

# UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

SEP 11 2009

Ms. Rebecca A. Clemmer Regulatory Manager United Phosphorus, Inc. 630 Freedom Business Center, Suite 402 King of Prussia, PA 19406

Subject: Notification(s) for Label Revisions under PRN 98-10, PRN 2007-4 and

PRN 2001-5

Dear Ms. Clemmer:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application(s) for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notices (PRN) 98-10, 2007-4 and 2001-5 dated, July 15, 2009 for:

## EPA Registration 70506-43

## Surflan AS Herbicide

The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of the request(s) for applicability under PRN 98-10, 2007-4 and 2001-5 and finds that the label changes requested fall within the scope of PRN-98-10, 2007-4 and PRN-2001-5. The label has been date-stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

Please be reminded that 40 CFR Part 156.140(a)(4) requires that a batch code, lot number, or other code identifying the batch of the pesticide distributed and sold be placed on nonrefillable containers. The code may appear either on the label (and can be added by non-notification/PR Notice 98-10) or durably marked on the container itself.

If you have any questions, please contact me directly at 703-305-6249 or Joyce Edwards of my staff at 703-308-8893.

Sincerely,

Linda Arrington

Notifications & Minor Formulations Team Leader Registration Division (7505P)

Office of Pesticide Programs

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Form Appro	oved, OMB No.	2070-0060, Ap	proval expires	5-31-98	フィ
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## **United States**

Registration
Amendment

OPP Identifie	r Numb
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<b>YEFA</b>	Environmental Protection Agency			X Other		
;	Washingt	on, DC 20460	<u> </u>	X Other		
	Арр	lication for	Pesticide – Section			
Company/Product Number 70506-43			EPA Product Ma     J. Miller	inager	3. Propose	ed Classification
4. Company/Product (Name)	an AC harbiaida		PM#		X None	Restricted
United Phosphorus, Inc/Surfla  5. Name and Address of App	licant (Include ZIP Code)		6. Expedited Revi	ew In accordan	ce with FIFR	A Section 3(c)(3)
United Phosphorus, Inc.	nount (morade zii oode)		(b)(i), my product is			
630 Freedom Business Cente	er, Suite 402		to:			
King of Prussia, PA 19406			EPA Reg No.			
Check if this is a new ad	dress		Product Name	<u> </u>		
	<del></del>	Se	ection - II		,	
Amendment – Explain b	elow			labels in respon	se to	
,			Agency lette	,		
Resubmission in respon	se to Agency letter dated		"Me Too" Ap		NOTIFI	CATION
X Notification – Explain be	elow		Other – Expl	ain below	SEP 1	1 2009
Explanation: Use additional	page(s) if necessary. (For	Section I and	Section II.)			
Notification of label change pe						
PRN 2007-4 and 2001-5 and have been made to the labelir						
statement to EPA. I further un						
and I may be subject to enforce		s under section	ns 12 and 14 of FIFRA.	•		······································
		S	ection III			
Material This Product Will !     Child Besides A Product To the Product Will !			Mater Calubia Dealersia		10	f O and a language
Child-Resistant Packaging Yes	Unit Packaging Yes		Water Soluble Packaging	3	Z. Type o	f Container
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*Certification must	If "Yes"	No. per	If "Yes"	No. per	Pape	
be submitted	Unit Packaging wgt.	container	Package wgt	container	Cthe	er (Specify)
3. Location of Net Contents II	nformation	4 Size(s) R	etail Container	5.10	cation of labe	I directions
x Label	Container	2.5 gal, 150		1 —	On Label	a un conona
					On Label acc	ompanying product
6. Manner in Which Label is A	Affixed to Product	Lithogr		Other		
		x Paper	•			•
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1. Contact Person (Complete	items directly below for id			if necessary, to	process this	application.)
Name		Title				clude Area Code)
Rebecca A. Clemmer			tory Manager	610-4	91-2828	
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Rebecca A. Clemmer			7/15/09		860026	0 0 0 0 0 0
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EPA Form 8570-1 (Rev. 8-94) Previous editions are obsolete.

White – EPA File Copy (Original) Yellow — Applicant Copy

# Certification with Respect to Label Integrity

version: 9/11/02

I certify that the information (including, but not limited to, text, tables, and graphics) contained in the electronic file identified below by file name and submitted with this certification is the same information as that on the paper copies of these documents included with this submission.

PROPOSED LABEL							
EPA Registration #	Date Submitted to EPA	Electronic file name					
70506-43 70506-44	July 15, 2009	070506-00043.20090701.Surflan AS herbicide 2007-4.pdf 070506-00044.20090701.Surflan AS Specialty 2007-4.pdf					
70506-45 70506-46		070506-00045.20090701.XL 2G 2007-4.pdf 070506-00046.20090701.Surflan Dry Flowable 2007-4.pdf					
70506-50		070506-00050.20090701.Surflan WDG 2007-4.pdf					
70506-53		070506-00053.20090701.UP-Shot DF 2007- 4.pdf					
70506-56		070506-00056.20090701.XL 2GR 2007-4.pdf					

I certify that the statements that I have made on this form are true, accurate, and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statements may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law.

R. Q. Clemmer Signature

July 15, 2009 Date

Rebecca A. Clemmer Name (typed)

Regulatory Manager Title



## United Phosphorus, Inc.

630 Freedom Business Center Suite 402 King of Prussia, PA 19406 (610) 491-2828 (phone) (610) 491-2810 (fax)

Rebecca A. Clemmer Regulatory Manager

July 15, 2009

Joanne Miller (PM 23)
Document Processing Desk (NOTIF)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Room S-4900, One Potomac Yard
2777 S. Crystal Drive
Arlington, VA 22202

Re: Oryzalin Products - Notifications

Dear Ms. Miller:

United Phosphorus, Inc. is submitting revised labels to accomplish the following changes, all of which qualify as Notifications: add herbicide resistance category per PRN 2001-5; update container disposal wording per PRN 2007-4. In addition, some changes have been made as listed in the chart below.

Product Name	EPA Reg. No.	Notification Changes	
Surflan AS herbicide	70506-43 /	Update company and emergency contact; update warranty	
Surflan AS Specialty	70506-44 /	Update company and emergency contact; update warranty	
XL 2G	70506-45 /	Update emergency telephone; small change to warranty	
Surflan Dry Flowable	70506-46/	Update company and emergency contact; update warranty	
Surflan WDG Specialty	70506-50 /	Update company and emergency contact; update warranty	
UP-Shot DF	70506-53 /	Update company and emergency contact: update warranty	
XL 2GR	70506-56	Update emergency telephone. Note that no resistance category is being added to this homeowner product.	

In support, for each label enclosed please find:

- EPA form 8570-1
- Label copy marked to show changes
- Label integrity form
- A CD containing clean pdf copies of each label

Please contact me if you have any questions.

Very truly yours,

Rebecca A. Clemmer

rebecca.clemmer@uniphos.com

R.a. Clemner

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# Surflan® A.S. Herbicide

A preemergence surface-applied herbicide for the control of many annual grasses and certain broadleaf weeds in crops, ornamentals, turf, Christmas tree plantations, non-cropland industrial sites, and established trees grown for pulp.

Active Ingredient:

 **NOTIFICATION** 

SEP 1 1 2009

Contains four pounds of active ingredient per gallon.

# Keep Out of Reach of Children CAUTION

#### First Aid

**If in eyes:** Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact the Rocky Mountain Poison Control Center at 1-866-673-6671 for emergency medical treatment.

For chemical emergency: spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident, call CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

Shake Well Before Using.

EPA Reg. No. 70506-43 EPA Est. No.



United Phosphorus, Inc.
 630 Freedom Business Center
 King of Prussia, PA 19406
 1-800-438-6071 • www.upi-usa.com

**Net Contents:** 

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Conditions of Sale & Limitation of Warranty and Liability

Other Uses – Specific Use Directions
Christmas Tree Plantations
Established Trees Grown for Pulp
Noncropland Areas and Industrial Sites

## **Precautionary Statements**

# Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing.

## Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves
- Shoes plus socks
- Mixers and loaders must wear a chemical-resistant apron in addition to other PPE.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

## **Engineering Controls Statements**

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

## **User Safety Recommendations**

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **Environmental Hazards**.

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. Cover or incorporate spills.

## **Directions for Use**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read all directions for use carefully before applying.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

## Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and

exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours. **Exception:** If the product is soil-injected or soil incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

Workers may enter treated areas without required PPE during the reentry interval following 1/2 to 1 inch of rainfall or irrigation, if they are performing tasks that do not involve contact with the soil subsurface; otherwise, PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves
- Shoes plus socks

## Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for Agricultural Pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

**Entry Restrictions for Non-WPS Uses:** Keep all persons, children and pets out of treated area until sprays have dried.

## Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

**Pesticide Storage:** Store in original container only. In case of leak or spill, use absorbent materials to contain liquids and dispose of as waste.

**Pesticide Disposal:** Wastes resulting from use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

**Container Disposal:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Clean container promptly after emptying.

[for containers less than or equal to 5 gallons] Triple rinse as follows: empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

[for containers greater than 5 gallons] Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Turn the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

[all sizes] Offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

**General Information** 

Surflan A.S. herbicide is a preemergence, surface applied herbicide for the control of many annual grasses and certain broadleaf weeds. Surflan A.S. controls susceptible annual weeds by disrupting plant growth processes during germination. Surflan A.S. may be applied in liquid sprays of water or liquid fertilizer, and may be tank mixed with other herbicides to control existing vegetation or improve the spectrum of weeds controlled. Surflan A.S. alone does not control established weeds. Crop uses: citrus fruits, fruit and nut trees, berries, vineyards (bearing and non-bearing) Ornamental uses: ornamentals (trees, shrubs, groundcovers/perennials, flowers, nonbearing trees and vines), ornamental bulbs, turf grasses Other uses: Christmas tree plantations, established trees grown for pulp, noncropland areas and

industrial sites.

Surflan A.S. is orange in color and may cause temporary discoloration of sprayed surfaces. If this discoloration is undesirable, it may be altered by using a commercially available colorant such as Blazon or removed by spraying surface with water or washing with an industrial cleaner immediately after application. Surflan A.S. may also be applied with colorants, such as Mulch Magic or Nu-Mulch,

Surflan A.S. may be applied before or after transplanting of the crop. If applied prior to transplanting: (1) disturbance of surface soil should be minimized to prevent loss of weed control; and (2) exposure of the roots of transplants to treated soil should be minimized to avoid any possibility of crop injury.

## **General Use Precautions and Restrictions**

- Do not graze or feed forage from treated areas to livestock.
- Poor weed control may result if directions are not carefully followed.
- Do not over-apply Surflan A.S. Over-application may result in crop injury.
- Do not plant any root crop for 12 months following a Surflan A.S. application.
- Do not use Surflan, A.S. on soils containing more than 5% organic matter.
- Apply Surflan A.S. directly to the soil surface in orchards or vineyards.
- For orchard crops, including citrus, pome fruits, stone fruits, and tree nuts, apply product only as a strip treatment in the tree rows; do not apply to row middles or drive rows.
- Carefully follow label directions to avoid poor weed control or crop injury.
- Chemigation: See instructions for chemigation in "Application Methods".
- Do not aerially apply this product.

Precaution: Avoid spray drift to non-target areas when applying Surflan A.S. Spray drift may result in reduced emergence of non-target plants adjacent to the treated area. Poor weed control may result if directions are not followed. Over-application may result in crop injury and in residues that exceed tolerance regulations, or in excessive soil residue that may be injurious to rotational crops.

Rotation Crop Interval: To avoid crop injury, a 24 month rotational interval is recommended when rotating from tree and vine crops to row crops.

#### Weeds and Grasses Controlled

Annual Grasses

**Common Name** 

barley, little

barnyardgrass (watergrass)

bluegrass, annual (poa)

brachiaria (signalgrass)

crabgrass

(large crabgrass)

(smooth crabgrass)

Scientific Name

Hordeum pusillum

Echinochloa crus-galli

Poa annua

Brachiaria spp.

Digitaria spp.

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cupgrass downy brome foxtails (bottlegrass) (bristlegrass) (giant foxtail) (green foxtail) (pigeongrass) (robust foxtail) (yellow foxtail) guineagrass (narrowleaf panicum)

crowfootgrass

Goosegrass (silver

crabgrass)

johnsongrass (seedling only)

junglerice

lovegrass, Mexican lovegrass, orcutt

oat, wild

panicum, browntop

panicum, fall

(spreading panicgrass)

panicum, Texas (buffalograss) (Coloradograss)

ryegrass, annual (Italian)

sandbur, field sprangletop, red witchgrass

Panicum maximum

Dactyloctenium aegyptium

Eriochloa gracilis

Bromus tectorum

Setaria spp.

Eleusine indica

Sorghum halepense Echinochloa colonum Eragrostis mexicana Eragrostis orcuttiana Avena fatua Panicum fasciculatum Panicum dichotomiflorum

Panicum texanum

Lolium multiflorum Cenchrus incertus Leptochloa filiformis Panicum capillare

## **Annual Broadleaf Weeds Common Name**

bittercress carpet weed chickweed, common

cudweed

fiddleneck, coast filaree, redstem filaree, whitestem Florida pusley

(Florida purslane) (Mexican clover)

(pusley)

groundsel, common

henbit

knotweed, prostrate lambsquarters

pigweeds (carelessweed) (prostrate pigweed) (redroot pigweed) (rough pigweed) (smooth pigweed) (spiny pigweed) (spring pigweed)

Scientific Name

Cardamine oligosperma Mollugo verticillata Stellaria media Gnaphalium chilense Amsinckia intermedia Erodium cicutarium Erodium moschatum Richardia scabra

Senecio vulgaris Lamium amplexicaule Polygonum aviculare Chenopodium album Amaranthus spp.

(tumble pigweed)

puncturevine purslane, common rocket, London rockpurslane, desert rockpurslane, redmaids shepherdspurse spurge, prostrate

Tribulus terrestris Portulaca oleracea Sisymbrium irio Calandrinia ciliata Calandrinia caulescens Capsella bursa-pastoris Euphorbia humistrata

woodsorrel, yellow Oxalis stricta

## Surflan A.S. provides partial control or suppression of:

**Common Name** groundsel, common horseweed

Conyza canadensis ladysthumb Polygonum persicaria lettuce, prickly Lactuca serriola mallow, common Malva neglecta

milkweed, climbing morningglory, annual

mustard, black mustard, wild nightshade, black prickly sida (teaweed)

ragweed, common ragweed, giant

smartweed, annual sowthistle, annual spurge, spotted

teaweed (prickly sida) velvetleaf

wheat, volunteer-

**Scientific Name** Senecio vulgaris

Sarcostemma cynanchoides

Ipomoea spp. Brassica nigra Sinapis arvensis Solanum nigrum

Sida spinosa

Ambrosia artemisiifolia

Ambrosia trifida Polygonum spp. Sonchus oleraceus Euphorbia maculata

Sida spinosa

Abutilon theophrasti

Triticum spp.

## **Crop-Specific Use Directions**

## Tree and Vine Crops - Citrus, Fruit and Nut Trees, Berries and Vineyards (Non-Bearing and Bearing)

Apply Surflan A.S. as a preemergence treatment to control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed in "General Information" section. Observe all precautions and restrictions in the "General Information" section.

Crop Listing: Surflan A.S. may be applied to crops listed under the following crop groupings:

Citrus Fruits	Pome and Stone Fruits	Tree Nuts	Berries	Vineyards
citrus citron citrus hybrids grapefruit kumquat lime lemon mandarin	apple apricot cherry crabapple loquat mayhaw nectarine peach	almond chestnut chinquapin filbert hickory nut macadamia nut pecan pistachio	blackberry blueberry boysenberry currant dewberry elderberry gooseberry loganberry	grapes

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(tangerine)	pear	walnut	raspberry	
orange	.plum			
pummelo	prune			
	quince			
,				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup>Do not apply Surflan A.S. to lowbush blueberries.

In addition to the crops within crop groupings listed above, Surflan A.S. may be used in the following crops: avocado, fig, guava, kiwi fruit, olive, papaya, and pomegranate

## **Soil Preparation**

Surflan A.S. controls weeds growing from seed. Surflan A.S. will not control emerged weeds. Surflan A.S. does not control established weeds, weeds growing from stolens, rhizomes, or root pieces. Therefore, areas to be treated should be free of emerged weeds. Weed residues, prunings, and trash should be thoroughly mixed into the soil or removed prior to treatment. In field applications, the soil should be in good tilth and free of clods at the time of application.

## **Broadcast Application Rates**

Soil Texture	Length of Control	Surflan A.S. (qt/acre)	Minimum Time Between Applications (months)	Total Amount Allowed Per Year (qt/acre/)
All Soil Textures	Short Term (2 - 4 months)	2	2.5	12
	Long Term (6 - 8 months)	4	2.5	. 12
	(8 - 12	· 6	2.5	12
	months)			

#### **Activation and Cultivation**

A single 1/2 to 1 inch rainfall or sprinkler irrigation is required to activate Surflan A.S. and move the herbicide into the zone of weed germination. Rainfall or irrigation of 1 inch or more is needed to activate Surflan A.S. on fine-textured, high organic matter soils. If weeds begin to emerge, a shallow cultivation to a depth of 1 to 2 inches will destroy existing weeds and place Surflan A.S. in the zone of weed germination.

## **Mixing Directions**

#### Surflan A.S. - Alone

Surflan A.S. may be applied in water or most liquid fertilizer materials. Prior to mixing Surflan A.S. in liquid fertilizer, refer to "Testing for Compatibility in Liquid Fertilizers" for test procedures to determine compatibility with the fertilizer product to be used. The combination of Surflan A.S. with solution and suspension-type fertilizers provides annual weed control equal to Surflan A.S. applied in water. Individual state regulations relating to liquid fertilizer mixing, registration, labeling and application are the responsibility of the individual and/or company offering the fertilizer and chemical mixture for sale.

Start with a clean spray tank. Fill the sprayer to 1/3 to 1/2 of the required spray volume. Start agitation. Shake the container well and add the correct amount of Surflan A.S., continue agitation and fill spray tank to required spray volume. Maintain continuous agitation from mixing through application.

**Precaution:** Do not allow the mixture to siphon back into the water source.

Surflan A.S. in Tank Mix

Vigorous, continuous agitation during mixing, filling and throughout application is required for all tank mixes. Sparger pipe agitators generally provide the most effective agitation in spray tanks. To prevent foaming in the spray tank, avoid stirring or splashing air into the spray mixture.

Surflan A.S. may be tank mixed with label rates of other products and applied with water or most liquid fertilizer materials, provided (1) the tank mix product is labeled for the timing and method of application for the use site to be treated; (2) tank mixing is not prohibited by the label of the tank mix product; and (3) A (jar) test is performed to ensure the compatibility of products to be used in tank mixture.

#### Surflan A.S. Tank Mix Recommendations:

To broaden the spectrum of weed control, Surflan A.S. may be applied in tank mix combination with labeled rates of other herbicide products, including, but not limited to Goal, Gramoxone, Princep (Simazine), glyphosate, or Solicam herbicide. Performance and risk of carryover from tank mixed products used in combination with Surflan A.S. at recommended rates is the same as when each product is used separately.

#### **Tank Mixing Precautions:**

- Read carefully and follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels.
- Do not exceed recommended application rates.
- For products packaged in water soluble packaging, do not tank mix with products containing boron or mix in equipment previously used to apply a product mixture containing boron unless the tank and spray equipment has been thoroughly cleaned.

Tank Mix Compatibility Testing: A jar test is recommended prior to tank mixing to ensure compatibility of Surflan A.S. and other products: Use a clear glass quart jar with lid and mix the tank mix ingredients in their relative proportions. Invert the jar containing the mixture several times and observe the mixture for approximately 1/2 hour. If the mixture balls-up, forms flakes, sludges, gels, oily films or layers, or other precipitates, it is not compatible and the tank mix combination should not be used.

**Mixing Order (Tank Mixing with Water):** Fill the spray tank to 1/4 to 1/3 of the total spray volume. Start agitation. Add different formulation types in the following order, allowing time for complete mixing and dispersion after addition of each product (allow extra mixing and dispersion time for dry flowable products):

- Add dry flowables, wettable powders; Surflan A.S. or other aqueous suspensions, flowables and water-based solutions.
- 2. Maintain agitation and fill spray tank to 3/4 of total spray volume. Then add any emulsifiable concentrates.

Finish filling the spray tank. Maintain continuous agitation during mixing, final filling and throughout application. If spraying and agitation must be stopped before the spray tank is empty, the materials may settle to the bottom. Settled materials must be resuspended before spraying is resumed. A sparger agitator is particularly useful for this purpose. Settled material may be more difficult to resuspend than when originally mixed.

Tank Mixing with Liquid Fertilizer: Prior to mixing Surflan A.S. with other products in liquid fertilizer, refer to the tank mix product manufacturer's label to determine if application in liquid fertilizer is recommended. Also refer to "Testing for Compatibility in Liquid Fertilizers" for testing procedures to determine tank mix compatibility with the liquid fertilizer product to be used. The combination of Surflan A.S. with solution and suspension-type fertilizers provides annual weed control equal to Surflan A.S. applied in water. Individual state regulations relating to liquid fertilizer mixing, registration, labeling and application are the responsibility of the individual and/or company offering the fertilizer and chemical mixture for sale. Read and follow all label instructions for each material to be added to the spray tank.

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Vigorous continuous agitation is required for all tank mixes. Sparger pipe agitators generally provide the best agitation in spray tank. To prevent foaming, keep the end of the fill pipe below the surface of the water in the spray tank during filling to prevent air from being stirred or splashed into the mixture.

**Mixing Order (Tank Mixing With Liquid Fertilizer):** Fill the spray tank to 3/4 of the total spray volume required. Start agitation. Add different formulation types in the following order, allowing time for complete mixing and dispersion after addition of each product. (Allow extra mixing and dispersion time for dry flowable products):

Dry flowables; wettable powders; Surflan A.S. or other aqueous suspensions, flowables, water-based solutions, and any emulsifiable concentrates.

Finish filling spray tank. Maintain continuous agitation during mixing, final filling and throughout application. If spraying and agitation must be stopped before the spray tank is empty, the materials may settle to the bottom. Settled materials must be suspended before spraying is resumed. A sparger agitator is particularly useful for this purpose. Settled materials may be more difficult to resuspend than when originally mixed.

**Premixing:** When tank mixing, initial mixing and dispersion of certain dry flowable or wettable powder products may be improved by premixing with water (slurrying). Where recommended, follow product label instructions for each material. Adding the slurried material to the spray tank through a 20 to 35 mesh wetting screen will help assure good initial dispersion. Line screens in the tank should be no finer than 50 mesh (100 mesh is finer than 50 mesh).

## **Testing for Compatibility in Liquid Fertilizers**

Surflan A.S. alone or in combination with dry flowable (DF), wettable powder (WP), aqueous suspension (AS), flowable (F), liquid (L), solution (S) or emulsifiable concentrate (EC) formulations may not combine properly with some liquid fertilizer materials. Small quantities of such mixtures should **always** be tested before full-scale mixing. Follow the testing procedure below to determine if a compatibility agent is needed or which compatibility agent works best in your liquid fertilizer plus herbicide mixture.

## **Testing Procedure**

- 1. Add 1 pint of liquid fertilizer to 1-quart glass jar.
- Add 1 to 4 teaspoonfuls of DF, WP, Surflan A.S., other AS formulations, F, or L formulations, depending on mixing ratio required, to the liquid fertilizer. Close the jar and shake until evenly dispersed after addition of each formulation. If dry flowable or wettable powder formulations do not disperse well, it may be necessary to slurry the materials in a small amount of water before addition to the liquid fertilizer.
- 3. After dispersing the materials in step 2, add any S formulations to the jar and shake well. Finally, add EC formulations to the mixture and shake well. Observe the jar for about 10 minutes. If materials rise to the surface and form a thick layer that will not redisperse when agitated, a compatibility agent is needed. If the mixture is easily redispersed with slight agitation, a compatibility agent is not required. Good agitation, however, must be provided to maintain dispersion in the spray tank from mixing through application.
- 4. If the need for a compatibility agent is demonstrated in step 3, the following procedure is recommended: Using a clean clear plastic or glass container, repeat step 1 above and add 1/2 teaspoon of the compatibility agent to the liquid fertilizer mixture. Shake well and then repeat steps 2 and 3.

An effective compatibility agent will cause the mixture to remain uniformly mixed with little or no separation for 1/2 hour or longer. If slight separation occurs, 2 to 3 inversions of container should be sufficient to uniformly redisperse the mixture. If layers form which will not disperse, try adding additional compatibility agent or use an alternative compatibility agent to achieve a uniform mixture.

Use a clean jar in each test. A compatible mixture will have a uniform appearance and will be relatively easy to redisperse with gentle agitation of the jar.

## **Compatibility Agents**

Use a phosphate ester-type surfactant designed for use with liquid fertilizers mixed at rates as low as 1. 1/2 to 2 pints per ton of liquid fertilizer. This type of surfactant usually doesn't work well as compatibility agent for tank mixes in plain water. Add the compatibility agent just before adding herbicides. Read and follow label directions for the compatibility agent.

## **Application Methods**

## **Ground Broadcast Application**

Apply Surflan A.S. directly to the soil surface of the orchard or vineyard in a total spray volume of 20 to 40 gallons per acre (broadcast basis), using any properly calibrated low pressure herbicide sprayer that will apply the spray uniformly. Use herbicide nozzle tips and screens no finer than 50 mesh for nozzle and inline strainers. As the amount of spray volume per acre decreases, the importance of accurate calibration and uniform application increases. Check the sprayer daily to insure proper calibration and uniform application. Avoid boom overlaps that will increase rates above those recommended.

#### **Band Application**

For band application, use the following formula to calculate the required amount of product per acre.

Band Width (inches)				
***************************************	Χ	Broadcast rate per acre	=	Amount required per acre
Row Width (inches)				

#### Chemigation

Surflan A.S. may be applied through properly equipped chemigation systems for weed control in fruit and nut orchards or vineyards. Read and follow all label instructions outlined below concerning chemication before applying Surflan A.S. by this method. Apply Surflan A.S. by chemigation prior to weed germination or immediately after existing weeds have been controlled. Control existing unwanted vegetation by tillage or with a contact or translocated herbicide. Use broadcast application rates recommended for Surflan A.S. alone. Apply in sprinkler irrigation equal to 1/2 to 1 inch of water on medium to fine textured or high organic matter soils.

Chemigation Use Precautions: Apply this product only through solid set or hand move systems designed to distribute sprinkler irrigation beneath the tree canopy. Solid set systems utilizing tall risers for overhead application are excluded, except for dormant season applications of Surflan A.S. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration you should contact state extension specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Sprinkler Chemigation Directions: The following directions must be followed for all recommended sprinkler irrigation systems (solid set and hand move systems):

- 1. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back-flow.
- 2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point that pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
- 8. Surflan A.S. should be injected continuously throughout the chemigation period. The chemigation metering pump should be checked periodically during application to insure proper operation.
- 9. The injection metering pump must be calibrated as specified by the manufacturer.
- 10. During chemigation, maintain agitation in supply tank at all times.
- 11. Surflan A.S. may cause some staining of plastic hoses and tanks.
- 12. Apply Surflan A.S. in sprinkler irrigation equal to 1/2 to 1 inch of water.

Chemigation System Calibration: Sample calculation for use of Surflan A.S. in a chemigation system:

- Assume, in this example, 35 acres are to be covered by a chemigation treatment.
- Product required, assuming 1 quart per acre is 35 quarts (8.75 gallons).
- Prepare a mixture containing 1 part water and 1 part Surflan A.S. by adding 8.75 gallons of product to the supply tank containing an equal amount of water (total volume = 17.5 gallons).
- Adjust the injection system to deliver 17.5 gallons during the time required to apply 1 inch of water to 35 acres.
- If the irrigation system requires 5 hours to apply 1 inch of water to 35 acres, the injection rate is 3.5 gallons per hour and is calculated as follows:

17.5 gallons/5 hours = 3.5 gallons/hour [3.5 gallons = 448 fluid ounces (fl oz)]

Proper calibration requires the injection pump to be adjusted to deliver 7.47 fl oz per minute and is calculated as follows:

448 fl oz per hr/60 min per hr = 7.47 fl oz/min.

Chemigation Mixing Directions: The injection mixture (slurry) with minimum volume may be prepared by adding the required amount of Surflan A.S. to an equal amount of water in the injection tank (ratio Surflan A.S. to water = 1:1). Meter the mixture into the irrigation system during the entire irrigation period. Additional dilution of Surflan A.S. may be necessary for accurate calibration of equipment designed to deliver a larger injection volume per hour. Maintain supply tank agitation throughout the irrigation period.

Undiluted Surflan A.S. should not be injected into chemigation systems.

**Non-Bearing Tree and Vine Crops:** For additional broad spectrum control of broadleaf weeds in non-bearing fruit and nut trees, berries, and vineyards, Surflan A.S. may be applied in tank mix combination with labeled rates of Gallery\* 75 Dry Flowable herbicide. Non-bearing crops are defined as plants that will not bear fruit for at least one year after treatment.

Follow tank mixing instructions in the "Mixing Directions" section of this label when mixing Surflan A.S. with other products.

Applicators must follow the label for the product(s) to be tank mixed with Surflan A.S. for specific information on use rates, additional weeds controlled, rotational crop restrictions or risk of carryover, special tank mix instructions, additional use directions, precautions and limitations.

## Specific Use Directions - Ornamental Plantings and Turf Grass

## **Ornamental Plantings**

Surflan A.S. is recommended for use on certain landscape container- and field-grown established ornamental plants including: trees, shrubs, ground covers/perennials, flowers, non-bearing fruit and nut trees, non-bearing vineyards; and in the production of ornamental bulbs (See "Ornamental Bulbs" section for special use directions). Apply Surflan A.S. as a preemergence treatment to control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed in "General Information" section. Follow all precautions and restrictions in the "General Information" section.

Do not apply through any type of irrigation system for use on ornamentals.

## Treatment of Plant Species Not Listed on the Label for Surflan A.S.

Users who wish to use Surflan A.S. on plant species not recommended on this label may determine the suitability for use by treating a small number of such plants at a recommended rate. Prior to treatment of larger areas, the treated plants should be observed for any sign of herbicidal injury during 30-60 days of normal growing conditions to determine if the treatment is non-injurious to the target plant species. The user assumes responsibility for any plant damage or other liability resulting from use of Surflan A.S. on plant species not recommended on this label.

## **Application**

#### **Soil Preparation**

Surflan A.S. controls weeds growing from seed. Surflan A.S. will not control emerged weeds. Surflan A.S. does not control established weeds, weeds growing from stolens, rhizomes, or root pieces. Therefore, areas to be treated should be free of emerged weeds. Weed residues, prunings, and trash should be thoroughly mixed into the soil or removed prior to treatment. In field applications, the soil should be in good tilth and free of clods at the time of application.

Ground Application: Apply Surflan A.S. as a directed spray to the soil surface or over the top of plants. Use only a properly calibrated, low-pressure, herbicide sprayer that will apply the spray uniformly. Use screens no finer than 50 mesh in nozzles and in-line strainers. Apply the appropriate rate of Surflan A.S., as outlined in "Crop Specific Use Directions" section of this label. In all cases, use sufficient water volume to obtain uniform coverage and deliver the desired rate of Surflan A.S. to the treated area. The volume of water used is not critical, as long as the desired rate of Surflan A.S. is delivered uniformly across the area treated. When calibrating, determine the volume of water delivered by the sprayer to a given area (1,000 sq ft, 1 acre, etc.). Then mix the desired rate of Surflan A.S. in the amount of water required to cover the entire area to be treated. As the amount of water used (spray volume) decreases, the importance of accurate calibration and uniform application increases. Check the sprayer daily to ensure proper calibration and uniform application. Maintain continuous agitation from mixing through

application. Avoid spray pattern skips and overlaps that may result in incomplete coverage or overapplication.

Hand Held or Backpack Sprayer Application: The amount of water used to apply Surflan A.S. herbicide is not critical, but should be sufficient for uniform coverage of the target area. Calibrate by determining the volume of water required to treat 1000 square feet. Use this calibration volume to determine the amount of water and Surflan A.S. herbicide needed to treat the target area (see the following calibration example). Note: Sprayer calibration (volume of spray needed to treat 1,000 square feet) will vary with each individual operator.

## Steps in Calibration:

- 1. Mark an area of 1,000 square feet (i.e. 20 by 50 feet, or 25 by 40 feet).
- 2. Place the sprayer on a level surface and add water noting the final level of water in the spray tank.
- 3. Spray the marked area with a sufficient volume of water to provide uniform coverage. Refill the sprayer to the same level as before measuring the amount of water added. The measured water added to the sprayer is the volume needed to cover 1,000 square feet.
- 4. Determine the application rate (fl oz/1000 sq ft) for Surflan A.S. from the "Crop Specific Use Directions" section of this label.
- 5. To each volume of water used, as measured in step 3, add the amount of Surflan A.S. as determined in step 4.

**Example**: If the sprayer used 2 gallons of water to cover 1,000 square feet and the desired application rate of Surflan A.S. is 3 fluid oz/1,000 square feet, then you would add 3 fluid ounces of Surflan A.S. to every 2 gallons of water to be used.

## **Mixing Directions**

**Precaution:** Do not allow the spray mixture to siphon back into water source.

#### Surflan A.S. - Alone

Make sure spray tank is clean and use only clean water. Fill spray tank 1/2 - 3/4 full. Start agitation and add the required amount of Surflan A.S.. Continue agitation and finish filling the spray tank. Maintain continuous agitation until application is completed.

#### Surflan A.S. - Tank Mix Combinations

Read and carefully follow all label instructions and precautions for each product added to make a tank mixture. Vigorous, continuous agitation is required for all tank mixes of Surflan A.S.. Sparger pipe agitators generally provide the best agitation in spray tanks.

**Mixing Order:** Fill the tank 3/4 full with clean water. Start agitation and add different formulation types in the order indicated below, allowing time for complete mixing and dispersion after addition of each product. Allow extra mixing and dispersion time for dry flowable products.

Add different formulation types in the following order: dry flowables (DF); wettable powders (WP); Surflan A.S. and other aqueous suspensions (AS), flowables (F), and liquids (L); solutions (S); and emulsifiable concentrates (EC).

Continue agitation and finish filling the spray tank with clean water. Maintain agitation until application is completed. If spraying and agitation must be stopped before the spray tank is empty, the materials may settle to the bottom. Settled materials must be completely resuspended before spraying is continued. A sparger agitator is particularly useful for this purpose.

**Premixing:** When tank mixing, initial mixing and dispersion of certain dry flowable or wettable powder products may be improved by premixing with water (slurrying). Adding the slurried material to the spray tank through a wetting screen of 20 or 35 mesh will help assure good initial dispersion.

#### **Equipment Cleaning**



If a buildup of material occurs on the walls of the spray tank, it should be removed between fillings by washing with soap and water and rinsing thoroughly. Tanks, lines, screens, and nozzles should be cleaned thoroughly after each use.

#### **Activation and Cultivation**

Surflan A.S. will remain stable on the soil surface up to 21 days following application. In the absence of timely rainfall, irrigation can be used to activate Surflan A.S. A minimum of one-half (1/2) inch of rain or its equivalent in sprinkler irrigation is necessary to activate Surflan A.S. If weeds begin to emerge due to lack of rainfall or irrigation, shallow cultivate 1-2 inches deep to destroy existing weeds, or remove them by hand. Shallow cultivation to a depth of 1-2 inches will enhance herbicidal effectiveness. Erratic weed control may result if Surflan A.S. is not activated by rainfall, irrigation, or cultivation within 21 days of application, or existing weeds have not been removed.

**Broadcast Application Rates** 

	Length of	Sur	flan A.S.	Minimum Time Between Applications	Total Amount Allowed Per Year
Labeled Use Site	Control	(qt/acre)	(fl oz/1000 sq ft)	(months)	(qt/acre)
Landscape	2 - 4 months	2	1.5	2	8
Ornamentals	3 - 6 months	3	2.2	4	12
	4 - 8 months	4	3	4	12
Field-grown and	2 - 4 months	2	1.5	3	8
container-grown	3 - 6 months	3	2.2	3	9
ornamentals	4 - 8 months	4	3	3	12

#### **Tank Mix Combinations**

Tank mix combinations of Surflan A.S. plus glyphosate, and many other labeled herbicides may be used to control undesirable vegetation in ornamental areas. Surflan A.S. may also be tank mixed with Gallery\* herbicide and applied preemergence to broaden the spectrum of broadleaf weed control in ornamental areas. Applied as directed, these tank mixes of Surflan A.S. will provide control of susceptible weed species listed on the respective labels. Refer to tank mix product labels for specific use directions, precautions, and limitations before use.

**Surflan A.S. Plus glyphosate:** Tank mix combinations of Surflan A.S. plus glyphosate are recommended to control existing undesirable vegetation. Applied as directed, Surflan A.S. plus glyphosate will provide postemergence control of susceptible weed species listed on the label for glyphosate and residual preemergence control of susceptible weed species listed on the label for Surflan A.S. Refer to the label for glyphosate for specific use directions, precautions, and limitations before use.

**Precautions:** Do not apply sprays containing glyphosate over the top of ornamental plants. Extreme care must be exercised to prevent sprays containing glyphosate from coming in contact with foliage and stems of turfgrasses, trees, shrubs, or other desirable vegetation because severe damage or death may result. If spraying with glyphosate in areas adjacent to desirable plants, use a shield to prevent spray from contacting foliage and stems of desirable plants.

#### Special Use Precautions:

Apply only to established plants that have been transplanted into their growing location for a sufficient period of time to allow the soil to be firmly settled around the roots from packing and rainfall or irrigation.

Rooted liners should be removed from their original growing containers and placed in new containers at least two weeks prior to treatment or injury may occur.

To avoid possible injury, do not apply Surflan A.S. to:

Nursery, forest, or Christmas tree: seedling beds, cutting beds, or transplant beds.

- Unrooted liners or cuttings that have been planted in pots for the first time.
- · Pots less than four inches wide.
- · Ground covers until they are established and well rooted.
- · Ornamental plantings where there is likelihood of runoff onto lawn areas.
- · Areas containing dichondra or cool season turfgrass species.

On container grown ornamentals where weed seed germination continues for extended periods of time, do not make repeat applications of Surflan A.S. for at least 90 days or crop injury may occur.

Applications of Surflan A.S. over the top of plants with newly forming buds may cause injury. In this situation a directed spray is recommended.

For soils treated with Surflan A.S. during the previous season, plant only the ornamental species listed on this label or injury may occur.

**Ice Plant:** When establishing unrooted ice plant on coarse-textured soils in landscape plantings, do not exceed the 2 quart per acre rate of Surflan A.S. or crop injury may occur.

**Note:** Injury on the following plant species has been observed following applications of Surflan A.S. and use is not recommended:

Deutzia gracilis (slender deutzia)
Pseudotsuga menziesii (Douglas-fir)
Thuja occidentalis 'Techny' (Techny arborvitae)
Tsuga canadensis (eastern hemlock)
Begonia spp. (begonia)
Coleus hybridus (coleus)

## Surflan A.S. May be Used on the Following Established Plant Species: (Note: Limitations on culture methods).

I rees		mended Culture Methods ld Grown
•		
		ntainer Grown
Scientific Name	Common Name	
Abies balsamea	Fir, balsam	F
Abies concolor	Fir, white	F
Abies fraseri	Fir, fraser	F .
Abies grandis	Fir, grand	F ·
Abies veitchi	Fir, Vietch	F
Abies lasiocarpa	Fir, alpine	F
Abutilon hybridum	Albus-flowering maple	F ੂ
·	Luteus-flowering maple	F
	Roseus-flowering maple	F
	Tangerine-flowering maple	F
	Vesuvius red-flowering maple	F
Acer gimmala	Flame maple	F .
Acer rubrum	Red sunset maple	F
Acer saccharinum	Silver maple	두
Acer spp.	Maple .	F
Alsophila australis	Australian tree fern	C,F
Areacastrum	Queen palm	F
romanzoffianum	, ,	
Betula nigra	Birch, river	F
Betula papyrifera	Paper birch	F
Betula pendula	Birch, white	F
		•

	Scientific Name	Common Name	
	Bucida buceras	Black olive	F
	Carya spp.	Pecan, ornamental	C,F
	Cedrus, atlantica	Atlas cedar	C,F
	Cedrus deodara	Deodar cedar	C,F
	Ceratonia siliqua	Carob	F.
	Cercidium floridum	Palo Verde, blue	F
	Cercis canadensis	Redbud	C,F
	Chamaecyparis lawsoniana	Falsecypress, Lawson,	F
	Chamaecyparis obtusa	Filicoides-fernspray cypress	F
	O, amaro, pano obtaba	Gracilis-slender Hinoki cypress	F
	·Chamaecyparis pisifera	Sawara-false cypress	F
		Squarrosa-moss cypress	F
	Chamaedorea cataractarum	Cat Palm	F
	Chamaedorea costaricana	Palm	F
	Chamaedorea elegans	Parlor palm	F.
	Citrus spp.	Citrus, ornamental	C,F
	Cornus florida	Dogwood, flowering	F,
	Cryptomeria japonica	Cryptomeria, Japanese	C,F
	Cupaniopsis anacardioides	Carrot wood	F, 1
	Cupressus arizonica	Cypress, Arizona	C,F
	(glabra)	Cypiess, Anzona	C,I
	Cupressus glabra	Arizona cypress	C,F
	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Leyland cypress	C,F
	Cupressus sempervirens	Cypress, Italian	C,F
	Dicksonia antarctica	Tasmanian tree fern	C,F
	Elaeagnus angustifolia	Russian olive	C,F
	Eucalyptus camaldulensis	Red gum eucalyptus	F,
	Eucalyptus cinerea	Eucalyptus, mealy	F
	Lucarypius cinerea	Silver dollar eucalyptus	F
	Eucalyptus nicholii	Eucalyptus, narrow-leaved	F
	Eucalyptus sideroxylon	Eucalyptus, red ironbark	F
	Ficus benjamina	Ficus	F
	Fraxinus spp.	Ash	·F
	Ginkgo biloba	Ginkgo (Maidenhair tree)	C,F
	Gleditsia triacanthos	Honey locust	F,
	Heteromeles arbutiflora	Toyon	F
	Juniperus virginiana	Redcedar, Eastern	F
	Koelreuteria paniculata	Goldenrain tree	F
	Liquidambar styraciflua	Sweetgum, American	C,F
	Magnolia spp.	Magnolia Magnolia	_
	Malus spp.	Crabapple	F
	Morus alba	White mulberry	F
	Picea abies	Pendula-weeping Norway spruce	F
	Tioca abics	Repens-spreading Norway	F
		spruce	'
		Spruce, Norway	F
	Picea englemanni	Spruce, Holway Spruce, Englemann	F
	Picea glauca	Spruce, white	F
•	, loca gladea	Conica-dwarf Alberta spruce	F
	Picea alauca conica	Dwarf Alberta spruce	F
	Picea glauca conica Picea mariana	Spruce, black	F
	Picea manana Picea pungens	Glauca-Colorado blue spruce	F
	i ioca pungens	Hoopsii-Hoop's blue spruce	F
		Koster-Koster blue spruce	F
			C,F
		Spruce, Colorado	$\cup$ , $\vdash$

## **Shrubs**

## **Recommended Culture Methods**

F = Field Grown C = Container Grown

Scientific Name	Common Name	
Abelia grandiflora	Glossy abelia	F
Acacia redolens	Acacia, prostrate	F
Agave americana	Century plant	F
Agave macroculmis	Agave	F
Anisodontea hypomandarum	Cape mallow	C,F
Arctostaphylos stanfordiana	Manzanita, Stanford	F
Astilbe chinensis	Astilbe/false spirea	C,F
Baccharis pilularis	Coyotebush	F
Berberis thunbergii	Aurea-golden Japanese barberry	C,F
	Crimson pygmy barberry	C,F
	Atropurea-redleaf Japanese barberry	C,F
	Barberry, Japanese	C,F
Bougainvillea spp.	Barbara Karst	F

Scientific Name	Common Name	
	California gold	F
	Scarlet O'Hara	F
	Texas dawn	F
Buddleia davidii	Butterfly bush	C,F
Buxus microphylla	Littleleaf boxwood	F
Buxus microphylla japonica	Boxwood, Japanese	C,F
Buxus sempervirens	Boxwood, common	C,F
Callistemon citrinus	Bottlebrush, lemon	C,F
Cassia artemisioides	Cassia, feathery	F
Ceanothus americanus	Jerseytea, redroot	C,F
Ceanothus spp.	Wild lilac	C,F
Chaenomeles japonica	Flowering quince	C,F
Chamaecyparis obtusa	Kosteri cypress	F
	Nana-dwarf Hinoki cypress	F
	Torulosa cypress	F
Chamaecyparis pisifera	Squarrosa Minima cypress	F
Chamaecyparis pisifera spp.	Filifera-thread cypress	F
	Areca palm	F
Clethra	Summersweet	C,F
Cleyera japonica	Cleyera, Japanese	C,F
Coleonema pulchrum	Pink breath of heaven	C,F
Comus alba	Sibirica-Siberian dogwood	F
Cornus kousa	Dogwood, kousa	C,F
Cornus stolonifera	Flaviramea-yellowtwig dogwood	F
Cotoneaster adpressus	Praecox-early cotoneaster	F
Cotoneaster apiculatus	Cotoneaster, cranberry	C,F
Cotoneaster buxifolius	Cotoneaster, brightbead	F
Cotoneaster congestus	Cotoneaster, Pyrenees	F
Cotoneaster dammeri	Cotoneaster, bearberry	C,F
Cotoneaster himalayan	Himalayan cotoneaster	F
Cotoneaster horizontalis	Cotoneaster, rock	C,F
Cotoneaster lacteus	Cotoneaster, parney	C,F
Cotoneaster microphyllus	Cotoneaster, rockspray	F
Cotoneaster salicifolia	Willowleaf cotoneaster	C,F
Cytisus praecox	Hollandia-warminster broom	F
Cytisus scoparius	Lena-Scotch broom	F
Dasylirion wheeleri	Sotol, desert spoon	F
Deutzia crenata	Nakiana-dwarf deutzia	F
Dodonaea viscosa	Hopseedbush, clammy	F
	Hopseed bush	F
Escallonia exoniensis	Escallonia	C,F
Euonymus alata	Euonymus, winged	F
Euonymus fortunei	Canadale gold euonymus	C,F
	Emerald'n gold euonymus	C,F
	Euonymus, stringybark	C,F
	Wintercreeper	C,F
Euonymus japonica	Euonymus, evergreen	C,F
	Silver king euonymus	F
Euonymus kiatschovica	Spreading euonymus	F
Euonymus vegetus	Bigleaf wintercreeper	C,F
Fatshedera lizei	Fatshedera	C,F
Fatsia japonica	Japanese aralia	C,F
Felicia amelloides	Blue marguerite	C,F
Forsythia intermedia	Forsythia, border	F
Gardenia jasminoides	Gardenia	C,F

Scientific Name	Common Name	_
Genista pilosa Hibiscus rosa-sinesis	Woadwaxen	F F
Hibiscus (OSa-Siriesis	Ross Estey-hibiscus Hibiscus, Chinese	F
Hibiscus syriacus	Rose of Sharon,Red Bird	F
Tibiscus Syriacus	Rose of Sharon, Red Heart	, F
	Rose of Sharon, Woodbridge	F
	Rose-of-Sharon (Shrubalthea)	F
Hydrangea macrophylla	Hydrangea, French	C, F
Hydrangea quercifolia	Hydrangea, Oakleaf	C, F
llex aquifolium	Balkans holly	F
	Gold coast holly	F
	Holly, English	F
llex aquipernyi	San Jose holly	C,F
llex cornuta	Dwarf Burford holly	C,F
	Holly, Chinese	C,F
llex crenata	Compacta-dwarf Japanese holly	C,F
	Convexa holly	C,F
	Helleri-Heller's Japanese holly	C,F
	Holly, Japanese	C,F
llex glabra	Nordica-inkberry holly	F
llex meserveae	Blue boy holly	F
	Blue girl holly	F
	Ebony magic holly	F
Ilex vomitoria	Nana-dwarf yaupon holly	C,F
	Pendula-weeping yaupon holly	C,F
lumina mua abina maia	yaupon holly	,C,F
Juniperus chinensis	Media-old gold juniper	C,F
Juniperus conferta Juniperus horizontalis	Emerald sea shore juniper	F C,F
Jumperus nonzomans	Huntington blue juniper Wiltonii-blue carpet juniper	C,F
Juniperus procumbens	Nana-dwarf Japanese garden	C,F
·	juniper	
Juniperus prostrata	Prostrata juniper	C,F
Juniperus sabina	Broadmoor juniper	F
	Foemina-Hicks juniper	F
	Tamariscifolia-Tam juniper	F
Juniperus scopulorum	Emerald green juniper	F _
Juniperus spp.	Juniper	C,F
Juniperus squamata	Blue juniper	F
	Blue star juniper	F
lusticio brandagana	Parsonii juniper	F
Justicia brandegeana Justicia spicigera	Shrimp plant	C,F F
Kalmia latifolia	Honeysuckle, Mexican Laurel, mountain	F
Lagerstroemia indica	Crape myrtle	C,F
Lavandula angustifolia	English lavender	C,F
Leucothoe axillaris	Leucothoe, coast	F ·
Leucothoe fontanesiana	Leucothoe, drooping	F
Ligustrum amurense	Privet, amur	C,F
Ligustrum japonicum	Privet, Japanese	C,F
<i>y</i> • • • • •	yellow tip ligustrum	C,F
Ligustrum lucidum	Privet, glossy	C,F
Ligustrum ovalifolium	California privet	F
Ligustrum texanum	Howardi privet	F
	Wax leaf privet	F

Scientific Name	Common Name	
Ligustrum vicaryi	Privet, golden	C,F
Ligadiram vioury	Vicary golden privet	C,F
Livistona chinensis	Chinese fountain palm	F,
Lonicera fragrantissima	Winter honeysuckle	F
Lonicera periclymenum	Flowering woodbine	F
Eomeera penerymenam	Serotina woodbine	F
Lonicera sempervirens	Trumpet honeysuckle	F
Lorpetalum chinense	(No common name)	C,F
Mahonia aquifolium	Oregon grape	F,
Myoporum parvifolium	Myoporum, prostrate	F
Myrtus communis	Myrtle, true	C,F
Nandina domestica	Compacta-dwarf heavenly bamboo	C,F
ivanuma domestica	Harbour dwarf-heavenly bamboo	C,F
		C,F
	Heavenly bamboo (Nandina)	C,F
	Nana compacta-heavenly bamboo	C,F
•	Nana purpurea-heavenly bamboo	C,F
Nerium oleander	Woods dwarf-heavenly bamboo	
iverium oleander	Hardy red oleander Oleander	C,F C,F
	Ruby lace oleander	
Osmanthus hotorophyllus	Osmanthus, holly-leaf	C,F F
Osmanthus heterophyllus Pachysandra terminalis	Japanese spurge	C,F
Philadelphus spp.	Mockorange	C,F
Phoenix roebelenii	Pigmy date palm	F.
Photinia fraseri	Fraser's photinia	C,F
Theuma masem	Photinia	C,F
Pieris japonica	Lily-of-the-valley	F,
Tions Japoniou	Snowdrift lily-of-the-valley	F
	Temple bells lily-of-the-valley	F
	Valley rose lily-of-the-valley	F
	Andromeda	Ċ,F
Pittosporum spp.	Pittosporum	C,F
Pittosporum tobira	Green pittosporum	F
	Japanese pittosporum	F
	Tobira	F ·
•	Wheeler's dwarf pittosporum	F
Platycladus orientalis	Arborvitae, Oriental	C,F
Plumbago ariculata	Blue cape plumbago	F
Podocarpus macrophyllus	Yewpine	C,F
Potentilla fragiformis	Cinquefoil	F
Potentilla fruticosa	Cinquefoil	C,F
Protea neriifolia	Protea	F
Pyracantha coccinea	Firethorn, scarlet	C,F
Pyracantha fortuneana	Lolendei Monrovia pyracantha	C,F
Pyracantha fortuneana	Monon pyracantha	C,F
	Red elf hybrid pyrcantha	C,F
	Rutgers hybrid pyracantha	C,F
	Santa Cruz pyracantha	C,F
	Victory pyracantha	C,F
Pyracantha skoidzumi	Firethorn, formosa	C,F
Pyracantha, fortuneana	Firethorn	C,F
Rhaphiolepis indica	Enchantress-Moness rhaphiolepis	F_
	Rhaphiolepsis (India hawthorn)	C,F
	Springtime-Monme rhaphiolepis	F
Rhaphiolepis ovata	Roundleaf rhaphiolepis	F

Scientific Name Rhipsalidopsis gaertneri Rhododendron calendulaceum Rhododendron	Common Name Eastercactus Flame azalea Butterfly rhododendron	C,F F F
campylocarpum Rhododendron carolinianum x daurium	PJM rhododendron	F
Rhododendron catawbiense  Rhododendron forrestii x	Catawba album rhododendron Catawba rhododendron Lord Roberts rhododendron Rocket rhododendron Elizabeth rhododendron	C,F C,F C,F F
griersonianum Rhododendron hybrid spp.	America rhododendron English Roseum rhododendron Nova Zembla rhododendron Scintillation rhododendron	F F F
Rhododendron impeditum Rhododendron indica	Rhododendron Formosa azalea Waucabusa azalea	F C,F C,F
Rhododendron kerume	Coral bells azalea Hino crimson azalea Hino pink azalea Snow azalea	C,F C,F C,F
Rhododendron maximum	Rhodie max (rosebay)	C,F
Rhododendron mucronulatum	Rhododendron	F
Rhododendron satuski	Gumpo pink azalea Higasa azalea	F· F
Rhododendron spp.	Azalea Rhododendron	C,F C,F
Rhododendron spp. hybrids	Carror azalea Girard Roberta azalea Golden flare exbury azalea	C,F F F
Rhus lancea	Sumac, African	C,F
Rosa rugosa	Ramanas rose	F
Rosmarinus officinalis	Rosemary	F
Senecio cineraria	Dusty miller	C,F
Spiraea vanhouttei	Bridal wreath	F
Syringa vulgaris	Lilac, common	C,F
Syzygium paniculata	Brush cherry	C,F
Taxus cuspidata	Yew, Japanese	F
Taxus media	Yew	F
Thuja occidentalis	Arborvitae, American	C,F
	Emerald arborvitae	F
	Globosa-globe arborvitae	F
	Little giant-dwarf arborvitae	F
	Nigra-dark American arborvitae	F
	Pyramidalis arborvitae	F
	Rheingold arborvitae	F
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Woodwardii arborvitae	F
Thuja orientalis	Aureus nana-dwarf golden arborvitae	F
	Minima glauca-dwarf arborvitae	F
Thuja plicata	Red Cedar, Western	F
Trachelospermum jasminoides Veitchia merrilli	Star jasmine, Chinese Christmas palm	F F

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Scientific Name	Common Name	
Vibumum carlesii	Koreanspice viburnum	C,F
Viburnum davidii	David viburnum	F
Viburnum japonicum	Viburnum	F
Viburnum judd (V X Judii)	Viburnum	C,F
Viburnum opulus sterile	Common snowball viburnum	F
Viburnum plicatum	Doublefile viburnum	F
tomentosum		
Viburnum setigerum	Tea viburnum	F
Virbunum suspensum	Virbumum, Sandankwa	F
Viburnum tinus	Viburnum, Laurustinus	C,F
	Compactum-spring bouquet	F
	viburņum	1
Viburnum tinus compactum	Spring bouquet viburnum	F
Viburnum trilobum compactum	Dwarf cranberry bush	F
Viburnum x pragense	Viburnum	F
Weigela florida	Bristol ruby weigela ,	F
_	Java red weigela	F
	Minuet weigela	F
	Weigela, oldfashioned	F
Xylosma congestum	Xylosma	F
Yucca elata	Yucca, soaptree	· C,F
Yucca recurvifolia	Yucca, pendulous	F

## Groundcovers/Perennials

## Recommended Culture Methods F = Field Grown C = Container Grown

Scientific Name	Common Name	
Agapanthus africanus	Lily-of-the-Nile	C,F
Ajuga spp.	Carpet bugie	F
Arctotheca calendula	Cape weed	F
Asparagus retrofractus	(No common name)	C,F
Asparagus varieegata	Tree fern	C,F
Aster novae-angliae	New England aster	C,F
Aster novi-belgii	New York aster	C,F
Athyrium nipponimcum	Japanese painter fern	C,F
Brassica oleracea	Wild cabbage	C,F
Callistepheus chinensis	China aster	C,F
Campanula elatines	Beliflower	C,F
Carpobrotus edulis	Ice plant, largeleaf (see label)	F
Clytostoma callistegioides	Trumpet vine, violet	C,F
Cortaderia selloana	Pampas grass	F
Cuphea hyssopifolia	False Mexican heather	C,F
Delosperma alba	White iceplant	F
Dietes vegeta	Fortnight lily	C,F
Digitalis mertonensis	Foxglove	C,F
Doronicum cordatum	Leopard's bane	C,F
Drosanthemum floribundum	Trailing rosea iceplant	F
Erianthus ravennae	Hardy pampus grass	C.F
Festuca ovina glauca	Blue fescue	F
Gaillardia grandiflora	Blanket flower	C,F
Gazania rigens leucolaena	Gazania, trailing	C,F
Gazania spp.	Gazania	F
Hedera canariensis	Ivy, Algerian	F

Scientific Name Hedera helix Heliotropium fragrans Hemerocallis spp. Hosta lancifoila Hosta spp. Heuchera micrantha Hypericum spp. Iberis sempervirens Lampranthus spectabilis Leptospermum scaparium Limonium perezii Liriope gigantea Linope muscari	Common Name Ivy, English Common heliotrope Daylily Albo-marginata hosta Lily, plantain Coral bells St. Johnswort Evergreen candytuft Trailing iceplant New Zealand teatree/Manuka Statice/Sea lavender White lily turf Lilac beauty lily turf Majestic lily turf Monroe white lily turf Silvery sunproof lily turf Variegated liriope lily turf Big blue lily turf	F C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
Lobelia erinus Lonicera japonica Mesembryanthemum crystallinum Monarda didyma Ophiopogon japonicus Osteospermum fruticosum Pachysandra terminalis Pennisetum setaceum Polystichum polyblepharum Sedum brevifolium Sedum kamtschaticum Sedum spurium Tulbaghia vioilacea Verbena rigida Veronica spp. Vinca major Vinca minor	Edging lobelia Honeysuckle, Japanese Ice plant (see label) Bee Balm Mondo grass Daisy, trailing African Japanese spurge Fountaingrass Tassel fern Stonecrop Stonecrop Stonecrop, tworow Society garlic Veined verbena Speedwell Periwinkle, bigleaf Periwinkle, dwarf	C,F F C,F F C,C,C,C,C,C,F F C,C,C,F,F

## **Flowers**

## Recommended Culture Methods F = Field Grown C = Container Grown

Scientific Name	Common Name	
Achillea spp.	Yarrow	C,F
Antirrhinum majus	Snapdragon	F
Caladium bicolor	Caldaium, fancy leafed	F
Chrysanthemum spp.	Chrysanthemum	C,F
Mixed hybrid	Dahlia	C,F
Cladium bicolor	Fancy-leaved caladium	F
Coreopsis lanceolata	Coreopsis	F
Coreopsis verticulata	Threadleaf coreopsis	C,F
Dianthus barbatus	Sweet William	F
Dianthus gratianopolitanus	Cheddar pink	C,F
Dicentra spectabilis	Bleeding heart	C,F
Dimorphotheca spp.	Marigold, cape	F
Echinacea purpurea	Coneflower, purple	C,F
Evolvulus nuttallianus	Blue daze	C,F

Common Name	
Geum	F
Gladiolus	F
Baby's breath	F
Impatiens (Busy lizzie)	F
Iris, bearded	F
Blazing star	C,F
Geranium	F
Petunia	C,F
Moss, rose	F
Ranunculus, Persian	F F
Rose	F
Blackeyed susan	C,F
Daisy, gloriosa (black-eyed Susan)	F
Salvia (Sage)	F F
Aster, stokes	F
Bird of paradise	F F
Marigold	F
Pansy	F
Zinnia, common	F
	Geum Gladiolus Baby's breath Impatiens (Busy lizzie) Iris, bearded Blazing star Geranium Petunia Moss, rose Ranunculus, Persian Rose Blackeyed susan Daisy, gloriosa (black-eyed Susan) Salvia (Sage) Aster, stokes Bird of paradise Marigold Pansy

## Non-bearing Trees and Vines

# Recommended Culture Methods F = Field Grown, C = Container Grown

almond	F	kiwi	F
apple	F	<ul> <li>Kumquat</li> </ul>	C,F
apricot	F	lemon	F
avocado	F	loganberry	F
blackberry	F	macadamia nut	F
blueberry	F	nectarine	F
boysenberry	F	olive	F
cherry, sour	F.	orange	C,F
cherry, sweet	F	peach	F
currant	F	pear	F
dewberry	F	pecan	C,F
elderberry	F	pistachio	F
fig	F	plum	F
filbert	F	pomegranate	F
gooseberry	F	prune	F
grape, American	F	raspberry	F
grape, European	F	walnut, black	F
grapefruit	F	walnut, English	F

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Non-bearing plants are defined as those that will not bear fruit for at least one year after treatment.

## **Ornamental Bulbs**

Surflan A.S. may be applied for control of susceptible annual weeds in ornamental bulbs, e.g., bulbous iris, daffodil (narcissus), hyacinth, and tulip. Apply Surflan A.S. to the soil surface 2-4 weeks after planting, but prior to the emergence of annual weeds. For fall planted bulbs, apply Surflan A.S. again in late winter or early spring to weed-free soil surfaces.

## **Broadcast Application Rates**

Time of		Surflan A.S.		Minimum Time Between Applications	Total Amount Allowed Per Year
Application	Soil Texture	(qt/acre)	(fl oz/1000 sq ft)	(months)	(qt/acre)
Fall	Coarse	0.75	0.5	3	1.5
Fall	Medium and Fine	1.5	1.0	3	2.25
Feb March	All Soil Textures	0.75	0.5	3	2.25

#### **Special Use Precautions:**

Do not apply to tulip plants that have emerged to a height greater than 3/4 inch. Do not apply to gladioli corms prior to emergence or less than one (1) inch in diameter.

#### **Shadehouse Areas**

Surflan A.S. may be applied to drainage areas under benches in open shadehouse-type structures where the natural flow of air is unimpeded. Do not apply in enclosed greenhouses or in enclosed shadehouse-type structures. Do not apply within 3 weeks prior to enclosure of greenhouse or poly-type structures.

## Warm Season Turfgrasses

Surflan A.S. may be applied as a preemergence treatment for control of annual grasses and certain broadleaf weeds in established warm season turf including bahiagrass, bermudagrass, buffalograss, centipedegrass, St. Augustinegrass, zoysiagrass, and established tall fescue growing in warm season areas. Established turf is defined as a dense turf having a well-anchored root system and healthy, vigorous top growth. Use Surflan A.S. only as a part of a total turf management program that includes good fertilization practices.

Surflan A.S. may be tank mixed with Gallery\* herbicide (California registration pending) and applied preemergence to broaden the spectrum of broadleaf weed control in warm season turf. Refer to the label for Gallery for specific use directions, precautions, and limitations before use.

Any cultural practices that disturb the soil, such as aerification or verticutting, should be done prior to application of Surflan A.S.

Surflan A.S. will not control emerged weeds. Successful preemergence control of weeds listed on this label requires that Surflan A.S. be applied prior to weed germination and be activated by at least one-half (1/2) inch of rainfall or irrigation within 21 days of application.

Surflan A.S. may injure turf that is not well established or is stressed or weakened due to unfavorable winter climatic conditions, drought, nematodes, or other factors which damage or weaken turf root systems. Apply Surflan A.S. only to healthy, well-established turf that has a well-anchored root system.

Do not apply Surflan A.S. in the spring or early summer to tall fescue turfgrass reseeded the previous fall. In such cases, apply Balan\* 2.5G granular herbicide at 60-80 pounds per acre in early summer (Round 1) and Surflan A.S. at 1.5 quarts per acre approximately eight weeks later (Round 2). Do not apply Surflan A.S. at the single application rate (2 quarts per acre) to established tall fescue; in such cases, apply 1.5 quarts per acre of Surflan A.S. in an initial application, followed by a second application of 1.5 quarts per acre 8-10 weeks later.

In bermudagrass areas that have been overseeded with winter grasses, a spring application of Surflan A.S. will thin the overseeded grasses.

Annual Grasses Controlled by Surflan A.S. Summer Annuals:

Common Name

Scientific Name

barnyardgrass

(watergrass)

Echinochloa crus-galli

crabgrass, large crabgrass, smooth

Digitaria sanguinalis Digitaria ischaemum

crabgrass crowfootgrass Digitaria spp. Dactyloctenium

aegyptium

foxtail, bristlegrass foxtail, giant foxtail, green

Setaria magna Setaria faberi Setaria viridis

(pigeongrass)

foxtail, robust foxtail, yellow goosegrass

Setaria robusta Setaria glauca Eleusine indica

(silver crabgrass)

**Johnsongrass** 

Sorghum halepense

(seedling only)

ryegrass, Italian Lolium multiflorum Cenchrus incertus sandbur, field

#### Winter Annuals:

**Common Name** 

Scientific Name

bluegrass, annual

Poa annua

## Annual Broadleaf Weeds Controlled by Surflan A.S.

#### Summer Annuals:

**Common Name** 

Scientific Name

carpetweed knotweed, prostrate Mollugo verticillata Polygonum aviculare Portulaca oleracea

purslane, common

Winter Annuals:

**Common Name** 

Scientific Name

chickweed, common

Stellaria media

henbit

Lamium amplexicaule

#### Broadleaf Weeds Suppressed by Surflan A.S.

**Common Name** 

**Scientific Name** 

groundsel, common

Senecio vulgaris

spurge, prostrate

Euphorbia humistrata

woodsorrel, yellow

Oxalis stricta

## Application Rates, Frequency, and Timing of Application

Surflan A.S. can be applied in the spring for summer annual grass and broadleaf weed control, and in the fall for annual bluegrass (Poa annua) and winter annual broadleaf weed control.

**Broadcast Application Rates (Warm Season Turfgrasses)** 

	Surflan A.S.		Minimum Time Between Applications	Total Amount Allowed Per Year
Use Area	(qt/acre)	(fl oz/1000 sq ft)	(months)	(qt/acre)
All, except	1.5	1	3	6
Florida	2	1.5	3	6
Florida	1.5	1	3	4.5

#### 1. Summer Annual Grasses and Broadleaf Weeds

**Single Application Program:** Apply 2 quarts per acre of Surflan A.S. in late winter or early spring, prior to the onset of conditions favorable for annual weed germination.

**Split Application Program:** As an alternative to a single application program, Surflan A.S. may be applied in a split application. This program is desirable when the initial application is made well in advance of weed germination and where weed control is desired for a longer period of time. Apply 1.5 quarts per acre of Surflan A.S. in an initial application, followed by a second application of 1.5 quarts per acre 8-10 weeks later.

The second treatment of the split application may follow application of a different preemergence grass herbicide in place of the initial application of Surflan A.S..

## 2. Annual Bluegrass (Poa annua) and Winter Annual Broadleaf Weeds

In areas of heavy annual bluegrass infestation, its elimination will result in temporary thinning of turfgrass cover. Proper fertilization, irrigation, and soil incorporated reseeding should be employed to speed the restoration of desirable turfgrass cover in areas previously occupied by annual bluegrass (see section on reseeding).

Apply Surflan A.S. as a preemergence treatment in late summer or early fall, prior to the expected germination period for annual bluegrass and winter annual broadleaf weeds. If annual bluegrass infestation is severe and its elimination will result in thinning of turfgrass cover, apply Surflan A.S. at 1.5 quarts per acre. If thinning of turfgrass cover is not a potential problem, Surflan A.S. may be applied at 2 quarts per acre.

#### Weed Control in Florida

In Florida, apply 1.5 quarts per acre of Surflan A.S. three times per year, or every 90-100 days, in the fall, early spring, and early summer. Do not apply more than 1.5 quarts per acre of Surflan A.S. in any single application.

#### **Application Equipment**

Apply Surflan A.S. evenly over the turfgrass area. Avoid spray pattern skips and overlaps that may result in incomplete coverage or over-application. For best results, use application equipment designed to uniformly broadcast liquid herbicides. Calibrate application equipment prior to use, according to manufacturer's directions. Check equipment frequently to make sure it is working properly and distributing spray uniformly.

#### Reseeding

Herbicides that control annual weeds may also affect establishment of desirable turfgrass seedlings. Reseeding should be delayed for at least 90-120 days following application of Surflan A.S.. When reseeding, it is essential that proper cultural practices such as soil cultivation and seedbed preparation, irrigation, and fertilization be followed. For satisfactory reseeding results following use of Surflan A.S., the seeding rate should be increased and equipment designed to place seed in full contact with soil (such as the Rogers Aero Seeder) should be employed.

#### **Special Use Precautions:**

To avoid possible injury, do not apply Surflan A.S. to:

- Cool season turfgrass species.
- Golf course putting greens and tees or lawns containing dichondra or cool season turfgrass species.
- Newly sprigged or sodded areas of bermudagrass, St. Augustinegrass, centipedegrass, or zoysiagrass until these turfgrasses are well established and have well-anchored root systems.
- Newly hydromulched areas of bermudagrass until such areas are well established.
- · Bermudagrass variety "Sun Turf" when tank mixed with atrazine.

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## Other Uses

Apply Surflan A.S. as a preemergence treatment to control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed in "General Information" section. Observe all precautions and restrictions in the "General Information" section.

#### **Christmas Tree Plantations**

#### Surflan A.S. - Alone

Apply Surflan A. S. as a directed spray to the soil surface or as an overtop spray to established plantings of field grown Christmas tree species, including fir (*Abies* spp.), pine (*Pinus* spp.), and spruce (*Picea* spp.). Follow all instructions provided in the "General Information" section of this label.

#### **Broadcast Application Rates**

Length of	Sur	Surflan A.S.		Total Amount Allowed Per Year
Control	(qt/acre)	(fl oz/1000 sq ft)	(months)	(qt/acre)
2 - 4 months	2	1.5	2	8
4 - 8 months	4	3	22	8

#### **Tank Mix Combinations**

Tank mix combinations of Surflan A. S. plus other labeled herbicides may be used as directed or overtop sprays in established Christmas tree plantings. When applied according to use directions, these tank mixes will provide control of susceptible weed species listed on the respective product labels. Refer to label of the product to be tank mixed with Surflan A.S. for specific use directions, precautions and limitations before use.

**Surflan A. S. herbicide Plus Glyphosate Herbicide:** Apply tank mix combinations of Surflan A. S. plus glyphosate herbicide only as directed sprays in Christmas tree plantings. When applied according to use directions, Surflan A. S. plus glyphosate herbicide will provide postemergence control of susceptible weed species listed on the label for glyphosate herbicide and residual preemergence control of susceptible weed species listed on the label for Surflan A.S. Refer to the label for glyphosate herbicide for specific use directions, precautions and limitations before use.

#### Precautions:

- Do not apply to Douglas-fir (Pseudotsuga menziesii).
- Do not apply to seedbeds or seedling transplant beds.
- Apply only to established plantings. Established plantings are defined as those that have been transplanted into their final growing location for a sufficient period of time to allow the soil to be firmly settled around the roots from packing and rainfall or irrigation.
- Do not apply sprays containing glyphosate herbicide over the top of Christmas tree plantings.
- Extreme care must be exercised to avoid contact of spray containing glyphosate herbicide with foliage and stems of Christmas trees or severe damage or death may result.

## **Established Trees Grown for Pulp**

Surflan A.S. herbicide may be applied as a preemergence treatment in plantations of established<sup>†</sup> trees grown for pulp. Applications may be made prior to the expected time of weed germination or immediately after tillage or herbicide treatments to destroy existing weeds. Refer to the "General Information" section for a listing of grasses and broadleaf weeds controlled, mixing directions and General Use Precautions. Optimum herbicidal activity occurs when Surflan A.S. is applied directly to the soil surface following tillage or applications of contact or translocated herbicides to destroy existing weeds, and weed residues, prunings and trash are removed or thoroughly mixed into the soil using tillage equipment.

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<sup>†</sup> Established plantings are defined as trees that have been transplanted into their final growing location for a sufficient period of time to allow the soil to be firmly settled around the roots as a result of rainfall or irrigation.

**Activation and Cultivation:** A single 1/2 to 1 inch rainfall or sprinkler irrigation is required to activate Surflan A.S. and move the herbicide into the zone of weed germination. Rainfall or irrigation of 1 inch or more is needed to activate Surflan A.S. on fine-textured, high organic matter soils. If weeds begin to emerge, shallow cultivation to a depth of 1 to 2 inches will destroy existing weeds and place Surflan A.S. in the zone of weed germination.

#### **Broadcast Application Rates**

Soil Texture	Length of Control	Surflan A.S. (qt/acre)	Minimum Time Between Applications (months)	Total Amount Allowed Per Year (qt/acre/)
All Soil Textures	Short Term (2 – 4 months)	2	2.5	12
	Long Term (6 - 8 months)	4	2.5	12
	(8 - 12 months)	6	2.5	12

#### Chemigation

Surflan A.S. may be applied through properly equipped chemigation systems for weed control in tree plantations grown for pulp. Refer to "Chemigation" in "General Information" for use directions. Do not apply Surflan A.S. by chemigation unless these use directions are carefully followed.

Apply Surflan A.S. by chemigation prior to weed germination or immediately after existing weeds have been controlled. Control existing unwanted vegetation by tillage or with a contact or translocated herbicide. Use broadcast application rates recommended for Surflan A.S. alone. Apply in sprinkler irrigation equal to 1/2 to 1 inch of water on medium to fine textured or high organic matter soils.

Chemigation Use Precautions: Apply this product only through solid set or hand move systems designed to distribute sprinkler irrigation beneath the tree canopy. Solid set systems utilizing tall risers for overhead application are excluded, except for dormant season applications of Surflan A.S. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

#### **Tank Mix Recommendations**

To broaden the spectrum of weed control, Surflan A.S. may be applied in tank mix combination with labeled rates of other herbicide products, provided such products are labeled for use. Performance and risk of carryover from tank mixed products used in combination with Surflan A.S. at recommended rates is the same as when each product is used separately.

## Noncropland Areas and Industrial Sites

## **Noncropland Areas - Tank Mix Combinations**

Tank mix combinations of Surflan A.S. plus glyphosate and many other labeled herbicides may be used to control undesirable vegetation in noncropland areas such as roadsides, rights-of-way, etc. When applied according to labeled directions, these tank mixes will provide control of susceptible weed species listed on the respective product labels. Refer to tank mix product labels for specific use directions, precautions, and limitations before use.

## **Broadcast Application Rates**

Length of	Surflan A.S.		Minimum Time Between Applications	Total Amount Allowed Per Year
Control	(qt/acre)	(fl oz/1000 sq ft)	(months)	(qt/acre)
2 - 4 months	2	1.5	2	-6
4 -8 months	4	3	4	12
8 - 12 months	6	4.5	8	12

#### **Industrial Sites - Tank Mix Combinations**

Tank mix combinations of Surflan A.S. plus glyphosate, Spike\* herbicide, and many other labeled herbicides may be used as overtop sprays to control existing vegetation on industrial sites such as utility substations, highway guard rails, sign posts, and delineators. When applied according to labeled use directions, these tank mixes will provide control of susceptible weed species listed on the respective product labels. Refer to tank mix product labels for specific use directions, precautions, and limitation before use.

## IMPORTANT INFORMATION READ BEFORE USING PRODUCT

#### CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

**NOTICE**: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product reflect the opinion of experts based on field use and tests, and must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of United Phosphorus, Inc. or Seller. Handling, storage, and use of the product by Buyer or User are beyond the control of United Phosphorus, Inc. and Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold United Phosphorus, Inc. and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

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Rev. 7/1/09