


71711-40

7/18/2012

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 U S ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (7505C) 1200 Pennsylvania Ave N W Washington D C 20460 NOTICE OF PESTICIDE <u>X</u> Registration <u> </u> Reregistration (under FIFRA as amended)	EPA Reg Number 71711-40	Date of Issuance JUL 18 2012
	Term of Issuance Conditional	
	NAI-2399-2 5 EC Miticide Insecticide	
Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code) Nichino America, Inc 4550 New Linden Hill Road, Suite 501 Wilmington, DE 19808		
Note Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number		
<p>On the basis of information furnished by the registrant the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act</p> <p>Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency In order to protect health and the environment the Administrator on his motion may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others</p> <p>This product is conditionally registered in accordance with section 3(c)(7)(A) of FIFRA provided that you</p> <p>1 Submit and/or cite all data required for registration of your product under section 3(c)(5) of FIFRA when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data, and submit acceptable responses required for reregistration of your product under section 4 of FIFRA</p> <p>(continued on page 2)</p>		
Signature of Approving Official See page 2 Mark Suarez Product Manager (13) Insecticide Branch Registration Division (7504P)	Date JUL 18 2012	

EPA Form 8570 6

- 2 Submit within 12 months of the date of issuance of this Registration Notice, acceptable guideline studies for Storage Stability study (OPPTS GLN 830 6317) and Corrosion Characteristics study (OPTS GLN 830 6320) for this product
- 3 Submit an upgraded enforcement analytical method for evaluation This analytical method should be submitted under separate non confidential cover and not included in the confidential appendix
- 4 Change the product registration number to "EPA Reg No 71711-40"

Enclosed is a copy of your label stamped with comments

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec 6(e) Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions

Submit two copies of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment

If you have any questions, please contact Mr Driss Benmhend, at (703) 308-9525 or via email at benmhend.driss@epa.gov

Sincerely yours,

Mark Suarez
Product Manager 13
Insecticide Branch
Registration Division (7504P)

Enclosure Label Stamped "with Comments"

GROUP	21A	INSECTICIDE
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NAI-2399-2 5EC miticide/insecticide

ACTIVE INGREDIENT

Fenpyroximate *tert*-butyl(E)- α -(1,3-dimethyl-5-phenoxy-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)methyleneaminoxy)-*p*-toluate -

OTHER INGREDIENTS*

TOTAL

Contains 0.4 lb active ingredient per U.S. gallon

*Contains petroleum distillates

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EPA Est No

Marketing Brands FujiiMite®, Portal®

$\frac{95}{100} = 95\%$
 $\frac{100}{100} = 100\%$

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
WARNING - AVISO**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. • Do not give any liquid to the person. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
HOT LINE NUMBER	
<p>Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-348-5832 for emergency medical treatment information. In case of fire or spills, information may be obtained by calling 1-800-424-9300.</p>	
<p>NOTE TO PHYSICIAN Contains petroleum distillates. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.</p>	

NET CONTENTS

Active Ingredient Made in Japan Formulated and Packaged in U S A for
NICHINO AMERICA, INC
 4550 New Linden Hill Road
 Wilmington DE 19808
 1 888 740 7700

ACCEPTED
With COMMENTS
In EPA Letter Dated
JUL 18 2012

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, As amended, for the pesticide Registered under EPA Reg. No.

71711-40

4016

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

WARNING - AVISO

May be fatal if inhaled Causes substantial but temporary eye injury Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin Do not get in eyes or on clothing Do not breathe spray mist Avoid contact with skin eyes or clothing Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating drinking chewing gum using tobacco or using the toilet

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below If you want more options follow the instructions for Category B F or G on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart

Applicators and other handlers must wear

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical resistant gloves (such as barrier laminate butyl rubber nitrile rubber or viton)
- Protective eyewear (such as safety glasses goggles or face shield)
- Shoes plus socks

A respirator with an organic-vapor removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C) or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G) or a NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or canister with any N R P or HE prefilter

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE If no such instructions for washables use detergent and hot water Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)] the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS

User Safety Recommendations

Users should

- Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating drinking chewing gum using tobacco or using the toilet
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product Wash the outside of gloves before removing As soon as possible wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing
- Discard clothing and personal protective equipment that cannot be reused including clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or thoroughly contaminated with this product's concentrate
- Wash clothing and personal protective equipment (including both the inside and outside of gloves) before each day of reuse according to manufacturer's directions or if no such directions in detergent and hot water Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is very highly toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates For terrestrial uses do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters

This chemical can contaminate surface water through spray applications Under some conditions it may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water after application These include poorly drained or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters frequently flooded areas areas

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overlying extremely shallow ground water areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips and areas over-laying tile drainage systems that drain to surface water

ENDANGERED SPECIES RESTRICTIONS

This product may pose a hazard to endangered aquatic species. Leave a 75 foot untreated buffer between treatment area and fish-bearing waters. For citrus in Florida with aerial applications do not apply within 150 feet of any aquatic area. Follow all use directions.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use or store near heat or open flame

Minimum Honey Bee Toxicity	
Applications to all crops may be made at anytime	Fenpyroximate is practically nontoxic to bees and wasps when used

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe consult the agency in your State responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard. Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls worn over short-sleeved shirt and short pants
- Socks
- Chemical-resistant footwear
- Protective eyewear (such as safety glasses, goggles, or face shield)
- Chemical-resistant gloves (such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, or viton)

GENERAL INFORMATION

NAI-2399-2 5EC miticide/insecticide is used for the control of leafhoppers, mealybugs, mites, psylla, psyllids, and whiteflies. **NAI-2399-2 5EC miticide/insecticide** stops mite feeding immediately after application. **NAI-2399-2 5EC miticide/insecticide** controls all motile stages of mites by inhibiting cellular respiration in the mitochondrion of cells which results in rapid cessation of all biological activities including feeding and reproduction. Mortality of mites can be observed within 3-7 days after intoxication.

NAI-2399-2 5EC miticide/insecticide works primarily through contact action. **so thorough spray coverage is necessary.** Mix with sufficient water and apply as a foliar spray to obtain uniform coverage. Dense foliage or excessive growth will often prevent adequate coverage. adjust spray volumes accordingly. Treat plants when pests are immature or at a susceptible stage and populations are building before crop damage occurs.

Target Species	
Apple rust mite (suppression only)	Six spotted mite
Asian citrus psyllid	Pear psylla
Banks grass mite	Pear rust mite
Broad mite	Pecan leaf scorch mite
Carmine mite	Potato leafhopper
Citrus bud mite	Tomato (Potato) psyllid
Citrus leafminer (suppression only)	Powdery Mildew (suppression only)
Citrus red mite	Strawberry spider mite
Citrus rust mite	Texas citrus mite
Citrus thrips (suppression only)	Tomato russet mite
Cyclamen mite	Two-spotted spider mite
European red mite	Variegated leafhopper
Glassy winged sharpshooter (suppression only)	White apple leafhopper
Grape leafhopper	Whiteflies
McDaniel mite	Willamette spider mite
Mealybug species	Persea mite
Mint bud mite	Avocado Brown mite
Pacific spider mite	

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

- Applications should be made immediately after the spray solution is prepared
- Apply with properly calibrated spray equipment
- Apply by ground or air using the recommended water spray volume found in the Directions for Use section of this label
- For aerial equipment, use larger droplet size (greater than 200 microns)
- Thorough spray coverage is essential for mite and insect control
- For best results apply when pest populations are beginning to build before reaching economic thresholds Consult your local agricultural advisor or state cooperative extension service for further information

USE OF ADJUVANTS

When thorough coverage is a concern it is recommended that a spray adjuvant be used to maximize uniformity of coverage and performance of NAI-2399-2 5EC Use a non-ionic activator type wetting spreading or penetrating adjuvant or horticultural spray oil adjuvant Do not use a dormant oil or binder or sticker-type adjuvant Non-ionic adjuvants (NIS) should contain at least 75% surfactant Crop oil concentrates (COC) methylated seed or vegetable oils (MSO) organosilicone products (OS) or blends of these adjuvants should contain at least 15% emulsifier/surfactant Check compatibility of any adjuvant used with NAI-2399-2 5EC before using Follow the Directions for Use on each adjuvant product label for rates of use and use restrictions

APPLICATION RESTRICTIONS

- Use by air is limited to cotton and citrus in Florida and Texas
- Do not apply within 75 feet of fish- bearing waters
- For aerial applications to citrus in the state of Florida do not apply within 150 feet of all aquatic areas
- Do not plant rotational crops other than those listed on this label for 30 days following the last application of this product
- Do not apply through any type of irrigation system
- Do not apply by Alternate Row Middle (ARM) spray method

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Repeated use of the same chemistry has been shown to result in the buildup of resistant strains of mites or other insects. Do not use **NAI-2399-2 5EC miticide/insecticide** in successive miticide applications. Rotate the use of **NAI-2399-2 5EC Miticide/insecticide** with alternate mode of action insecticides.

- Miticides must be rotated with alternate products for resistance management. Do not use products with the same mode of action [METI-2 inhibitor/IRAC Group 21A] in consecutive applications.

Consult your local crop advisor for the most appropriate alternative products. Resistance management strategies recommend that you DO NOT apply rates lower than recommended on the label.

MIXING DIRECTIONS

NAI-2399-2 5EC Miticide/Insecticide Alone Shake well before using. Begin with clean equipment. Fill spray tank with $\frac{3}{4}$ of the amount of water needed for the intended application and then turn on agitation. Pour recommended amount of product on the surface of water in the spray tank. Add the balance of the water to the spray tank with agitation running. Keep agitation running during filling and spraying operations. If spraying must be stopped before emptying the sprayer, resume agitation before spraying the remainder of the load.

NAI-2399-2 5EC Miticide/Insecticide Tank Mixtures Shake well before using. Read and follow all label directions for each tank mix product prior to any tank mixing with **NAI-2399-2 5EC miticide/insecticide**. This product can be mixed with other registered pesticides for use on labeled crops or sites in accordance with the most restrictive use directions and precautions. Follow all use directions as listed above under **NAI-2399-2 5EC Miticide/Insecticide Alone** with the following exception: after the **NAI-2399-2 5EC miticide/insecticide** is thoroughly mixed and the tank is $\frac{3}{4}$ full, add the recommended amount of wettable powder, soluble powder, flowable, emulsifiable concentrate, or soluble liquid product **while maintaining agitation**. Then continue adding water to the tank to achieve the desired level while maintaining agitation.

If you have no experience with the combination you are considering, you should conduct a test to determine physical compatibility. To determine physical compatibility, add the recommended proportions of each chemical with the same proportion of water as will be present in the chemical supply tank into a suitable container, mix thoroughly, and allow to stand for five minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can be readily re-mixed, the mixture is considered physically compatible.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Avoid spray drift to all other crops and nontarget areas. Do not apply when weather conditions may cause drift. Do not allow this product to drift onto nontarget areas. Drift may result in illegal residues or injury to adjacent crops and vegetation. To avoid spray drift, DO NOT apply aerially when wind speed is greater than 10 mph or during periods of temperature inversions. Use of larger droplet size will also reduce spray drift.

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR

The interaction of equipment and weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

Droplet size, boom height, and wind speed are the primary factors determining drift. The specific application conditions required for the use of this product are described below.

Controlling Droplet Size – General Techniques

Volume

Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure

Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. **WHEN HIGHER FLOW RATES ARE NEEDED, USE A HIGHER-CAPACITY NOZZLE INSTEAD OF INCREASING PRESSURE.**

Nozzle Type

Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Controlling Droplet Size – Aircraft**Number of Nozzles**

Use the minimum number of nozzles with the highest flow rate that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation

Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type

Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Boom Height and Length – Ground and Aircraft

Boom Height (ground) Setting the boom at the lowest labeled height (if specified) which provides uniform coverage reduces the exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind. For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

Boom Height (aircraft) Application more than 10 feet above the canopy increases the potential for spray drift.

Boom Length (aircraft) The minimum boom length should not exceed $\frac{3}{4}$ of the wing length; using shorter booms decreases drift potential. For helicopters, the minimum boom length should not exceed $\frac{9}{10}$ of the rotary blade to prevent droplets from entering the rotor vortices.

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type, determine drift potential at any given wind speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. **AVOID GUSTY OR WINDLESS CONDITIONS.** **Note:** Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain close to the ground and move laterally in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light and variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be

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indicated by ground fog however if fog is not present inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing

Sensitive Areas

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, nontarget crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas)

Shielded Sprayers

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce the effects of wind. However, it is the responsibility of the applicator to verify that the shields are preventing drift and not interfering with the uniform deposition of the product.

Air Assisted (Air Blast) Field Crop Sprayers

Air assisted field crop sprayers carry droplets to the target via a downward directed air stream. Some may reduce the potential for drift, but if a sprayer is unsuitable for the application and/or set up improperly, high drift potential can result. It is the responsibility of the applicator to determine that a sprayer is suitable for the intended application, is configured properly, and that drift is not occurring.

Note: Air assisted field sprayers can affect product performance by affecting spray coverage and canopy penetration. Consult the application equipment section of this label to determine if use of an air assisted sprayer is recommended.

Air Assisted (Air Blast) Tree And Vine Sprayers

Air assisted tree and vine sprayers carry droplets into the canopy of trees and vines via a radially or laterally directed air stream. These sprayers are not suitable for applying herbicides. In addition to the general drift management practices already described, the following specific practices will further reduce the potential for drift:

- Adjust the deflectors and aiming devices so that spray is only directed into the canopy
- Block off upward pointed nozzles when there is no overhanging canopy
- Use only enough air volume to penetrate the canopy and provide good coverage
- Do not allow spray to go beyond the edge of the cultivated area. Spray the outside row only from outside the planting.

APPLICATION RATE CHART FOR NAI-2399-2 5EC MITICIDE/INSECTICIDE

MELONS (Crop Subgroup 9A) muskmelon, including hybrids and/or varieties of <i>Cucumis melo</i> (including true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, Santa Claus melon, crenshaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, Persian melon, golden pershaw melon, mango melon, pineapple melon, snake melon), citron melon and watermelon including hybrids and/or varieties of (<i>Citrullus</i> spp.)		
Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites (see Target Species) Whiteflies	2.0 pints	USE RESTRICTIONS <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply by ground application using a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre • Do not apply by air • Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per crop cycle • Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle • Preharvest Interval (PHI) 3 days • Do not apply through any type of irrigation system

LOW-GROWING BERRY (Crop Subgroup 13-07G) bearberry, bilberry, blueberry, lowbush, cloudberry, cranberry, lingonberry, muntries, partridgeberry, strawberry, cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these		
Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites (see Target Species) Whiteflies	1 0 to 2 0 pints	<p>USE RESTRICTIONS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply by ground application using a minimum of 25 gallons of water per acre • Do not apply by air • Do not apply more than 4 0 pints per acre per crop cycle • Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle • Allow 14 days between applications • Preharvest Interval (PHI) 1 day • Do not apply through any type of irrigation system <p>WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER WARNING</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Temporary pinkening of immature green berries may be observed after a NAI-2399-2 5EC application on certain strawberry varieties. This effect is transient and does not affect fruit sizing, color or quality • Avoid puddling of spray solution on plastic mulch as this can potentially result in underside scarring of fruit in direct contact with the plastic

CITRUS FRUITS (Crop Group 10) calamondin, citron, citrus citron, citrus hybrids (includes chironja), grapefruit, kumquat, lemon, lime, mandarin (tangerine), orange, sour, orange, sweet, pummelo, satsuma mandarin, tangelo, tangor, white sapote (casimiroa spp)		
Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Asian citrus psyllid ¹ Citrus rust mite	4 0 pints	<p>USE RESTRICTIONS</p> <p>All geographies</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply by ground using a minimum of 100 gallons of water per acre. For full size trees use a minimum of 200 gallons of water per acre • Do not apply by air except in Florida and Texas • In Florida and Texas apply by air using a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre • In Florida for citrus aerial applications do not apply within 150 feet of all aquatic areas • Do not apply more than 4 0 pints per acre per growing season • Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season • Allow 14 days between applications • Preharvest Interval (PHI) 14 days • Do not apply to citrus nurseries or citrus in greenhouses • Do not apply through any type of irrigation system
Citrus thrips (suppression only) Citrus leafminer (suppression only) Leafhoppers Mealybugs Other Mites (see Target Species)	2 0 to 4 0 pints	

		<p>West of the Mississippi River</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not apply more than 80 pints per acre per growing season • Do not apply by air except in Texas
<p>¹For best results use for control of adults and nymphs present at time of application when newly expanding foliage flush is present</p>		

COTTON		
Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
<p>Mites (see Target Species)</p>	<p>Early season¹ (when cotton is less than 10-inches in height)</p> <p>0.4 to 1.0 pints</p>	<p>USE RESTRICTIONS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply by ground using a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre or by air using a minimum of 3.3³ gallons of water per acre. As canopy density increases use of higher water volume will assure better coverage • Do not apply more than 2.0 pints per acre per growing season • Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season • Preharvest Interval (PHI) 14 days • Do not apply through any type of irrigation system
	<p>Mid-season (when cotton is more than 10-inches in height)</p> <p>1.0 pint by ground</p> <p>1.0 to 2.0 pints by air</p>	
Whiteflies	2.0 pints	
<p>¹For early season use when cotton is less than 10 inches in height. NAI 2399 2 5EC Miticide/insecticide may also be applied as a directed spray using ground spray equipment</p>		

<p>FRUITING VEGETABLES (Crop Group 8) (excluding cucurbits) bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, eggplant, groundcherry, okra, pepino, pimento, sweet pepper, tomatillo, tomato</p>		
Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
<p>Mites (see Target Species) (Tomato) Potato Psyllid Whiteflies</p>	2.0 pints	<p>USE RESTRICTIONS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply by ground using a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre • Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per crop cycle • Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle • Preharvest Interval (PHI) 1 day • Do not apply through any type of irrigation system

GREENHOUSE TOMATOES		
Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites (see Target Species) (Tomato) Potato Psyllid Whiteflies	2.0 pints	<p>USE RESTRICTIONS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply by ground using a minimum of 100 gallons of water per acre • Do not apply more than 4.0 pints per acre per crop cycle • Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season • Do not make more than 4 applications per year • Preharvest Interval (PHI) 1 day • Do not apply through any type of irrigation system <p>RECOMMENDATIONS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply in sufficient water to obtain complete coverage of all plant parts. Applications may be made with high volume, low volume or ultra low volume (thermal and non-thermal foggers, misters, etc) ground equipment only. Follow the spray equipment manufacturer's directions to determine the amount of spray solution required to obtain thorough coverage. Consult the spray equipment manufacturer's operator's manual, spray nozzle catalogs and/or your crop advisor for more information.

GRAPES		
Pest	Rate/ Acre	Use Directions
Mites (see Target Species) Mealybugs Powdery Mildew (suppression)	2.0 pints	USE RESTRICTIONS <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Apply by ground using a minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre• For vines with a heavy canopy or in high pressure situations higher water volumes are recommended. If lower water volume amounts are used tractor speed must be reduced to ensure complete coverage• Do not apply by air• Do not apply more than 2.0 pints per acre per growing season• Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season• Preharvest Interval (PHI) 14 days• Do not apply through any type of irrigation system
Willamette spider mite	1.5 to 2.0 pints	
Leafhoppers ¹	1.0 to 2.0 pints	
¹ Use higher rate for dense foliage. Best control of leafhoppers is achieved by applications when majority of the population is in an immature development stage.		

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HOPS		
Pest	Rate/ Acre	Use Directions
Mites (see Target Species)	2 0 to 3 0 pints	<p>USE RESTRICTIONS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not apply more than 3 0 pints of product per acre per growing season • Do not apply by air • Preharvest Interval (PHI) 15 days • Do not apply through any type of irrigation system <p>RECOMMENDATIONS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For best results apply before mite populations exceed 5 mites per leaf <p>WARNING</p> <p>Leaf yellowing may occur when NAI-2399-2 5EC miticide/ insecticide is combined with spray excess of 1% of the spray volume. If this symptom occurs, it is usually more pronounced on newly expanding leaves. This symptom may occur in plants under stress and is worsened by certain conditions including the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • High Temperatures (air temperatures exceeding 90°F at the time of application or within a few days after application) • Wet soil conditions and high humidity (rainy, misty or foggy weather within a few days after application) • Storm damage (including hail and wind)

MINT(peppermint, spearmint)		
Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites (see Target Species)	1 0 to 2 0 pints	<p>USE RESTRICTIONS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply by ground using a minimum of 25 gallons of water per acre • Do not apply by air • Do not apply more than 4 0 pints per acre per growing season • Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season • Allow 7 days between applications • Preharvest Interval (PHI) 1 day • Do not apply through any type of irrigation system

NONBEARING DECIDUOUS FRUIT, NUT TREES, AND VINES		
Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Leafhoppers Mealybugs Mites (see Target Species)	1 0 to 2 0 pints	<p>USE RESTRICTIONS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply by ground using a minimum of 75 gallons of water per acre • Do not apply more than 2 0 pints per acre per growing season

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		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season • Do not harvest edible crops for 12 months following application • Do not apply to citrus nurseries or citrus in greenhouses • Do not apply through any type of irrigation system
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Ornamentals	Leafhoppers Mealybugs Mites (see Target Species)	1 0 to 2 0 pints	USE RESTRICTIONS <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply by ground using a minimum of 50 gallons of water per acre • Do not apply more than 2 0 pints per acre per growing season • Do not apply to citrus nurseries or citrus in greenhouses • Do not apply through any type of irrigation system
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POME FRUITS (Crop Group 11) apple, crabapple, loquat, mayhaw, medlar, pear, quince		
Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Leafhoppers Mealybugs Mites (see Target Species)	1 0 pint	USE RESTRICTIONS <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply by ground using a minimum of 100 gallons of water per acre • Do not apply by air • Do not apply more than 2 0 pints per acre per growing season • Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season • Preharvest Interval (PHI) 14 days • Do not apply through any type of irrigation system • Do not apply by Alternate Row Middle (ARM) spray method
Leafhoppers Mealybugs Mites (see Target Species) Pear psylla	2 0 pints	USE RESTRICTIONS <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply by ground using a minimum of 100 gallons of water per acre • Do not apply by air • Do not apply more than 2 0 pints per acre per growing season • Do not make more than 1 application per growing season • Preharvest Interval (PHI) 14 days • Do not apply through any type of irrigation system • Do not apply by Alternate Row Middle (ARM) spray method

ALMONDS AND PISTACHIOS (West of the Mississippi River)		
Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites (see Target Species)	1 5 to 4 0 pints	<p>USE RESTRICTIONS WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply by ground using a minimum of 100 gallons of water per acre • Do not apply by air • Do not apply more than 3 0 pints per acre per growing season • Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season • Allow 14 days between applications • Preharvest Interval (PHI) 14 days • Do not apply through any type of irrigation system

TREE NUTS (Crop Group 14) (West of the Mississippi River) (excluding almonds and pistachios) Beech nut, Brazil nut, butternut, cashew, chestnut, chinquapin, filbert (hazelnut), hickory nut, macadamia nut, pecan, walnut, black and English		
Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites (see Target Species)	1 5 to 4 0 pints ¹	<p>USE RESTRICTIONS WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply by ground using a minimum of 100 gallons of water per acre • Do not apply by air • Do not apply more than 4 0 pints per acre per growing season • Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season • Allow 14 days between applications • Preharvest Interval (PHI) 14 days • Do not apply through any type of irrigation system

TREE NUTS (Crop Group 14) Almond, beech nut, Brazil nut, butternut, cashew, chestnut, chinquapin, filbert (hazelnut), hickory nut, macadamia nut, pecan, pistachios, walnut, black and English		
Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Mites (see Target Species)	2 0 pints ¹	<p>USE RESTRICTIONS ALL GEOGRAPHIES</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply by ground using a minimum of 100 gallons of water per acre • Do not apply by air • Do not apply more than 2 0 pints per acre per growing season • Do not make more than 1 application per growing season

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		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Preharvest Interval (PHI) 14 days• Do not apply through any type of irrigation system
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STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal

PESTICIDE STORAGE Store in a cool dry place

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility

CONTAINER DISPOSAL Nonrefillable container DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drop. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drop. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration or if allowed by State or local authorities by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.

IMPORTANT READ BEFORE USE

By using this product user or buyer accepts the following conditions warranty disclaimer of warranties and limitations of liability

CONDITIONS The directions for use of this product are believed to be accurate and must be followed carefully. However because of extreme weather and soil conditions use methods and other factors beyond the control of Nichino America Inc (NAI) it is impossible for NAI to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. As a result crop injury or ineffectiveness is always possible. To the extent consistent with applicable law all such risks are assumed by the user or buyer.

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