71711 - 40



Ms/ Marie A. Maks Nichino America, Inc. 4550 New Linden Hill Road, Suite 501 Wilmington, DE 19808

UNITED STATES ENV

Subject: Label Amendment NAI-2399-2 5EC Miticide/Insecticide EPA Registration Number: 71711-40 Application Date: September 24, 2013 Decision: 483964

Dear Ms. Maks:

The label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable. A stamped copy is enclosed for your records.

IRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGEN

WASHINGTON, D.C.-20460

NOV 1 3-2013

If you have any questions, please contact Melody Banks on 703 305-5413 or via E-mail @ banks.melody@epa.gov.

Sincerely

Richard Gebken Insecticide Branch Product Manager Registration Division (7504P)

Enclosure: Stamped Accepted Copy of Product Label

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· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	EPA Reg. No. 71711-	40		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		EPA	Est. No.		·······	
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Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

	FIRST AID			
If inhaled	Move the person to fresh air.			
	• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to mouth, if possible.			
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.			
If in eyes	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.			
	Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.			
lf	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.			
swallowed	Do not give any liquid to the person.			
	Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.			
	Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.			
If on skin	Take off contaminated clothing.			
or clothing	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.			
	HOT LINE NUMBER			
treatment. Y	duct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for ou may also contact 1-800-348-5832 for emergency medical treatment information. In case s, information may be obtained by calling 1-800-424-9300.			
NOTE TO PH	HYSICIAN: May pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard. Contains petroleum distilates.			
	NET GONTENTS:			

E ACC EP 1 3 2013 NOV Under the Foderal Insocialde, Fundicide, and Recenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under BPA Reg. No. 7/7/1-40

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Formulated and Packaged in U.S.A. for NICHINO AMERICA, INC. 4550 New Linden Hill Road Wilmington, DE 19808 1-888-740-7700 сc

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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals WARNING - AVISO

May be fatal if inhaled. Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with skin or clothing. Do not breathe spray mist. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Wear protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses). Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Wear-long-sleeved shirt and long-pants, socks, shoes, and chemicalresistant gloves (such as Barrier Laminate, Nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, Viton, Selection Category E).

For handling activities, Wear respirator with an organic-vapor removing cartridge with a pre-filter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC=14G), or a NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or canister with any N, R, P or HE pre-filter.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for Category E on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical resistant gloves (such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, or viton)
- Protective eyewear (such as safety glasses, goggles, or face shield)
- Shoes plus socks

For handling activities, use either a respirator with an organic-vapor removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G), or a NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or canister with any N, R, P or HE prefilter.

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. When handlers use closed systems *or* enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Wash ທີ່ລັກ as before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.

Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clears clothing.

Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is very highly toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters.

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having medium to

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high potential for reaching both surface water and aquatic sediment via runoff for several weeks after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of this chemical from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours. Sound erosion control practices will reduce this product's potential to reach aquatic sediment via runoff.

ENDANGERED SPECIES RESTRICTIONS

This product may pose a hazard to endangered aquatic species. Follow all use directions.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

Minimum Honey Bee Toxicity

Fenpyroximate is practically nontoxic to bees and wasps when fenpyroximate is applied to listed crops according to the label directions.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency in your State responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard. Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- · Coveralls worn over short-sleeved shirt and short pants
- Socks
- Chemical-resistant footwear
- Protective eyewear (such as safety glasses, goggles, or face shield)
- Chemical-resistant gloves (such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, or viton)

GENERAL INFORMATION

NAI-2399-2 5EC miticide/insecticide is used for the control of leafhoppers, mealybugs, miticic, psylla psyllids, and whiteflies. NAI-2399-2 5EC miticide/insecticide stops mite feeding immediately after application. NAI-2399-2 5EC miticide/insecticide controls all motile stages of mites by inhibiting cellular cespiration in the mitochondrion of cells which results in rapid cessation of all biological activities including feeding and reproduction. Mortality of mites can be observed within 3-7 days after intoxication.

NAI-2399-2 5EC miticide/insecticide works primarily through contact action, so thorough spray coverage is necessary. Mix with sufficient water and apply as a foliar spray to obtain uniform coverage. Dense foliage or excessive growth will often prevent adequate coverage; adjust spray volumes accordingly. Treat plants when pests are immature or at a susceptible stage and populations are building, before crop damage occurs.

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Target Species			
Apple rust mite (suppression only)	Pacific spider mite		
Asian citrus psyllid	Pear psylla		
Avocado Brown mite	Pear rust mite		
Banks grass mite	Pecan leaf scorch mite		
Broad mite	Persea mite		
Carmine mite	Potato leafhopper		
Citrus bud mite	Powdery Mildew (suppression only)		
Citrus leafminer (suppression only)	Six spotted mite		
Citrus red mite	Strawberry spider mite		
Citrus rust mite	Texas citrus mite		
Citrus thrips (suppression only)	Tomato (Potato) psyllid		
Cyclamen mite	Tomato russet mite		
European red mite	Two-spotted spider mite		
Glassy-winged sharpshooter (suppression only)	Variegated leafhopper		
Grape leafhopper	White apple leafhopper		
McDaniel mite	Whiteflies		
Mealybug species	Willamette spider mite		
Mint bud mite			

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

- Applications should be made immediately after the spray solution is prepared.
- Apply with properly calibrated spray equipment.
- Apply by ground or air using the recommended water spray volume found in the Directions for Use section of this label.
- For aerial equipment, use larger droplet size (greater than 200 microns).
- Thorough spray coverage is essential for mite and insect control.
- For best results, apply when pest populations are beginning to build, before reaching economic thresholds. Consult your local agricultural advisor or state cooperative extension service for further

information.

USE OF ADJUVANTS

When thorough coverage is a concern, it is recommended that a spray adjuvant be used to maximize uniformity of coverage and performance of NAI-2399-2 5EC. Use a non-ionic activator type wetting, spreading or penetrating adjuvant or horticultural spray oil adjuvant. Do not use a dormant oil, or binder or sticker-type adjuvant. Non-ionic adjuvants (NIS) should contain at least 75% surfactant. Crop oil concentrates (COC), methylated seed or vegetable oils (MSO), organosilicone products (OS), or blends of these adjuvants should contain at least 15% emulsifier/surfactant. Check compatibility of any adjuvant used with NAI-2399-2 5EC before using. Follow the Directions for Use on each adjuvant product label for rates of use and use restrictions.

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- Do not apply within 75 feet of fish-bearing waters.
- For aerial applications to citrus in the state of Florida, do not apply within 150 feet of any aquatic area.
- Do not use products with the same mode of action in consecutive applications.
- Do not plant retational crops other than those listed on this label for 30 days following the last application of this product.
- Dochot apply through any type of irrigation system.
- Do not apply by Alternate Row Middle (ARM) spray method.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Repeated use of the same chemistry has been shown to result in the buildup of resistant strains of mites or other insects. Do not use **NAI-2399-2 5EC miticide/insecticide** in successive miticide applications. Rotate the use of **NAI-2399-2 5EC miticide/insecticide** with alternate mode of action insecticides:

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 Miticides must be rotated with alternate products for resistance management. Do not use products with the same mode of action [METI-2 inhibitor/IRAC Group 21A] in consecutive applications.

Consult your local crop advisor for the most appropriate alternative products. Resistance management strategies recommend that you DO NOT apply rates lower than recommended on the label.

MIXING DIRECTIONS

NAI-2399-2 5EC miticide/insecticide Alone: Shake well before using. Begin with clean equipment. Fill spray tank with ¾ of the amount of water needed for the intended application and then turn on agitation. Pour recommended amount of product on the surface of water in the spray tank. Add the balance of the water to the spray tank with agitation running. Keep agitation running during filling and spraying operations. If spraying must be stopped before emptying the sprayer, resume agitation before spraying the remainder of the load.

NAI-2399-2 5EC miticide/insecticide Tank Mixtures: Shake well before using. Read and follow all label directions for each tank mix product prior to any tank mixing with NAI-2399-2 5EC miticide/insecticide. This product can be mixed with other registered pesticides for use on labeled crops or sites, in accordance with the most restrictive use directions and precautions. Follow all use directions as listed above under NAI-2399-2 5EC miticide/insecticide Alone with the following exception: after the NAI-2399-2 5EC miticide/insecticide is thoroughly mixed and the tank is ¾ full, add the recommended amount of wettable powder, soluble powder, flowable, emulsifiable concentrate, or soluble liquid product, while maintaining agitation. Then continue adding water to the tank to achieve the desired level, while maintaining agitation.

If you have no experience with the combination you are considering, you should conduct a test to determine physical compatibility. To determine physical compatibility, add the recommended proportions of each chemical with the same proportion of water, as will be present in the chemical supply tank, into a suitable container, mix thoroughly, and allow to stand for five minutes. If the combination remains mixed, or can be readily re-mixed, the mixture is considered physically compatible.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Avoid spray drift to all other crops and nontarget areas. Do not apply when weather conditions may cause drift. Do not allow this product to drift onto nontarget areas. Drift may result in illegal residues or injury to adjacent crops and vegetation. To avoid spray drift, DO NOT apply aerially when wind speed is greater than 10 mph or during periods of temperature inversions. Use of larger droplet size will also reduce spray drift.

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR.

The interaction of equipment and weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

Droplet size, boom height, and wind speed are the primary factors determining drift. The specific application conditions required for the use of this product are described below.

Controlling Droplet Size – General Techniques

Volume

Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure

Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher

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pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. WHEN HIGHER FLOW RATES ARE NEEDED, USE A HIGHER-CAPACITY NOZZLE INSTEAD OF INCREASING PRESSURE.

Nozzle Type

Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Controlling Droplet Size – Aircraft

Number of Nozzles

Use the minimum number of nozzles with the highest flow rate that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation

Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type

Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Boom Height and Length – Ground and Aircraft

Boom Height (ground): Setting the boom at the lowest labeled height (if specified) which provides uniform coverage reduces the exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind. For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

Boom Height (aircraft): Application more than 10 feet above the canopy increases the potential for spray drift.

Boom Length (aircraft): The minimum boom length should not exceed ¾ of the wing length; using shorter booms decreases drift potential. For helicopters, the minimum boom length should not exceed 9/10 of the rotary blade to prevent droplets from entering the rotor vortices.

Wind

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Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given wind speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. AVOID GUSTY OR WINDLESS CONDITIONS. **Note:** Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drift.

'Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temporaturedniversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain close to the ground and move laterally in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light and variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in

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a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, nontarget crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

Shielded Sprayers

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce the effects of wind. However, it is the responsibility of the applicator to verify that the shields are preventing drift and not interfering with the uniform deposition of the product.

Air Assisted (Air Blast) Field Crop Sprayers

Air assisted field crop sprayers carry droplets to the target via a downward directed air stream. Some may reduce the potential for drift, but if a sprayer is unsuitable for the application and/or set up improperly, high drift potential can result. It is the responsibility of the applicator to determine that a sprayer is suitable for the intended application, is configured properly, and that drift is not occurring. **Note:** Air assisted field sprayers can affect product performance by affecting spray coverage and canopy penetration. Consult the application equipment section of this label to determine if use of an air assisted sprayer is recommended.

Air Assisted (Air Blast) Tree and Vine Sprayers

Air assisted tree and vine sprayers carry droplets into the canopy of trees and vines via a radially or laterally directed air stream. These sprayers are not suitable for applying herbicides. In addition to the general drift management practices already described, the following specific practices will further reduce the potential for drift:

- Adjust the deflectors and aiming devices so that spray is only directed into the canopy.
- Block off upward pointed nozzles when there is no overhanging canopy.
- Use only enough air volume to penetrate the canopy and provide good coverage.
- Do not allow spray to go beyond the edge of the cultivated area. Spray the outside row only from outside the planting.

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APPLICATION RATE CHART FOR NAI-2399-2 5EC MITICIDE/INSECTICIDE

AVOCADO, BLACK SAPOTE, CANISTEL, MAMEY SAPOTE, MANGO, PAPAYA, SAPODILLA, AND STAR APPLE

Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites (see Target Species) Whiteflies	1.0 to 2.0 pints	 USE RESTRICTIONS Apply by ground using a minimum of 95 gallons of water per acre or by air using a minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply through any type of irrigation system. Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per growing season. Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season. Allow 14 days between applications. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 1 day

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CITRUS FRUIT (Crop Group 10-10) Australian desert lime; Australian finger-lime; Australian round lime; Brown River finger lime; calamondin; citron: citrus hybrids; grapefruit; Japanese summer grapefruit; kumquat; lemon; lime; Mediterranean --mandarin; mount white lime; New Guinea wild lime; orange, sour; orange, sweet; pummelo; Russell River lime: satsuma mandarin; sweet lime; tachibana orange; Tahiti lime; tangelo; tangerine (mandarin orange, clementine); tangor; trifoliate orange; uniq fruit; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these Rate/Acre Use Directions----- Pest-4.0 pints Citrus rust mite USE RESTRICTIONS All geographies: Apply by ground using a minimum of 100 gallons of Asian citrus psyllid 2.0 to 4.0 pints water per acre. For full size trees, use a minimum Citrus thrips of 200 gallons of water-per-acre. (suppression only) Do not apply by air except in Florida and Texas. Citrus leafminer -(suppression only) In Florida and Texas, apply by air using a minimum -of 10 gallons of water per acre Leafhoppers In Florida for citrus aerial applications, do not apply Mealybugs within 150 feet of any aquatic area. Other Mites (see Target Species) Do not apply through any type of irrigation system; • Do not apply to citrus nurseries or citrus in greenhouses. • Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per growing season. • Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season. Allow 14 days between applications. • Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days Use Permitted West of the Mississippi River: · Do not apply more than 8.0 pints per acre per growing season. • Do not apply by air except in Texas. • In California, for control of citricola scale, apply by ground using 500 gallons of water. ¹For best results, use for control of adults and nymphs present at time of application when newly expanding foliage flush is present.

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Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites	Early season ¹	USE RESTRICTIONS
(see Target Species)	(when cotton is less than 10-inches in height) 0.4 to 1.0 pints	water per acre or by air using a minimum of 3 gallons of water per acre. As canopy density increases use of higher water volume will assure better coverage.
	Mid-season (when cotton is more than 10-inches in height)	 Do not apply through any type of irrigation system Do not apply more than 2.0 pints per acre per growing season Do not make more than 2 applications per growin season.
	1.0 pint by ground	Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days
	1.0 to 2.0 pints by air	
Whiteflies ¹ For early season use, whe directed spray using ground		eight, NAI-2399-2 5EC Miticide/insecticide may also be applied as a

CUCUMBER			
Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions	
Mites (see Target Species) (Tomato) Potato Psyllid Whiteflies	1.0 to 2.0 pints	 USE RESTRICTIONS Apply by ground using a minimum of 40 gallons of water per acre or by air using a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply through any type of irrigation system. Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per crop cycle. Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle. Allow 14 days between applications. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 1 day 	

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Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites (see Target Species)	1.0 to 2.0 pints	 USE RESTRICTIONS Apply by ground application using a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre or by air using a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply through any type of irrigation system. Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per crop cycle. Do not apply less than 2.0 pints per acre unless corn is less than 48" in height, or by ground. Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle. Allow 14 days between applications. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days for forage, silage, stover, and grain.

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berry; groundcherry; marty	nato; bell pepper; coo nia; naranjilla; okra;	cona; currant tomato; eggplant; garden huckleberry; goji pea eggplant; pepino; nonbell pepper; roselle; scarlet ato; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these
Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites	2.0 pints	USE RESTRICTIONS
(see Target Species) Tomato/Potato Psyllid Whiteflies		 Apply by ground using a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre or by air using a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply through any type of irrigation system. Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per crop cycle. Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle. Allow 14 days between applications. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 1 day

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GRAPE SMALL FRUIT VINE CLIMBING (Except Fuzzy Kiwifruit) (Crop Subgroup 13-07F) Amur river grape; gooseberry; raisin, table, wine grape; kiwifruit, hardy; maypop; schisandra berry; It is and/or hybrids of these

Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites	2.0 pints	USE RESTRICTIONS
(see Target		Apply by ground using a minimum of 50 gallons of
Species)		water per acre.
Mealybugs		• Do not apply by air.
Powdery Mildew		For vines with a heavy canopy, or in high pressure
(suppression)		situations, higher water volumes are recommended.
Willamette spider	1.5 to 2.0 pints	If lower water volume amounts are used, tractor
mite		speed must be reduced to ensure complete
		coverage.
Leafhoppers 1	1.0 to 2.0 pints	Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.
•		Do not apply more than 2.0 pints per acre per
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		growing season.
		Do not make more than 2 applications per growing
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	season.
·		 Allow 14 days between applications.
		Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days

immature development stage.

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NAI-2399-2 5EC D-179 071113-2 Page 12 of 23 . .

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HOPS		
Pest	Rate/ Acre	Use Directions
Vites	2.0 to 3.0 pints	USE RESTRICTIONS
see Target Spec	iles)	Apply by ground using a minimum of 100 gallons of
 		water per acre
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		Do not apply by air
		 Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.
		Do not apply more than 3.0 pints of product per acre.
		per growing season
		 Do not apply more than 1 application per growing
۵۵۵٬۵۵۵٬۵۰۵ ۵۵٬۵۵۵٬۵۰۵ ۵۰٬۵۵۰ ۵۱٬۵۰۰ ۵۵٬۵۰۵ ۵۰٬۰۰۰ ۵۰٬۰۰۰ ۱۰٬۰۰۰ ۵۰٬۰۰۰ ۵۰٬۰۰۰ ۵۰٬۰۰۰		
·		Allow 14 days between applications. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 15 days
		RECOMMENDATIONS
		 For best results, apply before mite populations
		exceed 5 mites per leaf.

NOTE:

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Leaf yellowing may occur when NAI-2399-2 5EC miticide/insecticide is combined with spray oil in excess of 1% of the spray volume. If this symptom occurs, it is usually more pronounced in newly expanding leaves. This symptom may occur in plants under stress and is worsened by certain conditions including the following:

- High Temperatures (air temperatures exceeding 90°F at the time of application or within a few days after application).
- Wet soil conditions and high humidity (rainy, misty, or foggy weather within a few days after application).
- Storm damage (including hail and wind).

MINT (peppermint, spe		lies Divertieure
Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites (see Target Species)	1.0 to 2.0 pints	USE RESTRICTIONS Apply by ground using a minimum of 25 gallons of
		water per acre.
	·	• Do not apply by air.
9- 1		Do not apply through any type of trigation system.
		• Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per co
	į.	Do not make more than 2 applications per growing
	1	season.
. }		Allow 7 days between applications,
1		Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 1 day

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MELON (Crop Subgroup 9A)

muskmelon, including hybrids and/or varieties of *Cucumis melo* (including true cantaloupe, casaba, Santa Claus melon, crenshaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, Persian melon, golden pershaw melon, mango melon, pineapple melon, snake melon); citron melon; and watermelon, including hybrids and/or varieties of (*Citrullus* spp.)

Pest	Rate/Acre	Use:Directions
Mites	2.0 pints	USE RESTRICTIONS
(see Target		• Apply by ground application using a minimum of 20
Species)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	gallons of water per acre
Whiteflies		Do not apply by air.
		• Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.
	د. و	• Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per crop.
		cycle.
	an a	• Do not make more than 2-applications per crop
		Allow 14 days between applications.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 3 days

LOW-GROWING BERRY (Crop Subgroup 13-07G) EXCEPT CRANBERRIES

bearberry; bilberry; blueberry, lowbush; cloudberry; cranberry; lingonberry; muntries; partridgeberry; strawberry; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites (see Target Species) Whiteflies	1.0 to 2.0 pints	 USE RESTRICTIONS Apply by ground application using a minimum of 25 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply by air. Do not apply through any type of irrigation system. Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per crop cycle. Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle. Allow 14 days between applications. Preharvest Interval (PHI): 1 day

NCTE:

• Temporally pinking of immature green berries may be observed after a NAI-2399-2 5EC application on certain strawberry varieties. This effect is transient and does not affect fruit sizing, color production.

• Avoid puddling of spray solution on plastic mulch as this can potentially result in underside scarring of fruit in direct contact with the plastic.

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Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Leafhoppers Mealybugs Mites (see Target Species)	1.0 to 2.0 pints	 USE RESTRICTIONS Apply by ground using a minimum of 75 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply by air. Do not apply to citrus nurseries or citrus in greenhouses. Do not apply through any type of irrigation system. Do not apply more than 2.0 pints per acre per growing season. Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season. Allow 14 days between applications. Do not harvest edible crops for 12 months following application unless the crop is listed on the label.

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Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Leafhoppers Mealybugs Mites (see Target Species)	2.0 pints	 USE RESTRICTIONS Apply by ground using a minimum of 75 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply by air. Do not apply to citrus nurseries or citrus in greenhouses. Do not apply through any type of irrigation system. Do not apply more than 2.0 pints per acre per growing season. Do not make more than 1 application per growing season. Do not harvest edible crops for 12 months following application unless the crop is listed on the label.

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POME FRUIT (Crop Group		
		bear; pear, Asian; quince; quince, Chinese; quince,
Japanese; tejocote; cultivar Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Leafhoppers Mealybugs Mites (see Target Species)	1.0 pint	 USE RESTRICTIONS Apply by ground using a minimum of 100 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply by air. Do not apply through any type of irrigation system. Do not apply by Alternate Row Middle (ARM) spray method. Do not apply more than 2.0 pints per acre per growing season. Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season. Allow 14 days between applications. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days
Leafhoppers Mealybugs Mites (see Target Species) Pear psylla	2.0 pints	 USE RESTRICTIONS Apply by ground using a minimum of 100 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply by air. Do not apply through any type of irrigation system. Do not apply by Alternate Row Middle (ARM) spray method. Do not apply more than 2.0 pints per acre per growing season. Do not make more than 1 application per growing season. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days

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POTATO -

TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGETABLE (Crop Subgroup 1C) Arracacha; arrowroot; artichoke, Chinese; artichoke, Jerusalem; canna, edible; cassava, bitter and sweet;chayote (root); chufa; dasheen (taro); ginger; leren; potato; sweet potato; tanier; turmeric; yam bean; yam, true

Pest	Rate/Acre	
Mites	2.0 pints	USE RESTRICTIONS
(see Target		Apply by ground using a minimum of 20
Species)		gallons of water per acre or by air using a
Potato psyllid		minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre.
Potato leafhopper		• Do not apply through any type of irrigation
		system.
		• Do not apply more than 4:0 pints per acre per
		- crop cycle.
		 Do not make more than 2 applications per
		crop cycle.
	· ·	Allow 7 days between applications.
		Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 7-days

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SNAP BEAN		
Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites (see Target Species) Whiteflies	2.0 pints	 USE RESTRICTIONS Apply by ground using a minimum of 30 gallons of water per acre or by air using a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply through any type of irrigation system. Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per crop cycle. Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle. Allow 14 days between applications. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 1 day

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STONE FRUIT (Crop Group 12-12) Apricot; Apricot, Japanese; Capulin; Cherry, black; Cherry, Nanking; Cherry; sweet; Cherry, tärt; Jujube, Chinese; Nectarine; Peach; Plum; Plum, American; Plum, beach; Plum, Canada; Plum, cherry; Plum, Chickasaw; Plum, Damson; Plum, Japanese; Plum, Klamath; Plum, prune; Plumcot; Sloe; Cultivars, varieties, and/or-hybrids of these-

<u> </u>		Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites	a Construction of the second secon	2.0 pints	
(see Target		and i u i - d'ann an Antain ann an Antain ann an Antain ann an Antain ann an Antain an Ant	 Apply by ground using a minimum of 80
Species)			gallons of water-per acre.
Leafhoppers			Do not apply by air.
		20. m	Do not apply through any type of irrigation
			system.
			Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre p
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		۵٬۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰	growing season.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Do not make more than 2 applications per
nan anna 1977 - 1977 Anna 1977 - 1977 Anna 1977 - 1977			vear.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Allow 14 days between applications.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	······································	Pre-harvest Interval (PHI):-7 days

Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites (see Target Species)	1.5 to 4.0 pints	 USE RESTRICTIONS WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER Apply by ground using a minimum of 100 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply by air. Do not apply through any type of irrigation system. Do not apply more than 8.0 pints per acre per growing season. Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season. Allow 14 days between applications. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days

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nut; pecan; walnut, black an Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites (see Target Species)	1.5 to 4.0 pints	 USE RESTRICTIONS WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER Apply by ground using a minimum of 100 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply by air. Do not apply through any type of irrigation system. Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per growing season. Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season. Allow 14 days between applications. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days

TREE NUT (Crop Group 14) AND PISTACHIO (Use Permitted East of the Mississippi River Only) Almond; beech nut; Brazil nut; butternut; cashew; chestnut; chinquapin; filbert (hazelnut); hickory nut; macadamia nut; pecan; pistachio; walnut, black and English

Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites (see Target Species)	2.0 pints	 USE RESTRICTIONS EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER Apply by ground using a minimum of 100 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply by air.
		 Do not apply by an. Do not apply through any type of irrigation system. Do not apply more than 2.0 pints per acre
		 per growing season. Do not make more than 1 application per growing season. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days

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GREENHOUSE CUCUMBER			
Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions	
Mites	1.0 to 2.0 pints	USE RESTRICTIONS	
(see Target Species) (Tomato) Potato Psyllid	• •	• Do not use products with the same mode of action in consecutive applications.	
Whiteflies		 Apply by ground using a minimum of 40 gallons of water per acre. 	
		 Do not apply through any type of irrigation system. Do not apply in Ultra Low Volume Equipment. 	
		 Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre crop cycle. 	
		 Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle. 	
	×-	 Do not make more than 4 applications per year. Allow 14 days between applications. 	
		• Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 1 day	
		RECOMMENDATIONS	
		 Apply in sufficient water to obtain complete coverage of all plant parts. Applications may be made with high volume or low volume ground equipment only. Follow the spray equipment manufacturer's directions to determine the amount of spray solution required to obtain thorough coverage. Consult the spray equipment manufacturer's operator's manual, spray nozzle catalogs and/or your crop advisor for more information. 	

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Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites	2.0 pints	USE RESTRICTIONS
(see Target Species) (Tomato) Potato Psyllid		• Do not use products with the same mode of action in consecutive applications.
Whiteflies		 Apply by ground using a minimum of 100 gallons of water per acre.
		• Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.
		 Do not apply in Ultra Low Volume Equipment.
		• Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per crop cycle.
		 Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle.
		• Do not make more than 4 applications per year.
		Allow 14 days between applications.
		Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 1 day
		RECOMMENDATIONS
		 Apply in sufficient water to obtain complete coverage of all plant parts. Applications may be made with high volume, low volume or ultra low volume (thermal and non-thermal foggers, misters, etc) ground equipment only. Follow the spray
		equipment manufacturer's directions to determine the amount of spray solution required to obtain
		thorough coverage. Consult the spray equipment manufacturer's operator's manual, spray nozzle
		catalogs and/or your crop advisor for more information.

Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Leafhoppers Mealybugs Mites (see Target Species)	1.0 to 2.0 pints	 USE RESTRICTIONS Apply by ground using a minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply by air. Do not apply through any type of irrigation system. Do not apply to citrus nurseries or citrus in citrus ingreenhouses. Do not apply more than 2.0 pints per acre per coordinate of the system. Allow 14 days between applications.

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STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a cool. drv place. PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at

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an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

Nonrefillable plastic containers 1.....

For liquid dilutables (Less than 5 gallons):

Nonrefillable-container. Do not-reuse or refill this container. Clean container promptly after emptying: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow-begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or a mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

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Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

For any dilutable pesticide (Greater than 5 gallons or 50 pounds):

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Refillable plastic containers

Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before cisposal, enotive the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the contained about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Return to point of sale or offer for recycling if available or reconditioning is appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

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IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following conditions, warranty, disclaimer of warranties, and limitations of liability:

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be accurate and must be followed carefully. However, because of extreme weather and soil conditions, use methods and other factors beyond the control of Nichino America, Inc. (NAI), it is impossible for NAI to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. As a result, crop injury or ineffectiveness is always possible. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks are assumed by the user or buyer.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY, OR OTHERWISE, SHALL NOT EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID, OR AT THE ELECTION OF NICHINO AMERICA, THE REPLACEMENT OF PRODUCT.

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SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL

GROUP

21A

Portal[®] XLO Miticide/Insecticide EPA Reg. No. 71711-40

For-Use-on-Field Corn, Popcorn, Silage Corn, and Seed Corn

This supplemental label expires _____ and must not be used or distributed after

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

this date.

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. This labeling and the EPA approved container label must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.

Read the label affixed to the container for Portal XLO miticide/insecticide before applying. Use of Portal XLO miticide/insecticide according to this labeling is subject to the use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the container for Portal XLO miticide/insecticide.

APPLICATION RATE CHART

Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites	2.0 pints	USE RESTRICTIONS
(see Target Species)		 Apply by ground application using a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre or by air using a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply through any type of irrigation evolution
		 system. Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per crop cycle. Do not apply less than 2.0 pints per acre unless
	· ·	corn is less than 48" in height, or by ground.
		• Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle.
ł.		Allow 14 days between applications.
		Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days for forage, silage, stover, and grain.

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NICHINO AMERICA 4550 New Linden Hill Road Wilmington, DE 19808 888-740-7700

INSECTICIDE

SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL

GROUP

21A

INSECTICIDE

FujiMite[®] XLO Miticide/Insecticide EPA Reg. No. 71711-40

For Use on Citrus Fruit, Pome Fruit, Stone Fruit, and Tree Nut

This supplemental label expires _____ and must not be used or distributed after this date.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. This labeling and the EPA approved container label must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.

Read the label affixed to the container for FujiMite XLO miticide/insecticide before applying. Use of FujiMite XLO miticide/insecticide according to this labeling is subject to the use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the container for FujiMite XLO miticide/insecticide.

APPLICATION RATE CHART

CITRUS FRUIT (Crop Group 10-10)

Australian desert lime; Australian finger-lime; Australian round lime; Brown River finger lime; calamondin; citron; citrus hybrids; grapefruit; Japanese summer grapefruit; kumquat; lemon; lime; Mediterranean mandarin; mount white lime; New Guinea wild lime; orange, sour; orange, sweet; pummelo; Russell River lime; satsuma mandarin; sweet lime; tachibana orange; Tahiti lime; tangelo; tangerine (mandarin orange, clementine); tangor; trifoliate orange; uniq fruit; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Citrus rust mite Asian citrus psyllid ¹ Citrus thrips (suppression only) Citrus leafminer (suppression only) Leafhoppers Mealybugs Other Mites		 USE RESTRICTIONS Apply by ground using a minimum of 100 gallons of water per acre. For full size trees, use a minimum of 200 gallons of water per acre. In California, for control of citricola scale, apply by ground using 500 gallons of water. Do not apply by air. Do not apply through any type of irrigation.
(see Target Species)	crister Krister Marine Krister	 system. Do not apply to citrus nurseries er citrus in greenhouses. Do not apply more than 8.0 pints per acrocycling growing season. Do not make more than 2 applications per final season.
		growing season. • Allow 14 days between applications. • Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days
¹ For best results, use for a expanding foliage flush is		nymphs present at time of application when newly

		d/or hybrids of these
Pest —	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Leafhoppers	- 2.0 pints	USE RESTRICTIONS
Mealybugs		Apply by ground using a minimum of 100
Mites		gallons of water per acre.
(see Target Species)		Do not apply by air.
Pear psylla		 Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.
		 Do not <u>apply by</u> Alternate Row Middle (ARM) spray_method.
		 Do not apply more than 2.0 pints per acre-per-growing season.
		 Do:not:make:more than 1 application per growing:season.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days

STONE F	RUIT	(Crop C	Group 1	2-12)
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Apricot; Apricot, Japanese; Capulin; Cherry, black; Cherry, Nanking; Cherry, sweet; Cherry, tart; Jujube, Chinese; Nectarine; Peach; Plum; Plum, American; Plum, beach; Plum, Canada; Plum, cherry; Plum, Chickasaw; Plum, Damson; Plum, Japanese; Plum, Klamath; Plum, prune; Plumcot; Sloe; Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites	2.0 pints	USE RESTRICTIONS
(see Target Species) Leafhoppers		 Apply by ground using a minimum of 80 gallons of water per acre.
		 Do not apply by air.
		 Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.
		 Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per growing season.
•		• Do not make more than 2 applications per year.
		Allow 14 days between applications.
		Pre-harvest Interval (FHI): 7 days c

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ALMOND AND PISTACHIO		
Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites	2.0 to 4.0 pints	USE RESTRICTIONS
(see Target Species)		Apply by ground using a minimum of 100 gallons of water per acre.
		 Do not apply by air.
	· .	 Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.
		 Do not apply more than 8.0 pints per acre per growing season.
		 Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season.
		 Allow 14 days between applications.
	· · ·	Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days

TREE NUT (Crop Group 14)

(excluding almond and pistachio)

Beech nut; Brazil nut; butternut; cashew; chestnut; chinquapin; filbert (hazelnut); hickory nut; macadamia nut; pecan; walnut, black and English

Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites	2.0 to 4.0 pints	USE RESTRICTIONS
(see∖Target Species)	1	 Apply by ground using a minimum of 100 gallons of water per acre.
		Do not apply by air. Do not apply through any type of
		 Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.
		• Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per growing season.
		• Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season.
		Allow 14 days between applications.
		Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days

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SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL

GROUP 21A INSECTICIDE

Portal[®] XLO Miticide/Insecticide EPA Reg. No. 71711-40

For Use on Tropical Fruit (i.e. Avocado, Black Sapote, etc.), Citrus Fruit, Cucumber, Fruiting Vegetable, Pome Fruit, Potato, Snap Bean, Stone Fruit, and Tree Nut

This supplemental label expires ______ and must not be used or distributed after this date.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. This labeling and the EPA approved container label must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.

Read the label affixed to the container for Portal XLO miticide/insecticide before applying. Use of Portal XLO miticide/insecticide according to this labeling is subject to the use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the container for Portal XLO miticide/insecticide.

APPLICATION RATE CHART

AVOCADO, BLACK SAPOTE, CANISTEL, MAMEY SAPOTE, MANGO, PAPAYA, SAPODILLA, AND STAR APPLE		
Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites (see Target Species) Whiteflies	2.0 pints	 USE RESTRICTIONS Apply by ground using a minimum of 95 gallons of water per acre or by air using a minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply through any type of irrigation system. Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per growing season. Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season. Allow 14 days between applications. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 1 day

CITRUS FRUIT (Crop Group 10-10)

Australian desert lime; Australian finger-lime; Australian round lime; Brown River finger lime; calamondin; citron; citrus hybrids; grapefruit; Japanese summer grapefruit; kumquat; lemon; lime; Mediterranean mandarin; mount white lime; New Guinea wild lime; orange, sour; orange, sweet; pummelo; Russell River lime; satsuma mandarin; sweet lime; tachibana orange; Tahiti lime; tangelo; tangerine (mandarin orange, clementine); tangor; trifoliate orange; uniq fruit; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Citrus rust mite	4.0 pints	USE RESTRICTIONS
		▲ Apply by ground using a minimum of 100
Asian citrus psyllid ¹	2.0 to 4.0 pints	gallons of water per acre. For full size trees,
Citrus thrips		use a minimum of 200 gallons of water per
(suppression only)		acre.
Citrus leafminer		 Do not apply by air except in Florida and
(suppression only)		Texas.
Leafhoppers		 In Florida and Texas, apply by air using a
Mealybugs		minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre.
Other Mites		 In Florida for citrus aerial applications, do not
(see Target	1	apply within 150 feet of any aquatic area.
Species)	· · ·	 Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.
		• Do not apply to citrus nurseries or citrus in greenhouses.
		• Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per growing season.
		• Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season.
		Allow 14 days between applications.
, ,		 Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days
¹ For best results, use for expanding foliage flush		nymphs present at time of application when newly

Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites (see Target Species) (Tomato) Potato Psyllid Whiteflies	2.0 pints	 USE RESTRICTIONS Apply by ground using a minimum of 40 gallons of water per acre or by air using a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply through any type of irrigation. Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per crop cycle. Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle. Allow 14 days between applications. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 1 day

FRUITING VEGETABLE (Crop Group 8-10)

African eggplant; bush tomato; bell pepper; cocona; currant tomato; eggplant; garden huckleberry; goji berry; groundcherry; martynia; naranjilla; okra; pea eggplant; pepino; nonbell pepper; roselle; scarlet eggplant; sunberry; tomatillo; tomato; tree tomato; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites	2.0 pints	USE RESTRICTIONS
(see Target		Apply by ground using a minimum of 20 gallons
Species) Tomato/Potato Psyllid		of water per acre or by air using a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre.
Whiteflies		 Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.
		• Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per crop cycle.
		• Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle.
		 Allow 14 days between applications.
		Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 1 day

POME FRUIT (Crop Group	11-10)	
		lar; pear; pear, Asian; quince; quince, Chinese;
quince, Japanese; tejocote;	cultivars, varieties, a	and/or hybrids of these
Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Leafhoppers	2.0 pints	USE RESTRICTIONS
Mealybugs		Apply by ground using a minimum of 100
Mites		gallons of water per acre.
(see Target Species)		Do not apply by air.
Pear psylla		 Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.
		 Do not apply by Alternate Row Middle (ARM) spray method.
		 Do not apply more than 2.0 pints per acre per growing season.
		 Do not make more than 1 application per growing season.
		Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days

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TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGETABLE (Crop Subgroup 1C)

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Arracacha; arrowroot; artichoke, Chinese; artichoke, Jerusalem; canna, edible; cassava, bitter and sweet; chayote (root); chufa; dasheen (taro); ginger; leren; potato; sweet potato; tanier; turmeric; yam bean; yam, true

Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites (see Target Species) Potato psyllid	2.0 pints	USE RESTRICTIONS • Apply by ground using a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre or by air using a minimum of 5 gallons of water per
Potato leafhopper		 acre. Do not apply through any type of irrigation system. Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per crop cycle.
		 Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle. Allow 7 days between applications. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days

SNAP BEAN		
Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites	2.0 pints	USE RESTRICTIONS
(see Target Species) Whiteflies	· ·	 Apply by ground using a minimum of 30 gallons of water per acre or by air using a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply through any type of
		irrigation system.
		• Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per crop cycle.
		 Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle.
		Allow 14 days between applications.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 1 day

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STONE FRUIT (Crop Group 12-12)

Apricot; Apricot, Japanese; Capulin; Cherry, black; Cherry, Nanking; Cherry, sweet; Cherry, tart; Jujube, Chinese; Nectarine; Peach; Plum; Plum, American; Plum, beach; Plum, Canada; Plum, cherry; Plum, Chickasaw; Plum, Damson; Plum, Japanese; Plum, Klamath; Plum, prune; Plumcot; Sloe; Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites	2.0 pints	USE RESTRICTIONS
(see Target		• Apply by ground using a minimum of 80
Species)		gallons of water per acre.
-Leafhoppers		Do not apply by air.
		Do not apply through any type of
		irrigation system.
		Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per
		acre_per_growing season.
		 Do not make more than 2 applications
		per year
		Allow 14 days between applications.
		Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days

TREE NUT (Crop Group 14) AND PISTACHIO

Almond; beech nut; Brazil nut; butternut; cashew; chestnut; chinquapin; filbert (hazelnut); hickory nut; macadamia nut; pecan; pistachios; walnut, black and English

Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites	2.0 pints	USE RESTRICTIONS
(see Target Species)	• •	 Apply by ground using a minimum of 100 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply by air. Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.
	· · ·	 Do not apply more than 2.0 pints per acre per growing season.
	·	 Do not make more than 1 application per growing season. Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days

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