20506-60

12-18-2009

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460



OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Ms. Rebecca A. Clemmer Product Registration United Phosphorus, Inc. 630 Freedom Business Center, Suite 402 King of Prussia, PA 19406

DEC 1 8 2009

Subject: Notification(s) for Label Revisions under PRN 98-10, 2001-5 and 2007-4 Storage & Disposal and Other Changes (Warranty Statement and Contact Information)

Dear Registrant:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application(s) for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notices (PRN) 98-10, 2001-5 and 2007-4 Storage & Disposal and Other Changes dated July 10, 2009 for:

EPA Registration 70506-60 "Ultra Blazer"

The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of the request(s) for applicability under PRN 98-10, 2001-5 and 2007-4 and finds that the label changes requested fall within the scope of PRN-98-10, 2001-5 and PRN-2007-4. The label has been date-stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

Please be reminded that 40 CFR Part 156.140(a)(4) requires that a batch code, lot number, or other code identifying the batch of the pesticide distributed and sold be placed on <u>non-refillable</u> containers. The code may appear either on the label (and can be added by non-notification/PR 98-10) or durably marked on the container itself.

If you have any questions, please contact me directly at 703-305-6249 or Owen F. Beeder of my staff at 703-308-8899.

Sincerely,

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Linda Arrington Notifications & Minor Formulations Team Leader Registration Division (7505P) Office of Pesticide Programs

Please read instructions on revers	a bafara anna - i farm		Form	Autoriad ONP	No. 2070.006	0, Approval expires 5-31-98
Please read instructions on revers		ed States	Folir	Registrati		OPP Identifier Number
			 	Amendmo	ent	
	Environmental	•	ency	X Other		
		ton, DC 20460	eticida Costion			
1. Company/Product Number		lication for Pe	sticide – Section		3 Propos	ed Classification
70506-60			J. Miller	layei	5. Piopos	Classification
4. Company/Product (Name)			PM #		X Nor	e Restricted
United Phosphorus, Inc/Ultra E 5. Name and Address of Appl			23 6. Expedited Revie	w. In accordan	ice with FIF	RA Section 3(c)(3)
United Phosphorus, Inc.			(b)(i), my product is s	similar or idention	cat in compo	osition and labeling
630 Freedom Business Center King of Prussia, PA 19406	r, Suite 402		to: EPA Reg No.			
Check if this is a new ad	aress 		Product Name			······
		Secti	on - II	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	
Amendment – Explain be	elow			abels in respor	nse to	
			Agency letter	dated		
Resubmission in respon	se to Agency letter dated		"Me Too" App	blication		CATION
X Notification – Explain be	low		Other – Expla	in below	DEC	8 2009
have been made to the labelin statement to EPA. I further un and I may be subject to enforce	derstand that if the amen	ided label is not co es under sections	nsistent with the sectio 12 and 14 of FIFRA.	ns above, this j	product may	be in violation of FIFRA
4 Material This Desider Mill	- Destroyed in	Sect	ion III			······
1. Material This Product Will I Child-Resistant Packaging	Unit Packaging	Wa	ater Soluble Packaging		2. Type	of Container
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X No	X No	×	No			astic ass
*Certification must	If "Yes"		Yes"	No. per		per
be submitted	Unit Packaging wgt.	container Pa	ickage wgt	container	Oti	her (Specify)
3. Location of Net Contents II	formation Container	4. Size(s) Retai 2.5 gal	I Container		cation of lal On Label	pel directions
	Container	2.5 gai				ccompanying product
6. Manner in Which Label is A	Affixed to Product	Lithograph		Other		
		x Paper glue Stenciled	30			
Section IV						
1. Contact Person (Complete	items directly below for i		vidual to be contacted,			
Name Rebecca A. Clemmer		Title Regulatory	Manager	· · ·)hone No. (l 191-2828	nclude Area Code)
I contify that the statements I h		rtification			6.	Date Application
I certify that the statements I h I acknowledge that any knowin						Received
both under applicable law 2. Signature		3. Title				(Stamped)
		Regulatory	Manager			(Stamped)
Ka. Clem	ner		-			
4. Typed Name		5. Date				
Rebecca A. Clemmer		71	10/09			
EPA Form 8570-1 (Rev. 8-94)	Previous editions are obsol	ete.	White	- EPA File Copy	y (Original)	Yellow - Applicant Copy

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United Phosphorus, Inc.

630 Freedom Business Center Suite 402 King of Prussia, PA 19406 (610) 491-2828 (phone) (610) 491-2810 (fax) Rebecca A. Clemmer Regulatory Manager

July 10, 2009

Joanne Miller (PM 23) Document Processing Desk (NOTIF) Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Room S-4900, One Potomac Yard 2777 S. Crystal Drive Arlington, VA 22202

Re: Storm (EPA Reg. No. 70506-59) Ultra Blazer (EPA Reg. No. 70506-60) Notifications

Dear Ms. Miller:

United Phosphorus, Inc. is submitting revised labels to accomplish the following changes, all of which qualify as Notifications:

- update company and emergency contact information
- replace "inert" ingredients with "other" ingredients
- add herbicide resistance category per PRN 2001-5
- update warranty statement
- update container disposal wording per PRN 2007-4
- add brand name Stam® for propanil product

In support, for each label enclosed please find:

- EPA form 8570-1
- Label copy marked to show changes
- Label integrity form
- A CD containing clean pdf copies of each label

Please contact me if you have any questions.

Very truly yours,

Rebecca A. Clemmer rebecca.clemmer@uniphos.com

GROUP 14 HERBICIDE

ULTRA BLAZER® Herbicide

For use on peanuts, rice, soybeans, and strawberries

NOTIFICATION

DEC 1 8 2009

ACTIVE INGREDIENT	
Sodium salt of acifluorfen*	.%
INERT OTHER INGREDIENTS:	79.9%
TOTAL	
* Equivalent to 2 pounds of active ingredient per gallon.	

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. DANGER/PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

· · ·	FIRST AID
IF IN EYES:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF SWALLOWED:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF INHALED:	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
for treatment. For emergency med 7378contact the Rocky Mountain F	ct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going ical assistance, call The National Pesticide Information Center at 1-800-858- Poison Control Center at 1-866-673-6671. Dosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. ANTIDOTE—No specific omatically.

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY: Spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident, call CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300



United Phosphorus, Inc. 423 Riverview Plaze630 Freedom Business Center Trenton, NJ 08611-King of Prussia, PA 19406 1-800-247 1557438-6071 www.upi-usa.com

EPA Reg. Nc: 70506-60 EPA Est. No. Net Contents: 2.5 gallons

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER

Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin, or inhaled. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Avoid contact with skin and breathing vapor or spray mist.

PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are made of any waterproof material. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Mixers, Loaders and Applicators must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves.
- Goggles or face shield

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not re-use them.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls Statement

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or cockpits in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark, except as specified on this label for application to rice. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from target area.

GROUND WATER ADVISORY

Sodium acifluorfen is known to leach through soil to groundwater under certain conditions as a result of label use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable (sandy or sandy/loamy soils) and water tables are shallow could result in contamination of groundwater. Use of irrigated water in such areas will increase the likelihood of groundwater contamination.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other people, either directly or through drift. Only handlers wearing PPE may be in the treatment area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. This pesticide is toxic to vascular plants and should be used strictly in accordance with the drift and run-off precautions on this label to minimize off-site exposures All applicable directions, restrictions, precautions and **Conditions of Sale and Warranty** are to be followed. This labeling must be in the user's possession during application.

AGRICULTURAL USE REOUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 48 hours.

The following PPEis required for early entry into treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water

- Coveralls over long sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Chemical resistant footwear plus socks .
- Chemical resistant headgear if overhead exposure
- Protective eyewear

Notify workers of pesticide application by warning them orally and by posting warning signs at entrances to treated areas.

I. GENERAL INFORMATION

Ultra Blazer herbicide is intended for selective postemergence control of certain broadleaf weeds and grasses in peanuts, soybeans, strawberries, and rice.

Crop Tolerance

All listed crops are tolerant to Ultra Blazer at all stages of growth listed. Leaf speckling may occur, but plants generally outgrow this condition within 10 days. New growth is normal and crop vigor is not reduced.

Cleaning Spray Equipment

Clean application equipment thoroughly by using a strong detergent or commercial spray cleaner according to the manufacturer's directions and then triple rinsing the equipment before and after applying this product.

II. APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Apply recommended rates of Ultra Blazer as follows unless instructed differently in section VI. Crop-Specific Information. Applications can be made to actively growing weeds as aerial banding or broadcast applications at the rates and growth stages listed in Table 1. Application Rates for Ultra Blazer herbicide - Peanuts and Soybeans and in VI. Crop-Specific Information for rice and strawberries. The most effective control will result from making postemergence applications of Ultra Blazer early, when weeds are small. Early application to weeds results in improved weed control, allows use of the lower rate (depending on weed species), and makes thorough spray coverage easier to obtain. Delaying application permits weeds to exceed the maximum size stated and will prevent adequate control.

Irrigation

In irrigated areas, it may be necessary to irrigate before treatment to ensure active weed growth. Weeds growing under drought conditions usually are not adequately controlled.

Spray Coverage

Weeds must be thoroughly covered with spray. Always use an adequate volume of spray solution to ensure thorough coverage. Dense leaf canopies shelter smaller weeds and can prevent adequate spray coverage.

Cultivation

Do not cultivate within 5 days before or 7 days after applying Ultra Blazer herbicide.

Aerial Application Methods and Equipment

Water Volume: Use a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre. A minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre has been effective where adequate coverage can be achieved.

Spray Pressure: Use up to 40 psi.

Application Equipment: Use only diaphragm-type nozzles that produce cone or fan-spray spray patterns 10000

Special Directions for Aerial Application

To obtain uniform coverage and to avoid drift hazards, consult the Spray Drift Management section below, o co co

Ground Application (Banding)

Follow Ground Application (Broadcast) instructions for band applications. When row banding equipment issued, it ° should be adjusted to provide maximum coverage of weeds in the row. Thorough coverage of the weeds can be obtained with two nozzles directed from either side of the crop row toward the weeds in the center rows. The recommended

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0 9 9 9 3 30 3 7 9 3 3 7 9 minimum band width is 15 inches with a minimum of 15 gallons of water per acre on the band. Application with a single nozzle over the row is not recommended.

Ground Application Methods and Equipment (Broadcast)

Water Volume: Use 10-20 gallons of spray solution per broadcast acre for optimal performance. Increase water volume up to 50 gallons if crop or weed foliage is dense. For strawberries, use 20-40 gallons of spray solution per broadcast acre.

Spray Pressure: Use a minimum of 40 psi (measured at the boom, not at the pump or in the line). **Note:** When using the lower water volume (i.e. 10 gallons per acre) or when crop and weed foliage is dense, use a minimum of 60 psi for best results.

Application Equipment: Use standard high-pressure pesticide flat fan or hollow cone nozzles spaced up to 20 in. apart. Do not use flood, whirl chamber, or controlled droplet applicator (CDA) nozzles as erratic coverage can cause inconsistent weed control. Do not use selective application equipment such as recirculating sprayers or wiper applicators.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Use best practices to avoid drift to all other crops and non-target areas. Do not apply when conditions favor drift from target areas. The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The applicator must follow the most restrictive use precautions to avoid drift, including those found in this labeling as well as applicable state and local regulations and ordinances. A drift control agent may reduce drift, however, it may also decrease weed control.

Requirements for ground applications:

For ground applications, adjust nozzle height and droplet size with wind speed according to the following table:

Wind speed	Nozzle height	Droplet size for standard nozzles (ASAE standard 572)
Less than 10 mph	Up to 2 feet	medium or coarser
	2-4 feet	coarse or coarser
	4-6 feet	very coarse or coarser
·	0-2 feet	coarse or coarser
10 to 15 mph	2-4 feet	very coarse or coarser
	4-6 feet	extremely coarse

6 feet above the ground or crop canopy. Apply as a medium or coarser spray (ASAE standard 572).

Requirements for aerial applications:

For aerial applications, apply only when the wind speed is less than or equal to 15 miles per hour using a release height of no more than 10 feet above the ground or crop canopy. If the wind speed is less than 10 mph, apply as a medium or coarser spray (ASEA standard 572). If the wind speed is between 10 mph and 15 mph, apply as a coarse or coarser spray (ASAE standard 572). The boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade diameter. Do not make aerial applications into temperature inversions. When aerial applications are made with a cross-wind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

 Table 1. Application Rates for Ultra Blazer Herbicide – Peanuts and Soybeans

 Refer to section VI. Crop-Specific Information for rate and timing details for rice. Note: Weed height will vary depending on environmental conditions and is only given as a guide. Emphasis should be placed on leaf stages. Refer to

 section III. Additives for more information.

(neluding triazine and ALS-resistant biotypes)Leaf Stage* (up to)Maximum Height (up to)Leaf Stage* (up to)Maximum Height (up to)Leaf Stage* (up to)Maximum Height (up to)Height (up to)He	Weeds Controlled	0.5 pint p	er acre	1.0 pin	t per acre	1.5 pints p	er acre
ALS-resistant biotypes) (up to) Height Height (up to) Height (up to) Height Height (up to) Height Height Height Balloonvine - - - 2 2" Buckwheat, Wild - - - 2 2" Burfherkin - - - 2 2" Burfherkin - - - 2 2" Carperweed - - Multi 3" <2" Multi 6" dia. 2" Coperlast, Hophom beam - - 2 2" 2" 2" Coporlast, Showy - 6 6" 6" 6" 6" 6" 6" 6" 2" </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>							
Balloonvine - - - 2 2^{m} Beggarwed, Florida - - 2 2^{m} Burflakbur - - 2 2^{m} Burflakbur - - 2 2^{m} Burflakbur - - 2 2^{m} Carpetweed - - Multi 3" $<2^{m}$ Multi 6" dia. 2^{m} Citron (Wild Watermeion) - - - 2 2^{m} Coperlaf, Hophorn beam - - 2 2^{m} 2^{m} Croton, Tropic - - 1-2 $<2^{m}$ 2^{m} 2^{m} Crownbeard, Golden - - - - 2 2^{m} Cownbeard, Golden - - - - 2 2^{m} Galinsoga, Hairy - - - 2 1" 1^{m} 4^{m} 6^{m} 6^{m} Landsetarf - - - 2 1" 1^{m} 4^{m} 4^{m} 6^{m}	, b			Stage ^a		Ū	· .
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Buffalour 2 2"" Burgherkin 2"" 2"" 2"" 2"" 2"" .	Beggarweed, Florida	-	-	-	-		
Burgherkin . <th< td=""><td>Buckwheat, Wild</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>2</td><td></td></th<>	Buckwheat, Wild	-	-	-	-	2	
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dia. dia. dia. Cirron (Wild Watermelon) - - - 2 2^m Cocklebur ^b - - 2 2^m 4 4^m Virginia - - 2 2^m 4 4^m Crotolaria, Showy - - 6 6^m 6 6^m Crotol, Tropic - - - 2 2^m 2 2^m Wooly - - 1-2 $<2^m$ 2 2^m $<2^m$ 2 $<2^m$ Groundachery, Cutteaf - - - 4 $<2^m$ 2 $<2^m$ Indigo, Hairy - - - - 2 $<1^m$ Idigo, Hairy - - - - 2 $<2^m$ Mominglory, Cypersevine - - 2 2^m 4 4^m , brainfolower - - 2 2^m 4 <td>Burgherkin</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>_</td> <td>-</td> <td>2</td> <td>2"^b</td>	Burgherkin		-	_	-	2	2" ^b
$\begin{array}{c c} Cocklebus^{h} & - & - & 2 & 2^{r} \\ Copperleaf, Hophorn beam & - & - & 2 & 2^{r} & 4 & 4^{rr} \\ Virginia & - & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} \\ Crotolaria, Showy & - & - & 6 & 6^{rs} & 6 & 6^{rs} \\ Croton, Tropic & - & - & 1-2 & <2^{rr} & 2 & 2^{rr} \\ Wooly & - & - & 1-2 & <2^{rr} & 2 & 2^{rr} \\ Crownbeard, Golden & - & - & - & - & 2 & <2^{rr} \\ Crownbeard, Golden & - & - & - & - & 6 & <2^{rr} \\ Cipta & - & - & - & - & 6 & <2^{rr} \\ Galinsoga, Hairy & - & - & - & - & 4 & <2^{rr} \\ Groundcherry, Cutleaf & - & - & - & - & 4 & <2^{rr} \\ (Toundcherry, Cutleaf & - & - & - & - & - & 2 & 1^{rr} \\ (Lancleaf & - & - & - & - & - & 2 & 1^{rr} \\ (Lancleaf & - & - & - & - & - & 2 & 1^{rr} \\ (Landsquares, Common^{6} & - & - & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} \\ Morningglory, Cypressvine & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} & 4 & 4^{rr} \\ (Putrelaf & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} & 4 & 4^{rr} \\ (Putrelaf & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} & 4 & 4^{rr} \\ (Putrelaf & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} & 4 & 4^{rr} \\ (Putrelaf & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} & 4 & 4^{rr} \\ (Putrelaf & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} & 4 & 4^{rr} \\ (Putrela & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} & 4 & 4^{rr} \\ (Putrela & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} & 4 & 4^{rr} \\ (Putrela & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} & 4 & 4^{rr} \\ (Putrel) & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} & 4 & 4^{rr} \\ (Putrel) & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} & 4 & 4^{rr} \\ (Putrel) & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} & 4 & 4^{rr} \\ (Putrel) & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} & 4 & 4^{rr} \\ (Putred) & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} & 4 & 4^{rr} \\ (Putred) & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} & 4 & 4^{rr} \\ (Putred) & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} & 4 & 4^{rr} \\ (Putred) & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} & 6 & 2^{rr} \\ (Putred) & - & - & - & - & 4 & 4^{rr} \\ (Putred) & - & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} & 6 & 2^{rr} \\ (Putred) & - & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} & 4 & 4^{rr} \\ (Putred) & - & - & - & - & - & 4 & 4^{rr} \\ (Putred) & - & - & - & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} \\ (Putred) & - & - & - & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} \\ (Putred) & - & - & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} \\ (Putred) & - & - & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} \\ (Putred) & - & - & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} \\ (Putred) & - & - & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} \\ (Putred) & - & - & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} \\ (Putred) & - & - & - & - & 2 & 2^{rr} \\ (Putred) $	Carpetweed	-	-		<2"	Multi 6" dia.	2"
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Virginia - - - 6 6"b 6 7"b 7 2 2 2"b 7"b 7 2 6 7"b 7 3 7 2"b 1 7 3 7 2"b 1 2 1"b	Cocklebur ^b	-	-	-	1	2	2"
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Purple Moonflower , Scarlet , Smallflower , Smallflower , Smallflower , Smallflower , Smallflower , Smallflower , Smallflower , Smallflower , Tall, (common) , Prostrate , Redroot , Spiny , Tall, (common) , Spiny , Tall, Tall		-					
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Ragweed, Common , Giant - - 2 2" 4 3" , Giant - - 2 <2"		-	-	1		Multi 6" dia	
, Giant - 2 <2" 2 3" Senna, Coffee - - 2 2"" 2 3" Sesbania, Hemp - - - 2 2"" 2 2"" Sesbania, Hemp - - 4 4"" 6 6"" Smartweed, Pennsylvania - - 4 4" 6 6" Smellmelon - - - 2 2""							
Senna, Coffee - - 2 2".3 Sesbania, Hemp - - 4 4"b 6 6"b Smartweed, Pennsylvania - - 4 4" 6 6" Smellmelon - - - 2 2"b		•	-				
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Smartweed, Pennsylvania-44"66"Smellmelon22"b	Sesbania, Hemp	-	-	4		6	
Smellmelon 2 2"b		-	-	4	4"	6	
		-	-	-	-	2	2" ^b
	Spurge, Prostrate	-	-	-	-	Multi 0.5" dia	-

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Weeds Controlled	0.5 pint p	ber acre	1.0 pint per acre		1.5 pints p	er acre
(including triazine and	Leaf Stage ^a	Maximum	Leaf Stage ^a	Maximum	Leaf Stage ^a	Maximum
ALS-resistant biotypes)	(up to)	Height	(up to)	Height	(up to)	Height
, Spotted	-	-	-	-	Multi 0.5" dia	-
Starbur, Bristly	-	-	-	-	2	2" ^b
Waterhemp, Common	4	2"	6	<4"	6	4"
,Tall	4	2"	6	<4"	6	4"
Annual Grasses						
Foxtail, Giant ^b		-	-	-	2	1"
, Green ^b	-	-	-	-	2	1"
,Yellow ^b	-	-	-	-	2	1"
Johnsongrass, Seedling ^b	-	-	-	-	2	1"
Panicum, Fall ^b		-	-	-	2	1"
Shattercaneb	-	-	-	-	2	1"
Volunteer Small Grains ^b	-	-	-	-	2	1"

SPECIAL USE DIRECTIONS FOR ADDITIONAL WEED PROBLEMS IN PEANUTS AND SOYBEANS

For the following weeds, use 1.5 pints of **Ultra Blazer** herbicide per acre and 2 pints of spray surfactant per 100 gallons of spray mix unless otherwise stated. Activity depends on good soil moisture during and after the spray applications.

Beggarweed, Florida

Controlling Florida beggarweed is difficult because of the weed's long germination season. Apply **Ultra Blazer herbicide** when beggarweed seedlings have no more than 2 young expanding true leaves. Weeds at this time will not be more than 1.5" high. It is important to obtain maximum control of the earliest weed flush. Time the cultivation to give maximum control of regrowth or secondary weed flushes. **Ultra Blazer** will suppress or partially control weeds growing under conditions of high soil moisture and high relative humidity.

Buckwheat, Wild

Buffalobur

Partial control of wild buckwheat and buffalobur can usually be obtained when the seedlings have fewer than 2 true leaves. Use **Ultra Blazer** in 30 gallons of water per acre.

Cucurbits: Burgherkin

Citron (Wild Watermelon)

Smellmelon

Members of the cucumber family germinate over an extended period of time. Therefore, control is difficult to obtain with a single spray. For **Ultra Blazer** to be effective, the initial application should be made to weeds no later than the 2-leaf growth stage.

Morningglories

More consistent control of morningglories can be achieved by using sequential applications of 1 pint of Ultra Blazer.

Poinsettia, Wild

The recommended application of **Ultra Blazer** will usually kill or severely stunt wild poinsettia. Apply before the third true leaf has formed. This treatment will usually cause a height differential between soybeans and surviving wild poinsettia which will allow directed applications and even greater control.

Sesbania, Hemp

Crotalaria, Showy

Sesbania and crotalaria are very sensitive to **Ultra Blazer**. Apply 1 pint of **Ultra Blazer** per acre. Effective control can be obtained at just about all plant heights; however, it is important that **Ultra Blazer** be applied prior to bloom. Applications after bloom are usually not effective and therefore not recommended. To control these weeds, the application should be timed to occur after maximum weed emergence has taken place. Care must be exercised to make certain that crop canopies do not shade this weed from spray deposits. Waiting for the sesbania to break through the crop canopy may be advisable to control late season infestations.

Starbur, Bristly Senna, Coffee

The recommended application of **Ultra Blazer** will kill or suppress seedlings that are not past the 2-leaf stage. Applications after the 2-leaf stage are usually ineffective.

Perennial Weeds: Bindweed, Field and Hedge Milkweed, Climbing and Common

Redvine, Trumpetcreeper

Growth of perennial weeds from underground rootstocks is very difficult to control. Apply Ultra Blazer as recommended above with 2-4 pints of spray surfactant per 100 gallons of spray mix to burn back the above-ground plant parts and retard regrowth. Ultra Blazer will not kill the underground rootstocks of these weeds.

Annual Grasses:

Foxtail, Giant, Green, and Yellow Johnsongrass, Seedling Panicum, Fall Shattercane

Ultra Blazer must not be the basic component of a grass management program. Rather, Ultra Blazer can be used for additional control of escaped grasses following a preplant incorporated or pre-emergence herbicide. Grasses not exceeding the 2-leaf stage will be stunted or killed.

Volunteer Small Grains:		· .	
Barley	•	·	
Oats	:		
Rye			
Wheat			
Ultra Blazer applied to em	erging volunteer small grains in the 1-	2 leaf stage will kill or stunt many plants	š.

III. ADDITIVES

To achieve consistent weed control, one of the following additives is needed: ammonium sulfate, crop oil concentrate, nonionic surfactant, or urea ammonium nitrate. AMS (or UAN) should be used when velvetleaf is a target weed. Additives may cause some leaf burn, but new growth is normal and crop vigor is not reduced. The potential for leaf burn is increased when relative humidity and temperature are high. Consult your local United Phosphorus, Inc. representative for your area. See **Table 3 Additive Rates Per Acre** for additive rates and **Table 2 Additive Options for Ultra Blazer herbicide Tank Mixes.**

Ammonium Sulfate (AMS)

AMS is a dry, granular nitrogen-source fertilizer. Use only fine feed-grade or spray-grade AMS because inferior grades of AMS do not dissolve adequately and can plug spray nozzles. United Phosphorus, Inc. doe not recommend applying AMS if applied in less than 10 gallons per acre because of potential problems with precipitation in reduced volumes. Use AMS only if it has been demonstrated to be successful in local experience.

Nonionic Surfactant

The standard label recommendation is 1-2 pints of an 80% active nonionic spray surfactant per 100 gallons of water. For certain weeds, the higher spray surfactant rate is recommended.

Oil Concentrate

The oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all of the following criteria:

- be nonphytotoxic, f
- contain only EPA-exempt ingredients,
- provide good mixing quality in the compatibility test, and
- be successful in local experience.

The exact composition of suitable products will vary; however, vegetable and petroleum oil concentrates should contain emulsifiers to provide good mixing quality. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils. For additional information, see **Compatibility Test for Mix Components**.

Some oil concentrates cause excessive leaf burn. Refer to your supplier for information concerning successive leaf burn. Refer to your supplier for information concerning successive leaf burn.

Urea Ammonium Nitrate (UAN)

Commonly referred to as 28%, 30%, or 32% nitrogen solution, UAN may be added in place of other spray additives to improve weed control. Because most nitrogen solutions are mildly corrosive to galvanized, mild steel, and bass spray " equipment, rinse the entire spray system with water soon after. Do not use brass or aluminum nozzles when spraying UAN.

Temperature and Relative Humidity Effects

The following standard will help determine the optimum adjuvant rate to use. If the temperature and relative humidity exceed 150 (e.g. temperature of 85°F plus 70% relative humidity = 155), use the lower adjuvant rates.

Table 2 – Additive Options for Ultra Blazer Tank Mixes						
				Nonionic Surfactant		
	Nonionic	AMS	Crop Oil	(1-2 pints per 100 gallon		
	Surfactant	(2.5 pounds)	Concentrate	+		
Additiva	(1-2 nints	or HAN	(1-2 pints	AMS (1-2 nounds per scre		

Addition Ontions for Illing Disney Tools Mines

				Nonionic Surfactant	Crop Oil Concentrate
	Nonionic	AMS	Crop Oil	(1-2 pints per 100 gallons)	(1 pint per acre)
	Surfactant	(2.5 pounds)	Concentrate	+	+
Additive	(1-2 pints	or UAN	(1-2 pints	AMS (1-2 pounds per acre) or	AMS (1-2 pounds per acre)
Options	per 100 gallons)	(4-8 pints per acre)	per acre)	UAN (2-4 pints per acre)	or UAN (2-4 pints per acre)
Option A	•				
Option B		•			
Option C			•		
Option D				•	
Option E	•				•

Table 3 - Additive Rate Per Acre

Additive	Ground Application	Air Application
Nonionic Surfactant	1-2 pints per 100 gallons	1-2 pints per 100 gallons
AMS	2.5 pounds	2.5 pounds
Oil Concentrate	1-2 pints	1-2 pints
UAN Solution	4-8 pints	4 pints

IV. GENERAL MIXING INFORMATION

Tank Mix Partners/Components

The following products may be tank mixed with Ultra Blazer herbicide according to the specific tank mixing instructions in this label and respective product labels.

- Assure[®] II (quizalofop) .
- Basagran[®] (bentazon) .
- Cadre[®] (imazamethapyr)
- Classic[®] (chlorimuron ethyl)
- Concert[®] SP (thifensulfuron methyl+chlorimuron ethyl)
- Dual[®] 8E (metolachlor)
- Facet 75 DF (quinclorac)
- FirstRate[®] (chloransulam-methyl) Frontier[®] 6.0 (dimethenamid)
- Fusilade[®] DX (fluazifop-p-butyl)
- Fusion[®] (fluazifop-p-butyl + fenoxaprop-p-ethyl)
- Glyphosate
- Lasso[®] 4E (alachlor)
- Matador[®] (quizalofop) Pinnacle[®] (thifensulfuron methyl)
- Poast[®] (sethoxydim)
- Poast[®] HC (sethoxydim)
- Poast[®] Plus (sethoxydim)
- Stam® (Ppropanil)
- Pursuit[®] (imazethapyr)
- Raptor[®] (imazamox)
- Reliance[®] STS (thifensulfuron methyl + chlorimuron ethyl)
- Resource[®] (flumiclorac)
- Scepter® (imazaquin)
- Select[®] (clethodim)
- Skirmish[®] (chlorimuron ethyl)
- Synchrony[®] STS (thifensulfuron methyl + clorimuron ethyl)
- 2,4-DB
- 2,4-DB (preplant burndown only)

See section VI. Crop-Specific Information for more details. Read and follow the applicable Restrictions and Limitations and Directions for Use on all products involved in tank mixing. The most restrictive labeling applies to tank mixes. Physical incompatibility, reduced weed control, or crop injury may result from mixing Ultra Blazer with other pesticides (fungicides, herbicides, insecticides, or miticides), additives, or fertilizers. United Phosphorus, Inc. does not recommend using tank mixes other than those listed on United Phosphorus, Inc. labeling. Local agricultural authorities may be a source of information when using other than United Phosphorus, Inc. recommended tank mixes.

Compatibility Test for Mix Components

Before mixing components, always perform a compatibility jar test. For 20 gallons per acre spray volume, use 3.3 cups (800 ml) of water. For other spray volumes, adjust rates accordingly. Only use water from the intended source at the source temperature.

Add components in the sequence indicated in **Mixing Order** using 2 teaspoons for each pound or 1 teaspoon for each pint of recommended label rate per acre. Always cap the jar and invert 10 cycles between component additions.

When the components have all been added to the jar, let the solution stand for 15 minutes. Evaluate the solution for uniformity and stability. The spray solution should not have free oil on the surface, nor fine particles that precipitate to the bottom, nor thick (clabbered) texture. If the spray solution is not compatible, repeat the compatibility test with the addition of a suitable compatibility agent. If the solution is compatible, use the compatibility agent as directed on its label. If the solution is still incompatible, do not mix the ingredients in the same tank.

Mixing Order

- 1. Water. Begin by agitating a thoroughly clean sprayer tank three-quarters full of clean water.
- 2. Agitation. Maintain constant agitation throughout mixing and application.
- 3. **Products in PVA Bags.** Place any product contained in water-soluble PVA bags into the mixing tank. Wait until all water-soluble PVA bags have fully dissolved and the product is evenly mixed in the spray tank before continuing.
- 4. Water dispersible products (such as dry flowables, wettable powders, suspension concentrates, or suspeemulsions). If an inductor is used, rinse it thoroughly after the component has been added.
- 5. Water-soluble products (such as Ultra Blazer). If an inductor is used, rinse it thoroughly after the component has been added.
- 6. **Emulsifiable concentrates** (such as oil concentrate when applicable). If an inductor is used, rinse it thoroughly after the component has been added.
- 7. Water-soluble additives (such as AMS or UAN when applicable). If an inductor is used, rinse it thoroughly after the component has been added.
- 8. Remaining quantity of water. Maintain constant agitation during application.

V. RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- Maximum Seasonal Use Rate: Do not apply more than a total of 2 pints (0.5 lb. AI) of Ultra Blazer herbicide per acre per season for peanuts, and soybeans, no more than a total of 3 pints (0.75 lb. AI) of Ultra Blazer herbicide per acre per season for strawberries, and no more than a total of 1 pint (0.25 lb AI) of Ultra Blazer per acre per season for rice.
- Maximum Application Use Rate: Do not apply more than 1.5 pints (0.375 pound of active ingredient) of Ultra Blazer per acre, per application in peanuts, soybeans and strawberries. Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.25 pound of active ingredient) of Ultra Blazer per acre, per application in rice.
- Preharvest Interval (PHI): See Table 4.
- Restricted Entry Interval (REI): 48 hours.
- Allow a minimum of 15 days between sequential applications of Ultra Blazer.
- Do not use treated plants for feed or forage.
- Crop Rotation Restriction: In case of crop failure, only peanuts, soybeans, strawberries or rice may be immediately replanted. Small grains must not be planted in fields treated with Ultra Blazer for 40 days following treatment. All other rotated crops must not be planted in fields treated with Ultra Blazer for 100 days following treatment.
- Stress: Do not apply to weeds or crops under stress due to lack of moisture, hail damage, flooding, herbicide injury, mechanical injury, or widely fluctuating temperatures, as unsatisfactory control may result.
- Do not apply Ultra Blazer to crops that show injury (leaf phytotoxicity or plant stunting) produced by any other prior herbicide applications, because this injury may be enhanced or prolonged.
- **Rainfast Period:** Rainfall or overhead irrigation within 4 hours after application may reduce the effectiveness of **Ultra Blazer**.
- Do not apply through any type of irrigation system.

Сгор	Minimum Time from Application to Harvest (PHI)	Maximum Rate Per Acre Per Application	Maximum Rate Per Acre Per Season	Livestock Grazing or Feeding	Aircraft Application
Peanuts	75 days	1.5.pints	2 pints	No	Yes
Rice	50 days	1 pints	1 pints	No	, Yes
Soybeans	50 days	1.5 pints	2 pints	No	Yes
Strawberries	60 days	1.5 pints	3 pints	No	Yes

Table 4 – Crop-Specific Restrictions and Limitations

PEANUTS

Apply the rates of **Ultra Blazer herbicide** recommended in **Table 1** to peanuts pre-emergence, at cracking stage (initiation of soil cracking, but before peanut emergence from the soil), or postemergence to peanuts to control susceptible weeds.

Peanut Tank Mixes

Ultra Blazer may be applied in a tank mix with one of the following herbicides:

Tank Mix Par	rtner	Additive Option
Basagran®	1	A or C
Cadre®		· A
Dual [®] 8E	,	· A
Frontier [®] 6.0		Α
Lasso [®] 4E		A
Poast®		С
Poast [®] HC		С
Poast [®] Plus	i	С
2,4-DB*		A or C

* Do not apply this tank mix after pod-filling stage begins. Refer to **Table 2** for the additive option appropriate to each tank mix.

RICE

Ultra Blazer may be applied when rice is at the late tillering stage up to the early boot stage, which normally occurs in June or July. Rice must be past the 3-leaf stage. Apply Ultra Blazer to hemp sesbania plants before sesbania is in the flowering stage. Best results are obtained when the sesbania growth extends above the rice.

Apply 0.5 pint of **Ultra Blazer** per acre to hemp sesbania plants. A second application of 0.5 pint of **Ultra Blazer** per acre can be made to control later germinating sesbania. To achieve consistent weed control, add 1-2 pints of an 80% active nonionic spray surfactant per 100 gallons of water. Using a spray adjuvant is important for effective control of hemp sesbania.

Specific Restrictions and Limitations

Do not apply Ultra Blazer after the rice reaches the boot stage.

The maximum application rate for rice is 1 pint per acre, per season and should only be used to control hemp sesbania. Do not apply more than 2 applications to rice per season nor exceed 1 pint per acre per season.

Do not use water from treated rice fields for irrigation purposes for other than those labeled for use with Ultra Blazer herbicide.

Do not harvest crayfish from treated rice areas for food.

Rice Tank Mixes

Ultra Blazer may be applied in a tank mix with one of the following herbicides:

Tank Mix Part	ner	Additive Option
Basagran [®]	Ţ	Α
Facet [®] 75 DF	-1	Α
Propanil	:	. A -

Refer to Table 2 for the additive option appropriate for each tank mix.

SOYBEANS

To ensure optimum spray coverage of weeds, apply Ultra Blazer herbicide to small actively growing weeds. Refer to section II Application Instructions and Table 1 for more information. A sequential application of 1 pint of Ultra Blazer following 1 pint of Ultra Blazer can be used to control subsequent weed flushes or escaped weeds before they reach the maximum weed size listed in Table 1.

Soybean Tank Mixes

Ultra Blazer may be applied in a tank mix with one of the following herbicides:

Tank Mix Partner	Additive Option	يونۍ خونه خونه پو نو چو . چو کې	
Assure II ^{®1}	A		-
Basagran [®]	A or C		
Classic [®]	Α	2	
Concert [®] SP (up to 0.25 ounces)	D	نی ت ھ	
First Rate [®]	D	^ఆ లికేళా 1	C
Frontier [®] 6.0	Α		-
Fusilade [®] DX ¹	Α		
Fusion ^{®1}	. A		يني روند الم المراجع الم
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Glyphosate Matador ^{®1}		8.5-17 pounds of AMS per 100 gallons A
Pinnacle [®] (up to 0.25 ounces)	A or D	
Poast ^{®1}		С
Poast [®] HC ¹		С
Poast Plus ^{®1}		С
Pursuit		D
Raptor®		D
Reliance [®] STS SP ² (up to 0.25 ounces)		D
Resource®		С
Scepter®		А
Select [®] 2 EC		С
Skirmish [®]		D
Synchrony [®] STS ² (up to 0.5 ounce)		E
2,4-DB		А

¹ For best results if applying as part of a weed control program with **Ultra Blazer**, follow these guidelines:

• If the partner is applied prior to the Ultra Blazer application, wait 24 hours before applying Ultra Blazer.

• If the partner is applied following the Ultra Blazer application, wait 7 days before applying.

² When applying this tank mix to soybean varieties other than those designated as STS, do not add oil concentrate. Application to soybean varieties not designated as STS will result in severe crop injury or yield loss.

Refer to Table 2 for the additive option appropriate for each tank mix.

Burndown Treatment Before Planting Soybeans

Ultra Blazer alone can be applied any time before planting soybeans to control susceptible weed species present (See Table 1). This application is not intended to replace a full-season weed control program, but is intended to control susceptible weed species present before soybeans are planted. Use a spray additive to enhance burndown activity before planting soybeans.

Burndown Tank Mixes

Ultra Blazer may be applied in a tank mix with one of the following herbicides:

<u>Tank Mix Partner</u>	Additive Option
Poast [®]	C or E
Poast [®] HC	C or E
Poast Plus®	C or E
2,4-D LVE	С

Refer to Table 2 for the additive option appropriate for each tank mix.

STRAWBERRIES

For control of many broadleaf weeds, Ultra Blazer may be applied up to the maximum application rate of 0.375 lb a.i. per acre [1.5 pints Ultra Blazer per acre per season] using ground equipment. Make broadcast applications of the mixture in 20 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Reduce rates proportionately for band or strip treatment. Do not apply more than 0.75 lb a.i. per acre per season [3 pints Ultra Blazer per acre per season].

For Annual Strawberries grown on plastic mulch on plant beds:

Make one banded application before laying plastic mulch and after final land preparation, and prior to transplanting the crop. For best results, avoid soil disturbance during laying of plastic and planting of crop.

For application between rows of plastic mulch, apply as a direct-shielded application to strawberry row middles between mulched beds. Do not allow Ultra Blazer to contact strawberry plants.

For Perennial Strawberries: Make two applications. The first application can be made after the last halvest, on following bed renovation. The second application can be made when the plants are dormant during late fall to early spring. Do not apply the last application within 120 days of strawberry harvest. For application to row middles, Ultra Blazer may be applied up to the maximum rate of 0.375 lb a.i. per acre per season [1.5 pints Ultra Blazer per acre per season].

	Weeds Listed in this Label	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
8 	Broadleaves		·
Common Name	Scientific Name		

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Artichoke, Jerusalem	Helianthus tuberosus
Balloonvine	Cardiospemum halicacaburm
Beggarweed, Florida	Desmodium tortuosum
Beggarticks	Bidens frondosa
Bindweed, Field	Convolvulus arvensis
,Hedge	Convolvulus sepium
Buckwheat, Wild	Polygonum convolvulus
Buffalobur	Solanum rostratum
Burgherkin	Cucumis anguria
Carpetweed	Mollugo verticillata
Citron (Wild Watermelon)	Citrullus vulgaris
Cocklebur, Common	Xanthium pensylvanicum
, Heartleaf	Xanthium strumarium
Copperleaf, Hophornbeam	Acalypha ostryaefolia
,Virginia	Acalypha virginica
Crotolaria, Showy	Crotalaria spectabillis
Croton, Tropic	Croton glandulosus
,Wooly	Croton capitatus Verbesina encelioides
Crownbeard, Golden Cucumber, Wild Spiny	Cucumis dipsaceus
Eclipta	Eclipta alba
Galinsoga, Hairy	Galinsoga ciliata
, Smallflower	Galinsoga parviflora
Groundcherry, Cutleaf	Physalis angulata
, Lanceleaf	Physalis lanceifolia
Indigo, Hairy	Indigo fera hirsuta
Jimsonweed	Datura stramonium
Ladysthumb	Polygonum persicaria
Lambsquarters, Common	Chenopodium album
Milkweed, Climbing	Sarcostemma cyanchoides
,Common	Asclepias syriaca
Morningglory, Cypressvine	Ipomoea quamoclit
, Entireleaf	Ipomoea hederacea var. integruscula
, Ivyleaf	Ipomoea hederacea, var. hederacea
, Purple Moonflower	Ipomoea muricata
, Scarlet	Ipomoea coccinea
, Smallflower	Jacquemontia tamnifolia
, Small White (pitted) ,Tall, Common	Opomoea lacunosa Ipomoea purpurea
,Willowleaf (Palmleaf)	Ipomoea wrightii
Mustard, Wild	Brassica kaber
Nightshade, Black	Solanum nigrum
Eastern Black	Solanum ptycanthum
Pigweed, Palmer	Amaranthus palmeri
, Prostrate	Amaranthus blitoides
, Redroot	Amaranthus retroflexus
, Smooth	Amaranthus hybridus
, Spiny	Amaranthus spinosus
Poinsettia, Wild	Euphorbia heterophylla
Poorjoe	Diodia teres
Purslane, Common	Portulaca oleracea
Pusley, Florida	Richardia scabra
Ragweed, Common	Ambrosia artemisiifolia
,Giant	Ambrosia trifida
Redvine Senna, Coffee	Brunnichia cirrhosa Cassia occidentalis
Sesbania, Hemp	Sesbania exaltata
Sesoania, Hemp Smartweed, Pennsylvania	Polygonum pensylvanicum
Smallmelon	Cucumis melo
Spurge, Prostrate	Euphorbia supina
Spotted	Euphorbia maculata
	Acanthospermum hispidum
Starbur, Bristly	Acanthospermum hispidum Sida spinosa
	Acanthospermum hispidum Sida spinosa Campsis radicans

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Velvetleaf	Abutilon theophrasti
Waterhemp, Common	Amaranthus rudis
,Tall	Amaranthus tuberculatus

	Weeds Listed in This Label	
Grasses		
Common Name	Scientific Name	
Foxtail, Giant	Setaria faberi	
,Green	Setaria viridis	
,Yellow	Setaria lutescens	
Johnsongrass, Seedling	Sorghum halepense	
,Rhizome	Sorghum halepense	
Panicum, Fall	Panicum dichotomiflorum	
,Texas	Panicum texanum	
Shattercane	Sorghum bicolor	
Volunteer Barley	Hordeum vulgare	
,Com	Zea mays	
Oats	Avena sativa	
,Rye	Secale cereale	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Wheat	Triticum aestivum	

Crops	
This product can be used on the following crops:	
Peanut	
Rice	
Soybeans	
Strawberries	1
Read label for complete Restrictions and Limitations and App	plication Instructions

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Do not store below 32°F.

Pesticide Disposal: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mix, or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of according to label instructions, contact the state agency responsible for pesticide regulation or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for lager use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities. If rinsate cannot be used, follow pesticide disposal instructions. If not triple rinsed, these containers are acute hazardous wastes and must be dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

Plastic Containers: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose
 of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of
 smoke.

Bulk/Mini-bulk Containers: Re usable containers should be returned to the point of purchase for cleaning and refilling because the container must be thoroughly cleaned before refilling.

Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled:

Dike and contain the spill with inert material (sand, earth, etc.) and transfer liquid and solid diking material to separate containers for disposal. Remove contaminated clothing, and wash affected skin areas with soap and water. Wash clothing before re-use. Keep the spill out of all sewers and open bodies of water.

READ BEFORE USING PRODUCT

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