



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Ms. Judy Smith Product Registration RiceCo. LLC 5100 Poplar Ave., Suite 2428 Memphis, TN 38137 MAR 26 2010

SUBJECT:

Application for Pesticide Notification (PRN 98-10)

Request Alternate Brand Name "Herbax 36 EC"

EPA Reg. No.71085-3

Application Dated March 1, 2010

Dear Ms. Smith:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 dated 03/01/10 for the above product. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action(s) requested fall within the scope of PRN 98-10. The label submitted with the application has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

If you have any questions, please call me directly at 703-305-6249 or Owen F. Beeder of my staff at 703-308-8899.

Sincerely,

Linda Arrington

Notifications & Minor Formulations Team Leader Registration Division (7505P)

Office of Pesticide Programs

lease read instructions on re	everse before compleți	oa form.			Form	n Approved. OMB No. 2070-0060	
≎EPA	ion Agency		Registratio Amendmen Other				
		Applicatio	n for Pesticide -	Section	. Iļ		
1. Company/Product Number 71085-3			2. EPÄ Product Manager Jim Tompkins			3. Proposed Classification X None Restricted	
4. Company/Product (Name) PROPANIL 36%			PM# 25	PM#			
5. Name and Address of Application RiceCo LLC 5100 Poplar Avenue, S Memphis, TN 38137	odej	6. Expedited Reveiw. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) (b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No.					
	7.0 0 7.017 0007 000		Product Na	me			
			Section - II				
Amendment - Explain Resubmission in resp	r dated	Agend	orinted labe by letter dat oo" Applica - Explain be	OTIFICATION MAR 2 6 2010			
1. Material This Product Will Child-Resistant Packaging Yes No		be subject to er	Section - III Water Soluble Packagin Yes No		2. Type of Con		
Certification must be submitted If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt. No. per Unit Packaging wgt.				No. per container Paper Other (Specify)			
3. Location of Net Contents Information 4. Size(s) Ro		4. Size(s) Reta	iil Container 5. Location of L		cation of Label D	irections	
5. Manner in Which Label is	Affixed to Product	× Lithogr Paper of Stencilo	aph slued ed	Other			
			Section - IV				
I. Contact Point (Complete	items directly below f	for identification	of individual to be conta	cted, if nec	essary, to proces	s this application.)	
_{lame} Judy Smith			Regulatory Consultant		1	Telephoné No. (Include Area Code)	
	y knowlinglly false or		tion all attachments thereto ar ement may be punishable		c urate and complet imprisonment of		
2. Signature			****			666 6 66	
Judy Sports			Regulatory Consu	Itant	ι		
Judy Smith			. Date				



VIA FEDERAL EXPRESS TRK # 7984 3122 9676

March 1, 2010

Document Processing Desk 7505P (NOTIF)
Office of Pesticide Programs
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
One Potomac Yard – Room S-4900
2777 South Crystal Drive
Arlington, VA 22202-4501

RE: PROPANIL 36% - EPA REG. NO. 71085-3

NOTIFICATION AMENDMENT - ALTERNATE NAME

HERBAX 36 EC

Dear Mr. Tompkins:

Enclosed please find the following in support of our Notification Amendment for the above referenced product:

1

8570-1 Notification Amendment Form

2

Revised Labels

RiceCo LLC is adding an additional alternate name of Herbax 36 EC. No other changes were made to the label.

If you have questions/comments, please do not hesitate to contact me by telephone @ (901) 684-5390 or via email @ <u>riceco.reg@ricecollc.com</u>.

Sincerely,

RICECO LLC

Judy Smith

Regulatory Consultant

Encls.

"...from the paddy to the plate"



NOTIFICATION MAR 2 6 2010

HERBAX 36 EC

Herbicide

For Postemergence Control of Broadleaf and Grass Weeds in Rice Fields

Active Ingredient:

Propanil (3',4'-Dichloropropionanilide)

35.00%w/w 65.00%w/w

Other Ingredients:

TOTAL

100.00%

This product contains 36% wt/vol of propanil per gallon.

Contains Petroleum distillates.

EPA Registration No. 71085-3

EPA Establishment No.: 34704-MS-1;

5905-GA-1; 5905-IA-1; 62171-MS-1;

37429-GA-1; 68848-BRA-1; 46193-GTM-

4; 1812-GA-1

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN **CAUTION**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID				
If inhaled	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then g artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. 			
	• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.			
If on skin or	Take off contaminated clothing.			
clothing	• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.			
	• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.			
If in eyes	• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.			
	• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, the continue rinsing eye.			
	• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.			
If swallowed	• Immediately call a poison control center or doctor.			
	• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a posson control center or doctor			
	• Do not give any liquid to the person.			
	• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.			
<u> </u>				

FOR 24-HOUR EMERGENCY MEDICAL ASSISTANCE, CALL 1-800-F-A-S-T-M-E-D (327-8633)

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY: Spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident, call GLOBAL LOGISTICS @ (504) 439-3140 or (727) 374-5707

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Contains petroleum distillates. May cause chemical pneumonitis if aspirated. If lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophagoscopic control.

AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS DO NOT SHIP OR STORE WITH FOOD, FEEDS, DRUGS OR CLOTHING.

Net Contents:

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through skin, or inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are barrier laminate or butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category B on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Mixers, loaders, ground applicators, and handlers cleaning up spills or equipment or otherwise exposed to the concentrate and handlers removing an unrinsed probe must wear the following:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Chemical-resistant gloves,
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks,
- Protective eyewear, if the system operates under pressure, and
- Chemical-resistant apron when mixing and loading.

Pilots and handlers removing a triple-rinsed probe must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt
- Long pants
- Shoes and socks.

See Engineering Controls for additional requirements.



USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Discard clothing or other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Mixers and loaders must either:

(1) use a closed system that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for dermal protection of agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4),

OR

(2) Use the probe system described below:

PROBE SYSTEM

Specific requirements for use of the probe closed mixing/loading system:

- ✓ Remove plug from bung of drum containing this product only when drum is sitting on the ground or on a secure level platform, with the bung end of the drum pointed up.
- ✓ Do not pour this product from its drum.
- ✓ Transfer product from the drum to the mixing tank by use of suction hose connected at one end to the suction pump on the mixing tank and connected at the other end to a probe (dip tube) that is inserted through the bung opening into the drum.
- ✓ Do not handle the probe or bung in a manner that allows dripping or splattering of the product onto yourself or any other person.
- ✓ Do not touch the portion of the probe that has been in contact with this product until after the probe has been triple rinsed with water.
- ✓ If all of the product is removed from the drum, then triple rinse the probe while it remains inside the drum.

UN-RINSED PROBES

- ✓ If an un-rinsed probe must be removed from the drum, then use an anti-drip flange, and immediately transfer the probe into a container of rinse water. The anti-drip flange must be designed to remove excess propanil product from the probe as it is extracted from the drum.
- ✓ Take the following steps if the probe must be disconnected from the suction hose before both the probe and the hose have been triple rinsed:
 - (1) Equip the probe end of the hose with a shut off valve,
 - (2) Install a dry break coupling between the valve and the probe,
 - (3) Close the shut-off valve before disconnecting the probe.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR ALL TRANSFER SYSTEMS

In addition, mixers and loaders using all systems must:

- --wear the personal protective equipment required in the PPE section of this labeling for mixers and loaders,
- --wear protective eyewear, if the system operates under pressure, and
- --when using a system that meets the requirements in the WPS as a closed system or using a probe system when the probe is not removed, chemical-resistant footwear must be provided, be immediately available, and be used in an emergency, such as a broken package, spill, or equipment breakdown.

All systems must be capable of removing the pesticide from the shipping container and transferring it into mixing tanks and/or application equipment. At any disconnect point, the system must be equipped with a dry disconnect or dry couple shut-off device that is warranted by the manufacturer to minimize drippage.

Flaggers: Human flagging is prohibited. Flagging to support aerial application is limited to use of the Global Positioning System (GPS) or mechanical flaggers.

Enclosed Cabs for Aerial Applicators: Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6).

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters or rinsate. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas.

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical prior to flooding may result in shallow groundwater contamination due to cracks in the subsoil of the rice paddy

This product may contaminate water through runoff following rainfall events and by seepage through levees. This product has a high potential for runoff. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours. Levees should be constructed with adequate time prior to chemical application so that they are compacted to reduce seepage and to hold a 3-6 inch flood.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restrictedentry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- coveralls
- chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material.
- chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- protective eyewear

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Open dumping is prohibited. Do not store this product near fertilizers, seeds, insecticides, or fungicides. Do not store near heat or open flame. Containers should not be stacked more than 4 containers high. Reclose all partially used containers by thoroughly tightening bungs. Damaged or leaking containers which contain product that cannot be used immediately should be transferred to suitable sound containers and properly marked. Absorb any spill with a suitable clay absorbent and dispose of as indicated under 'Pesticide Disposal'.

Keep containers closed when not in use.

For safety and prevention of unauthorized use, all pesticides should be stored in locked facilities.

To prevent accidental misuse, different pesticides should be stored in separate areas with enough distance between to provide clear identification.

Opened, partially used pesticides should be stored in original containers when possible. When transfer to another container is necessary because of leakage or damage, carefully mark and identify contents of the new container.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

Nonrefillable Container: Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying.

Nonrefillable Containers 5 gallons to bulk: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on the side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

DO NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

DO NOT contaminate water intended for irrigation or domestic purposes.

DO NOT apply when weather conditions favor drift from target area.

DO NOT plant or transplant crops in the treated area for at least 60 days following an application of this product.

DO NOT apply more than 2 gallons Herbax 36 EC (6 lbs. active ingredient) per acre per application. Do not apply more than 2.67 gallons Herbax 36 EC (8 lbs. active ingredient) per acre per season.

Applications to fields where catfish farming is practiced and draining water from treated fields into areas where catfish farming is practiced is prohibited.

DO NOT apply this product (directly or indirectly) to any crop except rice.

DO NOT apply when wind conditions will allow drift to adjacent, susceptible crops such as beans, soybeans, cotton, safflower, cucurbits, vegetables, orchards and other sensitive crops.

DO NOT harvest within 60 days of application.

Water drained from treated rice fields must not be used to irrigate other crops or be released within 1/2 mile upstream of a potable water intake in flowing water (i.e., river, stream, etc.) or within 1/2 mile of a potable water intake in a standing body of water such as a lake, pond, or reservoir.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

Barnyardgrass (watergrass)

Echinochloa crus-gallie

Brachiaria Brachiaria platyphylla
Coffeeweed Sesbania herbacea
Crabgrass Digitaria spp.
Croton Croton spp.

Curly indigo Aeschynomene virginica

Foxtail Setaria spp.
Goosegrass Eleusine indica

Gulf cockspur Echinochloa crus-pavonia Mexicanweed Caperonia castanifolia

Millet (Texas)

Paragrass

Urochloa texana

Urochloa mutica

Pigweed

Amaranthus spp.

Sourdock

Spearhead

Wiregrass

Urochloa mutica

Amaranthus spp.

Rumex arcticus

Phacelia hastata

Wiregrass

Aristida spp.

(This product will not control arrowhead, Bermudagrass, cattail, ducksalad, Johnsongrass, nutgrass, red rice and sprangletop).

GENERAL INFORMATION

Several important factors should be taken into account to achieve a high efficiency of selective weed control with propanil. These include uniform application, growth stage and weather conditions. To assure uniform application, shake or roll container prior to opening and mix the prescribed amount of product with a sufficient volume of carrier to provide thorough coverage of target area. For aerial applications use approximately 10 gallons, and for surface (ground) applications 20-30 gallons of carrier per acre at high enough pressure. Agitate tank mixes thoroughly and continuously. Avoid over and under application.

Growth stage of weeds is very important. Best results for selective weed control are obtained when most grasses have reached the 1 to 3-leaf stage. Proper field preparation is essential to ascertain a relatively clod free and level surface and to obtain uniform flood levels and growth. Fields may be flushed prior to treatment to produce uniform and vigorous grass germination and growth. Drain water from fields prior to applying product. Higher listed rates are recommended to control larger grasses or exposed weeds when rice fields are not completely drained. Inspect rice fields regularly to select the correct application time.

Weather conditions must be observed closely. Under cool weather conditions higher rates are required to achieve satisfactory control. Avoid application if rain threatens within 6 to 8 hours, or if wind velocities are high enough to cause drift and irregular spray patterns.

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

<u>Temperature</u>: Temperatures at and before application affect product activity in controlling target weeds. Applications should be made when daily maximum temperatures are between 75°F and 100°F. Control decreases with temperatures below 75°F and increases with temperatures above 75°F.

<u>Application Timing:</u> This product normally requires 8 hours of DIRECT sunlight after application for absorption into target weeds; however, many atmospheric and environmental conditions can affect absorption into the target weeds. It is highly recommended that application of product be planned so that the applied product remains in contact with the leaf surfaces for at least 48 hours prior to rainfall or flooding. Historically, morning applications of Propanil products, including HERBAX 36 EC, have produced better results in weed control.

<u>Relative Humidity:</u> This product is a contact herbicide; therefore, herbicidal activity is affected by humidity. High humidity and dew aid in weed control by allowing the product to remain in solution longer on the leaf surface. Low humidity decreases plant activity and thus reduces product absorption. During periods of very low humidity, higher spray volumes, 8-10 gallons per acre, should be used when applied aerially.

<u>Soil Moisture</u>: Under dry conditions grass and broadleaf weeds are less susceptible to control. Higher rates of product, up to 6 quarts per acre, should be used to achieve control.

<u>Wind:</u> Avoid application if wind velocity is high enough to cause drift of the application spray off the target site or irregular spray patterns.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Avoiding spray drift at the application is the responsibility of the applicator and the grower. The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering these factors when making application decisions.

Additional requirements for ground applications:

Apply using a nozzle height of no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.

Information on Droplet Size

Apply as a medium or coarser spray (ASAE standard 572). The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets (>150-200 microns). The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. The presence of sensitive species nearby, the environmental conditions, and pest pressure may affect how an applicator balances drift control and coverage. Applying large droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions. (See Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Surface Temperature Inversions sections of this label.)

Controlling Droplet Size

Volume – Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure – Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzles types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles of increasing pressure.

Nozzle Orientation – Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the air stream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Number of Nozzles – Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Boom Length

The boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade diameter.

Application Height

Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the ground or crop canopy. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a cross-wind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

Wind

Apply only when the wind speed is less than or equal to 10 mph at the application site. Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 3-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 3 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

Do not make any type of application into temperature inversions. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small-suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

Do not apply by air if drift can occur to sensitive nontarget crops or plants that are within 100 feet of the application site. Sensitive areas include, but are not limited to, residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, and non-target crops.

EMERGENCY RELEASE PROVISION

Water holding (discharge) intervals for flood water following propanil application in all states.

For delayed flood (water-seeded) rice grown south of Interstate Highway 10 from the Texas/Louisiana border to Houston and east of State Highway 35 from Houston to Port Lavaca – Flood water must be held for 10 days after application, unless excessive rainfall completely submerges the rice crop and forces premature release. For Texas rice grown in areas north or west of these boundaries, the water holding interval will be 7 days.

For delayed flood (water-seeded) rice in Southern Louisiana south of Highway 14 – Flood water must be held for 15 days after propanil application unless excessive rainfall completely submerges the rice crop and forces premature release. Delayed flood (water-seeded) rice in Louisiana, north of Highway 14 boundary, is subject to the 7-day water holding interval provisions.

For rice in California and all other parts of the US not mentioned above – Flood water must be held for 7 days after application, unless excessive rainfall completely submerges the rice crop and forces premature release.

ADJUVANTS AND APPLICATION AIDS:

When this product is used alone (not in combination with any other postemergent rice herbicide), a low viscosity crop oil concentrate or surfactant may be used to improve wetting of foliage and increase weed control. Use of a crop oil concentrate is recommended when application is made during cool weather conditions or unstable weather conditions that may produce rain. Under adverse weather conditions, the addition of a crop oil concentrate when tank mixing this product and other rice herbicides for application should be considered. Consult product labels for adjuvant recommendations. The use of a suitable crop oil concentrate or surfactant does not significantly increase injury to rice (leaftip burn.)

Consult Extension Service for detailed application advice.

BROADCAST RATE

Apply 3 quarts of product per acre when most grasses have reached the 1 to 3-leaf stage. Use 5 1/3 to 8 quarts of product per acre when the grasses are large (4 to 6 leaf stage) or when unseasonably cool weather conditions prevail, grass and broadleaf weeds are stressed due to dry conditions or in cases where rice fields have not been drained completely and where weeds are large enough.

Barnyardgrass may be controlled up to 30 to 45 days after planting, before rice plants have reached the fully tillered growth stage.

NOTE: Product applied to rice after the 4-leaf stage may cause visible injury under some climatic conditions. Rice plants usually outgrow such injury.

Not registered for use in California.

SPRAY MIXTURE PREPARATION

Wet Spray Application

Thoroughly mix this product with clean water (water that is free of sediment and agricultural chemicals) in the spray tank. Do not use water from paddies. Only approved drift control agents may be used with HERBAX 36 EC. Do not use any other additives except as directed by this label.

To ensure uniform mixing and application, agitate the mixture before application. If the mixture is not sprayed immediately after agitation, re-agitate it before application. Always apply spray preparation within 24 hours of product mixing, or the product may degrade.

Do not store in nurse tanks or any other tanks used to store or transport clean water. Install one-way valves (anti-siphoning devices) on lines and hoses of mixing/loading equipment to prevent contamination of nurse tanks or other clean water sources.

Mixing and application equipment exposed to this product cannot be used for anything other than rice applications until it has been cleaned according to the procedures in the Sprayer Cleanup section of this label.

Additional Mixing Instructions (wet spray)

- 1. Fill the tank ½ to 1/3 full of clean water.
- 2. While agitating, add the required amount of HERBAX 36 EC.
- 3. Continue agitation until the product is fully dispersed, at least 5 minutes.
- 4. Once the HERBAX 36 EC is fully dispersed, maintain agitation and continue filling the tank with water. The product should be thoroughly mixed with water before adding any other material.
- 5. As the tank is filling, add the required tank mix partner (other labeled rice herbicides, adjuvants, drift control agents, etc.).
- 6. If the mixture is not continuously agitated, settling may occur. If settling occurs, thoroughly re-agitate before using.
- 7. Apply spray preparations within 24 hours of product mixing, or the product may degrade.
- 8. If product and a tank mix partner are to be applied in multiple loads, pre-slurry the product in clean water prior to adding to the tank. This will prevent the tank mix partner from interfering with the dissolution of the HERBAX 36 EC.

SPRAYER CLEANUP

Before using equipment exposed to this product to treat another crop, clean the sprayer and any other equipment (loading hoses, batch tanks, etc.) using the following procedure:

- 1. Steam-clean tank using a non-chlorine-based detergent, taking care to remove all physical residues.
- 2. Thoroughly rinse sprayer, tanks, boom, and hoses with clean water (free of sediment and agricultural chemicals).
- 3. Fill the tank one-half full with clean water and add Nutrasol at 32 oz. per 100 gal. of water. Fill the tank to capacity with clean water. Flush the nozzles, boom, and hoses, and agitate (and recirculate, if possible) the sprayer for 15 minutes. Drain the equipment, taking care to flush the boom and hoses thoroughly.
- 4. Rinse tanks, hoses and nozzles with clean water to remove Nutrasol.
- 5. Fill the tank one-half full with clean water and add 1 gal. of 21% ammonia or 7 gal. of 3% ammonia per 100 gal. of water. Fill the tank to capacity with clean water. Flush the nozzles, boom, and hoses and agitate (and recirculate, if possible) the sprayer for 15 minutes. Drain the equipment, taking care to flush the boom and hoses thoroughly.
- 6. Remove nozzles, screens, and strainers, and clean them separately.
- 7. Rinse tanks, booms, and hoses with clean water.
- 8. Repeat steps 5 and 7 an additional 3 times.
- 9. Rinse tanks, booms, and hoses to remove all traces of ammonia.
- · 10. Water rinses may be applied to rice fields. Dispose of bleach rinses at an approved waste disposal facility.

NOTE: When applying multiple loads of this product several days in a row, the following procedure must be performed at the end of each day; partially fill the tank with fresh water, flush the boom and hoses, and allow to sit overnight.

ATTENTION: Do not use chlorine bleach with ammonia. All traces of liquid fertilizer containing ammonia, ammonium nitrate or ammonium sulphate must be rinsed from the mixing and application equipment using water before adding chlorine bleach solution. Failure to do so will release a gas with a musty chlorine odor that can cause eye, nose, and throat and lung irritation. Do not clean equipment in an enclosed area.

Perform cleanup procedures on batch tanks and any other mixing equipment separately from aircraft hoppers. Take care to clean loading hoses and any other equipment or surfaces exposed to this product.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARRANTY

SELLER OFFERS THIS PRODUCT AND THE BUYER AND USER ACCEPTS THIS PRODUCT UNDER THE FOLLOWING AGREED CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARRANTY.

The directions for use of this product are believed to be reliable and should be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to take into account all variables and to eliminate all risks associated with its use. Injury or damage may result because of conditions, which are beyond the control of the Seller. Seller warrants only that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is believed to be reasonably fit for the purposes

referred to in the Directions for Use when used as directed under normal conditions. To the extent consistent with applicable law SELLER MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR MERCHANTABILITY OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY. To the extent consistent with applicable law, in no case shall the Seller be liable for consequential, special, or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. Any variation or exception from this warranty must be in writing and signed by an authorized representative of Seller.

RiceCo LLC 5100 Poplar Avenue, Suite 2482 Memphis, TN 38137



0508/0309