OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

October 31, 2024

Mark Mongiovi
Regulatory Regional Lead, US
UPL NA Inc.
630 Freedom Business Center, Suite 402
King of Prussia, PA 19406

Subject: Label Amendment - Registration Review Mitigation for Ethephon
Product Name: ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O
EPA Registration Number: 70506-463
Application Date: February 3, 2020
Decision Number: 559335
Case Number: 476722

Dear Mark Mongiovi:

The Agency, in accordance with the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, has completed reviewing all the information submitted with your application to support the Registration Review of the above referenced product in connection with the Ethephon Interim Decision, and has concluded that your submission is acceptable. The label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under FIFRA, as amended, is acceptable.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling and must be used at your next label printing. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 12 months from the date of this letter. After 12 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

If you have any questions about this letter, please contact Caleb Carr by phone at (202) 566-0636, or via email at carr.caleb@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Linda Arrington, Branch Chief
Risk Management and Implementation Branch 4
Pesticide Re-Evaluation Division
Office of Pesticide Programs

ENCLOSURE: Stamped label

ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O

For Use in Production of Cucumber, Squash and Pumpkin Hybrid Seed, For Inducing Flowering of Ornamental Bromeliads, For Reducing Plant Height of Potted Daffodils and Stem Topple of Potted Hyacinths and For Increased Lateral Branching in Ornamentals

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	
Ethephon, [(2-chloroethyl) phosphonic acid]*.....	3.9%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	96.1%
TOTAL:	100.0%

*This product contains 0.33 lbs. Ethephon per gallon

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

FIRST AID	
IF IN EYES:	• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	• Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. Treat symptomatically. Consideration should be given to the possibility that over exposure to materials other than this product may have occurred. No specific antidote is available.

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS: Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.
FOR 24-HOUR EMERGENCY MEDICAL ASSISTANCE CALL: 1-866-303-6952
FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY: Spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident call CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300

EPA Reg. No. 70506-463 EPA Est. No. 51036-GA-1
AD 091905
NET CONTENTS:

Manufactured For:
UPL NA Inc.
PO Box 12219
Research Triangle Park, NC 27709

ACCEPTED
Oct 31, 2024
Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 70506-463

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some of the materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. Applicators and other handlers must wear:

1. Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
2. Waterproof gloves.
3. Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks.
4. Eye protection.
5. Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure.
6. Chemical-resistant apron when mixing or loading or cleaning equipment.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instruction for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instruction for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

1. Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
2. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside.
3. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY: This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize spray drift.

Prolonged exposures to spray deposits can damage acrylic plastics, certain paints, and metals. Remove automobiles and other vehicles

from the treatment area prior to application to prevent spray deposits from falling on vehicles and potentially damaging finishes. Rinse acrylic plastic materials and painted surfaces exposed to inadvertent spray deposits using soap and water within an hour after exposure.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.

Read entire label before using this product.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during
. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulations.

MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Ground Boom Applications:

- Apply with the nozzle height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 3 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- For all applications, applicators are required to use a fine to medium or coarser droplet size (ANSI/ASAE S572.3 FEB2020).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

Boom-less Ground Applications:

Setting nozzles at the lowest effective height will help to reduce the potential for spray drift.

Airblast applications:

- Direct spray into the canopy.
- Turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and when spraying outer rows.

SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT.

BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size – Ground Boom

- Volume – Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure – Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to product the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle – Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

BOOM HEIGHT – Ground Boom
For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

SHIELDED SPRAYERS
Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target areas.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY
When making applications to hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS
Drift potential is high during temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with the altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoker generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

WIND
Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS.
Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 17O. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It

also contains specific instructions and expectations pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notification to workers and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 48 hours.

The REI increases to 72 hours in outdoor areas where average rainfall is less than 25 inches a year.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such as plants, soil or water is:

1. Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants.
2. Waterproof gloves.
3. Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks.
4. Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure.
5. Protective eyewear.

Notify workers of the application by warning them orally and posting warning signs at entrances to treated areas.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE: Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.
PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.
CONTAINER DISPOSAL:
Containers equal to or less than 5 gallons: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container(or equivalent)promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.
Refillable containers greater than 5 gallons: Refillable container. Refill this container with this pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before

final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

GENERAL INFORMATION

For ground application only.

Apply ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O spray solution within 4 hours after mixing. Mix only the amount of spray you plan to use immediately. DO NOT save unused diluted spray solutions as they will not be as effective as fresh solutions.

Plants sprayed with ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O often flower 7 to 10 days earlier than untreated. Therefore pollen source plants should be seeded prior to seed parent to insure adequate pollen availability for hybrid seed production.

Temporary growth inhibition resulting from shortened internodes may be observed.

FLOWER INDUCTION OF BROMELIADS

A foliar spray of ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O initiates flowering of ornamental bromeliads such as ANANAS, AECHMEA, NEOREGELIA, VRIESIA, and BILLBERGIA.

HYBRID SEED PRODUCTION

A foliar spray of ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O Plant Growth Regulator will modify sex expression and flowering pattern of cucumbers and squash to facilitate hybrid seed production. Do not use on cucumbers or squash to be harvested for fresh or processed markets.

DEFOLIATION

A foliar spray of ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O applied after buds are matured, will initiate earlier leaf drop of Roses, Tallhedge, and Apple nursery stock (in Washington only). This will allow digging of stock plants prior to the onset of unfavorable weather.

INCREASING LATERAL BRANCHING

(Varieties such as Azalea, Begonia, Chrysanthemum, Geranium, Impatiens, Lantana, Verbena, Vinca)

A foliar spray of ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O in conjunction with hand

pinching will increase the number of lateral branches on ornamental plant species. When used on Geranium stock plants prior to normal pinching time, an increase in the number of lateral branches to be used as cutting material can be expected. Bougainvillea will be defoliated by applications of ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O but nodes will break a few weeks after treatment.

REDUCTION OF PLANT HEIGHT AND STEM TOPPLE

A foliar spray of ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O will aid in reducing total plant height of potted daffodils and stem topple of potted hyacinths at time of full flower.

HYBRID SEED PRODUCTION

ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O modifies sex expression and flowering pattern of cucumber, squash and pumpkins to facilitate hybrid seed production.
Application of ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O increases the number of pistillate (female) and decreases the number of staminate (male) flowers. ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O brings about earlier formation of female flowers at lower nodes where normally only male flowers are formed in standard (monoecious) cucumber, squash and pumpkin varieties.

Sexual modification towards femaleness in treated plants is temporary (5 to 15 nodes). Variety, location, climate and cultural practices may influence the best rate for treatment. Due to the wide range in sensitivity of cucumber and squash cultivars excessive injury may result from ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O application even when all label directions are followed. Treatment cultivars classified as strongly male (Straight Neck, Crookneck) may result in an unacceptable level of male flowers remaining. New breeding lines will require trial applications before full scale treatments are made.

HYBRID SEED PRODUCTION IN CUCUMBER AND SQUASH

Amounts to Use: Apply 1 quart per acre of ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O in 40 to 100 gallons of water (l00 to 250 ppm). The actual amount needed to achieve a satisfactory level of performance without excessive injury is dependent on the specific cultivar and environmental conditions at the time of treatment. Spray plants at the two leaf stage.

DO NOT HARVEST ANY TREATED CUCUMBERS OR SQUASH FOR HUMAN OR ANIMAL CONSUMPTION. TREATMENTS ARE TO BE MADE FOR SEED PRODUCTION ONLY

When germination is variable, a repeat application 7-10 days after the first may be necessary.

HYBRID SEED PRODUCTION IN PUMPKINS (ILLINOIS ONLY)

Amounts to Use: Apply 3 quarts of ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O per acre in 40 to 100 gallons of water (300 to 750 ppm) per acre. Apply no more than 6 spray applications per year at 7-10 day intervals beginning at the 2-4 leaf stage. Do not harvest within 42 days of last application.

Do not harvest any treated pumpkins for human or animal consumption. Treatments are to be made for seed production only.

HYBRID SEED PRODUCTION IN CUCUMBERS, PUMPKINS, AND SQUASH (CALIFORNIA ONLY)

Amounts to Use: Apply up to 3 quarts per acre of ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O in 40 to 100 gallons of water (300 to 750 ppm) by ground application. Apply no more than 6 spray applications per year at 3 to 10 day intervals beginning at the first true leaf stage.

Do not harvest within 60 days of last application.

Do not harvest any treated pumpkins for human or animal consumption. Treatments are to be made for seed production only.

The actual amount and number of applications needed to achieve a satisfactory level of performance without excessive injury is dependent on the specific cultivar and environmental conditions at time of treatment.

FLOWER INDUCTION OF BROMELIADS

ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O initiates flowering of ornamental bromeliads such as ANANAS, AECHMEA, NEOREGELIA, VRIESIA and BILLBERGlA.

AMOUNTS TO USE

For most bromeliad varieties, mix 8 fluid ounces of ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O per gallon of water. This prepares a spray concentration of approximately 2,500 ppm of ethephon. Spray all surfaces of the plant to "wet". Avoid overspraying to "runoff" which may cause damage to leaves or the growing points. For treating groups of plants, use approximately ½ pint of spray solution per 10 square feet of greenhouse bench or outdoor bed area.

Apply ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O spray solutions within 4 hours after mixing. Mix up only the amount of spray you plan to use immediately. DO NOT save unused diluted spray solutions as they will not be as effective as fresh solutions.

The degree of flower induction with a given rate of ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O is influenced by the plant age, variety, growth rate, climate

and cultural conditions. Lower rates may force flowering or produce desirable foliage coloring on certain varieties. Trial applications at lower rates are suggested before making extensive treatments.

GUIDELINES FOR CONSISTENT FLOWER FORCING

1. Grow plants on photoperiods regulated to maintain plants vegetatively active prior to treatment; long days for ANANAS, BILLBERGIA, NEOREGELIA, and short days for AECHMEA, and VRIESIA.

2. Treat mature plants that have well established root systems. Treatments too early in the development of the plant will cause erratic flower initiation and the few flowers formed will be small.

3. Remove water at base of leaves. Allow foliage to dry prior to treatment. Water may be replaced 24 hours after treatment.

4. A minimum night temperature of 65-70° or higher should be maintained throughout the forcing period.

5. Do not apply fertilizer two weeks prior to or for two weeks after treatment.

NOTE: Inconsistent results may be obtained if the local surface is covered with algae.

DEFOLIATION

A foliar spray of ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O will cause earlier leaf drop of roses, tallhedge and apple nursery stock. Apply only after the buds are mature or some injury may result.

FOR ROSES: Mix 1 quart of ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O in 10 gallons of water and apply to thoroughly wet foliage. Amount of spray used will depend on the size of the rose bush. Amount of defoliation obtained will depend on the variety and temperature. The addition of 1 pint of nonionic surfactant such as Tween 20 or X-77 per 100 gallons of spray solution will improve defoliation. Do not apply to sensitive varieties such as Red American Beauty as bud injury may result.

FOR TALLHEDGE BUCKTHORN: Mix 5 to 10 quarts ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O in 10 gallons water and apply to thoroughly wet foliage. Amount of spray used will depend on size of tallhedge. Use the higher rate when temperatures are cool or earlier defoliation is desired.

FOR APPLE NURSERY STOCK IN WASHINGTON: Mix 1-2 pints ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O plus 3 quarts Dupont Surfactant WK in 50 gallons water and

apply no more solution than is necessary to moisten foliage without runoff. A second treatment 3-7 days later using the above rates may be applied. Apply no more than 4 pints ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O per season. Do not use on Rome apples as defoliation will not be satisfactory. Amount of defoliation obtained will depend on variety and temperatures.

INCREASED LATERAL BRANCHING

A foliar spray of ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O will increase lateral branching in the following ornamental species: Azalea, Garden Chrysanthemum (perennial species) Fuchsia, Zonal Geranium, Ivy Geranium, Lantana, Verbena, Vinca vines (vinca major). To minimize the risk of unacceptable plant injury do not use ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O on ornamental varieties or species not specifically listed on the label.

When applied to plants ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O readily enters the plant and breaks down to ethylene, a naturally occurring plant hormone. Ethylene production within the plant is stimulated by stress. For this reason, it is important that plants being treated are not under stress from drought, high temperature, disease or other environmental stresses. Treating stressed plants can cause severe injury such as defoliation or leaf scorching. While injury from ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O usually does not kill the plant, it can render the plant unsightly and unfit for sale. The activity of ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O is linked to plant growth activity and is therefore slower acting when temperatures are below 60F or very high above 95F.

FOR STOCK PLANTS (EXCEPT AZALEA): Mix 1 pint (16 fluid ounces) of ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O in 10 gallons of water (500 ppm) and spray to thoroughly wet foliage, but not to runoff. Make applications at normal pinching times instead of hand pinching. To optimize the vigor of cuttings, do not make applications for 2 weeks prior to harvesting cuttings from stock plants.

FOR FINISHED PLANTS (EXCEPT AZALEA): Mix 1 pint (16 fluid ounces) of ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O in 10 gallons of water (500 ppm) and spray to thoroughly wet foliage, but not runoff. Make applications at normal pinching time instead of hand pinching. To ensure flowering and full foliage on finished plants do not make applications for 6 to 8 weeks prior to bloom or planned sale.

FOR BOTH STOCK AND FINISHED PLANTS: Mix 2.5 to 5 quarts of ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O in 10 gallons of water (2,500 to 5,000 ppm) and apply to thoroughly wet foliage. The amount of spray will depend upon the size of the plant being treated. Application should be made at normal pinching times and can be used in conjunction with hand pinching or chemical pinching agents. Use the higher rate on vigorous tolerant varieties as determined by experience. To prevent unacceptable plant injury, do not treat sensitive varieties such as Sweetheart, and other varieties as determined by

experience. To optimize the vigor of cuttings, do not make application for 2 weeks prior to harvesting cuttings from stock plants. To ensure full foliage and on finished plants, do not make applications for 6 to 8 weeks prior to bloom or planned sale.

REDUCTION OF HYACINTH STEM TOPPLE AND DAFFODIL PLANT HEIGHT

To reduce potted hyacinth Stem topple at time of full flower, apply a foliar spray of ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O before florets have opened. Most cultivars will respond to applications of ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O at 1000 to 2000 ppm (1/2 to 1 pint in 2.5 gallons of water) of ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O. Bismarck, Jan Bos, Blue Giant, Delft Blue, and Madame Kruger may benefit from a second spray 2 days after the first.

To reduce total plant height of potted daffodils, apply a foliar spray of ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O when the shoots are 3 to 4 inches tall. Most cultivars will respond to 2000 ppm (1 pint in 2.5 gallons) sprays of ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O. For earlier forcing, Dutch Master, Joseph MacLeod, Flower Record, and Barret Browning will benefit from a second spray 2 or 3 days after the first. Bridal Crown and Geranium require only 1000 ppm (1/2 pint in 2.5 gallons of water). Gold Medal, Van Sion, February Gold, and Tete-a-Tete do not require ETHEPHON 3.9% S&O treatment.

Warranty and Disclaimer Statement

The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Such risks may arise from weather conditions, soil factors, off-target movement, unconventional farming techniques, the presence of other materials, the manner of use or application, or other unknown factors, all of which are beyond the control of UPL NA Inc. ("UPL"), and can cause crop injury, injury to non-target crops or plants, ineffectiveness of the product, or other unintended consequences. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer. UPL warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks described above, when used in accordance with the Directions for Use under normal conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to UPL, and is subject to the inherent risks described above.

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