

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

December 16, 2014

Sherry B. Hutcheson Regulatory Affairs Manager United Phosphorus, Inc. 630 Freedom Business Center, Suite 402 King of Prussia, PA 19406

Subject: PRIA Label Amendment – amendment to retreatment interval for use on walnuts

to 7 days; add supplemental label for walnuts Product Name: Manzate Pro-Stick Fungicide

EPA Registration Number: 70506-234

Application Date: 4/4/2014; resubmission on 12/3/2014

Decision Number: 490502

Dear Ms. Hutcheson:

The amended master and supplemental label referred to above, submitted under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended is acceptable. You must submit and/or cite all data required for registration/registration/registration review of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. The master labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one (1) copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

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Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6. If you have any questions, please contact Heather Garvie by phone at 703-308-0034, or via email at garvie.heather@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Hope Johnson, Product Manager 21 Fungicide Branch Registration Division (7505P) Office of Pesticide Programs

Attachment: Stamped master label and supplemental label "Approved"; EFED assessment DP#420630, dated 11/19/14; HED assessment DP# 422786, dated 9/12/14

Manzate[®] Pro-StickTM fungicide DISPERSIBLE GRANULES

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS Mancozeb: A coordination product of zinc ion and manganese ethi	BY WEIGHT
in which the ingredients are:	•
Manganese++	15.0%
Zinc++	1.9%
Ethylenebisdithiocarbamate ion (C ₄ H ₆ N ₂ S ₄)	58.1%
OTHER INGREDIENTS	
TOTAL	

Contains 0.75 Pound of Mancozeb Per Pound of Product

CAUTION

FIRST AID

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything to an unconscious person.

Contact the Rocky Mountain Poison Center at 1-866-673-6671 for emergency medical treatment information.

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY: Spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident, call CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300.

See Inside for additional Precautionary Statements and complete Directions For Use.

Net Contents: \square 6 lbs. \square 30 lbs. \square 50 lbs.
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United Phosphorus, Inc.630 Freedom Business Center, Suite 402
King of Prussia, PA 19406
1-800-438-6071

EPA REG. NO. 70506-234 EPA EST. NO. ACCEPTED

12/16/2014

70506-234

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, clothing or eyes. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are nitrile rubber, natural rubber, or butyl rubber.

Mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt
- long pants
- shoes and socks
- Chemical resistant gloves, made of any waterproof material (except pilots, groundboom applicators, and airblast applicators)

Aerial applications of Manzate Pro-Stick Fungicide on broccoli, cabbage, lettuce (leaf and head), and peppers requires that occupational handlers performing mixing/loading operations observe the additional mitigation measures of wearing a particulate respirator with an N, R, or P filter, NIOSH approval prefix TC-84-A.

In addition mixers/loaders supporting aerial applications to walnuts must wear:

a particulate respirator with an N, R, or P filter, NIOSH approval prefix TC-84A.

See engineering controls for additional requirements.

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing or other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENTS:

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for [40 CFR part 170.240 (d)(4-6)]

Human flagging is prohibited. Flagging to support aerial application is limited to use of the Global Positioning System (GPS) or mechanical flaggers.

When handlers use enclosed cabs or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR part 170.240 (d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

USERS SHOULD: Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing/ PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside, then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to aquatic organisms. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Cover or incorporate spilled treated seed. Do not contaminate water by disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate. Cover or incorporate spilled treated seed.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Commercial seed treatments and applications to lawn grasses, golf courses, industrial (office park), and municipal lawns are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow others to enter treated areas until sprays have dried.

MANZATE® PRO-STICK™, a dispersible granule containing mancozeb, is labeled for use as a spray for the control of many important plant diseases.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

AS A SPRAY (Ground or Aerial Equipment) - Apply MANZATE PRO-STICK at the rate shown; use sufficient water to provide thorough coverage: use 20 to 100 gallons per acre for ground equipment and no less than 2 gallons per acre for aircraft. Add MANZATE PRO-STICK slowly to water in the spray tank with agitation, or premix thoroughly in separate holding tank for concentrate or aircraft sprayers. Continuous agitation is required to keep the product in suspension. A spreader-sticker spray adjuvant may be used with this product if needed; contact your local product distributor or United Phosphorus, Inc. representative for specific recommendations. If tank mixed, follow more restrictive labeling of any tank mix partner. Do not tank mix with any product that contains a prohibition on tank mixing.

RESTRICTIONS

Foliar Applications

Where EBDC Products Used Allow the Same Maximum Poundage of Active Ingredient Per Acre Per Season

If more than one product containing an EBDC active ingredient (maneb, mancozeb or metiram) is used on a crop during the same growing season and the EBDC products used allow the same maximum poundage of active ingredient per acre per season, then the total poundage of all such EBDC products used must not exceed any one of the specified individual EBDC product maximum seasonal poundage of active ingredient

allowed per acre.

Where EBDC Products Used Allow Different Maximum Poundage of Active Ingredient Per Acre Per Season

If more than one product containing an EBDC active ingredient is used on a crop during the same growing season and the EBDC products used allow different maximum poundage of active ingredient per acre per season, then the total poundage of all such EBDC products used must not exceed the lowest specified individual EBDC product maximum seasonal poundage of active ingredient allowed per acre.

SEED TREATMENT

In addition to the maximum number of foliar applications permitted by the formula stated above, a single application for seed treatment may be made on crops which have registered seed treatment uses.

CHEMIGATION

Apply MANZATE PRO-STICK fungicide only through sprinkler systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set or hand move irrigation systems. Do not apply MANZATE PRO-STICK through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service Specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise

Specific Instructions for Public Water Systems:

- 1. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- 2. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 4. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Specific Instructions for Sprinkler Irrigation Systems:

- 1. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down
- 4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
- 8. Good agitation is required in the injection tank.
- 9. In moving systems, apply specified dosage of MANZATE PRO-STICK as a continuous injection. In non-moving systems inject MANZATE PRO-STICK for 15 to 30 minutes at end of cycle. Use the least amount of water possible consistent with uniform coverage.
- 10. Mix the amount of MANZATE PRO-STICK needed for acreage to be treated into the quantity of water determined during prior calibration. For moving systems inject into the system continuously for one complete revolution of the field. For non-moving systems inject into system for the time established during calibration.
- 11. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation equipment until all MANZATE PRO-STICK is flushed from system.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

A variety of factors including weather conditions (e.g. wind direction, wind speed, temperature, relative humidity) and method of application (e.g. ground, aerial, airblast, chemigation) can influence pesticide drift. The applicator must evaluate all factors and make appropriate adjustments when applying this product.

Wind Speed

Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 15 mph.

Temperature Inversions

If applying at wind speeds less than 3 mph, the applicator must determine if a) conditions of temperature inversion exist, or b) stable atmospheric conditions exist at or below nozzle height. Do not make applications into areas of temperature inversions or stable atmospheric conditions.

Other State and Local Requirements

Applicators must follow all state and local pesticide drift requirements regarding application of mancozeb. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

Equipment

All aerial and ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers or surrogates.

Additional requirements for aerial applications:

- 1. The boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade diameter.
- 2. Release spray at the lowest height consistent with efficacy and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.
- 3. When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath must be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the up and downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

Additional requirements for ground boom application:

1. Do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the crop canopy.

CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE OF MANZATE PRO-STICK PER APPLICATION LBS PRODUCT/AC RE	DIRECTIONS FOR USE	RESTRICTIONS/COMMENTS
Almond	Anthracnose Blossom Blight (Monilinia spp.) Shothole (Stigmina spp.) Rust Scab	6.4	Begin application at dormant to popcorn stage, full bloom or petal fall. Reapply every 7 to 10 days if bloom is staggered and weather is rainy. Do not use less than 10 gallons of spray volume per acre if aerially applied.	Do not apply more than 19.2 lbs product (14.4 lbs. ai) per acre per use season. Do not make last application later than 5 weeks after petal fall. Do not graze livestock in treated area. Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days. Do not apply this product with a U-boom device.
Asparagus	Cercospora Leaf Spot, Rust	2	Start applications when rust first appears and repeat at 10 day intervals.	Apply only on asparagus ferns after spears have been harvested. Do not apply within 180 days of harvest in all states except CA and AZ (120 days). Do not apply more than 8 lbs product (6 lbs active) per acre per season.
Asparagus Crown (Planting Stock)	Crown Rot	1.0 lb/100 gals	Dip clean, loosely packed crowns into continuously agitated fungicide suspension for 5 minutes. Drain and plant as soon as possible.	Wash dirty crowns before dip treatment. Replace suspension in clean tank when discolored by soil.
Banana (Including Plantain)	Sigatoka	2-3	Apply when leaves first appear and repeat every 14 to 21 days or as required. Use sufficient water to provide adequate coverage.	Do not apply more than 30 lbs product (22.5 lbs active) per acre per growing cycle. Minimum preharvest interval 0 days.
Barley, Oat, Rye, Wheat (Including Triticale)	Helmintho- sporium Leaf Spot, Leaf Rust, Septoria Glume Blotch, Septoria Leaf Spot, Tan Spot	2	Start application at onset of disease or when plants are in the tillering to jointing stage and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.	Do not make more than three applications during the season. Do not apply more than 6 lbs product (4.5 lbs active) per acre per crop. Do not apply within 26 days of harvest. PHI for barley, rye, and wheat is Feekes Growth Stage 10.5 (typically 35-45 days), but no less than 26 days. Do not graze livestock in treated areas prior to harvest.
Broccoli	Alternaria Leaf Spot Downy Mildew	1.6 – 2.1 lb/A	Begin applications prior to disease development and when conditions are favorable for disease development.	Do not apply more than 12.8 lbs product (9.6 lbs mancozeb)/A/season. Minimum retreatment interval is

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CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE OF MANZATE PRO-STICK PER APPLICATION LBS PRODUCT/AC RE	DIRECTIONS FOR USE	RESTRICTIONS/COMMENTS
			Apply at 7 to 10-day intervals, if needed. Use higher specified rates when conditions favor disease.	7 days. Minimum preharvest interval is 7 days. Do not apply this product with a U-boom device. Aerial application of Manzate Pro-Stick on broccoli, requires that occupational handlers performing mixing/loading operational handlers performing mixing/loading operations observe the additional mitigation measures of wearing a particulate respirator with an N,R, or P filter, NIOSH approval prefix TC 84-A.
Cabbage	Alternaria Leaf Spot Downy Mildew	1.6 – 2.1 lb/A	Begin applications prior to disease development and when conditions are favorable for disease development. Apply at 7 to 10-day intervals, if needed. Use higher specified rates when conditions favor disease.	Do not apply more than 12.8 lbs product (9.6 lbs mancozeb)/A/season. Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days. Minimum preharvest interval is 7 days. Do not apply this product with a U-boom device. Aerial application of Manzate Pro-Stick on cabbage, requires that occupational handlers performing mixing/loading operational handlers performing mixing/loading operations observe the additional mitigation measures of wearing a particulate respirator with an N,R, or P filter, NIOSH approval prefix TC 84-A.
Caprifig (Non-Food Use)	Endosepsis (Fusarium), Mold	4 lbs/100 gals	Prepare mamme figs by making a shallow cut through the eye and then hand dividing to avoid wasp injury. Submerge mamme figs in the continuously agitated suspension for at least 15 minutes. Drain before placement in trees.	Use fresh dipping suspension after treating 4 to 5 batches of figs.
Corn	Common Rust,	1.5	Use sufficient water for	Do not apply within 7 days of

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CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE OF MANZATE PRO-STICK PER APPLICATION LBS PRODUCT/AC RE	DIRECTIONS FOR USE	RESTRICTIONS/COMMENTS
(Sweet Corn for Fresh Use or Processing; Popcorn; and Sweet Corn for Seed Production, including Hybrid Seed)	Helmintho- sporium Leaf Blight, Gray Leaf Spot		thorough coverage. Start applications when disease first appears and repeat at 4 to 7 day intervals.	harvest. Do not apply more than 22.5 lbs product (17 lbs active) per acre per crop east of the Mississippi and AR and LA. Do not apply more than 7.5 lbs (5.6 lbs active) per acre per crop west of the Mississippi except AR and LA. Do not apply to sweet corn in home gardens.
(Field and Field Corn for Hybrid Seed Production)				Do not apply within 40 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 15 lbs product (11.25 lbs active) per acre per crop.
Cranberry	Fruit Rot	3-6	Start applications at mid- bloom and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.	Do not apply within 30 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 18 lbs product (13.5 lbs active) per acre per season.
Cucumber	Anthracnose, Cercospora Leaf Spot, Downy Mildew, Gummy Stem Blight, Scab	2-3	Start applications when plants are in the two-leaf stage and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals. Use sufficient water and direct spray to provide thorough coverage of both upper and lower leaf surfaces.	Do not apply within 5 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 24 lbs product (18 lbs active) per acre per crop.
Cucurbit crop group Chayote Chinese wax gourd Citron melon Cucumber Gherkin Gourd, edible Momordica spp. Muskmelon Pumpkin Squash, summer	Anthracnose, Cercospora Leaf Spot, Downy Mildew, Gummy Stem Blight, Scab, Alternaria Leaf Spot	2-3	Start applications when the plants are in the two-leaf stage and repeat at 7-to 10- day intervals. Use sufficient water and direct spray to provide thorough coverage of both upper and lower leaf surfaces. For aerial applications, the minimum spray volume is 2 gallons per acre. Some cantaloupe varieties (i.e. Harvest Queen, Gold Star, Super Star, Sweet and Early,	Do not apply more than 25.6 lbs. product (19.2 lbs. active ingredient) per acre per year. Do not apply more than 8 applications per year. Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.

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CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE OF MANZATE PRO-STICK PER APPLICATION LBS PRODUCT/AC RE	DIRECTIONS FOR USE	RESTRICTIONS/COMMENTS
Squash, winter Watermelon			and Saticoy) are sensitive to Manzate Pro-Stick fungicide. Consult State Cooperative Extension Service Specialist prior to use.	
Fennel	Early Blight, Late Blight	2	Begin in plant beds at emergence. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.	Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 16 lbs product (12 lbs active) per acre per crop. Do not graze livestock in treated areas.
Ginseng	Alternaria Blight	2	Start applications when disease first threatens and repeat every 7-10 days as needed. In Wisconsin, apply with ground equipment and a minimum of 80 gallons of	Do not apply more than 24 lbs. product (18 lbs. active ingredient) per acre per year. Do not apply more than 12 applications per year. Do not apply within 30 days of
Grape (East of the Rocky Mountains)	Black Rot, Bunch Rot, Deadarm, Downy Mildew	1.5-4	water per acre. Apply in sufficient water to provide thorough coverage starting when new shoots are 1/2 to 1 1/2 inches long. Repeat when shoots are 3 to 5 inches long, when shoots are 8 to 10 inches long, and then at 7 to 10 day intervals until fruit is set. For late season control of black rot, deadarm and downy mildew, the use of other approved fungicides is suggested.	harvest. Do not apply within 66 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 24 lbs product (18 lbs active) per acre per season.
Grape (West of the Rocky Mountains)	Black Rot, Bunch Rot, Deadarm, Downy Mildew	1.5-2.5	Apply in sufficient water to provide thorough coverage starting when new shoots are 1/2 to 1 1/2 inches long. Repeat when shoots are 3 to 5 inches long, when shoots are 8 to 10 inches long, and then at 7 to 10 day intervals until fruit is set. For late season control of	Do not apply within 66 days of harvest except in CA where no application can be made after bloom. Do not apply more than 7.5 lbs product (5.6 lbs active) per acre per season.

RATE OF MANZATE PRO-STICK APPLICATION. DISEASES CONTROLLED RE DISEASES CONTROLLED DISEASES CONTROLLED		I	ı		December 3, 2014
Lettuce (Head, Leaf) Lettuce (Head, Leaf) Anthracnose Downy Mildew Anthracnose (Head, Leaf) Downy Mildew Apply at 7 to 10-day intervals, if needed. Use higher specified rates when conditions favor disease. Apply at 7 to 10-day intervals, if needed. Use higher specified rates when conditions favor disease. In states other than California, do not apply more than 12.8 lbs product (9.6 lbs manco-zeb)/A/crop and do not apply within 10 days of harvest. For all states: minimum retreatment interval is 7 days. Do not apply this product with a U-boom device. Aerial application of Manzate Pro-Stick on lettuce (leaf and head), requires that occupational handlers performing mixing/loading operations observe the additional mitigation measures of wearing a particulate respirator with an N,R, or P filter, NIOSH approval prefix T C 84-A. Melon Cantaloupe, Casaba, Crenshaw, Honeydew, Watermelon Alternaria Leaf Spot Cercospora Leaf Spot Cercospora Leaf Spot Cercospora Leaf Spot MANZATE PRO-STICK fungicide. Consult State Cooperative Extension Service Specialist prior to use. Onion Botrytis Leaf 3 Follow a protective spray Do not apply within 7 days of	CROP		MANZATE PRO-STICK PER APPLICATION LBS PRODUCT/AC		RESTRICTIONS/COMMENTS
Chead, Leaf Downy Mildew disease development and when conditions are favorable for disease development. Apply at 7 to 10-day intervals, if needed. Use higher specified rates when conditions favor disease. In states other than California, do not apply more than 8.5 lbs product (6.4 lbs manoczeb)//d crop and do not apply within 14 days of harvest. In states other than California, do not apply within 14 days of harvest. In states other than California, do not apply within 14 days of harvest. For all states: minimum retreatment interval is 7 days. Do not apply this product with a U-boom device. Aerial application of Manzate Pro-Stick on lettuce (leaf and head), requires that occupational handlers performing mixing/loading operational handlers performing				downy mildew, the use of other approved fungicides	
Cantaloupe, Casaba, Crenshaw, Honeydew, Watermelon Spot Carcospora Leaf Spot Spot Spot, Anthracnose, Downy Mildew, Gummy Stem Blight, Cercospora Leaf Spot Spot Spot Spot Anthracnose, Downy Mildew, Gummy Stem Blight, Cercospora Leaf Spot Spot				disease development and when conditions are favorable for disease development. Apply at 7 to 10-day intervals, if needed. Use higher specified rates when conditions favor	lettuce by stripping and trimming. In California, do not apply more than 8.5 lbs product (6.4 lbs mancozeb)/A/ crop and do not apply within 14 days of harvest. In states other than California, do not apply more than 12.8 lbs product (9.6 lbs mancozeb)/A/crop and do not apply within 10 days of harvest. For all states: minimum retreatment interval is 7 days. Do not apply this product with a U-boom device. Aerial application of Manzate Pro-Stick on lettuce (leaf and head), requires that occupational handlers performing mixing/loading operations observe the additional mitigation measures of wearing a particulate respirator with an N,R, or P filter, NIOSH approval
	Cantaloupe, Casaba, Crenshaw, Honeydew,	Spot, Anthracnose, Downy Mildew, Gummy Stem Blight, Cercospora Leaf	2-3	plants are in the two-leaf stage and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals. Use sufficient water and direct spray to provide thorough coverage of both upper and lower leaf surfaces. Some varieties are sensitive to MANZATE PRO-STICK fungicide. Consult State Cooperative Extension Service	harvest. Do not apply more than 24 lbs product (18 lbs active) per acre
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CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	MANZATE PRO-STICK PER APPLICATION LBS PRODUCT/AC RE	DIRECTIONS FOR USE	RESTRICTIONS/COMMENTS
Garlic, Shallot	Downy Mildew, Neck Rot, Purple Blotch		diseases are first reported in the area and repeat at 7 day intervals throughout the season.	Do not apply to exposed bulbs. Do not apply more than 30 lbs product (22.5 lbs active) per acre per crop.
	Smut (furrow drench)	3	Apply 3 lbs per acre as a furrow drench at time of planting onion seeds. Use 75 to 125 gallons of water per acre.	Do not use more than 2.25 lbs active per acre (29,000 linear feet of furrow) with an 18 inch row spacing.
Papaya	Anthracnose (Colletotricum), Phytophthora Fruit Rot, Black Spot (Cercospora)	2.0-2.5 (minimum 50 gals per acre)	Begin at flowering; treat central column crown, blossom area and developing fruit. Repeat at 14 to 21 day intervals.	Do not use more than 37 lbs product (28 lbs active) per acre per year, i.e. do not make more than 14 applications at the maximum use rate per year. Minimum pre-harvest interval 0 days.
Peanut	Ascochyta Web Blotch, Cercospora Leaf Spot, Rust	1-2	Start application when disease first appears or is reported in area. Repeat sprays at 7 to 14 day intervals. Reduce sprays to a 7 day interval during humid weather.	Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not use more than 16 lbsproduct (12 lbs active) per acre per crop. Do not feed treated vines to livestock.
Pepper	Anthracnose Bacterial Spot (Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. vesicatoria) Cercospora Leaf Spot (Frogeye Spot) Phytophthora Blight Ripe Rot	West of the Mississippi: 1.6 – 2.1 lb/A	Begin applications prior to disease development and when conditions are favorable for disease development. Apply at 7 to 10-day intervals, if needed. Use higher specified rates when conditions favor disease.	Do not apply more than 12.8 lbs product (9.6 lbs mancozeb)/A/season. Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days. Minimum preharvest interval is 7 days. Do not apply this product with a U-boom device. Aerial application of Manzate Pro-Stick on peppers, requires that occupational handlers performing mixing/loading operational handlers performing mixing/loading observe the additional mitigation measures of wearing a particulate respirator with an N,R, or P filter, NIOSH approval prefix TC 84-A.

CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE OF MANZATE PRO-STICK PER APPLICATION LBS PRODUCT/AC RE	DIRECTIONS FOR USE	RESTRICTIONS/COMMENTS
		East of the Mississippi: 1.6 – 3.2 lb/A	Begin applications prior to disease development and when conditions are favorable for disease development. Apply at 7 to 10-day intervals, if needed. Use higher specified rates when conditions favor disease.	Do not apply more than 19.2 lbs product (14.4 lbs mancozeb)/A/season. Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days. Minimum preharvest interval is 7 days. Do not apply this product with a U-boom device. Aerial application of Manzate Pro-Stick on peppers, requires that occupational handlers performing mixing/loading operational handlers performing mixing/loading observe the additional mitigation measures of wearing a particulate respirator with an N,R, or P filter, NIOSH approval prefix TC 84-A.
Pome Fruit Apple, Pear, Crabapple, Quince	Rusts, Scab, Fabrea Leaf Spot	6.0 Maximum per acre use rate based on thorough coverage dilute sprays. Use 50 gal minimum per acre. Consult State Extension Service if necessary to adjust for variable tree size.	Pre-Bloom/Bloom Use: Begin application at 1/4 to 1/2 inch green tip and continue on a 7 to 10 day schedule through bloom. Use either the "Pre- Bloom/Bloom" or "Extended Application" schedule. DO NOT COMBINE OR INTEGRATE THE TWO TREATMENT SCHEDULES	Do not apply more than 6 lbs (4.5 lbs active) per acre per application. Do not apply after bloom. Do not apply more than 24 lbs product (18 lbs active) per acre per year. Do not graze livestock in treated areas. It is recommended that this product be used in an Integrated Pest Management Program.
		3.0 Maximum per acre use rate based on thorough coverage dilute sprays. Use 50 gal minimum per acre.	Extended Application Schedule or for Use in Tank Mixtures: For implementation of IPM programs, applications based on tree-row volume, or for use as a resistance management tool: begin applications at 1/4 to 1/2 inch green tip and continue applications	Do not apply more than 3 lbs product (2.25 lbs active) per acre per application. Do not apply within 77 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 21 lbs product (15.75 lbs active) per acre per year. Do not graze livestock in treated areas. It is recommended that this product be used in an Integrated Pest Management

	I	T		December 3, 2014
CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE OF MANZATE PRO-STICK PER APPLICATION LBS PRODUCT/AC RE	DIRECTIONS FOR USE	RESTRICTIONS/COMMENTS
		Consult State Extension Service if necessary to adjust for variable tree size.	on a 7 to 10 day schedule through the second cover spray. Use either the "Pre-Bloom/Bloom" or "Extended Application" schedule. DO NOT COMBINE OR INTEGRATE THE TWO TREATMENT SCHEDULES	Program.
Potato	Early Blight, Late Blight, Black Dot Disease Suppression: Botrytis	1-2	Begin applications when plants are 4 to 6 inches high by applying 1 lb per acre. As the vines increase in size, apply 1.5 to 2 lbs per acre at intervals of 5 to 10 days or 1 lb per acre at 3 to 5 day intervals.	Do not apply more than 15 lbs product (11.2 lbs active) per acre per crop. Do not use within 3 days of harvest in CT, DE, FL, MA, ME, MI, NH, NY, OH, PA, RI, VT, WI, and within 14 days elsewhere. Vine-kill should occur 14 days before harvest. It is recommended that this product be used in an Integrated Pest Management Program.
Potato (Seedpiece Treatment)	Fusarium Decay, Seedborne Common Scab	1.25 per 50 gal	Dip whole or cut potato tubers in 1.25 lbs MANZATE PRO-STICK fungicide per 50 gallons of water. Place treated tubers in a clean container following treatment and plant as soon as possible. Spread treated seedpieces in a cool place if held before planting.	Do not use treated seed potatoes for food or feed purposes. Seed-pieces that have been treated with this product that are then to be packaged or bagged for future use must contain the following labeling on the outside of the seed-piece package or bag: "Treated seed-pieces, treated with the fungicide mancozeb – Do Not Use for Food, Feed, or Oil Purposes." When opening this bag or loading/pouring the treated seed-pieces, wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, shoes, socks, chemical resistant gloves, and a particulate respirator with a an N, R, or P filter, NIOSH approved prefix TC 84-A. After the seed pieces have been planted, do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours. Exception: Once the seed

	T	I	I	December 3, 2014
CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE OF MANZATE PRO-STICK PER APPLICATION LBS PRODUCT/AC RE	DIRECTIONS FOR USE	RESTRICTIONS/COMMENTS
				pieces are planted in soil or other planting media, the Worker Protection Standard allows workers to enter the treated area without restriction if there will be no worker contact with the soil/ media subsurface."
Squash (Summer Squash, Including Edible Gourd)	Downy Mildew	2-3	Start applications when plants are in the two-leaf stage and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals. Use sufficient water and direct spray to provide thorough coverage of both upper and lower leaf surfaces.	Do not apply within 5 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 24 lbs product (18 lbs active) per acre per crop.
Sugar Beet	Cercospora Leaf Spot	1.5-2	Begin when disease first threatens. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.	Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 14 lbs product (10.5 lbs active) per acre per crop. Do not feed treated sugar beet tops to livestock.
Tomato (East of the Mississippi River)	Anthracnose, Early Blight, Gray Leaf Spot, Late Blight, Leaf Mold, Septoria Leaf Spot	0.75-1.5	Start application when seedlings emerge or transplants are set. Repeat at 3 to 7 day intervals throughout the season.	Do not apply within 5 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 22.4 lbs product (16.8 lbs active) per acre per crop.
	Bacterial Speck and Spot	1.5-3	Start application when seedlings emerge or transplants are set. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals throughout the season.	Do not apply within 5 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 22.4 lbs product (16.8 lbs active) per acre per crop. Use a full rate of a fixed copper fungicide in tank mix combination with a half to full rate of MANZATE PRO-STICK. Follow the application interval on the copper fungicide label.
Tomato (West of the Mississippi River)	Anthracnose, Early Blight, Gray Leaf Spot, Late Blight, Leaf Mold, Septoria Leaf Spot	0.75-1.0	Start application when seedlings emerge or transplants are set. Repeat at 3 to 7 day intervals throughout the season.	Do not apply within 5 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 8.5 lbs product (6.4 lbs active) per acre per crop.
	Bacterial Speck	1.5-2	Start application when	Do not apply within 5 days of

				December 3, 2014
CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE OF MANZATE PRO-STICK PER APPLICATION LBS PRODUCT/AC RE	DIRECTIONS FOR USE	RESTRICTIONS/COMMENTS
	and Spot		seedlings emerge or transplants are set. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals throughout the season.	harvest. Do not apply more than 8.5 lbs product (6.4 lbs active) per acre per crop. Use a full rate of a fixed copper fungicide in tank mix combination with a half to full rate of MANZATE PRO-STICK. Follow the application interval on the copper fungicide label.
Tropical Fruits Limited to: Sugar apple Cherimoya Atemoya Custard apple Sweetsop	Anthracnose	2-2.5	Begin applications at flowering and continue at a 7-day retreatment interval. Applications made with aerial equipment must be made in a minimum spray volume of 10 gal/acre.	Do not apply more than 35 lbs. product (26.25 lbs. active ingredient) per acre per year. Do not apply more than 14 applications per year. Applications may be made up to the day of harvest.
Tropical Fruits Limited to: Mango Star apple (caimito) Canistel Mamey sapote Sapodilla White sapote	Anthracnose, Phytophthora Fruit Rot, Black Spot (Cercospora)	2-2.5	Start applications at flowering and continue at 14- to 21-day intervals. Direct spray to crown and blossom area. Use 20 to 100 gallons water per acre.	Do not apply more than 37.3 lbs. product (28 lbs. active ingredient) per acre per year. Do not apply more than 14 applications per year. Applications may be made up to the day of harvest.
Walnut	Walnut Blight (Xanthomonas xampestris pv. Juglandis)	2.4 lbs/A (1.8 lbs ai)	Apply by ground in a minimum of 100 gallons water per acre, or by air in a minimum of 10 gallons water per acre. Begin application at early prebloom prior to or when catkins are partially expanded. Make additional application during bloom and early nutlet stage, or as needed if frequent rainfall occurs.	Do not apply through any irrigation system The reapplication interval is 7-10 days. Do not make more than 10 applications per season. Do not apply more than 24 lbs. product (18 lbs ai) per acre per use season. For aerial applications only: Mixer/loaders must wear a particulate respirator with an N,R, or P filter, NIOSH approval

CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE OF MANZATE PRO-STICK PER APPLICATION LBS PRODUCT/AC RE	DIRECTIONS FOR USE	RESTRICTIONS/COMMENTS
				prefix TC-84A. This product must be tank mixed with a fixed copper product (such as Cuprofix Ultra 40 Disperss, EPA Reg. No. 70506-201) which is registered for use on walnuts. Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 75 days before harvest.

FLOWERS, FOLIAGE PLANTS, AND ORNAMENTALS INTENDED FOR USE ONLY BY PROFESSIONAL APPLICATORS.

TREATED PLANTS, FRUITS, NUTS OR SYRUP FROM MAPLE TREES MUST NOT BE USED FOR FOOD OR FEED PURPOSES.

Apply in the field, nursery or greenhouse as a thorough coverage spray, using 1 to 2 lbs. Manzate Pro-Stick per acre (1 ½ to 3 tsp. per gal.). Do not use in residential greenhouses.

Plant sensitivities to Manzate Pro-Stick have been found to be acceptable in specific genera and species listed on this label, however, phototoxicity may occur. Due to the large number of species and varieties of ornamentals and nursery plants, it is impossible to test each one for sensitivity to Manzate Pro-Stick. Neither the manufacturer nor seller has determined whether or not Manzate Pro-Stick can be safely used on ornamental or nursery plants not listed on this label. The user should determine if Manzate Pro-Stick can be used safely prior to commercial use. In a small area, apply the specified rates to the plants in question, i.e. bedding plants, foliage, etc., and observe to for 7 to 10 days for symptoms of phytotoxicity prior to commercial use. Use Manzate Pro-Stick in commercial greenhouses and nurseries for control of fungal diseases of flowers, foliage and ornamentals. Do not make more than 20 applications per year.

<u>Aerial application</u>: For aerial applications made to field-planted ornamentals, apply 1 to 2 lbs. per acre; Use a minimum rate of 5 gals of spray per acre during aerial applications.

Application of dilute sprays: Apply as a thorough coverage spray using 1 to 2 lbs. per acre or 1 to 2 lbs. per 100 gals of water. Begin application at first sign of disease and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals or as needed; use shorter interval during periods of frequent rains or when severe disease conditions persist. Manzate Pro-Stick may be used alone or in combination with other fungicides as maintenance spray. Use higher rate and shorter intervals during periods of excessive wetness and rapid growth.

Manzate Pro-Stick is labeled for use on certain flower, foliage and ornamental plants listed in the table below for control of the following diseases and pathogens:

PLANT	PATHOGEN CONTROLLED:

Abutilon Alternaria, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Colletotrichum, Puccinia

African violet Alternaria, Botrytis

Ageratum Alternaria, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Sclerotium

Aglaonema Alternaria

Almond, ornamental Botrytis, Cladosporium, Coryneum, Gloeosporium, Monilinia

Alyssum Microsphaera alni

Andromeda Exobasidium, Rhytisma, Venturia Anthurium Colletotrichum, Gloeosporium

Apple Alternaria, Cephalosporium, Colletotrichum, Coryneum, Elsinoe, Fusarium,

Gloeosporium, Gymnosporangium, Helminthosporium, Leptosphaeria,

Monilinia, Monochaetia, Mycosphaerella, Pestalotia, Venturia

Arborvitae Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Coryneum, Lophodermium, Mycosphaerella,

Pestalotia

Ash Cercospora, Cylindrosporium, Gloeosporium, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia,

Sphaeropsis

Ash, Mountain Gymnosporangium

Aster Alternaria, Ascochyta, Botrytis, Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Phomopsis,

Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria, Uromyces

Aucuba japonica Alternaria, Cercospora, Gloeosporium, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta

Azalea Alternaria, Botrytis, Cladosporium, Colletotrichum, Cylindrocladium, Ovulinia

Baby's Breath Botrytis, Rhizoctonia

Basswood Cercospora, Phyllosticta

Begonia Botrytis, Cercospora, Gloeosporium, Rhizoctonia

Birch Cylindrosporium, Gloeosporium, Glomerella, Melampsoridium, Taphrina

Bougainvillea Colletotrichum
Boxwood Fusarium, Volutella

Buckeye Cercospora, Glomerella, Guignardia, Monchaetia, Phyllosticta, Septoria,

Taphrina

Buffalo berry Cylindrosporium, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria

Catalpa Alternaria, Cercospora, Gloeosporium, Phomopsis, Rhizoctonia

Camellia Botrytis, Cercospora, Elsinoe, Exobasidium, Glomerella, Pestalotia, Phomopsis,

Phyllosticta

Carnation Alternaria, Botrytis, Cladosporium, Colletotrichum, Fusarium,

Helminthosporium, Septoria, Stemphylium, Uromyces

Cedar Lophodermium, Gymnosporangium

Cherry, ornamental Alternaria, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Coccomyces, Coryneum, Fusicladium,

Monilinia, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Taphrina

Chinese evergreen Colletotrichum, Gloeosporium

Christmas cactus Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Phomopsis

Chrysanthemum Alternaria, Ascochyta, Bipolaris, Botrytis, Cercospora, Cylindrosporium,

Helminthosporium, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Stemphylium

Cockscomb (Celosia) Alternaria, Cercospora

Coleus Alternaria, Botrytis, Phyllosticta

Columbine Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria

Coryline Cercospora

Cotoneaster Cercospora, Phyllosticta, Venturia

Crabapple Gymnosporangium, Marssonina, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Venturia

Crape myrtle Cercospora, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta

Croton Gloeosporium

Cuphea (Mexican heather) Gloeosporium, Rhizoctonia

Cyclamen Botrytis, Cladosporium, Fusarium, Glomerella, Phyllosticta, Ramularia

Cypress Coryneum, Fusarium, Gymnosporangium, Lophodermium, Monchaetia,

Pestalotia. Phomopsis

Dahlia Alternaria, Botrytis, Fusarium, Rhizoctonia

Daisy Botrytis, Cercospora, Whetzelia
Daisy, Shasta Cylindrosporium, Septoria, Fusarium
Daisy, Transvall Alternaria, Botrytis, Gloeosporium

Daylily Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta,

Puccinia

Delphinium Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Diaporthe, Fusarium, Phyllosticta, Puccinia,

Ramularia, Septoria, Volutella

Dieffenbachia Cephalosporium, Colletotrichum, Gloeosporium, Glomerella, Leptosphaeria Dogwood Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Elsinoe, Phyllosticta, Septoria

Dracaena Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Phyllosticta

Dusty Miller Fusarium, Puccinia

Elm Botryosphaeria, Cephalosporium, Cercospora, Coryneum, Cylindrosporium,

Fusarium, Gloeosporium, Monochaetia, Mycosphaerella, Phomopsis,

Phyllosticta, Rhizoctonia, Sphaeropsis, Taphrina

Euonymus Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Gloeosporium, Marssonina, Ramularia, Septoria,

Whetzelinia

Fatsia Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Phyllosticta

Fern Botrytis, Cercospora, Curvularia, Cylindrosporium, Glomerella, Phyllosticta,

Taphrina

Ficus Alternaria, Ascochyta, Cephalosporium, Cercospora, Cladosporium,

Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Gloeosporium, Glomerella, Mycosphaerella,

Phomopsis, Stemphylium

Fir (Abies) Cephalosporium, Lophodermium, Melampsora, Phomopsis, Sphaeropsis

Fir, Douglas Phaeocryptopus Fir, Frasier Phaeocryptopus

Firethorn Fusarium, Fusicladium, Rhizoctonia

Fittonia Rhizoctonia

Four-o'clock Cercospora, Rhizoctonia
Fuchsia Botrytis, Phomopsis, Septoria
Garden Balsam Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora

Gardenia Alternaria, Botrytis, Diaporthe, Mycosphaerella, Pestalotia, Phomopsis,

Phyllosticta, Rhizoctonia

Geranium Alternaria, Ascochyta, Bipolaris, Botrytis, Cercospora, Cylindrosporium,

Helminthosporium, Puccinia, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria, Uromyces,

Venturia

Gladiolus* Alternaria, Botrytis, Cladosporium, Curvularia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria,

Stemphylium

Gloxinia Botrytis, Colletotrichum

Gold Dust Tree Gloeosporium, Glomerella, Pestalotia, Phyllosticta

Gomphrena Cercospora

Gypsophila Botrytis, Rhizoctonia

Hawthorn Cercospora, Cylindrosporium, Gloeosporium, Gymnosporangium, Monilinia,

Mycosphaerella, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Venturia

Hemlock, Eastern (Tsuga) Botrytis, Cylindrosporium, Melampsora, Rhizoctonia
Hibiscus Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Phyllosticta

Hickory Cercospora, Cladosporium, Elsinoe, Fusarium, Gnomonia, Mycosphaerella,

Pestalotia, Phyllosticta, Septoria

Holly Phyllosticta

Hollyhock Alternaria, Ascochyta, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Puccinia, Septoria Alternaria, Cercospora, Gloeosporium, Herpobasidium, Phyllosticta Honeysuckle

Horse Chestnut See Buckeve

Hydrangea Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Phyllosticta, Rhizoctonia,

Septoria

Impatiens Cercospora, Phyllosticta, Rhizoctonia, Septoria

Indian Hawthorn Entomosporium

Iris Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cladosporium, Fusarium, Kabatiella, Phyllosticta, Puccinia,

Rhizoctonia

Cladosporium, Colletotrichum, Glomerella, Phyllosticta, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia, lvy

Sphaeropsis

Jade plant Gloeosporium, Phomopsis

Juniper Cercospora, Coryneum, Gymnosporangium, Lophodermium, Pestalotia,

Phomopsis, Stigmina

Kalanchoe Cercospora, Stemphylium

Larkspur See Delphinium

Laurel, Cherry Alternaria, Cercospora, Coccomyces, Monilinia, Phyllosticta, Septoria Laurel, Mountain Cercospora, Mycosphaerella, Pestalotia, Phomopsis, Rhytisma, Septoria

Lavender, Cotton Septoria

Lilac Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Cylindrocladium, Gloeosporium Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Puccinia, Lily

Ramularia, Rhizoctonia

Lirope Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Leptothyrium Lobelia Botrytis, Cercospora, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria

Loquat Colletotrichum, Fusicladium, Pestalotia, Phyllosticta, Septoria

Magnolia Alternaria, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Colletotrichum, Glomerella, Rhizoctonia Mahonia

Cercospora, Cylindrocladium, Gloeosporium, Leptosphaeria, Phomopsis,

Phyllosticta, Puccinia

Alternaria, Cercospora, Ciborinia, Fusarium, Marssonina, Monochaetia, Maple

Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Rhizoctonia, Rhytisma, Septoria, Sphaeropsis,

Taphrina, Venturia

Myrtle Cercospora, Glomerella, Pestalotia

Narcissus Botrytis, Sclerotinia

Nasturtium Botrytis, Cercospora, Puccinia

Nannyberry Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Helminthosporium, Monochaetia,

Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Ramularia

Nephathytis Cephalosporium

Nicotiana Alternaria Nierembergia **Botrytis**

Cephalosporium, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Cronartium, Elsinoe, Fusarium, Oak

Gloeosporium, Gnomonia, Marssonina, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Taphrina,

Venturia

Orchid Cercospora, Fusicladium, Mycosphaerella, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Septoria

Osmanthus Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Phyllosticta

Palm, Areca Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Septoria Palm, Arenga Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Cylindrocladium, Pestalotia, Phoma, Stigmina Palm, Cabbage Fusarium, Gloeosporium, Pestalotia, Stigmina

Palm, Coconut Pestalotia

Palm, Date Alternaria, Fusarium, Helminthosporium, Pestalotia

Palm, King Alternaria, Fusarium, Helminthosporium, Pestalotia, Phomopsis

Palm, Phoenix Alternaria, Cercospora, Fusarium, Gloeosporium, Pestalotia, Phomopsis,

Stigmina

Palm, Queen Glomerella, Septoria

Palm, Royal Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Helminthosporium

Palm, Washington Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Cylindrocladium, Pestalotia, Phoma, Stigmina Pansy Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Peronospora, Phyllosticta,

Ramularia, Rhizoctonia

Peach Cercospora, Cladosporium, Coryneum, Fusarium, Glomerella, Monilinia,

Mycosphaerella, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Taphrina

Pear Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Coryneum, Elsinoe, Fusarium,

Glomerella, Gymnosporangium, Helminthosporium, Monilinia, Mycosphaerella,

Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Venturia

Peony Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Gloeosporium, Phyllosticta,

Septoria

Peperomia Colletotrichum, Gloeosporium, Rhizoctonia

Periwinkle Alternaria, Botrytis, Cladosporium, Colletotrichum, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta,

Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria

Petunia Cercospora, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Stemphylium

Philodendron Gloeosporium, Colletotrichum

Phlox Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Phyllosticta, Puccinia,

Ramularia, Septoria, Stemphylium, Volutella

Photinia Cercospora, Gloeosporium, Gymnosporangium, Lophodermium, Pestalotia,

Phyllosticta, Septoria

Pieris Alternaria, Pestalotia, Phyllosticta, Rhytisma

Pilea Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Helminthosporium, Phyllosticta

Pine, Norfolk Island Botrytis, Colletotrichum, Cronartium, Cylindrocladium, Fusarium,

Lophodermium, Pestalotia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria, Sirococcus

Pine Alternaria, Botrytis, Cronartium, Fusarium, Lophodermium, Monochaetia,

Rhizoctonia, Septoria, Sirococcus

Pittosporium Alternaria, Cercospora, Gnomonia, Mycosphaerella, Phyllosticta, Rhizoctonia,

Septoria

Plane tree Cercospora, Gnomonia, Phyllosticta, Septoria

Plum, ornamental Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Coccomyces, Coryneum, Monilinia,

Phyllosticta, Taphrina

Poinsettia** Botrytis, Cercospora, Fusarium, Uromyces

Poplar Cercospora, Ciborinia, Colletotrichum, Cylindrocladium, Fusarium, Marssonina,

Melampsora, Mycosphaerella, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Stigmina, Taphrina,

Venturia

Portulaca Rhizoctonia Pothos Rhizoctonia

Prayer plant Alternaria, Drechslera, Glomerella, Puccinia

Primrose Alternaria, Botrytis, Colletotrichum, Mycosphaerella, Puccinia, Ramularia,

Uromyces

Privet Cercospora, Glomerella, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Ramularia

Protea Botrytis

Pyracantha Botrytis, Cercospora, Diplodia, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Sphaeropsis

Quince, flowering Cercospora, Fabraea, Gymnosporangium, Septobasidium

Red cedar, western (Thuja) Keithia (or Didymascella)

Red tip See Photinia

Redwood, Sequoia Botrytis, Cercospora, Mycosphaerella, Pestalotia, Phomopsis

Rhododendron Alternaria, Cercospora, Corvneum, Gloeosporium, Glomerella, Guignardia,

Lophodermium, Mycosphaerella, Pestalotia, Phomopsis, Rhizoctonia, Septoria,

Venturia

Rose Alternaria, Bipolaris, Botryosphaeria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium,

Cylindrocladium, Diplocarpon, Elsinoe, Gloeosporium, Helminthosporium, Leptosphaeria, Monochaetia, Mycosphaerella, Peronospora, Phyllosticta,

Septoria

Rosemary Rhizoctonia

Russian olive Cercospora, Colletotrichum

Sage Cercospora, Peronospora, Puccinia, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia

Salvia Cercospora, Puccinia

Santolina Botrytis

Senecio Cercospora, Gloeosporium, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Ramularia, Septoria

Schefflera Alternaria

Snakeplant Fusarium, Gloeosporium

Snapdragon Alternaria, Bipolaris, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Drechslera,

Fusarium, Helminthosporium, Peronospora, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia

Spathiphyllum Alternaria
Spindletree See Euonymus
Spirea Cylindrosporium

Spruce Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cladosporium, Lophodermium, Rhizoctonia

Spurge Cercospora, Melampsora, Puccinia

Statice Alternaria, Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Rhizoctonia,

Uromyces

Strawflower Fusarium

Sumac Cercospora, Cladosporium, Fusarium, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Taphrina

Sunflower, ornamental Alternaria, Puccinia

Syngonium Cephalosporium, Erwinia, Fusarium

Tulip Botrytis

Venus flytrap Colletotrichum

Verbena Alternaria, Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia,

Septoria, Stemphylium

Viburnum Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium, Helminthosporium, Monochaetia,

Phomopsis, Ramularia

Walnut Cercospora, Cladosporium, Cylindrocladium, Cylindrosporium, Gnomonia

Willow Ascochyta, Cercospora, Ciborinia, Cylindrosporium, Fusicladium,

Gloeosporium, Marssonina, Melampsora, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Ramularia,

Rhytisma, Septoria, Taphrina, Venturia

Wisteria Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Gloeosporium, Pestalotia

Yucca Cercospora, Cylindrosporium, Gloeosporium, Puccinia

Zebra plant Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum
Zinnia Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Rhizoctonia

*Do not exceed 0.75 lb per 100 gallons on flower spikes.

**Do not exceed 1.5 lbs per 100 gallons.

This product is not recommended for the treatment of marigolds due to highly variable plant responses.

GRASSES: TURF USES (NON-AGRICULTURAL USES)

For use on golf courses, industrial and commercial lawns, and other nonresidential lawns. Not for use on residential lawns. Follow provisions within the Non-Agricultural Use Requirements Box.

Do not apply by chemigation.

Golf Courses: for cool season grasses; greens, tees and aprons – do not apply more than 5 applications per year at a maximum application rate of 17.4 lb ai/A per application.

For cool season grasses; fairways – do not apply more than 4 applications per year at a maximum application rate of 17.4 lb ai/A per application.

For warm season grasses; greens, tees and aprons – do not apply more than 4 applications per year at a maximum application rate of 17.4 lb ai/A per application.

All Other Turf:

- do not apply more than 4 applications per year at a maximum application rate of 17.4 lb ai/A per application
- do not allow less than a 10-day interval between applications

CROP	DISEASE/PEST	RATE oz. or lbs. product	DIRECTIONS FOR USE	COMMENTS
Golf courses, industrial (office		6 oz. in 3 to 5 gal/1000 sq. ft: 16 lbs in 130-220 gals/A	Begin when algae begins to appear. Repeat at 10-day intervals as long as condition persists.	Do not use on grasses grown for seed.
park), and municipal lawns	nunicipal Copper Spot* 4 to 8. oz. in 3 to 5		Begin application when disease appears. Repeat at 10-day intervals as long as condition persists.	Do not use on grasses intended for grazing, such as range or pasture grasses. Do not graze treated areas or feed clippings to livestock. When conditions are
	Dollar Spot* (Sclerotina)	6 to 8 oz. in 3 to 5 gal/1000 sq. ft.: 16-22 lb in 130-220 gal/A.		unusually favorable for disease, use 6-8 oz./1000 sq. ft. (16- 22 lbs/A).
	Fusarium Snow Mold*	6 to 8 oz. in 3 to 5 gal/1000 sq. ft.: 16-22 lb in 130-220 gal/A.	Apply at 2 to 6 week intervals during winter.	
	Leaf Spot (Helminthosporium spp.) Rhizoctonia solani Brown Patch	4 oz. in 3 to 5 gals/1000 sq. ft.: 11 lbs in 130-220 gals/A.	Begin when disease appears. Repeat at 10-day intervals as long as condition persists.	
	Leaf Rust, Stem Rust, Stripe Rust	4 oz. in 3 to 5 gals/1000 sq. ft.: 11 lbs in 130-220 gals/A.	Begin when disease threatens. Repeat at 10-day intervals as long as disease persists.	

GRASSES: SODFARMS (AGRICULTURAL CROP USE)

For sodfarm applications, follow provisions within the Agricultural Use Requirements box. Harvesting of treated turf is prohibited until 120 hours following application.

- Do not apply more than 4 applications per year at a maximum application rate of 17.4 lb ai/A per application.
- Do not allow less than a 10-day interval between applications.

CROP	DISEASE/PEST	RATE oz. or lbs. product	DIRECTIONS FOR USE	COMMENTS	
Sod Farm	Algae	6 oz. in 3 to 5 gal/1000 sq. ft: 16 lbs in 130-220 gals/A	Begin when algae begins to appear. Repeat at 10-day intervals as long as condition persists.	Do not use on grasses grown for seed.	
	Copper Spot Fusarium Blight (F. roseum), Red Thread Slime Molds	4 to 8. oz. in 3 to 5 gal/1000 sq. ft.: 11-22 lb in 130-220 gal/A.	Begin when disease appears. Repeat at 10-day intervals as long as condition persists.	Do not use on grasses intended for grazing, such as range or pasture grasses.	
	Gray Leaf Spot (<i>Pyricularia grisea</i>)	8 oz. in 3 to 5 gal/1000 sq. ft.: 22 lb in 130-220 gal/A.	Begin at first sign of disease; apply at 10 day intervals or more often during favorable disease conditions.	Do not graze treated areas or feed clippings to livestock.	
	Dollar Spot (Sclerotina)	6 to 8 oz. in 3 to 5 gal/1000 sq. ft.: 16-22 lb in 130-220 gal/A.	Begin when grass greens up in spring/10-14 days.	When conditions are unusually favorable for disease, use 6-8	
Pink (Fusarium) Snow Mold		6 to 8 oz. in 3 to 5 gal/1000 sq. ft.: 16-22 lb in 130-220 gal/A.	Apply at 2 to 6 week intervals during winter.	oz./1000 sq. ft. (16- 22 lbs/A) and reduce intervals to 3-5 days.	
	Leaf Spot (Helminthosporium spp.) Rhizoctonia solani Brown Patch	4 oz. in 3 to 5 gals/1000 sq. ft.: 11 lbs in 130-220 gals/A.	Begin when disease appears. Repeat at 10-day intervals as long as condition persists.		
	Pythium Blight	8 oz. in 3 to 5 gal/1000 sq. ft.: 22 lb in 130-220 gal/A.	Repeat at 5-day intervals, or more frequently if conditions are favorable for disease development.		
	Leaf Rust, Stem Rust, Stripe Rust	4 oz. in 3 to 5 gals/1000 sq. ft.: 11 lbs in 130-220 gals/A.	Begin when disease threatens. Repeat at 10-day intervals as long as disease persists.		

SEED TREATMENTS

For commercial treatment only. Do not treat seed at or immediately before planting. Users making commercial seed applications must follow provisions within the Non-Agricultural Use Requirements Box. Users conducting seed treatments on agricultural establishments must follow provisions within the Agricultural Use Requirements Box.

Seed to be treated must be clean and well-cured prior to treatment.

MANZATE PRO-STICK must be applied to dry seed with conventional slurry or mist seed treating equipment, or as a plant-box application. For best results, seed must be covered uniformly with fungicide. For seed treatment, a dye must be added to the Manzate Pro-Stick treating slurry which will impart an unnatural color to the seed.

Seeds that have been treated with this product that are then packaged or bagged for future use must contain the following labeling on the outside of the seed package or bag:

"Treated Seed, treated with the fungicide mancozeb – Do Not Use for Food, Feed or Oil Purposes.

When opening this bag or loading/pouring the treated seed, wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, shoes, socks, chemical resistant gloves, and a particulate respiratorN, R, or P filter, NIOSH approved prefix TC 84-A.

After the seeds have been planted, do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restrictedentry interval (REI) of 24 hours. Exception: Once the seeds are planted in soil or other planting media, the Worker Protection Standard allows workers to enter the treated area without restriction if there will be no worker contact with the soil/media subsurface. Excess treated seed may be used for ethanol production only if (1) byproducts are not used for livestock feed and (2) no measurable residues of pesticide remain in ethanol byproducts that are used in agronomic practice."

CROP	DISEASES	SEED TREATMENT RATE-APPLY AS A SLURRY OZ./BU.	OZ./100 LBS.
Barley	Bunt, Covered Smut, Damping-Off, Fake Loose Smut, Seed Decay, Seedling Blights	1.3 to 2.0	2.7 to 4.2
Corn	Damping-Off, Seed Rot, Seedling Blights	1.5 to 3.0	2.7 to 5.4
Cotton Acid Delinted	Damping-Off, Seedling Blights		3.0
Cotton Reginned	Damping-Off, Seedling Blights		6.0
Flax	Seed Decay, Seedling Blights, Damping-Off	2.0 to 4.0	3.6 to 7.1
Oat	Damping-Off, Seedling Blights, Seed Decay, Smuts	1.3 to 2.0	4.0 to 6.3
Peanut (Shelled)	Damping-Off, Seed Rots, Seedling Blights	2.0 to 4.0	8.0 to 16.0
Rice	Achyla, Other Soil and Seedborne Fungi Causing Seed Rot and Reduced Seedling Vigor		2.0 to 4.0 Apply before, during or after soaking in water
Rye	Bunt, Covered Smut, Damping-Off, Seed Decay, Seedling Blights	1.3 to 2.0	2.3 to 3.6

Safflower	Puccinia carthami (Which Causes Foot-and-Rot Disease and Foliage Rust Disease)		2.0
Sorghum	Covered Kernel Smut, Damping-Off, Seedling Blights, Seed Rots	1.5 to 2.5	2.7 to 4.5
Tomato	Damping-Off, Seedling Blights, Seed Rots		8.0
Wheat (including Triticale)	Bunt, Covered Smut, Damping-Off, Seed Decay, Seedling Blights	1.3 to 2.0	2.2 to 3.3

CHRISTMAS TREES: Plantations and Nurseries

Aerial application: Apply 1 to 2 lb per acre using a minimum rate of 10 gallons of spray per acre during aerial applications.

Application of dilute sprays: Apply as thorough coverage spray using 1 to 2 lb per acre of 1 to 2 lbs per 100 gallons of water. Begin application at first sign of disease and repeat every 7 to 10 days. Use the shortest spray interval during periods of frequent rain, when severe disease conditions persist or during periods of rapid plant growth. This product may be used alone or in combination with other fungicides.

Use Site	Diseases Controlled	Application rate (lb/A or lb/100 gal)
Christmas trees,	Ascochyta, Alternaria, Botrytis,	1 to 2 lbs/A or 1 to 2 lb per 100
including fir, spruce, pine	Cephalosporium, Cladosporium, Cronartium, Fusarium,	gallons, make applications at 7 to 10 day intervals.
	Lophodermium, Melampsora,	day intervals.
	Monchaetia, Phomopsis, Rhizoctonia,	
	Septoria, Sirococcus, Sphaeropsis	

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Important-Never allow MANZATE PRO-STICK to become wet during storage. This may lead to certain chemical changes which will reduce the effectiveness of MANZATE PRO-STICK as a fungicide and create vapors which may be flammable. Keep container closed when not in use. Store product in original container only, away from other pesticides, fertilizer, food or feed in a secure dry area.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then offer for recycling if available, or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

ATTENTION: This product contains mancozeb and ETU, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer in laboratory animals. ETU is also known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm in laboratory animals.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION READ BEFORE USING PRODUCT

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product reflect the opinion of experts based on field use and tests, and must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of United Phosphorus, Inc. or Seller. Handling, storage, and use of the product by Buyer or User are beyond the control of United Phosphorus, Inc. and Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold United Phosphorus, Inc. and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, UNITED PHOSPHORUS, INC. AND SELLER MAKE NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ON THIS LABEL.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, United Phosphorus, Inc. or Seller shall not be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product and THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF UNITED PHOSPHORUS, INC. AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF UNITED PHOSPHORUS, INC. OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT. United Phosphorus, Inc. and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing conditions of sale and limitations of warranty and of liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by the duly authorized representative of United Phosphorus, Inc.

Manzate is a registered trademark of United Phosphorus, Inc.

Rev. 12/3/2014



Supplemental Label

MANZATE PRO-STICK FUNGICIDE

EPA Reg. No. 70506-234

For Use on Walnuts

This supplemental label expires on August 7, 2016 and must not be used or distributed after this date.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

The supplemental labeling and the entire MANZATE PRO-STICK FUNGICIDE container label, EPA Registration Number 70506-234, must be in the possession of the user at the time of the application. Read the label affixed to the container for MANZATE PRO-STICK FUNGICIDE before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions. Use MANZATE PRO-STICK FUNGICIDE according to this supplemental labeling is subject to the use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the container for MANZATE PRO-STICK FUNGICIDE.

USE RATES AND APPLICATION TIMING FOR USE ON WALNUTS

DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE MANZATE PRO-STICK FUNGICIDE PER APPLICATION LBS/ACRE	DIRECTIONS FOR USE	RESTRICTIONS/COMMENTS
Walnut Blight (Xanthomonas campestris pv. Juglandis)	2.4 lbs/A (1.8 lbs ai)	Apply by ground in a minimum of 100 gallons water per acre, or by air in a minimum of 10 gallons water per acre. Begin application at early pre-bloom prior to or when catkins are partially expanded. Make additional application during bloom and early nutlet stage, or as needed if frequent rainfall occurs.	Do not apply through any irrigation system. The reapplication interval is 7-10 days. Do not make more than 10 applications per season. Do not apply more than 24 lbs. product (18 lbs ai) per acre per use season. For aerial applications only: Mixer/loaders must wear filtering particulate respirator with an N,R, or P filter, NIOSH approval prefix TC-84A. This product must be tank mixed with a fixed copper product (such as Cuprofix Ultra 40 Disperss, EPA Reg. No. 70506-201) which is registered for use on walnuts. Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 75 days before harvest.

ACCEPTED

12/16/2014

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 70500 004

70506-234

United Phosphorus, Inc. 630 Freedom Business Center, Suite 402 King of Prussia, PA 19406 1-800-438-6071



Supplemental Label

Read the Limitation of Warranty and Liability on the container labeling before buying or using MANZATE PRO-STICK FUNGICIDE. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened package at once to Seller for full refund of purchase price paid. Otherwise, use by Buyer or any other User constitutes acceptance of the terms of the Limitation of Warranty and Liability on the container label.

Rev. 12/3/2014