

05/31/2005

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United States  
Environmental Protection Agency  
Washington, DC 20460

☐ Registration  
☒ Amendment  
☐ Other

OPP Identifier Number

### Application for Pesticide - Section I

1. Company/Product Number 71085-22	2. EPA Product Manager Jim Tompkins	3. Proposed Classification <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Restricted
4. Company/Product (Name) PROPANIL 60 DF	PM# 25	
5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) RiceCo LLC 5100 Poplar Avenue, Suite 2428 Memphis, TN 38137 <input type="checkbox"/> Check if this is a new address	6. Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) (b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No. _____ Product Name _____	

### Section - II

<input type="checkbox"/> Amendment - Explain below.	<input type="checkbox"/> Final printed labels in response to Agency letter dated _____	<b>NOTIFICATION</b> MAY 31 2005
<input type="checkbox"/> Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated _____	<input type="checkbox"/> "Me Too" Application.	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notification - Explain below.	<input type="checkbox"/> Other - Explain below.	

**Explanation:** Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and Section II.)

Notification to add a portion of a sentence inadvertently left out under Broadcast Rate section, "In California" paragraph, page 7. This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

### Section - III

1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In:					
Child-Resistant Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	Unit Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	Water Soluble Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	2. Type of Container <input type="checkbox"/> Metal <input type="checkbox"/> Plastic <input type="checkbox"/> Glass <input type="checkbox"/> Paper <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) _____		
* Certification must be submitted		If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt.	No. per container	If "Yes" Package wgt.	No. per container
3. Location of Net Contents Information <input type="checkbox"/> Label <input type="checkbox"/> Container		4. Size(s) Retail Container		5. Location of Label Directions <input type="checkbox"/>	
6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product <input type="checkbox"/> Lithograph <input type="checkbox"/> Paper glued <input type="checkbox"/> Stenciled		<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____			

### Section - IV

1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application.)		
Name M. 'Sam' Bondurant	Title Director, Regulatory Affairs	Telephone No. (Include Area Code) 901-684-5381
<b>Certification</b> I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law.		6. Date Application Received (Stamped)
2. Signature <i>M. Sam Bondurant/jb</i>	3. Title Director, Regulatory Affairs	
4. Typed Name M. 'Sam' Bondurant	5. Date May 18, 2005	

MAY 3 1 2005



# Propanil 60 DF

## Propanil Herbicide

For Postemergence Control of Broadleaf and  
Grass Weeds in Rice Fields

**Active Ingredient:**

Propanil: 3',4'-Dichloropropionanilide.....60.00%

**Inert Ingredients:**.....40.00%

**TOTAL:**.....100.00%

This product contains 0.6 lb. of 3',4' Dichloropropionanilide (Propanil) per pound of formulated product

EPA Reg. No. 71085-22

EPA Est. No. 1812-GA-01; 34704-MS-01; 62171-MS-1; 37429-GA-1; 46193-GTM-1; 68848-BRA-1;  
5905-IA-1; 5905-GA-1

## CAUTION - CAUCION

### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detallé. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

#### FIRST AID

**If Swallowed:**

- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**If in Eyes:**

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**If on Skin:**

- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**If Inhaled:**

- Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

#### AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL

DO NOT SHIP OR STORE WITH FOODS, FEEDS, DRUGS, OR CLOTHING.

FOR CHEMICAL SPILL, LEAK, FIRE OR  
EXPOSURE, CALL GLOBAL LOGISTICS  
@ (504) 439-3140 OR (504) 599-3881

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

Net Contents: 50 Lbs.

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**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS  
HAZARDS TO HUMAN AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

**CAUTION**

Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through skin or inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing spray mist or dust. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)**

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA material category selection chart

**Applicators and other handlers must wear:**

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical resistant gloves, such as polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride ->14 mils
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

**ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENTS:**

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standards (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

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**USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is toxic to shrimp. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate. This product is toxic to fish. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water intended for irrigation or domestic purposes. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from target area.

This product may contaminate water through runoff following rainfall events and by seepage through levees. This product has a high potential for runoff. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours. Levees should be constructed with adequate time prior to chemical application so that they are compacted to reduce seepage and to hold a 3-6 inch flood (2001 Mississippi Rice Grower Guide). Other guidance is located at <http://agronomy.ucdavis.edu/uccerice/water/seep.htm> and from the document "Closed Rice Water Management Systems" from the National Resource Conservation Service of USDA. The University of Arkansas Rice Production Book ([http://www.uaex.edu/other\\_areas/publications.html](http://www.uaex.edu/other_areas/publications.html)) also provides information concerning levee production.

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical prior to flooding may result in shallow groundwater contamination due to cracks in the subsoil of the rice paddy.

### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with this labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or indirectly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, documentation, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Workers Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical resistant gloves such as polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride ->14 mil
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical resistant headgear for overhead exposure

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

**Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.**

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Do not store this product near fertilizers, seeds, insecticides, or fungicides. Palletized product should not be stacked more than 3 units high. Reclose all partially used containers by tying bag top shut. Damaged or leaking containers, which contain product, that cannot be used immediately should be transferred to suitable sound containers and properly marked. Any spilled material must be thoroughly swept up and transferred to the new container or disposed of as indicated under 'Pesticide Disposal'.

For safety and prevention of unauthorized use, all pesticides should be stored in locked facilities. To prevent accidental misuse, different pesticides should be stored in separate areas with enough distance between to provide clear identification.

Opened, partially used pesticides should be stored in original containers when possible. When transfer to another container is necessary because of leakage or damage, carefully mark and identify contents of new container. Keep containers closed when not in use.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

### CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

**Paper Bags:** Empty entire contents of bag into applicator equipment. Dispose of empty bags in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or by burning if allowed by State and local authorities. If burned, stay out of smoke.

**Fiber Drums:** Empty entire contents of liner, including product residues that may have adhered to liner, into application equipment. Loosen and remove residues by shaking and tapping bottom and sides of liner. Dispose of liner and any drums that have become contaminated in a sanitary landfill or by

incineration if allowed by State and local authorities.

**Bulk:** When the container is empty, replace the cap and seal all openings that have been opened during use, and return the container to the point of purchase, or to an alternate location designated by the registrant at the point of purchase of this product. If not returned to the point of purchase or to a designated location, triple rinse or pressure rinse the empty container and offer for recycling if available.

**Instructions for Users and Refillers:**

This container must only be refilled with this pesticide. **Do Not Reuse the Container for any Other Purpose.** Do not transport if this container is damaged, leaking or obsolete, or to obtain information about recycling refillable containers, contact RiceCo LLC at 1-888-835-1313. Cleaning is not necessary prior to refilling with the same product. Clean container before final disposal. Disposal of this container must be in compliance with State and local regulations.

**Instructions for Refillers:** Prior to refilling, inspect carefully for damage, such as cracks, punctures, abrasions, worn-out threads and closure devices. Check for leaks after refilling and before transporting. If the container cannot be refilled, triple rinsed or pressure rinsed, completely empty bag into application equipment. Dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

### WEEDS CONTROLLED

Barnyardgrass (watergrass)\*, brachiaria (signalgrass), coffeeweed, crabgrass, croton, curly indigo, foxtail, goosegrass, gulf cockspur, hoorahgrass, Mexicanweed, millet (Texas), panicum (Texas), paragrass, pigweed, rice field bulrush, sesbania hemp (coffeebean), signalgrass (broadleaf), smallflower umbrella plant, sourdock, spearhead, and wiregrass.

\*In isolated instances, biotypes of Barnyardgrass may develop that cannot be effectively controlled by Propanil alone. Where these biotypes are known or suspected to be present and are found in a mixed weed population in which **PROPANIL 60 DF** is effective, a tank mixture of **PROPANIL 60 DF** herbicide at 6.7 lbs./acre ( 4lbs. active) with either Prowl ® at 1.5 to 2 pints/A, Bolero ® 8EC at 3 to 4 pints/A or Facet ® at labeled rates is recommended to control Barnyardgrass (up to 3-leaf stage). (The above directions are for use on rice grown in the southern United States only.)

Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, always read all individual manufacturers labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply.

(**PROPANIL 60 DF** will not control arrowhead, Bermudagrass, cattail, ducksalad, Johnsongrass, nutgrass, red rice and sprangletop.)

### GENERAL INFORMATION

**PROPANIL 60 DF** is used for postemergence control of broadleaf and grass weeds in RICE fields.

Several important factors should be taken into account to achieve a high efficiency of selective weed control with **PROPANIL 60 DF**. These include uniform application, growth stage and weather conditions. To assure uniform application, mix the prescribed amount of **PROPANIL 60 DF** with a sufficient volume of water to provide thorough coverage of target area. For aerial application use approximately 10 gallons of water, or for surface (ground) applications 20-30 gallons of water per acre at sufficient spray pressure. Agitate tank mixes thoroughly and continuously. Avoid over and under application.

Growth stage of weeds is very important. Best results for selective weed control are obtained when most grasses have reached the 1 to 3-leaf stage. Proper field preparation is essential to ascertain a relatively clod free and level surface to obtain uniform flood levels and growth. Fields may be flushed prior to treatment to produce uniform and vigorous grass germination and growth. Drain water from fields prior to applying **PROPANIL 60 DF**. Higher rates are recommended to control larger grasses or exposed weeds when rice fields are not completely drained. Inspect rice fields regularly to select the correct application time.

DO NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

DO NOT apply to fields where commercial catfish farming is practiced and DO NOT drain water from treated fields into areas where catfish farming is practiced.

DO NOT apply when wind conditions will allow drift to adjacent, susceptible crops such as beans, soybeans, cotton, safflower, cucurbits, vegetables, orchards (such as almonds, prunes, and grapes) and other sensitive crops.

DO NOT plant any rotational crop in treated areas within 60 days of application of **PROPANIL 60 DF**.

DO NOT apply **PROPANIL 60 DF** within 60 days of harvest.

DO NOT apply this product (directly or indirectly) to any crop except rice but DO NOT use on wild rice (*Zizania* spp.).

DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated forage within 80 days of the last application.

**ATTENTION:** Never apply **PROPANIL 60 DF** except as recommended on this label because use in any other way may result in damage or injury to persons, animals or crops, or other unintended consequences.

**DO NOT** apply **PROPANIL 60 DF** within 14 days before or after insecticide applications because serious damage to rice may occur.

#### **WEATHER CONDITIONS:**

Weather conditions must be observed closely. Under cool weather conditions, higher rates are required to achieve satisfactory control. Avoid application if rain threatens within 6 to 8 hours, or if wind velocities are high enough to cause drift and irregular spray patterns.

**Temperature:** Temperatures at and before application affect product activity in controlling target weeds. Applications should be made when daily maximum temperatures are between 75° F and 100° F. Control decreases with temperatures below 75° F and increases with temperatures above 75° F.

#### **Application Timing**

**PROPANIL 60 DF** normally requires 8 hours of DIRECT sunlight for absorption into target weeds. However many atmospheric and environmental factors can affect absorption into the target weed. It is highly recommended that application of **PROPANIL 60 DF** be planned so that the applied product remains in contact with the leaf surfaces for at least 48 hours prior to rainfall. Historically, morning applications of propanil products including **PROPANIL 60 DF** have produced better results in weed control.

#### **Wind**

Although **PROPANIL 60 DF** is less susceptible to drift than solvent-based propanil products, application should be avoided if wind velocity is high enough to cause drift or irregular spray patterns.

#### **Relative Humidity**

**PROPANIL 60 DF** is a contact herbicide, therefore, herbicidal activity is affected by humidity. High humidity and dew aid in weed control by allowing the product to remain in solution longer on the leaf surface. Low humidity decreases plant activity and thus reduces product absorption. During periods of low humidity, higher spray volumes, 12-15 gallons per acre should be used when applied aerially.

### **SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT**

The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all these factors when making application decisions. The distance from the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed  $\frac{3}{4}$  the length of the wingspan or rotor. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

**IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE:** The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets (>150-200 microns). The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. The presence of sensitive species nearby, the environmental conditions, and pest pressure may affect how an applicator balances drift control and coverage. Applying large droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions. (See Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Surface Temperature Inversions sections of this label.)

In California, applications of **Propanil 60 DF** must conform to the conditions set forth in the California Code of Regulations, Section 6462.

## Controlling Droplet Size

**Volume:** Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

**Pressure:** Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles of increasing pressure.

**Number Orientation:** Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released backward to the air stream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

**Nozzle Type:** Use nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrow spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

**Number of Nozzles:** Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

**Boom Length:** For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than  $\frac{3}{4}$  of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

**Application Height:** Applications should be made at a height **NO** greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

**Swath Adjustment:** When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.)

## WIND

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Applications should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. **NOTE:** Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

## TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up application equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

## TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion due to high drift potential. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small-suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft

smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

### **SENSITIVE AREAS**

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive area).

### **ADJUVANT AND APPLICATION AIDS:**

When **PROPANIL 60 DF** is used alone (not in combination with any other postemergent rice herbicides), a low viscosity crop oil concentrate or surfactant may be used to improve wetting of foliage and increase weed control. High viscosity crop oil concentrate products are NOT recommended for use with **PROPANIL 60 DF**. Use of a crop oil concentrate is recommended when application is made during cool weather conditions or unstable weather conditions that may produce rain. Under adverse weather conditions, the addition of a crop oil concentrate when tank mixing **PROPANIL 60 DF** and other rice herbicides for application should be considered. Consult product labels for adjuvant recommendations. The use of a suitable crop oil concentrate or surfactant does not significantly increase injury to rice (leaf tip burn). Refer to crop oil or surfactant label for proper use rate.

### **BROADCAST RATE**

Apply 5 pounds of **PROPANIL 60 DF** per acre when most grasses have reached 1 to 3-leaf stage. Use 6.67 to 10 pounds of **PROPANIL 60 DF** per acre when the grasses are large (4 to 6-leaf stage) or when unseasonably cool weather conditions prevail, grass and broadleaf weeds are stressed due to dry conditions or in cases where the rice fields have not been drained completely and where weeds are large enough.

Barnyardgrass may be controlled up to 30 to 45 days after planting, before rice plants have reached the fully tillered growth stage.

**NOTE:** **PROPANIL 60 DF** applied to rice after the 4-leaf stage may cause visible injury under some climatic conditions. Rice plants usually outgrow such injury.

**NOTE:** Water drained from treated rice fields must not be used to irrigate other crops or be released within ½ mile upstream of a potable water intake in flowing water (i.e. river, stream, etc.) or within ½ mile of a potable water intake in a standing body of water (i.e. lake, pond or reservoir).

**IN CALIFORNIA:** Use **PROPANIL 60 DF** only where rice fields are not completely drained or a minimal amount of water remains. If higher water level is desired, reflood field after 12 hours and before 7 days after treatment. This will discourage new weed infestations. Do not apply **PROPANIL 60 DF** within 14 days before or after insecticide applications. Serious injury to rice may occur.

### **SPRAY MIXTURE PREPARATION**

#### ***Wet Spray Application***

Thoroughly mix **PROPANIL 60 DF** with clean water (water that is free of sediment and agricultural chemicals) in the spray tank. Do not use water from paddies. Only approved drift control agents, e.g. Chemtrol ®, may be used with **PROPANIL 60 DF**. Do not use any other additives except as directed by this label.

To ensure uniform mixing and application, agitate the mixture before application. If the mixture is not sprayed immediately after agitation, reagitate it before application. Always apply **PROPANIL 60 DF** spray preparations within 24 hours of product mixing, or the product may degrade.



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Do not store **PROPANIL 60 DF** in nurse tanks or any other tanks used to store or transport clean water. Install one-way valves (anti-siphoning devices) on lines and hoses of mixing/loading equipment to prevent contamination of nurse tanks or other clean water sources.

Mixing and application equipment exposed to **PROPANIL 60 DF** cannot be used for anything other than rice applications until it has been cleaned according to the procedures in the Sprayer Cleanup section of this label.

**Additional Mixing Instructions (wet spray)**

1. Fill the tank 1/4 to 1/3 full of clean water.
2. While agitating, add the required amount of **PROPANIL 60 DF**.
3. Continue agitation until the **PROPANIL 60 DF** is fully dispersed, at least 5 minutes.
4. Once the **PROPANIL 60 DF** is fully dispersed, maintain agitation and continue filling the tank with water. The **PROPANIL 60 DF** should be thoroughly mixed with water before adding any other material.
5. As the tank is filling, add the required tank mix partner (other labeled rice herbicides, adjuvants, drift control agents, etc.).
6. If the mixture is not continuously agitated, settling may occur. If settling occurs, thoroughly re-agitate before using.
7. Apply **PROPANIL 60 DF** spray preparations within 24 hours of product mixing, or the product may degrade.

If **PROPANIL 60 DF** and a tank mix partner are to be applied in multiple loads, pre-slurry the **PROPANIL 60 DF** in clean water prior to adding to the tank. This will prevent the tank mix partner from interfering with the dissolution of the **PROPANIL 60 DF**.

**CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARRANTY**

**RICECO AND SELLER OFFER THIS PRODUCT AND THE BUYER AND USER ACCEPTS THIS PRODUCT UNDER THE FOLLOWING AGREED CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARRANTY.**

The directions for use of this product are believed to be reliable and should be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to take into account all variables and to eliminate all risks associated with its use. Injury or damage may result because of conditions, which are beyond the control of RiceCo or the seller. RiceCo warrants only that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is believed to be reasonably fit for the purposes referred to in the Directions for Use when used as directed under normal conditions. RICECO MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR MERCHANTABILITY OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY. In no case shall RiceCo or the Seller be liable for consequential, special or indirect damage resulting from the use or handling of this product. Any variation or exception from this warranty must be in writing and signed by an authorized RiceCo representative.



**RiceCo LLC**

**5100 Poplar Avenue, Suite 2428  
Memphis, TN 38137 USA**

PROPANIL 60 DF is a registered trademark of RiceCo LLC  
Bolero is the registered trademark of Valent Agricultural Products  
Facet is the registered trademark of BASF  
Prowl is the registered trademark of BASF  
Chemtrol is the registered trademark of Chemorse  
9804-2/2/05  
Stamped accepted 2-5-05



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**FEDERAL EXPRESS TRK. NO. 7900 2494 2315**

May 18, 2005

Document Processing Desk (NOTIF)  
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504C)  
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency  
Room 266A, Crystal Mall 2  
1921 Jefferson Davis Highway  
Arlington, VA 22202-4501

**RE: PROPANIL 60 DF, EPA REG. NO. 71085-22  
NOTIFICATION AMENDMENT**

Dear Sir or Madam:

Enclosed please find the following in support of our notification amendment:

- 1 – Notification Amendment Application Form (8570-1)
- 1 – Copy of Revised Labeling

This notification is to insert the remainder of a sentence that was inadvertently left out. This appears under the Broadcast Rate section in the paragraph that begins with "In California". The inserted text is in red for your easy reference. No other changes have been made to the label..

If further information is needed, please contact me by telephone @ (901) 684-5381 or by email at [sam.bondurant@ricecollc.com](mailto:sam.bondurant@ricecollc.com).

Sincerely,

RiceCo LLC

*M. Sam Bondurant/js*

M. 'Sam' Bondurant  
Director, Regulatory Affairs

Encls.  
MSB/js

*"...from the paddy to the plate"*