Ms. Marie Maks  
Senior Manager  
Nichino America, Inc.  
4550 New Linden Hill Road, Suite 501  
Wilmington, DE 19808

Subject: Notification – Revising Pesticide Storage Text in the Storage and Disposal Box and Removing the Alternate Brand Name “Rycar Insecticide”

EPA Registration Number: 71711-36  
Product Name: Tolfenpyrad 15SC Insecticide  
Submission Date: April 16, 2014  
Decision Number: 490046

Dear Ms. Maks:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification dated April 16, 2014. The Registration Division has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under Pesticide Registration Notices (PRNs) 83-3 and 98-10, and finds that the request does fall within the scope of the PRNs.

Please note that PRNs are provided as guidance and that they are not considered regulation by the Agency, and that the RD reserves the right to make the determination of acceptability. **The Registration Division has determined that this action is acceptable**, and our records have been updated accordingly.

If you have any questions, please contact Michael Walsh at 703-308-2972 or via email at “walsh.michael@epa.gov”.

Sincerely,

Mark Suarez  
Acting Product Manager (13)  
Insecticide Branch  
Registration Division (7505P)  
Office of Pesticide Programs
Application for Pesticide - Section I

1. Company/Product Number
71711-36

2. EPA Product Manager
Mark Suarez

3. Proposed Classification
× None

4. Company/Product (Name)
Tolfenpyrad 15SC Insecticide

5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code)
Nichino America, Inc.
4550 New Linden Hill, Rd., Suite 501
Wilmington, DE 19808

6. Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3)
(b)(iii), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to:

   × EPA Reg. No.

Product Name

Section - II

- Amendment - Explain below.
- Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated ________
- Notification - Explain below.

Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and Section II.)

Non-PRIA notification per PR Notice 98-10 and label change per PR Notice 83-3 with removal of alternate brand name of Rycar and revised S/D statement, respectively.

Attachments: label identified as D-200 040914; label with changes redlined; letter M.A. Maks to M. Suarez, dated April 16, 2014

Section - III

1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In:

   Child-Resistant Packaging
   × Yes
   No

   Unit Packaging
   × Yes
   No

   Water Soluble Packaging
   × Yes
   No

   2. Type of Container
      × Metal
      × Paper

5. Location of Label Directions
   × On Label
   × On Labeling accompanying product

6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product
   □ Lithograph
   □ Paper glued
   □ Stenciled

Section - IV

1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application.)

   Name
   Marie A. Maks

   Title
   Senior Manager

   Telephone No. (Include Area Code)
   (302) 636-9001

Certification

I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law.

2. Signature
   Marie A. Maks

3. Title
   Senior Manager, Regulatory Affairs

4. Typed Name
   Marie A. Maks

5. Date
   April 16, 2014
April 16, 2014

Document Processing Desk (NOTIF)
Attn: Mr. Mark Suarez (Product Manager 13)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Room S-4900, One Potomac Yard
2777 S. Crystal Drive
Arlington, VA 22202-4501

RE: Submission of Request for Removal of Alternate Brand Name-Rycar® Insecticide
   Per PR Notice 98-10 Notification and Revised Storage and Disposal Statement
   Per PR Notice 83-3
   Nichino America, Inc. Tolfenpyrad 15SC Insecticide
   (EPA Reg. No. 71711-36)

Dear Mr. Suarez:

Attached herein is a request for the EPA to approve the removal of the alternate brand name of Rycar, per the notification process provided in PR Notice 98-10. We wish to confirm that the ABN for this registration are the following brand names:
Hachi-Hachi® SC Insecticide, Bexar® Insecticide and Apta® Insecticide.

At the request of Florida Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services (FL DACS) we have revised the" Pesticide Storage Statement" in the "Storage and Disposal" box, per PR Notice 83-3. The change in the "Storage and Disposal" box is the replacement of the statement “Store in original container, unopened in a cool dry place” to "Store in original container and keep tightly closed when not in use. Store in a cool dry place.”

The label we have revised is the label approved by the EPA Dec. 27, 2013.

Attached are the following:

- "Certification Statement" (included below)
- EPA application form 8570-1
- Label, identified as D-200 040914
- Label with changes redlined
TOLFENPYRAD 15SC Insecticide

Active Ingredient:
Tolfenpyrad
(4-chloro-3-ethyl-1-methyl-N-[4-(p-tolyloxy)benzyl]pyrazole-5-carboxamide) ........... 15.0%
Other Ingredients: ........................................................................................................ 85.0%
Total ......................................................................................................................... 100.0%

Contains 1.31 lbs active ingredient per U.S. gallon

EPA Reg. No. 71711-36
EPA Est. No. __________

[Alternate brand name: Hachi-Hachi® SC Insecticide, Bexar™ Insecticide, Apta™ Insecticide]

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
WARNING - AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID

If inhaled
• Move person to fresh air.
• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed
• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
• Do not give anything to an unconscious person.

If in eyes
• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on skin or clothing
• Take off contaminated clothing.
• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-348-5832 for emergency medical treatment information. In case of fire or spills, information may be obtained by calling 1-800-424-9300.

Net Contents: __________
PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals
WARNING - AVISO

May be fatal if inhaled. Do not breathe vapor or spray mist. Harmful if swallowed or if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Causes moderate eye irritation. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
Applicators and other handlers must wear:
• Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
• Chemical-resistant gloves
• Shoes plus socks
• Protective eyewear (goggles, face-shield or safety glasses)
• For handling activities, use dust/mist filtering respirator with an organic-vapor removing cartridge with a pre-filter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G), or a NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or canister with any N, R, P or HE pre-filter.

Follow the manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations
Users should:
• Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
• Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
• Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.
• Discard clothing and personal protective equipment that cannot be reused, including clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or thoroughly contaminated with this product’s concentrate.
• Wash clothing and personal protective equipment (including both the inside and outside of gloves) before each day of reuse according to manufacturer’s directions or, if no such directions, in detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENT
When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4–6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
This pesticide is very highly toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates.

For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters.

This product is highly toxic to bees and other pollinating insects exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees or other pollinating insects are visiting the treatment area. Application must be made at least 8 hours prior to bees foraging.

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having medium to high potential for reaching both surface water and aquatic sediment via runoff for several weeks after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative filter (buffer) strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of this chemical from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours. Sound erosion control practices will reduce this product's potential to reach aquatic sediment via runoff.

PROTECTION OF POLLINATORS

APPLICATION RESTRICTIONS EXIST FOR THIS PRODUCT BECAUSE OF RISK TO BEES AND OTHER INSECT POLLINATORS. FOLLOW APPLICATION RESTRICTIONS FOUND IN THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE TO PROTECT POLLINATORS.

Look for the bee hazard icon in the Directions for Use for each application site for specific use restrictions and instructions to protect bees and other insect pollinators. This product can kill bees and other insect pollinators. Bees and other insect pollinators will forage on plants when they flower, shed pollen, or produce nectar.

Bees and other insect pollinators can be exposed to this pesticide from:
- Direct contact during foliar applications, or contact with residues on plant surfaces after foliar applications
- Ingestion of residues in nectar and pollen when the pesticide is applied as a seed treatment, soil, tree injection, as well as foliar applications.

When Using This Product Take Steps To:
- Minimize exposure of this product to bees and other insect pollinators when they are foraging on pollinator attractive plants around the application site.
- Minimize drift of this product onto beehives or to off-site pollinator attractive habitat. Drift of this product onto beehives or off-site to pollinator attractive habitat can result in bee kills.

Information on protecting bees and other insect pollinators may be found at the Pesticide Environmental Stewardship website at:
http://pesticidestewardship.org/PollinatorProtection/Pages/default.aspx.
Pesticide incidents (for example, bee kills) should immediately be reported to the state/tribal lead agency. For contact information for your state, go to: www.aapco.org/officials.html. Pesticide incidents
should also be reported to the National Pesticide Information Center at: www.npic.orst.edu or directly to EPA at: beekill@epa.gov

ENDANGERED SPECIES RESTRICTIONS
This product may pose a hazard to endangered aquatic species. Follow all use directions.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS
Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency in your state responsible for pesticide regulation.

1. FOR CROPS UNDER CONTRACTED POLLINATION SERVICES
Do not apply this product while bees are foraging. Do not apply this product until flowering is complete and all petals have fallen unless the following condition has been met. If an application must be made when managed bees are at the treatment site, the beekeeper providing the pollination services must be notified no less than 48-hours prior to the time of the planned application so that the bees can be removed, covered or otherwise protected prior to spraying.

2. FOR FOOD CROPS AND COMMERCIALLY GROWN ORNAMENTALS NOT UNDER CONTRACT FOR POLLINATION SERVICES BUT ARE ATTRACTIVE TO POLLINATORS
Do not apply this product while bees are foraging. Do not apply this product until flowering is complete and all petals have fallen unless one of the following conditions is met:
• The application is made to the target site after sunset
• The application is made to the target site when temperatures are below 55°F
• The application is made in accordance with a government-initiated public health response
• The application is made in accordance with an active state administered apiary registry program where beekeepers are notified no less than 48-hours prior to the time of the planned application so that the bees can be removed, covered or otherwise protected prior to spraying
• The application is made due to an imminent threat of significant crop loss, and a documented determination consistent with an IPM plan or predetermined economic threshold is met. Every effort should be made to notify beekeepers no less than 48-hours prior to the time of the planned application so that the bees can be removed, covered or otherwise protected prior to spraying.
**AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard. Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Protective eyewear (goggles, face-shield or safety glasses)

**NONAGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, or greenhouses. Keep people out of treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

**USE INFORMATION**

TOLFENPYRAD 15SC insecticide is a suspension concentrate containing 1.31 lbs of active ingredient tolfenpyrad per gallon. This product is a contact insecticide used for the control of several orders of insects. Complete and thorough spray coverage is necessary for maximum results. TOLFENPYRAD 15SC insecticide should be used in a program with other products to provide season-long protection. Apply as a spray as directed in the “Application Directions” section of this label.

Mix with sufficient water and apply as a foliar spray to obtain uniform coverage. Adjust water volumes and tractor speed accordingly for crops with dense foliage or excessive growth. Unless otherwise specified under Application Directions, apply when pest populations are beginning to build, before crop damage or injury is observed. Consult your local agricultural advisor or state cooperative extension service for recommendations.

**APPLICATION DIRECTIONS**

- Applications should be made immediately after the spray solution is prepared.
- Thorough spray coverage is critical to obtain control of the target pest(s).
- Applications may be made by air or ground with high or low volume spray equipment that provides thorough spray coverage of the plant.
- For ground applications, use coarse droplet size
• For aerial applications, use larger droplet size (greater than 200 microns).
• Use sufficient water volume to ensure thorough coverage of foliage.
• Do not apply TOLFENPYRAD 15SC insecticide through any type of irrigation system except those described in the CHEMIGATION section.
• RESTRICTION: Not for sale or use in the state of New York. RE:

BUFFER ZONES

Vegetative Filter (Buffer) Strip
All crops except tree nut (crop group 14-12): 15 foot vegetative filter (buffer) strip
Tree nut (crop group 14-12): 25 foot vegetative filter (buffer) strip

Construct and maintain the vegetative filter (buffer) strip of grass or other permanent vegetation between field edge and down gradient aquatic habitat (such as, but not limited to, lakes; reservoirs; rivers; permanent streams; marshes or natural ponds; estuaries; and commercial fish farm ponds). Only apply products containing tolfenpyrad onto fields where a maintained vegetative filter (buffer) strip of at least 15 feet exists between the field edge and down gradient aquatic habitat. For guidance, refer to the following publication for information on constructing and maintaining effective buffers: Conservation Buffers to Reduce Pesticide Losses. Natural Resources Conservation Services. USDA, http://www.in.nrcs.usda.gov/technical/agronomy/newconbuf.pdf

Buffer Zone for Ground Application
Do not apply within 15 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes, natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

Buffer Zone for Aerial Application
Do not apply within 150 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes, natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

CHEMIGATION
For chemigation use in potato and vegetable crops only. TOLFENPYRAD 15SC insecticide may be applied only through overhead center pivot, solid set, hand move and moving wheel irrigation equipment.

Center Pivot Irrigation Equipment:
Notes: (1) Use only drive systems which provide uniform water distribution. (2) Do not use end guns when chemigating TOLFENPYRAD 15SC insecticide to avoid non-uniform application. (3) Plug the first nozzle closest to the well head to protect the water source.
1. Determine the size of the area to be treated.
2. Determine the time required to apply ¼ - ½ inch of water over the area to be treated when the system and injection system area operate at normal pressures as recommended by the equipment manufacturer. Run the system at 80-95% of the manufacturer’s rated maximum travel speed.
3. Using water, determine the injection pump output when operated at normal line pressure.
4. Determine the amount of TOLFENPYRAD 15SC insecticide and any tankmix partners required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
5. Add to the solution tank the required amount of TOLFENPYRAD 15SC insecticide and tankmix partners, and sufficient water to meet the injection time requirements.
6. Make sure the system is fully charged with water before starting injection of the TOLFENPYRAD 15SC insecticide solution. Time the injection to last at least as long as it takes to bring the system to full pressure.

7. Maintain constant agitation in the solution tank during the injection period.

8. Inject the specified amount of TOLFENPYRAD 15SC insecticide per acre continuously for one complete revolution of the system.

9. Stop the injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until the TOLFENPYRAD 15SC insecticide solution has cleared all of the sprinkler heads.

10. Allow time for all lines to flush the TOLFENPYRAD 15SC insecticide solution through all nozzles before turning off irrigation water.

### Solid Set, Hand Move and Moving Wheel Irrigation Equipment:

1. Determine the acreage covered by the sprinklers.
2. Fill injector solution tank with plain water and calibrate the flow rate of the system to deliver the contents of the tank over a 20-40 minute time interval.
3. Determine the amount of TOLFENPYRAD 15SC insecticide required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
4. Add the required amount of TOLFENPYRAD 15SC insecticide and any other tankmix partners into the same quantity of water used to calibrate the injection period.
5. Operate the system at the same pressure and time interval established during the calibration.
6. Inject specified amount of TOLFENPYRAD 15SC insecticide per acre for: (1) a 20-40 minute period at the end of a regular irrigation set; or (2) as a 20-40 minute injection as a separate application not associated with a regular irrigation to maximize retention of the insecticide on the foliage.
7. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until the TOLFENPYRAD 15SC insecticide solution has cleared the last sprinkler head. To ensure lines are flushed and free from remaining pesticides, a dye indicator may be injected into the lines to mark the end of the application period.

### Chemigation Monitoring:
A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and equipment responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of a responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise. Follow the appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) guidelines.

### SPRAY ADJUVANTS
For maximum performance, the use of an agricultural spray adjuvant with TOLFENPYRAD 15SC insecticide is recommended to increase spray coverage of the plants and pests being treated. Select an adjuvant that is labeled for agricultural use and follow its use directions.

### CROP ROTATION RESTRICTIONS:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CROP/CROP GROUP</th>
<th>PLANTBACK TIMING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All crops on this label</td>
<td>0 days following application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All other crops</td>
<td>14 days following application</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
FOR DIRECT-SEEDED AND TRANSPLANTED LEAFY VEGETABLES (Crop Group 4)

Do not apply Tolfenpyrad 15SC insecticide until at least fourteen (14) days after emergence or after transplanting to allow time for root establishment. This period of time should be extended if conditions at time of emergence or transplanting are not favorable to crop growth.

USE LIMITATIONS AND PRECAUTIONS FOR GREENHOUSE ORNAMENTAL CROPS

- Do not apply this product as a smoke or aerosol.
- Do not apply to Salvia spp., Impatiens spp., Gypsophila spp. and New Guinea impatiens due to potential crop injury.
- Do not apply to Poinsettias with bracts with color.
- In Florida, do not use on bearing or nonbearing commercial fruit trees and vines.
- Do not use this product through any type of irrigation system.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Tolfenpyrad 15SC insecticide contains the active ingredient tolfenpyrad, an IRAC Group 21A insecticide. Use of the same mode of action repeatedly in the same field or area may result in reduced control and/or insect resistance. Unless targeting a single generation of a pest, Tolfenpyrad 15SC insecticide applications should be alternated with other insecticidal modes of action. If targeting a single generation of a pest, do not apply more than two consecutive applications of Tolfenpyrad 15SC insecticide before rotating to an insecticide with a different mode of action.

Resistance management strategies recommend that you DO NOT apply rates lower than recommended on the label. Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop adviser for additional Insecticide Resistance Management (IRM) or IPM recommendations. For more information about IRM visit the Insecticide Resistance Action Committee (IRAC) website at http://www.irac-online.org.

MIXING DIRECTIONS

Shake well before using. Read and follow all label directions for each tankmix product prior to any tank mixing with TOLFENPYRAD 15SC insecticide. This product can be mixed with other registered pesticides for use on labeled crops or sites, in accordance with the most restrictive use directions and precautions. No labeled dose rate should be exceeded.

TOLFENPYRAD 15SC insecticide is physically and biologically compatible with many registered pesticides, fertilizers or micronutrients. Contact your supplier for advice when considering mixing TOLFENPYRAD 15SC insecticide with other pesticides, fertilizers or micronutrients. If you have no experience with the combination you are considering, you should conduct a test to determine physical compatibility. To determine physical compatibility, add the recommended proportions of each chemical with the same proportion of water, as will be present in the chemical supply tank, into a suitable container, mix thoroughly and allow to stand for five minutes. If the combination remains mixed, or can be readily re-mixed, the mixture is considered physically compatible.

TOLFENPYRAD 15SC Insecticide Alone: Begin with clean equipment. Fill spray tank with ¾ of the amount of water needed for the intended application and then turn on agitation. Pour recommended amount of product on the surface of water in the spray tank. Add the remaining water volume to the spray tank with agitation running. Keep agitation running during filling and spraying operations. If spraying must be stopped before emptying the sprayer, resume agitation before spraying the remainder of the load.
TOLFENPYRAD 15SC Insecticide Tank Mixtures: Begin with clean equipment. Fill spray tank with ¾ of the amount of water needed for the intended application and turn on agitation.

If using a buffering agent, add after filling the tank with ¾ amount of water.

Add the recommended amount of tankmix products in the following order while maintaining agitation:
1) products in water soluble packets
2) wettable powders
3) water dispersible granulars and/or soluble powders
4) flowable liquids (including TOLFENPYRAD 15SC insecticide)
5) emulsifiable concentrate
6) adjuvants and/or oils
7) remaining amount of water to achieve the desired level

COMPATIBILITY STATEMENT REGARDING CERTAIN FUNGICIDE PRODUCTS
Tolfenpyrad 15SC insecticide has been found to be compatible in mixes with several different fungicide products and has been found to be safe to labeled crops under most conditions. However, care should be taken when applying Tolfenpyrad 15SC insecticide in tankmixes with fungicide products in FRAC Group 3 (sterol biosynthesis inhibitors) and FRAC Group 11 (QOL) if environmental conditions are known to be conducive to adverse crop response to those products.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT
Avoid spray drift to all other crops and nontarget areas. Do not apply when weather conditions may cause drift. Do not allow this product to drift onto nontarget areas. Drift may result in illegal residues or injury to adjacent crops and vegetation. To avoid spray drift, DO NOT apply aerially when wind speed is greater than 10 mph or during periods of temperature inversions. Use of larger droplet size will also reduce spray drift.

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR.
The interaction of equipment and weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

Droplet size, boom height, and wind speed are the primary factors determining drift. The specific application conditions required for the use of this product are described below.

Controlling Droplet Size – General Techniques:

Volume
Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure
Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer’s recommended pressures. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. WHEN HIGHER FLOW RATES ARE NEEDED, USE A HIGHER-CAPACITY NOZZLE INSTEAD OF INCREASING PRESSURE.
Controlling Droplet Size – Aircraft:

Number of Nozzles
Use the minimum number of nozzles with the highest flow rate that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation
Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type
Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Boom Height and Length – Ground and Aircraft:

Boom Height (ground): Setting the boom at the lowest labeled height (if specified) which provides uniform coverage reduces the exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind. For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

Boom Height (aircraft): Application more than 10 feet above the canopy increases the potential for spray drift.

Boom Length (aircraft): The minimum boom length should not exceed ¾ of the wing length; using shorter booms decreases drift potential. For helicopters, the minimum boom length should not exceed 9/10 of the rotary blade to prevent droplets from entering the rotor vortices.

Wind
Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given wind speed. Application must be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. AVOID GUSTY OR WINDLESS CONDITIONS. Note: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drift.

Temperature and Humidity
When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions
Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain close to the ground and move laterally in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light and variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.
Sensitive Areas
The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, nontarget crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

Shielded Sprayers
Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce the effects of wind. However, it is the responsibility of the applicator to verify that the shields are preventing drift and not interfering with the uniform deposition of the product.

Air Assisted (Air Blast) Field Crop Sprayers
Air assisted field crop sprayers carry droplets to the target via a downward directed air stream. Some may reduce the potential for drift, but if a sprayer is unsuitable for the application and/or set up improperly, high drift potential can result. It is the responsibility of the applicator to determine that a sprayer is suitable for the intended application, is configured properly, and that drift is not occurring. Note: Air assisted field sprayers can affect product performance by affecting spray coverage and canopy penetration. Consult the application equipment section of this label to determine if use of an air assisted sprayer is recommended.

Air Assisted (Air Blast) Tree and Vine Sprayers
Air assisted tree and vine sprayers carry droplets into the canopy of trees and vines via a radially or laterally directed air stream. In addition to the general drift management practices already described, the following specific practices will further reduce the potential for drift:

- Adjust the deflectors and aiming devices so that spray is only directed into the canopy.
- Block off upward pointed nozzles when there is no overhanging canopy.
- Use only enough air volume to penetrate the canopy and provide good coverage.
- Do not allow spray to go beyond the edge of the cultivated area. Spray the outside row only from outside the planting.

INDOOR GREENHOUSE USE ON ORNAMENTAL CROPS
ORNAMENTAL PLANTS: Tolfenpyrad 15SC insecticide is recommended for use on ornamental plants. The use directions of this product are based on the results of product testing programs on a wide variety of ornamental plants. However, it is impossible to test this product on all species and cultivars. The phytotoxicity of Tolfenpyrad 15SC insecticide has been assessed on a wide variety of common ornamental plants with no phytotoxic effects. However, not all plant species and their varieties and cultivars have been tested with possible tankmix combinations, sequential pesticide treatments, and adjuvants and surfactants. Local conditions also can influence crop tolerance and may not match those under which testing has been conducted. Therefore, before using Tolfenpyrad 15SC insecticide, test the product on a sample of the crop to be treated to ensure that a phytotoxic response will not occur as a result of applications.

Tolfenpyrad 15SC insecticide works primarily through contact action, so good spray coverage is necessary for control of listed insects on the label. Applications should be made immediately after the spray solution is prepared. Under severe insect pressure, use the maximum rates and the shorter spray interval as specified on the label. Dense foliage or excessive growth will often prevent adequate coverage; adjust spray volumes accordingly. Mix with sufficient water and apply as a foliar spray to obtain uniform coverage. Treat plants when pests are immature or at a susceptible stage and populations are building, before crop damage occurs.
Applications may be made with high or low volume spray equipment that provides thorough coverage of the plant. Apply with properly calibrated spray equipment. A wetting agent or other spray adjuvant, approved for use on the crop, may be added to spray solutions according to the manufacturer's use instructions to achieve optimum control.

Tolfenpyrad 15SC insecticide has been tested on a wide variety of common finished greenhouse crops (listed below). For greenhouse crops not listed below and all young herbaceous crops, such as bedding plant plugs, the user should test the tolerance of Tolfenpyrad 15SC insecticide on a small area under their local conditions and observe treated crops for 4 to 7 days prior to broad scale use. Tolfenpyrad 15SC insecticide is recommended for use on ornamental plantings listed below.

List of Plant Species Tested for Tolerance to Tolfenpyrad 15SC Insecticide

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Common Name</th>
<th>Scientific Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Arrowwood</td>
<td>Viburnum spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ash</td>
<td>Fraxinus spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cherry</td>
<td>Prunus spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chrysanthemum</td>
<td>Chrysanthemum spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coleus</td>
<td>Solenostemon spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evening Primrose</td>
<td>Oenothera spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gerbera (Transvaal Daisy)</td>
<td>Gerbera spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gladiolus</td>
<td>Gladiolus spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lantana (Yellow Sage)</td>
<td>Lantana camara</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marigold</td>
<td>Tagetes spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moss Rose</td>
<td>Portulaca spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Petunia¹</td>
<td>Petunia spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poinsettia²</td>
<td>Euphorbia pulcherrima</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schefflera</td>
<td>Brassaia actinophylla</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yew</td>
<td>Taxus media</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ Local conditions can influence crop tolerance and may not match those under which these species were tested. Before using Tolfenpyrad 15SC insecticide, test the product on a small sample of the crop to be treated.

² Direct sprays of Tolfenpyrad 15SC insecticide to blooms of some species of Petunia at higher use rates may cause phytotoxicity to existing blooms.

³ Do not apply to poinsettias if bracts with color.

Temporary phytotoxicity may occur to some species of Ageratum, Colocasia, Geranium, Lobelia, Pansy (flowers), Verbena, and Vinca. Users should test the tolerance of Tolfenpyrad 15SC insecticide under their local conditions and observe these crops for 4 to 7 days prior to broad scale use.

DO NOT APPLY TOLFENPYRAD 15SC INSECTICIDE TO SALVIA SPP., IMPATIENS SPP., GYPSOPHILA SPP., AND NEW GUINEA IMPATIENS DUE TO POTENTIAL CROP INJURY.
### Application Rate Chart for Tolfenpyrad 15SC Insecticide

#### Citrus Fruit Group (Crop Group 10-10)

Cultural pests include:

- Asian citrus psyllid
- Katydid
- Aphids
- Soft scale insects, including Citricola scale, Barnacle scale, and Brown soft scale
- Citrus bud mite
- Citrus mealybug
- Citrus thrips
- Citrus peelminer
- Citrus rust mite (silver mite)
- Citrus red mite
- Leafminer
- Mealybugs
- Citrus orangedog (suppression)
- Citrus weevil (suppression)
- Cutworms (suppression)

### Use Directions

#### USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply by air.
- For high air velocity, low volume or air curtain sprayers, do not use less than 30 gallons of water per acre.
- For ground applications, do not use less than 100 gallons of water per acre.
- Do not apply more than 27.0 fluid ounces per acre per growing season.
- Do not make more than 1 application per growing season.
- Do not make more than 2 applications per year.
- Allow at least 14 days between applications.
- Pre-harvest interval (PHI): 14 days
- Do not use on nursery stock.

#### USE RECOMMENDATIONS

- Use sufficient water volume to ensure thorough coverage of foliage. Thorough spray coverage is critical to obtain control of the target pest(s).
- Apply when pest populations are beginning to build.
COTTON (Limited to the states of Arizona, California and New Mexico)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pest</th>
<th>Rate/Acre</th>
<th>Use Directions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aphids</td>
<td>14.0&quot;21.0 fl oz/acre</td>
<td>USE RESTRICTIONS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fleahopper</td>
<td>17.0 – 21.0 fl oz/acre</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thrips</td>
<td>21.0 fl oz/acre</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Armyworms (suppression)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bollworms (suppression)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pink bollworm (suppression)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plant bugs (suppression)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stink bugs (suppression)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tobacco budworm (suppression)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whiteflies (suppression)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

USE RESTRICTIONS

- For ground applications, do not use less than 10 gallons of water per acre.
- For aerial applications, do not use less than 5 gallons of water per acre.
- Do not apply more than 42.0 fluid ounces per acre per growing season.
- Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season.
- Allow at least 14 days between applications.
- Pre-harvest interval (PHI): 14 days

USE RECOMMENDATIONS

- Use sufficient water volume to ensure thorough coverage of foliage. Thorough spray coverage is critical to obtain control of the target pest(s).
- Apply when pest populations are beginning to build.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pest/Disease</th>
<th>Rate/Acre</th>
<th>Pest/Disease Use Directions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Leafhoppers</td>
<td>12.0 – 21.0 fl oz/acre</td>
<td><strong>USE RESTRICTIONS</strong>&lt;br&gt;• Do not apply by air. &lt;br&gt;• For ground applications, do not use less than 50 gallons of water per acre. &lt;br&gt;• Do not apply more than 41.0 fluid ounces per acre per growing season. &lt;br&gt;• Do not make more than 12 applications per growing season. &lt;br&gt;• Allow at least 14 days between applications. &lt;br&gt;• Pre-harvest interval (PHI): 7 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grape berry moth</td>
<td>21.0 – 27.0 fl oz/acre</td>
<td><strong>USE RECOMMENDATIONS</strong>&lt;br&gt;• Use sufficient water volume to ensure thorough coverage of foliage. Thorough spray coverage is critical to obtain control of the target pest(s). &lt;br&gt;• Apply when pest populations are beginning to build. &lt;br&gt;• TOLFENPYRAD 15SC insecticide only provides contact efficacy against vine mealybug and should be tank mixed with another insecticide to add residual control.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leaffolders</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leafrollers</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mealybugs</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thrips</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japanese beetle adults (topical application)</td>
<td>24.0 – 27.0 fl oz/acre</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grapeleaf skeletonizer (suppression)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Powdery mildew (suppression)</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# LEAFY VEGETABLES (EXCEPT BRASSICA VEGETABLES) (Crop Group 4)

Amaranth (Chinese spinach); arugula (roquette); cardoon; celery; celer; celtuce; celery, Chinese; chervil; chrysanthemum, edible-leaved; chrysanthemum, garland; corn salad; cress, garden; cress; upland; dandelion; dock (sorrel); endive (escarole); fennel, Florence; lettuce, head and leaf; orach; parsley; purslane, garden; purslane, winter; radicchio (red chicory); rhubarb; spinach; spinach, New Zealand; spinach, vine; Swiss chard

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pest/Disease</th>
<th>Rate/Acre</th>
<th>Use Directions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Leafhoppers                    | 14.0 - 21.0 fl oz/acre | **USE RESTRICTIONS**  
- Do not apply by air in TX or East of the Mississippi River.  
- Do not apply Tolfenpyrad 15SC insecticide until at least fourteen (14) days after emergence or after transplanting to allow time for root establishment. This period of time should be extended if conditions at time of emergence or transplanting are not favorable to crop growth.  
- For **ground applications**, do not use less than 20 gallons of water per acre.  
- For **aerial applications**, do not use less than 5 gallons of water per acre.  
- Do not apply more than 42.0 fluid ounces per acre per crop cycle.  
- Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle.  
- Do not make more than 4 applications per year.  
- Allow at least 14 days between applications.  
- Pre-harvest interval (PHI): 1 day
| Aphids (excluding lettuce aphid) | 17.0 - 21.0 fl oz/acre |   |
| Flea beetle                    | 21.0 fl oz/acre | USE RECOMMENDATIONS-PESTS  
- Use sufficient water volume to ensure thorough coverage of foliage. Thorough spray coverage is critical to obtain control of the target pest(s).  
- Apply when pest populations are beginning to build.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pest/Disease</th>
<th>Rate/Acre</th>
<th>Use Directions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Thrips                        | 21.0 fl oz/acre | **USE RESTRICTIONS**  
- Do not apply by air in TX or East of the Mississippi River.  
- Do not apply Tolfenpyrad 15SC insecticide until at least fourteen (14) days after emergence or after transplanting to allow time for root establishment. This period of time should be extended if conditions at time of emergence or transplanting are not favorable to crop growth.  
- For **ground applications**, do not use less than 20 gallons of water per acre.  
- For **aerial applications**, do not use less than 5 gallons of water per acre.  
- Do not apply more than 42.0 fluid ounces per acre per crop cycle.  
- Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle.  
- Do not make more than 4 applications per year.  
- Allow at least 14 days between applications.  
- Pre-harvest interval (PHI): 1 day
<p>| Powdery mildew (Erysiphe cichoracearum) | |   |
| Armyworms (suppression)       | |   |
| Corn earworm (suppression)    | |   |
| Cutworm species (suppression) | |   |
| European corn borer (suppression) | |   |
| Imported cabbageworm (suppression) | |   |
| Tobacco budworm (suppression) | |   |
| Tomato hornworm (suppression) | |   |
| Whiteflies (suppression)      | |   |
| Downy mildew (suppression)    | |   |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>USE RECOMMENDATIONS-</th>
<th>DISEASES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Begin applications prior to onset of disease.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Use sufficient water volume to achieve thorough coverage.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Use of an agriculturally approved non-ionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v may improve disease control.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• If weather conditions remain conducive to disease development, apply another registered fungicide product with a different mode of action 7-10 days later.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Consult local extension recommendations or your agricultural consultant for information specific to your area.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pest</td>
<td>Rate/Acre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------</td>
<td>-----------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colorado potato beetle, Leafhoppers</td>
<td>14.0 – 21.0 fl oz/acre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aphids, Potato psyllid, Thrips</td>
<td>17.0 – 21.0 fl oz/acre</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**USE RECOMMENDATIONS**

• Use sufficient water volume to ensure thorough coverage of foliage. Thorough spray coverage is critical to obtain control of the target pest(s).
• Apply when pest populations are beginning to build.
### STONE FRUITS (Crop Group 12-12), PERSIMMON, and POMEGRANATE

Apricot; apricot, Japanese; capulin; cherry, black; cherry, Nanking; cherry, sweet; cherry, tart; Jujube; Chinese; nectarine; peach; persimmon; plum; plum, American; plum, beach; plum, Canada; plum, cherry; plum, Chickasaw; plum, Damson; plum, Japanese; plum, Klamath; plum, prune; plumcot; pomegranates; sloe; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

### Pest/Disease | Rate/Acre | Use Directions
--- | --- | ---
Cherry fruit fly<br>Leafhoppers<br>Katydid | 14.0 – 27.0 fl oz/acre | **USE RESTRICTIONS**
- Do not apply by air.
- Do not apply by Alternate Row Middle (ARM) spray method
- Do not apply more than 54.0 fluid ounces per acre per growing season.
- Do not make more than 2 applications per growing season.
- Allow at least 10 days between applications.
- Pre-harvest interval (PHI): 14 days

Aphids | 17.0 – 27.0 fl oz/acre |

Apple maggot<br>Leafrollers<br>Mealybugs<br>Plum curculio | 21.0 – 27.0 fl oz/acre |

Green fruitworm (suppression)<br>Peach twig borer (suppression)<br>Spotted wing drosophila (suppression)<br>Stink bugs (suppression)<br>Thrips (suppression)<br>Powdery mildew (suppression) | |

**USE RECOMMENDATIONS**
- Use sufficient water volume to ensure thorough coverage of foliage. Thorough spray coverage is critical to obtain control of the target pest(s).
- Apply when pest populations are beginning to build.
### TREE NUTS (Crop Group 14-12)

African nut-tree; almond; beechnut; Brazil nut; Brazilian pine; bunya; bur oak; butternut; Cajou nut; candlenut; cashew; chestnut; chinquapin; coconut; coquito nut; dika nut; ginkgo; Guiana chestnut; hazelnut (filbert); heartnut; hickory nut; Japanese horse-chestnut; macadamia nut; mongongo nut; monkey pot; monkey puzzle nut; Okari nut; Pachira nut; peach palm nut; pecan; pequi; Pili nut; pine nut; pistachio; Sapucaia nut; tropical almond; walnut, black; walnut, English; yellowhorn; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pest</th>
<th>Rate/Acre</th>
<th>Use Directions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aphids</td>
<td>17.0 – 27.0 fl oz/acre</td>
<td><strong>USE RESTRICTIONS</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hickory shuckworm</td>
<td>21.0 – 27.0 fl oz/acre</td>
<td>• Do not apply by air.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leafrollers</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Maintain a minimum of 25 feet of vegetative filter (buffer) strip.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mealybugs</td>
<td></td>
<td>• For ground applications, do not use less than 50 gallons of water per acre.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pecan nut casebearer</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not apply by Alternate Row Middle (ARM) spray method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pecan weevil</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not apply more than 27.0 fluid ounces per acre per growing season.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Navel orangeworm (suppression)</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Do not make more than 1 application per growing season.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peach twig borer (suppression)</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Allow at least 14 days between applications.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plant bugs (suppression)</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Pre-harvest interval (PHI): 14 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stink bugs (suppression)</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>USE RECOMMENDATIONS</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

• Use sufficient water volume to ensure thorough coverage of foliage. Thorough spray coverage is critical to obtain control of the target pest(s).

• Apply when pest populations are beginning to build.
# Application Rate Chart for Tolfenpyrad 15SC Insecticide

## Ornamental Plants

### In Greenhouses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pest</th>
<th>Dilution Rate FL OZ/100 Gallons</th>
<th>Use Directions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aphids</td>
<td>21 – 32 fl oz per 100 gal</td>
<td>• The maximum single application rate is 1.36 lb ai/acre (139 fl oz/A) or 0.31 lb a.i. per 10,000 square feet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leafhoppers</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Apply no more than 100 gallons of spray solution per 10,000 sq. ft. per application.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lepidopteran insects (early instars)</td>
<td></td>
<td>• 100 gallons of finished spray solution will typically cover 20,000 square feet of greenhouse.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mealybugs</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Apply no more than 2 applications per crop cycle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scale</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Apply no more than 64 fluid ounces per 10,000 square feet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thrips</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Allow at least 10 days between applications.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whitefly (suppression)</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Apply in sufficient water to obtain complete coverage of all plant parts. Applications may be made with high volume or low volume ground equipment only. Spray to the point of runoff. Follow the spray equipment manufacturer's directions to determine the amount of spray solution required to obtain thorough coverage. Consult the spray equipment manufacturer's operator's manual, spray nozzle catalogs and/or your crop advisor for more information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Powdery mildew (suppression)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pest</td>
<td>Dilution Rate FL OZ/100 Gallons</td>
<td>Use Directions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Aphids                          | 14 – 32 fl oz per 100 gal       | • The maximum single application rate is 0.96 lb a.i./acre (98 fl oz/A) or 0.22 lb a.i. per 10,000 square feet.  
• Apply no more than 100 gallons of spray solution per 10,000 square feet per application.  
• 100 gallons of finished spray solution will typically cover 20,000 square feet.  
• Apply no more than 2 applications per crop cycle.  
• Do not apply more than 4 applications per year.  
• Do not apply more than 44 fluid ounces per crop cycle per 10,000 square feet.  
• Allow at least 10 days between applications.  
• Apply in sufficient water to obtain complete coverage of all plant parts. Applications may be made with high volume or low volume ground equipment only. Follow the spray equipment manufacturer's directions to determine the amount of spray solution required to obtain thorough coverage. Consult the spray equipment manufacturer's operator's manual, spray nozzle catalogs and/or your crop advisor for more information. |
| Leafhoppers                     |                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Lepidopteran insects (early instars) |                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Mealybugs                       |                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Scale                           |                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Thrips                          |                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Whitefly (suppression)          |                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Powdery mildew (suppression)    |                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container, and keep tightly closed when not in use. Store in a cool, dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

Nonrefillable plastic container (Less than 5 gallons)
Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining content into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Nonrefillable plastic container (Greater than 5 gallons or 50 pounds)
Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or a mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Refillable plastic containers
Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Return to point of sale. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.
IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following conditions, warranty, disclaimer of warranties and limitations of liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be accurate and must be followed carefully. However, because of extreme weather and soil conditions, use methods and other factors beyond the control of Nichino America, Inc. (NAI), it is impossible for NAI to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. As a result, crop injury or ineffectiveness is always possible. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks are assumed by the user or buyer.

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