

71532-24

04/30/2008

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U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division (7505C)
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20460

EPA Reg. Number:
71532-24

Date of Issuance:
APR 30 2008

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:
 Registration
 Reregistration
(under FIFRA, as amended)

Term of Issuance:
Conditional

Name of Pesticide Product:
**Metastar 2.65 SC Metalaxyl
Fungicide**

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

**LG Life Sciences, Ltd.
c/o Biologic, Inc.
115 Obtuse Hill Road
Brookfield, CT 06804**

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(7)(A) provided that you:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration of your product under FIFRA sec 3(c)(5) when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data; and submit acceptable responses required for reregistration of your product under FIFRA section 4.
 - a) Revise the product registration number to read "EPA Registration Number 71532-24."

Signature of Approving Official:

Mary L. Waller

Mary L. Waller, Product Manager (21)
Fungicide Branch, Registration Division (7505P)

Date:

4/30/2008

EPA Form 8570-6

2) Revise the label as follows:

✓ b) Revise your PPE statement so that it reads:

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Coveralls over a short-sleeved shirt and short pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as nitrile, butyl, neoprene, and/or barrier laminate
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical resistant apron when mixing, loading, or cleaning equipment

Adding

c) Per the metalaxyl RED, please add “protective eyewear” to your listed PPE in the “Agricultural Use Requirements” box due to the eye irritation potential of the active ingredient. Additionally, revise your glove statement so that it reads “Chemical-resistant gloves such as nitrile, butyl, neoprene, and/or barrier laminate”.

✓ d) Revise the last sentence in the Non-Agricultural Use Requirements box to read “Do not enter or allow others to enter treated areas until sprays have dried.”

partial

e) On page 4 of the Resistance Management section, either delete the third sentence or revise the third sentence to read “To the extent permitted by State Law, LG Life Science, Ltd. cannot assume liability for crop damage resulting from resistant strains of fungi.”

✓ f) On page 5, sixth paragraph, revise the third sentence to read “This product may not be mixed with any product which prohibits such mixing.”

✓ g) On page 4 of the General Information section, add the following statement “Maximum usage when applying both metalaxyl and mefenoxam containing products to the same crop within the same season: Do not apply more than the maximum seasonal total for the active ingredient as stated on the label of the product containing the lowest seasonal total on that crop.”

✓ h) You have chosen to remove all residential uses from your product label since this product meets the acute toxicity requirements for Child Resistant Packaging (CRP). To additionally ensure that use does not occur in residential settings, please add the following statement under your “General Information” category on Page 4 of your product label:

Not for residential use. This product may not be used in, on, or around any structure or area associated with the household, including but not limited to areas such as non-commercial greenhouses, or in or around any preschool or day care facility.

3) Submit the following data by March 31, 2010:

Guidelines 830.6317 (storage stability) and 830.6320 (corrosion characteristics).

4) Submit one copy of the final printed labeling before the product is released for shipment.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

Sincerely,



Mary L. Waller
Product Manager (21)
Fungicide Branch
Registration Division (7505P)

Enclosure: Label stamped "Accepted with Comments"
Acute toxicity review
Product Chemistry review

METASTAR 2.65 SC

Metalaxyl Fungicide

For the control of certain diseases in conifers, nonbearing citrus, nonbearing deciduous fruits and nuts, ornamentals and turf

This product may not be applied in residential areas.

Active Ingredient:

Metalaxyl: <i>N</i> -(2,6-dimethylphenyl)- <i>N</i> -(methoxyacetyl) alanine methyl ester.....	28.35%
Inert Ingredients:.....	71.65%
Total:	100.00%

Contains 2.65 lbs. active ingredient per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

WARNING/AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See additional precautionary statements and directions for use inside booklet.

Manufactured By:
LG Life Sciences, Ltd.
20 Yoido-dong
Youngdungpo-gu
Seoul 150-721, Korea

**ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
In EPA Letter Dated:**

4/30/2008

**Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act,
as amended, for the pesticide
registered under EPA Reg. No. 71532-24**

EPA Reg. No.: 71532-EU
EPA Est. No.:

Net Contents:

FIRST AID	
If on Skin or Clothing:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If in Eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If Swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
<p>EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS: Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact the poison Control Center at 1-800-222-1222</p>	

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

WARNING/AVISO

Causes skin irritation. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Do not get on skin or on clothing. Avoid contact with skin. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Coveralls over a long-sleeved shirt and short pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical resistant apron for mixing and loading

Follow manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If not such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Control Statements

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations**Users should:**

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

Groundwater Advisory Statement

This chemical is known to leach through soil into ground water under certain conditions as a result of agricultural use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in ground water contamination.

Physical or Chemical Hazards

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 48 hours. Exception: If the product is soil-incorporated, or applied by drenching, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

The REI for chemigation via microsprinklers, flood floor, and drip line irrigation application is zero hours.

The REI for soil surface applications is zero hours after sufficient rainfall occurs or overhead or handheld irrigation is used to thoroughly wash the product into the soil and off any foliage.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not enter treated areas without footwear until sprays have dried.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN CROP INJURY, POOR DISEASE CONTROL, OR ILLEGAL RESIDUES.

GENERAL INFORMATION

MetaStar 2.65 SC is a systemic fungicide for use on ornamentals, turf, nonbearing citrus grown in nurseries and as landscape plantings, conifers grown in nurseries and plantations, including Christmas trees and nonbearing deciduous fruit and nut trees grown in nurseries.

Resistance Management: **MetaStar 2.65 SC** is a systemic fungicide having a specific mode of action and could be subject to development of resistant strains of fungi. Development of resistance cannot be predicted. Therefore LG Life Sciences, Ltd. cannot assume liability for crop damage resulting from resistant strains of fungi. Consult with your State Agricultural Experiment Station or Extension Service Specialist for guidance and ways to control any possible **MetaStar 2.65 SC** resistant strains of fungi which may occur.

To help decrease the chance of downy mildew resistance, do not use **MetaStar 2.65 SC** for the control of downy mildew diseases, except for use in turf. Use **MetaStar 2.65 SC** only as a soil application for control of soil-borne diseases with the exception of azalea petal blight.

To avoid drift, do not apply under windy conditions. Avoid spray overlap, or crop injury may result.

Mixing Instructions

MetaStar 2.65 SC is usually compatible with Banner Maxx®, Daconil®, Fore®, Heritage®, and Pennant®.

To assure the compatibility of **MetaStar 2.65 SC** with these and other products, pour the products into a small container of water in the correct proportions. After thorough mixing, let

stand for five minutes. If the combination remains mixed, or can be remixed readily, the mixture should be considered compatible.

Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate operation. Agitate the spray solution continuously during mixing and during application. Rinse the spray tank thoroughly with clean water after each day's use and dispose of pesticide rinsate by application to an already treated area.

MetaStar 2.65 SC Alone

Add 1/4 - 1/2 of the required amount of water to the spray tank. With the agitator running, add the **MetaStar 2.65 SC** to the tank. Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water. Begin application of the spray solution after the **MetaStar 2.65 SC** has completely dispersed into the mix water. Maintain agitation until all the mixture has been sprayed.

MetaStar 2.65 SC+ Tank Mixtures

Add 1/4 – 1/2 of the required amount of water to the spray tank. Start the agitator before adding any tank mix partners. In general, tank mix partners should be added in this order: wettable powders, dry flowable formulations, liquid flowable formulations, microencapsulated formulations, and emulsifiable concentrates. Always allow each tank mix partner to become fully dispersed before adding the next product. Provide sufficient agitation while adding the remainder of the water and the **MetaStar 2.65 SC** to the spray tank. Allow the **MetaStar 2.65 SC** to completely disperse into the mix water. Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been sprayed.

NOTE: When using **MetaStar 2.65 SC** in tank mixtures, all products in water-soluble packaging should be added to the tank before any other tank mix partner, including **MetaStar 2.65 SC**. Allow the water-soluble packaging to completely dissolve and the product(s) to completely disperse before adding any other tank mix partner to the tank.

If using **MetaStar 2.65 SC** in a tank mixture, observe all directions for use, sites, use rates, dilution ratios, precautions and limitations which appear on the tank mix partner label. No label dosage should be exceeded and the most restrictive label precautions and limitations should be followed. This product should not be mixed with any product which prohibits such mixing. Tank mixtures or other applications of products referenced on this label are permitted only in those states in which the products are registered.

Application Instructions

For banded applications, calculate the amount of **MetaStar 2.65 SC** needed as follows:

$\frac{\text{band width in inches}}{\text{row width in inches}} \times \text{broadcast rate per acre} = \text{amount needed per acre}$

Application Through Irrigation Systems

MetaStar 2.65 SC alone or in tank mixture with other pesticides registered for application through irrigation systems may be applied in irrigation water at rates recommended on this label. This product may be applied through micro sprinkler or drip irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Plant injury or lack of effectiveness

may result from nonuniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the label-prescribed safety devices for public water supplies are in place. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

MetaStar 2.65 SC can be injected into the irrigation line in concentrated form, or diluted with water or liquid fertilizer solutions with pH levels less than 7.5. If diluted, a pesticide supply tank should be used. Agitation is not needed unless the diluted solution will remain in the supply tank more than 24 hours. **MetaStar 2.65 SC** is normally diluted at a ratio of 10:1 to 50:1, depending on injection setups. Injecting a larger volume of a more dilute mixture will usually allow a more accurate calibration of the metering equipment. Meter the fungicide into the irrigation water during the first part of the irrigation cycle.

Safety Devices for Irrigation Systems Connected to Public Water Supplies

If the source of water for your irrigation system is a public water supply, follow the instructions below.

1. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
2. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check-valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
4. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Safety Devices for Irrigation Systems Not Connected to a Public Water Supply

1. The system must contain a functional check-valve, vacuum relief valve and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check-valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where the pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
6. Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Application Instructions

MetaStar 2.65 SC must be applied on the schedule specified in the use recommendations, not according to the irrigation schedule.

The following calibration and application techniques are provided for the user reference, but do not constitute a warranty of fitness for application through sprinkler irrigation equipment. Users should check with state and local regulatory agencies for potential use restrictions before applying any agricultural chemical through sprinkler irrigation equipment.

General Instructions

1. Each run of the irrigation system must be calibrated separately to determine the time it takes water to move through the system and to make sure all emitters in all system are putting out the same amount of water.
2. Only pressure injection or venture equipment is recommended.
3. Determine the area to be treated in each irrigation run.
4. Measure the output of each of the emitters or drip tubes closest to and farthest from the injector site.
5. For calibration, substitute a concentrated detergent (such as Wisk) for the **MetaStar 2.65 SC** in the injector tank. It is the important to use the same volume of soap solution as the planned volume of **MetaStar 2.65 SC** solution when calibrating the system. The detergent will bubble as it leaves the emitters. The time period over which the bubbles occur should be checked for both the closest and farthest emitters. If these times are not within 2 minutes of each other, adjust the dilution ratio and/or the injection rate.

Step-by-Step Instructions

1. Before starting to calibrate, operate the system until all the emitters are putting out at equal flow rates or until the system is operating at full pressure.
2. Make up an indicator solution of detergent or fertilizer, using the same ratio to be used with mixing **MetaStar 2.65 SC**.
3. Set the injector to apply the indicator solution at the injection rate to be used in the actual **MetaStar 2.65 SC** application.
4. Attach a 5-inch length of flexible tubing over the emitter closest to the injection point, another length over the emitter farthest away. Both emitters should be monitored to determine the time intervals that the indicator solutions are observed.
5. Begin injecting the indicator solution. Direct the flow from the tubes at the emitters into a small container. Begin timing when the indicator solution is first detected, stop timing when the indicator solutions are no longer detected.
6. If the period of detection of the indicator solution between the 2 emitters are within 2 minutes of each other, comparable coverage will be obtained. If they are not, make adjustments by increasing the dilution ratio, using more water per part of **MetaStar 2.65 SC**, or adjust the injector to a slower flow rate.
7. Once the system is calibrated, dilute the needed amount of **MetaStar 2.65 SC** with water using a minimum of 15 parts water to 1 part of **MetaStar 2.65 SC** in the solution tank.
8. Do not begin to inject **MetaStar 2.65 SC** into the system until all emitters are producing equal flow rates, or until the system is at full pressure.
9. Inject the **MetaStar 2.65 SC** into the system at the beginning of the irrigation set in 1/2 – 1 inch of irrigation water.

ORNAMENTALS

Use **MetaStar 2.65 SC** on container, bench, or bed grown ornamentals in greenhouses or outdoor nurseries, and for use on ornamentals grown for indoor and outdoor landscaping, for control of damping-off, and root and stem rot diseases caused by Pythium and Phytophthora. **MetaStar 2.65 SC** may be applied through irrigation systems, as a soil drench or as a soil surface spray, or incorporated into a soil mix for subsequent seeding or transplanting of ornamentals. **MetaStar 2.65 SC** may be applied as a foliar spray on azaleas. **Within a rate range given for a specific group of ornamentals, use the lower rate for the shortest interval listed and the higher rate for the longest interval. Under severe disease conditions, use the highest rate and the shortest interval specified.**

For drench applications, use enough of the specified **MetaStar 2.65 SC** water solution to wet the root zone of plants. In general, 1 pt. per sq. ft. of this solution is sufficient for ornamentals growing in containers with 4 inches of growth media. Containers with growth media depth greater than 4 inches generally require 1 1/2 – 2 pts. Per sq. ft. of the solution. If soil surface applications are made, irrigate with at least 1/2 inch of water if rainfall does not occur within 7 days.

NOTICE TO USER: Due to the large number of species and varieties of ornamentals and nursery plants, it is impossible to test every one for tolerance to **MetaStar 2.65 SC**. Neither the manufacturer nor the seller has determined whether or not **MetaStar 2.65 SC** can be used safely on ornamental and nursery plants not specified on this label. The professional user should determine if **MetaStar 2.65 SC** can be used safely prior to commercial use. In a small area, test the recommended rates for a particular group of unlabeled plants, i.e., bedding plants, foliage, etc., for phytotoxicity prior to widespread use.

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<p>Foliage Plants Aglaonema, Aphelandra, Dieffenbachia, Peperomia, Philodendron*, Pothos, Schefflera, Sedum, Sempervivum, Zygocactus</p>	<p>Drench: Mix 0.4 – 1 fl. oz. with 100 gals. of water. Apply 1 pt. solution per sq. ft. For growth media depth greater than 4 inches, apply 1 1/2 – 2 pts. solution per sq. ft. Repeat applications at two to three month intervals if necessary.</p> <p>*NOTE: On Philodendron, use 0.8 – 1.5 fl. oz./100 gals.</p> <p>NOTE: To minimize the potential for injury to Pothos, do not use more than 0.6 fl. oz./100 gals. and do not apply more frequently than once every 3 months.</p> <p>Soil Mix: Thoroughly mix 0.2 – 0.4 fl. oz. with each cu. yd. of soil mixture.</p> <p>Soil Surface Spray to Foliage Plants in the Landscape: Apply 1.5 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. to the soil surface in a broadcast or banded spray in sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage of the plant root zone. After application irrigate with a minimum of 1/2 inch of water if rainfall does not occur within seven days.</p>
<p>Bedding Plants Ageratum, Algerian ivy, Artemisia, Aster, Begonia, Caladium, Carnation, Chrysanthemum, Coleus, Daisy, English ivy*, Foxglove, Gaillardia, Geranium, Impatiens, Marigold, Pansy, Petunia, Phlox, Pinks, Primrose, Prostrate, Rosemary, Salvia, Snapdragon, Verbena, Vinca,</p>	<p>Drench at Seeding: (Soil 2-3 inches deep) Mix 0.2 – 0.4 fl. oz. with 100 gals. of water and apply 1 pt. solution per sq. ft.</p> <p>Drench at Transplanting: (Soil 2-3 inches deep) Mix 0.4 – 1.5 fl. oz. with 100 gals. of water and apply 1 pt. solution per sq. ft. For growth media depth greater than 4 inches, apply 1 1/2 – 2 pts. solution per sq. ft. Repeat applications at one to two month intervals if necessary. Do not apply rates of 1 – 1.5 fl. oz./100 gals. more often than once every six weeks.</p> <p>Soil Mix at Seeding and at Transplanting: Thoroughly mix 0.2 fl. oz. with each cu. yd. of soil mixture.</p> <p>Soil Surface Spray to Bedding Plants in the Landscape: Apply 1.5 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. to the soil surface in a broadcast or banded spray in sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage of the plant root zone. After application irrigate with a minimum of 1/2 inch of water if rainfall does not occur within seven days.</p> <p>*NOTE: Do not apply to English ivy more than once every 6 months or injury may occur.</p>

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<p>Zinnia</p> <p>Flowers African violet, Anthurium, Baby's breath, Carnation, Chrysanthemum, Columbine, Delphinium, Easter lily*, Geranium, Gloxinia, Poinsettia, Rose</p>	<p>Drench: Mix 0.4 – 1.5 fl. oz. with 100 gals. of water and apply 1 pt. solution per sq. ft. For growth media depth greater than 4 inches, apply 1 1/2 – 2 pts. solution per sq. ft. Repeat applications at one to two month intervals if necessary. Do not apply rates of 1 – 1.5 fl. oz./100 gals. more often than every six weeks.</p> <p>*NOTE: Do not apply more than 0.8 fl. oz./100 gals of water to Easter lily and only make one at-planting application.</p> <p>Soil Surface Spray to Flowers in the Landscape: Apply 1.5 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. to the soil surface in a broadcast or banded spray in sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage of the plant root zone. After application irrigate with a minimum of 1/2 inch of water of rainfall does not occur within seven days.</p>
<p>Rhododendrons and Azaleas</p>	<p>Drench: Phytophthora root and crown rot – Mix 0.8 - 2 fl. oz. with 100 gals, of water and apply 1 pt. solution per sq. ft. For growth media depth greater than 4 inches, apply 1 1/2 – 2 pts. solution per sq. ft. Repeat applications at two to four month intervals if necessary.</p> <p>Soil Surface Spray: Apply 1.5 – 3 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. to the soil surface in a broadcast or banded spray in sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage of the plant root zone. After application irrigate with a minimum of 1/2 inch of water of rainfall does not occur within seven days.</p> <p>Foliar Spray: Phytophthora shoot blight – Mix at 1 - 2 fl. oz. with 100 gals. of water. Spray to runoff. Repeat at two to three month intervals if necessary.</p> <p>NOTE: 1) To minimize the potential for injury to azaleas, do not apply repeat soil applications of 2 fl. oz./100 gals. closer than every three months and do not exceed a total of 3 fl. oz. in six months. 2) Use the lower rate for “Coral Bell” variety.</p>
<p>Woody Ornamentals other than Azaleas</p> <p><i>Aucuba japonica</i>, Arborvitae, Boxwood, Ceanothus, Cotoneaster, Dogwood, Ficus, “Halls” Honeysuckle, Ilex,</p>	<p>Drench: Mix 0.8 - 3 fl. oz. with 100 gals. of water and apply 1 pt. solution/sq. ft. For growth media depth greater than 4 inches, apply 1 1/2 – 2 pts. solution/sq. ft. Repeat applications at two to three month intervals if necessary. Do not apply rates greater than 2.5 fl. oz./100 gals. more often than once every ten weeks.</p> <p>Soil Surface Spray: Apply 1.5 – 3.8 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. to the soil surface in a broadcast or banded spray in sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage of the plant root zone. After application irrigate with a minimum of 1/2 inch of water if rainfall does not occur within seven days.</p> <p>NOTE: Do not apply to Euonymus or injury may occur.</p>

<i>Juniperus</i> spp., Photinia, <i>Pieris japonica</i> , <i>Pinus</i> spp., Pittosporum, White cedar, White pine, Yew	
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INTERIORSCAPES AND INDIVIDUAL PLANT USE

In situations where water volumes used are much less than 100 gals. and the area treated is small, the following table provides the **MetaStar 2.65 SC** rates to make small quantities of solution. Refer to the plant type for the correct fl. oz. of product to use when utilizing this table.

Rate of MetaStar 2.65 SC (fl. oz.)	Amount of MetaStar 2.65 SC to Add to Water to Make the Following Quantities			
	1 gal.	5 gals.	10 gals.	25 gals.
0.4	5 drops	28 drops/ 0.6 ml	57 drops/ 1.1 ml	2.8 ml/ 0.5 tsp.
0.8	11 drops	57 drops/ 1.1 ml	2.25 ml/ 0.5 tsp.	5.7 ml/ 1 tsp./ 0.5 Tbsp.
1.5	23 drops	2.25 ml/ 0.5 tsp.	4.5 ml/ 1 tsp.	11.3 ml/ 2 tsp./ 1 Tbsp.
2.3	34 drops	3.4 ml./ 0.8 tsp.	6.8 ml/ 1.5 tsp.	17 ml/ 3 tsp./ 1 Tbsp.
3.0	45 drops 0.9 ml	4.5 ml/ 1 tsp.	9.0 ml/ 2 tsp.	22.5 ml/ 1.5 Tbsp./ 0.8 fl. oz.

Soil Drench: Apply enough solution to wet the root area of the plants; apply at least one pint of solution per square foot.

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CITRUS IN NURSERIES AND LANDSCAPE PLANTINGS (NONBEARING)

Use **MetaStar 2.65 SC** on nonbearing citrus for control of citrus foot rot, root rot, and trunk canker caused by *Phytophthora* spp. Apply to the soil as a drench or as a spray in a banded application.

Make the first application of **MetaStar 2.65 SC** at the time of planting. Make repeated applications at three-month intervals during the period when trees are actively growing.

Soil Drench: Mix 3.0 – 4.5 fl. oz./100 gals. of water and apply as a drench over the row at the rate of 100-250 gals./1,000 feet of row. The width of the drench treatment should be wide enough to cover the root systems of the plants.

Soil Surface Spray: Apply 2 gals. per acre of treated soil in a broadcast or banded surface spray to seedbeds, liners, or bedded stock in sufficient water to obtain uniform coverage. If applications are banded, the treated area should be wide enough to cover the root systems of the plants. Follow with a 1/2-inch irrigation.

Calculate the amount of **MetaStar 2.65 SC** needed for a banded treatment by using the formula at the end of the **General Information** section of this label.

NOTE: Do not use in greenhouse citrus nursery stock intended for commercial fruit production.

CONIFERS IN NURSERIES AND PLANTATIONS (INCLUDING CHRISTMAS TREES)

MetaStar 2.65 SC provides control of *Phytophthora* root rot of conifers. For best results, apply ½ to 1 inch of water after application if rain is not expected within three days.

Conifers in Nurseries

Seedbeds and Plug-Plantings	Apply 30 fl. oz. of MetaStar 2.65 SC in at least 50 gals. of water per acre in the spring and again in the fall.
2-0 Transplants	Apply 60 fl. oz. MetaStar 2.65 SC in at least 50 gals. of water per acre in the spring and again in the fall.

Conifers in Plantations

Use of **MetaStar 2.65 SC** will aid in the control of *Phytophthora* root rot when used in conjunction with good cultural practices. The use of **MetaStar 2.65 SC** will not overcome poor management practices such as planting on sites that are prone to flooding or are poorly drained. **MetaStar 2.65 SC** fungicide will not revitalize trees showing moderate to severe disease symptoms.

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Apply 7.5 – 15.0 pts. of **MetaStar 2.65 SC** in a minimum of 50 gals. of water as a directed soil spray. Do not apply as a foliar spray. Applications should be made in early spring before growth starts and in the fall before the ground freezes. Calculate the amount of **MetaStar 2.65 SC** needed for a banded treatment by using the formula at the end of the **General Information** section of the label.

DECIDUOUS FRUITS AND NUTS IN NURSERIES (NONBEARING)

MetaStar 2.65 SC provides control of Pythium root rot and Phytophthora root, crown, and collar rot of nonbearing deciduous fruits and nuts.

Apply 4.5 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft. in sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage of the soil under the canopy of the trees. Treat sufficient surface area in nurseries to cover the root zone of the plants. Additional applications may be made as necessary at three-month intervals during the growing season.

NOTE: 1) Do not apply to trees that will bear harvestable fruit within 12 months of the last application, or possible illegal residues may result. 2) Do not apply more than 13.3 oz./1,000 sq. ft. (4.5 gals. per acre) of **MetaStar 2.65 SC** per year.

TURF (Golf Courses, Landscape Areas, Around Institutional, Public, Commercial and Industrial Buildings, Parks, Recreational Areas, and Athletic Fields, Sod Farms)

MetaStar 2.65 SC controls Pythium blight and Pythium damping-off in turf, yellow tuft (downy mildew) in bluegrass, and downy mildew in St. Augustinegrass. **Within the rate range given for turf, use the lower rate for the shortest interval listed and the higher rate for the longest interval. Under severe disease conditions, use the highest rate and shortest interval specified.**

<p>Established Turf Pythium Blight Yellow Tuft Downy Mildew</p>	<p>Apply as a preventative treatment at 0.8 – 1.5 fl. oz. in 3-5 gals. of water per 1,000 sq. ft. Retreat at 10-21 day intervals. During periods of prolonged conditions favorable for disease development, use 1.5 fl. oz. on a 14-day schedule.</p>
<p>Newly Seeded Areas Pythium Damping-Off Pythium Blight Yellow Tuft Downy Mildew</p>	<p>Apply 0.8 – 1.5 fl. oz. in 5-10 gals. of water per 1,000 sq. ft. immediately after seeding. Retreat at 7-14 day intervals if conditions remain favorable for disease.</p> <p>Note: For long-term control of Pythium in areas when using seed treated with the active ingredient contained in MetaStar 2.65 SC, make application of MetaStar 2.65 SC 7-10 days after seeding.</p>

NOTE: For control of other diseases of turf, use propiconazole alone or in tank mix combination with **MetaStar 2.65 SC**. Refer to the propiconazole label for rates, precautions, restrictions, etc.

Resistance Management: To minimize the potential for resistance, 1) Make no more than three applications of MetaStar 2.65 SC per season and 2) Apply an alternate EPA-registered fungicide for Pythium control at least once during the season.

ROTATIONAL CROPS

Do not plant any crop which is not registered for use with metalaxyl in metalaxyl-treated soil for a period of 12 months.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

Pesticide Storage: Store at temperatures above 40° F. Crystals may form at lower storage temperatures. If this occurs, place the product in a warm room (68°F or above) and roll or shake the container at frequent intervals until all crystals are dissolved.

For minor spills, leaks, etc. follow all precautions indicated on this label and clean-up immediately. Take special care to avoid contamination of equipment and facilities during clean-up procedures and disposal of wastes.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product are toxic. Improper disposal of unused pesticide spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. Pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate that cannot be used according to label instructions must be disposed of according to Federal, State or local procedures. For guidance in proper disposal methods, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional office.

Container Disposal: Do not reuse empty container. Triple rinse (or equivalent) and offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Returnable/Refillable Containers: Do not rinse container. Do not empty remaining formulated product. Do not break seals. Return intact to point of purchase.

Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying and using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of LG Life Sciences, Ltd. or Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold LG Life Sciences, Ltd. and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

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