

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (7504P) Ariel Rios Building 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW Washington, D.C. 20460

Number:

EPA Registration

Date of Issuance:

Unconditional

71368 -107

Term of Issuance:

DEC 18 2012

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

X Registration
Reregistration

Name of Pesticide Product:

(under FIFRA, as amended)

NUP-12004 Herbicide

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

George Meindl Nufarm Americas Inc. 150 Harvester Drive, Suite 200 Burr Ridge, IL 60527

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above ERA/registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is registered in accordance with FIFRA sec 3(c)(5) provided that you:

- 1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration review of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit data.
- 2. Make the following label revisions
 - a. Revise the EPA Reg No. to 71368-107
 - b. Assure that the establishment number and net content are also added to the label.
- 3. Submit one copy of the revised final printed label before you release the product for shipment.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

If you have any questions regarding the Notice, please contact Grant Rowland at (703) 347-0254 or rowland.grant@epa.gov.

Signature of Approving Official:

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Date:

Kathryn Montague/

Product Manager 23

Herbicide Branch

Registration Division (7505P)

DEC 18 2012

EPA Form 8570-6

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DEC 18 2012

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fringloide, and Moderaticide Act, as musualed, for the posticide registered under IPA Rog. No. 71368-167

NUP-12004 Herbicide

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	By Wt.
Isoctyl (2-ethylhexyl) ester of 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid*	60.00%
Pyraflufen-ethyl: ethyl-chloro-5-(4-chloro-5-difluoromethoxy-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-3yl)-4-fluorophenoxyacetate	0.20%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	
TOTAL:	100.00%

*Isomer Specific AOAC Method, Equivalent to 2,4 dichlorophenoxyacetic acid 42.1% (3.50 lbs/gal) Contains 0.0177 lbs. pyraflufen-ethyl per U.S. gallon

KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

	FIRST AID
If in eyes	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	 Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Do not give anything any liquid to the person. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
lf on skin or clothing	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
	HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For Chemical Spill, Leak, Fire, or Exposure, Call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300.

For Medical Emergencies Only, Call (877) 325-1840

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Contains petroleum distillates. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

EPA REG. NO. 71368-RNT (07-EPA EST. NO. MANUFACTURED FOR NUFARM INC. 150 HARVESTER DRIVE BURR RIDGE, IL 60527

NET CONTENTS ____ GAL. (____Liters)
[Designation as "NONREFILLABLE" or "REFILLABLE" for containers > 5 GAL]

Nufarm

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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Causes moderate eye damage. Do not get in eye, on skin, or on clothing. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Avoid contact with skin and breathing spray mist.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some of the materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for Category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Chemical-resistant gloves (such as nitrile or butyl) gloves
- Shoes plus socks,
- Protective eyewear,
- For overhead exposure, wear chemical resistant headgear

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENTS

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. This product may contaminate water through drift of spray in wind or via runoff events. Use care when applying in areas adjacent to any body of water. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters or rinsate. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not apply if rainfall is expected within one hour.

This product contains a chemical that has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.

CHEMICAL HAZARDS

This product is flammable, keep away from heat and open flame. Vapors from this product may injure susceptible plants in the immediate vicinity. Use care to avoid spray contact or drift to 2,4-D susceptible plants such as cotton, tomatoes, flowers, okra, grapes, fruit trees and ornamentals. Do not permit spray mist containing this product to drift onto them. Do not spray when the wind is blowing towards susceptible crops or ornamental plants. Use coarse sprays and/or low spray pressure to minimize spray drift. Do not apply with hollow cone type insecticide or other nozzles that produce fine spray droplets.

Spray drift can be lessened by keeping the spray boom as low as possible by spraying when wind velocity is low; by decreasing the pounds of pressure of the nozzle tips, and by stopping all spraying when wind speed exceeds 6 to 7 miles per hour. On cropland and along roadsides, do not exceed 20 psi pressure. Do not apply when a temperature air inversion exists. If questions exist pertaining to the existence of an inversion, consult with local weather services before making an application. Do not use the same spray equipment for applying other materials to 2,4-D susceptible crops injury may result. It is best to use a separate sprayer for application of insecticides and fungicides. Clean and rise spray equipment using soap or detergent and water or suitable chemical cleaner, and rinse thoroughly before reuse for other spraying. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system. Do not contaminate domestic or irrigation waters. Do not use in or near a greenhouse. Excessive amounts of this product in the soil may temporarily inhibit seed germination and plant growth.

Most cases of groundwater contamination involving phenoxy herbicides such as 2,4-D have been associated with mixing/handling and disposal sites. Caution should be exercised when handling 2,4-D pesticides at such sites to prevent contamination of groundwater supplies. Use of closed systems for mixing or transferring this pesticide will reduce the probability of spills. Placement of the mixing/loading equipment on an impervious pad to contain spills will help prevent groundwater contamination. When using on Pastures and Rangeland Grasses, there is a 7-day pre-grazing interval for dairy cattle; a 30-day preharvest interval for grass cut for hay; and a 3-day pre-slaughter interval for meat animals.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. READ ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical resistant gloves (such as nitrile or butyl) gloves
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

NONAGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, or greenhouses. For other uses, including interiorscapes and other nonagricultural uses, do not enter or allow others to enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

This product controls broadleaf weeds and susceptible woody plants. This product should be used in conjunction with glyphosate or other grass herbicides when grassy weeds are present. Apply as a spray as directed in the **Application Directions** section of this label.

This product provides control or suppression of a wide range of annual and perennial broadleaf weeds and susceptible woody species. Mix with sufficient water and apply as a foliar spray to obtain uniform coverage. Although water quantities may vary due to different types of application equipment, sufficient water must be used to provide for complete and uniform coverage. Higher water gallonage may be used if desired to improve coverage. In all cases, use the same recommended amount of this product per acre. When product is used for weed control in-crop, the growth stage of the crop must be considered. For in-crop uses, do not mix with oil or other adjuvants unless specifically recommended on label. Use of an adjuvant may enhance weed control but may increase crop response in post-emergent applications in wheat, corn and grass seed crops. If you are not prepared to accept some degree of crop injury, do not use this product.

This product contains a low volatile ester especially prepared for use on crops and weeds where a susceptible crop in the near vicinity may be injured by a more volatile product. For best results apply this product as a water or oil spray during warm weather when young succulent weeds are actively growing. Application under drought conditions often will give poor results. The lower recommended rates will be satisfactory on susceptible, annual weeds. For perennial weeds and larger weeds, and conditions such as very dry areas where control is difficult, the higher recommended rates should be used.

This product contains a low volatile ester formulation of 2,4-D. Crop varieties vary in response to 2,4-D and some are easily injured. Apply this product to varieties known to be tolerant to 2,4-D. If you are uncertain concerning tolerant varieties or local use situations that may affect crop tolerance to 2,4-D, consult your seed company, State Agricultural Extension Service or qualified crop consultant for advice.

This product will kill, control or suppress the weed and brush species listed in the label booklet for this product. Some of these species may require repeat spot applications even under ideal conditions.

Use of this product in certain portions of California, Oregon, and Washington is subject to the January 22, 2004 Order for injunctive relief in <u>Washington Toxics Coalition et al vs. EPA</u>, C01-0132C, (W.D. WA). For further information, please refer to EPA Web site: http://www.epa.gov/espp.

USE RESTRICTIONS

-Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

USE PRECAUTIONS

-Rotational Crop Restrictions: See crop specific directions for use.

MIXING DIRECTIONS

Add ½ to ¾ of the required amount of water to the spray tank. Start agitation. Add the required amount of this product and the remaining amount of water. Mix only as much spray solution as can be sprayed within four hours. Storage and use of the previous day's spray mix may result in reduced activity.

Use an approved agricultural buffering agent, buffering to less than pH 7.5, if using this product in a water source greater than or equal to pH 7.5. Always buffer the water source BEFORE adding this product to the spray tank.

MIXING SEQUENCE

Water Based Solutions: Fill spray tank ¾ full with water and activate agitation. Use the following mix order:

- 1. Dry formulations (e.g., powders, dry flowables)
- 2. Liquid suspensions (e.g., SC's, flowables)
- 3. Liquid formulations (e.g., This product plus other emulsifiable concentrates)
- 4. Complete filling the spray tank to the desired level.

Agitate for 5 – 10 minutes to suspend well. Do not allow mixture to stand for more than 4 hours.

TANK MIXTURES

This product may be applied as a tankmix or in sequential application with other fungicide, insecticide or herbicide products. Weather, crop conditions, or the presence of certain weeds, crop damaging insects, or diseases will indicate the inclusion of other pesticides. Apply with grass herbicides if grassy weeds are present.

NOTE: All intended tank mix combinations should be used only in recommended areas on the same broadleaf weed species found on both labels.

For application methods and other use specifications, use the most restricted limitations from labeling of both products.

Note: It is recommended that the compatibility of this product in any tankmix combination be tested before use. To determine the physical compatibility with other products, use a jar test, as described below:

Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the products to 1 qt. of water. Add wettable powders and water-dispersible granular products first, then liquid flowables, and emulsifiable concentrates last. After thoroughly mixing, let stand for at least 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can be remixed readily, it is physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding required ingredients to the spray tank.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Avoid spray drift to all other crops and non-target areas. Do not apply when weather conditions may cause drift. Do not allow this product to drift onto non-target areas. Drift may result in illegal residues or injury to adjacent crops and vegetation, in the form of leaf yellowing and defoliation. To avoid spray drift, DO NOT apply aerially when wind speed is greater than 10 mph or during periods of temperature inversions. Use of larger droplet size will also reduce spray drift.

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT AT THE APPLICATION SITE IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR. A variety of factors including weather conditions (e.g., wind direction, wind speed, temperature, relative humidity) and method of application (e.g., ground, aerial, airblast, chemigation) can influence pesticide drift. The applicator must evaluate all factors and make appropriate adjustments when applying this product.

The interaction of equipment and weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions. Droplet size, boom height, and wind speed are the primary factors determining drift. The specific application conditions required for the use of this product are described below.

Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

When applying sprays that contain this product as the sole product, or when applying sprays that contain this product mixed with active ingredients that require a coarse or coarser spray, apply only as a coarse or coarser spray (ASAE standard 572) or a volume mean diameter of 385 microns or greater for spinning atomizer nozzles.

When applying sprays that contain this product mixed with other active ingredients that require a medium or more fine spray, apply only as a medium or coarser spray (ASAE standard 572) or a volume mean diameter of 300 microns or greater for spinning atomizer nozzles.

Controlling Droplet Size

Volume – Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure – Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Number of Nozzles – Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation – Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type – Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Maintenance of Nozzles – Periodic inspection and subsequent replacement of nozzles to ensure proper chemical application is recommended.

Equipment

All aerial and ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers or surrogates.

Boom Length

Aerial applications:

The boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade diameter. Release spray at the lowest height consistent with efficacy and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. This requirement does not apply to forestry or rights-of-way applications.

Application Height

Aerial applications:

Release spray at the lowest height consistent with efficacy and flight safety. Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Ground boom applications:

Do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the crop canopy.

Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.)

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given wind speed. Application should be avoided

below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. **Note:** Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift. Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 15 mph. Only apply this product if the wind direction favors ontarget deposition and there are not sensitive areas (including, but not limited to, residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for nontarget species, nontarget crops) within 250 feet downwind. If applying a medium spray, leave one swath unsprayed at the downwind edge of the treated field.

Temperature and Humidity

Products containing 2,4-D esters may volatilize during conditions of low humidity and high temperatures. Do not apply during conditions of low humidity and high temperatures.

Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light and variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. If applying at wind speeds less than 3 mph, the applicator must determine if: a) conditions of temperature inversion exist, or b) stable atmospheric conditions exist at or below nozzle height. Do not make applications into areas of temperature inversions or stable atmospheric conditions.

Sensitive Areas

Do not apply under circumstances where spray drift may occur to food, forage, or other plantings that might be damaged or crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption. Susceptible crops and areas include, but are not limited to, residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, cotton, okra, flowers, grapes (in growing stage), fruit trees (foliage), soybeans (vegetative stage), ornamentals, sunflowers, tomatoes, beans, and other vegetables, or tobacco. Small amounts of spray drift that might not be visible may injure susceptible broadleaf plants.

Other State and Local Requirements

Applicators must follow all state and local pesticide drift requirements regarding application of products containing 2,4-D herbicides. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

EQUIPMENT CLEANING

Do not allow the spray solution to dry in the application equipment. After application and before using the sprayer equipment for any other applications, the sprayer must be thoroughly cleaned. Applicators must ensure proper equipment clean-out for any other products mixed with this product as provided on the other product label(s). Immediately following application, clean all equipment thoroughly with detergent or a spray tank cleaner and water as described below. Should residues of this product remain in inadequately cleaned equipment, they may be released in subsequent applications and cause injury to crops.

- 1. Drain sprayer tank, hoses, and spray boom and thoroughly rinse with clean water the inside of the spray tank, sprayer hoses, boom, and nozzles to remove any sediment or residues.
- Fill the tank ½ full with clean water, add the appropriate detergent (follow manufacturer's directions for use). Fill tank to capacity and operate the sprayer with agitation for 15 minutes to flush hoses, boom, and nozzles.
- 3. Drain the sprayer tank, lines, and booms. Rinse the tank with clean water and flush through the hoses, boom, and nozzles. Remove and clean spray nozzles, tips, and screens.
- 4. Dispose of all cleaning solutions, rinsate, and washwaters in accordance with Federal, state, and local regulations.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

For best results, use this product for control of annual or perennial broadleaf weeds less than 4-inches in height, or rosettes less than 3-inches in diameter. Use the higher rates and spray volumes for control of larger weeds; control may be reduced with weeds larger than 4-inches. Some of these species may require repeat applications and/or use of the highest rate recommended on this product label even under ideal conditions for applications.

Alder** Coyotebrush Sicklepod Locoweed Alfalfa* Creeping Jenny Lupines Smartweed Artichoke Mallow Sneezeweed Croton Curly Indigo Aster Manzanita Southern wild rose Austrian fieldcress Dandelion* Marestail Sowthistle Beggartick Devil's claw Marijuana Spanishneedle Biden Dock Many flowered aster Speedwell Bindweed* Dogbane Marshelder St. Johnswort Dogfennel Mexican weed Bittercress-Starthistle Elderberry** smallflowered Milkvetch Stinging nettle Eveningprimrose-cutleaf Bitterweed Morningglory-annual Stinkweed Bitter wintercress Fanweed Mousetail Sumac** Blackeyed Susan Fiddle neck Musk thistle Sunflower Blessed thistle Flea bane (Daisy) Mustard Sweet clover Blue lettuce Flixweed Nettle **Tansymustard** Florida pusley Box elder **Nutgrass** Tansy ragwort Frenchweed Orange hawkweed Broomweed Tanweed Buckbrush** Galinsoga Palmer amaranth Tarweed Texas blueweed Buckhorn Goatsbeard Panicle willowweed Bull thistle Goldenrod Parsnip Thistle Bullnettle Goosefoot Pennsylvania Toadflax Bur ragweed Ground ivy smartweed* Tumbleweed Burdock Gumweed Pennycress Velvetleaf Burhead Hairy vetch* Pennywort Vervam Halogeton Buttercup Peppergrass* Vetch Buttercup-smallflowered Hawkweed Pepperweed Virginia copperleaf Canada thistle* Healall Pigweed Virginia creeper** Wild buckwheat Hemp Plantain Carolina geranium Carpetweed Henbit Poison hemlock Wild carrot Catnip Hoary cress Poison ivv Wild garlic* Chamise Honeysuckle Pokeweed Wild grape** Cherokee rose** Horsetail Poorioe Wild lettuce Horseweed Chickweed Povertyweed Wild mustard Indiana mallow Prickly lettuce Wild onion* Chicory Cinquefoil-common and Indigo Primrose Wild parsnip rough Ironweed Puncture vine Wild radish Clover-red* Japanese Purslane Wild strawberry honevsuckle** Clover-white Rabbitbrush Wild sweet potato Coastal redstem sage Jerusalem artichoke Willow** Ragweed Jewelweed Redstem Witchweed Cockle Jimsonweed Russian thistle Wormseed Cocklebur Coffee bean Klamatiweed Salsify Wormwood Sand shinnery oak Coffeeweed Knotweed Yellow rocket Common sowthistle Kochia Sandbrush Yellow starthistle Comflower Lambsquarter Shepherdspurse

and other broadleaf weeds which may be listed elsewhere on this label.

^{*}These species are only partially controlled.

**For control of these species, 2 pints of 2,4-D must be tank mixed with the high rate of this product.

CORN APPLICATION CHART

Crop	Application	Pest	Minimum Interval Between Application and Planting	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Corn (field corn)	Preplant Burndown	Listed Broadleaf Weeds	3 days	Up to 9.0 fl oz/Acre	-The addition of a nonionic surfactant at a concentration of 0.25% or
			7 days	10.0 to 18.0 fl oz/Acre	COC at 1.0% is recommended for optimum weed control.
			14 days	19.0 to 24.0 fl oz/Acre	-The addition of a nonionic surfactant is LIMITED TO pre-emergence use only
Corn (popcorn, seed corn,	Preplant Burndown	Listed Broadleaf Weeds	7 days	10.0 to 18.0 fl oz/Acre	Not for use on post- emergent crops. -Apply in a minimum of 5
corn silage, corn stover)			14 days	19.0 to 24.0 fl oz/Acre	gallons spray solution per acre by air or 10 gallons of spray solution per acre by ground. -Use higher rate for control of less susceptible, hard to
					control weeds or cover crops such as alfalfa. RESTRICTIONS
					-Do not apply to sweet cornDo not use on light, sandy soil, or where soil moisture is inadequate for normal weed growthDo not apply more than
					24.0 fl oz/acre per season for this use. Limited to one preplant or preemergence application per crop cycle.

Crop	Application	Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions

Corn	Postplant,	Listed	Average	-Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons spray
(field corn,	Prior to crop	Broadleaf	Conditions	solution per acre by air or 10 gallons of
popcorn, seed	emergence,	Weeds		spray solution per acre by ground.
corn, corn	Post-		6.0 to 8.0	-Best results are obtained when weeds are
silage, corn	emergence		fl oz/Acre	small. As soon as corn is over 8 inches
stover)	V			tall, use drop nozzles or a hooded sprayer
•	·			to keep spray off corn foliage as much as
				possible; direct spray over top of weeds but not over the corn.
				-Delay cultivation for 8 to 10 days to prevent
*				stalk breakage due to temporary brittleness
	٠.			caused by this product.
				-Limited to one post emergent application
. •				per crop season.
· ·				-Some temporary herbicidal leaf speckling
				may appear on the crop. This effect is
1				transient and will NOT appear on new
1	·			growth.
				RESTRICTIONS
				-Do not apply to sweet corn.
•			·	-Do not apply to corn past the V4 stage.
				-Do not apply more than 8.0 fl oz/Acre per
				season for this application.
				-Do not use with Atrazine, oil or other
				adjuvants. Since the tolerance to this
				product of individual hybrids varies, consult your seed supplier, local Extension
				Service, Agricultural Experiment Station, or
		·		University Weed Specialist for information.
· ·				-Do not use treated corn as fodder for 7
				days following application.
	·			-Do not harvest corn for silage within 50
			·	days after last application of this product.
				-Do not harvest corn for grain or stover
·				within 90 days after last application of this product.
	L	L		product.

SOYBEAN APPLICATION CHART

Crop	Application	Pest	Interval Between Application and Planting	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Soybeans	Preplant Burndown**	Listed Broadleaf Weeds	7 days	12.0 to 18.0 fl oz/Acre	-The addition of a nonionic surfactant at a concentration of 0.25% or COC at 1.0% is
		-	Not less than 15 days	19.0 to 24.0 fl oz/Acre	recommended for optimum weed control. -Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons spray solution per acre by air or 10 gallons spray solution per acre by ground. -Use higher rate for control of less susceptible, hard to control

					weeds or cover crops such as
			•		alfalfa
-					-
					RESTRICTIONS:
			•	•	-Do not use on low organic,
					sandy soil (<1.0%).
	•			•	-Do not apply less than 7 days
		·			prior to planting soybeans.
	•				-Do not apply more than 24.0 fl
					oz/acre per season for this crop.
.				٠	-Do not feed hay, forage, or
	,				fodder. Restrict livestock from
					grazing treated fields. Livestock
					should be restricted from
					feeding/ grazing of treated cover
	•				crops.
				•	-Do not use any tillage practices
					between application of this
-					product and planting soybeans.
					-This product should only be
					applied preplant to soybeans in situations such as reduced
					tillage production systems.
					-Do not replant fields treated with
					this product in the same growing
	**			,	season with crops other than
				•	those labeled for this product.

WHEAT APPLICATION CHART

Crop	Application	Pest	Minimum Interval Between Application and Planting	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Wheat	Preplant Burndown	Listed Broadleaf Weeds	3 days	Up to 9.0 fl oz/Acre	-The addition of a nonionic surfactant at a concentration of 0.25% or
·			7 days	10.0 to 18.0 fl oz/Acre	COC at 1.0% is recommended for optimum weed control.
			14 days	19.0 to 24.0 fl oz/Acre	-Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons spray solution per acre by air or 10 gallons spray solution per acre by
					groundUse higher rate for control of less susceptible hard to control weeds or cover crops such as alfalfa.
				,	RESTRICTIONS: -Do not use on light, sandy soil, or where moisture is

		inadequate for normal weed growthAllow 30 days between applications for this useDo not apply more than
		24.0 fl oz/acre per season for this crop.

Crop	Application	Pest	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Wheat	Post-	Listed	12.0	-Use nonionic surfactant at a concentration of 0.5%
	emergence	Broadleaf	fl oz/Acre	for optimum weed control.
		Weeds	· .	 -Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons spray solution per acre by air or 10 gallons spray solution per acre by ground. -Use higher rate on heavy soils and for control of less susceptible or hard to control weeds.
				-Some temporary herbicidal leaf speckling may appear on the crop. This effect is transient and will NOT appear on new growth.
				RESTRICTIONS: -Make a spring application once the grain has fully tillered, but before jointing.
				-Limited to one postemergence application per crop cycle.
,				-Do not apply more than 12.0 fl oz/ acre per season for this use.
			1	-Do not harvest wheat for hay or straw within 21 days of last application of this product.
				-Do not harvest wheat for grain within 60 days after last application of this product.
		,		-Do not spray before the tiller stage nor after emergence of the flag leaf.
				-Do not treat wheat that is under seeded with legumes, and do not spray winter grains in the fall.

BARLEY, RYE, AND OATS APPLICATION CHART

Crop	Application	Pest	Minimum Interval Between Application and Planting	Rate/Acre	Use Directions
Barley Rye Oats	Preplant Burndown	Listed Broadleaf Weeds	3 days	Up to 9.0 fl oz/Acre	-The addition of a nonionic surfactant at a concentration of 0.25% or
			7 days	10.0 to 18.0 fl oz/Acre	COC at 1.0% is recommended for optimum weed control.
			14 days	19.0 to 24.0 fl oz/Acre	-Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons spray solution per

spray solution per acre by ground. -Use higher rate for control of less susceptible hard to control weeds or cover crops such as alfalfa. RESTRICTIONS: -Do not use on light, sandy soil, or where moisture is inadequate for normal wee growth. -Do not apply within 3 days of plantingDo not apply more than 24		, ·	 r		
crops such as alfalfa. RESTRICTIONS: -Do not use on light, sandy soil, or where moisture is inadequate for normal wee growthDo not apply within 3 days of plantingDo not apply more than 24 fl oz/acre per season for th cropDo not make more than 3					groundUse higher rate for control
-Do not use on light, sandy soil, or where moisture is inadequate for normal wee growth. -Do not apply within 3 days of plantingDo not apply more than 24 fl oz/acre per season for th cropDo not make more than 3	·				
soil, or where moisture is inadequate for normal wee growthDo not apply within 3 days of plantingDo not apply more than 24 fl oz/acre per season for th cropDo not make more than 3				1	RESTRICTIONS:
growthDo not apply within 3 days of plantingDo not apply more than 24 fl oz/acre per season for th cropDo not make more than 3					
of plantingDo not apply more than 24 fl oz/acre per season for th cropDo not make more than 3					inadequate for normal weed growth.
fl oz/acre per season for th crop. -Do not make more than 3			·		-Do not apply within 3 days of planting.
-Do not make more than 3					-Do not apply more than 24.0 fl oz/acre per season for this
	1 7				•
season.					applications per crop

FALLOW BED AND CROP STUBBLE APPLICATION CHART

Use	Pest	Rate/Acre	Directions for Use
Preplant Burndown of Fallow Bed and Crop Stubble	Listed Broadleaf Weeds	12.0 to 24.0 fl oz/Acre	-The addition of a nonionic surfactant at a concentration of 0.25% or COC at 1.0% is recommended for optimum weed control. - Apply in a minimum of 10 gallons spray solution per acreUse higher rate for control of older, drought stressed and hard to control weedsApply to musk thistles and other biennial species while in seedling to rosette stage, and before flower stalks are initiated. RESTRICTIONS: -Do not make more than 2 applications or exceed 48.0 floz/acre per crop yearAllow a minimum of 30 days between applications for this useDo not plant any crop for 3 months after treatment or until chemical has disappeared from soilDo not disturb treated area for at least 2 weeks after treatment or until weed tops are dead.

NON-CROPLAND APPLICATION CHART

Use	Pest	Rate/Acre	Directions for Use
Non-Cropland,	Listed	12.0 to 24.0	-The addition of a nonionic surfactant at a concentration of
Uncultivated	Broadleaf	fl oz/Acre	0.25% or COC at 1.0% is recommended for optimum
Agricultural	Weeds		weed control.
Areas, CRP			- Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons spray solution per acre
Land/Set-Aside			by air or 10 gallons spray solution per acre by ground.
Acreage*			-Use higher rate for control of older and hard to control

(non food	,	weeds.
producing)		-Apply when biennial weeds are in the seedling to rosette stage, and before flower stalks become apparentApply when perennial weeds are in the bud to bloom
*Follow Federal, State, and local rules		stageExcessive injury may result from the 2,4-D component of this product if applied to young grasses with fewer than 6 leaves or prior to grasses being well established.
for use on	*	RESTRICTIONS:
grass and hay.	,	-Do not make more than 3 applications or exceed 64.0 fl oz/acre per season for this useAllow a minimum of 30 days between applications for this use.
		-Do not use of herbaceous ground covers or creeping grass such as Bent. Legumes will usually be damaged or killed.
		-Do not use on freshly seeded turf until grass is well established. Delay reseeding for 30 days.
		-Do not harvest or graze treated Conservation Reserve Program areas. Do not apply to grasses in the boot to dough stage if grass seed production is desired.

Use	Pest	Rate/Acre	Directions for Use
Noncrop Weed Control	Listed	12.0 to 32.0	-The addition of a nonionic surfactant at a
		fl oz/Acre	
Airports and airfields,	Broadleaf	ii oz/Acre	concentration of 0.25% or COC at 1.0% is
Commercial Plants,	Weeds		recommended for optimum weed control.
Storage and Lumber Yards,		000	-For control of woody species refer to
Fencelines and fence rows,	Susceptible	32 fl oz This	"BRUSH CONTROL" below for specific
Farmyards and farm	Woody	product +	instructions.
buildings,	Species	1.0 to 2.0	-Adding oil, wetting agent, or other
Barrier Strips and		lbs ae 2,4-D	surfactant to spray may be used to
Firebreaks,	•	per acre	increase effectiveness on weeds but
Equipment Areas,			doing so may reduce selectivity to turf
Nurseries and Ornamental			resulting in turf damage.
Plantings,			-Maximum kill of weeds will be obtained by
Railroads,		* *	applying in spring and early fall when
Roadside and Utility Rights-			weeds are actively growing.
of-Way,			-Apply at 20 to 40 gallons spray solution
Fuel Tank Farms and			per acre by ground.
Pumping Stations,			-Avoid contact with desired vegetation.
Dry ditches and ditchbanks,			-Use higher rate for control of older and
Vacant lots,			hard to control weeds.
or other listed agricultural			-Apply when perennial and biennial weeds
and industrial non-crop sites.			are actively growing and near the bud
			stage, but before flowering.
			-Deep rooted perennials may require
	•		repeat applications.
			, speak approach
·			RESTRICTIONS:
			-See "Brush Control" section for specific
			recommendations and restrictions.
•	,		-Do not apply by air for this use.
·			-Do not make more than 2 applications or
•			exceed 64.0 fl oz/acre per season for
			control of annual and perennial weeds.

-Allow a minimum of 30 days between applicationsDo not apply to newly seeded grasses
until well established, delay reseeding for 30 days following application.
-Do not apply when rainfall is expected within 48 hours.
 -Adding oil, wetting agent, or other surfactant to spray may be used to
increase effectiveness on weeds but doing so may reduce selectivity on to turf resulting in turf damage.
-Maximum kill of weeds will be obtained by applying in spring and early fall when
weeds are actively growing -Do not use on dichondra or other broadleaf herbaceous ground covers.
-Do not use on creeping grasses such as bent and St. Augustine except for spot
treating, nor on newly seeded turf until grass is well established.
-Do not use on herbaceous ground covers or creeping grass such as Bentgrass.
Legumes will usually be damaged or killed.

Bitterweed, Broomweed, Croton, Docks, Marshelder, Musk thistle and other Broadleaf Weeds. Use 32 fl oz of **This product** tankmixed with 1.0 lb of 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre. Use enough water to adequately cover all of the foliage, this may require up to 30 gallons of water per acre. If weeds are actively growing 32 fl oz of this product alone will provide control of some species. Deep rooted perennial weeds may require repeated treatments in the same year or in subsequent years.

Wild Garlic and Wild Onion Control: A tankmix of 32 fl oz of **This product** plus 1.0 lb of 2,4-D acid equivalent should be applied in three season specific sequential applications. Fall-Spring-Fall or Spring-Fall-Spring, starting in the late fall or early spring.

CONTROL OF SOUTHERN WILD ROSE: On roadsides and fencerows, use 32 fl oz of this product plus 2.96 lbs of 2,4-D acid equivalent with a 1% COC for optimum control. Spray thoroughly as soon as foliage is well developed. Two treatments may be required. For control of Southern Wild Rose add a maximum of 1.25 lbs of 2,4-D acid equivalent to 26 fl oz of this product per acre.

BRUSH CONTROL

WOODY PLANT CONTROL: To control woody plants susceptible to products containing 2,4-D such as Alder, Buckbrush, Cherokee rose, Elderberry, Japanese Honeysuckle, Sumac, Virginia Creeper, Wild grape and Willow on non-crop areas, use 32 fl oz of this product plus an additional 1.0 – 2.0 lbs of 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre in an adequate amount of water. Lower volume of water can be used unless applying through such equipment as Directa-Spra, Wobbler, Mini Wobbler, Spirometer. Spray brush 5 to 8 feet tall after spring foliage is well developed. Wet all parts of the plant thoroughly, including stem and foliage, to the point of runoff. Higher volumes of spray may be necessary where the brush is very dense and over 6 to 8 feet high.

Spraying can be effective at any time up to 3 weeks before frost as long as soil moisture is sufficient for active growth of the brush. Control will be less effective in mid-summer during hot dry weather when soil moisture is deficient and plants are not actively growing. Oil or wetting agent may be added to the spray

if needed for increased effectiveness. Hard to control species may require retreatment next season. In general, it is better to cut tall woody plants and spray sucker growth when 2 to 4 feet tall.

SAND SHINNERY OAK AND SAND SAGEBRUSH: On the oak use 32 fl oz of this product in 5 gallons of oil or in 4 gallons of water plus 1 gallon of oil per acre. On the sagebrush, use 32 fl oz in 3 gallons of oil per acre. Foliage should be fully expanded and actively growing before making an application.

BIG SAGEBRUSH AND RABBITBRUSH (For Pastures and Rangelands See Note Below): Use between 32 fl oz of this product alone to 32 fl oz of this product plus 2.0 lbs of 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre in 2 to 3 gallons of oil or in 3 to 5 gallons of oil-water emulsion spray. For Rabbitbrush, the highest rate of additional 2,4-D is usually required. Brush should be leafed out and growing actively when treated. Application to woody plants is limited to one application per year.

Buckbrush, Chamise, Coastal Sage, Coyotebrush, Manzanita and certain other Chaparral Species: Use between 32 fl oz of this product alone to 32 fl oz of this product plus 2.0 lbs of 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre in 5 to 10 gallons of water. One gallon of fuel oil may be included in the spray mixture for added effectiveness. Ensure applications obtain uniform spray coverage. For effective control, the brush must be fully leaved out and growing actively when sprayed. Retreatment may be needed. Consult State or local brush control specialists for the most effective rate, volume and timing of spray application.

BRUSH CONTROL USE RESTRICTIONS: This product is limited to one postemergence application to woody plants per year. No more than 32 fl oz of this product plus 2.96 lbs of 2,4-D acid equivalent in a tankmix can be applied per acre per year.

ORNAMENTAL TURF AND SODFARMS

Turfgrass Tolerance

Established turfgrasses tolerant to application of this product at labeled rates are listed below. For turfgrass species not listed on this label, the user should apply this product to a small test area to assure tolerance. A slight transitory yellowing or discoloration may occur on some sensitive turfgrass species under stress 3 to 5 days following application of this product at labeled rates. Recovery is typically 4 to 7 days from application.

Cool Season Turfgrasses (creeping bentgrass, Kentucky bluegrass, Rough bluegrass, tall fescue, perennial ryegrass). Cool season grasses, both newly seeded and established, are generally tolerant to application of this product at labeled rates. To evaluate tolerance of certain species, apply to a small test area before treating large areas to assure tolerance. Be aware and observe all label restrictions regarding turfgrass tolerance when this product is tank mixed with another product.

Warm Season Turfgrasses (common and hybrid bermudagrass, centipedegrass, St. Augustinegrass, zoysiagrass). Warm season turfgrasses listed above are generally tolerant to applications of this product at labeled rates. Centipedegrass may exibit a slight yellow 3 to 7 days after application, however complete recovery is expected. To evaluate tolerance of certain species, apply to a small test area before treating large areas to assure tolerance. Be aware and observe all label restrictions regarding turfgrass tolerance when this product is tank mixed with another product.

Newly Seeded, Sodded, or Sprigged Turfgrass

This product may be applied to newly seeded, sodded, or sprigged turfgrass that is well established and not subject to impending stress due to moisture, temperature, or other cultural practices. Areas treated with this product must not be seeded for at least 3 to 4 weeks following application.

Dormant Turfgrass

Applications of this product to dormant warm season turfgrasses are permitted. Avoid applications when warm season turfgrasses are transitioning into or out of dormancy.

For applications to ornamental turf and plantings, do not allow people (other than the applicator) or pets on treatment area during application and until sprays have dried (refer to Nonagricultural Use Requirements box). Apply this product at rates specified in the dosage table below for control of broadleaf weeds. This product is a broadleaf contact herbicide. This product may be tank mixed with other registered grass herbicides for control of grassy weeds. **Avoid contact with desirable vegetation**.

Spray Volume

This product is a contact herbicide that causes herbicidal symptoms only to plant parts that come into contact with spray applications. Therefore, proper spray volume and uniform coverage are important to maximize efficacy of this product. Uniform sprays should be applied at 40 to 180 gallons/A (0.5 to 4.5 gallons per 1000 sq. ft). Higher spray volumes should be used to target high weed populations and/or weeds contained in dense turfgrass canopies.

Use	Pest	Rate/Acre	Directions for Use
Established	Listed	32.0	-The addition of a nonionic surfactant at a
Ornamental Turf	Broadleaf	fl oz/Acre	concentration of 0.25% or COC at 1.0% is
Lawns (residential,	Weeds		recommended for optimum weed control.
industrial and			-Adding oil, wetting agent, or other surfactant to spray
institutional),	Cool Season	•	may be used to increase effectiveness on weeds but
Parks,	Grasses		doing so may reduce selectivity to turf resulting in
Cemeteries,	(Bluegrass,		turf damage.
Athletic Fields,	Fescue.		-Maximum kill of weeds will be obtained by applying
Golf Courses	Ryegrass)		in spring and early fall when weeds are actively
(fairways, aprons,	(Negrass)		growing.
tees, and roughs),	Warm Season		-Apply at 40 to 180 gallons spray solution per acre by
Sod Farms,	Grasses		
Similar Turf Areas	Giasses		ground. -Allow a minimum of 30 days between applications.
Similar Full Areas			
			-Use higher rate for control of older and hard to
			control weeds.
			-Apply when perennial and biennial weeds are
,			actively growing and near the bud stage, but before
		·	flowering.
		·	-Deep rooted perennials may require repeat
			applications.
			-Spray when air temperature is between 50-85
			degrees Fahrenheit. Avoid applying during
'			excessively dry or hot periods unless irrigation is
,			used before treatment.
			-For optimum results do not apply if rainfall is
		,	expected within 48 hours. Nor should lawns be
*		:	irrigated for 48 hours after application.
	·		RESTRICTIONS:
			-Do not apply by air for this use.
			-Do not make more than 2 applications per season
•			for this use.
		·	- Allow a minimum of 30 days between applications.
			For sod farms, allow a minimum of 21 days between
			applications.
			- applications. -Do not apply to newly`seeded grasses until well
			established.
	1		
			-Do not apply when rainfall is expected within 48
•			hours, nor should turf be irrigated for 48 hours
		L	following application.

	-Turf should not be mowed for 1 to 2 days before and after application. Reseed no sooner than 3 to 4
	weeks after application of productNot for use on golf course greens.
1	-Do not use on dichondra or other broadleaf herbaceous ground covers.
	-Do not apply to lawns or turf where clovers and carpetgrass are desirable.
	-Do not use on herbaceous ground covers or creeping grass such as Bentgrass and St.
	Augustine, except for spot treatment. Legumes will usually be damaged or killed.

Use	Pest	Rate/Acre	Directions for Use
Christmas	Listed	16.0 to 32.0	-The addition of a nonionic surfactant at a concentration of
Trees and Conifer Site	Broadleaf Weeds	fl oz/Acre	0.25% or COC at 1.0% is recommended for optimum weed control.
Preparation			-Apply at 20 to 40 gallons spray solution per acre by groundAvoid contact with desired vegetation.
			-Use higher rate for control of older and hard to control weeds.
•].		-Apply when perennial and biennial weeds are actively
			growing and near the bud stage, but before flowering.
		Ų	-Deep rooted perennials may require repeat applications.
			RESTRICTIONS:
			-Do not apply by air for this use.
			-Do not make more than 1 broadcast application or exceed
•			32.0 fl oz/acre per season for this use.
			-Do not use on dichondra or other broadleaf herbaceous
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	, , , , ,		ground covers.

PASTURE AND RANGELAND APPLICATION CHART

Use	Pest	Rate/Acre	Directions for Use
Pasture and Rangeland (established)	Listed Broadleaf Weeds	10.0 to 26.0 fl oz/Acre	-Use only on established stands of perennial grassesThe addition of a spray tank adjuvant at a concentration of 0.5% to 1.0% is recommended for optimum weed control Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons spray solution per acre by air or 10 gallons spray solution per acre by groundUse higher rate for control of less susceptible hard to control weedsAllow a minimum of 30 days between applications.
			RESTRICTIONS: -Do not make more than 2 applications or exceed 52.0 fl oz/acre per season for this use. -Do not cut forage for hay within 7 days of application. -If grass is to be cut for hay, Agricultural Use Requirements for the Worker Protection Standard are applicable. -Do not use on bentgrass, alfalfa, clover or other legumes. -Do not use on newly seeded areas until grass is well established. -Do not use from early boot to milk stage when grass seed production is desired.

Bitterweed, Broomweed, Croton, Docks, Marshelder, Musk thistle and other Broadleaf Weeds. Use 32 fl oz of this product tankmixed with 1.0 lb of 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre. Use enough water to adequately cover all of the foliage, this may require up to 30 gallons of water per acre. If weeds are actively growing 32 fl oz of this product alone will provide control of some species. Deep rooted perennial weeds may require repeated treatments in the same year or in subsequent years.

Wild Garlic and Wild Onion Control: A tankmix of 32 fl oz of this product plus 1.0 lb of 2,4-D acid equivalent should be applied in three season specific sequential applications. Fall-Spring-Fall or Spring-Fall-Spring, starting in the late fall or early spring.

CONTROL OF SOUTHERN WILD ROSE: Use 32 fl oz of this product plus 2.96 lbs of 2,4-D acid equivalent with a 1% COC for optimum control. Spray thoroughly as soon as foliage is well developed. Two treatments may be required. For control of Southern Wild Rose on rangeland add a maximum of 1.25 lbs of 2,4-D acid equivalent to 26 fl oz of this product per acre.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, feed or seed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a cool place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL [HANDLING]:

[Note to Reviewer: The following statement will be included on all Final Printed Labels bearing multiple Container Disposal (Container Handling) statements] "NOTE: This product is available in multiple containers. Refer to the Net Contents section of this products labeling for the applicable "No refillable" or "Refillable" designation. Follow the container disposal [handling] instructions below that apply to your container type / size."

[Note to Reviewer: The bracketed section headers will be included when multiple container types / sizes are listed on the label.]

[Non-refillable Containers 5 Gallons or Less:] Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.

[Non-refillable containers larger than 5 gallons:] Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the

side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

[Refillable containers larger than 5 gallons:] Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water and, if possible, spray all sides while adding water. If practical, agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

[Refillable Container:] Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Close all openings and replace all caps. Contact Nufarm's Customer Service Department at 1-800-345-3330 to arrange for return of the empty refillable container.

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER

The directions for use of this product must be followed carefully. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, (1) THE GOODS DELIVERED TO YOU ARE FURNISHED "AS IS" BY MANUFACTURER OR SELLER AND (2) MANUFACTURER AND SELLER MAKE NO WARRANTIES, GUARANTEES, OR REPRESENTATIONS OF ANY KIND TO BUYER OR USER, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OR BY USAGE OF TRADE, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, WITH REGARD TO THE PRODUCT SOLD, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, USE, OR ELIGIBILITY OF THE PRODUCT FOR ANY PARTICULAR TRADE USAGE. UNINTENDED CONSEQUENCES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED INEFFECTIVENESS, MAY RESULT BECAUSE OF SUCH FACTORS AS THE PRESENCE OR ABSENCE OF OTHER MATERIALS USED IN COMBINATION WITH THE GOODS, OR THE MANNER OF USE OR APPLICATION, INCLUDING WEATHER, ALL OF WHICH ARE BEYOND THE CONTROL OF MANUFACTURER OR SELLER AND ASSUMED BY BUYER OR USER. THIS WRITING CONTAINS ALL OF THE REPRESENTATIONS AND AGREEMENTS BETWEEN BUYER, MANUFACTURER AND SELLER, AND NO PERSON OR AGENT OF MANUFACTURER OR SELLER HAS ANY AUTHORITY TO MAKE ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OR AGREEMENT RELATING IN ANY WAY TO THESE GOODS.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO EVENT SHALL MANUFACTURER OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, OR FOR DAMAGES IN THEIR NATURE OF PENALTIES RELATING TO THE GOODS SOLD, INCLUDING USE, APPLICATION, HANDLING, AND DISPOSAL. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, MANUFACTURER OR SELLER SHALL NOT BE LIABLE TO BUYER OR USER BY WAY OF INDEMNIFICATION TO BUYER, OR TO CUSTOMERS OF BUYER, IF ANY, OR FOR ANY DAMAGES OR SUMS OF MONEY, CLAIMS OR DEMANDS WHATSOEVER, RESULTING FROM OR BY REASON OF, OR RISING OUT OF THE MISUSE, OR FAILURE TO FOLLOW LABEL WARNINGS OR INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE, OF THE GOODS SOLD BY MANUFACTURER OR SELLER TO BUYER. ALL SUCH RISKS SHALL BE ASSUMED BY THE BUYER, USER, OR ITS CUSTOMERS. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BUYER'S OR USER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY, AND MANUFACTURER'S OR SELLER'S TOTAL LIABILITY SHALL BE FOR DAMAGES NOT EXCEEDING THE COST OF THE PRODUCT.

If you do not agree with or do not accept any of directions for use, the warranty disclaimers, or limitations on liability, do not use the product, and return it unopened to the Seller, and the purchase price will be refunded.

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