FINE FOR ESSABLISHED

EkSpunge 6/30/03

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Fungicide, Plant Nutrie

For the Control of Powdery Mildew on Apples, Grapes, Cucurbits; (Cucumbers, Melons, Square Mangoes, Stone Fruits; (Peaches, Nectarines, Plums and Cherries), Peppers, Tomatoes and Roses. Active Ingredient: \*Potassium Dihydrogen Phosphate --- 100%

SEE BACK PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL APPLICATION GUIDELINES

CROP PROTECTION WITH EKSPUNGE

#### CROP PROTECTION WITH EkSpunge lbs/Acre Water Volume gal / acre 100 150 200 250 8-16 17-20 21-32 33-40 10-20 17-20 21-32 33-40

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**CROP** 

**Apples** 

Grapes

Cucurbits

Mangoes

### SEE BACK PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL APPLICATION GUIDELINES

Phone 732 868 8000 Fax 732 264 2751

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### NET WEIGHT 50 POUNDS (22.68 KG) EPA EST NO. 70644-NJ 1

EPA REG. NO. 70644-1

Distributed and Guaranteed by:

LidoChem, Inc.

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Product of Israel

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20 Village Court Haziet, NJ 07730

LidoChem inc. Logo and ExSpunge are trademarks of LidoChem, Inc. Manufactured and Packaged for LidoChem, Inc.

ERKspunge 6/30/03

ACCEPTED

'AUG 2 6 2003

Under the Federal insecticide. Fungicide, and Redesticide Act. on unanded, in the posticide regimented under EPA Mug. No. 70644EKSPUNGE LABEL .

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

### **SEE ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

Precaucion al usario:

Si usted no lee ingles, no use este producto hasta que la etiqueta haya sido explicada ampliamente.

### **Precautionary Statement**

## HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

**CAUTION:** Harmful if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust or spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

	<u>First Aid</u>	
<u>lf Inhaled:</u>	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing call 9011 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferabley mouth to mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.	
If swallowed:	Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.	
If on Skin or clothing:	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.	
If in Eyes:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.	

### **Hot Line Number**

Have this product container or lable with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or when going fgor treatment. You can also contact 1-800-424-9300 for emergency medical treatment information.

### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear a long-sleeved shirt, long pants, and shoes plus socks.

### **User Safety Recommendations**

Users must wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Change into clean clothing.

### **Environmental Hazards**

Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high watermark."

### **Directions For Use**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers (long sleeved shirt, long pants, shoes and socks) are to be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulations.

**Agricultural Use Requirements** 

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instruction and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard. Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of four (4) hours. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is coveralls, shoes and socks.

Foliar fertilization is intended as a supplement to a regular fertilization program and will not, by itself provide all the nutrients normally revired by agricultural crops.

Storage and Disposal

Storage: Store product in original container away from children and domestic animals. Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. Container Disposal: Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill via industry supported recycling programs. Do not incinerate.

See Side/Back Panel for Additional Precautionary Statements

Crop Protection with Ekspunge

EXSPUNCE is a soluble crystalline product to be mixed with water. Application rates vary according to the specific volumes of water applied to the crop. The lower range of spray volumes may be used as long as the crop can be completely covered with the spray solution. Surfactant use and sprayer efficiency will impact coverage. Select a water volume and corresponding rate of Exspunce necessary to thoroughly spray / mist all fruit and foliage surfaces. Gradually add the specific amount of product to a half-filled sprayer tank and mix, then add the balance of required water while continuing to agitate the solution. Always add Exspunce to the tank mix first, then add other products after all Exspunce has been completely solublized. Add an approved/compatible "spreader-sticker" to the solution to assure complete spray coverage of plant surfaces. Plant disease pressure can increase when plant surfaces are frequently wet and temperatures are warm. Under these severe disease conditions use the higher spray rate and apply at the shorter spray interval.

Exspunce suppresses existing mildew disease and inhibits further development of new mildew growth on plant tissue. Use alone, in alternating applications or in tank-mix spray programs with other compatible, EPA approved fungicides. It is rapidly absorbed by the plant and is mobile within the plant tissues, improving the potassium and phosphorous content in the plant. It therefore acts in a dual role as a biocompatible fungicide for plant disease control and also as an essential plant food. Exspunce will also acidify/buffer your spray tank solution to help reduce alkaline hydrolisis of other compatible, tank mixed materials.

Best performance is attained by beginning Exspunce applications prior to the onset of disease, as a preventative disease control program. DO NOT MIX with copper fungicides or with any spray materials that warn against low pH (<5.5) applications. The active ingredient, potassium dihydrogen phosphate, when applied as directed to all crops and in accordance with good agricultural practices, is exempt from the requirement of residual tolerance as referenced in 40 CFR 180.1001 and 180,1193.

### **IMPORTANT**

Resistant Powdery Mildew Fungus Strains May Be Present!

If treatment is not effective following use of conventional fungicides as instructed, a resistant strain of the fungus may be present. If this occurs then fungicides such as benzimidezole, thiophanate, or DMI type will not give effective constrol. When resistant fungus strains are present, serious consideration must be given to the use of Exeruses for effective mildew control and crop protection. Exeruses controls mildew strains that are resistant to other fungicides and is a valuable "resistance management" tool. Best performance is attained by beginning Exeruses applications of the onset of disease, as a preventative disease control program. DO NOT MIX with copper fungicides or with any expray materials that warn against low pH (<5.5) solutions.

The pH of a 1% aqueous solution of Exspunce is  $4.5 \pm 0.3$ 

-50-32

Net Weight 5; 10; 20; 40; 50 Pounds EPA REG. NO. 70644-1 EPA EST NO. 67536-FL-001 EPA EST NO. 14322-NY-1 EPA EST NO. 2935-CA-1 EPA EST NO. 66196-CA-1

### EPA EST. NO. 70644-NJ-1

Guaranteed Analysis: Available Phosphate (P2O5).......50 % Soluble Potash (K,O).....32 % Derived from: Monopotassium Phosphate

### **Product Description**

Ekspunge is manufactured specifically as a low sait, water soluble, foliar and special application fungicide and plant nutrient. Its use is suggested as a supplement to a growers' standard practice fungicide and fertilizer programs. The target is reduced pesticide use and enhanced yield and quality. Ekspunge is a highly soluble, low salt index formulation developed to supplement standard fertility practices by providing a highly available source of phosphorous and potassium.

Research has shown that foliar-applied nutrients, in a pure and soluble form, are absorbed more efficiently by foliage than are those supplied in the soil. Nutrient translocation to all parts of the plant is generally more rapid when nutrients are applied foliarly.

A good tissue testing program may be helpful to monitor and maintain optimum plant growth and development. Adverse conditions such as moisture, stress, weather, salts, soil type, etc., may induce nutrient deficiency symptoms. Ekspunge application is a means of obtaining a quick response to needed nutrients when applied as directed.

Salt Index: 8.4 (.097 per 1% of plant nutrient) pH (1% solution): 4.5 ± 0.3

### **Mixing Directions**

- Add approximately 1/2 water to tank before gradually adding Ekspunge. Agitate thoroughly while adding Ekspunge and the remaining water. When tank mixing add pesticide last.
- When temperatures are cold, allow extra time for this product to completely dissolve.
- Research has demonstrated enhanced uptake with the addition of a surfactant. Do not use with surfactants when plants are under severe stress conditions, such as heat or water stress. Applications must begin immediately after adverse stress conditions subside.
- Ekspunge should normally be mixed at 1lb. or less per gallon of water. Concentrations up to 1.9 lbs, per gallon are possible, but consideration must be given to the pH of the solution and that storability of high concentration mixes in temperatures less than 60 degrees Fahrenheit is not recommended.

### Compatibility

Ekspunge is compatible with most pesticides and liquid fertilizers. Apply Ekspunge in an alternating tank mix p.cgra. WARNING: Ekspunge<sup>TM</sup>acts as a buffer resulting in an acidic spray solution. Combination with corpor fungicides or whith any spray materials that warn against low pH (<5.5) solutions is not recommended. Always test tenk mixes for compatibility, via a jar test, before mixig large batchyes. UseEkspunge<sup>TM</sup>, combined with labeled rates fo Prudent, or Prudent Plus liquid fertilizers, in accordance with local crop protection practices.

### **Ekspunge Guidelines for Nutritional Application**

	<b>7.TE</b>	THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE
Alfalfa	Foliar: 5-8 lbs/A per application. Can be applied after cuttings at a maximum concentration of 1.9 lbs/A if label mixing directions are followed Fertigation: Apply 40 to 50 lbs/A	Foliar: Apply at first regrowth - when alfalfa is 6-8" tall; apply after each cutting. Fertigation: Apply one week after every cut through irrigation.
Almonds	Foliar: Pre-bloom: 5-10 lbs/A; Finish: 5-15 lbs/A Use a maximum of 1.5 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution by ground rig or a maximum of 4 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution by air.	Apply pre-bloom 1 week before to 1 week after peak bloom. Apply as a finish spray 1-2 times from 3 weeks to 10 days before harvest.
Apples	10 - 20 lbs/A per application. Use a maximum of 1.5 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution by ground rig or a maximum of 4 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution by air.	Mid-Season Sprays: Apply during June/July, up to 4 successive sprays 7 to 10 days apart. Finish Spray: Apply at the color break period. Post Harvest Spray: Apply immediately after harvest.
Avocado	25-40 lbs/A per application. Use a maximum of 3 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution.	Apply 2-3 times from fruit set until 30 days before harvest every 30 days.
Banana	20-30 lbs/A per application. Use a maximum of 2 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution.	Apply 1-2 times - 15 and 21 days after shooting. Apply 1 time 21-30 days before bloom.
Beans - Dry, Succelent, Limas	5-8 lbs/A per application. Use a maximum of 3 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution.	Apply at first flower and 2 additional applications during the main filling stage of pod development 7 to 10 days apart.
Berries: Bush Type	5-10 lbs/A per application. Use a maximum of 3 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution.	2-4 foliar applications starting at first flower at 14 - 21 days intervals.
Citrus	20-25 lbs/A per application. Use a maximum of 4 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution.	Apply up to 3 times: Pre-bloom, late June (after June drop), and in early September.
Cool Season Turf grass	2-4 ozs. per 1000 sq. ft. (6-11 lbs/A) per application. Use a maximum of 3 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution	Apply every 7 to 14 days throughout the season. Higher rates can be used in fertigation systems where EKSPUNGE is the primary source of P & K.
Corn, Sweet	5-10 lbs/A per application. Use a maximum of 3 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution.	2 applications: Apply 2 weeks prior to tasseling and again between tasseling and silking.
Cotton	5 - 10 lbs/A per application. Use a maximum of 3 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution by ground rig and a maximum of 10 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution by air.	Make applications at 30 (square development), 60 (first flowering), and 90 (boll set) days after emergence.
Deciduous Fruits- Apples,Pears, Cherries, apricots, peaches, Plums, and Nectarines	5-10 lbs./A per application. Use a maximum of 3 lbs. of product per 10 gallons of spray solution.	Apply as a pre-bloom and post bloom spray.
Grapes	5-10 lbs/A per application. Use a maximum of 3 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution.	Apply starting at the 3 to 5 cm shoot stage through veraison every 2 to 4 weeks
Hops	5-10 lbs/A per application. Use sufficient water for com- plete coverage by ground sprayers. Use a maximum of 3 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution.	Begin applications at early season training and continue through end of bloom period as often as every 7 days.

## EKSPUNGE Guidelines for Nutritional Application

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Lemons	8-10 lbs/A per application. Use a maximum of 4 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution.	Make 2 applications - 1 after fruit setting and the second 1 month later.
Mango	15 -20 lbs/A per application. Use a maximum of 4 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution.	Apply up to 3 times after Panicle development every 14 days.
Melons, Pumpkins, Cucurbits	8 - 12 lbs/A per application. Use a maximum of 3 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution.	Apply 2-4 sprays beginning at fruit set on a 7 to 14 day interval.
Onion	8-10 lbs/A per application. Use a maximum of 3 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution.	2-4 applications beginning at transplanting. Repeat applications every 30 days.
Ornamental	Use 1 lb in 10 gallons of water and spray to wet. Transplants - Use 1-2 lbs of product per 10 gallons and apply approximately 1/2 gallon per transplanted shrub/tree.	Apply at bloom, spring shoot push or shortly after transplant and repeat in 14-21 days. Use any time new growth is pushing or in conjunction with pesticide applications.
Peanuts	5-8 lbs/A per application. Use a maximum of 3 lbs of product per 10 gellons of spray solution.	3 applications-3 at early bloom with 2 additional sprays at 80 days after planting and 10 days later.
Peppers and Tomatoes	5-10 lbs/A per application. Use a maximum of 3 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution.	Apply 2-6 sprays every 14 days starting at first bloom.
Potato	5-10 lbs/A per application. Use a maximum of 5 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution.	Apply at early initial tuber formation. Subsequent sprays can be made with fungicide applications.
Produce/Lettuce Cole Crops	2-4 lbs/A per application. Use a maximum of 1 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution.	Use multiple low rate applications 10-14 days apart starting just after transplant. Use as a preharvest application from 3-14 days before harvest to improve color.
Rice	3-6 lbs/A per application. Use a maximum of 1 lb of product per 10 gallons of spray solution by ground rig or a maximum of 5 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution by air.	Spray two times at the end of tillering and at Panicle initiation.
Root Crops	2-8 lbs/A per application. Use a maximum of 2 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution.	Apply at increasing rates every 14-21 days from early root swell until 2 weeks before harvest.
Small Grains	8-10 lbs/A per application. Use a maximum of 3 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution by ground rig or a maximum of 8 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution by air.	Apply at late anthesis stage.
Soybean	5-10 lbs/A per application. Use a maximum of 3 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution by ground rig or a maximum of 8 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution by air.	2 applications - one at the early bloom stage and second at the main pod filling stage.
Strawberry	5-10 lbs/A per application. Use a maximum of 3 lbs per 10 gallons of spray solution.	2-4 applications during the harvest period on æ7-to 14 day schedule. Can also be applied as needed through fertigation.
Sugarbeet	5-10 lbs/A per application. Use a maximum of 3 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution by ground rig or a maximum of 8 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution by air.	Apply when leaves are 10" across and again 3-4 weeks later. Apply again 4 weeks before hervest.
Warm Season Turf Grass	2-4 ozs per 1000 sq. ft. (6-11 lbs/A) per application. If used as a starter, apply 4-6 ozs per 1000 sq. ft. (11-16 lbs/A) Use a maximum of 3 lbs of product per 10 gallons of spray solution.	Apply every 7 to 14 days throughout the season. Can be used as a starter fertilizer during a sisting periods to cool season grasses as a sterter. Higher rates can be used in fertigation systems where ERSPUNGE is the primary source of P & K.



### Blossom Thinning Aid for Peaches, Nectarines, Plums, Plouts, and Prunes

Experimental studies have shown EkSpungeTM combined with labeled rates of ENTRY, A Wilbur-Ellis Co. surfactant, can be used with local flowering thinning practices. The end user must contact a Wilbur-Ellis Co. representative or a specialist in the Univ. of California Horticulture Department for specific rates, timing and use recommendations.

### Ekspunge Crop Protection Fungicide Application Guidelines

#### **APPLES**

For control of powdery mildew (Podosphaera leucotricha) on Apples use 8 to 40 lbs of EKSPUNGE per acre. Start spraying at tight cluster and continue spraying every 7 to 10 days until terminal shoots cease their vegetative growth. The rate of product per acre will vary depending upon the tree size (canopy development) and the volume of water.

Min: 8 lbs / 50 gallons spray solution per acre.

Max: 40 lbs / 250 gallons spray solution per acre.

DO NOT exceed 16 lbs per 100 gallons of finished spray solution.

\* See Table for additional rates per water volume.

### CUCURBITS

### (CUCUMBER, MELONS, SQUASH, WATERMELONS)

For control of powdery mildew (Sphaerotheca fuligenea) on the above listed cucurbits use 10 to 20 lbs of EKSPUNGE per acre. Start spraying when plants begin to run or when disease pressure is anticipated. Repeat at 7 to 14 day intervals as needed. Under conditions of severe disease pressure, use the higher rate and apply at 7 day intervals. For best results, avoid application when temperatures are over 85°F and humidity is high. Shading is necessary for greenhouse use.

Min: 10 lbs / 50 gallons spray solution per acre.

Max: 20 lbs / 250 galions spray solution per acre.

DO NOT exceed 20 lbs per 100 gallons of finished spray solution.

\* See Table for additional rates per water volume.

### GRAPES

For control of powdery mildew (Uncinula necator) on grapes use 8 to 40 lbs of EKSPUNGE per acre. Start spraying in the spring when shoots are 3 to 5 cm in length and when disease pressure is anticipated. Repeat every 10 to 14 days. When disease pressure is low, use low per acre rates early in the season. The per acre rate must be increased as disease pressure increases. For improved appearance on table grapes, use lower application rates.

Min: 8 lbs / 50 gallons spray solution per acre.

Max: 40 lbs / 250 gallons spray solution per acre.

DO NOT exceed 16 lbs per 100 gallons of finished spray solution.

\* See Table for additional rates per water volume.

### MANGOES

For control of powdery mildew (Oidium mangiferae) on mango use 8 to 40 lbs of EKSPUNGE per acre. Start spraying at first appearance of bloom panicles (approximately 2 inches long) and repeat at 7 to 14 day intervals until all fruit are set. If additional sprays are required, continue at 2 to 3 week intervals until shoot growth ceases - which should be about 6 sprays.

Min: 8 lbs / 50 gallons spray solution per acre.

Max: 40 lbs / 250 gallons spray solution per acre.

DO NOT exceed 16 lbs per 100 gallons of finished spray solution.

\* See Table for additional rates per water volume.

### <u>ORNAMENTALS</u>

For control of powdery mildew, including but not limited to Microsphaeri alni and Erysiphe cichoracearum on woody and herbaceous ornamentals, use 8 to 40 lbs of EKSPUNGE per acre. Start spraying in early Spring when conditions become favorable for disease development (i.e. cool, humid, cloudy periods) and continue spraying on a 7 to 14 day schedule for the entire season.

Min: 8 lbs / 50 gallons spray solution per acre.

Max: 40 lbs / 250 galions spray solution per acre.

DO NOT exceed 16 lbs per 100 gallons of finished spray solution.

\* See Table for additional rates per water volume.

### PEPPERS

For control of powdery mildew (Leveillula taurica) on peppers.

Greanhouse Grown; Mix 10 lbs per 100 gallons and apply 1.5 gallons of finished spray per 1,000 sq. ft. at 5 to 7 day intervals. Use shading to reduce temperatures during spraying.

Field Grown: Use 8 to 20 lbs of of EKSPUNGE per acre when disease pressure begins to increase. Repeat at 7 to 10 Jay intervals.

Min: 8 lbs / 50 gallons spray solution per acre.

Max: 20 lbs / 250 gallons spray solution per acre.

DO NOT exceed 16 lbs per 100 gallons of finished spray solution.

\* See Table for additional rates per water volume.

### Ekspunge Crop Protection Fungicide Application Guidelines

#### ROSES

For control of powdery mildew (Sphaerotheca Pannosa var. rosae), use 5 to 10 lbs EKSPUNGE per acre. Apply at 5 to 7 day intervals as needed.

Best performance will be achieved with full wetting of leaves without runoff.

Min: 5 lbs / 50 gallons spray solution per acre.

Max: 10 lbs / 250 gallons spray solution per acre.

DO NOT exceed 8 lbs per 100 gallons of finished spray solution.

\* See Table for additional rates per water volume.

### STONE FRUITS

### (PEACHES, NECTARINES, PLUMS, CHERRIES)

For control of powdery mildew (Sphaarotheca pannosa var. persicae and Podosphaera oxyacanthae) on stone fruits as listed use 8 to 20 lbs of EKSPUNGE per acre. Follow local recommendations for powdery mildew control timings or apply when disease pressure is anticipated and repeat every 7 to 14 days.

Min: 8 lbs / 50 gallons spray solution per acre.

Max: 20 lbs / 250 gallons spray solution per acre.

DO NOT exceed 16 lbs per 100 gallons of finished spray solution.

\* See Table for additional rates per water volume.

### **TOMATOES**

For control of powdery mildew (Leveillula taurica) on tomatoes.

Greenhouse Grown: Use 10 lbs per 100 gallons and apply 1.5 gallons of finished spray per 1,000 sq. ft. at 5 to 7 day intervals. Use shading to reduce temperatures during spraying.

Field Grown: Use 8 to 20 lbs of of EKSPUNGE per acre when disease pressure begins to increase. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.

Min: 8 lbs / 50 gailons spray solution per acre.

Max: 20 lbs / 250 gallons spray solution per acre.

DO NOT exceed 16 lbs per 100 gallons of finished spray solution.

\* See Table for additional rates per water volume

### **TURFGRASS**

For control of powdery mildew (Erysiphae graminis D.C.), use 8 to 40 lbs of Ekspunge per acre. Start spraying in early Spring when conditions become favorable for disease development (i.e. cool, humid, cloudy periods) and continue spraying on a 7 to 14 day schedule for the entire season.

Min: 8 lbs / 50 gallons spray solution per acre.

Max: 20 lbs / 250 gallons spray solution per acre.

DO NOT exceed 16 lbs per 100 gallons of finished spray solution.

\* See Table for additional rates per water volume.

Distributed and Guaranteed by: LidoChem Inc. 20 Village Court Hazlet, NJ 07730 Phone 732-888-8000 Fax 732-264-2751

Product of Israel

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Elispunge 6/30/03

### **Expanded Efficacy with Product Combinations**

Experimental studies have shown eKsPunge combined with labeled rates of Prudent Plus, a LidoChem, inc. fertilizer, is acceptable with local crop protection practices. The end user must contact a LidoChem inc. representative or a LidoChem specialist for specific rates, timing, and use recommendations. It has been found that the combination of Nutrol and Prudent Plus aid in the protection of the following crops:

CROP	DISEASE NAME	PATHOGEN
Grape Vine	Downy Mildew	Plasmopara viticola
	Gray Mold Rots	Botrytis cinerea
Peach	Bacterial Diseases	Xanthomonas pruni, Pseudomonas syringae
	Verticillium Wilt	Verticillium albo-atrium
	Gray Mold Rots	Botrytis cinerea
·	Crown Canker	Phytophthora sp.
Almond	Bacterial Diseases	Pseudomonas syringae
Apricot	Bacterial Diseases	Pseudomonas syringae
Cherry	Bacterial Diseases	Xanthomonase pruni, Pseudomonas syringae
	Gray Mold Rots	Botrytis cinerea
Apple	Gray Mold Rots	Botrytis cinerea
- <b>(</b> PP - C	Crown Rot	Phytophthora cactorum
Plums	Bacterial Diseases	Xanthomonase pruni
Walnut	Bacterial Diseases	Xanthomonase campetstris pv. juglandis
Pear	Powdery Mildew	Podosphaera leucotricha, P. oxycanthae
. •	Gray Mold Rots	Botrytis cinerea
	Bacterial Diseases	Pseudonmonas syringae
	Collar Rot	Phytophthora cactorum
Strawberry	Powdery Mildew	Sphaerotheca macularis
	Fruit Rots	Rhizoctonia solani
	Red Stele	Phytopthora fragariae
	Verticillium Wilt	Verticillium albo-atrum
	Gray Mold Rots	Botrytis cinerea
Citrus	Brown Rot	Phytophthora citrophthora
	Gray Mold Rots	Botrytis cinerea
Tomato	Late Blight	Phytophthora infestans
	Leaf Mold Diseaes	Cladosporium fulvum
	Root Rot	Thielaviopsis basicola
	Damping-Off of Seedlings	Pythium sp., Rhizoctonia solani
	Fusarium Wilt	Fusarium oxysporum var. lycopersici
Eggplant, Pepper	Downy Mildew	Peronospora tabacina
	Damping-Off of Seedlings	Pythium ultimum, Pythium debarysanum
	Verticullium Wilt	Verticillium sp., Rhizoctonia solani
	Gray Mold Rots	Botrytis cinerea
	Fusarium Wilt	Fusarium annum
Potato	Powdery Mildew	Erysiphe cichoracearum, Oidium sp.
	Fusarium Wilt	Fusarium oxysporum
	Verticilium Wilt	Verticillium albo-atrum
	Gray Mold Rots	Botrytis cineres
	Late Blight	Botrytis cinerea
Melon, Cucumber,	Downy Mildew	Pseudoperonospora cubensis
	Fusarium Wilt	Fusarium oxysporum (sp. cucurbitae
Zucchini	Gray Mold Rots	
		pou yus calelea **; ***
Artichaka	Damping-Off of Seedings Downy Mildew	Pythium sp., Rhizoctonia solani
Artichoke	Powdery Mildew	Plasmopara halstedii • • • • •
Lattuan Englisa	Powdery Mildew	iciysiphe dichoraceatum , .
Lettuce, Endive, Chicory		Erysiphe cichoracearum
	Damping-Off of Seedlings	Pythium sp.
	Bottom Rot	Rhizoctonia solani
	Downy Mildew	Bremia lactucae