3/16/2011
70506-236

PLEASE NOTE

This image contains more than one label approved for this product on this date.

70506-236 3/16/2011 1/25

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF
CHEMICAL SAFETY AND
POLLUTION PREVENTION

Rebecca A. Clemmer
Regulatory Manager
United Phosphorus, Inc.
630 Freedom Business Center, Suite 402
King of Prussia, PA 19406

MAR 16 2011

Product Name:	Manzate Flowable Fungicide
EPA Reg. No.:	70506-236
Subject:	Your notification dated December 16, 2007: Pesticide Registration Notice 2007-4
EPA Decision Number:	444658

Dear Ms Clemmer:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 2007-4. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 2007-4 and finds that the label changes requested fall within the scope of PRN 2007-4.

The label submitted with the application has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

Please be reminded that 40 CFR Part 156.140(a)(4) requires that a batch code, lot number, or other code identifying the batch of the pesticide distributed and sold be placed on nonrefillable containers. The code may appear either on the label (and can be added by non-notification/PR Notice 98-10) or durably marked on the container itself.

If you have any questions, please contact Robert Westin by phone at (703) 305-5721 or via email at westin.robert@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Mary L. Waller

Mary L. Waller
Product Manager (21)
Fungicide Branch
Registration Division (7504P)

2/25

Please read instructions on reverse before completing form

Form Approved, OMB No. 2070-0060, Approval expires 5-31-98

United States
Environmental Protection Agency
Washington, DC 20460

[ ] Registration
[ ] Amendment
[X] Other

OPP Identifier Number

Application for Pesticide – Section I

1. Company/Product Number	2. EPA Product Manager	3. Proposed Classification
70506-236	M. Waller	[ ] None [ ] Restricted
4. Company/Product (Name)	PM #	
United Phosphorus, Inc/Manzate Flowable Fungicide	21	
5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code)	6. **Expedited Review**. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3)(b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to:	
United Phosphorus, Inc. 630 Freedom Business Center, Suite 402 King of Prussia, PA 19406	EPA Reg No. _____	
[ ] *Check if this is a new address*	Product Name _____	

Section - II

[ ] Amendment – Explain below
[ ] Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated _____
[X] Notification – Explain below
[ ] Final printed labels in response to Agency letter dated _____
[ ] "Me Too" Application
[ ] Other – Explain below

Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For Section I and Section II.)

Notification of label change per PR Notice 2007-4. This notification is consistent with the guidance in PRN 2007-4 and the requirements of EPA's regulations at 40CFR§§156.10, 156.140, 156.144, 156.146, 156.156. No other changes have been made to the labeling or the CSF for this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 USC Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if the amended label is not consistent with the sections above, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

Section III

1. Material This Product Will be Packaged in:

Child-Resistant Packaging	Unit Packaging		Water Soluble Packaging		2. Type of Container
[ ] Yes [X] No ***Certification must be submitted***	[ ] Yes [X] No If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt.	No. per container	[ ] Yes [X] No If "Yes" Package wgt	No. per container	[ ] Metal [X] Plastic [ ] Glass [ ] Paper [ ] Other (Specify) _____

3. Location of Net Contents Information	4. Size(s) Retail Container	5. Location of label directions
[X] Label [ ] Container	2.5, 30, 270 gallons	[X] On Label [ ] On Label accompanying product

6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product: [ ] Lithograph [X] Paper glued [ ] Stenciled [ ] Other _____

Section IV

1. Contact Person (*Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application.*)

Name	Title	Telephone No. (Include Area Code)
Rebecca A. Clemmer	Regulatory Manager	610-491-2828

Certification

I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law

6. Date Application Received (Stamped)

2. Signature	3. Title	
R.A. Clemmer	Regulatory Manager	
4. Typed Name	5. Date	
Rebecca A. Clemmer	December 16, 2010	

3/25

5888560
D444658

United Phosphorus, Inc.

630 Freedom Business Center
Suite 402
King of Prussia, PA 19406
(610) 491-2828 (phone)
(610) 491-2810 (fax)

Rebecca A. Clemmer
Regulatory Manager

Dec. 16, 2010

Mary Waller

Document Processing Desk (NOTIF)
Office of Pesticide Programs (H7504P)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Ariel Rios Building
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.
Washington, D.C., 20460

Re: Manzate Pro-Stick Fungicide (EPA Reg. No. 70506-234)
Manzate Flowable Fungicide (EPA Reg. No. 70506-236)
Notifications

To Whom It May Concern:

United Phosphorus is notifying the Agency of changes to these products as follows:

- Compliance with the requirements of PR 2007-4 for container disposal.

In support, enclosed please find for each product:

- one copy of the label, marked to show changes
- EPA form 8570-1

Please contact me if you have any questions.

Very truly yours,

R. A. Clemmer

Rebecca A. Clemmer
rebecca.clemmer@uniphos.com

RAC-2010-154

4/25

Manzate® Flowable

fungicide

Active Ingredients	By Weight
A coordination product of zinc ion and manganese ethylenebisdithiocarbamate	37.0%
in which the ingredients are	
Manganese++	7.4%
Zinc++	0.9%
Ethylenebisdithiocarbamate ion $(C_4H_6N_2S_4)^-$	28.7%
Inert Ingredients	63.0%
TOTAL	100.0%

Contains 4.0 Pounds Active Ingredient Per Gallon
EPA Reg. No. 70506-236 EPA Est. No. 352-GA-002

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

FIRST AID

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. **Contact the Rocky Mountain Poison Center at 1-866-673-6671 for emergency medical treatment information.** See Label for Additional Precautions and Directions for Use.

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY: Spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident, call CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300.

See Inside for additional Precautionary Statements and complete Directions For Use.

Net Contents: ☐ 2.5 Gallons ☐ 30 Gallons ☐ 270 Gallons

UPI
United Phosphorus, Inc.
630 Freedom Business Center, Suite 402
King of Prussia, PA 19406
1-800-438-6071 • www.upi-usa.com

NOTIFICATION
MAR 16 2011

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Harmful if absorbed through the skin. Causes moderate eye irritation.. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are made of any waterproof material. If you want more options, follow the instructions for Category A on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers (must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt
- Long pants
- Shoes and socks
- Chemical resistant gloves (except pilots and seed-treatment handlers who are bagging treated seed or sewing bags containing treated seed).

In addition, mixers/loaders supporting chemigation applications to turf on sod farms must wear a NIOSH-approved respirator with a dust/mist filter with MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C or any R, P, or HE filter.
See Engineering Controls for additional requirements.

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing or other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENTS:

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)].
Human flagging is prohibited. Flagging to support aerial application is limited to use of the Global Positioning System (GPS) or mechanical flaggers.
When handlers use enclosed cabs or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR part 170.240 (d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

USERS SHOULD: Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside, then was thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to aquatic organisms. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Cover or incorporate spilled treated seed. Do not contaminate water by disposing of equipment washwaters.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Shoes and socks
- Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Do not enter or allow others to enter treated areas until sprays have dried.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, United Phosphorus, Inc. will not be responsible for losses or damages resulting from use of this product in any manner not specifically recommended by United Phosphorus, Inc. To the extent consistent with applicable law, User assumes all risks associated with such nonrecommended use.

MANZATE® Flowable, containing mancozeb, is recommended for use as a spray for the control of many important plant diseases.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

AS A SPRAY (Ground or Aerial Equipment) - Apply MANZATE® Flowable at the rate shown; use sufficient water to provide thorough coverage, use 20 to 100 gallons per acre for ground equipment and no less than 2 gallons per acre for aircraft. Add MANZATE® Flowable slowly to water in the spray tank with agitation, or premix thoroughly in separate holding tank for concentrate or aircraft sprayers. Continuous agitation is required to keep the product in suspension. A spreader-sticker spray adjuvant may be used with this product if needed; contact your local product distributor or United Phosphorus, Inc. representative for specific directions.

RESTRICTIONS

Foliar Applications

Where EBDC Products Used Allow the Same Maximum Poundage of Active Ingredient Per Acre Per Season

If more than one product containing an EBDC active ingredient (maneb, mancozeb or metiram) is used on a crop during the same growing season and the EBDC products used allow the same maximum poundage of active ingredient per acre per season, then the total poundage of all such EBDC products used must not exceed any one of the specified individual EBDC product maximum seasonal poundage of active ingredient allowed per acre.

Where EBDC Products Used Allow Different Maximum Poundage of Active Ingredient Per Acre Per Season

If more than one product containing an EBDC active ingredient is used on a crop during the same growing season and the EBDC products used allow different maximum poundage of active ingredient per acre per season, then the total poundage of all such EBDC products used must not exceed the lowest specified individual EBDC product maximum seasonal poundage of active ingredient allowed per acre.

7/25

SEED TREATMENT

In addition to the maximum number of foliar applications permitted by the formula stated above, a single application for seed treatment may be made on crops which have registered seed treatment uses.

CHEMIGATION

Apply MANZATE® Flowable Fungicide only through sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set or hand move irrigation systems. Do not apply MANZATE® Flowable through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service Specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Specific Instructions for Public Water Systems:

1. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
2. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
4. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
8. Good agitation is required in the injection tank.
9. In moving systems, apply specified dosage of MANZATE® Flowable as a continuous injection. In non-moving systems inject MANZATE® Flowable for 15 to 30 minutes at end of cycle. Use the least amount of water possible consistent with uniform coverage.
10. Mix the amount of MANZATE® Flowable needed for acreage to be treated into the quantity of water determined during prior calibration. For moving systems inject into the system continuously for one complete revolution of the field. For non-moving systems inject into system for the time established during calibration.
11. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation equipment until all MANZATE® Flowable is flushed from system.

Specific Instructions for Sprinkler Irrigation Systems:

1. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve

8/25

located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
8. Good agitation is required in the injection tank.
9. In moving systems, apply specified dosage of MANZATE® Flowable as a continuous injection. In non-moving systems inject MANZATE® Flowable for 15 to 30 minutes at end of cycle. Use the least amount of water possible consistent with uniform coverage.
10. Mix the amount of MANZATE® Flowable needed for acreage to be treated into the quantity of water determined during prior calibration. For moving systems inject into the system continuously for one complete revolution of the field. For non-moving systems inject into system for the time established during calibration.
11. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation equipment until all MANZATE® Flowable is flushed from system.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

A variety of factors including weather conditions (e.g. wind direction, wind speed, temperature, relative humidity) and method of application (e.g. ground, aerial, airblast, chemigation) can influence pesticide drift. The applicator must evaluate all factors and make appropriate adjustments when applying this product.

Wind Speed

Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 15 mph.

Temperature Inversions

If applying at wind speeds less than 3 mph, the applicator must determine if a) conditions of temperature inversion exist, or b) stable atmospheric conditions exist at or below nozzle height. Do not make applications into areas of temperature inversions or stable atmospheric conditions.

Other State and Local Requirements

Applicators must follow all state and local pesticide drift requirements regarding application of mancozeb. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

Equipment

All aerial and ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers or surrogates.

Additional requirements for aerial applications:

1. The boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade diameter.
2. Release spray at the lowest height consistent with efficacy and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.
3. When applications are made wit a crosswind, the swath must be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the up and downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

Additional requirements for ground boom application:

1. Do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the drop canopy.

9/25

CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE OF MANZATE FLOWABLE PER APPLICATION QTS/ACRE	TIMING/INTERVALS (Also refer to Directions for Use)	RESTRICTIONS/ COMMENTS
Apple	(See Pomefruit)			
Asparagus	Cercospora Leaf Spot, Rust	1.6	Start applications when rust first appears and repeat at 10-day intervals. Four applications are usually sufficient.	Apply only on asparagus ferns after spears have been harvested. Do not apply within 180 days of harvest in all states except CA and AZ (120 days). Do not apply more than 6.4 qts (6.4 lbs active) per acre per season.
Asparagus Crown (Planting Stock)	Crown Rot	0.8/100 gals	Dip clean, loosely packed crowns into continuously agitated fungicide suspension for 5 minutes. Drain and plant as soon as possible.	Wash dirty crowns before dip treatment. Replace suspension in clean tank when discolored by soil.
Banana (Including Plantain)	Sigatoka	1.6-2.4	Apply when leaves first appear and repeat every 14 to 21 days or as required. Use sufficient water to provide adequate coverage.	Do not apply more than 24 qts (24 lbs active) per acre per growing cycle. Minimum preharvest interval 0 days.
Barley, Oat, Rye, Wheat (Including Triticale)	Helminthosporium Leaf Spot, Leaf Rust, Septoria Glume Blotch, Septoria Leaf Spot, Tan Spot	1.6	Start application at onset of disease or when plants are in the tillering to jointing stage and repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals.	Do not make more than three applications during the season. Do not apply more than 4.8 qts (4.8 lbs active) per acre per crop. PHI for barley, rye, and wheat is Feekes Growth Stage 10.5 (typically 35-45 days), but no less than 26 days. Do not apply within 26 days of harvest. Do not graze livestock in treated areas prior to harvest.
Caprifig (Non-Food Use)	Endosepsis (Fusarium), Mold	3.2/100 gals	Prepare mamme figs by making a shallow cut through the eye and then hand dividing to avoid wasp injury. Submerge mamme figs in the continuously agitated suspension for at least 15 minutes. Drain before placement in trees.	Use fresh dipping suspension after treating 4 to 5 batches of figs.
Corn (Sweet Corn for Fresh Use or Processing; Popcorn; and	Common Rust, Helminthosporium Leaf Blight, Gray Leaf Spot	1.2	Use sufficient water for thorough coverage. Start applications when disease first appears and repeat at	Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 18 qts (18 lbs active) per acre per crop east of the Mississippi

10/25

CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE OF MANZATE FLOWABLE PER APPLICATION QTS/ACRE	TIMING/INTERVALS (Also refer to Directions for Use)	RESTRICTIONS/ COMMENTS
Sweet Corn for Seed Production, including Hybrid Seed)			4- to 7-day intervals.	and AR and LA. Do not apply more than 6 qts (6 lbs active) per acre per crop west of the Mississippi except AR and LA.
(Field and Field Corn for Hybrid Seed Production)				Do not apply within 40 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 12 qts (12 lbs active) per acre per crop.
Cranberry	Fruit Rot	2.4-4.8	Start applications at mid-bloom and repeat at 7- to 10- day intervals.	Do not apply within 30 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 14.4 qts (14.4 lbs active) per acre per season.
Cucumber	Anthracnose, Cercospora Leaf Spot, Downy Mildew, Gummy Stem Blight, Scab	1.6-2.4	Start applications when plants are in the two-leaf stage and repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals. Use sufficient water and direct spray to provide thorough coverage of both upper and lower leaf surfaces.	Do not apply within 5 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 19.2 qts (19.2 lbs active) per acre per crop.
Fennel	Early Blight, Late Blight	1.6	Begin in plant beds at emergence. Repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals.	Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 12.8 qts (12.8 lbs active) per acre per crop. Do not graze livestock in treated areas.
Grape (East of the Rocky Mountains)	Black Rot, Bunch Rot, Deadarm, Downy Mildew	1.2-3.2	Apply in sufficient water to provide thorough coverage starting when new shoots are 1/2 to 1 1/2 inches long. Repeat when shoots are 3 to 5 inches long, when shoots are 8 to 10 inches long, and then at 7- to 10-day intervals until fruit is set. For late season control of black rot, deadarm and downy mildew, the use of other approved and recommended fungicides is suggested.	Do not apply within 66 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 19.2 qts (19.2 lbs active) per acre per season.
Grape (West of the	Black Rot, Bunch Rot,	1.2-2	Apply in sufficient water to provide thorough	Do not apply within 66 days of harvest except in CA where

11/25

CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE OF MANZATE FLOWABLE PER APPLICATION QTS/ACRE	TIMING/INTERVALS (Also refer to Directions for Use)	RESTRICTIONS/ COMMENTS
Rocky Mountains)	Deadarm, Downy Mildew		coverage starting when new shoots are 1/2 to 1 1/2 inches long. Repeat when shoots are 3 to 5 inches long, when shoots are 8 to 10 inches long, and then at 7- to 10-day intervals until fruit is set. For late season control of black rot, deadarm and downy mildew, the use of other approved and recommended fungicides is suggested.	no application can be made after bloom. Do not apply more than 6 qts (6 lbs active) per acre per season.
Melon Cantaloupe, Casaba, Crenshaw, Honeydew, Watermelon	Alternaria Leaf Spot, Anthracnose, Downy Mildew, Gummy Stem Blight, Cercospora Leaf Spot	1.6-2.4	Start applications when plants are in the two-leaf stage and repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals. Use sufficient water and direct spray to provide thorough coverage of both upper and lower leaf surfaces. Some varieties are sensitive to MANZATE® Flowable fungicide. Consult State Cooperative Extension Service Specialist prior to use.	Do not apply within 5 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 19.2 qts (19.2 lbs active) per acre per season.
Oat	(See Barley)			
Onion (Dry Bulb), Garlic, Shallot	Botrytis Leaf Blight, Downy Mildew, Neck Rot, Purple Blotch	2.4	Follow a protective spray schedule starting when diseases are first reported in the area and repeat at 7-day intervals throughout the season.	Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. Do not apply to exposed bulbs. Do not apply more than 24 qts (24 lbs active) per acre per crop.
	Smut	2.4	Apply 2.4 qts per acre as a furrow drench at time of planting onion seeds. Use 75 to 125 gallons of water per acre.	Do not use more than 2.4 qts active per acre (29,000 linear feet of furrow) with an 18 inch row spacing.
Papaya	Anthracnose (Colletotricum), Phytophthora Fruit Rot, Black Spot (Cercospora)	1.6-2.0 (minimum 50 gals per acre)	Begin at flowering; treat central column crown, blossom area and developing fruit. Repeat at 14- to 21-day intervals.	Do not use more than 28 qts (28 lbs active) per acre peryear, i.e. do not make more than 14 applications at the maximum use rate per year. Minimum pre-harvest interval 0 days.

12/25

CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE OF MANZATE FLOWABLE PER APPLICATION QTS/ACRE	TIMING/INTERVALS (Also refer to Directions for Use)	RESTRICTIONS/ COMMENTS
Peanut	Ascochyta Web Blotch Cercospora Leaf Spot, Rust	0.8-1.6	Start application when disease first appears or is reported in area. Repeat sprays at 7- to 14-day intervals. Reduce sprays to a 7-day interval during humid weather.	Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not use more than 12.8 qts (12.8 lbs active) per acre per crop. Do not feed treated vines to livestock.
Pear	(See Pomefruit)			
Pome Fruit Apple, Pear, Crabapple, Quince	Rusts, Scab, Fabrea Leaf Spot	4.8 Maximum per acre use rate based on thorough coverage dilute sprays. Use 50 gal minimum per acre. Consult State Extension Service if necessary to adjust for variable tree size.	**Pre-Bloom/Bloom Use:** Begin application at 1/4 to 1/2 inch green tip and continue on a 7- to 10-day schedule through bloom. Use either the "Pre-Bloom/Bloom" or "Extended Application" schedule. **DO NOT COMBINE OR INTEGRATE THE TWO TREATMENT SCHEDULES**	Do not apply more than 4.8 qts (4.8 lbs active) per acre per application. Do not apply after bloom. Do not apply more than 19.2 qts (19.2 lbs active) per acre per year. Do not graze livestock in treated areas. It is recommended that this product be used in an Integrated Pest Management Program.
		2.4 Maximum per acre use rate based on thorough coverage dilute sprays. Use 50 gal minimum per acre. Consult State Extension Service if necessary to adjust for variable tree size.	**Extended Application Schedule or for Use in Tank Mixtures:** For implementation of IPM programs, applications based on tree-row volume, or for use as a resistance management tool; begin applications at 1/4 to 1/2 inch green tip and continue applications on a 7- to 10-day schedule through the second cover spray. Use either the "Pre-Bloom/Bloom" or "Extended Application" schedule. **DO NOT COMBINE OR INTEGRATE THE TWO TREATMENT SCHEDULES**	Do not apply more than 2.4 qts (2.4 lbs active) per acre per application. Do not apply within 77 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 16.8 qts (16.8 lbs active) per acre per year. Do not graze livestock in treated areas. It is recommended that this product be used in an Integrated Pest Management Program.
Potato	Early Blight, Late Blight,	0.4-1.6	Begin applications when plants are 4 to 6 inches	Do not apply more than 11.2 qts (11.2 lbs active) per acre

13/25

CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE OF MANZATE FLOWABLE PER APPLICATION QTS/ACRE	TIMING/INTERVALS (Also refer to Directions for Use)	RESTRICTIONS/ COMMENTS
	Black Dot **Disease Suppression:** Botrytis		high by applying 1 qt (1 lb active) per acre. As the vines increase in size, apply 1 to 1.6 qts per acre at intervals of 5- to 10-days or 0.4 qt per acre at 3 to 5 day intervals.	per crop. Do not use within 3 days of harvest in CT, DE, FL, MA, ME, MI, NH, NY, OH, PA, RI, VT, WI, and within 14 days elsewhere. Vine-kill should occur 14 days before harvest. It is recommended that this product be used in an Integrated Pest Management Program.
Potato (Seedpiece Treatment)	Fusarium Decay, Seedborne Common Scab	1 per 50 gal	Dip whole or cut potato tubers in 1 qt MANZATE® Flowable fungicide per 50 gallons of water. Place treated tubers in a clean container following treatment and plant as soon as possible. Spread treated seedpieces in a cool place if held before planting.	Do not use treated seed potatoes for food or feed purposes. Seed-pieces that have been treated with this product that are then to be packaged or bagged for future use must contain the following labeling on the outside of the seed-piece package or bag: "When opening this bag or loading/pouring the treated seed-pieces, wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, shoes, socks, chemical resistant gloves, and a NIOSH-approved respirator with a dust/mist filter with MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C or any R, P, or HE filter. Treated seed-pieces – Do Not Use for Food, Feed, or Oil Purposes." After the seed pieces have been planted, do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours. Exception: Once the seed pieces are planted in soil or other planting media, the Worker Protection Standard allows workers to enter the treated area without restriction if there will be no worker contact with the soil/ media subsurface.

14/25

CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE OF MANZATE FLOWABLE PER APPLICATION QTS/ACRE	TIMING/INTERVALS (Also refer to Directions for Use)	RESTRICTIONS/ COMMENTS
Squash (Summer Squash, Including Edible Gourd)	Downy Mildew	1.6-2.4	Start applications when plants are in the two-leaf stage and repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals. Use sufficient water and direct spray to provide thorough coverage of both upper and lower leaf surfaces.	Do not apply within 5 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 19.2 qts (19.2 lbs active) per acre per crop.
Sugar Beet	Cercospora Leaf Spot	1.2-1.6	Begin when disease first threatens. Repeat at 7- to 10- day intervals.	Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 11.2 qts (11.2 lbs active) per acre per crop. Do not feed treated sugar beet tops to livestock.
Tomato (East of the Mississippi River)	Anthracnose, Early Blight, Gray Leaf Spot, Late Blight, Leaf Mold, Septoria Leaf Spot	0.6-1.2	Start application when seedlings emerge or transplants are set. Repeat at 3- to 7-day intervals throughout the season.	Do not apply within 5 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 16.8 qts (16.8 lbs active) per acre per crop.
		1.2-2.4	Start application when seedlings emerge or transplants are set. Repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals throughout the season.	
	Bacterial Speck and Spot	1.2-2.4	Start application when seedlings emerge or transplants are set. Repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals throughout the season.	Do not apply within 5 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 16.8 qts (16.8 lbs active) per acre per crop. Use a full rate of a fixed copper fungicide in a tank mix combination with a half to full rate of MANZATE® Flowable. Follow the application interval as directed on the copper fungicide label.
Tomato (West of the Mississippi River)	Anthracnose, Early Blight, Gray Leaf Spot, Late Blight, Leaf Mold, Septoria Leaf Spot	0.6-0.8	Start application when seedlings emerge or transplants are set. Repeat at 3- to 7-day intervals throughout the season.	Do not apply within 5 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 6.4 qts (6.4 lbs active) per acre per crop.
		1.2-1.6	Start application when seedlings emerge or transplants are set. Repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals throughout the season.	

15/25

CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE OF MANZATE FLOWABLE PER APPLICATION QTS/ACRE	TIMING/INTERVALS (Also refer to Directions for Use)	RESTRICTIONS/ COMMENTS
	Bacterial Speck and Spot	1.2-1.6	Start application when seedlings emerge or transplants are set. Repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals throughout the season.	Do not apply within 5 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 6.4 qts (6.4 lbs active) per acre per crop. Use a full rate of a fixed copper fungicide in a tank mix combination with a half to full rate of MANZATE® Flowable. Follow the application interval as directed on the copper fungicide label.
Watermelon	(See Melon)			
Wheat (Including Triticale)	(See Barley)			

16/25

SEED TREATMENTS

For Commercial Seed Treatment Only

A single application for commercial seed treatment may be made on crops which have registered EBDC seed treatment uses.

For best results, the seed must be completely and uniformly covered with fungicide. For seed treatment, a dye must be added to the Manzate Flowable treating slurry which will impart an unnatural color to the seed. For commercial seed treatments, seeds should be clean and well-cured prior to treatment. Apply to dry seed with conventional slurry or mist seed treating equipment. Refer to the Non-Agricultural Use Requirements box for commercial treatments.

Seeds that have been treated with this product that are then to be packaged or bagged for future use must contain the following labeling on the outside of the seed package or bag:

"When opening this bag or loading/pouring the treated seeds, wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, shoes, socks, chemical resistant gloves, and a NIOSH-approved respirator with a dust/mist filter with MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C or any R, P, or HE filter.

Treated seed – Do Not Use for Food, Feed, or Oil Purposes."

After the seeds have been planted, do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours. Exception: Once the seeds are planted in soil or other planting media, the Worker Protection Standard allows workers to enter the treated area without restriction if there will be no worker contact with the soil/ media subsurface.

CROP	DISEASES	SEED TREATMENT RATE-APPLY AS A SLURRY FLUID OZ./BU.		FLUID OZS./100 LBS.	
		CA	All States Except CA	CA	All states except CA
Barley	Bunt, Covered Smut, Damping-Off, Fake Loose Smut, Seed Decay, Seedling Blights	2.2	2-3.2	4.5	4.3-6.7
Corn	Damping-Off, Seed Rot, Seedling Blights	2.5	2.4-4.8	4.5	4.3-8.6
Cotton Acid Delinted	Damping-Off, Seedling Blights	Do Not Use	Do Not Use	5.1	4.8-5.1
Cotton Reginned	Damping-Off, Seedling Blights	Do Not Use	Do Not Use	10.1	9.5-10.1
Flax	Seed Decay, Seedling Blights, Damping-Off	3.4	3.2-6.4	6.1	5.7-11.3
Oat	Damping-Off, Seedling Blights, Seed Decay, Smuts	2.2	2-3.2	6.7	6.4-10
Peanut (Shelled)	Damping-Off, Seed Rots, Seedling Blights	Do Not Use	3.2-6.4	Do Not Use	12.8-25.6
Rice	Achyla, Other Soil and Seedborne Fungi Causing Seed Rot and Reduced Seedling Vigor	Do Not Use	Do Not Use	3.4-6.7 (of dry rice seed) (2.1-4.2 qts/ton of seed) Apply before, during or after soaking in water.	
Rye	Bunt, Covered Smut, Damping-Off, Seed Decay, Seedling Blights	2.2	2-3.2	4.0	3.7-5.7
Safflower	*Puccinia carthami* (Which Causes Foot-and-Rot Disease and Foliage Rust Disease)	Do Not Use	Do Not Use	3.4	3.2-3.4

17/25

Sorghum	Covered Kernel Smut, Damping-Off, Seedling Blights, Seed Rots	2.5	2.4-4	5.1	4.3-7.2
Tomato	Damping-Off, Seedling Blights, Seed Rots	Do Not Use	Do Not Use	13.5	12.8-13.5
Wheat (including Triticale)	Bunt, Covered Smut, Damping-Off, Seed Decay, Seedling Blights	2.2	2-3.2	3.7	3.5-5.2

FLOWERS, FOLIAGE PLANTS, AND ORNAMENTALS

INTENDED FOR USE ON FRUIT TREES ONLY BY PROFESSIONAL APPLICATORS
TREATED PLANTS MUST NOT BE USED FOR FOOD OR FEED PURPOSES.

Plant sensitivities to MANZATE Flowable have been found to be acceptable in specific genera and species listed on this label, however, phototoxicity may occur. Due to the large number of species and varieties of ornamentals and nursery plants, it is impossible to test each one for sensitivity to MANZATE Flowable. Neither the manufacturer or seller has determined whether or not MANZATE Flowable can be safely used on ornamental or nursery plants not listed on this label. The user should determine if MANZATE Flowable can be used safely prior to commercial use. In a small area, apply the specified rates to the plants in question, i.e. bedding plants, foliage, etc., and observe for 7 to 10 days for symptoms of phytotoxicity prior to commercial use. Use MANZATE Flowable in commercial greenhouses and nurseries for control of fungal diseases of flowers, foliage and ornamentals. Do not make more than 20 applications per year.

Aerial Application: For aerial applications made to field-planted ornamentals, apply 0.8 to 1.6 quarts per acre; a minimum rate of 5 gals of spray per acre should be used during aerial applications.

Application of Dilute Sprays: Apply as thorough coverage spray using 0.8 quarts to 1.6 quarts per acre (0.8 to 1.6 lbs active ingredient) per 100 gals of water or per acre (see table below). Begin application at first sign of disease and repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals or as needed; use shorter interval during periods of frequent rains or when severe disease conditions persist. MANZATE Flowable may be used alone or in combination with other fungicides as a maintenance spray. Use higher rate and shorter intervals during periods of excessive wetness and rapid plant growth.

Label Use Rate quarts per acre or quarts per 100 gals	Fluid ounces (fl. oz.) of MANZATE Flowable required to make the following spray volume:			
	10 gal	5 gal	2 gal	1 gal
0.8	2.6	1.3	0.5	0.3
1.0	3.2	1.6	0.6	0.3
1.6	5.1	2.6	1.0	0.5

MANZATE Flowable is recommended for use on certain flower, foliage and ornamental plants listed in the table below for control of the following diseases and pathogens:

PLANT	**PATHOGEN CONTROLLED:**
Abutilon	Alternaria, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Colletotrichum, Puccinia
African violet	Alternaria, Botrytis
Ageratum	Alternaria, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Sclerotium
Aglaonema	Alternaria
Almond, ornamental	Botrytis, Cladosporium, Coryneum, Gloeosporium, Monilinia
Alyssum	Microsphaera alni
Andromeda	Exobasidium, Rhytisma, Venturia
Anthurium	Colletotrichum, Gloeosporium
Apple	Alternaria, Cephalosporium, Colletotrichum, Coryneum, Elsinoe, Fusarium, Gloeosporium, Gymnosporangium, Helminthosporium, Leptosphaeria, Monilinia, Monochaetia, Mycosphaerella, Pestalotia, Venturia
Arborvitae	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Coryneum, Lophodermium, Mycosphaerella, Pestalotia

18/25

Ash	Cercospora, Cylindrosporium, Gloeosporium, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Sphaeropsis
Ash, Mountain	Gymnosporangium
Aster	Alternaria, Ascochyta, Botrytis, Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria, Uromyces
Aucuba japonica	Alternaria, Cercospora, Gloeosporium, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta
Azalea	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cladosporium, Colletotrichum, Cylindrocladium, Ovulinia
Baby's Breath	Botrytis, Rhizoctonia
Basswood	Cercospora, Phyllosticta
Begonia	Botrytis, Cercospora, Gloeosporium, Rhizoctonia
Birch	Cylindrosporium, Gloeosporium, Glomerella, Melampsoridium, Taphrina
Bougainvillea	Colletotrichum
Boxwood	Fusarium, Volutella
Buckeye	Cercospora, Glomerella, Guignardia, Monchaetia, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Taphrina
Buffalo berry	Cylindrosporium, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria
Catalpa	Alternaria, Cercospora, Gloeosporium, Phomopsis, Rhizoctonia
Camellia	Botrytis, Cercospora, Elsinoe, Exobasidium, Glomerella, Pestalotia, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta
Carnation	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cladosporium, Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Helminthosporium, Septoria, Stemphylium, Uromyces
Cedar	Lophodermium, Gymnosporangium
Cherry, ornamental	Alternaria, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Coccomyces, Coryneum, Fusicladium, Monilinia, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Taphrina
Chinese evergreen	Colletotrichum, Gloeosporium
Christmas cactus	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Phomopsis
Chrysanthemum	Alternaria, Ascochyta, Bipolaris, Botrytis, Cercospora, Cylindrosporium, Helminthosporium, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Stemphylium
Cockscomb (Celosia)	Alternaria, Cercospora
Coleus	Alternaria, Botrytis, Phyllosticta
Columbine	Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria
Coryline	Cercospora
Cotoneaster	Cercospora, Phyllosticta, Venturia
Crabapple	Gymnosporangium, Marssonina, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Venturia
Crape myrtle	Cercospora, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta
Croton	Gloeosporium
Cuphea (Mexican heather)	Gloeosporium, Rhizoctonia
Cyclamen	Botrytis, Cladosporium, Fusarium, Glomerella, Phyllosticta, Ramularia
Cypress	Coryneum, Fusarium, Gymnosporangium, Lophodermium, Monchaetia, Pestalotia, Phomopsis
Dahlia	Alternaria, Botrytis, Fusarium, Rhizoctonia
Daisy	Botrytis, Cercospora, Whetzelia
Daisy, Shasta	Cylindrosporium, Septoria, Fusarium
Daisy, Transvall	Alternaria, Botrytis, Gloeosporium
Daylily	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Puccinia
Delphinium	Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Diaporthe, Fusarium, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Ramularia, Septoria, Volutella
Dieffenbachia	Cephalosporium, Colletotrichum, Gloeosporium, Glomerella, Leptosphaeria
Dogwood	Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Elsinoe, Phyllosticta, Septoria
Dracaena	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Phyllosticta
Dusty Miller	Fusarium, Puccinia
Elm	Botryosphaeria, Cephalosporium, Cercospora, Coryneum, Cylindrosporium, Fusarium, Gloeosporium, Monochaetia, Mycosphaerella, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Rhizoctonia, Sphaeropsis, Taphrina
Euonymus	Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Gloeosporium, Marssonina, Ramularia, Septoria, Whetzelinia

19/25

Fatsia	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Phyllosticta
Fern	Botrytis, Cercospora, Curvularia, Cylindrosporium, Glomerella, Phyllosticta, Taphrina
Ficus	Alternaria, Ascochyta, Cephalosporium, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Gloeosporium, Glomerella, Mycosphaerella, Phomopsis, Stemphylium
Fir (Abies)	Cephalosporium, Lophodermium, Melampsora, Phomopsis, Sphaeropsis
Fir, Douglas	Phaeocryptopus
Fir, Frasier	Phaeocryptopus
Firethorn	Fusarium, Fusicladium, Rhizoctonia
Fittonia	Rhizoctonia
Four-o'clock	Cercospora, Rhizoctonia
Fuchsia	Botrytis, Phomopsis, Septoria
Garden Balsam	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora
Gardenia	Alternaria, Botrytis, Diaporthe, Mycosphaerella, Pestalotia, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Rhizoctonia
Geranium	Alternaria, Ascochyta, Bipolaris, Botrytis, Cercospora, Cylindrosporium, Helminthosporium, Puccinia, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria, Uromyces, Venturia
Gladiolus*	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cladosporium, Curvularia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria, Stemphylium
Gloxinia	Botrytis, Colletotrichum
Gold Dust Tree	Gloeosporium, Glomerella, Pestalotia, Phyllosticta
Gomphrena	Cercospora
Gypsophila	Botrytis, Rhizoctonia
Hawthorn	Cercospora, Cylindrosporium, Gloeosporium, Gymnosporangium, Monilinia, Mycosphaerella, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Venturia
Hemlock, Eastern (Tsuga)	Botrytis, Cylindrosporium, Melampsora, Rhizoctonia
Hibiscus	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Phyllosticta
Hickory	Cercospora, Cladosporium, Elsinoe, Fusarium, Gnomonia, Mycosphaerella, Pestalotia, Phyllosticta, Septoria
Holly	Phyllosticta
Hollyhock	Alternaria, Ascochyta, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Puccinia, Septoria
Honeysuckle	Alternaria, Cercospora, Gloeosporium, Herpobasidium, Phyllosticta
Horse Chestnut	See Buckeye
Hydrangea	Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Phyllosticta, Rhizoctonia, Septoria
Impatiens	Cercospora, Phyllosticta, Rhizoctonia, Septoria
Indian Hawthorn	Entomosporium
Iris	Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cladosporium, Fusarium, Kabatiella, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia
Ivy	Cladosporium, Colletotrichum, Glomerella, Phyllosticta, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia, Sphaeropsis
Jade plant	Gloeosporium, Phomopsis
Juniper	Cercospora, Coryneum, Gymnosporangium, Lophodermium, Pestalotia, Phomopsis, Stigmina
Kalanchoe	Cercospora, Stemphylium
Larkspur	See Delphinium
Laurel, Cherry	Alternaria, Cercospora, Coccomyces, Monilinia, Phyllosticta, Septoria
Laurel, Mountain	Cercospora, Mycosphaerella, Pestalotia, Phomopsis, Rhytisma, Septoria
Lavender, Cotton	Septoria
Lilac	Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Cylindrocladium, Gloeosporium
Lily	Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Puccinia, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia
Lirope	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Leptothyrium
Lobelia	Botrytis, Cercospora, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria
Loquat	Colletotrichum, Fusicladium, Pestalotia, Phyllosticta, Septoria
Magnolia	Alternaria, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Colletotrichum, Glomerella, Rhizoctonia
Mahonia	Cercospora, Cylindrocladium, Gloeosporium, Leptosphaeria, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta,

20/25

	Puccinia
Maple	Alternaria, Cercospora, Ciborinia, Fusarium, Marssonina, Monochaetia, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Rhizoctonia, Rhytisma, Septoria, Sphaeropsis, Taphrina, Venturia
Myrtle	Cercospora, Glomerella, Pestalotia
Narcissus	Botrytis, Sclerotinia
Nasturtium	Botrytis, Cercospora, Puccinia
Nannyberry	Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Helminthosporium, Monochaetia, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Ramularia
Nephathytis	Cephalosporium
Nicotiana	Alternaria
Nierembergia	Botrytis
Oak	Cephalosporium, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Cronartium, Elsinoe, Fusarium, Gloeosporium, Gnomonia, Marssonina, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Taphrina, Venturia
Orchid	Cercospora, Fusicladium, Mycosphaerella, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Septoria
Osmanthus	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Phyllosticta
Palm, Areca	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Septoria
Palm, Arenga	Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Cylindrocladium, Pestalotia, Phoma, Stigmina
Palm, Cabbage	Fusarium, Gloeosporium, Pestalotia, Stigmina
Palm, Coconut	Pestalotia
Palm, Date	Alternaria, Fusarium, Helminthosporium, Pestalotia
Palm, King	Alternaria, Fusarium, Helminthosporium, Pestalotia, Phomopsis
Palm, Phoenix	Alternaria, Cercospora, Fusarium, Gloeosporium, Pestalotia, Phomopsis, Stigmina
Palm, Queen	Glomerella, Septoria
Palm, Royal	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Helminthosporium
Palm, Washington	Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Cylindrocladium, Pestalotia, Phoma, Stigmina
Pansy	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Peronospora, Phyllosticta, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia
Peach	Cercospora, Cladosporium, Coryneum, Fusarium, Glomerella, Monilinia, Mycosphaerella, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Taphrina
Pear	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Coryneum, Elsinoe, Fusarium, Glomerella, Gymnosporangium, Helminthosporium, Monilinia, Mycosphaerella, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Venturia
Peony	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Gloeosporium, Phyllosticta, Septoria
Peperomia	Colletotrichum, Gloeosporium, Rhizoctonia
Periwinkle	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cladosporium, Colletotrichum, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria
Petunia	Cercospora, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Stemphylium
Philodendron	Gloeosporium, Colletotrichum
Phlox	Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Ramularia, Septoria, Stemphylium, Volutella
Photinia	Cercospora, Gloeosporium, Gymnosporangium, Lophodermium, Pestalotia, Phyllosticta, Septoria
Pieris	Alternaria, Pestalotia, Phyllosticta, Rhytisma
Pilea	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Helminthosporium, Phyllosticta
Pine, Norfolk Island	Botrytis, Colletotrichum, Cronartium, Cylindrocladium, Fusarium, Lophodermium, Pestalotia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria, Sirococcus
Pine	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cronartium, Fusarium, Lophodermium, Monochaetia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria, Sirococcus
Pittosporium	Alternaria, Cercospora, Gnomonia, Mycosphaerella, Phyllosticta, Rhizoctonia, Septoria
Plane tree	Cercospora, Gnomonia, Phyllosticta, Septoria
Plum, ornamental	Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Coccomyces, Coryneum, Monilinia, Phyllosticta, Taphrina
Poinsettia**	Botrytis, Cercospora, Fusarium, Uromyces
Poplar	Cercospora, Ciborinia, Colletotrichum, Cylindrocladium, Fusarium, Marssonina,

21/25

	Melampsora, Mycosphaerella, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Stigmina, Taphrina, Venturia
Portulaca	Rhizoctonia
Pothos	Rhizoctonia
Prayer plant	Alternaria, Drechslera, Glomerella, Puccinia
Primrose	Alternaria, Botrytis, Colletotrichum, Mycosphaerella, Puccinia, Ramularia, Uromyces
Privet	Cercospora, Glomerella, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Ramularia
Protea	Botrytis
Pyracantha	Botrytis, Cercospora, Diplodia, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Sphaeropsis
Quince, flowering	Cercospora, Fabraea, Gymnosporangium, Septobasidium
Red cedar, western (Thuja)	Keithia (or Didymascella)
Red tip	See Photinia
Redwood, Sequoia	Botrytis, Cercospora, Mycosphaerella, Pestalotia, Phomopsis
Rhododendron	Alternaria, Cercospora, Coryneum, Gloeosporium, Glomerella, Guignardia, Lophodermium, Mycosphaerella, Pestalotia, Phomopsis, Rhizoctonia, Septoria, Venturia
Rose	Alternaria, Bipolaris, Botryosphaeria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Cylindrocladium, Diplocarpon, Elsinoe, Gloeosporium, Helminthosporium, Leptosphaeria, Monochaetia, Mycosphaerella, Peronospora, Phyllosticta, Septoria
Rosemary	Rhizoctonia
Russian olive	Cercospora, Colletotrichum
Sage	Cercospora, Peronospora, Puccinia, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia
Salvia	Cercospora, Puccinia
Santolina	Botrytis
Senecio	Cercospora, Gloeosporium, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Ramularia, Septoria
Schefflera	Alternaria
Snakeplant	Fusarium, Gloeosporium
Snapdragon	Alternaria, Bipolaris, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Drechslera, Fusarium, Helminthosporium, Peronospora, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia
Spathiphyllum	Alternaria
Spindletree	See Euonymus
Spirea	Cylindrosporium
Spruce	Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cladosporium, Lophodermium, Rhizoctonia
Spurge	Cercospora, Melampsora, Puccinia
Statice	Alternaria, Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Rhizoctonia, Uromyces
Strawflower	Fusarium
Sumac	Cercospora, Cladosporium, Fusarium, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Taphrina
Sunflower, ornamental	Alternaria, Puccinia
Syngonium	Cephalosporium, Erwinia, Fusarium
Tulip	Botrytis
Venus flytrap	Colletotrichum
Verbena	Alternaria, Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria, Stemphylium
Viburnum	Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Helminthosporium, Monochaetia, Phomopsis, Ramularia
Walnut	Cercospora, Cladosporium, Cylindrocladium, Cylindrosporium, Gnomonia
Willow	Ascochyta, Cercospora, Ciborinia, Cylindrosporium, Fusicladium, Gloeosporium, Marssonina, Melampsora, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Ramularia, Rhytisma, Septoria, Taphrina, Venturia
Wisteria	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Gloeosporium, Pestalotia
Yucca	Cercospora, Cylindrosporium, Gloeosporium, Puccinia
Zebra plant	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum
Zinnia	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Rhizoctonia
*Do not exceed 0.6 quarts per 100 gallons on flower spikes.	

22/25

**Do not exceed 1.2 quarts per 100 gallons.
Do not treat marigolds due to highly variable plant responses.

GRASSES: SODFARMS, TURF AND LAWN USE

For use on sod farms, golf courses, industrial and commercial lawns. Applications must be done by a professional applicator. Use on turfgrass in residential settings and in athletic fields is prohibited. Do not apply by air to sod farms or golf courses. Do not apply by chemigation to golf courses. Not for use on residential or athletic turf.

Sod Farm Turf:

Harvesting of treated turf is prohibited until 120 hours following application.

- Do not apply more than 4 applications per year at a maximum application rate of 17.4 lb ai/A per application
- Do not allow less than a 10-day interval between applications

Golf Courses:

For cool season grasses; greens, tees and aprons - do not apply more than 5 applications per year at a maximum application rate of 17.4 lb ai/A per application

For cool season grasses; fairways - do not apply more than 4 applications per year at a maximum application rate of 17.4 lb ai/A per application

For warm season grasses; greens, tees and aprons - do not apply more than 4 applications per year at a maximum application rate of 17.4 lb ai/A per application

For warm season grasses; fairways - do not apply more than 3 applications per year at a maximum application rate of 17.4 lb ai/A per application

Do not allow less than a 10-day interval between applications

All Other Turf:

- Do not apply more than 4 applications per year at a maximum application rate of 17.4 lb ai/A per application
- Do not allow less than a 10-day interval between applications

CROP	DISEASE/PEST	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION TIMING/INTERVAL	COMMENTS
Sod farm (WPS use): see Agricultural Use Requirements Box Lawn Grasses (Non-WPS uses): see Non-Agricultural Use Requirements Box Examples include golf courses and professional application to industrial (office park) and municipal lawns	Algae	10 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.	Begin when algae begins to appear/10 days.	Do not use on grasses grown for seed. Do not use on grasses intended for grazing, such as range or pasture grasses. Do not graze treated areas or feed clippings to livestock.
	Copper Spot, Fusarium Blight, (F. roseum), Red Thread, Slime Molds	7-10 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.	Begin when grass greens up in spring/10-14 days.	
		10-14 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.	Use during favorable disease conditions/10 days.	
	Gray Leaf Spot* (*Pyricularia grisea*)	9-14 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.	Begin at first sign of disease; apply at 10 day intervals or more often during favorable disease conditions.	
	Dollar Spot (*Sclerotina*)	10-14 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.	Begin when grass greens up in spring/10-14 days.	
		14 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.	Use during favorable disease conditions/10 days.	

	Pink (Fusarium) Snow Mold	10-14 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft	During winter/14-42 days. Apply before first snowfall.	
	Leaf Spot (*Helminthosporium spp.*) Rhizoctonia Brown Patch	5-7 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.	Begin when disease appears.	
		10-14 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.	Use during favorable disease conditions/10 days.	
	Pythium Blight	14 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.	Begin at first sign of disease/10 days during favorable disease conditions.	
	Leaf Rust, Stem Rust, Stripe Rust	5-7 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.	Begin when disease first appears/10 days.	

*Except CA

24/25

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Important--Keep in a cool place but not below 32o F. Temperature extremes will affect quality of MANZATE® Flowable. Store product in original container only, away from other pesticides, fertilizer, food or feed.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Clean container promptly after emptying.

[for containers less than or equal to 5 gallons] Triple rinse as follows: empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

[for containers greater than 5 gallons] Triple rinse or pressure rinse as follows:

Triple rinse: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Turn the container over on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Pressure rinse: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after flow begins to drip.

[all sizes] Offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.~~Triple rinse (or equivalent) the container. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.~~

~~**CONTAINER DISPOSAL DIRECTIONS FOR LARGE CONTAINERS:**~~

~~**CONTAINER REFILLING AND DISPOSAL (For containers up to 250 gal.):** This is a refillable container. If the container is to be refilled, do not rinse with any material or introduce any pesticide other than MANZATE® Flowable. Reseal and return the container to any authorized United Phosphorus, Inc. refilling facility. If the container is not to be refilled, triple rinse (or equivalent) and offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by open burning, if allowed by state and local authorities. If burned, keep out of smoke. For minor spills, leaks, etc., follow all precautions indicated on this label and clean up immediately. Take special care to avoid contamination of equipment and facilities during cleanup procedures and disposal of wastes.~~

~~**CONTAINER DISPOSAL FOR BULK CONTAINERS:** When this container is empty, replace the cap and seal all openings that have been opened during use; and return the container to the point of purchase or to a designated location named at time of purchase of this product. The container must only be refilled with this pesticide product. DO NOT REUSE THE CONTAINER FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE. Prior to refilling, inspect carefully for damage such as cracks, punctures, abrasions, worn-out threads and closure devices. Check for leaks after refilling and before transporting. Do not transport if this container is damaged or leaking. If the container is damaged, leaking or obsolete, contact United Phosphorus, Inc. at 1-800-438-6071. If not returned to the point of purchase or to a designated location, triple rinse emptied container and offer for recycling. Disposal of this container must be in compliance with state and local regulations. For minor spills, leaks, etc., follow all precautions indicated on this label and clean up immediately. Take special care to avoid contamination of equipment and facilities during cleanup procedures and disposal of wastes.~~

ATTENTION: This product contains mancozeb and ETU, chemicals known to the State of California to cause

cancer in laboratory animals. ETU is also known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm in laboratory animals.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION
READ BEFORE USING PRODUCT

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product reflect the opinion of experts based on field use and tests, and must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of United Phosphorus, Inc. or Seller. Handling, storage, and use of the product by Buyer or User are beyond the control of United Phosphorus, Inc. and Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold United Phosphorus, Inc. and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, UNITED PHOSPHORUS, INC. AND SELLER MAKE NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ON THIS LABEL.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, United Phosphorus, Inc. or Seller shall not be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product and **THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF UNITED PHOSPHORUS, INC. AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF UNITED PHOSPHORUS, INC. OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.**

United Phosphorus, Inc. and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing conditions of sale and limitations of warranty and of liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by the duly authorized representative of United Phosphorus, Inc.

Rev. 12/16/10

NEXT

LABEL

70506 - 236 3/16/2011 1/25

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF
CHEMICAL SAFETY AND
POLLUTION PREVENTION

MAR 16 2011

Rebecca A. Clemmer
Regulatory Manager
United Phosphorus, Inc.
630 Freedom Business Center, Suite 402
King of Prussia, PA 19406

Product Name:	Manzate Flowable Fungicide
EPA Reg. No.:	70506-236
Subject:	Your notification dated December 17, 2010: addition of alternate brand name
EPA Decision Number:	444657

Dear Ms Clemmer:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action(s) requested fall within the scope of PRN 98-10.

The Agency acknowledges your request for the alternate brand name "Manzate Flowable T&O Fungicide". The label submitted with the application has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

If you have any questions, please contact Robert Westin by phone at (703) 305-5721 or via email at westin.robert@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Mary L. Waller

Mary L. Waller
Product Manager (21)
Fungicide Branch
Registration Division (7504P)

2/25

Please read instructions on reverse before completing form

Form Approved, OMB No. 2070-0060, Approval expires 5-31-98

United States
Environmental Protection Agency
Washington, DC 20460

[ ] Registration
[ ] Amendment
[X] Other

OPP Identifier Number

Application for Pesticide – Section I

1. Company/Product Number	2. EPA Product Manager	3. Proposed Classification
70506-236	M. Waller	[ ] None [ ] Restricted
4. Company/Product (Name)	PM #	
United Phosphorus, Inc/Manzate Flowable fungicide	21	
5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) United Phosphorus, Inc. 630 Freedom Business Center, Suite 402 King of Prussia, PA 19406 [ ] *Check if this is a new address*	6. **Expedited Review.** In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3)(b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg No. _____ Product Name _____	

Section - II

[ ] Amendment – Explain below
[ ] Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated _____
[X] Notification – Explain below
[ ] Final printed labels in response to Agency letter dated _____
[ ] "Me Too" Application
[ ] Other – Explain below

Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For Section I and Section II.)
Notification of alternate brand name for subset of approved label directions.
This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

Section III

1. Material This Product Will be Packaged in:

Child-Resistant Packaging	Unit Packaging		Water Soluble Packaging		2. Type of Container
[ ] Yes [ ] No ***Certification must be submitted***	[ ] Yes [ ] No If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt.	No. per container	[ ] Yes [ ] No If "Yes" Package wgt	No. per container	[ ] Metal [ ] Plastic [ ] Glass [ ] Paper [ ] Other (Specify) _____

3. Location of Net Contents Information	4. Size(s) Retail Container	5. Location of label directions
[ ] Label [ ] Container		[ ] On Label [ ] On Label accompanying product

6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product: [ ] Lithograph [ ] Paper glued [ ] Stenciled [ ] Other _____

Section IV

1. Contact Person (*Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application.*)

Name	Title	Telephone No. (Include Area Code)
Rebecca A. Clemmer	Regulatory Manager	610-491-2828

Certification

I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law

2. Signature	3. Title	6. Date Application Received
R. A. Clemmer	Regulatory Manager	(Stamped)
4. Typed Name Rebecca A. Clemmer	5. Date Dec. 17, 2010	

EPA Form 8570-1 (Rev. 8-94) Previous editions are obsolete. White – EPA File Copy (Original) Yellow – Applicant Copy

S885556
D 444657

3/25

United Phosphorus, Inc.

630 Freedom Business Center
Suite 402
King of Prussia, PA 19406
(610) 491-2828 (phone)
(610) 491-2810 (fax)

Rebecca A. Clemmer
Regulatory Manager

Dec. 17, 2010

Mary Waller

Document Processing Desk (NOTIF)
Office of Pesticide Programs (H7504P)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Ariel Rios Building
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.
Washington, D.C., 20460

Re: Manzate Pro-Stick Fungicide (EPA Reg. No. 70506-234)
Manzate Flowable Fungicide (EPA Reg. No. 70506-236)
Notifications

To Whom It May Concern:

United Phosphorus is notifying the Agency of changes to this product as follows:

- Addition of alternate brand name for a subset of the label: Manzate Pro-Stick T&O fungicide; Manzate Flowable T&O fungicide.

In support, enclosed please find for each product:

- one copy of label, marked to show changes
- EPA form 8570-1

Please contact me if you have any questions.

Very truly yours,

R. A. Clemmer

Rebecca A. Clemmer
rebecca.clemmer@uniphos.com

RAC-2010-155

4/25

Manzate® Flowable T&O

fungicide

Formatted: Highlight

Active Ingredients	By Weight
A coordination product of zinc ion and manganese ethylenebisdithiocarbamate	37.0%
in which the ingredients are	
Manganese++	7.4%
Zinc++	0.9%
Ethylenebisdithiocarbamate ion $(C_4H_6N_2S_4)^-$	28.7%
Inert Ingredients	63.0%
TOTAL	100.0%

Contains 4.0 Pounds Active Ingredient Per Gallon
EPA Reg. No. 70506-236 EPA Est. No. 352-GA-002

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

FIRST AID

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. **Contact the Rocky Mountain Poison Center at 1-866-673-6671 for emergency medical treatment information.** See Label for Additional Precautions and Directions for Use.

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY: Spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident, call CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300.

See Inside for additional Precautionary Statements and complete Directions For Use.

Net Contents: ☐ 2.5 Gallons ☐ 30 Gallons ☐ 270 Gallons

UPI
United Phosphorus, Inc.
630 Freedom Business Center, Suite 402
King of Prussia, PA 19406
1-800-438-6071 • www.upi-usa.com

NOTIFICATION
MAR 16 2011

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Harmful if absorbed through the skin. Causes moderate eye irritation.. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are made of any waterproof material. If you want more options, follow the instructions for Category A on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt
- Long pants
- Shoes and socks
- Chemical resistant gloves (except pilots and seed-treatment handlers who are bagging treated seed or sewing bags containing treated seed).

In addition, mixers/loaders supporting chemigation applications to turf on sod farms must wear a NIOSH-approved respirator with a dust/mist filter with MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C or any R, P, or HE filter.
See Engineering Controls for additional requirements.

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing or other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENTS:
Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)].
Human flagging is prohibited. Flagging to support aerial application is limited to use of the Global Positioning System (GPS) or mechanical flaggers.
When handlers use enclosed cabs or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR part 170.240 (d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

USERS SHOULD: Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside, then was thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to aquatic organisms. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Cover or incorporate spilled treated seed. Do not contaminate water by disposing of equipment washwaters.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

6/25

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Shoes and socks
- Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Do not enter or allow others to enter treated areas until sprays have dried.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, United Phosphorus, Inc. will not be responsible for losses or damages resulting from use of this product in any manner not specifically recommended by United Phosphorus, Inc. To the extent consistent with applicable law, User assumes all risks associated with such nonrecommended use.

MANZATE® Flowable, containing mancozeb, is recommended for use as a spray for the control of many important plant diseases.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

AS A SPRAY (Ground or Aerial Equipment) - Apply MANZATE® Flowable at the rate shown; use sufficient water to provide thorough coverage, use 20 to 100 gallons per acre for ground equipment and no less than 2 gallons per acre for aircraft. Add MANZATE® Flowable slowly to water in the spray tank with agitation, or premix thoroughly in separate holding tank for concentrate or aircraft sprayers. Continuous agitation is required to keep the product in suspension. A spreader-sticker spray adjuvant may be used with this product if needed; contact your local product distributor or United Phosphorus, Inc. representative for specific directions.

RESTRICTIONS

Foliar Applications

Where EBDC Products Used Allow the Same Maximum Poundage of Active Ingredient Per Acre Per Season

If more than one product containing an EBDC active ingredient (maneb, mancozeb or metiram) is used on a crop during the same growing season and the EBDC products used allow the same maximum poundage of active ingredient per acre per season, then the total poundage of all such EBDC products used must not exceed any one of the specified individual EBDC product maximum seasonal poundage of active ingredient allowed per acre.

Where EBDC Products Used Allow Different Maximum Poundage of Active Ingredient Per Acre Per Season

If more than one product containing an EBDC active ingredient is used on a crop during the same growing season and the EBDC products used allow different maximum poundage of active ingredient per acre per season, then the total poundage of all such EBDC products used must not exceed the lowest specified individual EBDC product maximum seasonal poundage of active ingredient allowed per acre.

7/25

~~**SEED TREATMENT**~~

~~In addition to the maximum number of foliar applications permitted by the formula stated above, a single application for seed treatment may be made on crops which have registered seed treatment uses.~~

CHEMIGATION

Apply MANZATE® Flowable Fungicide only through sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set or hand move irrigation systems. Do not apply MANZATE® Flowable through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service Specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Specific Instructions for Public Water Systems:

1. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
2. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
4. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
8. Good agitation is required in the injection tank.
9. In moving systems, apply specified dosage of MANZATE® Flowable as a continuous injection. In non-moving systems inject MANZATE® Flowable for 15 to 30 minutes at end of cycle. Use the least amount of water possible consistent with uniform coverage.
10. Mix the amount of MANZATE® Flowable needed for acreage to be treated into the quantity of water determined during prior calibration. For moving systems inject into the system continuously for one complete revolution of the field. For non-moving systems inject into system for the time established during calibration.
11. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation equipment until all MANZATE® Flowable is flushed from system.

Specific Instructions for Sprinkler Irrigation Systems:

1. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve

located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
8. Good agitation is required in the injection tank.
9. In moving systems, apply specified dosage of MANZATE® Flowable as a continuous injection. In non-moving systems inject MANZATE® Flowable for 15 to 30 minutes at end of cycle. Use the least amount of water possible consistent with uniform coverage.
10. Mix the amount of MANZATE® Flowable needed for acreage to be treated into the quantity of water determined during prior calibration. For moving systems inject into the system continuously for one complete revolution of the field. For non-moving systems inject into system for the time established during calibration.
11. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation equipment until all MANZATE® Flowable is flushed from system.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

A variety of factors including weather conditions (e.g. wind direction, wind speed, temperature, relative humidity) and method of application (e.g. ground, aerial, airblast, chemigation) can influence pesticide drift. The applicator must evaluate all factors and make appropriate adjustments when applying this product.

Wind Speed

Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 15 mph.

Temperature Inversions

If applying at wind speeds less than 3 mph, the applicator must determine if a) conditions of temperature inversion exist, or b) stable atmospheric conditions exist at or below nozzle height. Do not make applications into areas of temperature inversions or stable atmospheric conditions.

Other State and Local Requirements

Applicators must follow all state and local pesticide drift requirements regarding application of mancozeb. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

Equipment

All aerial and ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers or surrogates.

Additional requirements for aerial applications:

1. The boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade diameter.
2. Release spray at the lowest height consistent with efficacy and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.
3. When applications are made wit a crosswind, the swath must be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the up and downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

Additional requirements for ground boom application:

1. Do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the drop canopy.

9/25

CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE OF MANZATE FLOWABLE PER APPLICATION QTS/ACRE	TIMING/INTERVALS (Also refer to Directions for Use)	RESTRICTIONS/ COMMENTS
Apple	(See Pomefruit)			
Asparagus	Cercospora Leaf Spot, Rust	1.6	Start applications when rust first appears and repeat at 10 day intervals. Four applications are usually sufficient.	Apply only on asparagus ferns after spears have been harvested. Do not apply within 180 days of harvest in all states except CA and AZ (120 days). Do not apply more than 6.4 qts (6.4 lbs active) per acre per season.
Asparagus Crown (Planting Stock)	Crown Rot	0.8/100 gals	Dip clean, loosely packed crowns into continuously agitated fungicide suspension for 5 minutes. Drain and plant as soon as possible.	Wash dirty crowns before dip treatment. Replace suspension in clean tank when discolored by soil.
Banana (Including Plantain)	Sigatoka	1.6-2.4	Apply when leaves first appear and repeat every 14 to 21 days or as required. Use sufficient water to provide adequate coverage.	Do not apply more than 24 qts (24 lbs active) per acre per growing cycle. Minimum preharvest interval 0 days.
Barley, Oat, Rye, Wheat (Including Triticale)	Helminthosporium Leaf Spot, Leaf Rust, Septoria Glume Blotch, Septoria Leaf Spot, Tan Spot	1.6	Start application at onset of disease or when plants are in the tillering to jointing stage and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.	Do not make more than three applications during the season. Do not apply more than 4.8 qts (4.8 lbs active) per acre per crop. PHI for barley, rye, and wheat is Feekes Growth Stage 10.5 (typically 35-45 days), but no less than 26 days. Do not apply within 26 days of harvest. Do not graze livestock in treated areas prior to harvest.
Caprifig (Non-Food Use)	Endosepsis (Fusarium), Mold	3.2/100 gals	Prepare mamme figs by making a shallow cut through the eye and then hand dividing to avoid wasp injury. Submerge mamme figs in the continuously agitated suspension for at least 15 minutes. Drain before placement in trees.	Use fresh dipping suspension after treating 4 to 5 batches of figs.
Corn (Sweet Corn for Fresh Use or Processing; Popcorn; and	Common Rust, Helminthosporium Leaf Blight, Gray Leaf Spot	1.2	Use sufficient water for thorough coverage. Start applications when disease first appears and repeat at	Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 18 qts (18 lbs active) per acre per crop east of the Mississippi

10/25

CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE OF MANZATE FLOWABLE PER APPLICATION QTS/ACRE	TIMING/INTERVALS (Also refer to Directions for Use)	RESTRICTIONS/ COMMENTS
Sweet Corn for Seed Production, including Hybrid Seed)			4- to 7-day intervals.	and AR and LA. Do not apply more than 6 qts (6 lbs active) per acre per crop west of the Mississippi except AR and LA.
(Field and Field Corn for Hybrid Seed Production)				Do not apply within 40 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 12 qts (12 lbs active) per acre per crop.
Cranberry	Fruit Rot	2.4-4.8	Start applications at mid-bloom and repeat at 7- to 10- day intervals.	Do not apply within 30 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 14.4 qts (14.4 lbs active) per acre per season.
Cucumber	Anthracnose, Cercospora Leaf Spot, Downy Mildew, Gummy Stem Blight, Scab	1.6-2.4	Start applications when plants are in the two-leaf stage and repeat at 7- to 10 day intervals. Use sufficient water and direct spray to provide thorough coverage of both upper and lower leaf surfaces.	Do not apply within 5 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 19.2 qts (19.2 lbs active) per acre per crop.
Fennel	Early Blight, Late Blight	1.6	Begin in plant beds at emergence. Repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals.	Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 12.8 qts (12.8 lbs active) per acre per crop. Do not graze livestock in treated areas.
Grape (East of the Rocky Mountains)	Black Rot, Bunch Rot, Deadarm, Downy Mildew	1.2-3.2	Apply in sufficient water to provide thorough coverage starting when new shoots are 1/2 to 1 1/2 inches long. Repeat when shoots are 3 to 5 inches long, when shoots are 8 to 10 inches long, and then at 7- to 10-day intervals until fruit is set. For late season control of black rot, deadarm and downy mildew, the use of other approved and recommended fungicides is suggested.	Do not apply within 66 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 19.2 qts (19.2 lbs active) per acre per season.
Grape (West of the	Black Rot, Bunch Rot,	1.2-2	Apply in sufficient water to provide thorough	Do not apply within 66 days of harvest except in CA where

11/25

CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE OF MANZATE FLOWABLE PER APPLICATION QTS/ACRE	TIMING/INTERVALS (Also refer to Directions for Use)	RESTRICTIONS/ COMMENTS
Rocky Mountains)	Deadarm, Downy Mildew		coverage starting when new shoots are 1/2 to 1 1/2 inches long. Repeat when shoots are 3 to 5 inches long, when shoots are 8 to 10 inches long, and then at 7 to 10 day intervals until fruit is set. For late season control of black rot, deadarm and downy mildew, the use of other approved and recommended fungicides is suggested.	no application can be made after bloom. Do not apply more than 6 qts (6 lbs active) per acre per season.
Melon Cantaloupe, Casaba, Crenshaw, Honeydew, Watermelon	Alternaria Leaf Spot, Anthracnose, Downy Mildew, Gummy Stem Blight, Cercospora Leaf Spot	1.6-2.4	Start applications when plants are in the two leaf stage and repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals. Use sufficient water and direct spray to provide thorough coverage of both upper and lower leaf surfaces. Some varieties are sensitive to MANZATE® Flowable fungicide. Consult State Cooperative Extension Service Specialist prior to use.	Do not apply within 5 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 19.2 qts (19.2 lbs active) per acre per season.
Oat	(See Barley)			
Onion (Dry Bulb), Garlic, Shallot	Botrytis Leaf Blight, Downy Mildew, Neck Rot, Purple Blotch	2.4	Follow a protective spray schedule starting when diseases are first reported in the area and repeat at 7-day intervals throughout the season.	Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. Do not apply to exposed bulbs. Do not apply more than 24 qts (24 lbs active) per acre per crop.
	Smut	2.4	Apply 2.4 qts per acre as a furrow drench at time of planting onion seeds. Use 75 to 125 gallons of water per acre.	Do not use more than 2.4 qts active per acre (29,000 linear feet of furrow) with an 18 inch row spacing.
Papaya	Anthracnose (Colletotricum), Phytophthora Fruit Rot, Black Spot (Cercospora)	1.6-2.0 (minimum 50 gals per acre)	Begin at flowering; treat central column crown, blossom area and developing fruit. Repeat at 14- to 21-day intervals.	Do not use more than 28 qts (28 lbs active) per acre peryear, i.e. do not make more than 14 applications at the maximum use rate per year. Minimum pre-harvest interval 0 days.

CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE OF MANZATE FLOWABLE PER APPLICATION QTS/ACRE	TIMING/INTERVALS (Also refer to Directions for Use)	RESTRICTIONS/ COMMENTS
Peanut	Ascochyta Web Blotch Cercospora Leaf Spot, Rust	0.8-1.6	Start application when disease first appears or is reported in area. Repeat sprays at 7- to 14-day intervals. Reduce sprays to a 7-day interval during humid weather.	Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not use more than 12.8 qts (12.8 lbs active) per acre per crop. Do not feed treated vines to livestock.
Pear	(See Pomefruit)			
Pome Fruit Apple, Pear, Crabapple, Quince	Rusts, Scab, Fabrea Leaf Spot	4.8 Maximum per acre use rate based on thorough coverage dilute sprays. Use 50 gal minimum per acre. Consult State Extension Service if necessary to adjust for variable tree size.	**Pre-Bloom/Bloom Use:** Begin application at 1/4 to 1/2 inch green tip and continue on a 7- to 10-day schedule through bloom. Use either the "Pre-Bloom/Bloom" or "Extended Application" schedule. **DO NOT COMBINE OR INTEGRATE THE TWO TREATMENT SCHEDULES**	Do not apply more than 4.8 qts (4.8 lbs active) per acre per application. Do not apply after bloom. Do not apply more than 19.2 qts (19.2 lbs active) per acre per year. Do not graze livestock in treated areas. It is recommended that this product be used in an Integrated Pest Management Program.
		2.4 Maximum per acre use rate based on thorough coverage dilute sprays. Use 50 gal minimum per acre. Consult State Extension Service if necessary to adjust for variable tree size.	**Extended Application Schedule or for Use in Tank Mixtures:** For implementation of IPM programs, applications based on tree row volume, or for use as a resistance management tool, begin applications at 1/4 to 1/2 inch green tip and continue applications on a 7- to 10-day schedule through the second cover spray. Use either the "Pre-Bloom/Bloom" or "Extended Application" schedule. **DO NOT COMBINE OR INTEGRATE THE TWO TREATMENT SCHEDULES**	Do not apply more than 2.4 qts (2.4 lbs active) per acre per application. Do not apply within 77 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 16.8 qts (16.8 lbs active) per acre per year. Do not graze livestock in treated areas. It is recommended that this product be used in an Integrated Pest Management Program.
Potato	Early Blight, Late Blight,	0.4-1.6	Begin applications when plants are 4- to 6-inches	Do not apply more than 11.2 qts (11.2 lbs active) per acre

CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE OF MANZATE FLOWABLE PER APPLICATION QTS/ACRE	TIMING/INTERVALS (Also refer to Directions for Use)	RESTRICTIONS/ COMMENTS
	Black Dot Disease Suppression: Botrytis		high by applying 1 qt (1 lb active) per acre. As the vines increase in size, apply 1 to 1.6 qts per acre at intervals of 5 to 10 days or 0.4 qt per acre at 3 to 5 day intervals.	per crop. Do not use within 3 days of harvest in CT, DE, FL, MA, ME, MI, NH, NY, OH, PA, RI, VT, WI, and within 14 days elsewhere. Vine kill should occur 14 days before harvest. It is recommended that this product be used in an Integrated Pest Management Program.
Potato (Seedpiece Treatment)	Fusarium Decay, Seedborne Common Scab	1 per 50 gal	Dip whole or cut potato tubers in 1 qt MANZATE® Flowable fungicide per 50 gallons of water. Place treated tubers in a clean container following treatment and plant as soon as possible. Spread treated seedpieces in a cool place if held before planting.	Do not use treated seed potatoes for food or feed purposes. Seed pieces that have been treated with this product that are then to be packaged or bagged for future use must contain the following labeling on the outside of the seed piece package or bag: "When opening this bag or loading/pouring the treated seed pieces, wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, shoes, socks, chemical resistant gloves, and a NIOSH approved respirator with a dust/mist filter with MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC 21C or any R, P, or HE filter. Treated seed pieces – Do Not Use for Food, Feed, or Oil Purposes." After the seed pieces have been planted, do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours. Exception: Once the seed pieces are planted in soil or other planting media, the Worker Protection Standard allows workers to enter the treated area without restriction if there will be no worker contact with the soil/ media subsurface.

14/25

CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE OF MANZATE FLOWABLE PER APPLICATION QTS/ACRE	TIMING/INTERVALS (Also refer to Directions for Use)	RESTRICTIONS/ COMMENTS
Squash (Summer Squash, Including Edible Gourd)	Downy Mildew	1.6-2.4	Start applications when plants are in the two-leaf stage and repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals. Use sufficient water and direct spray to provide thorough coverage of both upper and lower leaf surfaces.	Do not apply within 5 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 19.2 qts (19.2 lbs active) per acre per crop.
Sugar Beet	Cercospora Leaf Spot	1.2-1.6	Begin when disease first threatens. Repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals.	Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 11.2 qts (11.2 lbs active) per acre per crop. Do not feed treated sugar beet tops to livestock.
Tomato (East of the Mississippi River)	Anthracnose, Early Blight, Gray Leaf Spot, Late Blight, Leaf Mold, Septoria Leaf Spot	0.6-1.2	Start application when seedlings emerge or transplants are set. Repeat at 3- to 7-day intervals throughout the season.	Do not apply within 5 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 16.8 qts (16.8 lbs active) per acre per crop.
		1.2-2.4	Start application when seedlings emerge or transplants are set. Repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals throughout the season.	
	Bacterial Speck and Spot	1.2-2.4	Start application when seedlings emerge or transplants are set. Repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals throughout the season.	Do not apply within 5 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 16.8 qts (16.8 lbs active) per acre per crop. Use a full rate of a fixed copper fungicide in a tank mix combination with a half to full rate of MANZATE® Flowable. Follow the application interval as directed on the copper fungicide label.
Tomato (West of the Mississippi River)	Anthracnose, Early Blight, Gray Leaf Spot, Late Blight, Leaf Mold, Septoria Leaf Spot	0.6-0.8	Start application when seedlings emerge or transplants are set. Repeat at 3- to 7-day intervals throughout the season.	Do not apply within 5 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 6.4 qts (6.4 lbs active) per acre per crop.
		1.2-1.6	Start application when seedlings emerge or transplants are set. Repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals throughout the season.	

CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE OF MANZATE FLOWABLE PER APPLICATION QTS/ACRE	TIMING/INTERVALS (Also refer to Directions for Use)	RESTRICTIONS/ COMMENTS
	Bacterial Speck and Spot	1.2-1.6	Start application when seedlings emerge or transplants are set. Repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals throughout the season.	Do not apply within 5 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 6.4 qts (6.4 lbs active) per acre per crop. Use a full rate of a fixed copper fungicide in a tank mix combination with a half to full rate of MANZATE® Flowable. Follow the application interval as directed on the copper fungicide label.
Watermelon	(See Melon)			
Wheat (Including Triticale)	(See Barley)			

16/25

SEED TREATMENTS

For Commercial Seed Treatment Only

A single application for commercial seed treatment may be made on crops which have registered EBDC seed treatment uses.

For best results, the seed must be completely and uniformly covered with fungicide. For seed treatment, a dye must be added to the Manzate Flowable treating slurry which will impart an unnatural color to the seed. For commercial seed treatments, seeds should be clean and well-cured prior to treatment. Apply to dry seed with conventional slurry or mist seed treating equipment. Refer to the Non-Agricultural Use Requirements box for commercial treatments.

Seeds that have been treated with this product that are then to be packaged or bagged for future use must contain the following labeling on the outside of the seed package or bag:

"When opening this bag or loading/pouring the treated seeds, wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, shoes, socks, chemical-resistant gloves, and a NIOSH-approved respirator with a dust/mist filter with MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C or any R, P, or HE filter.

Treated seed – Do Not Use for Food, Feed, or Oil Purposes."

After the seeds have been planted, do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours. Exception: Once the seeds are planted in soil or other planting media, the Worker Protection Standard allows workers to enter the treated area without restriction if there will be no worker contact with the soil/media subsurface.

CROP	DISEASES	SEED TREATMENT RATE-APPLY AS A SLURRY FLUID OZ./BU.		FLUID OZS./100 LBS.	
		CA	All States Except CA	CA	All states except CA
Barley	Bunt, Covered Smut, Damping-Off, Fake Loose Smut, Seed Decay, Seedling Blights	2.2	2-3.2	4.5	4.3-6.7
Corn	Damping-Off, Seed Rot, Seedling Blights	2.5	2.4-4.8	4.5	4.3-8.6
Cotton-Acid Delinted	Damping-Off, Seedling Blights	Do Not Use	Do Not Use	5.1	4.8-5.1
Cotton-Reginned	Damping-Off, Seedling Blights	Do Not Use	Do Not Use	10.1	9.5-10.1
Flax	Seed Decay, Seedling Blights, Damping-Off	3.4	3.2-6.4	6.1	5.7-11.3
Oat	Damping-Off, Seedling Blights, Seed Decay, Smuts	2.2	2-3.2	6.7	6.4-10
Peanut (Shelled)	Damping-Off, Seed Rots, Seedling Blights	Do Not Use	3.2-6.4	Do Not Use	12.8-25.6
Rice	Achyla, Other Soil-and-Seedborne Fungi Causing Seed Rot and Reduced Seedling Vigor	Do Not Use	Do Not Use	3.4-6.7 (of dry rice seed) (2.1-4.2 qts/ton of seed) Apply before, during or after soaking in water.	
Rye	Bunt, Covered Smut, Damping-Off, Seed Decay, Seedling Blights	2.2	2-3.2	4.0	3.7-5.7
Safflower	*Puccinia carthami* (Which Causes Foot-and-Rot Disease and Foliage Rust Disease)	Do Not Use	Do Not Use	3.4	3.2-3.4

~~Sorghum~~	~~Covered Kernel Smut, Damping-Off, Seedling Blights, Seed Rots~~	~~2.5~~	~~2.4-4~~	~~5.1~~	~~4.3-7.2~~
~~Tomato~~	~~Damping-Off, Seedling Blights, Seed Rots~~	~~Do Not Use~~	~~Do Not Use~~	~~13.5~~	~~12.8-13.5~~
~~Wheat (including Triticale)~~	~~Bunt, Covered Smut, Damping-Off, Seed Decay, Seedling Blights~~	~~2.2~~	~~2-3.2~~	~~3.7~~	~~3.5-5.2~~

FLOWERS, FOLIAGE PLANTS, AND ORNAMENTALS

INTENDED FOR USE ON FRUIT TREES ONLY BY PROFESSIONAL APPLICATORS
TREATED PLANTS MUST NOT BE USED FOR FOOD OR FEED PURPOSES.

Plant sensitivities to MANZATE Flowable have been found to be acceptable in specific genera and species listed on this label, however, phototoxicity may occur. Due to the large number of species and varieties of ornamentals and nursery plants, it is impossible to test each one for sensitivity to MANZATE Flowable. Neither the manufacturer or seller has determined whether or not MANZATE Flowable can be safely used on ornamental or nursery plants not listed on this label. The user should determine if MANZATE Flowable can be used safely prior to commercial use. In a small area, apply the specified rates to the plants in question, i.e. bedding plants, foliage, etc., and observe for 7 to 10 days for symptoms of phytotoxicity prior to commercial use. Use MANZATE Flowable in commercial greenhouses and nurseries for control of fungal diseases of flowers, foliage and ornamentals. Do not make more than 20 applications per year.

Aerial Application: For aerial applications made to field-planted ornamentals, apply 0.8 to 1.6 quarts per acre; a minimum rate of 5 gals of spray per acre should be used during aerial applications.

Application of Dilute Sprays: Apply as thorough coverage spray using 0.8 quarts to 1.6 quarts per acre (0.8 to 1.6 lbs active ingredient) per 100 gals of water or per acre (see table below). Begin application at first sign of disease and repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals or as needed; use shorter interval during periods of frequent rains or when severe disease conditions persist. MANZATE Flowable may be used alone or in combination with other fungicides as a maintenance spray. Use higher rate and shorter intervals during periods of excessive wetness and rapid plant growth.

Label Use Rate quarts per acre or quarts per 100 gals	Fluid ounces (fl. oz.) of MANZATE Flowable required to make the following spray volume:			
	10 gal	5 gal	2 gal	1 gal
0.8	2.6	1.3	0.5	0.3
1.0	3.2	1.6	0.6	0.3
1.6	5.1	2.6	1.0	0.5

MANZATE Flowable is recommended for use on certain flower, foliage and ornamental plants listed in the table below for control of the following diseases and pathogens:

PLANT	**PATHOGEN CONTROLLED:**
Abutilon	Alternaria, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Colletotrichum, Puccinia
African violet	Alternaria, Botrytis
Ageratum	Alternaria, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Sclerotium
Aglaonema	Alternaria
Almond, ornamental	Botrytis, Cladosporium, Coryneum, Gloeosporium, Monilinia
Alyssum	Microsphaera alni
Andromeda	Exobasidium, Rhytisma, Venturia
Anthurium	Colletotrichum, Gloeosporium
Apple	Alternaria, Cephalosporium, Colletotrichum, Coryneum, Elsinoe, Fusarium, Gloeosporium, Gymnosporangium, Helminthosporium, Leptosphaeria, Monilinia, Monochaetia, Mycosphaerella, Pestalotia, Venturia
Arborvitae	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Coryneum, Lophodermium, Mycosphaerella, Pestalotia

Ash	Cercospora, Cylindrosporium, Gloeosporium, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Sphaeropsis
Ash, Mountain	Gymnosporangium
Aster	Alternaria, Ascochyta, Botrytis, Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria, Uromyces
Aucuba japonica	Alternaria, Cercospora, Gloeosporium, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta
Azalea	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cladosporium, Colletotrichum, Cylindrocladium, Ovulinia
Baby's Breath	Botrytis, Rhizoctonia
Basswood	Cercospora, Phyllosticta
Begonia	Botrytis, Cercospora, Gloeosporium, Rhizoctonia
Birch	Cylindrosporium, Gloeosporium, Glomerella, Melampsoridium, Taphrina
Bougainvillea	Colletotrichum
Boxwood	Fusarium, Volutella
Buckeye	Cercospora, Glomerella, Guignardia, Monchaetia, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Taphrina
Buffalo berry	Cylindrosporium, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria
Catalpa	Alternaria, Cercospora, Gloeosporium, Phomopsis, Rhizoctonia
Camellia	Botrytis, Cercospora, Elsinoe, Exobasidium, Glomerella, Pestalotia, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta
Carnation	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cladosporium, Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Helminthosporium, Septoria, Stemphylium, Uromyces
Cedar	Lophodermium, Gymnosporangium
Cherry, ornamental	Alternaria, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Coccomyces, Coryneum, Fusicladium, Monilinia, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Taphrina
Chinese evergreen	Colletotrichum, Gloeosporium
Christmas cactus	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Phomopsis
Chrysanthemum	Alternaria, Ascochyta, Bipolaris, Botrytis, Cercospora, Cylindrosporium, Helminthosporium, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Stemphylium
Cockscomb (Celosia)	Alternaria, Cercospora
Coleus	Alternaria, Botrytis, Phyllosticta
Columbine	Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria
Coryline	Cercospora
Cotoneaster	Cercospora, Phyllosticta, Venturia
Crabapple	Gymnosporangium, Marssonina, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Venturia
Crape myrtle	Cercospora, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta
Croton	Gloeosporium
Cuphea (Mexican heather)	Gloeosporium, Rhizoctonia
Cyclamen	Botrytis, Cladosporium, Fusarium, Glomerella, Phyllosticta, Ramularia
Cypress	Coryneum, Fusarium, Gymnosporangium, Lophodermium, Monchaetia, Pestalotia, Phomopsis
Dahlia	Alternaria, Botrytis, Fusarium, Rhizoctonia
Daisy	Botrytis, Cercospora, Whetzelia
Daisy, Shasta	Cylindrosporium, Septoria, Fusarium
Daisy, Transvall	Alternaria, Botrytis, Gloeosporium
Daylily	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Puccinia
Delphinium	Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Diaporthe, Fusarium, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Ramularia, Septoria, Volutella
Dieffenbachia	Cephalosporium, Colletotrichum, Gloeosporium, Glomerella, Leptosphaeria
Dogwood	Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Elsinoe, Phyllosticta, Septoria
Dracaena	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Phyllosticta
Dusty Miller	Fusarium, Puccinia
Elm	Botryosphaeria, Cephalosporium, Cercospora, Coryneum, Cylindrosporium, Fusarium, Gloeosporium, Monochaetia, Mycosphaerella, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Rhizoctonia, Sphaeropsis, Taphrina
Euonymus	Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Gloeosporium, Marssonina, Ramularia, Septoria, Whetzelinia

Fatsia	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Phyllosticta
Fern	Botrytis, Cercospora, Curvularia, Cylindrosporium, Glomerella, Phyllosticta, Taphrina
Ficus	Alternaria, Ascochyta, Cephalosporium, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Gloeosporium, Glomerella, Mycosphaerella, Phomopsis, Stemphylium
Fir (Abies)	Cephalosporium, Lophodermium, Melampsora, Phomopsis, Sphaeropsis
Fir, Douglas	Phaeocryptopus
Fir, Frasier	Phaeocryptopus
Firethorn	Fusarium, Fusicladium, Rhizoctonia
Fittonia	Rhizoctonia
Four-o'clock	Cercospora, Rhizoctonia
Fuchsia	Botrytis, Phomopsis, Septoria
Garden Balsam	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora
Gardenia	Alternaria, Botrytis, Diaporthe, Mycosphaerella, Pestalotia, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Rhizoctonia
Geranium	Alternaria, Ascochyta, Bipolaris, Botrytis, Cercospora, Cylindrosporium, Helminthosporium, Puccinia, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria, Uromyces, Venturia
Gladiolus*	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cladosporium, Curvularia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria, Stemphylium
Gloxinia	Botrytis, Colletotrichum
Gold Dust Tree	Gloeosporium, Glomerella, Pestalotia, Phyllosticta
Gomphrena	Cercospora
Gypsophila	Botrytis, Rhizoctonia
Hawthorn	Cercospora, Cylindrosporium, Gloeosporium, Gymnosporangium, Monilinia, Mycosphaerella, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Venturia
Hemlock, Eastern (Tsuga)	Botrytis, Cylindrosporium, Melampsora, Rhizoctonia
Hibiscus	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Phyllosticta
Hickory	Cercospora, Cladosporium, Elsinoe, Fusarium, Gnomonia, Mycosphaerella, Pestalotia, Phyllosticta, Septoria
Holly	Phyllosticta
Hollyhock	Alternaria, Ascochyta, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Puccinia, Septoria
Honeysuckle	Alternaria, Cercospora, Gloeosporium, Herpobasidium, Phyllosticta
Horse Chestnut	See Buckeye
Hydrangea	Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Phyllosticta, Rhizoctonia, Septoria
Impatiens	Cercospora, Phyllosticta, Rhizoctonia, Septoria
Indian Hawthorn	Entomosporium
Iris	Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cladosporium, Fusarium, Kabatiella, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia
Ivy	Cladosporium, Colletotrichum, Glomerella, Phyllosticta, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia, Sphaeropsis
Jade plant	Gloeosporium, Phomopsis
Juniper	Cercospora, Coryneum, Gymnosporangium, Lophodermium, Pestalotia, Phomopsis, Stigmina
Kalanchoe	Cercospora, Stemphylium
Larkspur	See Delphinium
Laurel, Cherry	Alternaria, Cercospora, Coccomyces, Monilinia, Phyllosticta, Septoria
Laurel, Mountain	Cercospora, Mycosphaerella, Pestalotia, Phomopsis, Rhytisma, Septoria
Lavender, Cotton	Septoria
Lilac	Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Cylindrocladium, Gloeosporium
Lily	Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Puccinia, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia
Lirope	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Leptothyrium
Lobelia	Botrytis, Cercospora, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria
Loquat	Colletotrichum, Fusicladium, Pestalotia, Phyllosticta, Septoria
Magnolia	Alternaria, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Colletotrichum, Glomerella, Rhizoctonia
Mahonia	Cercospora, Cylindrocladium, Gloeosporium, Leptosphaeria, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta,

	Puccinia
Maple	Alternaria, Cercospora, Ciborinia, Fusarium, Marssonina, Monochaetia, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Rhizoctonia, Rhytisma, Septoria, Sphaeropsis, Taphrina, Venturia
Myrtle	Cercospora, Glomerella, Pestalotia
Narcissus	Botrytis, Sclerotinia
Nasturtium	Botrytis, Cercospora, Puccinia
Nannyberry	Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Helminthosporium, Monochaetia, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Ramularia
Nephathytis	Cephalosporium
Nicotiana	Alternaria
Nierembergia	Botrytis
Oak	Cephalosporium, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Cronartium, Elsinoe, Fusarium, Gloeosporium, Gnomonia, Marssonina, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Taphrina, Venturia
Orchid	Cercospora, Fusicladium, Mycosphaerella, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Septoria
Osmanthus	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Phyllosticta
Palm, Areca	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Septoria
Palm, Arenga	Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Cylindrocladium, Pestalotia, Phoma, Stigmina
Palm, Cabbage	Fusarium, Gloeosporium, Pestalotia, Stigmina
Palm, Coconut	Pestalotia
Palm, Date	Alternaria, Fusarium, Helminthosporium, Pestalotia
Palm, King	Alternaria, Fusarium, Helminthosporium, Pestalotia, Phomopsis
Palm, Phoenix	Alternaria, Cercospora, Fusarium, Gloeosporium, Pestalotia, Phomopsis, Stigmina
Palm, Queen	Glomerella, Septoria
Palm, Royal	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Helminthosporium
Palm, Washington	Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Cylindrocladium, Pestalotia, Phoma, Stigmina
Pansy	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Peronospora, Phyllosticta, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia
Peach	Cercospora, Cladosporium, Coryneum, Fusarium, Glomerella, Monilinia, Mycosphaerella, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Taphrina
Pear	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Coryneum, Elsinoe, Fusarium, Glomerella, Gymnosporangium, Helminthosporium, Monilinia, Mycosphaerella, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Venturia
Peony	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Gloeosporium, Phyllosticta, Septoria
Peperomia	Colletotrichum, Gloeosporium, Rhizoctonia
Periwinkle	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cladosporium, Colletotrichum, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria
Petunia	Cercospora, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Stemphylium
Philodendron	Gloeosporium, Colletotrichum
Phlox	Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Ramularia, Septoria, Stemphylium, Volutella
Photinia	Cercospora, Gloeosporium, Gymnosporangium, Lophodermium, Pestalotia, Phyllosticta, Septoria
Pieris	Alternaria, Pestalotia, Phyllosticta, Rhytisma
Pilea	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Helminthosporium, Phyllosticta
Pine, Norfolk Island	Botrytis, Colletotrichum, Cronartium, Cylindrocladium, Fusarium, Lophodermium, Pestalotia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria, Sirococcus
Pine	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cronartium, Fusarium, Lophodermium, Monochaetia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria, Sirococcus
Pittosporium	Alternaria, Cercospora, Gnomonia, Mycosphaerella, Phyllosticta, Rhizoctonia, Septoria
Plane tree	Cercospora, Gnomonia, Phyllosticta, Septoria
Plum, ornamental	Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Coccomyces, Coryneum, Monilinia, Phyllosticta, Taphrina
Poinsettia**	Botrytis, Cercospora, Fusarium, Uromyces
Poplar	Cercospora, Ciborinia, Colletotrichum, Cylindrocladium, Fusarium, Marssonina,

	Melampsora, Mycosphaerella, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Stigmina, Taphrina, Venturia
Portulaca	Rhizoctonia
Pothos	Rhizoctonia
Prayer plant	Alternaria, Drechslera, Glomerella, Puccinia
Primrose	Alternaria, Botrytis, Colletotrichum, Mycosphaerella, Puccinia, Ramularia, Uromyces
Privet	Cercospora, Glomerella, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Ramularia
Protea	Botrytis
Pyracantha	Botrytis, Cercospora, Diplodia, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Sphaeropsis
Quince, flowering	Cercospora, Fabraea, Gymnosporangium, Septobasidium
Red cedar, western (Thuja)	Keithia (or Didymascella)
Red tip	See Photinia
Redwood, Sequoia	Botrytis, Cercospora, Mycosphaerella, Pestalotia, Phomopsis
Rhododendron	Alternaria, Cercospora, Coryneum, Gloeosporium, Glomerella, Guignardia, Lophodermium, Mycosphaerella, Pestalotia, Phomopsis, Rhizoctonia, Septoria, Venturia
Rose	Alternaria, Bipolaris, Botryosphaeria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Cylindrocladium, Diplocarpon, Elsinoe, Gloeosporium, Helminthosporium, Leptosphaeria, Monochaetia, Mycosphaerella, Peronospora, Phyllosticta, Septoria
Rosemary	Rhizoctonia
Russian olive	Cercospora, Colletotrichum
Sage	Cercospora, Peronospora, Puccinia, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia
Salvia	Cercospora, Puccinia
Santolina	Botrytis
Senecio	Cercospora, Gloeosporium, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Ramularia, Septoria
Schefflera	Alternaria
Snakeplant	Fusarium, Gloeosporium
Snapdragon	Alternaria, Bipolaris, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Drechslera, Fusarium, Helminthosporium, Peronospora, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia
Spathiphyllum	Alternaria
Spindletree	See Euonymus
Spirea	Cylindrosporium
Spruce	Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cladosporium, Lophodermium, Rhizoctonia
Spurge	Cercospora, Melampsora, Puccinia
Statice	Alternaria, Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Rhizoctonia, Uromyces
Strawflower	Fusarium
Sumac	Cercospora, Cladosporium, Fusarium, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Taphrina
Sunflower, ornamental	Alternaria, Puccinia
Syngonium	Cephalosporium, Erwinia, Fusarium
Tulip	Botrytis
Venus flytrap	Colletotrichum
Verbena	Alternaria, Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria, Stemphylium
Viburnum	Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Helminthosporium, Monochaetia, Phomopsis, Ramularia
Walnut	Cercospora, Cladosporium, Cylindrocladium, Cylindrosporium, Gnomonia
Willow	Ascochyta, Cercospora, Ciborinia, Cylindrosporium, Fusicladium, Gloeosporium, Marssonina, Melampsora, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Ramularia, Rhytisma, Septoria, Taphrina, Venturia
Wisteria	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Gloeosporium, Pestalotia
Yucca	Cercospora, Cylindrosporium, Gloeosporium, Puccinia
Zebra plant	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum
Zinnia	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Rhizoctonia

*Do not exceed 0.6 quarts per 100 gallons on flower spikes.

**Do not exceed 1.2 quarts per 100 gallons.
Do not treat marigolds due to highly variable plant responses.

GRASSES: SODFARMS, TURF AND LAWN USE

For use on sod farms, golf courses, industrial and commercial lawns. Applications must be done by a professional applicator. Use on turfgrass in residential settings and in athletic fields is prohibited. Do not apply by air to sod farms or golf courses. Do not apply by chemigation to golf courses. Not for use on residential or athletic turf.

Sod Farm Turf:

Harvesting of treated turf is prohibited until 120 hours following application.

- Do not apply more than 4 applications per year at a maximum application rate of 17.4 lb ai/A per application
- Do not allow less than a 10-day interval between applications

Golf Courses:

For cool season grasses; greens, tees and aprons - do not apply more than 5 applications per year at a maximum application rate of 17.4 lb ai/A per application

For cool season grasses; fairways - do not apply more than 4 applications per year at a maximum application rate of 17.4 lb ai/A per application

For warm season grasses; greens, tees and aprons - do not apply more than 4 applications per year at a maximum application rate of 17.4 lb ai/A per application

For warm season grasses; fairways - do not apply more than 3 applications per year at a maximum application rate of 17.4 lb ai/A per application

Do not allow less than a 10-day interval between applications

All Other Turf:

- Do not apply more than 4 applications per year at a maximum application rate of 17.4 lb ai/A per application
- Do not allow less than a 10-day interval between applications

CROP	DISEASE/PEST	APPLICATION RATE	APPLICATION TIMING/INTERVAL	COMMENTS
Sod farm (WPS use): see Agricultural Use Requirements Box Lawn Grasses (Non-WPS uses): see Non-Agricultural Use Requirements Box Examples include golf courses and professional application to industrial (office park) and municipal lawns	Algae	10 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.	Begin when algae begins to appear/10 days.	Do not use on grasses grown for seed. Do not use on grasses intended for grazing, such as range or pasture grasses. Do not graze treated areas or feed clippings to livestock.
	Copper Spot, Fusarium Blight, (F. roseum), Red Thread, Slime Molds	7-10 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.	Begin when grass greens up in spring/10-14 days.	
		10-14 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.	Use during favorable disease conditions/10 days.	
	Gray Leaf Spot* (*Pyricularia grisea*)	9-14 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.	Begin at first sign of disease; apply at 10 day intervals or more often during favorable disease conditions.	
	Dollar Spot (*Sclerotina*)	10-14 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.	Begin when grass greens up in spring/10-14 days.	
		14 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.	Use during favorable disease conditions/10 days.	

	Pink (Fusarium) Snow Mold	10-14 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft	During winter/14-42 days. Apply before first snowfall.	
	Leaf Spot (*Helminthosporium spp.*) Rhizoctonia Brown Patch	5-7 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.	Begin when disease appears.	
		10-14 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.	Use during favorable disease conditions/10 days.	
	Pythium Blight	14 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.	Begin at first sign of disease/10 days during favorable disease conditions.	
	Leaf Rust, Stem Rust, Stripe Rust	5-7 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.	Begin when disease first appears/10 days.	

*Except CA

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Important--Keep in a cool place but not below 32o F. Temperature extremes will affect quality of MANZATE® Flowable. Store product in original container only, away from other pesticides, fertilizer, food or feed.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Clean container promptly after emptying.

[for containers less than or equal to 5 gallons] Triple rinse as follows: empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

[for containers greater than 5 gallons] Triple rinse or pressure rinse as follows:

Triple rinse: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Turn the container over on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Pressure rinse: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after flow begins to drip.

[all sizes] Offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.~~Triple rinse (or equivalent) the container. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.~~

~~**CONTAINER DISPOSAL DIRECTIONS FOR LARGE CONTAINERS:**~~

~~**CONTAINER REFILLING AND DISPOSAL (For containers up to 250 gal.):** This is a refillable container. If the container is to be refilled, do not rinse with any material or introduce any pesticide other than MANZATE® Flowable. Reseal and return the container to any authorized United Phosphorus, Inc. refilling facility. If the container is not to be refilled, triple rinse (or equivalent) and offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by open burning, if allowed by state and local authorities. If burned, keep out of smoke. For minor spills, leaks, etc., follow all precautions indicated on this label and clean up immediately. Take special care to avoid contamination of equipment and facilities during cleanup procedures and disposal of wastes.~~

~~**CONTAINER DISPOSAL FOR BULK CONTAINERS:** When this container is empty, replace the cap and seal all openings that have been opened during use; and return the container to the point of purchase or to a designated location named at time of purchase of this product. The container must only be refilled with this pesticide product. DO NOT REUSE THE CONTAINER FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE. Prior to refilling, inspect carefully for damage such as cracks, punctures, abrasions, worn-out threads and closure devices. Check for leaks after refilling and before transporting. Do not transport if this container is damaged or leaking. If the container is damaged, leaking or obsolete, contact United Phosphorus, Inc. at 1-800-438-6071. If not returned to the point of purchase or to a designated location, triple rinse emptied container and offer for recycling. Disposal of this container must be in compliance with state and local regulations. For minor spills, leaks, etc., follow all precautions indicated on this label and clean up immediately. Take special care to avoid contamination of equipment and facilities during cleanup procedures and disposal of wastes.~~

Formatted: Font: (Default) Arial, 10 pt

ATTENTION: This product contains mancozeb and ETU, chemicals known to the State of California to cause

cancer in laboratory animals. ETU is also known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm in laboratory animals.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION
READ BEFORE USING PRODUCT

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product reflect the opinion of experts based on field use and tests, and must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of United Phosphorus, Inc. or Seller. Handling, storage, and use of the product by Buyer or User are beyond the control of United Phosphorus, Inc. and Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold United Phosphorus, Inc. and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, UNITED PHOSPHORUS, INC. AND SELLER MAKE NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ON THIS LABEL.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, United Phosphorus, Inc. or Seller shall not be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product and **THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF UNITED PHOSPHORUS, INC. AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF UNITED PHOSPHORUS, INC. OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.**

United Phosphorus, Inc. and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing conditions of sale and limitations of warranty and of liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by the duly authorized representative of United Phosphorus, Inc.

Rev. 12/17/10