

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

June 24, 2008

Mr. Timothy M. Formella, Sr. Registration Manager United Phosphorus, Inc., 630 Freedom Business Center, Suite 402 King of Prussia, PA 19406

Subject:

Amend labeling to add crop uses from 100-1112

Lambda-Cy EC Insecticida-RUP EPA Reg. Nos. 70506-121

Application dated March 21, 2008

Dear Mr. Formella:

The above referenced labeling submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, is acceptable. Please see enclosed copy of the stamped label for your record.

If you have any questions concerning this action please contact Dr. B.A. Akinlosotu at (703) 605-0653.

Sincerely

George T. LaRocca,

Product Manager 13

Insecticide Branch

Registration Division (7505P)

Enclosure

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE DUE TO TOXICITY TO FISH AND AQUATIC ORGANISMS

For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators, or persons under their direct supervision, and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification.

LAMBDA-CYTM EC Insecticide-RUP For Agricultural and Turf and Ornamental Use

ACTIVE INGREDIENT

Lambda-cyhalothrin

 $[1a(S^*),3a(Z)]$ -(±)-cyano-(3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl-3-(2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoro-1-propenyl)-2,2-

INERT INGREDIENTS.....88.6%

Contains 1 lb. of active ingredient per gallon. Contains petroleum distillates.

Funzicide, and Rodenticide Act. registered under EPA Reg. No. 70506-12

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING/AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

	FIRST AID
IF SWALLOWED	 Call a Poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF IN EYES	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF INHALED	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, give artificial respiration immediately, preferably by mouth-to-mouth. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Note to Physician: Contains petroleum distillates. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For emergency medical treatment information, contact the Rocky Mountain Poison Control Center at 1-866-673-6671.

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY: Spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident, call CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300.

United Phosphorus, Inc. 630 Freedom Business Center, Suite 402 King of Prussia, PA 19406

1-800-438-6071

Net Contents: EPA Reg. No. 70506-121 EPA Est. No.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals WARNING

May be fatal if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, or using tobacco. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category G on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and Other Handlers Must Wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as Barrier Laminate, or Viton ≥14 mils
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENT

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE/clothing immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish and aquatic organisms and toxic to wildlife. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area.

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Combustible. Do not use or store near heat or open flame. Do not use this product in or on electrical equipment due to the possibility of shock hazard.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN POOR INSECT CONTROL, CROP INJURY, OR ILLEGAL RESIDUES.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as Barrier Laminate, or Viton ≥ 14 mils

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40CFR part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep adults, children, and pets off treated areas until spray has dried following the application.

LIST OF USE SITES ON THIS LABEL

Alfalfa

Alfalfa Grown for Seed

Canola

Corn (At Plant): Field Corn, Popcorn, Seed Corn and Sweet Corn Corn (Foliar): Field Corn, Popcorn, Seed Corn and Sweet Corn

Grains

-Rice

-Sorghum (Grain)

-Wheat, Wheat Hay, and Triticale

-Barley, Buckwheat, Oats, and Rye

Cole Crops

Cotton

Cucurbit Vegetables

Fruiting Vegetables

Grass Forage, Fodder, and Hay

Legume Vegetables - Beans, Peas, and Soybeans

Lettuce (Head and Leaf)

Onion (Bulb) and Garlic

Peanut

Pome Fruit

Stone Fruit

Sugarcane

Sunflower

Tobacco

Tree Nuts

Tuberous and Corm Vegetables

Conifer and Deciduous Trees

Non-Cropland

Turf and Ornamentals

SPRAY DRIFT PRECAUTIONS

Observe the following precautions when spraying in the vicinity of aquatic areas such as lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes or natural ponds, estuaries and commercial fish farm ponds.

- Do not apply by ground within 25 ft, or by air within 150 ft. of lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes, pot holes, or natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish farm ponds. Increase the buffer zone to 450 ft. when ultra-low volume (ULV) application is made.
- When treating very tall trees (>15 ft. from the ground) with high pressure sprays or during any application with air assisted equipment (mist blowers), do not apply within 150 ft. of aquatic areas.
- All aerial and ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers.
- For aerial applications, the spray boom should be mounted on the aircraft so as to minimize drift caused by wing tip vortices. The minimum practical boom length should be used and must not exceed 75% of wing span or rotor diameter.
- Use the largest droplet size consistent with good pest control. Formation of very small droplets may be minimized by appropriate nozzle selection, by orienting nozzles away from the air stream as much as possible, and by avoiding excessive spray boom pressure.
- Spray should be released at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety. Applications more than 10 ft. above the crop canopy should be avoided.
- Make aerial or ground applications when the wind velocity favors on-target product deposition (approximately 3-10 mph). Do not apply when wind velocity exceeds 15 mph. Avoid applications when wind gusts approach 15 mph.
- Risk of exposure to aquatic areas can be reduced by avoiding applications when wind direction is toward the aquatic area.
- Do not cultivate within 10 ft. of the aquatic area so as to allow growth of a vegetative filter strip.
- Low humidity and high temperatures increase the evaporation rate of spray droplets and therefore the likelihood of increased spray drift to aquatic areas. Avoid spraying during conditions of low humidity of temperature.
- Do not make aerial or ground applications during temperature inversions. Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with height above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion in humid areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by production smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface.

In the State of New York, a 25 ft. vegetated, non-cropped buffer strip untraversed by drainage tiles must be maintained between a treated field and a coastal salt marsh or stream that drains into a coastal salt marsh, for both aerial and ground application. For aerial applications, the 25 ft. vegetated non-cropped buffer strip for runoff protection would be part of the larger 150 ft. buffer strip (or 450 ft. buffer strip for ULV application) required for spray drift.

CHEMIGATION

Sprinkler Irrigation Application

Apply LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP using rates and timing described on this label. Consultation with your local State Extension Service or other local experts may be useful for recommendations on which adjuvants or diluent types to use, (see Tank Mix Applications section) as well as for rates and mixing instructions. Ascertain that the recommendations have been proven, through university and extension field trials, to be effective with this product applied by chemigation.

Be sure the irrigation system is providing uniform application of water to all areas, because good control requires thorough coverage of foliage. Maintain continuous agitation in the pesticide supply tank before and during the entire application period.

Inject the recommended rate of LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP into the irrigation system by means of a metering device that will provide a constant flow and distribute the product to the desired area in 0.1-0.2 inch of water. It is recommended that the minimum amount of water be used that will provide proper distribution and coverage. Inject the product into the main irrigation line ahead of a right angle turn in the line to insure adequate dispersion or mixing in the irrigation water. Following application, flush the entire irrigation and injection system with clean water before stopping it.

If application is being made during a normal irrigation set of a stationary sprinkler, inject the recommended rate of LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP for the area covered into the system only during the end of the irrigation set for a sufficient time to provide adequate coverage and product distribution.

It is not recommended that LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP be applied through an irrigation system connected to a public water system. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

USE PRECAUTIONS: SPRINKLER IRRIGATION APPLICATION

- A. Apply this product only through (sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move) irrigation system(s). Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- B. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.
- C. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.
- D. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- E. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
- F. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water-resource contamination from backflow.
- G. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid toward the injection pump.
- H. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- I. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- J. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- K. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- L. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
- M. Do not apply through chemigation systems connected to public water systems.

GENERAL DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Thorough crop coverage is necessary for both initial and residual control. Apply by ground in at least 10 gal/A or by air in at least 2 gal/A using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage unless this label specifies otherwise. In situations where foliage is dense or pest pressure is high (heavier insect or egg pressure, larger larval stages), control can be improved by use of higher application volumes and/or higher use rates.

For cutworm control, LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP may be applied before, during, or after planting. When making soil incorporated applications, use higher rates for better control.

Resistance: Some insects are known to develop resistance to products used repeatedly for control. Because the development of resistance cannot be predicted, the use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the use area. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities for details.

If resistance to this product develops in your area, it is possible that this product or other products with a similar mode of action may not provide satisfactory control. If poor performance cannot be related to incorrect application or extreme weather conditions, a resistant strain of insect may be the reason. If control does not meet expectations and resistance is a possible cause, consult your local company representative or agricultural advisor immediately for the best alternative options for your area.

Tank Mix Applications

LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP may be tank mixed with other currently registered pesticides unless expressly prohibited by the product label. Adjuvants such as spreader stickers, wetting agents, and penetrants may also be added. Use a small volume mixing test with the other products to confirm compatibility. If other chemicals are added to the applicator tank, LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP should be added last. Fill tank to desired volume and continue to agitate while making applications. If mixed with EC formulations, use within 24 hours. Observe all restrictions and precautions found on labels of products in the tank mix.

CROP USES AND SPRAY RECOMMENDATIONS

ALFALFA, ALFALFA GROWN FOR SEED

Pests	Rate Lambda-Cy EC Insecticide-RUP per	Remarks
Alfalfa Caterpillar Cutworm spp. Green Cloverworm Leafhopper spp. Looper spp. Threecornered Alfalfa Hopper Velvetbean Caterpillar Webworm spp. Alfalfa Seed Chalcid (Adult)	Acre 0.015-0.025 lb. a.i. (1.92-3.20 fl. oz.)	See additional instructions below. 1 For control of first and second instars only. 2 Suppression only. 3 See resistance statement under General Directions for Use. Do not apply more than 0.03 lb. a.i. (0.24
Alfalfa Weevil Armyworm Bean Leaf Beetle (Adult) Blister Beetle spp. Blue Alfalfa Aphid Clover Leaf Weevil spp. Clover Root Borer (Adult) Clover Root Curculio spp. (Adult) Clover Stem Borer (Adult) Corn Earworm Cowpea Aphid Cowpea Curculio (Adult) Cowpea Weevil (Adult) Cucumber Beetle spp. (Adult) Egyptian Alfalfa Weevil Fall Armyworm Grape Colaspis (Adult) Grasshopper spp. Green June Beetle (Adult) Green Peach Aphid	(2.56-3.84 fl. oz.)	pt.)/A per cutting. Do not apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (0.96 pt.)/A per season. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest for forage or within 7 days of harvest for hay.

Japanese Beetle (Adult)	
Meadow Spittlebug	
Mexican Bean Beetle	
Pea Aphid	
Pea Weevil (Adult)	
Plant Bug spp. Including Lygus spp. ³	
Spotted Alfalfa Aphid	
Stink Bug spp.	
Thrips spp.	
Sweet Clover Weevil (Adult)	
Western Yellow-Striped Armyworm	
Whitefringed Beetle spp. (Adult)	
Yellow-Striped Armyworm	
Beet Armyworm ^{1,3}	0.03 lb. a.i.
Blotch Leafminer ³	(3.84 fl. oz.)
Spider Mites ²	

Apply only to fields planted to pure stands of alfalfa. Use scouting to determine applications. Base the timing and frequency of applications on the timing when insect populations reach local economic thresholds.

Apply by ground or air using enough water to obtain full coverage of foliage. Apply in at least 2 gal./A by air or 10 gal/A by ground. In situations of dense foliage and/or high pest populations, use 5-10 gal/A by air or 20 gal./A by ground and higher use rates. Also use higher rates for improved residual control.

Avoid application when bees are actively foraging by applying during the early morning or during the evening hours. Be aware of bee hazard resulting from a cool evening and/or morning dew. It may be advisable to remove bee shelters during and for 2-3 days following application. Avoid direct application to bee shelters.

CANOLA

Pests	Rate Lambda-Cy EC Insecticide-RUP per Acre	Remarks
Armyworm spp. Cabbage Seedpod Weevil	0.015-0.03 lb. a.i. (1.92-3.84 fl. oz.)	See additional instructions below.
Cutworm spp.		Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
Diamondback Moth		Do not apply more than 0.09 lb. a.i.(0.72
Flea Beetle		pt.)/A per year.
Grasshoppers		
Looper spp.		
Lygus Bug		
Cabbage Aphid	0.03 lb. a.i.	
	(3.84 fl. oz.)	·

Use scouting to determine applications, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Base the timing and frequency of applications on the timing when insect populations reach local economic thresholds.

Apply by air or ground with enough water to obtain full coverage of foliage.

For air applications, apply a minimum of 2 gal. of water /A.

CEREAL GRAINS – CORN (AT PLANT): FIELD CORN, POPCORN, SEED CORN, SWEET CORN

Pests	Ins	Rate Lambda-C ecticide-RUP per of Row	•		Remarks	
Corn Rootworm L (Western, North	. 1	0.005 lb. a.i (0.66 fl. oz.		See additional inst	tructions below.	
Southern, Mexi Cutworm spp. Lesser Cornstalk I Red Imported Fire Seedcorn Beetle Seedcorn Maggot Wireworm spp. 1 White Grub spp.	can) Borer		I f f I a F n f f	Do not harvest or greed within 21 days Do not apply more to the plant. For field corn, pope more than 0.12 lb. a foliar applications. than 0.48 lb. a.i./A papplications.	of at plant application of at plant application of the corn, and seed corn. i./A per crop from For sweet corn do	tion. 72 pt.)/A per crop do not apply at plant and not apply more
			a f	For Banded Applicants a 5-7 inch T-band Furrow between the por as a band applica	d sprayed across the furrow openers and	e open seed d the press wheels
			s ti	For In-Furrow Appl seed furrow through the planter furrow o wheel. Apply a minimum o	spray nozzles or r	nicrotubes, behind t of the press
		,	1	Suppression only		
² lbs. a.i. and fl. oz various row spacia	² lbs. a.i. and fl. oz./A of LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP applied at 0.66 fl. oz./1000 ft. of row for				t. of row for	
Row Spacing	40"	38"	36"	34"	32"	30"
Linear ft./A	13,068	13,756	14,520	15,374	16,335	17,424
lbs. a.i./A	0.067	0.07	0.075	0.079	0.084	0.09
fl. oz./A	8.6	9.1	9.6	10.1	10.8	11.5

CEREAL GRAINS - CORN (FOLIAR): FIELD CORN, POPCORN, SEED CORN

Pests	Rate Lambda-Cy EC	Remarks
•	Insecticide-RUP per	
	Acre	
Corn Earworm ¹	0.015-0.025 lb. a.i.	See additional instructions below.
Cutworm spp.	(1.92-3.20 fl. oz.)	For control before the larva bores
Green Cloverworm		into the plant stalk or ear.
Meadow Spittlebug		² For control of first and second
Western Bean Cutworm		instars only.
		³ Suppression only.
		⁴ See resistance statement under
		General Directions for Use.
Armyworm ²	0.02-0.03 lb. a.i.	Do not apply within 21 days of
Bean Leaf Beetle	(2.56-3.84 fl. oz.)	harvest.
Bird Cherry-Oat Aphid ³		Do not allow livestock to graze in
Cereal Leaf Beetle		treated areas or harvest treated corn
Corn Leaf Aphid ³		forage as feed for meat or dairy
Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult beetles		animals within 1 day after treatment.
including Mexican, Northern,		Do not feed treated corn fodder or
Southern, Western)		silage to meat or dairy animals within
English Grain Aphid ³		21 days after last treatment.
European Corn Borer		Do not apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i.
Fall Armyworm ²		(0.96 pt.)/A per crop from at plant

Flea Beetle spp. Grasshopper spp. Hop vine Borer ¹		and foliar applications. Do not apply more than 0.06 lb. a.i. (0.48 pt.) after silk initiation. Do not apply more
Japanese Beetle (Adult)		than 0.03 lb. a.i. (0.24 pt.) after corn
Lesser Cornstalk Borer		has reached the milk stage (yellow
Sap Beetle (Adult)	·	kernels with milky fluid).
Seedcorn Beetle	, · · · · ·	Refficie with milky fluid).
Southwestern Corn Borer ¹		
Stalk Borer ¹		
Stink Bug spp.		
Tobacco Budworm ^{1,4}		
Webworm spp.		
Yellow-Striped Armyworm ²		
Beet Armyworm ^{2,4}	0.03 lb. a.i.	
Chinch Bug	(3.84 fl. oz.)	
Green Bug ^{3,4}		
Mexican Rice Borer ¹		
Rice Stalk Borer ¹		
Southern Corn Leaf Beetle		
Sugarcane Borer ¹		

Use scouting or locally prescribed corn growth stages to determine application, usually at intervals of 7 or more days. Base the timing and frequency of applications on the timing when insect populations reach local economic thresholds. Apply by ground or air using sufficient water and application methods to obtain full coverage of target location. When applying by air, apply in at least 2 gal. of water/A.

For chinch bug control, begin application when bugs migrate from small grains or grass weeds to small corn and direct the spray to the base of corn plants. Make additional applications at 3-5 day intervals if needed. LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP may only suppress heavy infestations and/or subsequent migrations.

For control of adult corn rootworm beetles (*Diabrotica* spp.) as part of an aerial applied corn rootworm control program use at least 3.84 fl. oz./A (0.03 lb. a.i./A).

CEREAL GRAINS – SWEET CORN (FOLIAR)

Pests	Rate Lambda-Cy EC Insecticide-RUP per Acre	Remarks
1 1 2 3		
Aphid spp. ^{2,3}	0.02-0.03 lb. a.i.	See additional instructions below.
Aster Leafhopper	(2.56-3.84 fl. oz.)	For control of first and second instars
Beet Armyworm ^{1,2}		only.
Cereal Leaf Beetle		² Suppression only.
Chinch Bug		³ See resistance statement under General
Common Cornstalk Borer		Directions for Use.
Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult beetles		·
including Mexican, Northern,		Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.
Southern, Western)		
Corn Earworm		Do not allow livestock to graze in
Cutworm spp.		treated areas or harvest treated corn
European Corn Borer		forage as feed for meat or dairy animals
Fall Armyworm ¹		within 1 day after last treatment. Do
Flea Beetle spp.		not feed treated corn fodder or silage to
Grasshopper spp.		meat or dairy animals within 21 days
Japanese Beetle (Adult)		after last treatment.
Sap Beetle (Adult)		
Southern Armyworm ¹		Do not apply more than 0.48 lb. a.i.
Southwestern Corn Borer		(3.84 pt.)/A per crop from at plant and
Spider Mite spp. ²		foliar applications.
Stink Bug spp.		Total approactions.
Tarnished Plant Bug		
Yellow-Striped Armyworm ¹	1	
Western Bean Cutworm		

Webworm spp.		
Chinch Bug .	0.03 lb. a.i.	
Corn Silkfly (Adult) ²	(3.84 fl. oz.)	
Green Bug ^{2,3}		

Use scouting or locally prescribed corn growth stages to determine application, usually at intervals of 4 or more days. Base the timing and frequency of applications on the timing when insect populations reach local economic thresholds. For best results target control before insects enter the stalk or ear.

Apply ground or air using enough water and application methods to obtain full coverage of foliage and ears (if present). When applying by air, apply in at least 2 gal. of water/A.

For control of adult corn rootworm beetles (*Diabrotica* spp.) as part of an aerial applied corn rootworm control program use a minimum of 0.025 lb. a.i (3.2 fl. oz.)/A.

CEREAL GRAINS - RICE AND WILD RICE

Pests	Rate Lambda-Cy EC	Remarks
·	Insecticide-RUP per Acre	
Bird Cherry-Oat Aphid	0.025-0.04 lb. a.i.	See additional instructions below.
Chinch Bug	(3.20-5.12 fl. oz.)	
European Corn Borer ¹		¹ For control before the larvae bore into the plant
Fall Armyworm		stalk.
Grasshopper spp.		Do not release flood water within 7 days of an
Green Bug	·	application.
Leafhopper spp.		Do not apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (0.96 pt.)/A
Mexican Rice Borer ¹		per season. Do not apply more than 0.08 lb. a.i.
Rice Seed Midge		(0.64 pt.)/A within 28 days of harvest or more than
Rice Stalk Borer		0.04 lb. a.i. (0.32 pt.)/A within 21 days of harvest.
Rice Stink Bug		
Rice Water Weevil (Adult)		Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.
Sharpshooter spp.		
Sugarcane Borer ¹		Do not use treated rice fields for the aquaculture of
True Armyworm		edible fish and crustacea.
Yellow-Striped Armyworm		Do not apply as an ultra-low volume (ULV) spray.
Yellow Sugarcane Aphid	1 1.1 1.6	Do not apply as an una-low volume (OLV) spray.

Use scouting to determine timing of application and the need for repeat applications, usually at 5-7 day intervals. Base the timing and frequency of applications on the timing when insect populations reach local economic thresholds.

LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP can be safely used when propanil products are being used for weed control. Apply by air or ground using enough water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in at least 2 gal. of water (or a total carrier volume)/A but ensure that application is made in sufficient volume to provide adequate coverage. When applying at lower volumes by air, the addition of an emulsifiable crop oil (e.g. 1 pt./A) is recommended to help improve coverage, reduce evaporation, and improve efficacy.

For control of rice water weevil in dry seeded rice, make a foliar application as indicated by scouting for the presence of adults and/or feeding scars, usually within a time-frame of 0-5 days after permanent flood establishment. Do not allow more than 10 days to elapse from starting permanent flood until insecticide application unless scouting indicates weevils have not been previously present. Treatment of adults may also be made at later stages of rice development to reduce overwintering populations.

For control of rice water weevil in water seeded rice, make the first foliar application after pinpoint flood as indicated by scouting for the presence of adults and/or feeding scars, usually when rice has emerged 1/2 inch above the waterline. When there is prolonged migration into the field, begin field scouting for adults and/or feeding scars 3-5 days after the first treatment and, if needed, make a second application within 7-10 days of the first application. Treatment of adults may also be made at later stages of rice development to reduce overwintering populations.

California: In addition to the directions above for control of rice water weevil in water seeded rice, LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP may be applied at the 1-3 leaf growth stage, with the majority at the 2 leaf growth stage. Adults are vulnerable both on levees and in the water. Larvae are vulnerable while feeding on the leaves before they enter the soil. Monitor field edges and levee areas for adults, then treat in one of the following ways: spray the inside perimeter of the field, or spray the entire field.

Because Green bug is known to have many biotypes, it is possible that LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP may only provide suppression. If the first application of LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP does not give satisfactory control, a resistant biotype may be present and use of an alternate chemistry may be necessary.

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CEREAL GRAINS - SORGHUM (GRAIN)

Pests	Rate Lambda-Cy EC Insecticide-RUP per	Remarks
Cutworm spp. Sorghum Midge	Acre 0.015-0.02 lb. a.i. (1.92-2.56 fl. oz.) 0.02-0.03 lb. a.i.	See additional instructions below. For control of first and second instars only. For control before the larva bores into the
Armyworm Beet Armyworm ^{1,3} Corn Earworm European Corn Borer ² Fall Armyworm ¹ Flea Beetle spp. Grasshopper spp. Lesser Cornstalk Borer ² Southwestern Corn Borer ² Stink Bug spp. Webworm spp. Yellow-Striped Armyworm ¹	(2.56-3.84 fl. oz.)	plant stalk. 3 See resistance statement under General Directions for Use. Do not apply more than 0.08 lb. a.i. (0.64 pt.)/A per season. Do not apply more than 0.06 lb. a.i. (0.48 pt.)/A per season after crop emergence. Do not apply more than 0.02 lb. a.i. (0.16 pt.)/A per season once crop is in soft dough stage. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.
Chinch Bug	0.03 lb. a.i. (3.84 fl. oz.)	Do not graze livestock in treated areas or harvest for fodder, silage, or hay.

Use scouting to determine treatment, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Base the timing and frequency of applications on the timing when insect populations reach local economic thresholds.

Apply by ground or air using enough water and application methods to obtain full coverage of target location. When applying by air, apply in at least 2 gal. of water/A.

For sorghum midge control, make first application when one quarter of the sorghum heads have emerged and are in tip bloom. If needed, repeat applications at 5-day intervals.

For chinch bug control, start applications when bugs migrate from small grains or grass weeds to small sorghum, directing spray to the base of sorghum plants. If needed, repeat applications at 3-5 day intervals.

LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP may only suppress heavy infestations and/or subsequent migrations.

CEREAL GRAINS – WHEAT, WHEAT HAY, TRITICALE, BARLEY, BUCKWHEAT, OATS, AND RYE

Pests	Rate Lambda-Cy EC	Remarks
	Insecticide-RUP per Acre	,
Army Cutworm	0.015-0.025 lb. a.i.	See additional instructions below.
Cutworm spp.	(1.92-3.20 fl. oz.)	¹ Best control is obtained before insects begin to
		roll leaves. Once wheat has started to boot,
		LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP may
		provide suppression only. Higher rates and
		increased coverage will be necessary.
	•	² See resistance statement under General
		Directions for Use.
		³ Make application when adults emerge.
Armyworm	0.02-0.03 lb. a.i.	
Bird Cherry-Oat Aphid ¹	(2.56-3.84 fl. oz.)	Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.
Cereal Leaf Beetle	,	
English Grain Aphid ¹		Do not apply more than 0.06 lb. a.i. (0.48 pt.)/A
Fall Armyworm	•	per season.
Flea Beetle spp.		
Grasshopper spp.		
Hessian Fly ³		•
Orange Blossom Wheat		
Midge		

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Russian Wheat Aphid ¹ Stink Bug spp.	
Yellow-Striped Armyworm	
Grass Sawfly	0.025-0.03 lb. a.i.
	(3.20-3.84 fl. oz.)
Chinch Bug	0.03 lb. a.i.
Corn Leaf Aphid ²	(3.84 fl. oz.)
Greenbug ^{1,2}	,
Mite spp. ²	

Use scouting to determine treatment, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Base the timing and frequency of applications on the timing when insect populations reach local economic thresholds.

Apply by ground or air using enough water and application methods to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in at least 2 gal. of water/A.

For chinch bug control, repeat applications at 3-5 day intervals if needed. LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP may only suppress heavy infestations and/or migrations.

Because Greenbug is known to have many biotypes, it is possible that LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP may only provide suppression. If this occurs, a second application using an alternative chemistry may be needed.

COLE CROPS – BROCCOLI, BRUSSELS SPROUTS, CABBAGE, CAVALO BROCCOLO, CAULIFLOWER, CHINESE BROCCOLI (GAI LON), CHINESE CABBAGE (NAPA), CHINESE MUSTARD CABBAGE (GAI CHOY), KOHLRABI

Pests	Rate Lambda-Cy EC	Remarks
	Insecticide-RUP per	
·	Acre	· ·
Alfalfa Looper	0.015-0.025 lb. a.i.	See additional instructions below.
Cabbage Looper	(1.92-3.20 fl. oz.)	¹ For control of first and second instars only.
Cabbage Webworm	·	² Suppression only.
Cutworm spp.		³ See resistance statement under General
Imported Cabbageworm		Directions for Use.
Southern Cabbageworm		
Armyworm	0.02-0.03 lb. a.i.	Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.
Beet Armyworm ^{1,3}	(2.56-3.84 fl. oz.)	, ,
Corn Earworm		Do not apply more than 0.24 lb. a.i. (1.92 pt.)/A
Diamondback Moth ³		per season.
Fall Armyworm ¹		
Flea Beetle spp.		
Grasshopper spp.		
Japanese Beetle (Adult)		
Leafhopper spp.		
Lygus spp. ³		
Meadow Spittlebug Aphid spp. ^{2,3}		
Plant Bug spp including		
Stink Bug spp.		
Spider Mite spp. ²		
Thrips spp. ²		
Vegetable Weevil (Adult)		
Whitefly spp. ^{2,3}		
Yellow-Striped Armyworm		
Use coouting to determine emplicati	on usually at intervals of 5 or me	are days. Base the timing and frequency of applications

Use scouting to determine application, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Base the timing and frequency of applications on the timing when insect populations reach local economic thresholds.

Apply by ground or air using enough water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in at least 2 gals. of water/A.

COTTON

Pests	Rate Lambda-Cy EC	Remarks
	Insecticide-RUP per	·
	Acre	
Cutworm spp.	0.015-0.025 lb. a.i.	See additional instructions below.
Soybean Thrips	(1.92-2.56 fl. oz.)	For control of first and second instars only.
Tobacco Thrips		² Suppression only.
Cabbage Looper	0.02-0.03 lb. a.i.	³ See resistance statement under General
Cotton Fleahopper	(2.56-3.84 fl. oz.)	Directions for Use.
Cotton Leafperforator		Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.
Cotton Leafworm		
Lygus Bug spp. ³		Do not graze livestock in treated areas.
Pink Bollworm		Do not on homomorphic 0.2 lb = 1/1 6 = 1/4 = ==
Saltmarsh Caterpillar		Do not apply more than 0.2 lb. a.i (1.6 pt.)/A per season.
Bandedwing Whitefly ^{2,3}	0.025-0.04 lb. a.i.	7
Beet Armyworm ^{1,3}	(3.20-5.12 fl. oz.)	Do not make more than a total of 10 synthetic
Boll Weevil		pyrethroid applications (of one product or
Brown Stink Bug		combination of products) to a cotton crop in one
Cotton Aphid ^{2,3}		growing season.
Cotton Bollworm		
European Corn Borer		
Fall Armyworm		
Green Stink Bug		
Southern Green Stink Bug		
Sweetpotato Whitefly ^{2,3}		
Tobacco Budworm ³		
Twospotted Spider Mite ²		

Use scouting to determine application, usually at intervals of 5-7 days. Base the timing and frequency of applications on the timing when insect populations reach local economic thresholds.

Apply ground or air using enough water to obtain full coverage of foliage.

Applications may also be made with equipment adapted and calibrated for ULV sprays. LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP may be mixed with once-refined vegetable oil and applied in a minimum of at least one qt. of finished spray/A. When bollworm/budworm infestation levels are light, 0.02 lb. a.i./A may be applied in together with intense field monitoring. Boll weevil: spray on a 3-5 day schedule.

When applied according to the directions above for control of cotton bollworm and tobacco budworm, LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP also provides ovicidal control of unhatched *Heliothis* spp. eggs.

CUCURBIT VEGETABLES – CHAYOTE (fruit), CHINESE WAXGOURD, CITRON MELON, CUCUMBER, GHERKIN, GOURD (edible), MOMORDICA spp., MUSKMELON, PUMPKIN,

Pests	Rate Lambda-Cy EC	Remarks
	Insecticide-RUP per	
·	· Acre	
Armyworm spp. 1	0.02-0.03 lb. a.i.	See additional instructions below.
Blister Beetle spp.	(2.56-3.84 fl. oz.)	¹ See resistance statement under General
Cabbage Looper		Directions for Use.
Corn Earworm	·	² Western Flower Thrips are not included.
Cricket spp.		³ Suppression only.
Cucumber Beetle species		•
(adults)		·
Cutworm spp.		Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.
Flea Beetle spp.		,
Grasshopper spp.		Do not apply more than 0.18 lb. a.i (1.44 pt. or 23 fl.
June Beetle spp.		oz.)/A per season.
Leaffooted Bug		
Leafhopper spp.		
Lygus Bug spp. 1		

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Melonworm			
Pickleworm			
Plant Bug spp.			
Rindworm species complex			
Saltmarsh Caterpillar			
Squash Beetle			
Squash Bug spp.			
Squash Vine Borer spp.			
Stink Bug spp.			
Thrips spp. 1, 2			
Tobacco Budworm 1			
Webworm spp.		٠.	•
Aphid spp. 1	0.03 lb. a.i.	1	
Leafminer spp. 1,3	(3.84 fl. oz.)		
Spider Mite spp. ³		}	
Whitefly spp. 1, 3	·		

Use scouting to determine application, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Base the timing and frequency of applications on when insect populations reach local economic thresholds.

Apply by ground or air using enough water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in at least 2 gals. of water per acre. When applying by ground, apply in a minimum of 10 gals. of water per acre.

Use higher application volumes and/or application rates when foliage is dense, larvae are large, pest populations are high, size of plants increases, or weather conditions are adverse. Use higher rates for longer residual.

Insects that tunnel or bore into leaves, stems, vines, or fruit must be controlled before penetration. Only insects (larvae and adults) exposed to the product can be controlled with foliar applications of Lambda-Cy EC Insecticide - RUP.

FRUITING VEGETABLES – TOMATO, TOMATILLO, PEPPERS (BELL AND NONBELL), EGGPLANT, GROUND CHERRY, PEPINO

Pests	Rate Lambda-Cy EC Insecticide-RUP per	Remarks
C 11	Acre	
Cabbage Looper	0.015-0.025 lb. a.i.	See additional instructions below.
Cutworm spp.	(1.92-3.20 fl. oz.)	¹ For control of first and second instars only.
Hornworm spp.		² Suppression only.
Aphid spp. ^{2,3}	0.02-0.03 lb. a.i.	³ See resistance statement under General
Beet Armyworm ^{1,3}	(2.56-3.84 fl. oz.)	Directions for Use.
Blister Beetle spp.		⁴ For control before the larva bores into the
Colorado Potato Beetle ³		plant stalk or fruit.
Cucumber Beetle spp. (Adult)	· ·	⁵ Does not include Western Flower thrips.
European Corn Borer ⁴		
Fall Armyworm ¹	·	Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.
Flea Beetle spp.		
Grasshopper spp.		Do not apply more than 0.36 lb. a.i. (2.88
Japanese Beetle (Adult)		pt.)/A per season.
Leafhopper spp.	,	
Leafminer spp. ²		
Meadow Spittlebug		
Pepper Weevil (Adult) ²		
Plant Bug spp.		
Southern Armyworm ¹		
Spider Mite spp. ²		• .
Stalk Borer ⁴	·	
Stink Bug spp.		
Thrips ⁵		
Tobacco Budworm ³		
Tomato Fruitworm		
Tomato Pinworm		
Tomato Psyllid ^{2,3}		

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Vegetable Weevil (Adult)	
Whitefly spp. ^{2,3}	
Yellow-Striped Armyworm ¹	•
Use scouting to determine application, usually at intervals of 5 or more days	Base the timing and frequency of applications
on the timing when insect populations reach local economic thresholds.	
Apply by ground or air using enough water to obtain full coverage of foliage	. When applying by air, apply in at least 2 gal. of

GRASS FORAGE, FODDER, AND HAY – PASTURE AND RANGELAND GRASS, GRASS

GROWN FOR HAY OR SILAC	Rate Lambda-Cy EC Insecticide-RUP per Acre	Remarks
Army Cutworm	0.015-0.025 lb. a.i.	See additional instructions below.
Cutworm spp.	(1.92-3.2 fl. oz.)	Best control is obtained before insects begin to
Essex Skipper	,	roll leaves.
Range Caterpillar		² See resistance statement under General
Striped Grass Looper		Directions for Use.
_		³ Suppression only.
		⁴ Greenbug is known to have many biotypes.
		Lambda-Cy EC Insecticide - RUP may provide
		suppression only. A second application using
		alternative chemistry may be needed.
		Pasture and rangeland grass may be used for grazing or cut for forage 0 days after application. Do not cut grass to be dried and harvested for hay until 7 days after the last application.
		Grass grown for seed: Straw and mature seed (seed
		screenings) may be used as feed 7 days after the last application. Regrowth of grass grown for seed may
·		be used for grazing, cut for forage or cut to be dried and harvested for hay.
		Do not apply more than 0.03 lb. a.i (0.24 pt. or 3.84 fl. oz.)/A per cutting for pastures, rangeland, and grasses grown for seed. A minimum re-treatment interval (RTI) of 30 days is required for pastures and rangeland receiving 0.03 lb. a.i./A which have not
		been cut between applications.
Beet Armyworm	0.03 lb. a.i.	
Billbug spp. ³	(3.84 fl. oz.)	Do not apply more than 0.09 lb. a.i. (0.72 pt. or
Bird Cherry-Oat Aphid.1		11.52 fl. oz. of product) per acre per season.
Black Grass Bug	ĺ	·
Black Turfgrass Beetle (adult)		
Blue Stem Midge		
Cereal Leaf Beetle		·
Chinch Bug		
Crane Fly spp.		
Cricket spp.		
English Grain Aphid		
Fall Armyworm		
Flea Beetle spp.		
Grass Mealybug		
Grass Sawfly (adult)		1
Grasshopper spp.		
Green June Beetle (adult)		

Greenbug 1, 2, 4	
Japanese Beetle (adult)	
Katydid spp.	·
Leafhopper spp.	
Mite spp. ³	1
Russian Wheat Aphid 1	,
Southern Armyworm	
Spittlebug spp.	
Stink Bug spp.	
Sugarcane Aphid	
Thrips spp.	
Tick spp.	
True Armyworm	ļ
Webworm spp.	
Yellowstriped Armyworm	

Use scouting to determine application requirements. Base the timing and frequency of applications on when insect populations reach local economic thresholds.

Apply by ground or air using enough water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in at least 2 gals. of water per acre. When applying by ground, apply in a minimum of 7 gals. of water per acre.

Use higher application volumes and/or application rates when foliage is dense, larvae are large, pest populations are high, or weather conditions are adverse. Use higher rates for longer residual.

For chinch bug control, Lambda-Cy EC Insecticide - RUP may only suppress heavy infestations and/or migrations. In these situations, a second application using alternative chemistry may be needed.

LEGUME VEGETABLES (BEANS AND PEAS):

EDIBLE PODDED (ONLY): Canavalia gladiata – sword bean, Canavalia ensiformis – jackbean, glycine max – soybean (immature seed).

EDIBLE PODDED, SUCCULENT SHELLED OR DRIED SHELLED: Phaseolus spp. – includes field, kidney, lima, navy, pinto, runner, snap, tepary, and wax beans; Vigna spp. – includes adzuki, asparagus, moth, mung, rice, urd and yardlong beans, blackeyed pea, catjang, Chinese longbean, cowpea, Crowder pea, and Southern pea; Pisum spp. – includes dwarf, edible-pod, English, field, garden, green, snow, and sugar peas; Cajanus cajan – Pigeon pea.

SUCCULENT SHELLED OR DRIED SHELLED: Vica faba – broadbean (fava bean).

DRIED SHELLED (ONLY): Lupinus spp. – includes grain, sweet, white and sweet white lupines; Cicer arietimum – chickpea (garbanzo bean), Cyamopsis tetraganoloba – guar, Lablab pupureus – Lablab bean (hyacinth bean), Lens esculata – lentils

Pests	Rate Lambda-Cy EC	Remarks
	Insecticide-RUP per	
	Acre	
Cutworm spp.	0.015-0.025 lb. a.i.	See additional instructions below.
Green Cloverworm	(1.92-3.20 fl. oz.)	¹ For control before the larva bores into the
Imported Cabbageworm		plant stalk or pods.
Mexican Bean Beetle Saltmarsh		² For control of first and second instars
Caterpillar		only.
Velvetleaf Caterpillar		³ For suppression only.
Alfalfa Caterpillar	0.02-0.03 lb. a.i.	⁴ See resistance statement under General
Aphid spp. ⁴	(2.56-3.84 fl. oz.)	Directions for Use.
Armyworm ²		
Bean Leaf Beetle		For edible podded and succulent shelled legume
Bean Leafskeletonizer		vegetables, do not apply within 7 days of
Blister Beetle spp.		harvest.
Corn Earworm		To did delalied in the distance of the delay
Corn Rootworm Beetle spp. (Adult)		For dried shelled legume vegetables, do not
Cucumber Beetle spp. (Adult)		apply within 21 days of harvest.
Curculio and Weevil spp. 1		Do not apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (0.96 pt.)/A
(foliage and pod feeding adults and		per season.
larvae)		
European Corn Borer ¹		For succulent and dried shelled peas and beans,

Fall Armyworm ²		do not graze livestock in treated areas or harvest
Flea Beetle spp. (Adult)		vines for forage or hay.
Flea Hopper spp.		
Grasshopper spp.		
Japanese Beetle (Adult)		
Leafhopper spp.		
Leaftier spp.		
Looper spp.	,	
Meadow Spittlebug		
Painted Lady Butterfly (Larva)		
Plant Bug spp. including Lygus spp. ⁴		
Stalk Borer ¹	•	
Stink Bug spp.		
Three-Cornered Alfalfa Hopper		
Thrips spp. ⁴		
Tobacco Budworm ⁴		
Webworm spp.		•
Western Yellow-Striped Armyworm ²		
Yellow-Striped Armyworm ²	,	
Beet Armyworm ^{2,3,4}	0.03 lb. a.i.	
Leafminer spp. ^{3,4}	(3.84 fl. oz.)	
Lesser Cornstalk Borer ³	,	
Spider Mite spp. ³		
Whitefly spp. 3,4		
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Use scouting to determine application, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Base the timing and frequency of applications on the timing when insect populations reach local economic thresholds.

Apply by ground or air using enough water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in at least 2 gal. of water/A.

LEGUME VEGETABLES (PEAS AND BEANS): SOYBEANS

Pests	Rate Lambda-Cy EC	Remarks
	Insecticide-RUP per Acre	
Bean Leaf Beetle	0.015-0.025 lb. a.i.	See additional instructions below.
Cabbage Looper	(1.92-3.20 fl. oz.)	¹ For control of first and second
Chinese Aphid ⁴		instars only.
Corn Earworm		² Suppression only.
Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult beetles		³ See resistance statement under
including Mexican, Northern,	·	General Directions for Use.
Southern, Western)		^⁴ Use lower rates for early season
Cutworm spp.		applications and/or lighter
Green Cloverworm		populations.
Mexican Bean Beetle	·	
Painted Lady (Thistle) Caterpillar		Do not apply within 45 days of
Potato Leafhopper		harvest.
Saltmarsh Caterpillar		
Soybean Aphid ⁴		Do not apply more than 0.06 lb. a.i.
Three-Cornered Alfalfa Hopper	;	(0.48 pt.)/A per season.
Thrips spp.		
Velvetbean Caterpillar		,
Woolybear Caterpillar		
Armyworm ¹	0.025-0.03 lb. a.i.	
Blister Beetle spp.	(3.20-3.84 fl. oz.)	
European Corn Borer		
Fall Armyworm ¹	·	
Grasshopper spp.		
Japanese Beetle (Adult)		
Plant Bug spp.	·	
Silverspotted Skipper		

0:1 D	
Stink Bug spp.	
Tobacco Budworm ³	
Webworm spp.	
Yellow-Striped Armyworm ¹	·
Beet Armyworm ^{1,3}	0.03 lb. a.i.
Lesser Cornstalk Borer ²	(3.84 fl. oz.)
Soybean Looper ^{2,3}	
Spider Mite spp. ²	

Use scouting to determine application, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Base the timing and frequency of applications on the timing when insect populations reach local economic thresholds.

Do not graze or harvest treated soybean forage, straw or hay for livestock feed.

Apply by ground or air using enough water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in at least 2 gal. of water/A.

For control of adult corn rootworm beetles (*Diabrotica* spp.) as part of an aerial applied to corn rootworm control program use at least 2.56 fl. oz./A (0.02 lb. a.i./A).

LETTUCE (HEAD AND LEAF)

Pests	Rate Lambda-Cy EC Insecticide-RUP per Acre	Remarks
Alfalfa	0.015-0.025 lb. a.i.	See additional instructions below.
Cabbage Looper	(1.92-3.20 fl. oz.)	¹ For control of first and second instars only.
Cutworm spp.		² Suppression only.
Green Cloverworm		³ See resistance statement under General
Imported Cabbageworm		Directions for Use.
Saltmarsh Caterpillar		
Aphid spp. ^{2,3}	0.02-0.03 lb. a.i.	Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.
Armyworm	(2.56-3.84 fl. oz.)	
Beet Armyworm ^{1,3}		Do not apply more than 0.3 lb. a.i. (2.4 pt.)/A per
Corn Earworm		season.
Diamondback Moth ³		
European Corn Borer		
Fall Armyworm ¹		
Flea Beetle spp.		
Grasshopper spp.		
Japanese Beetle (Adult)		·
Leafhopper spp.		
Meadow Spittlebug		
Plant Bug spp. including Lygus spp. ³		
Southern Armyworm	!	
Spider Mite spp. ²		
Stink Bug spp.		,
Tobacco Budworm ³		
Vegetable Weevil (Adult)		
Whitefly spp. ^{2,3}		

Use scouting to determine application, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Base the timing and frequency of applications on the timing when insect populations reach local economic thresholds.

Apply by ground or air using enough water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in at least 2 gal. of water/A.

ONION (BULB) AND GARLIC

Pests	Rate Lambda-Cy EC	Remarks
	Insecticide-RUP per Acre	
Cutworm spp.	0.015-0.025 lb. a.i.	See additional instructions below.
Leafminer spp. (Adult)	(1.92-3.20 fl. oz.)	For control of first and second instars only.
Onion Maggot (Adult)	<u> </u>	² Suppression only.
Seedcorn Maggot (Adult)		³ See resistance statement under General

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Aphid spp. ²	0.02-0.03 lb. a.i.	Directions for Use.
Armyworm spp. ¹	(2.56-3.84 fl. oz.)	
Flower Thrips ²		Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
Onion Thrips		
Plant Bug spp.		Do not apply more than 0.24 lb. a.i. (1.92 pt.)/A
Stink Bug spp.		per season.
Tobacco Thrips		
Western Flower Thrips ^{2,3}		

Use scouting to determine application, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Base the timing and frequency of applications on the timing when insect populations reach local economic thresholds.

Use the higher label rates as thrips population increases and avoid rescue situations.

Apply by ground or air using enough water and application methods to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in at least 2 gal. of water/A.

To control thrips by aerial application, the addition of 1% COC v/v, ¼% NIS v/v or a silicone adjuvant (follow manufacturer's use directions) may improve the deposition of the spray and increase plant coverage.

PEANUT

Pests	Rate Lambda-Cy EC Insecticide-RUP per Acre	Remarks
Cutworm spp.	0.015-0.025 lb. a.i.	See additional instructions below.
Green Cloverworm	(1.92-3.20 fl. oz.)	¹ For control of first and second instars only.
Potato Leafhopper		² Suppression only.
Red-necked Peanut Worm		³ See resistance statement under General
Three-Cornered Alfalfa Leafhopper		Directions for Use.
Velvetbean Caterpillar		
Bean Leaf Beetle	0.02-0.03 lb. a.i.	1 .
Corn Earworm	(2.56-3.84 fl. oz.)	Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
Fall Armyworm ¹	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Grasshopper spp.		Do not apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (0.96
Southern Corn Rootworm (Adult)		pt.)/A per season.
Stink Bug spp.		
Tobacco Thrips		
Vegetable Weevil		·
Whitefringed Beetle (Adult)	·	
Aphid spp. ²	0.03 lb. a.i.	
Beet Armyworm ^{1,3}	(3.84 fl. oz.)	
Lesser Cornstalk Borer ²		
Soybean Looper ^{2,3}		
Spider Mite spp. ²		

Use scouting to determine application, usually at intervals of 7 or more days. Base the timing and frequency of applications on the timing when insect populations reach local economic thresholds.

Apply by ground or air using enough water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in at least 2 gal. of water/A.

POME FRUITS – APPLE, CRABAPPLE, LOQUAT, MAYHAW, ORIENTAL PEAR, PEAR, OUINCE

Pests	Rate Lambda-Cy EC Insecticide-RUP per Acre	Remarks
Apple Aphid	0.02-0.04 lb. a.i.	See additional instructions below.
Apple Maggot (Adult)	(2.56-5.12 fl. oz.)	
Cherry Fruit Fly spp. (Adult)		Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.
Coding Moth		
Green Fruitworm		Do not apply more than 0.2 lb. a.i. (1.6 pt.)/A
Japanese Beetle		per year.
Leafhopper spp.		
Leafroller spp.		Do not apply more than 0.16 lb. a.i. (1.28

Lesser Appleworm	pt.)/A per year post bloom.
Omnivorous Leafroller	
Orange Tortrix	·
Oriental Fruit Moth	
Pear Psylla	
Pear Sawfly	
Periodical Cicada	·
Plant Bug spp.	
Plum Curculio	
Rosy Apple Aphid	
San Jose Scale (fruit infestations only)	
Spirea Aphid ¹	
Stink Bug spp.	
Tent Caterpillar spp.	
Tentiform Leaf Miner spp.	
Tufted Apple Budworm	
Webworm spp.	

Use scouting to determine application, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Base the timing and frequency of applications on the timing when insect populations reach local economic thresholds and IPM recommendations.

Apply by ground or air using enough water to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. When applying by air, apply in at least 5 gal. of water per acre, but use higher volumes as appropriate for thorough coverage.

STONE FRUITS – APRICOT, SWEET CHERRY, TART CHERRY, NECTARINE, PEACH, PLUM, CHICKASAW PLUM, DAMSON PLUM, JAPANESE PLUM, PLUMCOT, PRUNE

Pests	Rate Lambda-Cy EC	Remarks
	Insecticide-RUP per Acre	
American Plum Borer	0.02-0.04 lb. a.i.	See additional instructions below.
Apple Maggot (Adult)	(2.56-5.12 fl. oz.)	
Black Cherry Aphid	·	Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
Cherry Fruit Fly spp. (Adult)	•	
Codling Moth		Do not apply more than 0.2 lb. a.i. (1.6
Green Fruitworm	•	pt.)/A per year. Do not apply more than
Japanese Beetle		0.16 lb. a.i. (1.28 pt.)/A per year post
June Beetle		bloom.
Leafhopper spp.		·
Leafroller spp.		
Oriental Fruit Moth		
Peachtree Borer spp.		
Peach Twig Borer		
Pear Sawfly		
Periodical Cicada		
Plant Bug spp.		
Plum Curculio		·
Rose Chafer	1	
Stink Bug spp.		
Tent Caterpillar spp.		
Thrips spp.		

Use scouting to determine application, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Base the timing and frequency of applications on the timing when insect populations reach local economic thresholds and IPM recommendations.

Apply by ground or air using enough water to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. When applying by air, apply at least 5 gal. of water per acre, but use higher volumes as appropriate for thorough coverage.

SUGARCANE

BUGARCANE		
Pests	Rate Lambda-Cy EC	Remarks
	Insecticide-RUP per Acre	
Mexican Rice Borer ¹	0.025-0.04 lb. a.i.	See additional instructions below.
Pygmy Mole Cricket	(3.20-5.12 fl. oz.)	For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk.

Rice Borer ¹	² Suppression only of beetles active above ground.
Sugarcane Aphid ³	³ See resistance statement under General Directions for
Sugarcane Beetle (Adult) ²	Use.
Sugarcane Borer ¹	'
West Indian Cranefly	Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.
Yellow Sugarcane Aphid ³	Do not apply more than 0.16 lb. a.i. (1.28 pt.)/A per season.

Use scouting to determine application, usually at intervals of 7 or more days. Base the timing and frequency of applications on the timing when insect populations reach local economic threshold. Apply by ground or air using enough water to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. When applying by air, apply at least 2 gal. of water/A.

SUNFLOWER

Target Pests	Rate Lambda-Cy EC Insecticide-RUP per Acre	Remarks
Cutworm spp. Sunflower Beetle	0.015-0.025 lb. a.i. (1.92-3.20 fl. oz.)	See additional instructions below. ¹For control of first and second instars only. ²Suppression only. ³See resistance statement under General
Banded Sunflower Moth Fall Armyworm ¹ Grasshopper spp. Head-Clipper Weevil (Adult) Japanese Beetle (Adult) Leafhopper spp. Meadow Spittlebug Painted Lady (Thistle) Caterpillar Seed Weevil (Adult Spotted Cabbage Looper Stem Weevil (Adult) Stink Bug spp. Sunflower Maggot (Adult) Sunflower Moth Woolybear Caterpillar	0.02-0.03 lb. a.i. (2.56-3.84 fl. oz.)	Directions for Use. Do not apply within 45 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (0.96 pt.)/A per season. Do not apply more than 0.09 lb. a.i. (0.72 pt.)/A per season after bloom initiation. Do not apply as an Ultra Low Volume (ULV) spray.
Beet Armyworm ^{1,3} Spider Mite spp. ²	0.03 lb. a.i. (3.84 fl. oz.)	

Use scouting to determine application, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Base the timing and frequency of applications on the timing when insect populations reach local economic thresholds.

Apply by ground or air using enough water to obtain full coverage of sunflower heads and/or foliage. When applying by air, apply in at least 2 gal. of water/A.

Pests	Rate Lambda-Cy EC	Remarks
	Insecticide-RUP per	
	Acre	·
Aphid spp ^{.2,3}	0.015-0.03 lb. a.i.	See additional instructions below.
Armyworm spp. ¹	(1.92-3.84 fl. oz.)	¹ For control of first and second instars only.
Blister Beetle spp.		² Suppression only.
Cabbage Looper		³ See resistance statement under General
Corn Earworm		Directions for Use.
Cucumber Beetle spp. (Adult)		·
Cutworm spp.		Do not apply within 40 days of harvest.
Grasshopper spp.		
Japanese Beetle (Adult)		Do not apply more than 0.09 lb. a.i. (0.72 pt.)/A
Katydid spp.		per year.
Plant Bug spp. ³		

	
Potato Tuberworm	
Salt Marsh Caterpillar	
Stinkbug spp.	
Thrips spp. ²	
Tobacco Budworm\	
Tobacco Flea Beetle (Adult)	
Tobacco Hornworm	
Tree Cricket spp.	
Vegetable Weevil (Adult)	
Webworm spp.	

Use scouting to determine application, usually at intervals of 7 or more days. Base the timing and frequency of applications on the timing when insect populations reach local economic thresholds.

Apply by ground or air using enough water to obtain full coverage of the foliage. When applying by air, apply in at least 2 gal. of water/A.

TREE NUTS – ALMOND, BEECH NUT, BRAZIL NUT, BUTTERNUT, CASHEW, CHESTNUT, CHINQUAPIN, FILBERT (HAZELNUT), HICKORY NUT, MACADAMIA NUT (BUSH NUT),

Pests	Rate Lambda-Cy EC Insecticide-RUP per Acre	Remarks
Ants Chinch Bug Coddling Moth Filbertworm Leaffooted Bug Leafroller spp. Navel Orangeworm Peach Twig Borer Plant Bug spp. Stink Bug spp. Walnut Aphid Walnut Husk Fly spp. (Adult)	0.02-0.04 lb. a.i. (2.56-5.12 fl. oz.)	See additional instructions below. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 0.16 lb. a.i. (1.28 pt.)/A per year. Do not apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (0.96 pt.)/A per year post bloom.
Hickory Shuckworm Pecan Aphid spp. Pecan Casebearer spp. Pecan Phylloxera spp. Pecan Spittlebug Pecan Weevil Stink Bug spp.	0.02-0.04 lb. a.i. (2.56-5.12 fl. oz.)	

Use scouting to determine application, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Base the timing and frequency of applications on the timing when insect populations reach local economic thresholds.

Apply by ground or air using enough water to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. When applying by air, apply in at least 5 gal. of water per acre, but use higher rates as appropriate for thorough coverage.

TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGETABLES – ARRACACHA, ARROWROOT, ARTICHOKE (Chinese and Jerusalem only), CANNA (edible), CASSAVA (bitter and sweet), CHAYOTE (root), CHUFA, DASHEEN, GINGER, LEREN, POTATO, SWEET POTATO, TANIER, TURMERIC,

Pests	Rate Lambda-Cy EC Insecticide-RUP per Acre	Remarks
Cutworm spp.	0.015-0.025 lb. a.i.	See additional instructions below.
Leafhopper spp.	(1.92-3.2 fl. oz.)	See resistance statement under General
Saltmarsh Caterpillar		Directions for Use.
Sweet Potato Hornworm		² Does not include Western Flower Thrips.
Woolybear Caterpillar spp.		³ Suppression only.

Aphid spp. 1	0.02-0.03 lb. a.i.	Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
Armyworm spp. ¹	(2.56-3.84 fl. oz.)	
Blister Beetle spp.		Do not apply more than 0.12 lb. a.i. (0.96 pt. or
Colorado Potato Beetle 1		15.36 fl. oz. of product) per acre per season.
Corn Earworm		
Cricket spp.		
Cucumber Beetle spp. (adults)		
European Corn Borer		
Flea Beetle spp. (adults)		
Grasshopper spp.		
Looper spp. 1		
Lygus Bug spp. 1		
Plant Bug spp.		
Potato Psyllid		
Potato Tuberworm		•
Stink Bug spp.		
Sweet Potato Leaf Beetle		
(adults)		•
Sweet Potato Vine Borer		
Thrips spp. ^{1, 2}		
Tortoise Beetle spp.		·
Webworm spp.		
Weevil spp. (adults)		
Leafminer spp. ^{1, 3}	0.03 lb. a.i.	
Whitefly spp. 1, 3	(3.84 fl. oz.)	
Spider Mite spp. ³		

Use scouting to determine application, usually at intervals of 7 or more days. Base the timing and frequency of applications on when insect populations reach local economic thresholds.

Apply by ground or air using enough water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in at least 2 gals. of water per acre. When applying by ground, apply in a minimum of 10 gals. of water per acre.

Use higher application volumes and/or application rates when foliage is dense, larvae are large, pest populations are high, plant size increases, or weather conditions are adverse. Use higher rates for longer residual.

Insects that tunnel or bore into leaves, vines, stems, tubers, or corms must be controlled before penetration. Only exposed insects (larvae and/or adults) can be controlled with foliar applications of Lambda-Cy EC Insecticide - RUP.

Pests	Rate Lambda-Cy EC	Remarks
·	Insecticide-RUP per Acre	
Bagworm	0.02-0.04 lb. a.i.	See additional instructions below.
Balsam Twig Aphid	(2.56-5.12 fl. oz.)	
Balsam Wooly Aphid		Do not apply more than 0.24 lb. a.i. (1.92
Birch Leafminer		pt.)/A per year.
Black Pine Weevil		
Elm Leaf Beetle		
European Elm Leaf Beetle		
Gypsy Moth		
Japanese Beetle		
June Beetle spp.		,
Leaf Beetle spp.		
Leafroller spp.	·	,
May Beetle spp.		
Mealybug spp. 1		
Pales Weevil		
Pine Chafer		
Pine Colaspis Beetle		
Pine Conelet Bug		
Pine Leaf Chermid		-

Pine Needle Scale	
Pine Sawfly spp.	
Pine Tip Moth spp.	
Pine Tortoise Scale	
Pine Weevil spp.	
Poplar Aphid spp.	
Sawfly spp.	
Spittlebug spp.	
Spruce Budworm	
Tent Caterpillar spp.	
Tussock Moth spp.	
Webworm spp.	

Use scouting to determine timing for control of exposed foliage, flower, cone, seed, and bark feeding insects. Base the timing and frequency of applications on the timing when insect populations reach local economic thresholds.

Apply by ground or air using enough water to obtain full coverage of target site. When applying by air, apply in at least 2 gal. of water/A.

CONIFER AND DECIDUOUS TREES - SEED ORCHARDS

Pests	Rate Lambda-Cy EC Insecticide- RUP per Acre	Remarks
Coneworm spp. Seed Bug spp. Thrip spp.	See Remarks	For high volume sprayers, dilute 5.12 oz. per 100 gal. of water and apply 5-10 gal. of finished spray per tree. For low volume sprayers, dilute 20 fl. oz. per 100 gal. of water and apply 100 gal. of finished spray/A. For aerial applications, apply 15 fl. oz./A in a minimum of 10 gal. of finished spray/A. Do not apply more than 0.5 lb. a.i. (4 pt.)/A per year.

NON-CROPLAND ADJACENT TO AGRICULTURAL AREAS (EXCLUDING PUBLIC LAND)

Pests	Instructions		
See crop instructions in	Spray non-cropland next to agricultural areas to control insects which may migrate to		
sections above for specific	and threaten crops. Follow the instructions and recommendations found on this label		
pest and rate information	for the adjacent crop outlet and target pests.		
	When foliage is dense/large, insect populations are high or larval stages are large, use		
	the highest rates on this label.		
	Repeat as necessary to maintain control.		
	Do not apply more than 0.2 lb. a.i. (1.6 pt.)/A per year.		
	Do not graze livestock in treated areas.		

Rate Conversion Chart

Treated Acres/Gal	66	50	40	33	25
Pt./A	0.12	0.16	0.20	0.24	0.32
Fl. oz./A	1.92	2.56	3.20	3.84	5.12
Lb. a.i./A	0.015	0.02	0.025	0.03	0.04

NON-CROP USES - TURF AND ORNAMENTALS

LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP may be used for applications to ornamentals grown in commercial greenhouses, shade houses, and nurseries, and turf grown on sod farms or for commercial seed production.

LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP may be used for applications to maintain indoor or outdoor areas where turf and ornamentals are grown, such as residential landscape areas and non-residential landscapes

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around institutional, public, commercial, and industrial buildings, parks, recreational areas, golf courses, and athletic fields.

LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP may also be used for applications to golf course fairways, greens, greens aprons, and tee areas.

IMPORTANT: Time application to flowering plants during periods when pollinating insects are not present, such as early morning or late evening.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system for turf and ornamental uses. Do not apply this product to edible crops or crops grown for food/feed when applied to turf or ornamentals. Do not apply this product by aerial application for turf and ornamental uses.

SPRAY DRIFT PRECAUTIONS

Observe restrictions found elsewhere on this label. Do not make applications when wind speed is 15 miles per hour or greater. Low humidity and high temperatures increase the likelihood of spray drift to sensitive areas. Avoid spraying during conditions of low humidity and/or high temperature. Risk of exposure to sensitive aquatic areas can be reduced by avoiding applications when the wind direction is toward the aquatic area. Do not make outdoor applications during temperature inversions. Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperature with height above ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface.

APPLICATION

LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP mixes easily with water and may be used in all types of application equipment. Mix product with the required amount of water and apply as a dilute application to the point of runoff. Apply product using spray nozzles which produce a coarse droplet size. Formation of very small droplets may be minimized by appropriate nozzle selection and by avoiding excessive spray pressure. For application to plants like holly, pine, or ivy which have hard-to-wet foliage, add a spreader-sticker to enhance knockdown and increase residual activity. If application is made as a concentrate or mist-type application, use the same amount of product as would be used in a dilute application.

MIXING

LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP is to be diluted with water for spray application and may be used in all types of application equipment. First fill application tank with ½ - ¾ volume of water. It is suggested that the pH of the water be between 5 and 7; use a buffering agent if necessary to adjust the pH. Next slowly add LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP to the applicator tank water with maximum agitation. Finally, fill tank to desired volume and continue to agitate while making applications. If application is interrupted, agitate or re-suspend spray solution before resuming sprays. Always add LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP last if other chemicals are to be added to the applicator tank. If mixed with EC formulations or oils, use within 24 hours. Make up only amount of application volume as required. See mixing charts below.

LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUPMixing Chart for Ornamental Insect Pest Control (LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP to add per spray tank)

25 gallons spray tank	50 gallons spray tank	100 gallon spray tank	200 gallon. spray tank	300 gallon spray tank
0.33 oz.	0.65 oz.	1.3 oz.	2.6 oz.	4.0 oz.
0.65 oz.	1.3 oz.	2.6 oz.	5.2 oz.	7.9 oz.
1.1 oz.	2.2 oz.	4.4 oz.	8.8 oz.	13.3 oz.
	spray tank 0.33 oz. 0.65 oz.	spray tank spray tank 0.33 oz. 0.65 oz. 0.65 oz. 1.3 oz.	spray tank spray tank 0.33 oz. 0.65 oz. 1.3 oz. 0.65 oz. 1.3 oz. 2.6 oz.	spray tank spray tank spray tank 0.33 oz. 0.65 oz. 1.3 oz. 2.6 oz. 0.65 oz. 1.3 oz. 2.6 oz. 5.2 oz.

LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP Mixing Chart for Turf Insect Pest Control (LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP to add per 100 gallon spray tank)

Rate of LAMBDA- CY EC INSECTICIDE- RUP	2 gals.	4 gals.	6 gals.	8 gals.	10 gals.
4.4 oz./A	5.0 oz.	2.5 oz.	1.7 oz.	1.2 oz.	1.0 oz.
8.8 oz./A	10.0 oz.	5.0 oz.	3.3 oz.	2.5 oz.	2.0 oz.
17.6 oz./A	20.0 oz.	10.0 oz.	6.7 oz.	5.0 oz.	4.0 oz.

Conversion Rate: 1 Fluid ounce (fl. oz.) equals 29 milliliters (mL).

COMPATIBILITY

LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP has been found to be compatible with most commonly used fungicides, miticides, liquid fertilizers, and other insecticides. Use a jar test to check physical compatibility using the correct proportion of products if local experience is unavailable.

Note: While phytotoxicity testing has been carried out on a wide range of ornamental plants under various environmental conditions, and no phytotoxicity has been observed, certain cultivars may be sensitive to the final spray solution. It is advised to prespray a selection of ornamental plants and observe them for 7-10 days prior to treating large areas if local use experience is unavailable.

USE DIRECTIONS

ORNAMENTALS

Agricultural: Ornamentals in Greenhouses, Shadehouses, and Nurseries

Non-Agricultural: Ornamentals (including Trees, Shrubs, Flowers, Evergreens, Foliage Plants, and Ground Covers) in Residential Landscaped Areas and Landscaped Areas Around Institutional, Public, Commercial, and Industrial Buildings, Parks, Recreational Areas, Golf Courses, and Athletic Fields

Pest	Rate of	
	LAMBDA-CY EC	Instructions
	INSECTICIDE-	
	RUP per 100	
	gallons	
Ants (Including Imported	1.3-4.4 fl oz.	Begin application to ornamentals before high insect
fire ants)		pest populations become established. Reapply as
Aphids	(38-128 mL)	necessary to keep pest populations under control, using
Armyworms	,	higher rates as pest pressure increases.
Azalea caterpillars		Good spray coverage is necessary to provide the most
Bagworms ¹		effective level of control. For ornamentals with waxy,
Black vine weevils (adult)		hard-to-wet foliage, add a spreader-sticker at
Boxelder bugs		recommended rates to enhance the control of insects.
Budworms		
California Oakworms		For spot treatments, use 0.44 fl. oz. LAMBDA-CY EC

Cankerworms		INSECTICIDE-RUP per 1-2.5 gallons of water.
Cockroaches		
Crickets		Apply at 7- day intervals if retreatment is necessary.
Cutworms		
Eastern tent caterpillars		Do not apply more than 0.36 lb. of the active ingredient
Elm leaf beetles		(46 fl. oz. of concentrate) per acre per year.
European sawflies		
Fall webworms		Consult your state university or local Cooperative
Flea beetles		Extension Service office for specific pest control
Forest tent caterpillars	•	application timing in your area.
Gypsy moth larvae		approace timing in your area.
Japanese beetles (adult)	•	¹ Bagworm: Apply LAMBDA-CY EC
June beetles (adult)	•	INSECTICIDE-RUP when bagworm larvae begin to
Lace bugs		hatch and spray directly on the larvae. Control will be
Leaf-feeding caterpillars		best if the larvae are young.
Leafhoppers		oost it the lai vae are young.
Leafminers, (adult)		² Scale: Cover the plant thoroughly with LAMBDA-
Leaf rollers		CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP spray, including trunks,
Leaf skeletonizers		
<u> </u>		stems, twigs, and foliage.
Midges		·
Mosquitoes		
Oleander moth larvae		
Pillbugs		
Pine sawflies		
Pine shoot beetles		·
Pinetip moths		·
Plant bugs		
Root weevils		
Sawflies		
Scale insects (crawlers) ²		·
Spiders		
Spittlebugs		
Striped beetles		
Striped oakworms		· ·
Thrips		
Tip moths		
Tussock moth larvae		·
Wasps		
Broadmites	2.6-4.4 fl. oz.	
Brown softscales		
California redscales	(75-128 mL)	
(crawler)		·
Clover mites		
Mealybugs		·
Pine needlescales		
(crawler)		
Spider mites		
Whiteflies		

TURFGRASS

Agricultural: Sod Farms, Grass Seed Farms

Non-Agricultural: Lawns around Residential, Institutional, Public, Commercial, and Industrial Buildings,

Parks, Recreational Areas, Golf Courses, and Athletic Fields, Golf Course and Athletic Field Turf

Pest	Amount of	Instructions
	LAMBDA-CY EC	,
	INSECTICIDE-	·
	RUP	

Ants (Including Imported fire	2.9-6 ml/1,000 sq. ft.	Begin application to turf before the establishment
ants)		of high insect pest populations and before
Armyworms	(4.4-8.8 fl. oz./A)	significant turf damage has occurred. Reapply as
Centipedes		necessary to keep pest populations under control,
Crickets		using higher rates as pest pressure increases.
Cutworms		
Earwig	•	Apply at 7-day intervals if retreatment is
Fleas (adult)		necessary.
Grasshoppers		
Japanese beetles (adult)		Do not apply more than 0.36 lb. of active
Millipedes		ingredient (46 fl. oz. of concentrate) per acre per
Mites		year.
Pillbugs		your.
Sod webworms	•	For spot treatments, use 0.44 fl. oz. of LAMBDA-
Sow bugs	•	CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP per 1-2.5 gals. of
Ticks (including species		water.
which transmit Lyme		water.
disease)		Do not apply when turfgrass is waterlogged or
disease)		when soils are saturated with water (i.e., will not
Divograss hillbugs (adult)	6 ml/1,000 sq. ft.	-
Bluegrass billbugs (adult)	o mi/1,000 sq. m.	accept irrigation).
Black turfgrass ataenius	(0 0 fl ~= /A)	V1.11.1
(adult)	(8.8 fl. oz./A)	Keep children and pets off treated areas until spray
Chiggers		has dried following the application.
Fleas (adult)		
Grub (suppression)		See additional instructions below for specific
Hyperodes weevils (adult)		pests.
Mole crickets (nymphs and	•	
young adults)		<u> </u>
Chinch bugs	12 ml/1,000 sq. ft.	
Mole crickets (mature adults)		
(Not for use on mature adult	(17.6 fl. oz./A)	
mole crickets and chinch		
bugs in New York State)		·

Armyworms, cutworms, fleas, and other Surface Insects: For best results, apply LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP at recommended rates in 2-5 gals. of water per 1,000 sq. ft. If high rainfall amounts are forecast, a spreader-sticker may be useful; otherwise the addition of adjuvants is not necessary under normal conditions for surface insect control in turf. Delay watering or mowing for 12-24 hours for optimum control of surface-feeding insect pests.

Chinch bugs, billbugs, and other Thatch Inhabiting Insects: For best results apply LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP at recommended rates in 2-10 gals. of water per 1,000 sq. ft. The use of a nonionic wetting agent, penetrant, or similar adjuvant is recommended at label rates. Irrigate lightly after application with up to ½ inch of water to move the LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP into the thatch layer. If irrigation is not available, then use high water application rates for optimum results.

Mole crickets, grubs, and other Subsurface Insects: For best results apply LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP at recommended rates in 4-10 gals. of water per 1,000 sq. ft. The use of a nonionic wetting agent, penetrant, or similar adjuvant is strongly recommended following label rates. Use the highest water application rates possible with your sprayer. Apply LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP to turf which is wet with dew, rain, or irrigation. Water-in immediately after application with ¼ - ½ inch of water for optimum results.

Fire Ants: Treat individual mounds with a drench application by means of a watering can. Use 0.32 fl. oz. of LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP per 2.5 gals. of water. Thoroughly soak each mound as well as a 3 ft. diameter circle around each mound. Apply the mixture gently to avoid disturbing the mound; disturbing the mound may cause the ants to migrate and reduce the effectiveness of the treatment. For best results, apply in early morning or late evening hours. Make additional treatments if necessary, but not more than every 7 days.

Mosquitoes: Apply as a general spray around landscape plantings, turf, and building foundations to control mosquitoes. For best results, apply LAMBDA-CY EC INSECTICIDE-RUP at recommended rates in 2-5 gals. of water per 1,000 sq. ft.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in original containers only. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not store near food or feed. In case of spill or leak on floor or paved surfaces, soak up with sand, earth, or synthetic absorbent. Remove to chemical waste area.

Pesticide Disposal: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal: Triple rinse (or equivalent); then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER!

IMPORTANT INFORMATION READ BEFORE USING PRODUCT

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product reflect the opinion of experts based on field use and tests and must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of United Phosphorus, Inc. or Seller. Handling, storage, and use of the product by Buyer or User are beyond the control of United Phosphorus, Inc. and Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold United Phosphorus, Inc. and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, United Phosphorus, Inc. warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or United Phosphorus, Inc., and Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. To the extent consistent with applicable law, UNITED PHOSPHORUS, INC. MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER

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