest populations of difficult-to-control pest species, for the late stages of larva/worms, for dense foliage, and/or when re-infestations occur.

#### **High Volume Applications:**

Apply **EcoGarden** Insecticide at spray concentration of 0.25 - 1.70% v/v in sufficient amounts of water to achieve complete coverage. Use an adequate spray volume to wet the leaves (foliage) and stems. Spray volumes will vary with the plant size. Attempt to penetrate dense foliage. Thorough coverage of the upper and lower leaf surfaces is critical for effective levels of control.

Refer to Table 3 for the amounts of **EcoGarden™** Insecticide required to prepare spray concentrations of 0.25% to 1.70% for spray volumes of 1 gallon to 200 gallons.

#### Specialized Low Volume Applications:

Select a spray volume to achieve sufficient coverage. Uniform coverage of both upper and lower leaf surfaces is critical for effective insect control.

Apply **EcoGarden™** Insecticide in a *minimum* spray volume of 5 gallons per acre. Larger plants will require the higher spray volumes (20 - 25 gallons per acre) to obtain sufficient coverage. Do not exceed 20 grams active ingredient per acre per application or 57 fl. oz. of product per acre per application. Refer to Table 4 for the amounts of **EcoGarden™** Insecticide required to prepare spray concentrations of 0.25% to 1.70% for spray volumes of 5 - 25 gallons per acre.

TABLE 2. APPLICATION RATES FOR ORNAMENTALS ESTABLISHED IN RESIDENTIAL, LANDSCAPE PLANTINGS AROUND INSTITUTIONAL, PUBLIC, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL BUILDINGS, PARKS, RECREATIONAL AREAS, GREENHOUSES, SHADECLOTHS, NURSERIES, AND ATHLETIC FIELDS

		SPRAY	Amounts of EcoGarden™ Insecticide			
USE	PESTS	CONCENTRATION%	Fluid ounces per gallon	Fluid ounces per 100 gallons	Quarts per 100 gallons	
Including trees, shrubs, flowers, conifers,	Armyworms Azalea caterpillars Aphids	Lower rate ranges of 0.25 - 0.75% vol/vol:	0.32-1.0 fl. oz	32-96 fl. oz.	1.0-3.0 qts.	
evergreens, herbaceous ornamentals,	Bagworms Black vine weevils Boxelder bugs	Medium rate ranges of 0.75 - 1.25% vol/vol:	1.00-1.60 fl. oz.	96-160 fl. oz.	3.0-5.0 qts.	
foliage plants, container-grown ornamentals,	Budworms Cankerworms Cutworms	Upper rate ranges of 1.25 - 1.70% vol/vol:	1.60-2.18 fl. oz.	160-218 fl. oz.	5.0-6.8 qts.	
plants, Hemp, and groundcovers	Eastern tent caterpillars Elm leaf beetles European sawflies					
	Fall webworms Flea beetles Forest tent caterpillars					
	Gypsy moth larvae Japanese beetles June beetles					
	Lace bugs Leaf-feeding caterpillars					
	Leafhoppers Leafminers Leaf rollers					
	Leaf skeletonizers Oleander moth larvae Pine sawflies					
	Pine shoot beetles Pinetip moths Plant bugs					
	Sawflies (larva) Scale insects (crawlers)					
	Spruce budworm Striped beetles Striped oakworms					
	Thrips Tussock moth larvae Brown softscale					
	California redscale (crawler) Clover mites					
	Mealybugs Pineneedlescale (crawler)					
	Spider mites Whiteflies and other species identified					
	in Table 1.					

TABLE 3. SPRAY PREPARATION FOR HIGH VOLUME APPLICATIONS FOR SPRAY CONCENTRATIONS OF 0.25% to 1.70%.

Gallons			Amounts of	EcoGarden™ Ins	ecticide For:		
Of Water	0.25%	0.50%	0.75%	1.00%	1.25%	1.50%	1.70%
1 gallon	0.32 fl. oz.	0.64 fl. oz.	0.96 fl. oz.	1.28 fl. oz.	1.60 fl. oz.	1.94 fl. oz.	2.18 fl. oz.
5 gallons	1.60 fl. oz.	3.2 fl. oz.	4.8 fl. oz.	6.4 fl. oz.	8.0 fl. oz.	9.7 fl. oz.	10.9 fl. oz
10 gallons	3.2 fl. oz	6.4 fl. oz	9.6 fl. oz	12.8 fl. oz	16.0 fl. oz	19.4 fl. oz	21.8 fl. oz
25 gallons	8.0 fl. oz	16.0 fl. oz	24.0 fl. oz	32 fl. oz	1.25 qts.	1.50 qts.	1.70 qts.
50 gallons	16.0 fl. oz	32.0 fl. oz	1.50 qts.	2.0 qts.	2.5 qts.	3.0 qts.	3.4 qts.
100 gallons	1.0 qt.	2.0 qts.	3.0 qts.	4.0 qts.	5.0 qts.	6.0 qts.	6.8 qts.
150 gallons	1.5 qts.	3.0 qts.	4.5 qts.	6.0 qts.	7.5 qts.	9.0 qts.	10.2 qts.
200 gallons	2.0 qts.	4.0 qts.	6.0 qts.	8.0 qts.	10.0 qts.	12.0 qts.	13.6 qts.

TABLE 4. SPECIALIZED SPRAY PREPARATION FOR LOW VOLUME APPLICATIONS OF 5 - 25 GALLONS PER ACRE WITH SPRAY CONCENTRATIONS OF 0.25% to 1.70%.

Spray Concentration	Spray Volume, Gallons Per Acre					
Desired, % vol/vol	5 gpa	10 gpa	15 gpa	20 gpa	25 gpa	
0.25% v/v	1.6 fl. oz/acre	3.2 fl. oz/acre	4.9 fl. oz/acre	6.5 fl. oz/acre	8.0 fl. oz/acre	
0.50% v/v	3.2 fl. oz/acre	6.4 fl. oz/acre	9.6 fl. oz/acre	12.8 fl. oz/acre	16.0 fl. oz/acre	
0.75% v/v	4.8 fl. oz/acre	9.6 fl. oz/acre	14.4 fl. oz/acre	19.2 fl. oz/acre	24.0 fl. oz/acre	
1.00% v/v	6.4 fl. oz/acre	12.8 fl. oz/acre	19.2 fl. oz/acre	25.5 fl. oz/acre	32.0 fl. oz/acre	
1.25% v/v	8.0 fl. oz/acre	16.0 fl. oz/acre	24.0 fl. oz/acre	32.0 fl. oz/acre	40.0 fl. oz/acre	
1.50% v/v	9.6 fl. oz/acre	19.2 fl. oz/acre	28.9 fl. oz/acre	38.5 fl. oz/acre	48.0 fl. oz/acre	
1.70% v/v	10.8 fl. oz/acre	21.6 fl. oz/acre	32.5 fl. oz/acre	43.3 fl. oz/acre	54.0 fl. oz/acre	

#### SPECIFIC USE INSTRUCTIONS:

#### Decision-making for IPM:

Scouting, monitoring, sampling, record-keeping, and predictive models are techniques to determine *if* and *when* insecticide/miticide applications are needed. The application schedule should coincide with the most vulnerable stage of the pest. For azadirachtin, target the most vulnerable stages of young larvae and young nymphs. The early larval stages and the early instar stages are more susceptible to this IGR than the later stages of the same pests.

#### For Lepidoptera:

- · Armyworms: Apply when larvae are small.
- Bagworms: Apply when bags are small and larvae are actively feeding.
- Gypsy moth larvae: Apply when larvae are small and all eggs have hatched.
- · Spruce budworms: Apply when larvae are exposed and actively feeding.

#### For Acarina:

• Spider mites: Apply when nymphs are first observed and before mite populations have become severe. Use multiple applications with 7-10 day intervals until infestation is controlled. Thorough coverage of both upper and lower leaf surfaces is needed.

#### For Thysanoptera:

• Thrips: Apply early at first signs of infestation and repeat until infestation is controlled.

#### For Hymenoptera:

• Sawfly: Apply when larvae are small. Refer to tree injection method of this label.

#### For Hemiptera and Homoptera:

- Leafhoppers: Apply when first observed and repeat applications at 5 7 day intervals.
- · Mealybugs: Obtain thorough coverage of leaves and twigs.
- Scale: Obtain thorough coverage of leaves and twigs.

### For Coleoptera:

- Beetles: Apply early at first signs of infestation and repeat applications at 7 10 day intervals.
- Japanese beetle (adults): Use foliar applications to repel adult feeding and treat at 5 7 day intervals.

#### For Diptera:

• Leafminers: Apply early to larvae when stippling or mining of leaves is first observed. Repeat applications at 7 - 10 day intervals until infestation is controlled.

# TURFGRASS ESTABLISHED IN RESIDENTIAL (LAWNS), INSTITUTIONAL, PUBLIC, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL SITES, PARKS, RECREATIONAL AREAS, GOLF COURSES, SOD FARMS, AND ATHLETIC FIELDS

Use EcoGarden™ Insecticide to control the pests presented in Table 5. Dilute EcoGarden™ Insecticide in water.

The most vulnerable stage to this product is young larvae and nymphs. Schedule treatments for the early larval stages and early instars when populations are established, but before turf damage becomes noticeable.

The maximum rate on turfgrass of **EcoGarden™** Insecticide is 57.0 fl. oz of product per acre per application or 1.3 fl. oz product per 1,000 sq. ft. per application. Apply at a rate up to 57 fl. oz of product per acre. Use the higher rate specified on this label for moderate to heavy infestations.

#### Irrigation

Avoid (delay or postpone) irrigation for 12 - 24 hours after application of this product.

#### Mowing:

Avoid (delay or postpone) mowing of the treated area for 12 - 24 hours after treatment.

Degree day and plant phenology models can assist in developing the appropriate application schedule for the target pests. Consult your state university or local Cooperative Extension Service office for specific pest control application timing in your area.

**EcoGarden™** Insecticide can be tank mixed with other insecticide/miticides if a broader spectrum of pest control is required. Observe all precautionary statements and follow all label directions of companion product(s).

#### Specific Use Instructions:

- 1. Armyworms: Apply during the early morning or late afternoon to maximize control.
- 2. Sod webworm larvae: Applications in the late afternoon or early evening can maximize control.

TABLE 5. APPLICATION RATES FOR TURFGRASS ESTABLISHED IN RESIDENTIAL (LAWNS), INSTITUTIONAL, PUBLIC, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL SITES, PARKS, RECREATIONAL AREAS, GOLF COURSES, SOD FARMS, AND ATHLETIC FIELDS.

USE	PESTS	Amount of EcoGa	rden™ Insecticide	Spra	Number of Applications &	
		fl. oz/acre	fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft.	gals./acre	gals./1000 sq. ft.	Interval Days
Cool-Season and Warm- Season Turfgrass	Larvae and nymphs of these pests including but not limited to:	Up to 57.0 fl. oz	Up to 1.3 fl. oz	40 - 100 gpa	1-2 gal/1,000 sq. ft.	As needed, 7 days
	Armyworms Bermudagrass mite Cutworms Grasshopper Sod webworm					

#### DRENCH APPLICATION FOR GREENHOUSES, NURSERIES, INTERIORSCAPES AND FOR PLANTS GROWN IN CONTAINERS:

Use **EcoGarden™** Insecticide as a soil drench for effective control of soil-borne insect larvae, including soil-borne larvae of foliar pests, such as fungus gnats, nematodes, or soil borne thrips. When applying as a drench, avoid excessive leaching.

Preventive applications as a soil drench may be warranted for certain pests. Soil drench applications of azadirachtin will have a slower rate of activity because of soil absorption when compared to foliar applications of azadirachtin. Target the initial application of a soil drench treatment to coincide with the early stages of young larvae and young nymphs.

Dilute **EcoGarden**TM Insecticide with water for concentrations of 0.4 to 0.8% vol/vol. Drench the soil in the pot with one (1) pint of finished spray per 1.0 gallon of soil. For fungus gnats, use the 0.4% spray concentration. For mushroom fly maggot control, use the 0.6% vol/vol spray concentration. For leafminers and other difficult to control pests, use the 0.8% vol/vol spray concentration. Two to three (2-3) applications should be scheduled at 10-14 day intervals until the pest pressure has ended.

#### **DILUTION TABLE FOR DRENCH APPLICATIONS**

Gallons of	Amount of EcoGarden™ Insecticide		Application	Number of	
Water	0.4%	0.6%	0.8%	Interval	Applications
1 gallon	1 Tbs.	1.5 Tbs.	2.0 Tbs.	10 - 14 days	2 - 3
5 gallons	2.7 fl. oz	4.0 fl. oz	5.5 fl. oz	10 - 14 days	2 - 3
10 gallons	5.4 fl. oz	8.0 fl. oz	11.0 fl. oz	10 - 14 days	2 - 3
100 gallons	1.7 qts.	2.5 qts.	3.4 qts.	10 - 14 days	2 - 3

EcoGarden™ Insecticide can also be applied through sub-surface treatment equipment. Always follow manufacturer's use directions.

#### TREE INJECTION

Inject EcoGarden™ Insecticide into mature trees established in landscapes, residential settings, nurseries, and forestry sites.

Use appropriate tree injection equipment and follow the instructions provided by the equipment manufacturer.

#### **Application Schedule For Tree Injections**

Consult with your state agricultural experiment station, extension specialist, or your local U.S. Forest Service authority for information on the application schedule for specific pests in your area.

#### **Pests Controlled and Hosts:**

PESTS	HOSTS
Spruce budworm larva	White Spruce
	Black Spruce
	Balsam Fir
Pine false webworm	Eastern White Pine
	Red Pine
Pine sawfly larvae	White Pine
Cedar leafminer	White Cedar

#### **Dosage Rate For Tree Injections**

Use appropriate injection equipment. Inject at the rate of 0.37 - 0.74 fl. oz (11 - 22 ml) of product per inch tree trunk diameter at breast height. Or, inject at the rate of 0.127 - 0.25 grams azadirachtin per inch tree trunk diameter at breast height.

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR VEGETABLES, HERBS AND SPICES, FRUITS, AND BERRIES

- For the most effective control, spray the product as soon as possible after pests appear and are in immature stages.
- Spray at an interval of seven to ten days or as the situation warrants. During high pest infestation levels use higher label rates and increase the spray frequency.
- For best results spray in the morning or evening hours.
- Repeat spraying if rain occurs within two to three hours of spraying.

#### SPRAY EQUIPMENT

Use any suitable application equipment to ensure uniform coverage.

#### **USE RATES**

Apply **EcoGarden™** Insecticide as directed to any food or non-food crop up to and including the day of harvest, at a maximum rate of 57 fl. ozs. (20 grams active ingredient) per acre (1.33 fl. ozs. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per application. Rates in Table 6 pertain to typical pest infestations.

Apply **EcoGarden™** Insecticide alone to food crops on the day of harvest.

Dilute **EcoGarden™** Insecticide with water at 0.5 - 4.0 tablespoons (Tbs) per gallon of water. For hose end sprayers, set the RATE PER GALLON at the dial setting of 1 to 4 Tbs. depending on the crop and pests. Use the lower RATE PER GALLON for low to moderate infestations and use the higher specified RATE PER GALLON for severe infestations.

TABLE 6. USE RATES FOR VEGETABLES, HERBS AND SPICES, BERRIES AND FRUIT.

		Dilution Rate for Sprayers		
CROP	PESTS such as:	Fl. Ozs. of product per 1,000 Sq. Ft.	Tbs. of product per 1.0 gallon of water	
Leafy Vegetables including but not limited to: Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage,	Leafrollers, Cutworms, Loopers, Armyworms	0.19 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	¾ Tbs 4 Tbs./gal	
Cauliflower, Collards, Endive, Kale, Lettuce, Spinach	True Bugs, Leafhoppers, Whiteflies, Aphids, Beetles, Weevils, Flies, Thrips, Mites	0.24 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	1 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal	
Root Vegetables, including but not limited to: Beet,	Beetles, Weevils	0.11 - 0.25 fl. ozs.	½ Tbs 1 ½ Tbs./gal	
Carrot, Horseradish, Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Sweet potato, Turnip, Yams	True Bugs, Leafhoppers, Whiteflies, Aphids, Leafrollers, Cutworms, Loopers, Armyworms, Flies, Thrips, Mites	0.24 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	1 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal	
Fruiting Vegetables including but not limited to: Eggplant,	Beetles, Weevils	0.29 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal	
Pepper, Tomatillo, Tomato	Thrips	0.29 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal	
	True Bugs, Leafhoppers, Whiteflies, Aphids, Leafrollers, Cutworms, Loopers, Armyworms, Flies, Mites	0.24 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	1 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal	
Cucurbit Vegetables including but not limited to: Cucumber.	Beetles, Weevils	0.29 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal	
Gourd (edible), Muskmelon, Pumpkin, Squash,	Thrips	0.29 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal	
Watermelon, including Cantaloupe, Casaba, Gherkins, Melons (including hybrids), Zucchini	True Bugs, Leafhoppers, Whiteflies, Aphids, Leafrollers, Cutworms, Loopers, Armyworms, Flies, Mites	0.24 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	1 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal	
Legume Vegetables including but not limited to: Bean,	Beetles, Weevils	0.29 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal	
Chickpea, Lentil, Pea	Thrips	0.29 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal	
	True Bugs, Leafhoppers, Whiteflies, Aphids, Leafrollers, Cutworms, Loopers, Armyworms, Flies, Mites	0.24 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	1 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal	
Bulb Vegetables including but not limited to: Garlic, Onion,	Beetles, Weevils	0.29 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal	
Shallot	Thrips	0.29 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal	
	True Bugs, Leafhoppers, Whiteflies, Aphids, Leafrollers, Cutworms, Loopers, Armyworms, Flies, Mites	0.24 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	1 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal	

Berries including but not	Beetles, Weevils	0.29 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
limited to: Blackberry,	2000 S	\$000,000,000 (\$0.000,000 \$600	
Blueberry, Raspberry,	Thrips	0.29 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
Strawberry, others include:			
Boysenberry, Currants,	True Bugs, Leafhoppers, Whiteflies,	0.24 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	1 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
Dewberry, Elderberry,	Aphids, Leafrollers, Cutworms,		
Gooseberry, Loganberry	Loopers, Armyworms, Flies, Mites		
Herbs and Spices including	Beetles, Weevils	0.29 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
but not limited to: Chive, Dill,			
Fennel, Mustard, Sage,	Thrips	0.29 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
Sweet bay, others include:			
Anise, Balm, Basil, Black	True Bugs, Leafhoppers, Whiteflies,	0.24 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	1 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
pepper, Borage, Caraway,	Aphids, Leafrollers, Cutworms,		
Catnip, Chamomile,	Loopers, Armyworms, Flies, Mites		
Coriander, Cumin, Curry			
leaf, Dandelion, Fenugreek,			
Horehound, Hyssop, Marjoram, Marigold, Mint,			
Nasturtium, Pennyroyal,			
Peppermint, Rosemary,			
Savory, Spearmint, Tansy,			
Tarragon, Thyme,			
Wintergreen, Woodruff,			
Wormwood			
Nut Trees including but not	Beetles, Weevils	0.29 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
limited to: Almond, Brazil	2001.00, 11001110	0.20 0.00 m 020.	2 150. 1 150. ga.
nut, Filbert, Hickory nut,	Thrips	0.29 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
Pecan, Pistachios, Walnut		0.20	
	True Bugs, Leafhoppers, Whiteflies,	0.24 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	1 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
	Aphids, Leafrollers, Cutworms,	10,000 10,000 10,000	
	Loopers, Armyworms, Flies, Mites		
Pome Fruits including but not	Beetles, Weevils	0.29 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
limited to: Apple, Quince, or	**		-
Pear (Comice varieties: DO	Thrips	0.29 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
NOT apply more than 24 fl		3,000,000	
oz/A. DO NOT apply after	True Bugs, Leafhoppers, Whiteflies,	0.24 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	1 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
pink stage of flowering; test	Aphids, Leafrollers, Cutworms,		
small areas of other varieties	Loopers, Armyworms, Flies, Mites		
of pears for plant safety prior			
to full scale usage.)			
Stone Fruits including but not	Beetles, Weevils	0.29 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
limited to: Apricot, Cherry,	The state of	0.00 0.00 7	0.71 4.77
Nectarine, Peach, Plum	Thrips	0.29 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
	True Buge Leefberger Wilder	0.04 0.00 fl	4 The - 4 The /!
	True Bugs, Leafhoppers, Whiteflies,	0.24 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	1 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
	Aphids, Leafrollers, Cutworms, Loopers, Armyworms, Flies, Mites		
Citrus Fruits including but not	Beetles. Weevils	0.29 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
limited to: Grapefruit,	Deedes, vveeviis	0.29 - 0.90 II. 028.	2 Tus 4 Tus./gai
Lemon, Lime, Orange	Thrips	0.29 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
others include: Citrus	Timpa	0.23 - 0.30 11. 025.	2 103 4 103./yai
Citron, Mandarin	True Bugs, Leafhoppers, Whiteflies,	0.24 - 0.96 fl. ozs.	1 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
(tangerine), Nectarine,	Aphids, Leafrollers, Cutworms,	3.21 0.00 11. 020.	1 155 1 155./gai
Satsuma (orange	Loopers, Armyworms, Flies, Mites		
mandarin), Tangerine			
a.iaaiiii, raiigoiiiio	l .	1	

#### **CHEMIGATION GENERAL INFORMATION**

Apply this product only through drip (trickle) or sprinkler irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place. Direct your questions concerning calibration to your State Extension Service Specialist, the equipment manufacturer, or other expert. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of a responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Dilute **EcoGarden™** Insecticide with water before introduction into the system. Use the diluted solution within 8 hours. Do not apply in irrigation water if the pH exceeds 7.0. The optimum pH range for application is 5.5 to 6.5. The pH of the irrigation water can be adjusted by use of a

suitable buffering agent. Agitation is necessary. Apply at the specified rate using sufficient water to achieve an even distribution within an 8-hour period. Do not apply **EcoGarden™** Insecticide at a rate that exceeds 3.5 pints active ingredient per acre (57 fl. oz).

. If the irrigation cycle will last longer than 8 hours and the **EcoGarden™** Insecticide is premixed in the supply tank, the tank mix must be buffered to a pH of 8 or lower.

For Chemigation Systems Connected to A Public Water System: Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of a year.

Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone (RPZ), backflow preventer or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction.

There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the flow outlet end of the fill pipe and the top of overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speeds favor drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Operation Of Sprinkler Chemigation Or Drip (Trickle) Utilizing A Pressurized Water And Pesticide Injection System: The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch that will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL  Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal		
Pesticide Storage:	Store in original container in a dry, cool, well ventilated area.	
Pesticide Disposal:	Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.	
Container Disposal:	Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available or dispose of in trash or in a sanitary landfill or by incineration. Do not burn, unless allowed by State and local ordinances.	

#### NOTICE ON CONDITIONS OF SALE

The directions for use of this product are based upon tests believed to be reliable, and the directions for use must be followed. To the extent applicable by law the use of this product being beyond the control of the manufacturer, no guarantee, expressed or implied, is made as to the effects of such or the results to be obtained if not used in accordance with directions or established safe practice. To the extent applicable by law, the buyer must assume all responsibility, including injury or damage, resulting from its misuse as such, or in combination with other materials.

## Advertising claims that may be presented on the retail container label or on the labeling accompanying the product.

- Controls mites, caterpillars, whiteflies, thrips, aphids, and other insects as listed on this label.
- · Controls chewing and sucking insects
- · Low-odor formulation
- · Broad-spectrum control
- · Can be applied the day of harvest
- For use on a wide variety of trees, shrubs, flowers, fruit and nut trees, vegetables and plants
- Low (Mild) odor
- Organic Materials Review Institute (OMRI) Listed.
- For Organic Gardening
- Systemic and Translaminar Activity
- Ideal Tool for IPM and IRM Programs

# **AzaMax®**

# **Botanical Insecticide, Miticide, and Nematicide**

# REPELLANT, ANTIFEEDANT AND INSECT GROWTH REGULATOR (IGR)

• BOTANICAL PRODUCT FOR CONTROL OF INSECTS ON-INDOOR AND OUTDOOR -ORNAMENTAL FLOWERS, HEMP, TREES, SHRUBS, VEGETABLES, FRUIT AND NUT TREES, AND PLANTS, INCLUDING PLANTS GROWN IN CONTAINERS, RESIDENTIAL RECIRCULATORY, AEROPONIC, AND HYDROPONIC SYSTEMS, INTERIORSCAPES, HOME AND GARDEN USE.



# For Organic Gardening

See the Directions for Use for a Complete List of Insects Controlled.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	% By Wt.
Azadirachtin	1.2%
OTHER INGREDIENTS	98.8%
TOTAL	100.00%

Contains 0.35 grams azadirachtin per fluid ounce.

# CAUTION

	FIRST AID		
If inhaled	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-		
	mouth if possible. Call poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.		
If on skin or	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or		
clothing	doctor for treatment advice.		
If in eyes	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes,		
× .	then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.		
If swallowed	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do		
	not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.		
Have	Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.		
	CALL THE POISON CONTROL HOTLINE 24 HOURS A DAY AT 1-888-478-0798.		

NET CONTENTS: 1 fl. oz, 2 fl. oz, 4 fl. oz., 8 fl. oz., 16 fl. oz, 32 fl. oz., 1 gal, 2.5 gal, or 6 gal

EPA Reg. No. 71908-1 EPA Est. No. 71908-IND-001

USA Phone Number: 972-325-1227

Batch Number:xxxxx

COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED Coromandel House, Sardar Patel Road Secunderabad 500 003 Telangana India

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS -

CAUTION: Harmful if absorbed through skin or if inhaled. Avoid breathing vapor. Causes moderate eye irritation. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wear chemical resistant gloves.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates.

For Terrestrial Uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

#### MODE OF ACTION:

AzaMax® controls target pests on contact or by ingestion. The product acts on pests by way of repellence, anti-feedance, and interference with the molting process.

Azadirachtin, an insect growth regulator (IGR), mimics the pests' hormones and disrupts distinct stages of growth and development of insects and mites. The primary mode of action of azadirachtin is an interference with synthesis and metabolism of ecdysone and the juvenile hormone. Ecdysone is the molting hormone of insects, and azadirachtin can regulate growth leading to death before or during molting.

**AzaMax®** will provide control results comparable to the synthetic insecticide standards. **AzaMax®** provides broad spectrum control with very low environmental impact. **AzaMax®** provides all the benefits of azadirachtin, a proven anti-feedant, insect growth regulator (IGR), anti-ovipository, and repellant, as well as a toxin to soft bodied insect larvae.

The active ingredient in AzaMax® - Azadirachtin – is a unique botanical insecticide, miticide and nematicide.

Mode of Action:	Anti-Feedant	Insects feed less or not at all on treated plants. Foliage is not damaged and
Control of different		insects ultimately starve to death.
orders of insects or	Insect Growth Regulator (IGR)	Insects fail to mature and reproduce, eliminating populations over time.
insects in different	Anti-ovipository	Insect do not lay eggs on treated plants. The likelihood of insect infestation is
phases of their life		greatly decreased in treated plants. This adds a preventive aspect to your
cycle is due to the		insect control.
complexity of the	Repellant Insects do not prefer treated plants.	
azadirachtin molecule		
and the many modes		
of action inherent in		
azadirachtin.		

Use AzaMax® against the following pests.

# TARGET PEST SPECIES OF AzaMax®

### Including but not limited to:  **true bugs including box hoteler bugs, chinch bugs, lygus bugs and stink bug;  **Joseph bugs, including box hoteler bugs, chinch bugs, lygus bugs and stink bug;  **Joseph bugs, carboppers including grape leafhopper, spittlebug, potato leafhopper, mealy bugs including apple mealy bugs, citrus mealy hugs, deaffoller, full tree leaffoller, citrus leafminers, grape leaffoller, oblique banded leaffoller, minory one leaffoller, and tree leaffoller, full tree leaffoller, citrus leaffoller, citrus leaffoller, citrus leaffoller, citrus leaffoller, full tree leaffoller, full tree leaffoller, citrus leaffoller, citrus leaffoller, citrus leaffoller, full tree leaffoller, minuted scale, coll form the leaffoller, counterment, supported the leaffoller, full tree leaffoller, citrus leaffoller, can be bearers, casewoms, corn earworm, and leaffoller, citrus		
including but not limited to:  beetles, grubs and weevils including Asian long-horned beetle, bark beetles, black vine weevil, Colorado potato beetle, elm bark beetle, European chafer, flea beetles, Japanese beetle, June beetle, leaf beetles, Mexican bean beetle, Northern masked chafer, rose chafer and Southern masked chafer, rose chafer and Southern masked chafer and twig girders.  THYSANOPTERA including but not limited to: thrips including citrus thrips, flower thrips, gladiolus thrips, onion thrips, thrips palmi and Western flower thrips.  ORTHOPTERA including but not limited to: crickets; grasshoppers; locusts  NEMATODA  DIPTERA including but not limited to:* flies including Caribbean fruit fly, cherry maggots, crane fly, fungus gnat, Hessian fly, oriental fruit fly, Mediterranean fruit fly, marsh crane flies, melon fly, shore fly and walnut husk fly; leafminers including citrus leafminers and serpentine leafminers.  *Not intended for use on public health pests  ACARINA including but not limited to:* mites including, red spider mites, brown mite, clover mite, conifer spider mite, European red mite, spruce spider mite, and two-spotted spider mite.  *Not intended for use on public health pests  HYMENOPTERA including European sawflies, pear sawflies, red-headed pine sawflies, yellow-headed pin sawflies.  *Not intended for use on public health pests  HYMENOPTERA including European sawflies, pear sawflies, red-headed pine sawflies, yellow-headed pin sawflies.  *Not intended for use on public health pests	true bugs including boxelder bugs, chinch bugs, lygus bugs and stink bug; lacebugs; leafhoppers including grape leafhopper, spittlebug, potato leafhopper and variegated leafhopper; mealy bugs including apple mealy bugs, citrus mealy bugs, grape mealy bugs; whiteflies including greenhouse whitefly, silverleaf whitefly and sweet potato whitefly and woolly whitefly; aphids including apple aphid, green peach aphid, melon aphid, pea aphid, potato aphid and rose aphid; psyllids including pear psyllids and scales including black scale, brown soft scale, California red scale, coffee scale, olive scale, San Jose	moths including European pine shoot moth, pine tip moth and Tussock moth; leafrollers including blueberry leafroller, filbert leafroller, fruitree leafroller, citrus leafminers, grape leafroller, oblique banded leafroller, omnivorous leafroller; cutworms including black cutworm and citrus cutworm; caterpillars and loopers including bagworms, budworms, cabbage looper, canker worms, case bearers, caseworms, corn earworm, diamondback moth, fruit worms, grapeleaf skeletonizer, gypsy moth, hornworms, imported cabbageworm, navel orangeworm, soybean looper, spruce budworm, tent caterpillar, tip moths, tent caterpillars, tobacco budworm, tobacco hornworm, tomato pinworm and tussock moth; armyworms including beet armyworm, fall armyworm, lawn armyworm, southern armyworm
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NEMATODA		*Not intended for use on public health pests
Nematodes (suppression)	NEMATODA	
	Nematodes (suppression)	

#### FOR USE ON ORNAMENTALS AND LANDSCAPE PLANTINGS

Ornamental Plants and Flowers including but not limited to:	Actinopteris, African violets*, ageratum, aglaonema, Algerian ivy, allamanda, alocasia, amaranthus, anthurium, aphelandra, arborvitae, Artemisia, aster, aucuba ilex, azalea, baby's breath, begonia, Boston fern, bougainvillea, boxwood, brachycome, cacti, calabrese, caladium, calathea, calendula, calla, camellia, carnation, ceanothus, chrysanthemum, cineraria, coleus, columbine, cotoneaster, cyclamen, daffodil, dahlia, daisy, daylily, delphinium, dianthus, dieffenbachia, dogwood, dusty miller, Easter lily, English ivy, euphorbia, fern, ficus, foliage plants, foxglove, freesia, fuschia, gaillardia, gardenia, geranium, gerbera, gladiola, gloxinia, gypsophilla, hedera, hibiscus, hyacinth, hydrangea, ilex, impatiens, iris, ivy, jasmine, lilac, lily, maidenhair fern, mandevilla, marigold, narcissus, nasturtium, orchid*, pansy, pelargonium, peony, peperomia, petunia, philodendron, phlox, photinia, pinks, pittosporum, poinsettia*, pothos, portulaca, primrose, pyracantha, rhododendron, rose*, rosemary, rubber plant, salvia, schefflera, sedum, sempervivum, snapdragon, spathiphyllum, stock, syngonium, tulip, verbena, vinca, wandering jew, yucca, zinnia  * Please note that when making applications to these species, spotting of plant foliage and blossoms is possible.
Ornamental Trees and Shrubs including but not limited to:	Andromeda, arborvitae, ash, Austrian pine, azalea, beech, birch, birdsnest spruce, blue spruce, bougainvillea, boxwood, butternut, cedar, charmaecyparis, cherry, cotoneaster, crabapple, cyprus, dogwood, Douglas fir, elm, euonymus, firethorn, forsythia, hackberry, hawthorn, hemlock, hickory, holly, honey locust, horse chestnut, juniper, larch, laurel, lilac, linden, London planetree, magnolia, mandevilla, maple, mimosa, mountain ash, myrtle, oak, pachysandra, peach, photinia, pine, planetree, poplar, privet, purpleleaf wintercreeper, quince, sage, spruce, sycamore, white cedar, white pine, yew

Waxy bloom on certain ornamental plants will be reduced after an AzaMax® application.

Applications of AzaMax® will remove the glaucus 'blue' coloring from evergreens such as Colorado blue spruce and Koster spruce.

# FOR USE ON GARDEN VEGETABLES, HERBS, SPICES, FRUITS AND BERRIES

Leafy Vegetables including but not limited to:	<b>Broccoli</b> , Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Collards, Endive, Kale, Lettuce, Spinach	
Root Vegetables, including but not limited to:	Beet, <b>Carrot</b> , Horseradish, Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Sweet potato, Turnip, Yams	
Fruiting Vegetables including but not limited to:	Eggplant, Pepper, Tomatillo, <b>Tomato</b>	
Cucurbit Vegetables including but not limited to:	<b>Cucumber</b> , Gourd (edible), Muskmelon, Pumpkin, Squash, Watermelon, including Cantaloupe, Casaba, Gherkins, <b>Melons</b> (including hybrids), Zucchini	
Legume Vegetables including but not limited to:	Bean, Chickpea, Lentil, Pea	
Bulb Vegetables including but not limited to:	Garlic, Onion, Shallot	
Berries including but not limited to:	Blackberry, Blueberry, Raspberry, <b>Strawberry</b> , others include: Boysenberry, Currants, Dewberry, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Loganberry	
Herbs and Spices including but not limited to:	Chive, Dill, Fennel, <b>Mustard</b> , Sage, Sweet bay, others include: Anise, Balm, <b>Basil</b> , Black pepper, Borage, Caraway, Catnip, Chamomile, Coriander, Cumin, Curry leaf, Dandelion, Fenugreek, Horehound, <b>Hyssop</b> , Marjoram, <b>Marigold</b> , Mint, Nasturtium, Pennyroyal, Peppermint, Rosemary, Savory, Spearmint, Tansy, Tarragon, <b>Thyme</b> , Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood	
Nut Trees including but not limited to:	Almond, Brazil nut, Filbert, Hickory nut, Pecan, Pistachios, Walnut	
Pome Fruits including but not limited to:	<b>Apple</b> , Quince, or Pear (Comice varieties: DO NOT apply more than 24 fl oz/A. DO NOT apply after pink stage of flowering; test small areas of other varieties of pears for plant safety prior to full scale usage.)	
Stone Fruits including but not limited to:	Apricot, Cherry, Nectarine, Peach, Plum	
Citrus Fruits including but not limited to:	Grapefruit, Lemon, Lime, Orange others include: Citrus Citron, Mandarin (tangerine), Nectarine, Satsuma (orange mandarin), Tangerine	
Other Crops	Hemp	

AzaMax® has been evaluated for phytotoxicity on a wide range of ornamentals and garden plants. However, since testing on all plant varieties is not feasible, test a small portion of the area to be treated for phytotoxicity before treating the entire area.

There are no restrictions on applying AzaMax® up to the time of harvest.

#### SPRAY PREPARATION

AzaMax® is an emulsifiable concentrate to be diluted with water.

This product forms an emulsion and which separates upon extended or prolonged standing. Re-agitate to assure uniformity of the spray mixture.

Prepare only the volume needed for the intended application, and use the spray mixture within 24 hours of preparation.

#### **TANK MIXTURES**

**AzaMax**® is an emulsifiable concentrate and is compatible with commonly used pesticides and fertilizers. Always check the physical compatibility using a jar test in the correct proportions if needed.

A jar test can quickly determine physical compatibility. The process of conducting jar test is given below:

- STEP 1: Add one pint of water to a glass jar with a lid. (Use the same water source that will go in the tank.).
- STEP 2: Check spray water pH and adjust if necessary. Often, the pesticide label will give the optimal pH range for best results.
- STEP 3: Add the pesticides to the jar you plan to use one at a time, and shake vigorously after each addition.
- STEP 4: After all products have been added, shake again, let the solution stand for 15 minutes and then shake one last time and observe the results.
- Results: Jar is cool to the touch, and mixture is smooth. Then it is compatible mixture.

If a broader spectrum of control is required tank-mix **AzaMax®** with insecticides or miticides. If a rapid knockdown of heavy populations is necessary, then include an effective contact insecticide/miticide in combination with **AzaMax®**.

Always read and follow the directions for use, precautions and limitations for use on all product labels used in combination. Applications must follow the precautions and limitations of the most restrictive product label in the mixture. Do not exceed the dosage rates of any product.

#### Select the right companion products:

IPM uses a variety of control options including biological, chemical, and cultural practices. **AzaMax®** is botanical with growth regulator effect on insects and mites. Companion products include pyrethroids, spinosyns, microbial toxins, and chloronicotinyls that complement azadirachtin. Formulations of bifenthrin, spinosad, abamectins, and imidacloprid are effective for different pests. Select the product that has been proven to provide adequate performance for the pests you are trying to control.

#### **Physical Incompatibility**

Do not use AzaMax® with Captan, Bordeaux mixture, triphenyltin hydroxide, lime sulfur, Rayplex iron or other highly alkaline materials as they can cause phytotoxicity and/or reduced efficacy on some target pests. Phytotoxicity will occur if tank-mix combinations with compounds known to be incompatible with oil-based formulations are used.

#### APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

Apply **AzaMax**® with hand-operated (manual) or power spray equipment suitable for low volume and/or high volume applications. Follow the recommendations of the equipment manufacturer when using backpack sprayers, hose-end sprayers, compression (pump-up) sprayers, and other sprayers suitable for foliar applications of insecticides.

## APPLICATION SCHEDULE

For the most effective control, apply the product when pests are expected to appear or as soon as possible after pests appear and are in immature stages. Spray at an interval of seven (7) to ten (10) days or as the situation warrants.

During high pest infestation levels or when canopy is dense use higher dosage (use) rates and increase the spray frequency. For best results, spray in the morning or evening hours. Repeat spraying if rain occurs within two to three hours of spraying. For additional guidance, consult with your state agricultural experiment station or local extension horticulturist/arborist for information on tactics and windows of application.

### **APPLICATION METHODS**

- For the most effective control, spray the product as soon as possible after pests appear and are in immature stages.
- Spray at an interval of seven to ten days or as the situation warrants. During high pest infestation levels use higher label rates and increase the spray frequency.
- For best results, spray in the morning or evening hours.
- Repeat spraying if rain occurs within two to three hours of spraying.

Apply **AzaMax**® as directed to any food or non-food crop up to and including the day of harvest, at a maximum rate of 1.33 fl. oz. per 1,000 sq. ft. per application.

Apply AzaMax® alone to food/garden crops on the day of harvest.

Dilute AzaMax® with water at a rate of 0.5 - 4.0 tablespoons (Tbs) per gallon of water. For hose end sprayers, set the RATE PER GALLON at the dial setting of 1 to 4 Tbs. depending on the crop and pests. Use the lower RATE PER GALLON for low to moderate infestations and use the higher specified RATE PER GALLON for severe infestations.

#### **FOLIAR APPLICATION**

USE SPRAY CONCENTRATION%		Amounts	Amounts of AzaMax®	
		Fluid Ounces (Tbs.) Per Quart	Fluid Ounces (Tbs.) Per Gallon	
Including trees, sh ru bs, flow ers, conifers,	Lower rate ranges of 0.25 - 0.75% vol/vol:	0.08 – 0.25 fl. oz. (1/6 – 1/2 Tbs.)	0.32 – 1.0 fl. oz. (2/3 – 2.0 Tbs.)	
evergreens, her baceous ornament als, foliage plants,	Medium rate ranges of 0.75 - 1.25% vol/vol:	0.25 – 0.40 fl. oz. (1/2 – 5/6 Tbs.)	1.0 – 1.6 fl. oz. (2.0 Tbs. – 1 2/3 Tbs.)	
container-grown ornamentals & garden plants, Hemp, and groundcovers	Upper rate ranges of 1.25 - 1.70% vol/vol:	0.40 – 0.50 fl. oz. (5/6 – 1.0 Tbs.)	1.6 – 2.0 fl. oz. (1 2/3 – 4 Tbs.)	

#### **DRENCH APPLICATION**

Use AzaMax® as a soil drench for effective control of soil-borne insect larvae, including soil-borne larvae of foliar pests, such as fungus gnats, nematodes, or soil borne thrips. When applying as a drench, avoid excessive leaching.

Preventive applications as a soil drench may be warranted for certain pests. Soil drench applications of azadirachtin will have a slower rate of activity because of soil absorption when compared to foliar applications of **AzaMax**®. Target the initial application of a soil drench treatment to coincide with the early stages of young larvae and young nymphs.

Dilute **AzaMax**® with water for concentrations of 0.4 to 0.8% vol/vol. See use rate table below. Add the required amount of AzaMax to a clean bucket with at least one-half of the water to be drenched. Agitate the mixture thoroughly and then fill with the remaining water and continue agitation until the product is thoroughly dispersed. Drench the soil in the pot with one (1) pint of finished product dilutions<del>pray</del> per 1.0 gallon of soil. For fungus gnats, use the 0.4% spray concentration. For mushroom fly maggot control, use the 0.6% vol/vol spray concentration. For leafminers and other difficult to control pests, use the 0.8% vol/vol spray concentration. Make two to three (2-3) applications at 10-14 day intervals until the pest pressure has ended. With high insect pressure make applications every 5 to 6 days. Additional applications of AzaMax may be required with increased and prolonged pest infestation.

#### **DILUTION TABLE FOR DRENCH APPLICATIONS**

Gallons of	Gallons of Amount of AzaMax®			Application
Water	0.4%	0.6%	0.8%	Interval
1 gallon	1 Tbs.	1.5 Tbs.	2.0 Tbs.	10 - 14 days
1 gallon	0.5 fl. oz.	0.8 fl. oz.	1.0 fl. oz.	10 – 14 days
5 gallons	2.7 fl.oz.	4.0 fl.oz.	5.0fl.oz.	10 - 14 days
10 gallons	5.4 fl.oz.	8.0 fl.oz.	10.0 fl.oz.	10 - 14 days

#### RESIDENTIAL RECIRCULATORY, AEROPONIC, AND HYDROPONIC APPLICATION

Use **AzaMax**® in recirculatory, aeroponic, or hydroponic systems for the control of foliar pests, soil borne insect larvae, including soil borne larvae of foliar pests such as fungus gnats, nematodes or soil borne thrips for interiorscapes, hydroponic, aeroponic and container plants.

Dilute **AzaMax**® with water for concentrations of 0.1% to 0.8% volume/volume in a recirculatory or in a hydroponic liquid system. See use rate table below. Agitate the mixture thoroughly until the product is thoroughly dispersed.

For fungus gnats, use the 0.6% volume/volume concentration. For mushroom fly maggot control, use the 0.6% volume/volume concentration. For leafminers and other difficult to control pests, use the 0.8% volume/volume concentration. Make two to three (2-3) applications at 10-14 day intervals until the pest pressure has ended. With high insect pressure applications make applications every 5 to 7 days. Additional applications of **AzaMax**® may be required with increased and prolonged pest infestation.

### DILUTION TABLE FOR RECIRCULATORY, AEROPONIC, AND HYDROPONIC APPLICATIONS

Gallons of	Amount of AzaMax®			Application		
Water	0.1%	0.2%	0.4%	0.6%	0.8%	Interval
1 gallon	1/4 Tbs.	½ Tbs.	1 Tbs.	1.5 Tbs.	2.0 Tbs.	7 - 14 days
1 gallon	0.14 fl. oz.	0.25 fl. oz.	0.5 fl. oz.	0.8 fl. oz.	1.0 fl. oz.	7 - 14 days
5 gallons	0.7 fl. oz.	1.3 fl. oz.	2.5 fl. oz.	4.0 fl. oz.	5.0 fl. oz.	7 - 14 days
10 gallons	1.4 fl. oz.	2.6 fl. oz.	5.0 fl. oz.	8.0 fl. oz.	10.0 fl. oz.	7 - 14 days

Preventive applications as a recirculatory system application may be warranted for certain pests.

# STORAGE & DISPOSAL Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original containers in a dry, cool, well-ventilated area.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

**CONTANINER DISPOSAL:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available or dispose of in trash or in a sanitary landfill or by incineration. Do not burn, unless allowed by State and local ordinances.

### NOTICE ON CONDITIONS OF SALE

The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Plant injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

AzaMax® is a registered trademark of Parry America Inc

#### Advertising claims that may be presented on the retail container label or on the labeling accompanying the product.

- · Controls mites, caterpillars, whiteflies, thrips, aphids, and other insects as listed on this label.
- · Controls chewing and sucking insects
- · Low-odor formulation
- Broad-spectrum control
- · Can be applied the day of harvest
- For use on a wide variety of trees, shrubs, flowers, fruit and nut trees, garden vegetables and plants
- Low (Mild) odor
- · Spray and Drench
- · Organic Materials Review Institute (OMRI) Listed.
- · Controls chewing and sucking insects
- · Broad spectrum insect and mite control
- Rose Spray
- · For Use on Roses and Flowers
- · Vegetable Garden Spray
- · For Use on Tomatoes and Garden Vegetables
- · Controls Japanese Beetle on Roses
- · Insect and Mite Control for the Home Garden Vegetables
- · Complete Insect and Mite Control for Flowers
- Three applications in 30 days provides complete plant protection
- · Quadruple action insect control Antifeedant, Insect Growth Regulator, Anti-ovipository, Repellant
- · Single product; multiple action
- · A proven botanical pesticide born out of a decade of intense global research
- · Works effectively against a broad spectrum of pests on a stand alone basis on a variety of vegetable crops
- · Controls insect pest during various stages of growth
- The benefits to your insect control program are multiple
- · Controls Insects Systemically
- · Taken up through the roots, controls insects on the leaves
- Insects stop feeding when they feed on treated plants
- · For foliar and systemic insect control
- For Use on Flowers, Ornamentals, and Landscape Plantings
- · For Use on Garden Crops, Vegetables, Herbs, Spices, Fruits, and Berries
- Three in one product Insecticide, Miticide, and Nematicide
- Brought to you Exclusively by General Hydroponics Bringing Nature and Technology Together (logo)
- For Organic Gardening
- · Systemic and Translaminar Activity
- Ideal Tool for IPM and IRM Programs

# **EcoGarden**™

# Botanical Insecticide, Miticide, and Nematicide

# REPELLANT, ANTIFEEDANT AND INSECT GROWTH REGULATOR (IGR)

BOTANICAL PRODUCT FOR CONTROL OF INSECTS ON INDOOR AND OUTDOOR ORNAMENTAL FLOWERS, HEMP, TREES, SHRUBS, VEGETABLES, FRUIT AND NUT TREES, PLANTS, INCLUDING PLANTS GROWN IN CONTAINERS, RECIRCULATORY, AEROPONIC, AND HYDROPONIC SYSTEMS, AND INTERIORSCAPES

See the Directions for Use for a Complete List of Insects Controlled.



# For Organic Gardening

 ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
 % By Wt.

 Azadirachtin
 1.2%

 OTHER INGREDIENTS
 98.8%

 TOTAL
 100.00%

Contains 0.35 grams azadirachtin per fluid ounce.

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

FIRST AID		
If inhaled	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.	
If on skin or clothing	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
If in eyes	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
If swallowed Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.		
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.		
	CALL THE POISON CONTROL HOTLINE 24 HOURS A DAY AT 1-888-478-0798.	

NET CONTENTS: 2 fl. oz., 4 fl. oz., 8 fl. oz., 16 fl. oz., 32 fl. oz., or 128 fl. oz.

EPA Reg. No. 71908-1 EPA Est. No. 71908-IND-001

USA Phone Number: 972-325-1227

Batch Number: xxxx

COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED Coromandel House, Sardar Patel Road Secunderabad 500 003 Telangana India

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION - Harmful if absorbed through skin or if inhaled. Avoid breathing vapor. Causes moderate eye irritation. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wear chemical resistant gloves.

### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt
- Long pants
- Socks and shoes
- Chemical resistant gloves

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates.

For Terrestrial Uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

#### **USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

## **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system

### **Agricultural Use Requirements**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, greenhouses and handlers of agricultural products. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on the label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notification to workers and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box apply to the uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow any worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

For early entry into treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, water, wear coveralls, chemical resistant gloves, shoes plus socks and protective eyewear.

#### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in the box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses. Keep unprotected persons out of treated areas until sprays have dried

#### MODE OF ACTION:

**EcoGarden™ Botanical Insecticide, Miticide, and Nematicide** controls target pests on contact or by ingestion. The product acts on pests by way of repellence, anti-feedance, and interference with the molting process.

Azadirachtin, an insect growth regulator (IGR), mimics the pests' hormones and disrupts distinct stages of growth and development of insects and mites. The primary mode of action of azadirachtin is an interference with synthesis and metabolism of ecdysone and the juvenile hormone. Ecdysone is the molting hormone of insects, and azadirachtin can regulate growth leading to death before or during molting.

**EcoGarden™** will provide control results comparable to the synthetic insecticide standards. **EcoGarden™** provides broad spectrum control with very low environmental impact. **EcoGarden™** provides all the benefits of azadirachtin, a proven anti-feedant, insect growth regulator (IGR), anti-ovipository, and repellant, as well as a toxin to soft bodied insect larvae.

The active ingredient in **EcoGarden™** - Azadirachtin – is a unique botanical insecticide, miticide and nematicide.

Mode of Action: Control of different	Anti-Feedant	Insects feed less or not at all on treated plants. Foliage is not damaged and insects ultimately starve to death.
orders of insects or insects in different	Insect Growth Regulator (IGR)	Insects fail to mature and reproduce, eliminating populations over time.
phases of their life cycle is due to the complexity of the	Anti-ovipository	Insect do not lay eggs on treated plants. The likelihood of insect infestation is greatly decreased in treated plants. This adds a preventive aspect to your insect control.
azadirachtin molecule and the many modes of action inherent in azadirachtin.	Repellant	Insects do not prefer treated plants.

Use **EcoGarden™** against the following pests.

# **TARGET PEST SPECIES**

HEMIPTERA AND HOMOPTERA	LEPIDOPTERA
including but not limited to:	including but not limited to:
true bugs including boxelder bugs, chinch bugs, lygus	moths including European pine shoot moth, pine tip moth and Tussock
bugs and stink bug;	moth; leafrollers including blueberry leafroller, filbert leafroller, fruitree
lacebugs; leafhoppers including grape leafhopper,	leafroller, citrus leafminers, grape leafroller, oblique banded leafroller,
spittlebug, potato leafhopper and variegated leafhopper;	omnivorous leafroller;
mealy bugs including apple mealy bugs, citrus mealy	cutworms including black cutworm and citrus cutworm;
bugs, grape mealy bugs;	caterpillars and loopers including bagworms, budworms, cabbage
whiteflies including greenhouse whitefly, silverleaf	looper, canker worms, case bearers, caseworms, corn earworm,
whitefly and sweet potato whitefly and woolly whitefly;	diamondback moth, fruit worms, grapeleaf skeletonizer, gypsy moth,
aphids including apple aphid, green peach aphid, melon	hornworms, imported cabbageworm, navel orangeworm, soybean
aphid, pea aphid, potato aphid and rose aphid;	looper, spruce budworm, tent caterpillar, tip moths, tent caterpillars,
psyllids including pear psyllids and scales including	tobacco budworm, tobacco hornworm, tomato pinworm and tussock
black scale, brown soft scale, California red scale,	moth;
coffee scale, olive scale, San Jose scale, and cottony	armyworms including beet armyworm, fall armyworm, lawn armyworm,
cushion scale.	southern armyworm and yellow striped armyworm; webworms and leaf
Special or a company of the property of the pr	perforators.
COLEOPTERA	DIPTERA
including but not limited to:	including but not limited to:*
beetles, grubs and weevils including Asian long-	flies including Caribbean fruit fly, cherry maggots, crane fly, fungus
horned beetle, bark beetles, black vine weevil, Colorado	gnat, Hessian fly, oriental fruit fly, Mediterranean fruit fly, marsh crane
potato beetle, elm bark beetle, European chafer, flea	flies, melon fly, shore fly and walnut husk fly; leafminers including citrus
beetles, Japanese beetle, June beetle, leaf beetles,	leafminers and serpentine leafminers.
Mexican bean beetle, Northern masked chafer, rose	
chafer and Southern masked chafer and twig girders.	*Not intended for use on public health pests
THYSANOPTERA	ACARINA
including but not limited to:	Including but not limited to:*
thrips including citrus thrips, flower thrips, gladiolus	mites including, red spider mites, brown mite, clover mite, conifer
thrips, onion thrips, thrips palmi and Western flower	spider mite, European red mite, spruce spider mite, and two-spotted
thrips.	spider mite.
	*Not intended for use on public health pests
ORTHOPTERA	HYMENOPTERA
including but not limited to:	including but not limited to:*
crickets; grasshoppers; locusts	sawflies including European sawflies, pear sawflies, red-headed pine
•	sawflies, yellow-headed pin sawflies.
	*Not intended for use on public health pests
NEMATODA	110t interided for doe on public fleditif posts
Nematodes (suppression)	
The state of the s	

# FOR USE ON ORNAMENTALS AND LANDSCAPE PLANTINGS

Ornamental Plants and Flowers including but not limited to:	Actinopteris, African violets*, ageratum, aglaonema, Algerian ivy, allamanda, alocasia, amaranthus, anthurium, aphelandra, arborvitae, Artemisia, aster, aucuba ilex, azalea, baby's breath, begonia, Boston fern, bougainvillea, boxwood, brachycome, cacti, calabrese, caladium, calathea, calendula, calla, camellia, carnation, ceanothus, chrysanthemum, cineraria, coleus, columbine, cotoneaster, cyclamen, daffodil, dahlia, daisy, daylily, delphinium, dianthus, dieffenbachia, dogwood, dusty miller, Easter lily, English ivy, euphorbia, fern, ficus, foliage plants, foxglove, freesia, fuschia, gaillardia, gardenia, geranium, gerbera, gladiola, gloxinia, gypsophilla, hedera, hibiscus, hyacinth, hydrangea, ilex, impatiens, iris, ivy, jasmine, lilac, lily, maidenhair fern, mandevilla, marigold, narcissus, nasturtium, orchid*, pansy, pelargonium, peony, peperomia, petunia, philodendron, phlox, photinia, pinks, pittosporum, poinsettia*, pothos, portulaca, primrose, pyracantha, rhododendron, rose*, rosemary, rubber plant, salvia, schefflera, sedum, sempervivum, snapdragon, spathiphyllum, stock, syngonium, tulip, verbena, vinca, wandering jew, yucca, zinnia  *Please note that when making applications to these species, spotting of plant foliage and blossoms is possible.	
Ornamental Trees	Andromeda, arborvitae, ash, Austrian pine, azalea, beech, birch, birdsnest spruce, blue spruce,	

and Shrubs		
including but not		
limited to:		

bougainvillea, boxwood, butternut, cedar, charmaecyparis, cherry, cotoneaster, crabapple, cyprus, dogwood, Douglas fir, elm, euonymus, firethorn, forsythia, hackberry, hawthorn, hemlock, hickory, holly, honey locust, horse chestnut, juniper, larch, laurel, lilac, linden, London planetree, magnolia, mandevilla, maple, mimosa, mountain ash, myrtle, oak, pachysandra, peach, photinia, pine, planetree, poplar, privet, purpleleaf wintercreeper, quince, sage, spruce, sycamore, white cedar, white pine, yew

Waxy bloom on certain ornamental plants will be reduced after an application.

Applications will remove the glaucus 'blue' coloring from evergreens such as Colorado blue spruce and Koster spruce.

# FOR USE ON VEGETABLES, HERBS, SPICES, FRUITS AND BERRIES

Leafy Vegetables including but not limited to:	<b>Broccoli</b> , Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Collards, Endive, Kale, <b>Lettuce</b> , Spinach
Root Vegetables, including but not limited to:	Beet, <b>Carrot</b> , Horseradish, Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Sweet potato, Turnip, Yams
Fruiting Vegetables including but not limited to:	Eggplant, Pepper, Tomatillo, <b>Tomato</b>
Cucurbit Vegetables including but not limited to:	Cucumber, Gourd (edible), Muskmelon, Pumpkin, Squash, Watermelon, including Cantaloupe, Casaba, Gherkins, <b>Melons</b> (including hybrids), Zucchini
Legume Vegetables including but not limited to:	Bean, Chickpea, Lentil, <b>Pea</b>
Bulb Vegetables including but not limited to:	Garlic, Onion, Shallot
Berries including but not limited to:	Blackberry, Blueberry, Raspberry, <b>Strawberry</b> , others include: Boysenberry, Currants, Dewberry, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Loganberry
Herbs and Spices including but not limited to:	Chive, Dill, Fennel, <b>Mustard</b> , Sage, Sweet bay, others include: Anise, Balm, <b>Basil</b> , Black pepper, Borage, Caraway, Catnip, Chamomile, Coriander, Cumin, Curry leaf, Dandelion, Fenugreek, Horehound, <b>Hyssop</b> , Marjoram, <b>Marigold</b> , Mint, Nasturtium, Pennyroyal, Peppermint, Rosemary, Savory, Spearmint, Tansy, Tarragon, <b>Thyme</b> , Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood
Nut Trees including but not limited to:	Almond, Brazil nut, Filbert, Hickory nut, Pecan, Pistachios, Walnut
Pome Fruits including but not limited to:	Apple, Quince, or Pear (Comice varieties: DO NOT apply more than 24 fl oz/A. DO NOT apply after pink stage of flowering; test small areas of other varieties of pears for plant safety prior to full scale usage.)
Stone Fruits including but not limited to:	Apricot, Cherry, Nectarine, Peach, Plum
Citrus Fruits including but not limited to:	<b>Grapefruit</b> , Lemon, Lime, Orange others include: Citrus Citron, Mandarin (tangerine), <b>Nectarine</b> , Satsuma (orange mandarin), Tangerine
Other Crops	Нетр

This product has been evaluated for phytotoxicity on a wide range of ornamentals and garden plants. However, since testing on all plant varieties is not feasible, test a small portion of the area to be treated for phytotoxicity before treating the entire area.

There are no restrictions on applying this product up to the time of harvest.

## **SPRAY PREPARATION**

This product is an emulsifiable concentrate to be diluted with water.

This product forms an emulsion and which separates upon extended or prolonged standing. Re-agitate to assure uniformity of the spray mixture.

Prepare only the volume needed for the intended application, and use the spray mixture within 24 hours of preparation.

#### **TANK MIXTURES**

This product is an emulsifiable concentrate and is compatible with commonly used pesticides and fertilizers. Always check the physical compatibility using a jar test in the correct proportions if needed.

A jar test can quickly determine physical compatibility. The process of conducting jar test is given below:

- STEP 1: Add one pint of water to a glass jar with a lid. (Use the same water source that will go in the tank.).
- STEP 2: Check spray water pH and adjust if necessary. Often, the pesticide label will give the optimal pH range for best results.
- STEP 3: Add the pesticides to the jar you plan to use one at a time, and shake vigorously after each addition.

STEP 4: After all products have been added, shake again, let the solution stand for 15 minutes and then shake one last time and observe the results. Results: Jar is cool to the touch, and mixture is smooth. Then it is compatible mixture.

If a broader spectrum of control is required tank-mix this product insecticides or miticides. If a rapid knockdown of heavy populations is necessary, then include an effective contact insecticide/miticide in combination with this product.

Always read and follow the directions for use, precautions and limitations for use on all product labels used in combination. Applications must follow the precautions and limitations of the most restrictive product label in the mixture. Do not exceed the dosage rates of any product.

#### Select the right companion products:

IPM uses a variety of control options including biological, chemical, and cultural practices. This product is botanical with growth regulator effect on insects and mites. Companion products include pyrethroids, spinosyns, microbial toxins, and chloronicotinyls that complement azadirachtin. Formulations of bifenthrin, spinosad, abamectins, and imidacloprid are effective for different pests. Select the product that has been proven to provide adequate performance for the pests you are trying to control.

#### **Physical Incompatibility**

Do not use this product with Captan, Bordeaux mixture, triphenyltin hydroxide, lime sulfur, Rayplex iron or other highly alkaline materials as they can cause phytotoxicity and/or reduced efficacy on some target pests. Phytotoxicity will occur if tank-mix combinations with compounds known to be incompatible with oil-based formulations are used.

#### APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

Apply this product with hand-operated (manual) or power spray equipment suitable for low volume and/or high volume applications. Follow the recommendations of the equipment manufacturer when using backpack sprayers, hose-end sprayers, compression (pumpup) sprayers, and other sprayers suitable for foliar applications of insecticides.

#### **APPLICATION SCHEDULE**

For the most effective control, apply this product when pests are expected to appear or as soon as possible after pests appear and are in immature stages. Spray at an interval of seven (7) to ten (10) days or as the situation warrants.

During high pest infestation levels or when canopy is dense use higher dosage (use) rates and increase the spray frequency. For best results, spray in the morning or evening hours. Repeat spraying if rain occurs within two to three hours of spraying. For additional guidance, consult with your state agricultural experiment station or local extension horticulturalist/arborist for information on tactics and windows of application.

#### **APPLICATION METHODS**

Apply this product as directed to any food or non-food crop up to and including the day of harvest, at a maximum rate of 1.33 fl. oz. per 1,000 sq. ft. per application.

Dilute this product with water at a rate of 0.5 - 4.0 tablespoons (Tbs) per gallon of water. For hose end sprayers, set the RATE PER GALLON at the dial setting of 1 to 4 Tbs. depending on the crop and pests. Use the lower RATE PER GALLON for low to moderate infestations and use the higher specified RATE PER GALLON for severe infestations.

#### **FOLIAR APPLICATION**

USE	SPRAY	Amounts	Amounts
	CONCENTRATION%	Fluid Ounces (Tbs.) Per Quart	Fluid Ounces (Tbs.) Per Gallon
Including trees, shrubs, flowers,	Lower rate ranges of 0.25 - 0.75% vol/vol:	0.08 – 0.25 fl. oz. (1/6 – 1/2 Tbs.)	0.32 – 1.0 fl. oz. (2/3 – 2.0 Tbs.)
conifers, evergreens, herbace ous orn amentals,	Medium rate ranges of 0.75 - 1.25% vol/vol:	0.25 – 0.40 fl. oz. (1/2 – 5/6 Tbs.)	1.0 – 1.6 fl. oz. (2.0 Tbs. – 1 2/3 Tbs.)
foliage plants, c ont a in e r- grown orn amentals & gardenplants, Hemp, and groundcovers	Upper rate ranges of 1.25 - 1.70% vol/vol:	0.40 – 0.50 fl. oz. (5/6 – 1.0 Tbs.)	1.6 – 2.0 fl. oz. (1 2/3 – 4 Tbs.)
150			

#### **DRENCH APPLICATION**

Use this product as a soil drench for effective control of soil-borne insect larvae, including soil-borne larvae of foliar pests, such as fungus gnats, nematodes, or soil borne thrips. When applying as a drench, avoid excessive leaching.

Preventive applications as a soil drench may be warranted for certain pests. Soil drench applications of azadirachtin will have a slower rate of activity because of soil absorption when compared to foliar applications of this product. Target the initial application of a soil drench treatment to coincide with the early stages of young larvae and young nymphs.

Dilute this product with water for concentrations of 0.4 to 0.8% volume/volume. See use rate table below. Add the required amount of this product to a clean bucket with at least one-half of the water to be drenched. Agitate the mixture thoroughly and then fill with the remaining water and continue agitation until the product is thoroughly dispersed.

Drench the soil in the pot with one (1) pint of finished product dilution per 1.0 gallon of soil. For fungus gnats, use the 0.4% spray concentration. For mushroom fly maggot control, use the 0.6% volume/volume spray concentration. For leafminers and other difficult to control pests, use the 0.8% volume/volume spray concentration. Make two to three (2-3) applications at 10-14 day intervals until pest pressure has ended. With high insect pressure make applications every 5 to 6 days. Additional applications of this product may be required with increased and prolonged pest infestation.

#### **DILUTION TABLE FOR DRENCH APPLICATIONS**

Gallons of		Amount		Application
Water	0.4%	0.6%	0.8%	Interval
1 gallon	1 Tbs.	1.5 Tbs.	2.0 Tbs.	10 - 14 days
1 gallon	0.5 fl. oz.	0.8 fl. oz.	1.0 fl. oz.	10 - 14 days
5 gallons	2.5 fl. oz.	4.0 fl. oz.	5.0 fl. oz.	10 - 14 days
10 gallons	5.0 fl. oz.	8.0 fl. oz.	10.0 fl. oz.	10 - 14 days

#### RECIRCULATORY, AEROPONIC, AND HYDROPONIC APPLICATION

Use this product in recirculatory, aeroponic, or hydroponic systems for the control of foliar pests, soil borne insect larvae, including soil borne larvae of foliar pests such as fungus gnats, nematodes or soil borne thrips for interiorscapes, hydroponic, aeroponic and container plants.

Dilute this product with water for concentrations of 0.1% to 0.8% volume/volume in a recirculatory or in a hydroponic liquid system. See use rate table below. Agitate the mixture thoroughly until the product is thoroughly dispersed.

For fungus gnats, use the 0.6% volume/volume concentration. For mushroom fly maggot control, use the 0.6% volume/volume concentration. For leafminers and other difficult to control pests, use the 0.8% volume/volume concentration. Make two to three (2-3) applications at 10-14 day intervals until the pest pressure has ended. With high insect pressure applications make applications every 5 to 7 days. Additional applications of this product may be required with increased and prolonged pest infestation.

#### DILUTION TABLE FOR RECIRCULATORY, AEROPONIC, AND HYDROPONIC APPLICATIONS

Gallons of		Amount			Application	
Water	0.1%	0.2%	0.4%	0.6%	0.8%	Interval
1 gallon	1/4 Tbs.	½ Tbs.	1 Tbs.	1.5 Tbs.	2.0 Tbs.	7 - 14 days
1 gallon	0.14 fl. oz.	0.25 fl. oz.	0.5 fl. oz.	0.8 fl. oz.	1.0 fl. oz.	7 - 14 days
5 gallons	0.7 fl. oz.	1.3 fl. oz.	2.5 fl. oz.	4.0 fl. oz.	5.0 fl. oz.	7 - 14 days
10 gallons	1.4 fl. oz.	2.6 fl. oz.	5.0 fl. oz.	8.0 fl. oz.	10.0 fl. oz.	7 - 14 days

Preventive applications as a recirculatory system application may be warranted for certain pests.

This product can also be applied through sub-surface treatment equipment. Always follow manufacturer's use directions.

#### FOLIAR APPLICATION - SPECIFIC PESTS OF VEGETABLES, HERBS AND SPICES, BERRIES AND FRUIT

	Dilution Rate for Sprayers		te for Sprayers
CROP	PESTS such as:	FI. Oz. of product per 1,000 Sq. Ft.	Tbs. of product per 1.0 gallon of water
Leafy Vegetables including but not limited to: Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower,	Leafrollers, Cutworms, Loopers, Armyworms	0.19 - 0.96 fl. oz.	¾ Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
Collards, Endive, Kale, Lettuce, Spinach	True Bugs, Leafhoppers, Whiteflies, Aphids, Beetles, Weevils, Flies, Thrips, Mites	0.24 - 0.96 fl. oz.	1 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
Root Vegetables, including but not limited to: <b>Beet, Carrot</b> ,	Beetles, Weevils	0.11 – 0.25 fl. oz.	½ Tbs 1 ½ Tbs./gal
Horseradish, Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Sweet potato, Turnip, Yams	True Bugs, Leafhoppers, Whiteflies, Aphids, Leafrollers, Cutworms, Loopers, Armyworms, Flies, Thrips, Mites	0.24 - 0.96 fl. oz.	1 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
Fruiting Vegetables including but not limited to: Eggplant, Pepper,	Beetles, Weevils	0.29 - 0.96 fl. oz.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
Tomatillo, Tomato	Thrips	0.29 - 0.96 fl. oz.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
	True Bugs, Leafhoppers, Whiteflies, Aphids, Leafrollers, Cutworms, Loopers, Armyworms, Flies, Mites	0.24 - 0.96 fl. oz.	1 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
Cucurbit Vegetables including but not limited to: Cucumber, Gourd	Beetles, Weevils	0.29 - 0.96 fl. oz.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
(edible), Muskmelon, Pumpkin, Squash, Watermelon, including	Thrips	0.29 - 0.96 fl. oz.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
Cantaloupe, Casaba, Gherkins, Melons (including hybrids), Zucchini	True Bugs, Leafhoppers, Whiteflies, Aphids, Leafrollers, Cutworms, Loopers, Armyworms, Flies, Mites	0.24 - 0.96 fl. oz.	1 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
Legume Vegetables including but not limited to: Bean, Chickpea,	Beetles, Weevils	0.29 - 0.96 fl. oz.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
Lentil, Pea	Thrips	0.29 - 0.96 fl. oz.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
	True Bugs, Leafhoppers, Whiteflies, Aphids, Leafrollers, Cutworms, Loopers, Armyworms, Flies, Mites	0.24 - 0.96 fl. oz.	1 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
Bulb Vegetables including but not limited to: Garlic, Onion, Shallot	Beetles, Weevils Thrips	0.29 - 0.96 fl. oz. 0.29 - 0.96 fl. oz.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal 2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
	ТППРЭ	0.23 - 0.90 II. 02.	2 103 4 105./gai

		Dilution Rate for Sprayers	
CROP			Tbs. of product per 1.0 gallon of water
	True Bugs, Leafhoppers, Whiteflies, Aphids, Leafrollers, Cutworms, Loopers, Armyworms, Flies, Mites	0.24 - 0.96 fl. oz.	1 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
Berries including but not limited to: Blackberry, Blueberry,	Beetles, Weevils	0.29 - 0.96 fl. oz.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
Raspberry, Strawberry, others include: Boysenberry, Currants,	Thrips	0.29 - 0.96 fl. oz.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
Dewberry, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Loganberry	True Bugs, Leafhoppers, Whiteflies, Aphids, Leafrollers, Cutworms, Loopers, Armyworms, Flies, Mites	0.24 - 0.96 fl. oz.	1 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
Herbs and Spices including but	Beetles, Weevils	0.29 - 0.96 fl. oz.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
not limited to: Chive, Dill, Fennel, Mustard, Sage, Sweet bay, others include: Anise,	Thrips	0.29 - 0.96 fl. oz.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
Balm, Basil, Black pepper, Borage, Caraway, Catnip, Chamomile, Coriander, Cumin, Curry leaf, Dandelion, Fenugreek, Horehound, Hyssop, Marjoram, Marigold, Mint, Nasturtium, Pennyroyal,	True Bugs, Leafhoppers, Whiteflies, Aphids, Leafrollers, Cutworms, Loopers, Armyworms, Flies, Mites	0.24 - 0.96 fl. oz.	1 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
Peppermint, Rosemary, Savory, Spearmint, Tansy, Tarragon, Thyme, Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood			
Nut Trees including but not limited to: Almond, Brazil nut, Filbert,	Beetles, Weevils	0.29 - 0.96 fl. oz.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
Hickory nut, Pecan, Pistachios, Walnut		0.29 - 0.96 fl. oz.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
	True Bugs, Leafhoppers, Whiteflies, Aphids, Leafrollers, Cutworms, Loopers, Armyworms, Flies, Mites	0.24 - 0.96 fl. oz.	1 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
Pome Fruits including but not limited to: Apple, Quince, or	Beetles, Weevils	0.29 - 0.96 fl. oz.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
Pear (Comice varieties: DO NOT apply more than 24 fl oz/A. DO	Thrips	0.29 - 0.96 fl. oz.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
NOT apply after pink stage of flowering; test small areas of other varieties of pears for plant safety prior to full scale usage.)	True Bugs, Leafhoppers, Whiteflies, Aphids, Leafrollers, Cutworms, Loopers, Armyworms, Flies, Mites	0.24 - 0.96 fl. oz.	1 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
Stone Fruits including but not	Beetles, Weevils	0.29 - 0.96 fl. oz.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
limited to: Apricot, Cherry, Nectarine, Peach, Plum	Thrips	0.29 - 0.96 fl. oz.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
	True Bugs, Leafhoppers, Whiteflies, Aphids, Leafrollers, Cutworms, Loopers, Armyworms, Flies, Mites	0.24 - 0.96 fl. oz.	1 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
Citrus Fruits including but not	Beetles, Weevils	0.29 - 0.96 fl. oz.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal
limited to: Grapefruit, Lemon, Lime, Orange others include: Citrus Citron, Mandarin	Thrips	0.29 - 0.96 fl. oz.	2 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal

		Dilution Rate for Sprayers	
CROP	PESTS such as:	FI. Oz. of product per 1,000 Sq. Ft.	Tbs. of product per 1.0 gallon of water
(tangerine), Nectarine, Satsuma (orange mandarin), Tangerine	True Bugs, Leafhoppers, Whiteflies, Aphids, Leafrollers, Cutworms, Loopers, Armyworms, Flies, Mites	0.24 - 0.96 fl. oz.	1 Tbs 4 Tbs./gal

#### STORAGE & DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal..

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original containers in a dry, cool, well-ventilated area.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

**CONTAINER DISPOSAL:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill container ½ full with water and recap. Shake 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available or dispose of in trash or in a sanitary landfill or by incineration. Do not burn, unless allowed by State and local ordinances.

#### NOTICE ON CONDITIONS OF SALE

The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Plant injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

#### Advertising claims that may be presented on the retail container label or on the labeling accompanying the product.

- · Controls mites, caterpillars, whiteflies, thrips, aphids, and other insects as listed on this label.
- · Controls chewing and sucking insects
- Low-odor formulation
- · Broad-spectrum control
- · Can be applied the day of harvest
- · For use on a wide variety of trees, shrubs, flowers, fruit and nut trees, vegetables
- Low (Mild) odor
- · Organic Materials Review Institute (OMRI) Listed.
- · Spray and Drench
- · For use with recirculatory, aeroponic, and hydroponic systems
- · Contains azadirachtin from COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED
- · Tough Pests. Easy Solution.
- · Controls chewing and sucking insects
- · Broad spectrum insect and mite control
- Can be applied up to and on the day of harvest for all food & non food use plants
- Rose Spray
- · For use on Roses and Flowers
- · Controls Japanese Beetle on Roses
- Complete Insect and Mite Control for Flowers
- Three applications in 30 days provides complete plant protection
- · Quadruple action insect control Antifeedant, Insect Growth Regulator, Anti-ovipository, Repellant
- · Single product; multiple action
- · A proven botanical pesticide
- · Works effectively against a broad spectrum of pests on a stand alone basis on a variety of vegetable crops
- · Controls insect pest during various stages of growth
- The Benefits to your insect control program are multiple
- · Controls Insects Systemically
- · Taken up through the roots, controls insects on the leaves
- · Insects stop feeding when they feed on treated plants
- · For foliar and systemic insect control
- For Use on Flowers, and Ornamentals
- For Use on Crops, Vegetables, Herbs, Spices, Fruits, and Berries
- Three in one product Insecticide, Miticide, and Nematicide
- Brought to you Exclusively by General Hydroponics Bringing Nature and Technology Together (logo)
- For Organic Gardening

#### Sub label 5 Home and Garden market segment

### **EcoGarden®**

**Botanical Insecticide, Miticide, and Nematicide** 

Single Dose Delivery Cartridge (patent pending)
Read This Entire Label Before Use



#### For Organic Gardening

 ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
 % By Wt.

 Azadirachtin
 1.2%

 OTHER INGREDIENTS
 98.8%

 TOTAL
 100.00%

## Contains 0.35 grams azadirachtin per fluid ounce

# CAUTION

	FIRST AID		
If inhaled	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-		
	mouth if possible. Call poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.		
If on skin or	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or		
clothing	doctor for treatment advice.		
If in eyes	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes,		
****	then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.		
If swallowed	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do		
	not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.		
Have	Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.		
	CALL THE POISON CONTROL HOTLINE 24 HOURS A DAY AT 1-888-478-0798.		

NET CONTENTS: 4 Single Dose Delivery Cartridges
Single Dose Delivery Cartridge – 2.5 milliliters (0.084 fluid ounce or 1/6 Tbs.) or 5 milliliters (0.169 fluid ounce or 1/3 Tbs.)

EPA Reg. No. 71908-1 EPA Est. No. 71908-IND-001

USA Phone Number: 972-325-1227

Batch Number: xxxx

COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED Coromandel House, Sardar Patel Road Secunderabad 500 003 Telangana India

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION - Harmful if absorbed through skin or if inhaled. Avoid breathing vapor. Causes moderate eye irritation. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wear chemical resistant gloves.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates.

For Terrestrial Uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

**EcoGarden® Botantical Insecticide, Miticide, & Nematicide** will provide control results comparable to the synthetic insecticide standards. **EcoGarden®** provides broad spectrum control with very low environmental impact. **EcoGarden®** provides all the benefits of azadirachtin, a proven anti-feedant, insect growth regulator (IGR), anti-ovipository, and repellant, as well as a toxin to soft bodied insect larvae.

The active ingredient in EcoGarden® - Azadirachtin - is a unique botanical insecticide, miticide and nematicide.

Mode of Action: Control of different	Anti-Feedant	Insects feed less or not at all on treated plants. Foliage is not damaged and insects ultimately starve to death.
orders of insects or insects in different	Insect Growth Regulator (IGR)	Insects fail to mature and reproduce, eliminating populations over time.
phases of their life cycle is due to the complexity of the	Anti-ovipository	Insect do not lay eggs on treated plants. The likelihood of insect infestation is greatly decreased in treated plants. This adds a preventive aspect to your insect control.
azadirachtin molecule and the many modes of action inherent in azadirachtin.	Repellant	Insects do not prefer treated plants.

#### PESTS CONTROLLED OR SUPPRESSED

#### HEMIPTERA AND HOMOPTERA including but not limited to:

true bugs including boxelder bugs, chinch bugs, lygus bugs and stink bug; lacebugs; leafhoppers including grape leafhopper, spittlebug, potato leafhopper and variegated leafhopper; mealy bugs including apple mealy bugs, citrus mealy bugs, grape mealy bugs; whiteflies including greenhouse whitefly, silverleaf whitefly and sweet potato whitefly and woolly whitefly; aphids including apple aphid, green peach aphid, melon aphid, pea aphid, potato aphid and rose aphid; psyllids including pear psyllids and scales including black scale, brown soft scale, California red scale, coffee scale, olive scale, San Jose scale, and cottony cushion scale

#### COLEOPTERA including but not limited to:

beetles, grubs and weevils including Asian long-horned beetle, bark beetles, black vine weevil, Colorado potato beetle, elm bark beetle, European chafer, flea beetles, Japanese beetle, June beetle, leaf beetles, Mexican bean beetle, Northern masked chafer, rose chafer and Southern masked chafer and twig girders.

#### THYSANOPTERA including but not limited to:

thrips including citrus thrips, flower thrips, gladiolus thrips, onion thrips, thrips palmi and Western flower thrips.

#### LEPIDOPTERA including but not limited to:

moths including European pine shoot moth, pine tip moth and Tussock moth; leafrollers including blueberry leafroller, filbert leafroller, fruitree leafroller, citrus leafminers, grape leafroller, oblique banded leafroller, omnivorous leafroller; cutworms including black cutworm and citrus cutworm:

caterpillars and loopers including bagworms, budworms, cabbage looper, canker worms, case bearers, caseworms, corn earworm, diamondback moth, fruit worms, grapeleaf skeletonizer, gypsy moth, hornworms, imported cabbageworm, navel orangeworm, soybean looper, spruce budworm, tent caterpillar, tip moths, tent caterpillars, tobacco budworm, tobacco hornworm, tomato pinworm and tussock moth:

**armyworms** including beet armyworm, fall armyworm, lawn armyworm, southern armyworm and yellow striped armyworm; **webworms** and **leaf perforators**.

#### DIPTERA including but not limited to*:

flies including Caribbean fruit fly, cherry maggots, crane fly, fungus gnat, Hessian fly, oriental fruit fly, Mediterranean fruit fly, marsh crane flies, melon fly, shore fly and walnut husk fly; leafminers including citrus leafminers and serpentine leafminers

*Not intended for use on public health pests

#### HYMENOPTERA including but not limited to:*

sawflies including European sawflies, pear sawflies, red-headed pine sawflies, yellow-headed pin sawflies.

*Not intended for use on public health pests

#### ORTHOPTERA including but not limited to:

crickets; grasshoppers; locusts

#### ACARINA including but not limited to:*

Mites including, **red spider mites**, brown mite, clover mite, conifer spider mite, European red mite, spruce spider mite, and two-spotted spider mite.

*Not intended for use on public health pests

#### NEMATODA:

Nematodes (suppression)

#### FOR USE ON FLOWERS, ORNAMENTALS AND LANDSCAPE PLANTINGS

Ornamental Plants and Flowers including but not limited to:	Actinopteris, African violets*, ageratum, aglaonema, Algerian ivy, allamanda, alocasia, amaranthus, anthurium, aphelandra, arborvitae, Artemisia, aster, aucuba ilex, azalea, baby's breath, begonia, Boston fern, bougainvillea, boxwood, brachycome, cacti, calabrese, caladium, calathea, calendula, calla, camellia, carnation, ceanothus, chrysanthemum, cineraria, coleus, columbine, cotoneaster, cyclamen, daffodil, dahlia, daisy, daylily, delphinium, dianthus, dieffenbachia, dogwood, dusty miller, Easter lily, English ivy, euphorbia, fern, ficus, foliage plants, foxglove, freesia, fuschia, gaillardia, gardenia, geranium, gerbera, gladiola, gloxinia, gypsophilla, hedera, hibiscus, hyacinth, hydrangea, ilex, impatiens, iris, ivy, jasmine, lilac, lily, maidenhair fern, mandevilla, marigold, narcissus, nasturtium, orchid*, pansy, pelargonium, peony, peperomia, petunia, philodendron, phlox, photinia, pinks, pittosporum, poinsettia*, pothos, portulaca, primrose, pyracantha, rhododendron, rose*, rosemary, rubber plant, salvia, schefflera, sedum, sempervivum, snapdragon, spathiphyllum, stock, syngonium, tulip, verbena, vinca, wandering jew, yucca, zinnia  * Please note that when making applications to these species, spotting of plant foliage and blossoms is possible.
Ornamental Trees and Shrubs including but not limited to:	Andromeda, arborvitae, ash, Austrian pine, azalea, beech, birch, birdsnest spruce, blue spruce, bougainvillea, boxwood, butternut, cedar, charmaecyparis, cherry, cotoneaster, crabapple, cyprus, dogwood, Douglas fir, elm, euonymus, firethorn, forsythia, hackberry, hawthorn, hemlock, hickory, holly, honey locust, horse chestnut, juniper, larch, laurel, lilac, linden, London planetree, magnolia, mandevilla, maple, mimosa, mountain ash, myrtle, oak, pachysandra, peach, photinia, pine, planetree, poplar, privet, purpleleaf wintercreeper, quince, sage, spruce, sycamore, white cedar, white pine, yew

Waxy bloom on certain ornamental plants will be reduced after an application.

Applications will remove the glaucus 'blue' coloring from evergreens such as Colorado blue spruce and Koster spruce.

#### FOR USE ON GARDEN VEGETABLES, HERBS, SPICES, FRUITS AND BERRIES

Leafy Vegetables including but not limited to:	<b>Broccoli</b> , Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Collards, Endive, Kale, Lettuce, Spinach
Root Vegetables, including but not limited to:	Beet, <b>Carrot</b> , Horseradish, Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Sweet potato, Turnip, Yams
Fruiting Vegetables including but not limited to:	Eggplant, Pepper, Tomatillo, <b>Tomato</b>
Cucurbit Vegetables including but not limited to:	<b>Cucumber</b> , Gourd (edible), Muskmelon, Pumpkin, Squash, Watermelon, including Cantaloupe, Casaba, Gherkins, <b>Melons</b> (including hybrids), Zucchini
Legume Vegetables including but not limited to:	Bean, Chickpea, Lentil, <b>Pea</b>
Bulb Vegetables including but not limited to:	Garlic, Onion, Shallotes
Berries including but not limited to:	Blackberry, Blueberry, Raspberry, <b>Strawberry</b> , others include: Boysenberry, Currants, Dewberry, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Loganberry
Herbs and Spices including but not limited to:	Chive, Dill, Fennel, <b>Mustard</b> , Sage, Sweet bay, others include: Anise, Balm, <b>Basil</b> , Black pepper, Borage, Caraway, Catnip, Chamomile, Coriander, Cumin, Curry leaf, Dandelion, Fenugreek, Horehound, <b>Hyssop</b> , Marjoram, <b>Marigold</b> , Mint, Nasturtium, Pennyroyal, Peppermint, Rosemary, Savory, Spearmint, Tansy, Tarragon, <b>Thyme</b> , Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood
Nut Trees including but not limited to:	Almond, Brazil nut, Filbert, Hickory nut, Pecan, Pistachios, Walnut
Pome Fruits including but not limited to:	Apple, Quince, or Pear (Comice varieties: DO NOT apply more than 24 fl oz/A. DO NOT apply after pink stage of flowering; test small areas of other varieties of pears for plant safety prior to full scale usage.)
Stone Fruits including but not limited to:	Apricot, Cherry, Nectarine, Peach, Plum
Citrus Fruits including but not limited to:	Grapefruit, Lemon, Lime, Orange others include: Citrus Citron, Mandarin (tangerine), Nectarine, Satsuma (orange mandarin), Tangerine
Other Crops	Hemp

**EcoGarden®** has been evaluated for phytotoxicity on a wide range of ornamentals and garden plants. However, since testing on all plant varieties is not feasible, test a small portion of the area to be treated for phytotoxicity before treating the entire area.

There are no restrictions on applying **EcoGarden®** up to the time of harvest.

#### **APPLICATION METHODS**

**EcoGarden**® is an emulsifiable concentrate to be diluted with water. The product forms an emulsion and requires agitation to assure uniformity of the spray mixture.

For Use on Flower, Ornamental, Garden, and Landscape Plantings For Use on Garden Crops, Vegetables, Herbs, Spices, Fruits, and Berries

Instructions for Using Single Dose Sprayer System™

Single Dose Delivery Cartridge -2.5 milliliters (0.084 fluid ounce or 1/6 Tbs.)

or

Single Dose Delivery Cartridge - 5 milliliters (0.169 fluid ounce or 1/3 Tbs.)

EcoGarden® Single Dose Sprayer System*

Remove access cap from Single Dose Sprayer bottle.

Fill sprayer bottle with 32 ounces of tap water (see fill line on bottle).

Open box that contains the Single Dose Delivery Cartridges.

Remove a Single Dose Delivery Cartridge.

Insert Cartridge into access opening & tighten down the Cartridge until the inner-module detaches from Cartridge and then falls into the sprayer bottle.

Shake sprayer bottle vigorously for 20 seconds or until product is thoroughly dispersed.

Apply Product Spray Solution.

*Patent Pending -- Single Dose Delivery Cartridges can be purchased separately.

To remove inner module from sprayer bottle, take off attached trigger sprayer, shake the module through the neck of the sprayer bottle, and then out.

For the most effective control, spray **EcoGarden**® as soon as possible after pests appear and are in the immature stages. Spray at an interval of seven to ten days or as the situation warrants. During high pest infestation levels increase the spray frequency. Apply **EcoGarden**® so as to thoroughly cover both sides of the foliage. Foliar applications offer locally systemic activity against insect pests. Repeat spraying if rain occurs within two to three hours of spraying. **EcoGarden**® can be applied as directed to any food or non-food plant up to and including the day of harvest.

An application of **EcoGarden®** does not provide the quick "knock-down" of a contact poison. Usage experience has shown that with three treatments over a period of 21 to 30 days (spray every 7 to 10 days), pest control is comparable to the synthetic insecticide "standards". If **EcoGarden®** is used as a preventative treatment throughout the season, prior to insect infestation, the goal of protecting your plants will be accomplished. With high insect pressure applications should be made every 5 to 7 days. Additional applications of **EcoGarden®** may be required with increased and prolonged pest infestation.

#### How to Use:

- Adjust nozzle to desired spray pattern
- Hold Sprayer about 12 inches from foliage
- Spray leaves, stems, and tender new shoots
- To obtain good insect & mite control, spray both upper & lower surface of leaves. Apply spray until leaves are evenly
  coated but not to run off.

The spray mixture should be used within 24 hours of preparation. Any un-used solution can be drenched over the base of the plants – please refer to the drench application section of this label.

#### DRENCH APPLICATION FOR INDOOR AND OUTDOOR PLANTS GROWN IN CONTAINERS

Use **EcoGarden**® as a soil drench for effective control of soil-borne insect larvae, including soil-borne larvae of foliar pests, such as fungus gnats, nematodes, or soil borne thrips. When applying as a drench, avoid excessive leaching.

Preventive applications as a soil drench may be warranted for certain pests. Soil drench applications of **EcoGarden®** will have a slower rate of activity because of soil absorption when compared to foliar applications methods. Target the initial application of a soil drench treatment to coincide with the early stages of young larvae and young nymphs.

Drench the soil in the pot with one (1) pint of finished spray per 1.0 gallon of soil. Make two to three (2-3) applications at 10 to 14 day intervals until the pest pressure has ended.

#### STORAGE & DISPOSAL

#### PESTICIDE STORAGE:

Do not store this product above 105°F or below -15°F for extended periods of time. Keep containers tightly closed and in original containers when not in use. Store in original container in a cool, dry place, out of reach of children.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved water disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Offer for recycling, if available.

#### NOTICE ON CONDITIONS OF SALE

The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Plant injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

#### Advertising claims that may be presented on the retail container label or on the labeling accompanying the product.

- Single Dose Sprayer System (Patent Pending)
- Just add water, attach Single Dose Delivery Cartridge, and spray
- Spray and Drench
- Organic Materials Review Institute (OMRI) Listed.
- ♦ Contains azadirachtin from COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED
- ♦ Tough Pests. Easy Solution
- Controls chewing and sucking insects
- Broad spectrum insect and mite control
- Can be applied up to and on the day of harvest for all food & non food use plants
- Can be used on a wide variety of trees, shrubs flowers, fruit and nut trees, garden vegetables and plants.
- Rose Spray
- For use on Rose and Flowers
- Vegetable Garden Spray
- For use on Tomatoes and Garden Vegetables
- ♦ Controls Japanese Beetle on Roses
- Insect and Mite Control for the Home Garden Vegetables
- Complete Insect and Mite Control for Flowers
- Three applications in 30 days provides complete plant protection
- ♦ Quadruple action insect control Antifeedant, Insect Growth Regulator, Anti-ovipository, Repellant
- Single product; multiple action
- Single product; multiple pest control
- A proven botanical pesticide born out of a decade of intense global research
- Works effectively against a broad spectrum of pests on a stand alone basis on a variety of vegetable crops
- Controls insect pest during various stages of growth
- The Benefits to your insect control program are multiple
- ♦ Low Odor Formulation
- Controls Insects Systemically
- Taken up through the roots, controls insects on the leaves
- Insects stop feeding when they feed on treated plants
- Easy to Use
- For foliar and systemic insect control
- No Measuring
- Ready to Prepare and Use
- Single Dose Delivery Cartridges can be purchased separately
- Ready to Make and Spray
- Reusable Sprayer Bottle with 360 Degree Sprayer nozzle
- Three in one product Insecticide, Miticide, and Nematicide
- Recommended by General Hydroponics Bringing Nature and Technology Together (logo)
- ♦ For Organic Gardening

### **EcoGarden®**

**Botantical Insecticide, Miticide, and Nematicide** 

**Single Dose Delivery Sachet** Read This Entire Label Before Use



#### For Organic Gardening

 ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
 % By Wt.

 Azadirachtin
 1.2%

 OTHER INGREDIENTS
 98.8%

 TOTAL
 100.00%

 Contains 0.35 grams azadirachtin per fluid ounce

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

### **CAUTION**

	FIRST AID		
If inhaled	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.		
If on skin or	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or		
clothing	doctor for treatment advice.		
If in eyes	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes,		
	then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.		
If swallowed	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.		
Ha	Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.		
	CALL THE POISON CONTROL HOTLINE 24 HOURS A DAY AT 1-888-478-0798.		

NET CONTENTS: Four Single Dose Delivery Sachets
Single DoseDelivery Sachet – 2.5 milliliters (0.084 fluid ounce or 1/6 Tbs.) and 5 milliliters (0.169 fluid ounce or 1/3 Tbs.)

EPA Reg. No. 71908-1 EPA Est. No. 71908-IND-001 USA Phone Number: 972-325-1227

Batch Number:xxx

COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED Coromandel House, Sardar Patel Road Secunderabad 500 003 Telangana India

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION - Harmful if absorbed through skin or if inhaled. Avoid breathing vapor. Causes moderate eye irritation. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wear chemical resistant gloves.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates.

For Terrestrial Uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

**EcoGarden® Botantical Insecticide, Miticide, & Nematicide** will provide control results comparable to the synthetic insecticide standards. **EcoGarden®** provides broad spectrum control with very low environmental impact. **EcoGarden®** provides all the benefits of azadirachtin, a proven anti-feedant, insect growth regulator (IGR), anti-ovipository, and repellant, as well as a toxin to soft bodied insect larvae.

The active ingredient in **EcoGarden®** - Azadirachtin – is a unique botanical insecticide, miticide and nematicide.

Mode of Action: Control of different	Anti-Feedant	Insects feed less or not at all on treated plants. Foliage is not damaged and insects ultimately starve to death.
orders of insects or insects in different	Insect Growth Regulator (IGR)	Insects fail to mature and reproduce, eliminating populations over time.
phases of their life cycle is due to the complexity of the	Anti-ovipository	Insect do not lay eggs on treated plants. The likelihood of insect infestation is greatly decreased in treated plants. This adds a preventive aspect to your insect control.
azadirachtin molecule and the many modes of action inherent in azadirachtin.	Repellant	Insects do not prefer treated plants.

#### PESTS CONTROLLED OR SUPPRESSED

#### HEMIPTERA AND HOMOPTERA including but not limited to:

true bugs including boxelder bugs, chinch bugs, lygus bugs and stink bug; lacebugs; leafhoppers including grape leafhopper, spittlebug, potato leafhopper and variegated leafhopper; mealy bugs including apple mealy bugs, citrus mealy bugs, grape mealy bugs; whiteflies including greenhouse whitefly, silverleaf whitefly and sweet potato whitefly and woolly whitefly; aphids including apple aphid, green peach aphid, melon aphid, potato aphid and rose aphid; psyllids including pear psyllids and scales including black scale, brown soft scale, California red scale, coffee scale, olive scale, San Jose scale, and cottony cushion scale

#### COLEOPTERA including but not limited to:

beetles, grubs and weevils including Asian long-horned beetle, bark beetles, black vine weevil, Colorado potato beetle, elm bark beetle, European chafer, flea beetles, Japanese beetle, June beetle, leaf beetles, Mexican bean beetle, Northern masked chafer, rose chafer and Southern masked chafer and twig girders.

#### THYSANOPTERA including but not limited to:

thrips including citrus thrips, flower thrips, gladiolus thrips, onion thrips, thrips palmi and Western flower thrips.

#### LEPIDOPTERA including but not limited to:

moths including European pine shoot moth, pine tip moth and Tussock moth; leafrollers including blueberry leafroller, filbert leafroller, fruitree leafroller, citrus leafminers, grape leafroller, oblique banded leafroller, omnivorous leafroller; cutworms including black cutworm and citrus cutworm:

caterpillars and loopers including bagworms, budworms, cabbage looper, canker worms, case bearers, caseworms, corn earworm, diamondback moth, fruit worms, grapeleaf skeletonizer, gypsy moth, hornworms, imported cabbageworm, navel orangeworm, soybean looper, spruce budworm, tent caterpillar, tip moths, tent caterpillars, tobacco budworm, tobacco hornworm, tomato pinworm and tussock moth:

**armyworms** including beet armyworm, fall armyworm, lawn armyworm, southern armyworm and yellow striped armyworm; **webworms** and **leaf perforators**.

#### DIPTERA including but not limited to*:

flies including Caribbean fruit fly, cherry maggots, crane fly, fungus gnat, Hessian fly, oriental fruit fly, Mediterranean fruit fly, marsh crane flies, melon fly, shore fly and walnut husk fly; leafminers including citrus leafminers and serpentine leafminers *Not intended for use on public health pests

#### HYMENOPTERA including but not limited to*:

sawflies including European sawflies, pear sawflies, red-headed pine sawflies, vellow-headed pin sawflies.

*Not intended for use on public health pests

#### ORTHOPTERA including but not limited to:crickets; grasshoppers; locusts

#### ACARINA including but not limited to*:

Mites including, red spider mites, brown mite, clover mite, conifer spider mite, European red mite, spruce spider mite, and two-spotted spider mite.

*Not intended for use on public health pests

#### NEMATODA:

Nematodes (suppression)

#### FOR USE ON FLOWERS, ORNAMENTALS AND LANDSCAPE PLANTINGS

Ornamental Plants and Flowers including but not limited to:	Actinopteris, African violets*, ageratum, aglaonema, Algerian ivy, allamanda, alocasia, amaranthus, anthurium, aphelandra, arborvitae, Artemisia, aster, aucuba ilex, azalea, baby's breath, begonia, Boston fern, bougainvillea, boxwood, brachycome, cacti, calabrese, caladium, calathea, calendula, calla, camellia, carnation, ceanothus, chrysanthemum, cineraria, coleus, columbine, cotoneaster, cyclamen, daffodil, dahlia, daisy, daylily, delphinium, dianthus, dieffenbachia, dogwood, dusty miller, Easter lily, English ivy, euphorbia, fern, ficus, foliage plants, foxglove, freesia, fuschia, gaillardia, gardenia, geranium, gerbera, gladiola, gloxinia, gypsophilla, hedera, hibiscus, hyacinth, hydrangea, ilex, impatiens, iris, ivy, jasmine, lilac, lily, maidenhair fern, mandevilla, marigold, narcissus, nasturtium, orchid*, pansy, pelargonium, peony, peperomia, petunia, philodendron, phlox, photinia, pinks, pittosporum, poinsettia*, pothos, portulaca, primrose, pyracantha, rhododendron, rose*, rosemary, rubber plant, salvia, schefflera, sedum, sempervivum, snapdragon, spathiphyllum, stock, syngonium, tulip, verbena, vinca, wandering jew, yucca, zinnia  * Please note that when making applications to these species, spotting of plant foliage and blossoms is possible.	
Ornamental Trees and Shrubs including but not limited to:	namental Trees d Shrubs cluding but not  Andromeda, arborvitae, ash, Austrian pine, azalea, beech, birch, birdsnest spruce, blue spruce, bougainvillea, boxwood, butternut, cedar, charmaecyparis, cherry, cotoneaster, crabapple, cyprus, dogwood, Douglas fir, elm, euonymus, firethorn, forsythia, hackberry, hawthorn, hemlock, hickory,	

Waxy bloom on certain ornamental plants will be reduced after an application.

Applications will remove the glaucus 'blue' coloring from evergreens such as Colorado blue spruce and Koster spruce.

#### FOR USE ON GARDEN VEGETABLES, HERBS, SPICES, FRUITS AND BERRIES

Leafy Vegetables including but not limited to:	<b>Broccoli</b> , Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Collards, Endive, Kale, Lettuce, Spinach	
Root Vegetables, including but not limited to:	Beet, <b>Carrot</b> , Horseradish, Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Sweet potato, Turnip, Yams	
Fruiting Vegetables including but not limited to:	Eggplant, Pepper, Tomatillo, <b>Tomato</b>	
Cucurbit Vegetables including but not limited to:	Cucumber, Gourd (edible), Muskmelon, Pumpkin, Squash, Watermelon, including Cantaloupe, Casaba, Gherkins, <b>Melons</b> (including hybrids), Zucchini	
Legume Vegetables including but not limited to:	Bean, Chickpea, Lentil, Pea	
Bulb Vegetables including but not limited to:	Garlic, <b>Onion</b> , Shallot	
Berries including but not limited to:	Blackberry, Blueberry, Raspberry, <b>Strawberry</b> , others include: Boysenberry, Currants, Dewberry, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Loganberry	
Herbs and Spices including but not limited to:	Chive, Dill, Fennel, <b>Mustard</b> , Sage, Sweet bay, others include: Anise, Balm, <b>Basil</b> , Black pepper, Borage, Caraway, Catnip, Chamomile, Coriander, Cumin, Curry leaf, Dandelion, Fenugreek, Horehound, <b>Hyssop</b> , Marjoram, <b>Marigold</b> , Mint, Nasturtium, Pennyroyal, Peppermint, Rosemary, Savory, Spearmint, Tansy, Tarragon, <b>Thyme</b> , Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood	
Nut Trees including but not limited to:	Almond, Brazil nut, Filbert, Hickory nut, Pecan, Pistachios, Walnut	
Pome Fruits including but not limited to:	<b>Apple</b> , Quince, or Pear (Comice varieties: DO NOT apply more than 24 fl oz/A. DO NOT apply after pink stage of flowering; test small areas of other varieties of pears for plant safety prior to full scale usage.)	
Stone Fruits including but not limited to:	Apricot, Cherry, Nectarine, Peach, Plum	
Citrus Fruits including but not limited to:	Grapefruit, Lemon, Lime, Orange others include: Citrus Citron, Mandarin (tangerine), Nectarine, Satsuma (orange mandarin), Tangerine	
Other Crops	Нетр	

**EcoGarden**® has been evaluated for phytotoxicity on a wide range of ornamentals and garden plants. However, since testing on all plant varieties is not feasible, test a small portion of the area to be treated for phytotoxicity before treating the entire area.

There are no restrictions on applying **EcoGarden**® up to the time of harvest.

#### **APPLICATION METHODS**

**EcoGarden**® is an emulsifiable concentrate to be diluted with water. The product forms an emulsion and requires agitation to assure uniformity of the spray mixture.

For Use on Flower, Ornamental, Garden, and Landscape Plantings For Use on Garden Vegetables, Herbs, Spices, Fruits, and Berries

Instructions for Using Single Dose Sprayer System™

Single Dose Delivery Sachet – 2.5 milliliters (0.084 fluid ounce or 1/6 Tbs.)

Single Dose Delivery Sachet - 5 milliliters (0.169 fluid ounce or 1/3 Tbs.)

EcoGarden® Single Dose Sprayer System*

Remove access cap from Single Dose Sprayer bottle.

Fill sprayer bottle with 32 ounces of tap water (see fill line on bottle).

Open box that contains the Single Dose Delivery Sachet.

Remove a Single Dose Delivery Sachet and then tear open outer sac to remove

Water Soluble Sachet. ----- Note →

Insert Water Soluble Sachet into access opening & replace access cap.

Let the sprayer bottle set for 1 minute while the Water Soluble Sachet begins to dissolve.

Shake sprayer bottle for 30 seconds or until the Water Soluble Sachet is completely dissolved and product is thoroughly dispersed.

Apply Product Spray Solution.

*Patent Pending -- Single Dose Delivery Sachets can be purchased separately.

The clear inner sachet containing the product is water soluble. Do not allow the sachet to become wet prior to adding to water. Do not handle with wet hands or wet gloves. Rough handling may cause breakage.

For the most effective control, spray **EcoGarden**® as soon as possible after pests appear and are in the immature stages. Spray at an interval of seven to ten days or as the situation warrants. During high pest infestation levels increase the spray frequency. Apply **EcoGarden**® so as to thoroughly cover both sides of the foliage. Foliar applications offer locally systemic activity against insect pests. Repeat spraying if rain occurs within two to three hours of spraying. **EcoGarden**® can be applied as directed to any food or non-food plant up to and including the day of harvest.

An application of **EcoGarden®** does not provide the quick "knock-down" of a contact poison. Usage experience has shown that with three treatments over a period of 21 to 30 days (spray every 7 to 10 days), pest control is comparable to the synthetic insecticide "standards". If **EcoGarden®** is used as a preventative treatment throughout the season, prior to insect infestation, the goal of protecting your plants will be accomplished. With high insect pressure applications should be made every 5 to 7 days. Additional applications of **EcoGarden®** may be required with increased and prolonged pest infestation.

#### How to Use:

- Adjust nozzle to desired spray pattern
- Hold Sprayer about 12 inches from foliage
- Spray leaves, stems, and tender new shoots
- To obtain good insect & mite control, spray both upper & lower surface of leaves. Apply spray until leaves are evenly
  coated but not to run off.

The spray mixture should be used within 24 hours of preparation. Any un-used solution can be drenched over the base of the plants – please refer to the drench application section of this label.

#### DRENCH APPLICATION FOR INDOOR AND OUTDOOR PLANTS GROWN IN CONTAINERS

Use **EcoGarden**® as a soil drench for effective control of soil-borne insect larvae, including soil-borne larvae of foliar pests, such as fungus gnats, nematodes, or soil borne thrips. When applying as a drench, avoid excessive leaching.

Preventive applications as a soil drench may be warranted for certain pests. Soil drench applications of **EcoGarden®** will have a slower rate of activity because of soil absorption when compared to foliar applications methods. Target the initial application of a soil drench treatment to coincide with the early stages of young larvae and young nymphs.

Drench the soil in the pot with one (1) pint of finished spray per 1.0 gallon of soil. Make two to three (2-3) applications at 10 to 14 day intervals until the pest pressure has ended.

#### STORAGE & DISPOSAL

#### PESTICIDE STORAGE:

Do not store this product above 105°F or below -15°F for extended periods of time. Keep containers tightly closed and in original containers when not in use. Store in original container in a cool, dry place, out of reach of children.

#### PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:

Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be diposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

#### **CONTAINER DISPOSAL:**

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Dispose of the empty outer packet or outer capsule in the trash, as long as the water soluble sachet is unbroken.

#### NOTICE ON CONDITIONS OF SALE

The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Plant injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risk s shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

#### Advertising claims that may be presented on the retail container label or on the labeling accompanying the product.

- Single Dose Sprayer System (Patent Pending)
- Just add water, insert Single Dose Delivery Sachet, and spray
- Spray and Drench
- Organic Materials Review Institute (OMRI) Listed.
- Contains azadirachtin from COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED
- Tough Pests. Easy Solution
- Controls chewing and sucking insects
- Broad spectrum insect and mite control
- Can be applied up to and on the day of harvest for all food & non food use plants
- Can be used on a wide variety of trees, shrubs flowers, fruit and nut trees, garden vegetables and plants.
- Rose Spray
- For use on Rose and Flowers
- Vegetable Garden Spray
- For use on Tomatoes and Garden Vegetables
- Controls Japanese Beetle on Roses
- Insect and Mite Control for the Home Garden Vegetables
- ♦ Complete Insect and Mite Control for Flowers
- Three applications in 30 days provides complete plant protection
- ♦ Quadruple action insect control Antifeedant, Insect Growth Regulator, Anti-ovipository, Repellant
- Single product; multiple action
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- The Benefits to your insect control program are multiple
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- Taken up through the roots, controls insects on the leaves
- Insects stop feeding when they feed on treated plants
- Easy to Use
- For foliar and systemic insect control
- No Measuring
- · Ready to Prepare and Use
- Single Dose Delivery Sachets can be purchased separately
- Ready to Make and Spray
- Reusable Sprayer Bottle with 360 Degree Sprayer nozzle
- ♦ Three in one product Insecticide, Miticide, and Nematicide
- Recommended by General Hydroponics Bringing Nature and Technology Together (logo)
- For Organic Gardening

### **EcoGarden®**

**Botanical Insecticide, Miticide, and Nematicide** 

Single Dose Sprayer System [patent # US 2017/ 0088334 A1] Read This Entire Label Before Use



#### For Organic Gardening

See the Directions for Use for Complete List of Insects Controlled

ACTIVE INGREDIENT	% By Wt.
Azadirachtin	1.2%
OTHER INGREDIENTS	<u>98.8%</u>
TOTAL	100.00%

Contains 0.35 grams azadirachtin per fluid ounce

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN **CAUTION**

	FIRST AID			
If inhaled	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-			
	mouth if possible. Call poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.			
If on skin or	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or			
clothing	doctor for treatment advice.			
If in eyes				
	then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.			
If swallowed	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do			
	not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.			
Hav	Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.			
	CALL THE POISON CONTROL HOTLINE 24 HOURS A DAY AT 1-888-478-0798.			

NET CONTENTS: 0.254 fl oz (7.5 ml) or 0.338 fl oz (10 ml)

EPA Reg. No. 71908-1 EPA Est. No. 71908-IND-001 USA Phone Number: 972-325-1227

Batch Number:xxxx

COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED Coromandel House, Sardar Patel Road Secunderabad 500 003 Telangana India

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION - Harmful if absorbed through skin or if inhaled. Avoid breathing vapor. Causes moderate eye irritation. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wear chemical resistant gloves.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates.

For Terrestrial Uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

**EcoGarden® Botantical Insecticide, Miticide, & Nematicide** will provide control results comparable to the synthetic insecticide standards. **EcoGarden®** provides broad spectrum control with very low environmental impact. **EcoGarden®** provides all the benefits of azadirachtin, a proven anti-feedant, insect growth regulator (IGR), anti-ovipository, and repellant, as well as a toxin to soft bodied insect larvae.

The active ingredient in EcoGarden® - Azadirachtin - is a unique botanical insecticide, miticide and nematicide.

Mode of Action: Control of different	Anti-Feedant	Insects feed less or not at all on treated plants. Foliage is not damaged and insects ultimately starve to death.
orders of insects or insects in different	Insect Growth Regulator (IGR)	Insects fail to mature and reproduce, eliminating populations over time.
phases of their life cycle is due to the complexity of the	Anti-ovipository	Insect do not lay eggs on treated plants. The likelihood of insect infestation is greatly decreased in treated plants. This adds a preventive aspect to your insect control.
azadirachtin molecule and the many modes of action inherent in azadirachtin.	Repellant	Insects do not prefer treated plants.

#### PESTS CONTROLLED OR SUPPRESSED

#### HEMIPTERA AND HOMOPTERA including but not limited to:

true bugs including boxelder bugs, chinch bugs, lygus bugs and stink bug; lacebugs; leafhoppers including grape leafhopper, spittlebug, potato leafhopper and variegated leafhopper; mealy bugs including apple mealy bugs, citrus mealy bugs, grape mealy bugs; whiteflies including greenhouse whitefly, silverleaf whitefly and sweet potato whitefly and woolly whitefly; aphids including apple aphid, green peach aphid, melon aphid, potato aphid and rose aphid; psyllids including pear psyllids and scales including black scale, brown soft scale, California red scale, coffee scale, olive scale, San Jose scale, and cottony cushion scale

#### COLEOPTERA including but not limited to:

beetles, grubs and weevils including Asian long-horned beetle, bark beetles, black vine weevil, Colorado potato beetle, elm bark beetle, European chafer, flea beetles, Japanese beetle, June beetle, leaf beetles, Mexican bean beetle, Northern masked chafer, rose chafer and Southern masked chafer and twig girders.

#### THYSANOPTERA including but not limited to:

thrips including citrus thrips, flower thrips, gladiolus thrips, onion thrips, thrips palmi and Western flower thrips.

#### LEPIDOPTERA including but not limited to:

moths including European pine shoot moth, pine tip moth and Tussock moth; leafrollers including blueberry leafroller, filbert leafroller, fruitree leafroller, citrus leafminers, grape leafroller, oblique banded leafroller, omnivorous leafroller; cutworms including black cutworm and citrus cutworm:

caterpillars and loopers including bagworms, budworms, cabbage looper, canker worms, case bearers, caseworms, corn earworm, diamondback moth, fruit worms, grapeleaf skeletonizer, gypsy moth, hornworms, imported cabbageworm, navel orangeworm, soybean looper, spruce budworm, tent caterpillar, tip moths, tent caterpillars, tobacco budworm, tobacco hornworm, tomato pinworm and tussock moth:

**armyworms** including beet armyworm, fall armyworm, lawn armyworm, southern armyworm and yellow striped armyworm; **webworms** and **leaf perforators**.

#### DIPTERA including but not limited to:*

flies including Caribbean fruit fly, cherry maggots, crane fly, fungus gnat, Hessian fly, oriental fruit fly, Mediterranean fruit fly, marsh crane flies, melon fly, shore fly and walnut husk fly; leafminers including citrus leafminers and serpentine leafminers *Not intended for use on public health pests

#### HYMENOPTERA including but not limited to"*

sawflies including European sawflies, pear sawflies, red-headed pine sawflies, yellow-headed pin sawflies. *Not intended for use on public health pests

## ORTHOPTERA including but not limited to: crickets; grasshoppers; locusts

#### ACARINA including but not limited to:*

Mites including, **red spider mites**, brown mite, clover mite, conifer spider mite, European red mite, spruce spider mite, and two-spotted spider mite.

*Not intended for use on public health pests

#### NEMATODA:

Nematodes (suppression)

#### FOR USE ON FLOWERS, ORNAMENTALS AND LANDSCAPE PLANTINGS

Ornamental Plants and Flowers including but not limited to:	Actinopteris, African violets*, ageratum, aglaonema, Algerian ivy, allamanda, alocasia, amaranthus, anthurium, aphelandra, arborvitae, Artemisia, aster, aucuba ilex, azalea, baby's breath, begonia, Boston fern, bougainvillea, boxwood, brachycome, cacti, calabrese, caladium, calathea, calendula, calla, camellia, carnation, ceanothus, chrysanthemum, cineraria, coleus, columbine, cotoneaster, cyclamen, daffodil, dahlia, daisy, daylily, delphinium, dianthus, dieffenbachia, dogwood, dusty miller, Easter lily, English ivy, euphorbia, fern, ficus, foliage plants, foxglove, freesia, fuschia, gaillardia, gardenia, geranium, gerbera, gladiola, gloxinia, gypsophilla, hedera, hibiscus, hyacinth, hydrangea, ilex, impatiens, iris, ivy, jasmine, lilac, lily, maidenhair fern, mandevilla, marigold, narcissus, nasturtium, orchid*, pansy, pelargonium, peony, peperomia, petunia, philodendron, phlox, photinia, pinks, pittosporum, poinsettia*, pothos, portulaca, primrose, pyracantha, rhododendron, rose*, rosemary, rubber plant, salvia, schefflera, sedum, sempervivum, snapdragon, spathiphyllum, stock, syngonium, tulip, verbena, vinca, wandering jew, yucca, zinnia  * Please note that when making applications to these species, spotting of plant foliage and blossoms is possible.
Ornamental Trees and Shrubs including but not limited to:	Andromeda, arborvitae, ash, Austrian pine, azalea, beech, birch, birdsnest spruce, blue spruce, bougainvillea, boxwood, butternut, cedar, charmaecyparis, cherry, cotoneaster, crabapple, cyprus, dogwood, Douglas fir, elm, euonymus, firethorn, forsythia, hackberry, hawthorn, hemlock, hickory, holly, honey locust, horse chestnut, juniper, larch, laurel, lilac, linden, London planetree, magnolia, mandevilla, maple, mimosa, mountain ash, myrtle, oak, pachysandra, peach, photinia, pine, planetree, poplar, privet, purpleleaf wintercreeper, quince, sage, spruce, sycamore, white cedar, white pine, yew

Waxy bloom on certain ornamental plants will be reduced after an application.

Applications will remove the glaucus 'blue' coloring from evergreens such as Colorado blue spruce and Koster spruce.

#### FOR USE ON GARDEN VEGETABLES, HERBS, SPICES, FRUITS AND BERRIES

Leafy Vegetables including but not limited to:	<b>Broccoli</b> , Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Collards, Endive, Kale, Lettuce, Spinach		
Root Vegetables, including but not limited to:	Beet, <b>Carrot</b> , Horseradish, Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Sweet potato, Turnip, Yams		
Fruiting Vegetables including but not limited to:	Eggplant, Pepper, Tomatillo, <b>Tomato</b>		
Cucurbit Vegetables including but not limited to:	Cucumber, Gourd (edible), Muskmelon, Pumpkin, Squash, Watermelon,		
	including Cantaloupe, Casaba, Gherkins, <b>Melons</b> (including hybrids), Zucchini		
Legume Vegetables including but not limited to:	Bean, Chickpea, Lentil, <b>Pea</b>		
Bulb Vegetables including but not limited to:	Garlic, Onion, Shallot		
Berries including but not limited to:	Blackberry, Blueberry, Raspberry, <b>Strawberry</b> , others include: Boysenberry,		
	Currants, Dewberry, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Loganberry		
Herbs and Spices including but not limited to:	Chive, Dill, Fennel, <b>Mustard</b> , Sage, Sweet bay, others include: Anise, Balm, <b>Basil</b> , Black pepper, Borage, Caraway, Catnip, Chamomile, Coriander, Cumin, Curry leaf, Dandelion, Fenugreek, Horehound, <b>Hyssop</b> , Marjoram, <b>Marigold</b> , Mint, Nasturtium, Pennyroyal, Peppermint, Rosemary, Savory, Spearmint, Tansy, Tarragon, <b>Thyme</b> , Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood		
Nut Trees including but not limited to:	Almond, Brazil nut, Filbert, Hickory nut, Pecan, Pistachios, Walnut		
Pome Fruits including but not limited to:	Apple, Quince, or Pear (Comice varieties: DO NOT apply more than 24 fl oz/A. DO NOT apply after pink stage of flowering; test small areas of other varieties of pears for plant safety prior to full scale usage.)		
Stone Fruits including but not limited to:	Apricot, Cherry, Nectarine, Peach, Plum		
Citrus Fruits including but not limited to:	Grapefruit, Lemon, Lime, Orange others include: Citrus Citron, Mandarin (tangerine), Nectarine, Satsuma (orange mandarin), Tangerine		
Other Crops	Hemp		

**EcoGarden®** has been evaluated for phytotoxicity on a wide range of ornamentals and garden plants. However, since testing on all plant varieties is not feasible, test a small portion of the area to be treated for phytotoxicity before treating the entire area.

There are no restrictions on applying **EcoGarden**® up to the time of harvest.

#### **APPLICATION METHODS**

**EcoGarden**® is an emulsifiable concentrate to be diluted with water. The product forms an emulsion and requires agitation to assure uniformity of the spray mixture.

For Use on Flower, Ornamental, Garden, and Landscape Plantings For Use on Garden Vegetables, Herbs, Spices, Fruits, and Berries

Instructions for Using Single Dose Sprayer System™

Single Dose Delivery Sprayer 0.254 fl oz (7.5 ml) or Single Dose Delivery Sprayer 0.338 fl oz (10 ml)

EcoGarden®Single Dose Sprayer System*:

Remove cap from Single Dose Sprayer bottle (or Open cap on Single Dose Sprayer bottle)

Step 1. Fill sprayer bottle with 24 ounces of tap water (see fill line on bottle).

Replace cap on the Single Dose Sprayer bottle (or Close cap on the Single Dose Sprayer bottle)



Step 2. Rotate and press the plunger fully with minimal force.



Step 3. Shake sprayer bottle vigorously for 20 seconds or until product is thoroughly dispersed.

Apply Product Spray Solution.

#### *Patent Pending

For the most effective control, spray **EcoGarden**® as soon as possible after pests appear and are in the immature stages. Spray at an interval of seven to ten days or as the situation warrants. During high pest infestation levels increase the spray frequency. Apply **EcoGarden**® so as to thoroughly cover both sides of the foliage. Foliar applications offer locally systemic activity against insect pests. Repeat spraying if rain occurs within two to three hours of spraying. **EcoGarden**® can be applied as directed to any food or non-food plant up to and including the day of harvest.

An application of **EcoGarden®** does not provide the quick "knock-down" of a contact poison. Usage experience has shown that with three treatments over a period of 21 to 30 days (spray every 7 to 10 days), pest control is comparable to the synthetic insecticide "standards". If **EcoGarden®** is used as a preventative treatment throughout the season, prior to insect infestation, the goal of protecting your plants will be accomplished. With high insect pressure applications should be made every 5 to 7 days. Additional applications of **EcoGarden®** may be required with increased and prolonged pest infestation.

#### How to Use:

Step 4. Hold Sprayer about 12 inches from foliage. Spray leaves, stems, and tender new shoots. To obtain good insect & mite control, spray both upper & lower surface of leaves. Apply spray until leaves are evenly coated but not to run off.





Step 5. The spray mixture should be used within 24 hours of preparation. Any un-used solution can be drenched over the base of the plants – please refer to the drench application section of this label.

#### DRENCH APPLICATION FOR INDOOR AND OUTDOOR PLANTS GROWN IN CONTAINERS

Use **EcoGarden®** as a soil drench for effective control of soil-borne insect larvae, including soil-borne larvae of foliar pests, such as fungus gnats, nematodes, or soil borne thrips. When applying as a drench, avoid excessive leaching.

Preventive applications as a soil drench may be warranted for certain pests. Soil drench applications of **EcoGarden®** will have a slower rate of activity because of soil absorption when compared to foliar applications methods. Target the initial application of a soil drench treatment to coincide with the early stages of young larvae and young nymphs.

Drench the soil in the pot with one (1) pint of finished spray per 1.0 gallon of soil. Make two to three (2-3) applications at 10 to 14 day intervals until the pest pressure has ended.

#### STORAGE & DISPOSAL

#### **PESTICIDE STORAGE:**

Do not store this product above 105°F or below -15°F for extended periods of time. Keep containers tightly closed and in original containers when not in use. Store in original container in a cool, dry place, out of reach of children.

#### PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:

Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

#### **CONTAINER DISPOSAL:**

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Offer for recycling, if available.

#### NOTICE ON CONDITIONS OF SALE

The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Plant injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risk s shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

#### Advertising claims that may be presented on the retail container label or on the labeling accompanying the product.

- Spray and Drench
- ♦ Contains azadirachtin from COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED
- Organic Materials Review Institute (OMRI) Listed.
- ♦ Tough Pests. Easy Solution
- Controls chewing and sucking insects
- Broad spectrum insect and mite control
- Can be applied up to and on the day of harvest for all food & non food use plants
- Can be used on a wide variety of trees, shrubs flowers, fruit and nut trees, garden vegetables and plants.
- Rose Spray
- For use on Rose and Flowers
- Vegetable Garden Spray
- For use on Tomatoes and Garden Vegetables
- Controls Japanese Beetle on Roses
- Insect and Mite Control for the Home Garden Vegetables
- ♦ Complete Insect and Mite Control for Flowers
- Three applications in 30 days provides complete plant protection
- Quadruple action insect control Antifeedant, Insect Growth Regulator, Anti-ovipository, Repellant
- Single product; multiple action
- Single product; multiple pest control
- A proven botanical pesticide born out of a decade of intense global research
- Works effectively against a broad spectrum of pests on a stand alone basis on a variety of vegetable crops
- Controls insect pest during various stages of growth
- The Benefits to your insect control program are multiple
- ♦ Low Odor Formulation
- ♦ Controls Insects Systemically
- Taken up through the roots, controls insects on the leaves
- Insects stop feeding when they feed on treated plants
- Easy to Use
- For foliar and systemic insect control
- ♦ No Measuring
- Ready to Prepare and Use
- Ready to Make and Spray
- ♦ Three in one product Insecticide, Miticide, and Nematicide
- Recommended by General Hydroponics Bringing Nature and Technology Together (logo)
- For Organic Gardening

## EcoGarden™

**Botanical Insecticide, Miticide, and Nematicide** 

**Water Soluble Sachet** Read This Entire Label Before Use



#### For Organic Gardening

 ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
 % By Wt.

 Azadirachtin
 1.2%

 OTHER INGREDIENTS
 98.8%

 TOTAL
 100.00%

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Contains 0.35 grams azadirachtin per fluid ounce

	FIRST AID		
If inhaled	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.		
If on skin or	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or		
clothing	doctor for treatment advice.		
If in eyes	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.		
If swallowed	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.		
Ha	Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.		
	CALL THE POISON CONTROL HOTLINE 24 HOURS A DAY AT 1-888-478-0798.		

#### **NET CONTENTS:**

Water Soluble Sachet – 10 milliliters (0.338 fluid ounce or 2/3 Tbs.) 6, 12, 24, 48 or 96 numbers of sachets per package

EPA Reg. No. 71908-1 EPA Est. No. 71908-IND-001 USA Phone Number: 972-325-1227

Batch Number: xxxx

COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED Coromandel House, Sardar Patel Road Secunderabad 500 003 Telangana India

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION - Harmful if absorbed through skin or if inhaled. Avoid breathing vapor. Causes moderate eye irritation. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wear chemical resistant gloves.

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS** 

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates.

For Terrestrial Uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

**EcoGarden™ Botanical Insecticide, Miticide, & Nematicide** will provide control results comparable to the synthetic insecticide standards. **EcoGarden™** provides broad spectrum control with very low environmental impact. **EcoGarden™** provides all the benefits of azadirachtin, a proven anti-feedant, insect growth regulator (IGR), anti-ovipository, and repellant, as well as a toxin to soft bodied insect larvae. Do not exceed 120 grams of active ingredient (azadirachtin) per acre per application. Each sachet contains 0.1183 grams of active ingredient, azadirachtin. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

The active ingredient in **EcoGarden™** - Azadirachtin – is a unique botanical insecticide, miticide and nematicide.

Mode of Action: Control of different	Anti-Feedant	Insects feed less or not at all on treated plants. Foliage is not damaged and insects ultimately starve to death.
orders of insects or insects in different	Insect Growth Regulator (IGR)	Insects fail to mature and reproduce, eliminating populations over time.
phases of their life cycle is due to the complexity of the	Anti-ovipository	Insect do not lay eggs on treated plants. The likelihood of insect infestation is greatly decreased in treated plants. This adds a preventive aspect to your insect control.
azadirachtin molecule and the many modes of action inherent in azadirachtin.	Repellant	Insects do not prefer treated plants.

#### PESTS CONTROLLED OR SUPPRESSED

#### HEMIPTERA AND HOMOPTERA including but not limited to:

true bugs including boxelder bugs, chinch bugs, lygus bugs and stink bug; lacebugs; leafhoppers including grape leafhopper, spittlebug, potato leafhopper and variegated leafhopper; mealy bugs including apple mealy bugs, citrus mealy bugs, grape mealy bugs; whiteflies including greenhouse whitefly, silverleaf whitefly and sweet potato whitefly and woolly whitefly; aphids including apple aphid, green peach aphid, melon aphid, pea aphid, potato aphid and rose aphid; psyllids including pear psyllids and scales including black scale, brown soft scale, California red scale, coffee scale, olive scale, San Jose scale, and cottony cushion scale

#### COLEOPTERA including but not limited to:

beetles, grubs and weevils including Asian long-horned beetle, bark beetles, black vine weevil, Colorado potato beetle, elm bark beetle, European chafer, flea beetles, Japanese beetle, June beetle, leaf beetles, Mexican bean beetle, Northern masked chafer, rose chafer and Southern masked chafer and twig girders.

#### THYSANOPTERA including but not limited to:

thrips including citrus thrips, flower thrips, gladiolus thrips, onion thrips, thrips palmi and Western flower thrips.

#### LEPIDOPTERA including but not limited to:

**moths** including European pine shoot moth, pine tip moth and Tussock moth; **leafrollers** including blueberry leafroller, filbert leafroller, fruitree leafroller, citrus leafminers, grape leafroller, oblique banded leafroller, omnivorous leafroller;

cutworms including black cutworm and citrus cutworm;

caterpillars and loopers including bagworms, budworms, cabbage looper, canker worms, case bearers, caseworms, corn earworm, diamondback moth, fruit worms, grapeleaf skeletonizer, gypsy moth, hornworms, imported cabbageworm, navel orangeworm, soybean looper, spruce budworm, tent caterpillar, tip moths, tent caterpillars, tobacco budworm, tobacco hornworm, tomato pinworm and tussock moth:

**armyworms** including beet armyworm, fall armyworm, lawn armyworm, southern armyworm and yellow striped armyworm; **webworms** and **leaf perforators**.

#### DIPTERA including but not limited to: *

flies including Caribbean fruit fly, cherry maggots, crane fly, fungus gnat, Hessian fly, oriental fruit fly, Mediterranean fruit fly, marsh crane flies, melon fly, shore fly and walnut husk fly; leafminers including citrus leafminers and serpentine leafminers *Not intended for use on public pests

#### HYMENOPTERA including but not limited to:*

sawflies including European sawflies, pear sawflies, red-headed pine sawflies, yellow-headed pin sawflies. *Not intended for use on public pests

#### ORTHOPTERA including but not limited to:

crickets; grasshoppers; locusts

#### ACARINA including but not limited to:*

Mites including, **red spider mites**, brown mite, clover mite, conifer spider mite, European red mite, spruce spider mite, and two-spotted spider mite.

*Not intended for use on public pests

#### NEMATODA:

Nematodes (suppression)

#### FOR USE ON FLOWERS, ORNAMENTALS AND LANDSCAPE PLANTINGS

Ornamental Plants and Flowers including but not limited to:	Actinopteris, African violets*, ageratum, aglaonema, Algerian ivy, allamanda, alocasia, amaranthus, anthurium, aphelandra, arborvitae, Artemisia, aster, aucuba ilex, azalea, baby's breath, begonia, Boston fern, bougainvillea, boxwood, brachycome, cacti, calabrese, caladium, calathea, calendula, calla, camellia, carnation, ceanothus, chrysanthemum, cineraria, coleus, columbine, cotoneaster, cyclamen, daffodil, dahlia, daisy, daylily, delphinium, dianthus, dieffenbachia, dogwood, dusty miller, Easter lily, English ivy, euphorbia, fern, ficus, foliage plants, foxglove, freesia, fuschia, gaillardia, gardenia, geranium, gerbera, gladiola, gloxinia, gypsophilla, hedera, hibiscus, hyacinth, hydrangea, ilex, impatiens, iris, ivy, jasmine, lilac, lily, maidenhair fern, mandevilla, marigold, narcissus, nasturtium, orchid*, pansy, pelargonium, peony, peperomia, petunia, philodendron, phlox, photinia, pinks, pittosporum, poinsettia*, pothos, portulaca, primrose, pyracantha, rhododendron, rose*, rosemary, rubber plant, salvia, schefflera, sedum, sempervivum, snapdragon, spathiphyllum, stock, syngonium, tulip, verbena, vinca, wandering jew, yucca, zinnia  * Please note that when making applications to these plants spotting of foliage and blossoms is possible.
Ornamental Trees and Shrubs including but not limited to:	Andromeda, arborvitae, ash, Austrian pine, azalea, beech, birch, birdsnest spruce, blue spruce, bougainvillea, boxwood, butternut, cedar, charmaecyparis, cherry, cotoneaster, crabapple, cyprus, dogwood, Douglas fir, elm, euonymus, firethorn, forsythia, hackberry, hawthorn, hemlock, hickory, holly, honey locust, horse chestnut, juniper, larch, laurel, lilac, linden, London planetree, magnolia, mandevilla, maple, mimosa, mountain ash, myrtle, oak, pachysandra, peach, photinia, pine, planetree, poplar, privet, purpleleaf wintercreeper, quince, sage, spruce, sycamore, white cedar, white pine, yew

Waxy bloom on certain ornamental plants will be reduced after an application.

Applications will remove the glaucus 'blue' coloring from evergreens such as Colorado blue spruce and Koster spruce.

#### FOR USE ON GARDEN VEGETABLES, HERBS, SPICES, FRUITS AND BERRIES

Leafy Vegetables including but not limited to:	<b>Broccoli</b> , Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Collards, Endive, Kale, Lettuce, Spinach	
Root Vegetables, including but not limited to:	Beet, <b>Carrot</b> , Horseradish, Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Sweet potato, Turnip, Yams	
Fruiting Vegetables including but not limited to:	Eggplant, Pepper, Tomatillo, <b>Tomato</b>	
Cucurbit Vegetables including but not limited to:	Cucumber, Gourd (edible), Muskmelon, Pumpkin, Squash, Watermelon, including Cantaloupe, Casaba, Gherkins, <b>Melons</b> (including hybrids), Zucchini	
Legume Vegetables including but not limited to:	Bean, Chickpea, Lentil, <b>Pea</b>	
Bulb Vegetables including but not limited to:	Garlic, Onion, Shallot	
Berries including but not limited to:	Blackberry, Blueberry, Raspberry, <b>Strawberry</b> , others include: Boysenberry, Currants, Dewberry, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Loganberry	
Herbs and Spices including but not limited to:	Chive, Dill, Fennel, <b>Mustard</b> , Sage, Sweet bay, others include: Anise, Balm, <b>Basil</b> , Black pepper, Borage, Caraway, Catnip, Chamomile, Coriander, Cumin, Curry leaf, Dandelion, Fenugreek, Horehound, <b>Hyssop</b> , Marjoram, <b>Marigold</b> , Mint, Nasturtium, Pennyroyal, Peppermint, Rosemary, Savory, Spearmint, Tansy, Tarragon, <b>Thyme</b> , Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood	
Nut Trees including but not limited to:	Almond, Brazil nut, Filbert, Hickory nut, Pecan, Pistachios, Walnut	
Pome Fruits including but not limited to:	Apple, Quince, or Pear (Comice varieties: DO NOT apply more than 24 fl oz/A. DO NOT apply after pink stage of flowering; test small areas of other varieties of pears for plant safety prior to full scale usage.)	
Stone Fruits including but not limited to:	Apricot, Cherry, Nectarine, Peach, Plum	
Citrus Fruits including but not limited to:	Grapefruit, Lemon, Lime, Orange others include: Citrus Citron, Mandarin (tangerine), Nectarine, Satsuma (orange mandarin), Tangerine	
Other Crops	Hemp	

**EcoGarden™** has been evaluated for phytotoxicity on a wide range of ornamentals and garden plants. However, since testing on all plant varieties is not feasible, test a small portion of the area to be treated for phytotoxicity before treating the entire area.

There are no restrictions on applying **EcoGarden™** up to the time of harvest.

#### **APPLICATION METHODS**

**EcoGarden™** is an emulsifiable concentrate to be diluted with water. The product forms an emulsion and requires agitation to assure uniformity of the spray mixture.

For Use on Flower, Ornamental, Garden, and Landscape Plantings For Use on Garden Vegetables, Herbs, Spices, Fruits, and Berries:

#### For Use on Hemp

Instructions for Using Water Soluble Sachet

#### For Foliar Applications

For Foliar Applications apply **EcoGarden™** with hand-operated (manual) or power spray equipment suitable for low volume. Follow the recommendations of the equipment manufacturer when using backpack sprayers, hose-end sprayers, compression (pump-up) sprayers, and other sprayers suitable for foliar applications of insecticides.

Open the outer packet that contains the **EcoGardenTM** Water Soluble Sachet. Within each outer packet is an inner sachet containing the **EcoGardenTM** Water Soluble Sachet. The clear inner sachet containing the product is water soluble. Do not allow the sachet to become wet prior to adding to water. Do not handle with wet hands or wet gloves. Rough handling may cause breakage.

Drop the required number (see use rates below) of **EcoGarden™** Water Soluble Sachet into a clean bucket or sprayer tank with at least one-half of the water to be sprayed. Agitate the mixture thoroughly for 60 seconds and then fill with the remaining water and continue agitation for another 60 seconds or until the Water Soluble Sachet is dissolved and product is thoroughly dispersed. Prepare only the volume needed for the intended application and use spray mixture with 24 hours of preparation.

For the most effective control, spray **EcoGarden™** as soon as possible after pests appear and are in the immature stages. Spray at an interval of seven to ten days or as the situation warrants. During high pest infestation levels increase the spray frequency. Apply **EcoGarden™** so as to thoroughly cover both sides of the foliage. Foliar applications offer locally systemic activity against insect pests. Repeat spraying if rain occurs within two to three hours of spraying. **EcoGarden™** can be applied as directed to any food or non-food plant up to and including the day of harvest.

An application of **EcoGarden™** does not provide the quick "knock-down" of a contact poison. Usage experience has shown that with three treatments over a period of 21 to 30 days, pest control is comparable to the synthetic insecticide "standards". If **EcoGarden™** is used as a preventative treatment throughout the season, prior to insect infestation, the goal of protecting your plants will be accomplished. Additional applications of **EcoGarden™** may be required with increased and prolonged pest infestation.

Any un-used solution can be drenched over the base of the plants – please refer to the drench application section of this label.

Use Rates - Add one (1) to two (2) Water Soluble Sachets for each one (1) gallon of water solution used

#### For Drench Applications

Use **EcoGarden™** as a soil drench for effective control of foliar pests, and soil-borne insect larvae, including soil-borne larvae of foliar pests such as fungus gnats, nematodes, or soil borne thrips in interiorscapes, pot, container and garden plants.

Drop the required number (see use rate table below) of **EcoGarden™** Water Soluble Sachet into a clean bucket with at least one-half of the water to be drenched. Agitate the mixture thoroughly for 60 seconds and then fill with the remaining water and continue agitation for another 60 seconds or until the Water Soluble Sachet is dissolved and product is thoroughly dispersed.

Drench the soil in the pot with one (1) pint of finished product dilution per one (1) gallon of soil. For fungus gnats, use the 0.6% volume/volume concentration. For mushroom fly maggot control, use the 0.6% volume/volume concentration. For leafminers and other difficult to control pests, use the 0.8% volume/volume concentration. Make two to three (2-3) applications at 10-14 day intervals until the pest pressure has ended. With high insect pressure make applications every 5 to 7 days. Additional applications of **EcoGarden™** may be required with increased and prolonged pest infestation.

#### Use Rate Table - Dilutions for Water Soluble Sachets

Gallons of	Amount of EcoGarden™		Application	
Water	0.3%	0.6%	0.8%	Interval
1 gallon	1 sachet	2 sachets	3 sachets	10 - 14 days
5 gallons	6 sachets	12 sachets	15 sachets	10 - 14 days
10 gallons	12 sachets	24 sachets	30 sachets	10 - 14 days

Preventive applications as a soil drench application may be warranted for certain pests. Soil drench applications of **EcoGarden™** will have a slower rate of activity because of soil absorption when compared to foliar applications of **EcoGarden™**. Target the initial application of a soil drench treatment to coincide with the early stages of young larvae and young nymphs. When applying as a soil drench, avoid excessive leaching.

#### For Residential Recirculatory, Aeroponic, and Hydroponic Applications

Use **EcoGarden™** in recirculatory, aeroponic, or hydroponic systems for the control of foliar pests, soil borne insect larvae, including soil borne larvae of foliar pests such as fungus gnats, nematodes or soil borne thrips for interiorscapes, hydroponic, aeroponic, and container plants.

Drop the required number (see use rate table below) of EcoGarden™ Water Soluble Sachet into the recirculatory or in the hydroponic liquid system. Agitate the mixture thoroughly for 60 seconds or until the Water Soluble Sachet is dissolved and product is thoroughly dispersed.

For fungus gnats, use the 0.6% volume/volume concentration. For mushroom fly maggot control, use the 0.6% volume/volume concentration. For leafminers and other difficult to control pests, use the 0.8% volume/volume concentration. Make two to three (2-3) applications at 10-14 day intervals until the pest pressure has ended. With high insect pressure make applications every 5 to 7 days. Additional applications of **EcoGarden™** may be required with increased and prolonged pest infestation.

#### Use Rate Table - Dilutions for Water Soluble Sachets

Gallons of		Application				
Water	0.1%	0.2%	0.4%	0.6%	0.8%	Interval
1 ½ gallons		1 sachet	2 sachets	3 sachets	4 sachets	7 – 14 days
3 gallons	1 sachet	2 sachets	5 sachets	7 sachets	9 sachets	7 – 14 days
6 gallons	2 sachets	4 sachets	10 sachets	14 sachets	18 sachets	7 – 14 days
9 gallons	3 sachets	6 sachets	15 sachets	21 sachets	27 sachets	7 – 14 days
12 gallons	4 sachets	8 sachets	20 sachets	28 sachets	36 sachets	7 – 14 days

Preventive applications as a recirculatory or hydroponic system application may be warranted for certain pests. Target the initial application of a recirculatory or hydroponic system treatment to coincide with the early stages of young larvae and young nymphs.

EcoGarden™ can also be applied through sub-surface treatment equipment. Always follow manufacturer's use directions.

#### STORAGE & DISPOSAL

#### Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal

#### PESTICIDE STORAGE:

Do not store this product above 105°F or below -15°F for extended periods of time. Keep containers tightly closed and in original containers when not in use. Store in original container in a cool, dry place, out of reach of children.

#### PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:

Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste facility.

#### **CONTAINER DISPOSAL:**

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Dispose of the empty outer packet or outer capsule in the trash, as long as the water soluble sachet is unbroken.

#### NOTICE ON CONDITIONS OF SALE

The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Plant injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

#### Advertising claims that may be presented on the retail container label or on the labeling accompanying the product.

- Spray and Drench
- ♦ Contains azadirachtin from COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED
- Can be used in Organic Gardening
- Tough Pests. Easy Solution.
- Organic Materials Review Institute (OMRI) Listed.
- Controls chewing and sucking insects
- Broad spectrum insect and mite control
- Can be applied up to and on the day of harvest for all food & non food use plants
- Can be used on a wide variety of trees, shrubs flowers, fruit and nut trees, garden vegetables and plants.
- Rose Spray
- For use on Rose and Flowers
- Vegetable Garden Spray
- For use on Tomatoes and Garden Vegetables
- ♦ Controls Japanese Beetle on Roses
- Insect and Mite Control for the Home Garden Vegetables
- ♦ Complete Insect and Mite Control for Flowers
- Three applications in 30 days provides complete plant protection
- Quadruple action insect control Antifeedant, Insect Growth Regulator, Anti-ovipository, Repellant
- Single product; multiple action
- Single product; multiple pest control
- A proven botanical pesticide born out of a decade of intense global research
- Works effectively against a broad spectrum of pests on a stand alone basis on a variety of vegetable crops
- Controls insect pest during various stages of growth
- The Benefits to your insect control program are multiple
- Low Odor Formulation
- Controls Insects Systemically
- Taken up through the roots, controls insects on the leaves
- Insects stop feeding when they feed on treated plants
- ♦ Easy to Use
- For foliar and systemic insect control
- No Measuring
- · Ready to Prepare and Use
- Ready to Make and Spray
- ♦ Three in one product Insecticide, Miticide, and Nematicide
- Recommended by General Hydroponics Bringing Nature and Technology Together (logo)
- For Organic Gardening

### **EcoGarden™**

**Botanical Insecticide, Miticide, and Nematicide** 

Water Soluble Capsule Read This Entire Label Before Use



#### For Organic Gardening

 ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
 % By Wt.

 Azadirachtin
 1.2%

 OTHER INGREDIENTS
 98.8%

 TOTAL
 100.00%

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Contains 0.35 grams azadirachtin per fluid ounce

FIRST AID		
If inhaled	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.	
If on skin or	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or	
clothing	doctor for treatment advice.	
If in eyes	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes,	
	then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
If swallowed	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.		
CALL THE POISON CONTROL HOTLINE 24 HOURS A DAY AT 1-888-478-0798.		

#### **NET CONTENTS:**

Water Soluble Capsule – 1 milliliter (0.034 fluid ounce or 1/15 Tbs.) 20, 40, 60, 80 or 100 number of capsules per package

EPA Reg. No. 71908-1 EPA Est. No. 71908-IND-001 USA Phone Number: 972-325-1227 Batch Number:xxxx COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED Coromandel House, Sardar Patel Road Secunderabad 500 003 Telangana India

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION - Harmful if absorbed through skin or if inhaled. Avoid breathing vapor. Causes moderate eye irritation. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wear chemical resistant gloves.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates.

For Terrestrial Uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

**EcoGarden™ Botantical Insecticide, Miticide, & Nematicide** will provide control results comparable to the synthetic insecticide standards. **EcoGarden™** provides broad spectrum control with very low environmental impact. **EcoGarden™** provides all the benefits of azadirachtin, a proven anti-feedant, insect growth regulator (IGR), anti-ovipository, and repellant, as well as a toxin to soft bodied insect larvae.

The active ingredient in **EcoGarden™** - Azadirachtin – is a unique botanical insecticide, miticide and nematicide.

Mode of Action: Control of different	Anti-Feedant	Insects feed less or not at all on treated plants. Foliage is not damaged and insects ultimately starve to death.
orders of insects or insects in different	Insect Growth Regulator (IGR)	Insects fail to mature and reproduce, eliminating populations over time.
phases of their life cycle is due to the complexity of the	Anti-ovipository	Insect do not lay eggs on treated plants. The likelihood of insect infestation is greatly decreased in treated plants. This adds a preventive aspect to your insect control.
azadirachtin molecule and the many modes of action inherent in azadirachtin.	Repellant	Insects do not prefer treated plants.

#### PESTS CONTROLLED OR SUPPRESSED

#### HEMIPTERA AND HOMOPTERA including but not limited to:

true bugs including boxelder bugs, chinch bugs, lygus bugs and stink bug; lacebugs; leafhoppers including grape leafhopper, spittlebug, potato leafhopper and variegated leafhopper; mealy bugs including apple mealy bugs, citrus mealy bugs, grape mealy bugs; whiteflies including greenhouse whitefly, silverleaf whitefly and sweet potato whitefly and woolly whitefly; aphids including apple aphid, green peach aphid, melon aphid, pea aphid, potato aphid and rose aphid; psyllids including pear psyllids and scales including black scale, brown soft scale, California red scale, coffee scale, olive scale, San Jose scale, and cottony cushion scale

#### COLEOPTERA including but not limited to:

beetles, grubs and weevils including Asian long-horned beetle, bark beetles, black vine weevil, Colorado potato beetle, elm bark beetle, European chafer, flea beetles, Japanese beetle, June beetle, leaf beetles, Mexican bean beetle, Northern masked chafer, rose chafer and Southern masked chafer and twig girders.

#### THYSANOPTERA including but not limited to:

thrips including citrus thrips, flower thrips, gladiolus thrips, onion thrips, thrips palmi and Western flower thrips.

#### LEPIDOPTERA including but not limited to:

moths including European pine shoot moth, pine tip moth and Tussock moth; leafrollers including blueberry leafroller, filbert leafroller, fruitree leafroller, citrus leafminers, grape leafroller, oblique banded leafroller, omnivorous leafroller; cutworms including black cutworm and citrus cutworm:

caterpillars and loopers including bagworms, budworms, cabbage looper, canker worms, case bearers, caseworms, corn earworm, diamondback moth, fruit worms, grapeleaf skeletonizer, gypsy moth, hornworms, imported cabbageworm, navel orangeworm, soybean looper, spruce budworm, tent caterpillar, tip moths, tent caterpillars, tobacco budworm, tobacco hornworm, tomato pinworm and tussock moth:

**armyworms** including beet armyworm, fall armyworm, lawn armyworm, southern armyworm and yellow striped armyworm; **webworms** and **leaf perforators**.

#### DIPTERA including but not limited to:*

flies including Caribbean fruit fly, cherry maggots, crane fly, fungus gnat, Hessian fly, oriental fruit fly, Mediterranean fruit fly, marsh crane flies, melon fly, shore fly and walnut husk fly; leafminers including citrus leafminers and serpentine leafminers
*Not intended for use on public health pests

#### HYMENOPTERA including but not limited to:*

sawflies including European sawflies, pear sawflies, red-headed pine sawflies, yellow-headed pin sawflies.

*Not intended for use on public health pests

#### ORTHOPTERA including but not limited to:

crickets; grasshoppers; locusts

#### ACARINA including but not limited to:*

Mites including, red spider mites, brown mite, clover mite, conifer spider mite, European red mite, spruce spider mite, and two-spotted spider mite.

*Not intended for use on public health pests

#### **NEMATODA:**

Nematodes (suppression)

#### FOR USE ON FLOWERS, ORNAMENTALS AND LANDSCAPE PLANTINGS

Ornamental Plants and Flowers including but not limited to:	Actinopteris, African violets, ageratum, aglaonema, Algerian ivy, allamanda, alocasia, amaranthus, anthurium, aphelandra, arborvitae, Artemisia, aster, aucuba ilex, azalea, baby's breath, begonia, Boston fern, bougainvillea, boxwood, brachycome, cacti, calabrese, caladium, calathea, calendula, calla, camellia, carnation, ceanothus, chrysanthemum, cineraria, coleus, columbine, cotoneaster, cyclamen, daffodil, dahlia, daisy, daylily, delphinium, dianthus, dieffenbachia, dogwood, dusty miller, Easter lily, English ivy, euphorbia, fern, ficus, foliage plants, foxglove, freesia, fuschia, gaillardia, gardenia, geranium, gerbera, gladiola, gloxinia, gypsophilla, hedera, hibiscus, hyacinth, hydrangea, ilex, impatiens, iris, ivy, jasmine, lilac, lily, maidenhair fern, mandevilla, marigold, narcissus, nasturtium, orchid, pansy, pelargonium, peony, peperomia, petunia, philodendron, phlox, photinia, pinks, pittosporum, poinsettia, pothos, portulaca, primrose, pyracantha, rhododendron, rose, rosemary, rubber plant, salvia, schefflera, sedum, sempervivum, snapdragon, spathiphyllum, stock, syngonium, tulip, verbena, vinca, wandering jew, yucca, zinnia
Ornamental Trees and Shrubs including but not limited to:	Andromeda, arborvitae, ash, Austrian pine, azalea, beech, birch, birdsnest spruce, blue spruce, bougainvillea, boxwood, butternut, cedar, charmaecyparis, cherry, cotoneaster, crabapple, cyprus, dogwood, Douglas fir, elm, euonymus, firethorn, forsythia, hackberry, hawthorn, hemlock, hickory, holly, honey locust, horse chestnut, juniper, larch, laurel, lilac, linden, London planetree, magnolia, mandevilla, maple, mimosa, mountain ash, myrtle, oak, pachysandra, peach, photinia, pine, planetree, poplar, privet, purpleleaf wintercreeper, quince, sage, spruce, sycamore, white cedar, white pine, yew

### FOR USE ON GARDEN VEGETABLES, HERBS, SPICES, FRUITS AND BERRIES

Leafy Vegetables including but not limited to:	<b>Broccoli</b> , Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Collards, Endive, Kale, Lettuce, Spinach
Root Vegetables, including but not limited to:	Beet, <b>Carrot</b> , Horseradish, Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Sweet potato, Turnip, Yams
Fruiting Vegetables including but not limited to:	Eggplant, Pepper, Tomatillo, <b>Tomato</b>
Cucurbit Vegetables including but not limited to:	<b>Cucumber</b> , Gourd (edible), Muskmelon, Pumpkin, Squash, Watermelon, including Cantaloupe, Casaba, Gherkins, <b>Melons</b> (including hybrids), Zucchini
Legume Vegetables including but not limited to:	Bean, Chickpea, Lentil, <b>Pea</b>
Bulb Vegetables including but not limited to:	Garlic, Onion, Shallot
Berries including but not limited to:	Blackberry, Blueberry, Raspberry, <b>Strawberry</b> , others include: Boysenberry, Currants, Dewberry, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Loganberry
Herbs and Spices including but not limited to:	Chive, Dill, Fennel, <b>Mustard</b> , Sage, Sweet bay, others include: Anise, Balm, <b>Basil</b> , Black pepper, Borage, Caraway, Catnip, Chamomile, Coriander, Cumin, Curry leaf, Dandelion, Fenugreek, Horehound, <b>Hyssop</b> , Marjoram, <b>Marigold</b> , Mint, Nasturtium, Pennyroyal, Peppermint, Rosemary, Savory, Spearmint, Tansy, Tarragon, <b>Thyme</b> , Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood
Nut Trees including but not limited to:	Almond, Brazil nut, Filbert, Hickory nut, Pecan, Pistachios, Walnut
Pome Fruits including but not limited to:	<b>Apple</b> , Quince, or Pear (Comice varieties: DO NOT apply more than 24 fl oz/A. DO NOT apply after pink stage of flowering; test small areas of other varieties of pears for plant safety prior to full scale usage.)
Stone Fruits including but not limited to:	Apricot, Cherry, Nectarine, Peach, Plum
Citrus Fruits including but not limited to:	<b>Grapefruit</b> , Lemon, Lime, Orange others include: Citrus Citron, Mandarin (tangerine), <b>Nectarine</b> , Satsuma (orange mandarin), Tangerine
Other Crops	Hemp

There are no restrictions on applying **EcoGarden™** up to the time of harvest.

#### APPLICATION METHODS

Instructions for using Water Soluble Capsule

Water Soluble Capsule - 1 milliliter (0.034 fluid ounce or 1/15 Tbs.)

Use three (3) to five (5) EcoGarden™ Water Soluble Capsules per plant up to five gallon container size

Use six (6) to ten (10) EcoGarden™ Water Soluble Capsules per plant for container larger than five gallon size

Use **EcoGarden™** Water Soluble Capsules for effective control of all foliar pests, soil-borne insect larvae, including soil-borne larvae of foliar pests, such as fungus gnats, nematodes, or soil-borne thrips on indoor and outdoor plants and garden vegetables. **EcoGarden™** is a systemic product that is translocated upward into the plant system from root uptake. For best results, capsules must be placed around the plant in container or garden plants deep into the soil near growing portion of the target plant root structure. Water Soluble Capsule applications of **EcoGarden™** will have a slower rate of activity since it takes some time for the product to translocate throughout the plant. Target **EcoGarden™** application to coincide with the early stages of insect development. Repeat **EcoGarden™** application every 1 to 6 weeks depending on pest infestation levels. When pest infestation is low, **EcoGarden™** applications can be made at intervals of every 8 to 12 weeks.

Early application as soon as a pest population is identified brings good level of pest control. When applying as a soil drench, avoid excessive leaching

#### EcoGarden™ Water Soluble Capsule

Open the cover pack and remove Mid-Size Capsule.

Open the Mid-Size Capsule and remove the inner liquid filled Water Soluble Capsules.

Do not handle Water Soluble Capsules with wet hands or wet gloves. Rough handling may cause breakage.

Insert a liquid filled Water Soluble Capsule into surface of soil.

Distribute & push remaining liquid filled Water Soluble Capsules into surface of soil.

Drench the soil with water.

#### STORAGE & DISPOSAL

#### PESTICIDE STORAGE:

Do not store this product above 105°F or below -15°F for extended periods of time. Keep containers tightly closed and in original containers when not in use. Store in original container in a cool, dry place, out of reach of children.

#### **PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:**

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Dispose of the empty outer capsule in the trash, as long as the water soluble capsule is unbroken.

#### NOTICE ON CONDITIONS OF SALE

The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Plant injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

#### Advertising claims that may be presented on the retail container label or on the labeling accompanying the Product

- ♦ Contains Azadirachtin from COROMANDEL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED
- ♦ Tough Pests. Easy Solution
- Organic Materials Review Institute (OMRI) Listed.
- Controls chewing and sucking insects
- Broad spectrum insect and mite control
- Can be applied up to and on the day of harvest for all food & non food use plants
- Can be used on a wide variety of flowers, garden vegetables and plants.
- For use on Rose and Flowers
- For use on Tomatoes and Garden Vegetables
- Controls Japanese Beetle on Roses
- Insect and Mite Control for the Home Garden Vegetables
- Complete Insect and Mite Control for Flowers
- Quadruple action insect control Antifeedant, Insect Growth Regulator, Anti-ovipository, Repellant
- Single product; multiple action
- Single product; multiple pest control
- A proven botanical pesticide born out of a decade of intense global research
- Works effectively against a broad spectrum of pests on a stand alone basis on a variety of vegetable crops
- Controls insect pest during various stages of growth
- The Benefits to your insect control program are multiple
- Controls Insects Systemically
- Taken up through the roots, controls insects on the leaves
- Insects stop feeding when they feed on treated plants
- ♦ Easy to Use
- No Measuring
- ♦ For Organic Gardening
- ♦ Three in one product Insecticide, Miticide, and Nematicide
- Recommended by General Hydroponics Bringing Nature and Technology Together (logo)

### Sublabels 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9

### **Label for Individual Unit**

### EcoGarden® Biotanical Insecticide, Miticide and Nematicide

Active Ingredient:	% by Weight
Azadirachtin	1.2%
Other Ingredients	98.8%
Total	100.0%

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

EPA Reg. No. 71908-1 See accompanying label for complete directions for use.