

70627-15

6-21-2002

4/12

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Ms. Lisa Amadio  
S.C. Johnson Commercial Markets  
8310 16<sup>th</sup> Street, MS 675  
Sturtevant, WI 53177-0902

JUN 21 2002

Subject: Johnson Blue Chip Germicidal Cleaner for Hospitals  
EPA Registration No. 70627-15  
Amendment Date: March 21, 2002  
EPA Receipt Date: March 27, 2002

Dear Ms. Amadio,

The following amendment submitted in connection with registration under section 3(c)(7)(A) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable with the conditions listed below.

- Update the inhalation statements

**Conditions**

Revise the label as follows:

1. Under the "Control of Mold and Mildew" directions, add the following statement, "pre-clean heavily soiled areas."
2. Under the "Treatment of Animal Housing Facilities" directions, revise step 6 to state "Ventilate buildings and other closed spaces. Do not house animals or employ equipment until treatment has been absorbed, set, or dried."

**General Comments**

A stamped copy of the labeling accepted with conditions is enclosed. Submit three (3) copies of your final printed labeling before distributing or selling the product bearing the revised labeling.

Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration of your product under FIFRA section 3(c)(5) when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit

CONCURRENCES

YMBOL							
-------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

2/12

such data.

If the above conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product bearing the amended labeling constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

Should you have any questions regarding this letter, please contact Jacqueline McFarlane at (703) 308-6416.

Sincerely,



Velma Noble  
Product Manager (31)  
Regulatory Management Branch I  
Antimicrobials Division (7510C)

(Note to Agency: Text appearing in parenthesis or brackets is done to show optional text.)

3/12

# Johnson Wax PROFESSIONAL

## JOHNSON BLUE CHIP® GERMICIDAL CLEANER FOR HOSPITALS

Bactericidal • Fungicidal • Mildewstatic • Deodorizing • \*Virucidal

One-Step Disinfectant Cleaner and Deodorant • Germicidal Cleaner & Deodorant • (Concentrate)  
•(General-Purpose) (Restroom) Disinfectant Cleaner  
• (For Restroom Surfaces) (Cleans/Disinfects Restroom Surfaces)

(Fragrance Free Formula), (Unscented), (Fresh [Lemon] [Pine] [Mint] [Spring Fresh] [Floral] [Citrus] [Powder] Scent)

For (Hospital,) (Foodservice,) (Commercial,) Industrial & Institutional Use (Only)

<b>ACTIVE INGREDIENT:</b>	
n-Alkyl (50% C <sub>14</sub> , 40% C <sub>12</sub> , 10% C <sub>16</sub> ) dimethyl benzyl ammonium chlorides.....	3.90%
<b>INERT (OTHER) INGREDIENTS:</b> .....	96.10%
<b>TOTAL:</b> .....	100.00%

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN  
DANGER**

See additional precautionary statements (on) (back) (side) (left) (right) (panel) (of) (label)(below).

See reference sheet (enclosed in each case) for (a complete list of pathogenic organisms) (additional features, claims direction for use) (claimed for this product) (eliminated by JOHNSON BLUE CHIP® GERMICIDAL CLEANER FOR HOSPITALS).

Net Contents:

(Product of USA)

ACCEPTED  
with COMMENTS  
in EPA Letter Dated:  
JUN 21 2002

Under the Federal Insecticide,  
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as  
amended, for the pesticide,  
registered under EPA Reg. No. 70627-15

11-14-01  
Page 1 of 10  
EPA Reg. No. 70627-15

(Note to Agency: Text appearing in parenthesis or brackets is done to show optional text.)

4/12

**(MARKETING CLAIMS):** (Note to EPA - This text will only appear on the appropriate container.)

**ACCUMIX™ CONTAINERS** (32 oz. container) - ACCUMIX™. (Remove [Loosen] cap). Squeeze. (Squeeze bottle.) Measure. (Measure amount). Pour. (Pour contents). (Designed) For use with 5 gallon Buddy Jugs™ (the BIG BUDDY™ [ACCUTAINER™] System). JOHNSON BLUE CHIP® GERMICIDAL CLEANER FOR HOSPITALS can also be diluted into pre-cleaned and properly labeled 5-gallon BUDDY JUG™ (ACCUTAINERS™) (Dispensing Containers) for dispensing as needed.

**SOLUTIONS CENTER™** (64 oz. containers) - For use with (JOHNSON WAX PROFESSIONAL™) (SOLUTIONS CENTER™) Brand Dispensing Equipment. Eliminates Mixing. The Accurate Solution To Cleaner Dilution. Disinfectant Cleaning With The Convenience Of (SOLUTIONS CENTER™). (SOLUTIONS CENTER™) (This) packaging offers) Reduced Exposure To Concentrate Due To Closed Transfer System. Solutions To Go!

**J-FILL™ DISPENSING SYSTEMS** (84.5 oz. containers) - For use with (JOHNSON WAX PROFESSIONAL™) (J-FILL™) Brand Dispensing Equipment. Eliminates Mixing. The Accurate Solution To Cleaner Dilution. Disinfectant Cleaning With The Convenience Of J-FILL™. J-FILL™ (This) packaging offers) Reduced Exposure To Concentrate Due To Closed Transfer System. Solutions To Go!

**DCUPACK™ CONTAINERS** (Pre-measured packets) - Pre-Measured [Tear-Open] Packets.

**(FEATURES, CLAIMS & USES:)**

**(General Uses)**

JOHNSON BLUE CHIP® GERMICIDAL CLEANER FOR HOSPITALS cleans quickly by removing dirt, grime, mold, mildew, body oils and other common soils. This product is for use in hospitals, nursing homes, schools and colleges, (day care centers), (medical) offices, funeral homes, veterinary clinics, pet shops, (equine farms), animal life science laboratories, hotels, motels, restrooms, food service establishments (restaurants).

It is designed for use on (Use daily on) (the following) hard, non-porous environmental surfaces: vinyl, painted surfaces, plastic (surfaces), glazed ceramic, glazed porcelain, chrome, stainless steel, aluminum, laminated surfaces and baked enamel surfaces associated with floors, walls, ceilings, tables, chairs, countertops, telephones, fixtures, glazed tile, toilets, urinals, sinks, shower rooms and locker rooms areas - (food and non-food contact) surface where disinfection is required. A potable water rinse is required for food contact surfaces. Do not use on glasses, dishes and utensils.

**(Hospitals/Health Care Facilities)**

JOHNSON BLUE CHIP® GERMICIDAL CLEANER FOR HOSPITALS is a one-step (hospital-use) germicidal (disinfectant) cleaner and deodorant (odor-counteractant) (odor neutralizer) designed for general cleaning, (and) disinfecting, (deodorizing) (and controlling mold and mildew on) hard, non-porous environmental surfaces. JOHNSON BLUE CHIP® GERMICIDAL CLEANER FOR HOSPITALS cleans quickly by removing dirt, grime, mold, mildew, food residue, body oils, dead skin, blood and other organic matter commonly found in hospitals (in health care facilities) (on medical surfaces). It (also) eliminates odors leaving (restroom) surfaces smelling clean and fresh. Use where odors are a problem.

JOHNSON BLUE CHIP® GERMICIDAL CLEANER FOR HOSPITALS cleans, disinfects and deodorizes (hard, non-porous environmental hospital (medical) surfaces) in one step (with no rinsing required). Its non-abrasive formula is designed for use on (Use daily on) (the following hard, non-porous environmental surfaces): vinyl, painted surfaces, plastic (surfaces), glazed ceramic, glazed porcelain, chrome, stainless steel, laminated surfaces and baked enamel surfaces associated with floors, walls, ceilings, tables, chairs, countertops, telephones, fixtures, glazed tile, toilets, urinals, sinks found in (health care facilities [hospitals],) patient rooms, operating rooms, ICU areas, shower rooms, and locker rooms. (It can also be used to pre-clean and disinfect hospital items: wheelchairs, [hospital] [patient] bed rails and linings, wash basins, bedpans, [and] [medical equipment surfaces]) - any washable (food and non-food contact) surface (where disinfection is required). A potable water rinse is required when disinfecting food contact surfaces. Do not use on glasses, dishes and utensils.

ACCEPTED  
with COMMENTS  
in EPA Letter Dated:

JUN 21 2002

Under the Federal Insecticide,  
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as  
amended, for the pesticide,  
registered under EPA Reg. No. 70627-15

11-14-01  
Page 2 of 10  
EPA Reg. No. 70627-15

(Note to Agency: Text appearing in parenthesis or brackets is done to show optional text.)

5/12

**(Food Service:)**

JOHNSON BLUE CHIP® GERMICIDAL CLEANER FOR HOSPITALS removes dirt, grime and food soils in food preparation and processing areas. Its non-abrasive formula will not harm (scratch) surfaces. It cleans, disinfects and eliminates odors leaving surfaces smelling clean and fresh. Use where odors are a problem.

Its non-abrasive formula is designed for use on (Use daily on) the following hard, non-porous environmental surfaces: vinyl, painted surfaces, plastic (surfaces), glazed ceramic, glazed porcelain, chrome, aluminum, stainless steel, brass, copper, laminated surfaces and baked enamel surfaces (associated with floors, walls, ceilings, tables, chairs, countertops, fixtures, glazed tile, toilets, (toilet bowls), urinals, sinks found in food establishments, (restaurants), (commercial kitchens) & restrooms. A potable water rinse is required for food contact surfaces.

**(Animal Housing Facilities:)**

JOHNSON BLUE CHIP® GERMICIDAL CLEANER FOR HOSPITALS cleans by removing dirt, grime, mold, mildew, blood, urine, fecal matter and other common soils found in animal housing facilities, livestock, swine or poultry facilities, grooming facilities, farms, kennels, pet stores, veterinary clinics, laboratories or other small animal facilities. It (also) eliminates odors leaving surfaces smelling clean and fresh.

JOHNSON BLUE CHIP® GERMICIDAL CLEANER FOR HOSPITALS cleans, disinfects and deodorizes (hard, non-porous environmental surfaces) in one step. Its non-abrasive formula is designed for use on (Use daily on) (Use daily to clean and disinfect) hard, non-porous surfaces: plated or stainless steel, aluminum, chrome, glazed porcelain, glazed tile, laminated surfaces (associated with floors, walls, countertops, cages, kennels, animal equipment) found in (barns, pens and stalls) animal housing facilities.

**(Public Restrooms:)**

JOHNSON BLUE CHIP® GERMICIDAL CLEANER FOR HOSPITALS is a one-step disinfectant cleaner and deodorant (odor-counteractant) (odor-neutralizer) designed for general cleaning, (and) (disinfecting) (deodorizing) (and controlling mold and mildew) on hard, non-porous environmental surfaces.

JOHNSON BLUE CHIP® GERMICIDAL CLEANER FOR HOSPITALS cleans, disinfects and deodorizes surfaces by killing odor-causing germs and mold & mildew. Its non-abrasive formula is designed for use on (restroom surfaces): glazed ceramic (restroom) tile, glazed porcelain, chrome, stainless steel and plastic surfaces associated with floors, walls, fixtures, toilets, urinals, sinks, shower rooms and locker rooms.

**(Non-Acid Bowl [& Bathroom] Disinfectant Cleaner:)**

JOHNSON BLUE CHIP® GERMICIDAL CLEANER FOR HOSPITALS is a (concentrated) non-acid (bowl and) bathroom cleaner which cleans, disinfects and deodorizes in one easy step. It cleans, disinfects and deodorizes toilet bowls, urinals, rims, sinks, sink basins, faucets, tubs, glazed tiles, glazed ceramic, glazed porcelain, chrome, stainless steel, and all hard non-porous, washable surfaces found in the bathroom (restroom) (in the presence of organic soil).

JOHNSON BLUE CHIP® GERMICIDAL CLEANER FOR HOSPITALS eliminates odors leaving bathrooms (restrooms) smelling clean and fresh. Use where odors are a problem. It cleans, disinfects and deodorizes surfaces by killing odor-causing microorganisms and controls the growth of mold & mildew. Its non-abrasive formula is designed for use (Use it daily) on ([hard, non-porous environmental] restroom surfaces): glazed ceramic (restroom) tile, glazed porcelain, chrome, stainless steel and plastic surfaces associated with floors, walls, fixtures, toilets, urinals, sinks, shower rooms and locker rooms.

**(Refill)**

**(To Refill Concentrate From Large Containers Into Smaller Containers:)**

JOHNSON BLUE CHIP® GERMICIDAL CLEANER FOR HOSPITALS may be used to fill and refill clean, properly labeled containers for dilution elsewhere within your facility. Make sure the small container has been cleaned, dried and properly labeled. Also make sure other items (funnels or hand pumps) are properly cleaned and dried. To refill, simply pour (or pump) product from the larger container directly into the smaller one being careful not to spill any product. Keep both containers sealed when not in use.

ACCEPTED  
with COMMENTS  
in EPA Letter Dated:

JUN 21 2002

Under the Federal Insecticide,  
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as  
amended, for the pesticide,  
registered under EPA Reg. No. ~~28~~ 70627-15

11-14-01  
Page 3 of 10  
EPA Reg. No. 70627-15

(Note to Agency: Text appearing in parenthesis or brackets is done to show optional text.)

6/12

**(CLAIMS:)**

When used as directed at a 1:64 dilution (2 oz. per gallon of water) (16 mL/L), JOHNSON BLUE CHIP® GERMICIDAL CLEANER FOR HOSPITALS contains 609 ppm of active quaternary germicide making it highly effective against a wide variety (broad-spectrum) of pathogenic microorganisms (including bacteria, antibiotic resistant bacteria, viruses, fungi, mold and mildew. See reference sheet (enclosed in each case) for a complete list of organisms.)

Using approved AOAC test methods (under Good Laboratory Practices, [GLP's]), in the presence of 500 ppm hard water, 10% serum load and 10 minutes contact time JOHNSON BLUE CHIP® GERMICIDAL CLEANER FOR HOSPITALS kills the following on hard non-porous inanimate surfaces:

**Bacteria (Bactericidal Activity) - (kills on hard non-porous inanimate surfaces):**

- |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> , (ATCC 15442)  | <i>Hafnia alvei</i> , (ATCC 13337)            | <i>Salmonella schottmuelleri</i> , (ATCC 10719)                                     |
| <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> , (ATCC 6538)  | <i>Klebsiella oxytoca</i> , (ATCC 13182)      | <i>Salmonella typhi</i> , (ATCC 6539)   |
| <i>Salmonella choleraesuis</i> , (ATCC 10708)   | <i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i> , (ATCC 13883)   | <i>Salmonella typhimurium</i> , (ATCC 13311)  |
| <i>Bordetella bronchiseptica</i> , (ATCC 10580)   | <i>Legionella pneumophila</i> , (ATCC 33153)  | <i>Shigella dysenteriae</i> , (ATCC 29028)  |
| <i>Burkholderia cepacia</i> , (ATCC 25416) formerly known as <i>Pseudomonas cepacia</i>                                     | <i>Listeria monocytogenes</i> , (ATCC 15313)  | <i>Shigella flexneri</i> , (ATCC 25875)   |
| <i>Campylobacter fetus</i> , (ATCC 27374)   | <i>Micrococcus luteus</i> , (ATCC 4698)       | <i>Shigella sonnei</i> , (ATCC 25931)   |
| <i>Citrobacter freundii</i> , (ATCC 8090)   | <i>Micrococcus luteus</i> , (ATCC 14452),     | <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (Toxic Shock), (ATCC 33586)                            |
| <i>Enterobacter agglomerans</i> , (ATCC 27155)  | <i>Micrococcus sedentarius</i> , (ATCC 27573) | <i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i> , (ATCC 14990)                                    |
| <i>Enterobacter cloacae</i> , (ATCC 23355)  | <i>Morganella morganii</i> , (ATCC 25830)     | <i>Staphylococcus haemolyticus</i> , (ATCC 29970)                                   |
| <i>Enterobacter liquefaciens</i> , (ATCC 14460) formerly known as <i>Serratia grimesii</i> and <i>Serratia liquefaciens</i> | <i>Neisseria gonorrhoeae</i> , (ATCC 43069)   | <i>Staphylococcus species</i> , (ATCC 12715)  |
| <i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> , (ATCC 19433) formerly known as <i>Streptococcus faecalis</i>                                 | <i>Pasteurella multocida</i> , (ATCC 43137)   | <i>Streptococcus agalactiae</i> , (ATCC 13813)                                      |
| <i>Enterococcus hirae</i> , (ATCC 10541)  | <i>Proteus mirabilis</i> , (ATCC 9240)        | <i>Streptococcus mutans</i> , (ATCC 25175)  |
| <i>Escherichia coli</i> , (ATCC 11229)  | <i>Proteus vulgaris</i> , (ATCC 13315)        | <i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i> , (ATCC 19615)  |
| <i>Escherichia coli</i> O157:H7, (ATCC 43890)   | <i>Pseudomonas diminuta</i> , (ATCC 11568)    | <i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i> ("Strep A" - Flesh Eating Strain), (clinical isolate) |
| <i>Flavobacterium meningosepticum</i> , (ATCC 13253)  | <i>Pseudomonas fluorescens</i> , (ATCC 13525) | <i>Vibrio cholera</i> , (ATCC 11623)  |
| <i>Haemophilus influenza</i> , (ATCC 10211)   | <i>Pseudomonas putida</i> , (ATCC 12633)      | <i>Yersinia enterocolitica</i> , (ATCC 9810)  |
|   | <i>Pseudomonas stutzeri</i> , (ATCC 17588)    |   |
|   | <i>Salmonella enteritidis</i> , (ATCC 13076)  |   |
|   | <i>Salmonella gallinarum</i> , (ATCC 9184)    |   |

**Antibiotic-Resistant (Strains of) Bacteria (Antibiotic-Resistant Bactericidal Activity) - (kills on hard non-porous inanimate surfaces):**

- |   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| <i>E. coli</i> , (ATCC 55244); (Resistant to Kanamycin)                     | <i>Klebsiella oxytoca</i> , (ATCC 15764); (Resistant to Ampicillin, Dihydrostreptomycin)            | <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> , (ATCC 14154); (Resistant to Erythromycin, Penicillin, Streptomycin, Tetracycline) |
| <i>E. coli</i> , (ATCC 47041); (Resistant to Tetracycline)                  | <i>Micrococcus sedentarius</i> , (ATCC 27573); (Resistant to Methicillin)                           | <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> , (ATCC 33592); (Resistant to Methicillin (MRSA), Gentamicin (GRSA))                |
| <i>Enterococcus faecium</i> , (ATCC 51559); (Resistant to Vancomycin (VRE)) | <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> , (CDC HIP 5836); (Resistant to intermediate Vancomycin strain (VISA)) | <i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> , (ATCC 51915); (Resistant to Penicillin (PRSP))                                 |

**Viruses (\*Virucidal Activity) - kills on hard non-porous inanimate surfaces:**

- |   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| <i>Cytomegalovirus</i> , (VR-538)       | <i>Herpes simplex Type 2</i> , (VR-734) | <i>Respiratory syncytial virus</i> , (VR-26)             |
| <i>Herpes simplex Type 1</i> , (VR-733) | <i>Parainfluenza Type 3</i> , (VR-93)   | <i>Vaccinia virus</i> (smallpox vaccine virus), (VR-119) |

Kills HIV-1 (AIDS virus) (HTLV-111a) when used on hard, non-porous inanimate surfaces with a 1 minute contact time.

**(Veterinary viruses:)**

- |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| <i>Avian infectious bronchitis</i> (IBV), (VR-22) | <i>Feline Rhinotracheitis</i> , (VR-636)            | <i>Pseudorabies</i> , (VR-135)  |
| <i>Avian influenza</i> , (VR-2072)                | <i>Infectious bovine rhinotracheitis</i> , (VR-188) | <i>Transmissible gastroenteritis virus</i> (TGE), (U of Minn. Strain) |
| <i>Canine distemper</i> , (VR-128)                | <i>New Castle disease</i> , (VR-108)                |   |

**Fungi/Yeast (Fungicidal and Yeast Activity) - kills on hard non-porous inanimate surfaces:**

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <i>Geotrichum candidum</i> , (ATCC 18301) | <i>Trichophyton mentagrophytes</i> (athlete's foot fungus), (ATCC 9533) |
|---|---|

**Mold/Mildew Mildewstatic Activity - controls and prevents (inhibits) the growth of mold and mildew: *Aspergillus niger*** (ATCC 6275) (and the odors caused by them when applied to hard, non-porous environmental surfaces).

**Malodor(s) (Activity) (Counteractancy) - eliminates (destroys) odors and odor-causing bacteria in restroom areas, behind and under sinks and counters, and storage areas (and other places where bacterial growth can cause malodors).**

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS in EPA Letter Dated.

JUN 21 2002

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No. 70627-15

(Note to Agency: Text appearing in parenthesis or brackets is done to show optional text.)

7/12

**(Modes of Application):**

JOHNSON BLUE CHIP<sup>®</sup> GERMICIDAL CLEANER FOR HOSPITALS can be applied by mop, sponge, cloth, paper towel, (hand pump) coarse trigger sprayer, tank sprayer, (mechanical spray device,) auto-scrubber or (broadcast) foam gun (device). Change cloth, sponges or towels frequently to avoid redeposition of soil. For disinfection, all surfaces must remain wet for 10 minutes.

[NOTE TO AGENCY: All unbolded italicized phrases, which appear in the Directions for Use, are explanatory and are not to be considered label text. They are included for clarity to the agency only.]

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

(This product is not to be used as a terminal sterilant/high level disinfectant on any surface or instrument that (1) is introduced directly into the human body, either into or in contact with the bloodstream or normally sterile areas of the body, or (2) contacts intact mucous membranes but which does not ordinarily penetrate the blood barrier or otherwise enter normally sterile areas of the body. This product may be used to pre-clean or decontaminate critical or semi-critical medical devices prior to sterilization or high level disinfection.)

**To Prepare Use Solution:**

Add the product at 2 oz. per gallon of water (16 mL/L) (1:64).

(Note to EPA: The directions that appear for specific container sizes will be substituted for the sentence above only on that container size.)

**ACCUMIX™ CONTAINERS** (32 oz. container) - Add the product at 2 oz. per gallon of water (16 mL/L) (1:64).

**SOLUTIONS CENTER™** (64 oz. containers) - Remove cap and insert cartridge into dispenser. Note: See dispenser instructions for proper cartridge placement. Once cartridge is in place, squeeze the handle or press the button to dispense a 1:64 solution into a bucket, bottle, scrubber or other container.

**J-FILL™ DISPENSING SYSTEMS** (84.5 oz. containers) - Remove cap and insert cartridge into dispenser. Note: See dispenser instructions for proper cartridge placement. Once cartridge is in place, squeeze the handle or press the button to dispense a 1:64 solution into a bucket, bottle, scrubber or other container.

**ACCUPACK™ CONTAINERS** (Pre-measured packets) - (Simply) open and pour contents into xx gallons of water (for a 1:64 dilution). Keep packets in box until ready to use. (Pour contents of packet into xx gallons of water for a 1:64 dilution.)

**For Use as a One-Step Cleaner/Disinfectant:**

1. Pre-clean heavily soiled areas.
2. Apply Use Solution to hard, non-porous environmental surfaces.
3. All surfaces must remain wet for ten (10) minutes.
4. Wipe surfaces (and let air dry).

Note - Rinsing is not necessary unless floors are to be coated with finish or restorer. All food contact surfaces such as appliances and kitchen countertops must be rinsed with potable water. Do not use on glassware, utensils, or dishes.

ACCEPTED  
with COMMENTS  
in EPA Letter Dated:

JUN 21 2002

Under the Federal Insecticide,  
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as  
amended, for the pesticide,  
registered under EPA Reg. No. 70627-15

(Note to Agency: Text appearing in parenthesis or brackets is done to show optional text.)

8/12

**For Use as a Cleaner and/or Deodorizer:**

Apply Use Solution to surfaces. Wipe surfaces (and let air dry).

**To Control Mold and Mildew:**

Apply Use Solution to hard, non-porous environmental surfaces. Allow to air dry. Repeat application weekly or when growth reappears.

**To Kill Fungi:**

Pre-clean heavily soiled areas. Apply Use Solution to hard surfaces found in bathrooms, shower stalls, locker rooms, or other clean, hard, non-porous surfaces commonly contacted by bare feet. Allow surface to remain wet for ten (10) minutes. Wipe surfaces (and let air dry).

**For Use as a Non-Acid Bowl Cleaner/Disinfectant in Toilet Bowls from Concentrate:**

1. Pre-clean heavily soiled areas.
2. Pour packet contents into toilet bowl.
3. Swab entire surface area especially under the rim.
4. Allow entire surface to remain wet for ten (10) minutes.
5. Flush toilet and rinse swab applicator thoroughly.

**For Use as a Non-Acid Bowl Cleaner/Disinfectant in Toilet Bowls [and Urinals] from Use-Dilution:**

1. Pre-clean heavily soiled areas.
2. Empty toilet bowls by forcing water through the trap. Apply Use Solution to exposed surfaces in toilet bowls and urinals.
3. Swab entire surface area especially under the rim.
4. Allow entire surface to remain wet for ten (10) minutes.
5. Flush toilet or urinal and rinse swab applicator thoroughly.

**For Use To Clean and Disinfect Shower Rooms, Locker Rooms and Other Large, Open Areas with Floor Drains:**

1. Pre-clean heavily soiled areas.
2. Apply Use Solution to floors, walls and ceilings making sure not to over spray. To disinfect, all surfaces must remain wet for ten (10) minutes.  
*Special instructions for foam guns: Pour concentrate into foam gun bottle and attach bottle to spray nozzle and ensure gun is attached to hose. Note: See foam gun instructions for more information. Make sure setting is set for a 1:64 dilution. Once in place, squeeze the handle to dispense foam solution. To disinfect, all surfaces must remain wet for ten (10) minutes.*
3. Scrub using a deck brush or other coarse material as necessary.  
Rinse surfaces thoroughly and let air dry.

**For Use as a Cleaner/Disinfectant in Food Processing Plants:**

1. Before using this product in food processing areas, food products and packaging materials must be removed from the room or carefully protected.
2. Apply Use Solution evenly over surface. Be sure to wet all surfaces thoroughly.
4. Allow product to remain on surfaces for ten (10) minutes.
5. Wipe with clean cloth, sponge or paper towel
6. For heavily soiled areas, thoroughly clean surface prior to disinfecting.
7. When disinfecting food contact surfaces used for food preparation, rinse surfaces thoroughly with potable water. This product must not be used to clean the following surfaces: utensils, glassware, and dishes.

ACCEPTED  
with COMMENTS  
in EPA Letter Dated:  
JUN 21 2002  
Under the Federal Insecticide,  
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as  
amended, for the pesticide,  
registered under EPA Reg. No. 70627-15



(Note to Agency: Text appearing in parenthesis or brackets is done to show optional text.)

9/12

**For Treatment of Animal Housing Facilities:**

1. Remove all animals and feed from areas being treated.
2. Remove all litter and manure from floors, walls and surfaces of barns, pens, stalls, chutes, and other facilities occupied or traversed by animals.
3. Empty or cover all troughs, racks and other feeding and watering appliances.
4. Thoroughly clean all surfaces with soap and rinse with water.
5. Apply fresh use solution to floors, walls, cages and other washable hard, non-porous environmental surfaces. For smaller surfaces, use a trigger spray bottle to spray all surfaces with solution until wet. To disinfect, all surfaces must remain wet for ten (10) minutes.
6. Do not house animals or employ equipment until product has dried.
7. For disinfection of feed racks, troughs, automatic feeders, fountains and watering appliances scrub with use-solution, let stand ten (10) minutes. Then thoroughly scrub all treated surfaces with soap or detergent and rinse with potable water before reuse.

**\* JOHNSON BLUE CHIP® GERMICIDAL CLEANER FOR HOSPITALS kills HIV-1 on pre-cleaned environmental surfaces/objects previously soiled with blood/body fluids in health care settings (Hospitals, Nursing Homes) and other settings in which there is an expected likelihood of soiling of inanimate surfaces/objects with blood or body fluids, and in which the surfaces/objects likely to be soiled with blood or body fluids can be associated with the potential for transmission of Human Immunodeficiency Virus Type 1 (HIV-1) (associated with AIDS).**

**SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR CLEANING AND DECONTAMINATION AGAINST HIV-1 ON SURFACES/ OBJECTS SOILED WITH BLOOD/BODY FLUIDS.**

**Personal Protection:** Disposable latex or vinyl gloves, gowns, face masks, or eye coverings as appropriate, must be worn during all cleaning of body fluids, blood, and decontamination procedures.

**Cleaning Procedures:** Blood and body fluids must be thoroughly cleaned from surfaces and objects before application of JOHNSON BLUE CHIP® GERMICIDAL CLEANER FOR HOSPITALS.

**Contact Time:** Allow surface to remain wet for 1 minute to kill HIV-1 and for 10 minutes to kill all other organisms cited on the label.

**Disposal of Infectious Material:** Blood and other body fluids should be autoclaved and disposed of according to Federal, State, and local regulations for infectious waste disposal.

**STORAGE AND DISPOSAL**

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:**

Do not reuse empty container (unless refilling from a larger container of the same product according to the refilling directions outlined previously). (Keep from freezing.)

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL**

Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

**CONTAINER DISPOSAL**

(Plastic Containers:)

(If not being refilled with JOHNSON BLUE CHIP® GERMICIDAL CLEANER FOR HOSPITALS,) triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

(Sealed Dispenser Cartridges/Portion-Dose (ACCUMIX™) bottles/Tear-open Pouches)

Do not reuse, wrap empty container and put in trash. (Note to Agency: Please note that neither dispenser cartridges nor portion-dose (ACCUMIX) bottles can be triple rinsed because they are closed sealed containers designed to reduce worker exposure to the concentrate.) in EPA Letter Dated:

JUN 21 2002

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No. 70627-15

11-14-01

Page 7 of 10

EPA Reg. No. 70627-15

(Note to Agency: Text appearing in parenthesis or brackets is done to show optional text.)

10/12

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS (for containers of 5 gallons or more)**

Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

**HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

**DANGER: Corrosive.** Causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Wear chemical splash-proof goggles or face shield, rubber gloves, and protective clothing. Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Avoid breathing spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**FIRST AID**

**IF IN EYES:** Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.

**IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:** Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.

**IF SWALLOWED:** Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have a person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**IF INHALED:** Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.

**IN CASE OF EMERGENCY, CALL A POISON CONTROL CENTER OR DOCTOR FOR TREATMENT ADVICE.**

**1-800-851-7145**

Have the product container or label with you when calling a Poison Control Center or doctor or going in for treatment.

**Note to Physician:** Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

EPA Reg. No. 70627-15

EPA Est. No.

Lot number suffix (A) or (B) indicates  
Appropriate establishment number.

MSDS Ref. No. XXXXXXX

© 2001 S.C. Johnson Commercial Markets, Inc., Sturtevant, Wisconsin 53177-0902 U.S.A.

ACCEPTED  
with COMMENTS  
in EPA Letter Dated:  
JUN 21 2002

Under the Federal Insecticide,  
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as  
amended, for the pesticide,  
registered under EPA Reg. No. 70627-15

11/12

# Johnson Wax PROFESSIONAL

## JOHNSON BLUE CHIP® GERMICIDAL CLEANER FOR HOSPITALS REFERENCE SHEET

When used as directed at a 1:64 dilution (2 oz. per gallon of water) (16 mL/L), JOHNSON BLUE CHIP® GERMICIDAL CLEANER FOR HOSPITALS contains 609 ppm of active quaternary germicide making it highly effective against a wide variety (broad-spectrum) of pathogenic microorganisms (including bacteria, antibiotic resistant bacteria, viruses, fungi, mold and mildew. See reference sheet (enclosed in each case) for a complete list of organisms.)

Using approved AOAC test methods (under Good Laboratory Practices, [GLP's]), in the presence of 500 ppm hard water, 10% serum load and 10 minutes contact time JOHNSON BLUE CHIP® GERMICIDAL CLEANER FOR HOSPITALS kills the following on hard non-porous inanimate surfaces:

### Bacteria (Bactericidal Activity) - (kills on hard non-porous inanimate surfaces:)

- |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> , (ATCC 15442)  | <i>Hafnia alvei</i> , (ATCC 13337)            | <i>Salmonella schottmuelleri</i> , (ATCC 10719)                                     |
| <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> , (ATCC 8538)  | <i>Klebsiella oxytoca</i> , (ATCC 13182)      | <i>Salmonella typhi</i> , (ATCC 8539)   |
| <i>Salmonella choleraesuis</i> , (ATCC 10708)   | <i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i> , (ATCC 13883)   | <i>Salmonella typhimurium</i> , (ATCC 13311)  |
| <i>Bordetella bronchiseptica</i> , (ATCC 10580)   | <i>Legionella pneumophila</i> , (ATCC 33153)  | <i>Shigella dysenteriae</i> , (ATCC 29028)  |
| <i>Burkholderia cepacia</i> , (ATCC 25416) formerly known as <i>Pseudomonas cepacia</i>                                     | <i>Listeria monocytogenes</i> , (ATCC 15313)  | <i>Shigella flexneri</i> , (ATCC 25875)   |
| <i>Campylobacter fetus</i> , (ATCC 27374)   | <i>Micrococcus luteus</i> , (ATCC 4698)       | <i>Shigella sonnei</i> , (ATCC 25831)   |
| <i>Citrobacter freundii</i> , (ATCC 8090)   | <i>Micrococcus luteus</i> , (ATCC 14452)      | <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> , (ATCC 25923)   |
| <i>Enterobacter agglomerans</i> , (ATCC 27155)  | <i>Micrococcus sedentarius</i> , (ATCC 27573) | <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (Toxic Shock), (ATCC 33586)                            |
| <i>Enterobacter cloacae</i> , (ATCC 23355)  | <i>Morganella morganii</i> , (ATCC 25830)     | <i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i> , (ATCC 14990)                                    |
| <i>Enterobacter liquefaciens</i> , (ATCC 14460) formerly known as <i>Serratia grimesii</i> and <i>Serratia liquefaciens</i> | <i>Neisseria gonorrhoeae</i> , (ATCC 43069)   | <i>Staphylococcus haemolyticus</i> , (ATCC 29970)                                   |
| <i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> , (ATCC 19433) formerly known as <i>Streptococcus faecalis</i>                                 | <i>Pasteurella multocida</i> , (ATCC 43137)   | <i>Staphylococcus species</i> , (ATCC 12715)  |
| <i>Enterococcus hirae</i> , (ATCC 10541)  | <i>Proteus mirabilis</i> , (ATCC 8240)        | <i>Streptococcus agalactiae</i> , (ATCC 13813)                                      |
| <i>Escherichia coli</i> , (ATCC 11229)  | <i>Proteus vulgaris</i> , (ATCC 13315)        | <i>Streptococcus mutans</i> , (ATCC 25175)  |
| <i>Escherichia coli</i> 0157:H7, (ATCC 43890)   | <i>Pseudomonas diminuta</i> , (ATCC 11568)    | <i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i> , (ATCC 19615)  |
| <i>Flavobacterium meningosepticum</i> , (ATCC 13253)  | <i>Pseudomonas fluorescens</i> , (ATCC 13525) | <i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i> ("Strep A" - Flesh Eating Strain), (clinical isolate) |
| <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> , (ATCC 10211)  | <i>Pseudomonas putida</i> , (ATCC 12633)      | <i>Vibrio cholera</i> , (ATCC 11623)  |
|   | <i>Pseudomonas stutzeri</i> , (ATCC 17588)    | <i>Yersinia enterocolitica</i> , (ATCC 9610)  |
|   | <i>Salmonella enteritidis</i> , (ATCC 13076)  |   |
|   | <i>Salmonella gallinarum</i> , (ATCC 9184)    |   |

### Antibiotic-Resistant (Strains of) Bacteria (Antibiotic-Resistant Bactericidal Activity) - kills on hard non-porous inanimate surfaces:

- |   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| <i>E. coli</i> , (ATCC 55244); (Resistant to Kanamycin)                     | <i>Klebsiella oxytoca</i> , (ATCC 15764); (Resistant to Ampicillin, Dihydrostreptomycin)            | <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> , (ATCC 14154); (Resistant to Erythromycin, Penicillin, Streptomycin, Tetracycline) |
| <i>E. coli</i> , (ATCC 47041); (Resistant to Tetracycline)                  | <i>Micrococcus sedentarius</i> , (ATCC 27573); (Resistant to Methicillin)                           | <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> , (ATCC 33582); (Resistant to Methicillin (MRSA), Gentamicin (GRSA))                |
| <i>Enterococcus faecium</i> , (ATCC 51559); (Resistant to Vancomycin (VRE)) | <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> , (CDC HIP 5836); (Resistant to intermediate Vancomycin strain (VISA)) | <i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> , (ATCC 51915); (Resistant to Penicillin (PRSP))                                 |

### Viruses (\*Virucidal Activity) - kills on hard non-porous inanimate surfaces:

- |   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| <i>Cytomegalovirus</i> , (VR-538)       | <i>Herpes simplex Type 2</i> , (VR-734) | <i>Respiratory syncytial virus</i> , (VR-26)             |
| <i>Herpes simplex Type 1</i> , (VR-733) | <i>Parainfluenza Type 3</i> , (VR-93)   | <i>Vaccinia virus</i> (smallpox vaccine virus), (VR-119) |

Kills HIV-1 (AIDS virus) (HTLV-111<sub>a</sub>) when used on hard, non-porous inanimate surfaces with a 1 minute contact time.

### (Veterinary viruses:)

- |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| <i>Avian infectious bronchitis</i> (IBV), (VR-22) | <i>Feline Rhinotracheitis</i> , (VR-636)            | <i>Pseudorabies</i> , (VR-135)  |
| <i>Avian influenza</i> , (VR-2072)                | <i>Infectious bovine rhinotracheitis</i> , (VR-188) | <i>Transmissible gastroenteritis virus</i> (TGE), (U of Minn. Strain) |
| <i>Canine distemper</i> , (VR-128)                | <i>New Castle disease</i> , (VR-108)                |   |

ACCEPTED  
with COMMENTS  
in EPA Letter Dated:

JUN 21 2002

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide,

No. 70627-15

(Note to Agency: Text appearing in parenthesis or brackets is done to show optional text.)

12/12

**Fungi/Yeast (Fungicidal and Yeast Activity) – kills on hard non-porous inanimate surfaces:**

*Geotrichum candidum*, (ATCC 18301)      *Trichophyton mentagrophytes* (athlete's foot fungus), (ATCC 9533)

**Mold/Mildew Mildewstatic Activity - controls and prevents (inhibits) the growth of mold and mildew: *Aspergillus niger* (ATCC 6275) (and the odors caused by them when applied to hard, non-porous environmental surfaces).**

**Malodor(s) (Activity) (Counteractancy) – eliminates (destroys) odors and odor-causing bacteria in restroom areas, behind and under sinks and counters, and storage areas (and other places where bacterial growth can cause malodors).**

EPA Reg. No.70627-15

© 2001 S.C. Johnson Commercial Markets, Inc., Sturtevant, Wisconsin 53177-0902 U.S.A. All Rights Reserved.

ACCEPTED  
with COMMENTS  
in EPA Letter Dated:  
JUN 21 2002

Under the Federal Insecticide,  
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as  
amended, for the pesticide,  
registered under EPA Reg. No. 70627-15