| 71085  | -2  |   | 12-17   | 1-200  | 2                   |  |                            | ]  |
|--|---|---|---|--|---------------------|--|----------------------------|--|
| SEPA   | Environmenta  | inited States   | _   |  | pproved             | Registrat Amendm Other                 | ion                        | O. Approval expires 2-28-9 OPP Identifier Number |
|  |   | Applicatio  | n for Pes   | ticide - Se  | ction               | 1                                      |                            |  |
| 1. Company/Product Number<br>71085-2   |   |   |   | EPA Product Me<br>n Tompkins                               | snager              |  | 3, Pro                     | posed Classification                             |
| 4. Company/Product (Name)<br>Propanil 4 (Alternate na  | ame - Blue Drum)  |   | PM<br>25  |  |                     |  |                            |  |
| 5. Name and Address of App   | olicant <i>(Include ZIP Co</i>  | de)   |   | •  |                     |  |                            | FIFRA Section 3(c)(3)                            |
| RiceCo LLC<br>5100 Poplar Avenue,<br>Memphis, TN 38137   | Suite 2428  |   | :   |  |                     |  |                            | Mposition and labeling                           |
| Check if this  | is a new address  |   | Pi  | roduct Name  |                     | DI                                     | EC 1 7                     | 2002   |
|  |   |   | Section   | n - II   |                     |  |                            |  |
|  | onse to Agency letter   | dated   |   | Agency le  | tter dat<br>Applica | stion.                                 | to<br>10/2°                | 1/02   |
| Notification - Explain   |   |   |   | Other - Ex   | kpiain be           | BIOW.                                  |                            |  |
| Final printed label for Blue Dr<br>This notification is consistent<br>labeling or the confidential sta<br>EPA. I further understand tha<br>FIFRA and I may be subject to | with the provisions of F<br>atement of formula of that<br>it if this notification is no | PR Notice 98-10<br>his product. I un<br>ot consistent wit | and EPA regulaterstand that in the terms of order sections 1. | t is a violation of<br>PR Notice 98-10<br>2 and 14 of FIFR | 18 U.S.0<br>and 40  | C. Sec. 1001 to                        | willfully n                | nake any false statement to                      |
|  |   |   | Section   | - [[]  |                     |  |                            |  |
| 1. Material This Product Will  | Be Packaged in:   |   | <del>-  </del>  |  |                     | т                                      |                            |  |
| Child-Resistant Packaging  | Unit Packaging  |   | Water Solu  | ble Packaging  |                     | 2. Type of C                           |                            |  |
| Yes  | Yes   |   | Yes   |  |                     |  | Metal<br>Plastic           |  |
| No * Certification must  | If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt.  | No. per<br>container                                      | If "Yes" Package w  | No. per  |                     |  | Glass<br>Paper<br>Other (S | pacify)  |
| be submitted   |   |   |   |  |                     |  |                            |  |
| Label C  | nformation<br>ontainer  | 4. Size(s) Ret  | ail Container   |  | 5. Lo               | cation of Labe                         | Directio                   | ns   |
| 5. Manner in Which Label is  | Affixed to Product  | Lithog<br>Paper<br>Stenci                                 | raph<br>glued<br>led  | Oth  | ner                 |  |                            |  |
|  |   |   | Section   | - IV   |                     | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |                            |  |
| 1. Contact Point   Complete  | items directly below f  | or identification   | n of individual   | to be contacted  | d, if nec           | essary, to proc                        | ess this                   | epplication.                                     |
| Name<br>M. 'Sam' Bondurant   |   |   | Tiţle<br>Director, Reg  | gulatory Affairs   |                     |  | elephone<br>901 - 684      | No. (Include Area Code)                          |
| I certify that the stater<br>I acknowledge that an<br>both under applicable i  | knowlinglly false or  |   | tion<br>all attachment  | ts thereto are tr  | ue, accı            |  |                            | 6. Date Application Received (Stamper)           |
| 2. Signature   |   |   | 3. Title  Director, Regulatory Affairs                        |  |                     |  |                            |  |
| M. Sam ;   | Jandurant/  | _}s \   |   | rmano  |                     | ······································ |                            | ₹ .<br>•   |
| H. Typed Name<br>M. 'Sam' Bondurant  |   | 0   | 5. Date   | November   | 18, 20              | 002                                    |                            | , S  |
| PA Form 8570-1 (Rev. 3-94)   | Previous editions are   | obsolete.   |   | w  | hite - El           | PA File Copy (                         | original)                  | Yellow - Applicant Copy                          |

# NOTIFICATION DEC 1 7 2002



For Postemergent Control of Broadleaf and Grass Weeds in Rice Fields.

**Active Ingredient:** 

Propanil (3',4'-Dichloropropionanilide)

43.50%

**Inert Ingredients:** 

56.50%

TOTAL

100.00%

This product contains 4 lbs. of 3',4'-Dichloropropionanilide per gallon.

EPA Registration No. 71085-2 EPA Establishment No. 34704-MS-01

**Net Contents:** 20 Lts./200 Ltrs./ 30 U.S. Gallons/35 U.S. Gallons

This product contains the toxic inert isopherone.



#### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

| - 2 power as an intending, and 10 or an aprilation time give antifical incoments preferable by month-o-prouds, if powers  - 1 to a power or power of order for trains requires above.  1 to a but   |                   | FIRST AID   |
|---|-------------------|---|
| - Week also membership with plent of a real for 15 M members of the company of t | if educed         | <ul> <li>It person to not breathing, call 411 or an applicable theoryte artificial responsible preferably by ground-re-mouth, if possible;</li> </ul>                                 |
| ** Kanner critical cleans of particular field of the "station from continue month of the "critical cleans" of the particular cleans of the "critical cleans" of the "criti |                   | - Wash also remembately with plently of water for 35 20 menutes.  |
| * United below restillar places add to be 19-a peach order counts or public * For one per signification below to be present * For one yet weighted to be present * For one yet weighted to be accessional present  * FOR CHEMICAL PROBLEM CONTROL OF THE PROBLEM CONTROL ASSISTANCE. CALL 1988 F.A.S.T.M.E.D.OZT.RAS.  * FOR CHEMICAL PUBLICATION OF THE L. L. PARE, PERFORM RE, ON FOTDER TY, CALL CARRACL LOCKSTICS AT 1984 AND 1884 1987 1988 1987 1988 1987 1988 1988 1988  | Enec              | * Kornere contact legens, if present, after the first * manufac, then continue manne eve  |
| FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY: SPILL, LEAK, PIRE, EXPOSE RE, ON A CIDENT, CALL GLOBAL LOGISTICS AT 1546 RM-356 (RM-566) 595-3681<br>How the product container or hold with your whom calling a polone control or decor. or point for treatment.  | P mail and        | * (A) that make a vertilating various held for do no by a present control a control or do no by   for more given any depart on the person   * for more given any depart on the person |
| Lawre on Millerings   |                   | FOR CHEMICAL ENERGENCY: SPILE, LEAK, FIRE, EXPOSURE, OR ACCIDENT, CALL GLOBAL LOGISTICS AT 1540 499-3440 OR 1544 599-3481   |
| Crotions potentiam distribute. May make chemical procuration of superiod. If large in performed, suggest endotreduct) makes cooping procepts control.   | Creature petroles | NOTE TO MITSKIAN an assistate. Man cause chemical preumonate of aspecied. If large is performed, suggest endotradued under except practice county.                                    |

#### NOT SHIP ON STONE WITH POOD, PEEDS, DRUGS OF CLOTHING

### PRECALTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

If illustrate pressure \*\*PERSONAL PROFESTION DESIGNATION OF THE DESIGN

UNEASTERS on COMMISSION OF COM

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical parts to flowing man would no study a groundwater contamination due to study

#### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL RAZARDS

TO DOCUMENT SUITE DIST DESCRIPTION OPEN TRADS.

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION
Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

|                           | FIRST AID   |
|---------------------------|---|
| If inhaled                | Move person to fresh air.     If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.     Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice, |
| If on skin or<br>clothing | Take off contaminated clothing. Do not reuse contaminated clothing until faundered. Wash skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice if irritation continues.    |
| If in eyes                | Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.             |
| If swallowed              | Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.       |

FOR 24-HOUR EMERGENCY MEDICAL ASSISTANCE, CALLI-800-F-A-S-T-M-E-D (327-8633)
FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY: SPILL, LEAK, FIRE, EXPOSURE, OR ACCIDENT, CALL GLOBAL LOGISTICS AT (504) 439-3140 OR (504) 599-3881 Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment

#### NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Contains petroleum distillates. May cause chemical pneumonitis if aspirated. If lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophagoscopic control,

#### AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL DO NOT SHIP OR STORE WITH FOOD, FEEDS, DRUGS OR CLOTHING.

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful it swallowed. Avoid breathing spray mist. May cause skin irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category B on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart. Applicators and other handlers must wear.

\*\*Long-skeeved shirt and long pants\*\*

- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as harrier laminate or butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks
- · Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure
- Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE, If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry

#### ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENTS:

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170,240(d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

#### USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
   Remove PPE immediately after handling this product.
- Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing

#### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to shrimp. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertital areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. This product is toxic to fish. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water intended for irrigation or domestic purposes. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from target area.

This product may contaminate water through runoff following rainfall events and by scepage through levees. This product has a high potential for runoff, Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoid fall is forceasted to occur within 48 hours. Levees should be constructed with adequate time prior to chemical application so that they are compacted to reduce seepage and to hold a 3-6 inch flood (2001 Mississippi Rice Growers Guide). Other guidance is located at <a href="http://agronomy.ocdavis.edu/uccerice/water/seep.htm">http://agronomy.ocdavis.edu/uccerice/water/seep.htm</a> and from the document "Closed Rice Water Management Systems" from the National Resource Conservation Service of USDA. The University of Arkansas Rice Production Book (http://www.uaex.edu/other\_areas/publications/html) also provides information concerning levee production.

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical prior to flooding may result in shallow groundwater contamination due to cracks in the subsoil of the nce paddy.

#### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or indirectly or ind

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nursenes, and greenbouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPF) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are owered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REE) of 24 hours.

PPE: required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such a plants, said or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils
- · Shoes plus socks
- . Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited. Do not store this product near fertilizers, seeds, insecticides, or fungicides. Do not store near heat or open flame. Containers should not be stacked more than 4 containers high. Reclose all partially used containers by thoroughly tightening burgs. Damaged or leaking containers, which contain product that cannot be used immediately, should be transferred to suitable sound containers and properly marked. Absorb any spiff with a suitable absorbent and dispose of as indicated under "Pesticide Disposal" Keep containers closed when not in use

For safety and prevention of unauthorized use, all pesticides should be stored in locked facilities

To prevent accidental misuse, different pesticides should be stored in separate areas with enough distance between to provide clear identification.

Opened, partially used pesticides should be stored in original containers when possible. When transfer to another container is necessary because of leakage or damage, carefully mark and identify contents of the new container.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional office for guidance.

#### CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

METAL Containers: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

PLASTIC Containers: Triple rinse (or equivalent), adding rinsate to spray tank. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by hurning. If burned, stay out of smoke,

DO NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

DO NOT apply to fields where commercial catfish farming is practiced and do not drain water from treated fields into areas where catfish farming is practiced.

#### WHERE TO USE

RiceCo BLUE DRUM® is used for postemergent control of broadleaf and grass weeds in RICE fields

#### WEEDS CONTROLLED

Barnyard (watergrass), brachiaris, coffeeweed, crabgrass, croton, curly indigo, foxtail, goosegrass, gulf cockspur, mexicanweed, millet (Texas), paragrass, pigweed, sourdock, spearhead, wiregrass. (This product will not control arrowhead, bermudagrass, cattail, ducksalad, johnsongrass, nutgrass, red rice and sprangletop).

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Several important factors should be taken into account to achieve a high efficiency of selective weed control with BLUE DRUM. These include uniform application, growth stage and weather conditions. To assure uniform application, shake or roll container prior to opening and mix the prescribed amount of product with a sufficient volume of carrier to provide thorough coverage of target area. For aerial application use approximately 10 gallons, and for surface (ground) applications 20-30 gallons of carrier per acre at high enough pressure. Agitate tank mixes thoroughly and continuously. Avoid over and under application.

Growth stage of weeds is very important. Best results for selective weed control are obtained when most grasses have reached the 1 to 3-leaf stage. Proper field preparation is essential to ascertain a relatively clod free and level surface and to obtain uniform flood levels and growth. Fields may be flushed prior to treatment to produce uniform and vigorous grass germination and growth. Drain water from fields prior to applying prod uct. Higher rates are recommended to control larger grasses or exposed weeds when rice fields are not completely drained. Inspect rice fields regularly to select the correct application time

Weather conditions must be observed closely. Under cool weather conditions higher rates are required to achieve satisfactory control. Avoid application if rain threatens within 6 to 8 hours, or if wind velocities are high enough to cause drift and irregular spray patterns

#### WEATHER CONDITIONS:

Temperature: Temperatures at and before application affect product activity in controlling target weeds. Applications should be made when daily maximum temperatures are between 75°F and 100°F. Control decreases with temperatures below 75°F and increases with temperatures above 75°F.

Application Timing: BLUE DRUM normally requires 8 hours of DIRECT sunlight after application or absorption into target weeds; however, many atmospheric and environmental conditions can affect absorption into the target weeds. It is highly recommended that application of BLUE DRUM he planned so that the applied product remain in contact with the leaf surfaces for at least 48 hours prior to rainfall or flooding. Historically, morning applications of Propanil products, including BLUE DRUM, have produced better results in weed control.

Relative Humidity: BLUE DRUM is a contact herbicide; therefore, herbicidal activity is affected by humidity. High humidity and dew aid in weed control by allowing the product to remain in solution longer on the leaf surface. Low humidity decreases plant activity and thus reduces product absorption. During periods of very low humidity, higher spray volumes, 8-10 gallons per acre, should be used when applied aerially

Soft Moisture: Under dry conditions grass and broadleaf weeds are less susceptible to control. Higher rates of product, up to 6 quarts per acre, should be used to achieve control. Wind: Avoid application if wind velocity is high enough to cause drift of the application spray off the target site or irregular spray patterns

#### SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Avoiding spray drift at the application is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift, The applicator is responsible for considering these factors when making application decisions

The distance from the outer most nozzles to the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.

Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees



The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information.

#### information on Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control.

Application of BLUE DRUM must conform to the conditions set forth in the current CA propardi regulations (3CCR 6462). Aerial Applications: Each operating nozzle shall produce a droplet size, in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications, not less than 600 microns volume median diameter (Dv0.5) with 10 percent of the diameter by volume (Dv0.1) not less than 200 microns. Ground Applications: Each operating nozzle shall produce a droplet size, in accordance with manufacturer's specifications, not less than 500 microns volume median diameter (Dv0.5) with 10 percent of the diameter by volume (Dv0.1) not less than 200 microns.

The presence of sensitive species nearby, the environmental conditions, and pest pressure may affect how an applicator balances drift control and coverage. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions.)

#### Controlling Droplet Size

Volume - Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure: - Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzles types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles of increasing pressure.

Nozzle Orientation - Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the air stream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Number of Nozzles - Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage

#### Doom I math

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

#### Application Height

Applications should be made at a height no greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

#### Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.)

#### Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 3-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 3 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drift.

#### Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

#### Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small-suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on rights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing

#### Sensitive Areas

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#### ADJUVANTS AND APPLICATION AIDS:

When BLUE DRUM is used alone (not in combination with any other postemergent rice herbicide), a low viscosity crop oil concentrate or surfactant may be used to improve wetting of foliage and increase weed control. Use of a crop oil concentrate is recommended when application is made during cool weather conditions or unstable weather conditions that may produce rain. Under adverse weather conditions, the addition of a crop oil concentrate when tank mixing BLUE DRUM and other rice herbicides for application should be considered. Consult product labels for adjuvant recommendations. The use of a suitable crop oil concentrate or surfaceard does not significantly increase injury to rice (leaflip burn.)

#### Consult Extension Service for detailed application advice.

#### RECOMMENDED BROADCAST RATE

Apply 3 quarts of BLUE DRUM per acre when most grasses have reached the 1 to 3-leaf stage. Use 4 to 6 quarts of product per acre when the grasses are large (4 to 6-leaf stage) or when unseasonably cool weather conditions prevail, grass and broadleaf weeds are stressed due to dry conditions or in cases where rice fields have not been drained completely and where weeds are large enough.

 $Barnyardgrass\ may\ be\ controlled\ up\ to\ 30\ to\ 45\ days\ after\ planning,\ before\ rice\ planns\ have\ reached\ the\ fully\ tillered\ growth\ stage.$ 

NOTE: BLUE DRUM applied to the rice after the 4-leaf stage may cause visible injury under some climatic conditions. Rice plants usually outgrow such injury.

NOTE: Water drained from treated rice fields must not be used to irrigate other crops or be released within 1/2 mile of a potable water intake in flowing water (i.e., river, stream, etc.) or within 1/2 mile of a potable water intake in a standing body of water (i.e., lake, pond or reservoir).

DO NOT apply BLUE DRUM within 14 days before or after application of carbamates or organophosphate products. Serious injury to rice may occur.

DO NOT apply BLUE DRUM when wind conditions will allow drift to adjacent, susceptible crops such as beans, soybeans, cotton, sunflower, cucurbits, vegetables, orchards and other sensitive crops.

DO NOT rotate to crops other than rice for 60 days following application.

DO NOT apply within 60 days of harvest

NOT REGISTERED FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA

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#### Wet Spray Application

Thoroughly mix BLUE DRUM with clean water (water that is free of sediment and agricultural chemicals) in the spray tank, Do not use water from paddies. Only approved drift control agents, e.g. Chemtrolf, may be used with BLUE DRUM. Do not use any other additives except as directed by this label.

To ensure uniform mixing and application, agitate the mixture before application. If the mixture is not sprayed immediately after agitation, re-agitate it before application. Always apply BLUE DRUM spray preparation within 24 hours of product mixing, or the product may degrade.

Do not store BLUE DRUM in nurse tanks or any other tanks used to store or transport clean water. Install one-way valves (anti-siphoning devices) on lines and hoses of mixing/loading equipment to prevent contamination of marse tanks or other clean water sources.

Mixing and application equipment exposed to BLUE DRUM cannot be used for anything other than rice applications until it has been cleaned according to the procedures in the Sprayer Cleanup section of this label.

#### Additional Mixing Instructions (wet spray)

- 1. Fill the tank 1/4 to 1/3 full of clean water.
- 2. While agitating, add the required amount of BLUE DRUM.
- 3. Continue agitation until the product is fully dispersed, at least 5 minutes.
- 4. Once the BLUE DRUM is fully dispersed, maintain agitation and continue filling the tank with water. The product should be thoroughly mixed with water before adding any other material
- 5. As the tank is filling, add the required tank mix partner (other labeled rice herbicides, adjuvants, drift control agents, etc.)
- 6. If the mixture is not continuously agitated, settling may occur. If setting occurs, thoroughly re-agitate before using.
- 7. Apply BLUE DRUM spray preparations within 24 hours of product mixing, or the product may degrade.
- 8. If BLUE DRUM and a tank mix partner are to be applied in multiple loads, pre-slurry the product in clean water prior to adding to the tank. This will prevent the tank mix partner from interfering with the dissolution of theBLUE DRUM.

#### SPRAYER CLEANUP

Before using equipment exposed to BLUE DRUM to treat another crop, clean the sprayer and any other equipment (loading hoses, batch tanks, etc.) using the following procedure

- 1. Steam-clean tank using a non-chlorine-based detergent, taking care to remove all physical residues.
- 2. Thoroughly rinse sprayer, tanks, boom, and hoses with clean water (free of sediment and agricultural chemicals.)
- 3. Fill the tank one-half full with clean water and add Nutra-sol4 at 32 oz, per 100 gal, of water. Fill the tank to capacity with clean water. Flush the nozzles, from, and hoses, and agitate (and recirculate, if possible) the sprayer for 15 minutes. Drain the equipment, taking care to flush the boom and hoses thoroughly.
- 4. Rinse tanks, hoses and nozzles with clean water to remove 'Nutra-sol'.
- 5. Fill the tank one-half full with clean water and add 1 gal, of 21% ammonia or 7 gal, of 3% ammonia per 100 gal, of water. Fill the tank to capacity with clean water. Flush the nozzles, boom, and hoses and agitate (and recirculate, if possible) the sprayer for 15 minutes. Drain the equipment, taking care to flush the boom and hoses thoroughly.
- 6. Remove nozzles, screens, and strainers, and clean them senarately.
- 7. Rinse tanks, booms, and hoses with clean water
- 8. Reneat steps 5 and 7 an additional 3 times.
- 9. Rinse tanks, booms, and hoses to remove all traces of ammonia.
- Water rinses may be applied to rice fields. Dispose of bleach rinses at an approved waste disposal facility.

NOTE: When applying multiple loads of BLUE DRUM several days in a row, the following procedure must be performed at the end of each day; partially fill the tank with fresh water, flush the boom and hoses, and allow to sit overnight.

ATTENTION: Do not use chlorine bleach with ammonia. All traces of liquid fertilizer containing ammonia, ammoniam nitrate or ammonium sulphate must be rinsed from the mixing and application equipment using water before adding chlorine bleach solution. Failure to do so will release a gas with a musty chlorine odor that can cause eye, nose, and throat and lung irritation. Do not clean equipment in an enclosed area.

Perform cleanup procedures on batch tanks and any other mixing equipment separately from aircraft hoppers. Take care to clean loading hoses and any other equipment or surfaces exposed to BLUE DRUM.

#### CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARRANTY

#### RICECO AND SELLER OFFER THIS PRODUCT AND THE BUYER AND USER ACCEPTS THIS PRODUCT UNDER THE FOLLOWING AGREED CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARRANTY.

The directions for use of this product are believed to be reliable and should be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to take into account all variables and to eliminate all risks associated with its use. Injury or damage may result because of conditions that are beyond the control of RiccCo or the Seller. RiccCo warrants only that this product conforms to the chemical description of the label and is believed to be reasonably fit for the purposes referred to in the Directions for Use when used as directed under normal conditions. RICECO MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNISS OR MERCHANTABILITY OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY. In on case shall RiccCo or the Seller be liable for consequential, special, or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. Any variation from this warranty must be in writing and signed by an authorized RiccCo representative.



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-4-