

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

July 11, 2025

Michele Lussos Agent for LG Chem Ltd. Ag-Chem Consulting 12644 Chapel Rd Clifton, VA 20124

Subject: Label Amendment - Registration Review Mitigation for Permethrin

Product Name: PERMASTAR AG EPA Registration Number: 71532-15 Application Date: March 22, 2021

Decision Number: 597110

Dear Michele Lussos:

The Agency, in accordance with the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, has completed reviewing all the information submitted with your application to support the Registration Review of the above referenced product in connection with the Permethrin Interim Decision, and has concluded that your submission is acceptable. The label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under FIFRA, as amended, is acceptable.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance.

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A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling and must be used at your next label printing. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 12 months from the date of this letter. After 12 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

If you have any questions about this letter, please contact Anna Senninger by phone at 202-566-2216, or via email at Senninger.Anna@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Dana L. Friedman, Chief Risk Management and Implementation Branch 1 Pesticide Re-Evaluation Division

Dana & Friedman

Office of Pesticide Programs
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

ENCLOSURE: Stamped label

Front Panel

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to Toxicity to Fish and Aquatic Organisms.

For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators or persons under the direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator's certification.

PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide

 ACCEPTED

Jul 11, 2025

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under

EPA Reg. No. 71532-15

100.0%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION/AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

[See booklet for additional Precautionary Statement, [First Aid], and Directions for Use]

LG Chem Ltd. 128 Yeoui-Daero Yeongdeungpo-gu Seoul, Korea 07336

EPA Registration No. 71532-15 EPA Establishment No.

Net Contents:

^{*}(3-Phenoxyphenyl)methyl (\pm) 3-(2,2-dichloroethenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate

^{**}cis/trans ratio: Max. 55% (\pm) cis and min. 45% (\pm) trans

^{***}Contains petroleum distillates

	FIRST AID
If Swallowed:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on Skin or Clothing:	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If Inhaled:	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
	F

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact the Poison Control Center at 1-800-222-1222 for emergency medical treatment information.

Note to Physician: This product contains petroleum distillates – vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia. Consideration should be given to gastric lavage with an endotracheal tube in place. Treatment is controlled removal of exposure followed by symptomatic and supportive care.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or spray mists. Wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks and shoes, and chemical-resistant gloves.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

When using this product wear chemical resisant gloves made of waterproof material.

Mixers, loaders, applicators, and other handlers (except for those using hand-held thermal and cold mist foggers and fog/mist generators, all other foggers are prohibited) must wear:

- Long-sleeve shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves for all handlers except for applicators using motorized ground equipment, pilots, and flaggers,
- Chemical-resistant apron for mixers/loaders, persons cleaning equipment, and persons exposed to the concentrate and for handlers performing animal dip applications

In addition to the standard PPE prevouisly listed above, mixers and loaders supporting aerial applications to forests and/or applicators using a high pressure hand wand in indoor spaces must wear at least a NIOSH-approved respirator with:

- Wear a minimum of NOISH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with any R or P filter; or
- A NIOSH-approved elastomeric particulate respirator with any R or P filter; or
- A NIOSH-approved powered air-purifying respirator with an HE filter.

For applicators using fog/mist generators (other foggers are prohibited) in indoor spaces must wear the following PPE:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant headgear, if overhead exposure, and,
- A half-face, full-face, or hood-style respirator that is:
 - A NIOSH-approved elastomeric particulate respirator with organic vapor (OV) cartridges and a combination R or P filter; or
 - A NIOSH-approved gas mask with OV canisters; or
 - A NOISH-approved powered air-purifying respirator with OV cartridge and combination HE-filters.

See engineering controls for additional requirements.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Engineering Control Statement

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)].

User Safety requirements:

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergents and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with the product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is extremely toxic to aquatic organisms, including fish and invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

Under some conditions, it may also have a potential for transport into surface water in runoff (primarily adsorbed to suspended soil particles), for several months or more after application. These include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, and areas overlying extremely shallow groundwater, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and areas over-lying tile drainage systems that drain to surface waters.

This pesticide is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area. **Protect pollinating insects by following label diretions intended to minimize drift and to reduce risk to these organisms.**

Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, permanent streams, natural ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Resistance Management: For resistance management, PermaStar AG contains a Group 3A insecticide. Any insect population may contain individuals naturally resistant to PermaStar Ag and other Group 3A insecticides. The resistant individuals may dominate the insect population if this group of insecticides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay insecticide resistance, take the following steps.

- Rotate the use of PermaStar Ag or other Group 3A insecticides within growing season, or among growing seasons, with different groups that control the same pest.
- Adopt an integrated pest management program for insecticides scouting, uses historical information related to pesticide use, crop rotation, record keeping, and which considers cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.

- Monitor after application for unexpected target pest survival. If the level of survival suggests the presence of resistance, consult with your local university specialist or certified pest control advisor.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM recommendations for the specific site and pest problems in your area.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance contact LG Chem Ltd. at www.lgchem.com.

USE RESTRICTIONS

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. Application For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Application is prohibited directly into sewers or drains, or to any area like a gutter where drainage to sewers, storm drains, water bodies, or aquatic habitat can occur. Do not allow the product to enter any drain during or after application.

Not for use in outdoor residential misting systems.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PROHIBITION – Harvesting of conifer seed cones is prohibited within 30 days of application.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls,
- Shoes plus socks,
- Chemical-resistant gloves.

Chemigation Use Directions

Apply this product only through sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide should be applied continuously for the duration of the water application. PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide should be diluted in sufficient volume to ensure accurate application over the area to be treated. When using chemigation, a minimum of 0.1 inch per acre of irrigation water is necessary. Agitation generally is not required when a suitable diluent is used. A diluent test should be conducted to ensure that phase separation will not occur during dilution and application. Failure to achieve a uniform dilution throughout the time of application may result in undesirable residues or less then desirable control.

Commercial Impregnation and Application of PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide On Dry Bulk Fertilizers

PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide may be impregnated on dry bulk fertilizers. When applied as directed, PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide/dry bulk fertilizer mixtures provide insect control equal to that provided by the same rates of PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide applied in water.

The PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide/fertilizer mixtures may be surface applied or shallow incorporated. The higher rate should be used if incorporation is used.

Impregnation: Apply using a minimum of 200 pounds of dry bulk fertilizer per acre and up to a maximum of 450 pounds per acre with the listed amount of PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide per acre. Use a closed rotary-drum mixer or a similar type of closed blender equipped with suitable spray equipment. The spray nozzle(s) should be positioned to provide a uniform, fine spray pattern over the tumbling fertilizer for thorough coverage. The physical properties of fertilizers vary, particularly in liquid absorptive capacity. When absorptivity is sufficient, simple spray impregnation of the fertilizer with PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide provides a satisfactory, dry mixture. If the absorptive capacity is inadequate, the use of a highly absorptive powder is required to provide a dry, flowable mixture. Microcel E (Johns-Manville Products Corporation) is a recommended absorbent powder. Generally less than 2% by weight of Microcel E is required. DO NOT impregnate PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide onto straight coated ammonium nitrate or straight limestone because these materials will not absorb the insecticide. Dry fertilizer blends containing mixtures of ammonium nitrate or limestone may be impregnated with PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide.

The amount of PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide actually required in the preparation of individual fertilizer mixtures should be determined carefully for each production operation. This is necessary to ensure that the amount of pesticides actually contained in the mixture applied to the soil represents the correct rate of use. Bulk fertilizer impregnated with PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide should be applied immediately, not stored.

All individual state regulations relating to bulk dry fertilizer blending, registration, labeling, and application of the mixtures are the responsibility of the individual and/or company selling the fertilizer and PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide mixture.

BUFFER ZONES

A. VEGETATTIVE FILER STRIPS

Construct and maintain a vegetative filter strip, according to the width specified below, of grass or other permanent vegetation between the field edge and nearby down gradient aquatic habitat (such as, but not limited to, lakes; reservoirs; rivers; streams; marshes or ponds; estuaries; and commercial fish farm ponds).

Only apply products containing PermaStar AG onto fields where a maintained vegetative filter strip of at **least 25 feet** exists between the field and where a down gradient aquatic habitat exists. This minimum required width of 25 feet may be reduced or removed under the following conditions:

- For Western irrigated agriculture, a maintained vegetative filter strip of at least 10 feet wide is required. Western irrigated agriculture is defined as irrigated farmland in the following states: WA, OR, CA, ID, NV, UT, AZ, MT, WY, CO, NM, and TX (west of I-35).
 - For Western irrigated agriculture, if a sediment control basin is present, a vegetative filter strip is not required.

- In all other areas, a vegetative filter strip with a minimum width of 25 feet is required, unless the following conditions are met. The vegetative filter strip requirement may be reduced from 25 feet to 15 feet if at least one of the following applies:
 - The area of application is considered prime farmland (as defined in 7 CFR § 657.5).
 - Conservation tillage is being implemented on the area of application.
 Conservation tillage practices can include mulch-till, no-till, or strip-till.
 Conservation tillage is defined as any system that leaves at least 30% of the soil surface covered by residue after planting
 - o A functional terrace system is maintained on the area of application.
 - Water and sediment control basins for the area of application are functional and maintained.
 - The area of application is less than or equal to 10 acres.

For further guidance on vegetated filter strips, refer to the following publication for information on constructing and maintaining effective buffers: Conservation Buffers to Reduce Pesticide Losses. Natural Resources Conservation Services.

Http://www.regulations.gov/document?D=EPA-HQ-OPP-2008-0331-0175

Buffer Zone for Ground Application (groundboom, overhead chemigation, or airblast) Do not apply within 25 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

Buffer Zone for Ultra Low Volume (ULV) Aerial Application

Do not apply within 450 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds). Application made by mosquito control districts and other public health officials are exempt from this requirement.

Buffer Zone for Non-ULV Aerial Application

Do not apply within 150 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

B. Spray Drift

Mandatory Spray Drift Management

Aerial Applications:

- Do not release spray at a height greater than 10ft above the ground or crop canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicator are required to select nozzles and pressure that deliver medium to coarser droplets (ASABE S641).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site. If the wind speed is greater than 10mph, the boom length must be 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters.
- If the windspeed is 10 miles per hour or less, applicators must use ½ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field. When the windspeed is between 11-15 miles per hour, applicator must use ¾ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Do apply during temperature inversions.

Airblast Applications:

- Sprays must be directed into the canopy.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- User must turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and when spraying outer rows.
- Do not apply during temperature inversion

Groundboom Applications:

- User must only apply with the nozzle height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- Applicators are required to select nozzle and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplet (ASABE S572).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

Spray Drift Advisories

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT, BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

Importance of Droplet Size:

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size – Ground Boom

- Volume Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use
 the hightest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider
 using a nozzle with higher flow rate.
- Pressure Use the lowest pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzle designed to reduce drift.

Controlling Droplet Size – Aircraft

• Adjust Nozzles – Follow nozzle manufacturers recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with airflow in flight.

Boom Height - Ground Boom

• For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

Release Height - Aircrafts

• Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift.

Shielded Sprayers:

• Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

Temperature and Humidity:

 When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporations.

Temperature Inversions:

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by
increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to
no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke
from a ground source or aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in
concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicated an inversion, while smoke that moves
upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during
temperature inversions.

Wind:

 Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATION DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS. • Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

Non-Target Organism Advisory Statement (Environmental Hazard):

 This product is highly toxic to bees and other pollinating insects exposed to direct treatment or to residues in/on blooming crops or weeds. Protect pollinating insects by following label directions intended to minimize drift and reduce pesticide risk to these organisms.

Handheld Technology Applications

o Take precautions to minimize spray drift.

USE INSTRUCTIONS

Unless otherwise directed by registered supplemental labeling, follow the Directions for Use in each crop group section.

PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide is a 3.2 pounds per gallon formulation of the insecticide permethrin. Apply PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide when insects appear or feeding is noticed. The higher rate should be used as pest populations increase. Repeat the application as necessary to maintain control. PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide may be applied by both ground and aerial equipment. Use sufficient water to obtain full coverage. With the exception of crops listed below, do not rotate other crops within 60 days of last application.

Pollinator Management Practices

Following best management practices can help reduce risk to terrestrial pollinators. Example of best management practices include applying pesticide in the evening and at night when pollinators are not foraging and checking tto confirm hive location before spraying. For additional resources on pollinator best management practices, http://www.epa.gov/pollinator-protection/find-best-management-practices-protect-pollinators.

Managed pollinator protection plans are developed by states/tribes to promote communication between growers, landowners, farmer, beekeepers, pesticide users, and pest management professionals to reduce exposure of bees to pesticides. If available, visit state plans for additional information on how to protect pollinators.

How to Report Bee Kills

It is recommended that users contact both the state lead agency and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency to report bee kills due to pesticide application. Bee kills can be reported to EPA at beekill@epa.gov. To contact your state lead agency, see the current listing of state pesticide regulatory agencies at the National Pesticide Information Center's website: http://npic.orst.edu/reg/state_agencies.html.

This label must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.

Alfalfa: Alfalfa grown for seed (0 day phi)* (Includes Lucerne, sainfoin, holy clover, esparcet, birdsfoot trefoil and varieties and/or hybrids of these)

	teries and/or myorids or mese	
Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Alfalfa Caterpillar	2 to 8 ounces	Use higher listed dosage for increased pest
Armyworms	(0.05 to 0.2 pound active)	pressure or for increased residual pest
Blue Alfalfa Aphid	per acre	control. Apply with ground equipment in a
Cutworms		minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray
Green Cloverworm		per acre or 2 gallons of finished spray per
Green Peach Aphid		acre by aircraft.
Loopers		
Pea Aphid		A second application per cutting may be
Spotted Alfalfa Aphid		made as long as the minimum interval
Velvetbean Caterpillar		between applications is 30 days and the
Webworms		maximum product applied per cutting does
Alfalfa Weevil	4 to 8 ounces	not exceed 0.2 pound active ingredient (8
Cucumber Beetle	(0.1 to 0.2 pound active)	oz product).
Egyptian Alfalfa	per acre	
Weevil		
Meadow Spittlebug		
Plant Bugs (including		
Lygus spp.)		
Potato Leafhopper		
Stink Bugs		

Do not apply more than 0.2 pound active ingredient (8 oz product) per cutting.

Do not apply to mixed stands with intentionally grown forage grasses and/or legumes.

Almonds (7 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Navel Orangeworm	8 to 10 ounces	Apply when insects appear. Apply in a
Peach Twig Borer	(0.2 to 0.25 pound active)	minimum of 15 gallons of finished spray
	per acre	per acre by aircraft or 25-400 gallons of
		finished spray per acre with ground
		equipment.
		If additional applications are required for
		control, the minimum interval between
		applications is 10 days.

^{*}When rates greater than 0.1 pound active per acre are used, do not apply within 14 days of harvest.

Ants	10 ounces (0.25 pound active) per acre	Apply by ground equipment in a minimum of 15 gallons of finished spray per acre. Application should follow mowing of weed growth to insure maximum coverage of the soil surface. Overhead moisture following application will enhance activity. If additional applications are required for control, the minimum interval between
		applications is 10 days.

Do not apply more than 0.75 pound active ingredient (30 oz product) per acre per season. Do not graze livestock in treated areas.

Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock.

Apples

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Green Fruitworm	4 to 10 ounces	Use with ground equipment only.
Oblique Banded Leafroller	(0.1 to 0.25 pound active)	Apply in 25-400 gallons of finished
Plum Curculio	per acre	spray per acre when insects first appear
Redbanded Leafroller		and repeat as required to maintain
Rosy Apple Aphid		control.
Spotted Tentiform		If additional applications are required
Leafminer		for control, the minimum interval
Tarnished Plant Bug		between applications is 10 days.
White Apple Leafhopper		

Do not apply more than 0.5 pound active ingredient (20 oz product) per acre per season.

Do not apply after petal fall.

Do not graze livestock in treated areas.

Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock.

Artichoke (0 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Artichoke Plum Moth	4 to 12 ounces	Apply with ground equipment in a
Leafminers	(0.1 to 0.3 pound active)	minimum of 10 gallons of finished
	per acre	spray per acre or in a minimum of 2
		gallons per acre by aircraft. Apply as
		needed. Buds may be harvested on the
		day of application.
		If additional applications are required
		for control, the minimum interval
		between applications is 10 days.

Do not apply more than 0.9 pound active ingredient (36 oz product) per acre per season. Do not apply more than 5 applications per acre per season.

Asparagus (1 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application	
Asparagus Beetle	2 to 4 ounces	Apply with ground equipment in a	
Cutworms	(0.05 to 0.1 pound active)	minimum of 10 gallons of finished	
	per acre	spray per acre.	
		If additional applications are required	
		for control, the minimum interval	
		between applications is 7 days.	
Asparagus Beetle	4 ounces	For post harvest application, apply to	
Japanese Beetle (Adult	(0.1 pound active)	the fern stage of the asparagus plant	
stage)*	per acre	after spear harvest when larval and	
Lygus Bugs		adult stage are present. If additional	
Tarnished Plant Bug		applications are required for control,	
		the minimum interval between	
		applications is 7 days.	
		* Not for control of this insect in	
		California	
Do not apply more than 0.4 pound active ingredient (16 oz product) per acre per season.			

Avocado (7 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Avocado Caterpillar	8 ounces	Apply with ground equipment in 25-
Avocado Lace Bug	(0.2 pound active)	400 gallons of finished spray per acre.
Avocado Leafhopper	per acre	Apply when insects first appear and
Avocado Leafroller		repeat applications to maintain control.
Avocado Looper		The minimum interval between
Avocado Tree Girdler		applications is 7 days.
Avocado Whitefly		
Brown Soft Scale		
Mirids		
Omnivorous Looper		
Orange Tortrix		
Scale Crawlers		
Spanworm		
Thrips		
Twig Borers		

Do not apply more then 0.8 pounds active ingredient (32 oz product) per acre per season.

Do not graze livestock in treated areas.

Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock.

Broccoli; Chinese Broccoli (gai lon, white flowering broccoli) (1 day phi)

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Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Armyworm spp.	2 to 8 ounces	Apply with ground equipment in a
Cabbage Looper	(0.05 to 0.2 pound active)	minimum of 10 gallons of finished
Diamondback Moth	per acre	spray per acre or in a minimum of 2
Imported Cabbageworm	-	gallons per acre by aircraft.
Plant Bugs		Apply as needed for control but no
Thrips		sooner than 5 day intervals.
Do not apply more than 0.8 pound active ingredient (32 oz product) per acre per season.		

Brussels Sprouts

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Armyworm spp.	2 to 4 ounces	Apply with ground equipment in a
Cabbage Looper	(0.05 to 0.1 pound active)	minimum of 10 gallons of finished
Diamondback Moth	per acre	spray per acre or in a minimum of 2
Imported Cabbageworm		gallons per acre by aircraft.
Plant Bugs		Apply as needed for control but no
Thrips		sooner than 5 day intervals.
Do not apply more than 0.4 pound active ingredient (16 oz product) per acre per season.		

Cauliflower

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Armyworm spp.	2 to 4 ounces	Apply with ground equipment in a
Cabbage Looper	(0.05 to 0.1 pound active)	minimum of 10 gallons of finished
Diamondback Moth	per acre	spray per acre or in a minimum of 2
Imported Cabbageworm	_	gallons per acre by aircraft.
Plant Bugs		Apply as needed for control but no
Thrips		sooner than 5 day intervals.

In all states but Hawaii, do not apply more than 0.4 pound active ingredient (16 oz product) per acre per season. In Hawaii, do not apply more than 0.6 pound active ingredient (24 oz product) per acre per season.

Cabbage; Cabbage, Chinese (napa) (tight-heading varieties only) (1 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Cabbage Looper	2 to 8 ounces	Apply with ground equipment in a
Diamondback Moth	(0.05 to 0.2 pound active)	minimum of 10 gallons per acre or in a
Imported Cabbageworm	per acre	minimum of 2 gallons per acre by
Southern White Butterfly		aircraft. Apply as needed for control
		but no sooner than 5 day intervals up to
		a seasonal maximum of 0.4 lb ai/A (16
		oz. formulated product). [In Hawaii
		apply up to 0.8 lb ia/A (32 oz
		formulated product)].
Armyworm spp.	4 to 8 ounces	
Cutworms	(0.1 to 0.2 pound active)	
Flea Beetles	per acre	

In all states but Hawaii, do not apply more than 0.4 pound active ingredient (16 oz product) per acre per season. In Hawaii, do not apply more than 0.8 pound active ingredient (32 oz product) per acre per season.

Celery, Florence fennel (sweet anise, sweet fennel, finochio) (fresh leaves and leaf petioles only): For use directions refer to the Leafy Vegetables crop grouping.

Cherries (includes Sweet Cherries and Tart Cherries) (3 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Green Fruitworm	4 to 8 ounces	Use PermaStar AG Agricultural
Lesser Peach Tree Borer	(0.1 to 0.2 pound active)	Insecticide as a dilute spray. Apply
Plum Curculio	per acre	when insects appear. Apply with
Redbanded Leafroller		ground equipment in 25-400 gallons of
Rose Chafer		finished spray per acre. If additional
Tarnished Plant Bug		applications are required for control,
		the minimum interval between
		applications is 10 days. Do not apply
		more than 3 times per season.

Do not apply more than 0.6 pound active ingredient (24 oz product) per acre per season. Do not graze livestock in treated areas.

Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock.

Chrysanthemums

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Liriomyza Leafminer	20 fluid ounces	Avoid spraying the blooms.
Fliers	(0.5 pound active)	Caution: Before treating large numbers
	per 100 gallons	of plants of a particular cultivar, treat a
	(1 teaspoon per gallon)	few plants and observe prior to full
		scale application.
		Spoons must not be used for food
		purposes after use in measuring
		pesticides.

Collards and Turnip Greens (1 day phi)

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Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Beet Armyworm	2 to 6 ounces	Apply with ground equipment only.
Cabbage Looper	(0.05 to 0.15 pound	Apply with ground equipment in a
Corn Earworm	active) per acre	minimum spray volume of 10 gallons
Cutworms		of finished spray per acre. Apply as
Diamondback Moth		needed for control but no sooner than 3
European Corn Borer		day intervals.
Fall Armyworm		
Green Cloverworm		
Imported Cabbageworm		
Leafhoppers		
Leafminers		
Southern Armyworm		
Southern White Butterfly		
Tobacco Budworm		
Vegetable Leafminer		
Aphids*		

For use on Collards in AR, AZ, GA, IL, NC, OK, SC, and TX and on Turnip Greens in FL, GA, IL, IN, OK, SC, TX, and WA.

Do not apply more than 0.45 pound active ingredient (18 oz product) per acre per season.

* Suppression only.

Conifers (Container and Field Grown)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Nantucket Pine Tip Moth	4 to 8 fluid ounces	PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide
	(0.1 to 0.2 pound active)	may be diluted in a non-volatile
	per acre	vegetable oil or water in a minimum of
		1 gallon of finished spray per acre
		using equipment calibrated to give
		adequate coverage. Begin application
		when the adults appear and repeat at 5
		to 7 day intervals or as needed
		throughout the season.

Corn (Field), Field Corn Grown for Seed, Popcorn

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Preemergent Use:	4 to 6 ounces	PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide may be
Armyworms	(0.1 to 0.15 pound	applied as a preplant incorporated,
Cutworms	active)	preemergence, or at planting time application.
Stalk Borers	per acre as a	Apply as a broadcast spray by ground or air
	broadcast spray	(minimum of 2 gallons finished spray per acre
	OR	by air) or 4-15 inch band using sufficient spray
	0.3 to 0.5 ounces	volume to achieve adequate coverage.
	per 1,000 linear	
	row feet	Linear row calculations should be used
	(based on 4" band	proportional to the standard Band Width/Row
	and 40" row	Width formula to adjust rates for different band
	spacing)	widths or row spacings. Use higher rates of
		PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide when
		incorporating into the soil without exceeding
		the listed dosage.
		When using tank mixes, observe all restrictions
		and precautions which appear on the labels of
		these products. Provide constant agitation
		during mixing and application to keep the
		mixture in solution.
Foliar Use:	4 to 6 ounces	When treating for stalk borers, PermaStar AG
Armyworm (including	(0.1 to 0.15 pound	Agricultural Insecticide must be applied when
Fall Armyworm)	active)	or shortly before the stalk borer larvae are
Corn Borer	per acre	moving into the corn from surrounding weeds
European		and grasses. Mowing or burndown herbicides
Southwestern		are suggested to initiate movement. For
Corn Earworm		control of Corn Earworm apply just before
Corn Rootworm Beetles		silking and continue as necessary to maintain
Cutworms		control. Apply a minimum of 2 gallons of
Flea Beetle		finished spray per acre by air or 10 gallons per
Hop Vine Borer		acre with ground equipment. The minimum
Stalk Borers Webworms		interval between spray applications is 7 days.
	2 to 4 ounces	
Foliar Use: Western Bean Cutworm		
western bean Cutworm	(0.05 to 0.1 pound	
	active)	
Do not annly more than 0	per acre	dient (18 oz product) per acre per season.

Do not apply more than 0.45 pound active ingredient (18 oz product) per acre per season. Do not apply less than 30 days prior to harvest of grain or fodder (stover). Forage may be harvested on the day of application.

Corn (Field), Field Corn Grown for Seed, Popcorn (At Plant Use)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of App	lication		
Armyworms	0.3 ounces per 1,000	Apply as an in-	furrow, b	and, or T	-band
Cutworms	linear feet of row	treatment using	a minim	um 4" ba	nd.
Seed Corn Maggot*		Use table below	to deter	mine the	
Wireworm*		PermaStar AG	Agricultu	ıral Insec	ticide
*Not for use in California		needs for each a	acre.		
Row Spacings (inches)		40	30	20	
PermaStar AG Agricultural	Insecticide (pounds ai/acre)	0.10	0.15	0.15	
PermaStar AG Agricultural	Insecticide (formulated ound	ces/acre) 4.0	6.0	6.0	

Corn, Sweet (1 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application	
Corn Earworm	4 to 8 ounces	Apply every 3 to 5 days or as needed	
Corn Rootworm Beetles*	(0.1 to 0.2 pound active)	but no sooner than every 3 days.	
European Corn Borer	per acre		
Fall Armyworm		Apply with ground equipment in a	
Flea Beetle		minimum of 10 gallons of finished	
Hop Vine Borer		spray per acre or in a minimum of 2	
Leafhoppers		gallons per acre by aircraft.	
Southern Armyworm			
Stalk Borers		*Pest does not occur on this crop in	
		California.	
Do not apply more than 0.8 pounds active ingredient (32 oz product) per acre per season.			

Corn, Sweet (Florida Only)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application	
Aster Leafhopper	4 to 8 ounces	Apply every 3 to 5 days as needed but	
Corn Earworm	(0.1 to 0.2 pound active)	no sooner than every 3 days.	
Cutworm	per acre		
European Corn Borer		Apply with ground equipment in a	
Fall Armyworm		minimum of 10 gallons of finished	
Southern Armyworm		spray per acre or in a minimum of 2	
		gallons per acre by aircraft.	
Do not apply more than 0.8 pounds active ingredient (32 oz product) per acre per season.			

Cucurbit Vegetables (0 day phi): Chayote (fruit) (Sechium edule); Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon) (Bernincasa hispida); Citron melon (Citrullus lanatus var. citroides); Cucumber (Cucumis sativus); Gherkin (Cucumis anguria); Gourd, edible (Lagenaria spp.) (includes hyotan, cucuzza); (Luffa spp.) (includes hechima, Chinese okra); (Momordica spp.) (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter melon, Chinese cucumber); Muskmelon (hybrids and/or cultivars of Cucumis melo) (includes true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, Crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, and snake melon); Pumpkin (Cucurbita spp.); Squash, Summer (Cucurbita pepo var. melopepo) (includes crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini); Squash, winter (Cucurbita maxima; C. moshata) (includes butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash); (C. mixta; C. pepo) (includes acorn squash, spaghetti squash); Watermelon (includes hybrids and/or varieties of Citrullus spp.).

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Aphids	8 ounces	Apply with ground equipment in a
Leafminers	(0.2 pound active)	minimum spray volume of 20 gallons
Squash Bug	per acre	of finished spray per acre or in a
Cabbage Looper	4 to 8 ounces	minimum of 4 gallons per acre by
Cucumber Beetle (adults)	(0.1 to 0.2 pound active)	aircraft.
Cutworms	per acre	If additional applications are required
Leafhoppers		for control, the minimum interval
Melonworm		between applications is 7 days.
Pickleworm		
Plant Bugs (including		
Lygus and Stink Bugs)		
Rindworms		
Squash Vine Borer		

Cantaloupes – In all states but Hawaii, do not apply more than 0.8 pound active ingredient (32 oz product) per acre per season. In Hawaii, do not apply more than 1.2 pounds active ingredient (48 oz product) per acre per season.

All Other Crops - Do not apply more than 1.2 pounds active ingredient (48 oz product) per acre per season. Applications may be made up to harvest.

Eggplants (3 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Colorado Potato Beetle	6 ounces (0.15 pound active) per acre	Apply with ground equipment in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre or a minimum of 2 gallons by aircraft. Apply using sufficient water to obtain uniform coverage. If additional applications are required for control, the minimum interval between applications is 7 days.
Cabbage Looper	4 to 6 ounces	
Flea Beetle	(0.1 to 0.15 pound active)	
Vegetable Leafminer	per acre	

In all states but Hawaii, do not apply more than 0.6 pound active ingredient (24 oz product) per acre per season. In Hawaii, do not apply more than 1.0 pound active ingredient (40 oz product) per acre per season.

Filberts (14 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Filbertworm	8 to 10 ounces	For full coverage application apply
Oblique Banded Leafroller	(0.2 to 0.25 pound active)	0.05 to 0.0625 pound active per 100
	per acre	gallons (based on 400 gallons finished
		spray per acre) and spray to run-off, OR
		for low volume concentrate application
		apply 0.2 to 0.25 pound active per acre
		(50 to 200 gallons finished spray per
		acre). For aerial application apply 0.2 to
		0.25 pound active in a minimum of 10
		gallons of finished spray per acre.
		Apply when insects appear but do not
		retreat any sooner than a minimum of
		10 days.

Do not apply more than 0.75 pounds active ingredient (30 oz product) per acre per season.

Do not graze livestock in treated areas.

Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock.

Horseradish (30 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application	
Imported Crucifer Weevil	0.1% active solution (2	As a spring preplant dip, soak sets for	
(Baris lepidii)	pints, 1 ounce of	30 minutes and air-dry before planting.	
	PermaStar AG		
	Agricultural Insecticide		
	per 100 gallons)		
	6 ounces	For foliar application, apply with	
	(0.15 pound active)	ground equipment in a minimum spray	
	per acre	volume of 20 gallons finished spray per	
		acre. Make up to 3 foliar applications	
		as needed to control weevil adults	
		during oviposition. The minimum	
		interval between applications is 10	
		days.	
Do not apply more than 0.45 pounds active ingredient (18 oz product) per acre per season.			

Leafy Vegetables (except Brassica) (1 day phi): Amaranth (leafy amaranth, Chinese spinach, tampala); Arugula (Roquette); Cardoon; Celery; Celery, Chinese; Celtuce; Chervil; Chrysanthemum, edible-leaved and garland; Corn salad; Cress, garden; Cress, upland (yellow rocket, winter cress); Dandelion; Dock (sorrel); Endive (escarole); Fennel, Florence (finochio); Lettuce, head and leaf; Orach; Parsley; Purslane, garden; Purslane, winter; Radicchio (red chicory); Rhubarb; Swiss chard.

Spinach (including New Zealand and vine, Malabar spinach, Indian spinach).

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Aphids	4 to 8 ounces	Apply every 3 to 7 days by air or
Beet Armyworm	(0.1 to 0.2 pound active)	ground. Use sufficient water to obtain
Corn Earworm	per acre	full coverage of foliage. Apply with
Cutworms		ground equipment in a minimum of 10
European Corn Borer		gallons of finished spray per acre or in
Fall Armyworm		a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by
Green Cloverworm		aircraft.
Leafminers		For spinach, the minimum spray
Southern Armyworm		interval is 3 days. For crops other than
Tobacco Budworm		spinach, the minimum spray interval is
Alfalfa Looper	2 to 8 ounces	7 days.
Cabbage Looper	(0.05 to 0.2 pound active)	
Leafhoppers	per acre	

Celery: Do not apply more than 1.0 pound active ingredient (40 oz product) per acre per season. In Hawaii, do not apply more than 1.2 pound active ingredient (48 oz product) per acre per season.

Lettuce: Do not apply more than 0.8 pound active ingredient (32 oz product) per acre per season. In Hawaii, do not apply more than 1.2 pound active ingredient (48 oz product) per acre per season.

Spinach: Do not apply more than 0.6 pound active ingredient (24 oz product) per acre per season.

All other crops: Do not apply more than 1.0 pound active ingredient (40 oz product) per acre per season.

Lettuce, Head: For use directions refer to the Leafy Vegetable crop grouping.

Mushrooms (Mushroom houses and adjacent premise areas) (3 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Mushroom Flies (Sciarid	Apply as a fogging or	Preparation of the building prior to
and Phorid adults)	aerosol treatment at the	fogging: (1) Close all doors, windows,
,	rate of 2.0 to 2.5 ounces	and ventilators, (2) Lock or barricade
	(0.05 to 0.0625 pound	all entrances, turn off pilot lights, post
	active) per 30 ounces of	warning signs, and take precautions to
	water or suitable diluent.	prevent persons and animals from entering the area.
	Use 1 quart of solution	
	per standard double	Use prior to filling the house, during
	house (35,000 cu. ft.;	cool-down, during spawning, up to
	8,000 sq. ft.)	pinning, and between breaks. Do not use when mushrooms are present.
		Treat once daily as needed when flies appear. Do not make more than 20 applications prior to pinning of first break; apply no more than 2 applications between each break. Do not apply more than 30 applications total per crop of 5 breaks.
		Length of exposure time should be limited to 1 hour; then ventilate the house. Use fans to ventilate in houses that do not have forced air circulation.
		Wear a minimum of a NIOSH- approved elastomeric half mask respirator with organic vapor (OV)
		cartridges and combination R, or P filters; <u>OR</u> a NIOSH-approved gas
		mask with OV canisters; <u>OR</u> a NIOSH-
		approved powered air purifying respirator with OV cartridges and combination HE filters.

NOTE: USE OF HIGH PRESSURE HAND WAND IS PROHIBITED IN MUSHROOM HOUSES

Garlic (1 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Army worms	6 to 8 ounces	Apply with ground equipment in a
Onion Thrips	(0.15 to 0.2 pound active)	minimum of 20 gallons of finished
	per acre	spray per acre or in a minimum of 5
Cutworms	4 to 8 ounces	gallons per acre by aircraft. Begin
Leafminers	(0.1 to 0.2 pound active)	applications when pests appear and
Onion Maggots (Adults)	per acre	repeat as necessary to maintain control.
Stink Bugs		The minimum interval between
		applications is 10 days. Use the higher
		label rates as Onion Thrips population
		increases and avoid rescue situations.
Do not apply more than 0.8 pound active ingredient (32 oz product) per acre per season.		

Onions, Bulb (1 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Army worms	6 to 12 ounces	Apply with ground equipment in a
Onion Thrips	(0.15 to 0.3 pound active)	minimum of 20 gallons of finished
	per acre	spray per acre or in a minimum of 5
Cutworms	4 to 12 ounces	gallons per acre by aircraft. Begin
Leafminers	(0.1 to 0.3 pound active)	applications when pests appear and
Onion Maggots (Adults)	per acre	repeat as necessary to maintain control.
Stink Bugs		The minimum interval between
		applications is 7 days. Use the higher
		label rates as Onion Thrips population
		increases and avoid rescue situations.
Do not apply more than 1.0 pound active ingredient (40 oz product) per acre per season.		

Ornamental Nursery Stock (Field Grown)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Bagworm	4 to 8 ounces	PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide
Beet Armyworm	(0.1 to 0.2 pound active)	may be used to control specified pests
Cabbage Looper	per 100 gallons of water	on non-edible ornamentals and non-
Citrus Thrips		bearing plants of fruiting species.
Heliothis spp.		
Lace Bug		When pests first appear, apply with
Leafhoppers		ground equipment at 4 to 8 fluid
Leafminers		ounces product per 100 gallons.
Whiteflies		Spray plants to runoff making sure
		to obtain thorough coverage. Repeat
		applications as necessary to maintain
		control. The minimum interval
		between applications is 7 days.
		Caution: Marginal leaf burn may occur on Salvia, Dieffenbachia and Pteris Fern. Application to blooming plants may cause browning of petals. Before treating large numbers of plants of a particular variety, treat a few plants and
		observe prior to full scale application.

Papava (Florida Only) (7 day phi)

Tupuyu (Tioriuu Omiy) (7	auj piii)	
Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Aphids	6 ounces	Apply with ground equipment in 25-
Brown Soft Scale	(0.15 pound active)	400 gallons of finished spray per acre.
Mealybug	per acre	Apply when insects first appear and
Papaya Fruit Fly		repeat applications at a minimum of 10
Papaya Webworm		day intervals as needed to provide
Papaya Whitefly		control.
Scale Crawlers		

Do not apply more than 0.75 pound active ingredient (30 oz product) per acre per season. Do not graze livestock in treated areas.

Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock.

Peaches, Nectarines (14 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Green Fruitworm	4 to 10 ounces	Apply with ground equipment using
Lesser Peach Tree Borer	(0.1 to 0.25 pound active)	25-400 gallons of spray per acre or a
Oriental Fruit Moth	per acre	minimum of 10 gallons per acre by
Peach Twig Borer		aircraft. Spray to wet all foliage. If
Plum Curculio		additional applications are required for
Rose Chafer		control, the minimum interval between
Tarnished Plant Bug		applications is 10 days.
		_

Do not apply more than 0.75 pound active ingredient (30 oz product) per acre per season. Do not graze livestock in treated areas.

Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock.

Pears

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Dormant through	8 to 10 ounces	PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide
Delayed Dormant	(0.2 to 0.25 pound active)	may be combined with 2 to 8 gallons of
Pear Psylla	per acre	spray oil per acre. Apply during the
		dormant through delayed dormant
		growth periods only. Apply in a
		minimum of 10 gallons of finished
		spray per acre by aircraft and 25-400
		gallons per acre by ground equipment.
		The minimum interval between
		applications is 10 days.
Pre-Bloom	8 to 10 ounces	Apply with ground equipment using
Codling Moth	(0.2 to 0.25 pound active)	25-400 gallons of finished spray per
Green Fruitworm	per acre	acre or a minimum of 10 gallons per
Pear Psylla		acre by aircraft. Pre-bloom sprays can
		be applied from dormant through bud
		burst stages. The minimum interval
		between applications is 10 days.

Do not apply more than 0.65 pound active ingredient (26 oz product) per acre per season. Do not graze livestock in treated areas.

Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock.

Peppers, Bell (3 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Cabbage Looper	4 to 8 ounces	Apply using sufficient water to obtain
Corn Earworm	(0.1 to 0.2 pound active)	uniform coverage. Apply as needed,
Cutworms	per acre	but no sooner than every 5 days. Apply
Flea Beetle		with ground equipment using a
Pepper Weevil		minimum of 10 gallons of finished
Vegetable Leafminer		spray per acre or a minimum of 2
European Corn Borer	8 ounces	gallons per acre by aircraft.
	(0.2 pound active)	
	per acre	
Do not apply more than 0.8 pound active ingredient (32 oz product) per acre per season.		

Pine Seed Orchards

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Coneworms Seed Bugs	8 ounces (0.2 pound active) in 100 gallons of water (0.025% dilution by weight)	For high volume sprayers, apply 5 to 10 gallons of finished spray per tree.
	16 ounces (0.4 pounds active) in 100 gallons of water (0.051% dilution by weight)	For low volume sprayers, apply 100 gallons per acre.
	24 ounces (0.6 pound active) per acre	For aerial application, use in no less than 10 gallons of water.

To control Webbing Coneworm – make first application within 1 week of female flower closure or peak pollen flight.

To control other coneworms and seed bugs – make first application within 30 days following female flower closure.

Repeat applications at 4 week intervals, but do not apply more than 3 applications using ground methods or 1 application by air per season.

Do not apply more then 0.4 lb ai/acre by ground or 0.6lb ai/acre by per application.

Do not graze livestock in treated areas.

Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock.

Harvesting of conifer seed cones is prohibited within 30 days of application.

Pistachios (0 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Leaffooted Bugs	8 to 12 ounces	Use sufficient water to obtain full
Naval Orangeworm	(0.2 to 0.3 pound active)	coverage of foliage. Apply PermaStar
Peach Twig Borer	per acre	AG Agricultural Insecticide in a
Plant Bugs		minimum of 10 gallons of finished
Stink Bugs		spray per acre by aircraft or by ground
		equipment in 25-400 gallons of finished
		spray per acre. If additional
		applications are required for control,
		the minimum interval between
		applications is 10 days.
Ants	12 ounces	Application should follow mowing of
	(0.3 pound active)	weed growth to insure maximum
	per acre	coverage of the soil surface. Overhead
		moisture following application will
		enhance activity. If additional
		applications are required for control,
		the minimum interval between
		applications is 10 days.

Do not apply more than 0.9 pound active ingredient (36 oz product) per acre per crop season. Do not apply after 10% hull split.

Do not graze livestock in treated areas.

Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock.

Potatoes (14 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Aster leafhopper	4 to 8 ounces	Apply with ground equipment in a
Beet Armyworm	(0.1 to 0.2 pound active)	minimum of 10 gallons of finished
Cabbage Looper	per acre	spray per acre or in a minimum of 2
Colorado Potato Beetle		gallons per acre by aircraft. PermaStar
Cutworms		AG Agricultural Insecticide may also
European Corn Borer		be applied using refined non-volatile
Potato Aphid		vegetable oil for control of listed pests.
Potato Flea Beetle		PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide
Potato Leafhopper		should be diluted with oil and applied
Potato Psyllid		in a minimum of one quart total volume
Potato Tuberworm		per acre using equipment calibrated to
Tarnished Plant Bug		give adequate coverage. Use sufficient
		spray volume to obtain full coverage.
		The minimum interval between
		applications is 10 days.
Do not apply more than 0.8 pound active ingredient (32 oz product) per acre per season.		

Pumpkins: For use directions refer to the Cucurbit Vegetables crop grouping.

Range Grass (New Mexico Only)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application	
Range Caterpillar	0.4 ounces	Apply using sufficient spray volume to	
	(0.01 pound active)	obtain uniform coverage. Apply with	
	per acre	ground equipment in a minimum of 10	
		gallons of finished spray per acre or in	
		a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by	
		aircraft.	
Do not apply more than once per year.			
Cattle may be present during application.			
Do not harvest or feed hay to livestock.			

Roses (Field Grown)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application	
Heliothis spp.	4 to 8 fluid ounces	PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide	
	(0.1 to 0.2 pound active)	may be applied with ground equipment	
	per acre	in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished	
		spray per acre or in a minimum of 2	
		gallons of finished spray per acre by	
		aircraft.	

Roses (Greenhouse)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Beet Armyworm	8 fluid ounces	When pests first appear, apply a
Cabbage Looper	(0.2 pound active)	foliar spray of 8 fluid ounces product
Omnivorous Leafroller	per 100 gallons of water	per 100 gallons. Spray plants to runoff making sure to achieve thorough coverage. Repeat application as necessary to maintain control. The minimum interval between applications is 7 days.
		Do not apply Permastar AG Agricultural Insecticide to roses growing in greenhouses through ULV cold foggers or fog/mist generators.
		Caution: PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide is not phytotoxic to the following varieties of greenhouse roses: Ballena, Bettina, Cara Mia, Coquette, Excitement, Forever Yours, G. Wave, Jack Frost, Jr. Bridesmaid, Matador, Paul's Pink, Samantha, Seventeen, Sonia, Town Crier, Tropicana and Visa. Other varieties may vary in their sensitivity to PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide and a small number of plants should be treated under local conditions to determine

Soybeans (60 day phi)

Soybeans (or day pm)				
Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application		
Bean Leaf Beetle	2 to 4 ounces	Apply with ground equipment in a		
Cabbage Looper	(0.05 to 0.1 pound active)	minimum of 10 gallons of finished		
Corn Rootworm Beetles	per acre	spray per acre or in a minimum of 2		
Cutworms		gallons per acre by aircraft. PermaStar		
Flea Beetle		AG Agricultural Insecticide may also		
Green Cloverworm		be applied using refined non-volatile		
Japanese Beetle		vegetable oil for control of listed pests.		
Mexican Bean Beetle		PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide		
Potato Leafhopper		should be diluted with oil and applied		
Saltmarsh Caterpillar		in a minimum of 1 quart total volume		
(Woollybear Caterpillar)		per acre using equipment calibrated to		
Thistle Caterpillar		give adequate coverage. When		
Velvetbean Caterpillar		applying in water by aircraft, 1 quart of		
		oil may be substituted for 1 quart of		
		water per gallon of finished spray. The		
		minimum interval between applications		
		is 10 days.		
Beet Armyworm	4 to 8 ounces			
Corn Earworm	(0.1 to 0.2 pound active)			
Soybean Looper	per acre			
Webworms				
Do not apply more than 0.4 pound active ingredient (16 oz product) per acre per season.				
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Do not apply more than 0.4 pound active ingredient (16 oz product) per acre per season. Do not graze or feed soybean forage or hay.

Spinach: Refer to **Leafy Vegetable** crop grouping for use directions. Do not apply more than 0.6 pound active ingredient (24 oz product) per acre per season.

Tomatoes, Tomatillos (0 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application
Beet Armyworm	2 to 8 ounces	Apply with ground equipment in a
Cabbage Looper	(0.05 to 0.2 pound active)	minimum of 10 gallons finished spray
Colorado Potato Beetle	per acre	per acre or in a minimum of 2 gallons
Granulate Cutworm		per acre by aircraft. The minimum
Hornworms		interval between applications is 7 days.
Southern Armyworm		
Tomato Fruitworm		
Tomato Pinworm		
Vegetable Leafminer		

In all states but Hawaii, do not apply more than 0.6 pound active ingredient (24 oz product) per acre per season. In Hawaii, do not apply more than 0.8 pound active ingredient (32 oz product) per acre per season. Do not apply to cherry tomatoes or other varieties which produce fruit less than one inch in diameter.

Walnuts (1 day phi)

Insects Controlled	Rate of Application	Method of Application	
Codling Moth	8 to 10 ounces	For full coverage application apply	
Navel Orangeworm	(0.2 to 0.25 pound active)	0.05 to 0.0625 pound active per 100	
Walnut Husk Fly	per acre	gallons (based on 400 gallons finished	
		spray per acre), spray to run-off; OR,	
		for low volume application apply 0.2 to	
		0.25 pound active per acre (25-200	
		gallons finished spray per acre). For	
		aerial application apply 0.2 to 0.25	
		pound active in a minimum of 10	
		gallons of finished spray per acre. The	
		minimum interval between applications	
		is 10 days.	

Do not apply more than 0.75 pounds active ingredient (30 oz product) per acre per season. Do not graze livestock in treated areas.

Do not feed cover crops from treated areas to livestock.

Premises Spray

For agricultural use only.

Spray directly to walls and ceiling as residual surface treatment only. Do not treat manure or litter. Do not contaminate feed and water. Do not apply directly to livestock or poultry.

For Application	Insects Controlled	Rate of	Method of
In		Application	Application
Dairies, Barns,	House Flies,	1 gallon per	Dilute 4 ounces to 12.5
Feedlots, Stables,	Stable Flies and	750 square feet	gallons of water. Apply
Poultry Houses,	Other Manure	of surface	with sprayer.
Swine and Livestock	Breeding Flies.		
Houses	Also aids in the		
	reduction of		
	Cockroaches,		
	Mosquitoes and		
	Spiders		

Re-treat as necessary, but not more often than once every 2 weeks.

The use of any residual fly spray should be supplemental with proper manure management and general sanitation to reduce or eliminate fly breeding site.

Treatment of Preconstruction Lumber and Logs Information

Dilute PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide with water. To prepare the spray, dilute PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide as shown in the following spray dilution chart:

Spray Dilution Chart			
Gallons of Spray	Gallons of PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide to Use		
Mixture Desired			
	0.5% Solution	0.75% Solution	1.0% Solution
40	1/2	3/4	1
80	1	1 ½	2
200	2 ½	3 3/4	5
400	5	7 ½	10
800	10	15	20

USE RESTRICTIONS

Do not allow treatment to runoff from target area.

Do not apply within 10 feet of storm drains. Do not apply within 25 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes; reseroirs; rivers; permanaent streams; marshes or ponds; estuaries; and commercial fish farm ponds.)

Directions for Application

To protect unseasoned lumber and logs from wood destroying insects, such as Termites, Carpenter Ants, and Beetles (Ambrosia, Powder-post, Old house borers, and others), totally treat wood with a 0.5% to 1.0% solution of PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide. This solution can be applied by various methods including spraying, brushing, dipping, and pressure treatment. Frequent monitoring of dip and pressure systems are necessary to insure that the desired level of PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide is maintained. Wood can be handled after treatment when dry.

- 1. For dip treatments, totally submerge the wood in the solution until thoroughly wet and then allow to dry in a suitable location. If left unused for a long time, agitate dipping solutions to which PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide has been added before their use. Periodically clean sediment, debris and other deposits from the tank.
- 2. For pressure treatments, place the wood in the treatment chamber, add the PermaStar AG Agricultural Insecticide solution and pressurize the system up to 250 psi for up to one hour depending on the density and type of wood treated. After the pressure is released and the system drained, place the wood in a suitable location for drying.
- 3. For spray treatments, spray the wood thoroughly including back and ends.
- 4. For brush treatments, thoroughly treat all parts of wood surfaces.

Rate Conversion Chart

Pounds Active	Formulation Ounces
Per Acre	Per Acre

2.0
4.0
6.0
8.0
10.0
12.0

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Do not store below 10°F, (-12°C). Do not use or store near heat, open flame or hot surfaces. Keep out of reach of children and animals. Store in original containers only. Store in a cool, dry place and avoid excess heat. Carefully open containers. After partial use, replace lids and close tightly. Do not put concentrate or dilute material into food or drink containers. Do not contaminate other pesticides or fertilizers by storage or disposal.\

In case of spill, avoid contact, isolate area and keep out animals and unprotected persons. Confine spill by: If liquid, dike surrounding area or absorb with sand, cat litter, commercial clay or gel absorbents. If dry material, cover to prevent dispersal. Place damaged package in a holding container. Identify contents.

Pesticide Disposal: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Handling:

For Containers equal to or less than 5 Gallons: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

For Containers greater than 5 Gallons: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ½ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Refillable Container: Refill this container with PermaStar Ag only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full of water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this procedure two more times. Return to point of sale. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying and using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of LG Chem Ltd or Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold LG Chem Ltd. and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

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