### **MASTER LABEL**

# ZeroTol 2.0™

### Fungicide, Bactericide and Algaecide

### Sublabel A: Horticultural and Turf Sublabel B: Agricultural

(Alternate Brand Names: " OxiDate<sup>®</sup> 2.0"; " "GreenClean<sup>®</sup> Liquid 2.0")

#### ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

EPA Registration No. 70299-12 EPA Establishment No. 60156-IL-001

#### Manufactured by:

BioSafe Systems, LLC 22 Meadow Street East Hartford, CT 06108 (888) 273-3088

Net Contents: (1, 2.5, 30, 55, 275 gallons)

ACCEPTED

OCT 1 3 2011

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as emended, for the posticide registered under EPA Reg. No.  $M_A > 269 - 12$ 

### Sublabel A: Horticultural and Turf

# **ZeroTol 2.0**<sup>TM</sup> Fungicide, Bactericide and Algaecide

FOR HORTICULTURAL AND TURF USE ONLY

#### **ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:**

Hydrogen Dioxide	27.1%
Peroxyacetic Acid	2.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	70.9%
TOTAL:	

#### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER - PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

	FIRST AID
lf in eyes	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
If on skin or clothing	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 – 20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
If swallowed	<ul> <li>Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</li> <li>Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> <li>Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>
If inhaled	<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.</li> <li>Call poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
treatment. For e 800-858-7378, (	ct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for mergency information on ZeroTol 2.0, call the National Pesticides Information Center at 1- 5:30AM to 4:30 PM Pacific Time (PT), seven days a week. During other times, call the Center at 1-800-222-1222.
	<b>NOTE TO PHYSICIAN</b> Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

See (back) (side) (inside) panel for additional precautionary statements and directions for use.

Sold by: BioSafe Systems, LLC, 22 Meadow	St. East Hartford, CT 06108	(888) 273-3088
EPA Registration No. 70299-12	Batch Coo	de
EPA Establishment No. 60156-IL-001		

Net Contents: (1, 2.5, 30, 55, 275 gallons)

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMAN AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS DANGER

**CORROSIVE:** Causes irreversible eye damage. Causes skin irritation or temporary discoloration on exposed skin. May be fatal if swallowed. Do not breathe vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Handlers who may be exposed to the undiluted product through mixing, loading, application, or other tasks must wear: coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants, rubber gloves, chemical resistant footwear plus socks, and protective eyewear (goggles or face shield). Handlers who may be exposed to the dilute through application or other tasks must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, and shoes plus socks. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning / maintaining PPE. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product. Do not reuse them. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should wash hands thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Users should remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is highly toxic to bees and other beneficial insects exposed to direct contact on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to crops where beneficials are part of an Integrated Pest Management strategy.

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Begin treatment along the shore and proceed outward in bands to allow fish to move into untreated areas. Consult with the State agency with primary responsibility for regulating pesticides before applying to public waters to determine if a permit is needed.

This pesticide is toxic to birds who eat treated seed exposed on soil surface.

Do not apply directly to treated, finished drinking water reservoirs or drinking water receptacles when the water is intended for human consumption.

Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

#### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

**Corrosive.** Strong oxidizing agent. Do not use in undiluted form. Mix only with water in accordance with label instructions. Never bring undiluted product in contact with other pesticides, cleaners or oxidative agents.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the State or Tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), notification to workers, and Restricted-Entry Interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to the uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

#### For enclosed environments

There is a restricted entry of one (1) hour for this product when applied via fogging or spraying to growing plants, surfaces, equipment, structures and non-porous surfaces in enclosed glasshouses and greenhouses. PPE requirement for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water, is coveralls worn over long-sleeved shirt and pants, waterproof gloves and shoes plus socks.

There is a restricted entry of zero (0) hours for pre-plant dip, seed treatment, soil drench, mop, sponge, dip, soak, rinse or other non-spraying application methods when used in enclosed environments such as glasshouses and greenhouses.

For field applications:

Keep unprotected persons out of treated areas until sprays have dried.

#### Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are **not** within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep unprotected persons out of treated areas until sprays have dried.

#### INTRODUCTION

ZeroTol 2.0 is a liquid bactericide/fungicide used to treat and control plant pathogens on ornamental plants and turf. Use ZeroTol 2.0 as a preventative treatment for suppressing the following plant pathogens: *Alternaria – Anthracnose – Aphanomyces –* Black Spot - *Botrytis* (grey mold) - Downy Mildew – *Erwinia, Fusarium* (root rot) - Leaf Spot - *Phytophthora* (blights, rots) – *Plasmopara* - Powdery Mildew - *Pseudomonas - Pythium - Rhizoctonia* - Rust - Scab - Smut - *Thielaviopsis – Uncinula* (powdery mildew) – *Xanthomonas* - Wilts & Blights - *Ralstonia solanacearum* (brown rot, bacterial wilt) - Sclerotinia sclerotiorum (white mold) - *Tobacco mosaic virus*.

Use ZeroTol 2.0 to treat/control plant pathogens on bedding plants, flowering plants, roses, poinsettia, ornamentals, nursery stock, trees, turf, synthetic/artificial turf, cut flowers, bulbs, cuttings, seedlings, seeds and seedbeds.

Apply ZeroTol 2.0 to treat/control bacteria, fungi and algae on greenhouse structures, benches, pots, watering systems, evaporative coolers, storage rooms, ventilation equipment, floors and other equipment (optional text: turf equipment, irrigation systems and structures).

#### Solution Preparation:

ZeroTol 2.0 works best when diluted with water containing low levels of organic or inorganic materials and having a neutral pH (pH value of 7.0). pH can be measured using a pH meter or indicator test strips. Measuring total suspended solids and EC (Electrical Conductivity) can help in determining concentration of organic and inorganic content in the water. Thoroughly rinse out mixing tank with water before mixing. ZeroTol 2.0 will readily mix with clean, neutral water and does not require agitation.

ZeroTol 2.0 is formulated with minimal surfactant for plants having waxy or hairy surfaces. In order to increase the effectiveness of ZeroTol 2.0, additional non-ionic surfactant may be added, for treatment of plants with difficult to reach surfaces, or for plants having waxy or hairy surfaces. Only non-ionic surfactants are compatible with ZeroTol 2.0.

ZeroTol 2.0 works by surface contact with the plants and materials being treated. It is important to ensure that all surfaces are thoroughly wetted. ZeroTol 2.0 does not produce any visible residue, distinct odor or deleterious effects to plants when used in accordance with label directions.

Tank mixes of metal-based chemicals and ZeroTol 2.0 that have a pH of less than 7.0 may cause excessive foaming and phytotoxicity. Consult specific product labels for additional information or restrictions concerning tank mixing. Observe the most restrictive limitations and precautions of the labeling of all products used in mixtures.

ZeroTol 2.0 is a strong oxidizing agent and may react with residues of metal-based fungicides or supplements. Do not apply ZeroTol 2.0 as a foliar spray immediately following foliar applications of metal-based products. Allow at least 24 hrs. after application of metal-based products before applying ZeroTol 2.0 as a foliar spray. Check the label of the metal-based product prior to application for specific instructions for use with other fungicide products.

# Note: Use spray solution the same day it is prepared, do not store and reuse mixed spray solution.

#### **Compatibility:**

ZeroTol 2.0 is compatible as a direct injection or tank-mix with many commonly used pesticides, fertilizers, adjuvants and non-ionic surfactants but has not been fully evaluated with all of these. Do not direct inject or tank mix ZeroTol 2.0 in to the irrigation system or in spray tank with pesticides, surfactants or fertilizers before conducting a compatibility test to show it is physically compatible, effective and non-injurious under your use conditions.

To ensure compatibility, evaluate them prior to use as follows: Using a suitable container, add proportional amounts of product to water. Add wettable powders first, followed by water dispersible granules, then by liquid flowables and lastly, emulsifiable concentrates. Mix thoroughly and let stand for at least five minutes. If the combination stays mixed or can be remixed, it is physically compatible. Test the combination on a small portion of the crop to be treated to ensure that a phytotoxic response will not occur as a result of application.

#### Plant Sensitivity Testing:

For foliar applications, only use ZeroTol 2.0 at labeled dilutions. Solutions more concentrated than prescribed on this label may result in leaf necrosis for some plants (i.e., do not use dilutions less than 1:100 for foliar treatments). ZeroTol 2.0 has been designed to provide a balanced source of the active ingredient directly to the plant surface. ZeroTol 2.0 has been used and tested on many varieties of plant material; however, the nature of the target plant, environmental conditions, plant vigor, and the use of other pesticides can all affect plant sensitivity to ZeroTol 2.0. The safety of ZeroTol 2.0 has not determined on all plants and crops. Plants grown in greenhouses vary greatly from those grown under field conditions. Determine if ZeroTol 2.0 can be safely used prior to application. Before treating large numbers of plants, test ZeroTol 2.0 or tank mixes of ZeroTol 2.0 and other pesticides or fertilizers at labeled rates on a separate set of plants and observe for symptoms of sensitivity prior to use. Symptoms on foliage include yellow or brown spotting, "burned" tips and/or yellow or brown scorching along the leaf edges.

When using ZeroTol 2.0 for control of organisms living on the plant tissue (such as downy and powdery mildew), treatment may result in lesions on plant tissue. ZeroTol 2.0 will oxidize parasitic organisms living in plant tissue that are not always visible to the naked eye. Resulting oxidative effects may include spotting, or drying of the plant tissue where organisms inhabited tissue.

NOTE: ZeroTol 2.0 may be used on hydroponic growing systems as a foliar treatment when following the label directions for foliar treatments. ZeroTol 2.0 can be used as a hydroponic water treatment only after a water sample has been submitted to BioSafe Systems for analysis and special direction is provided for application recommendations. Inert growing media in a hydroponic growing system provide special conditions that the grower needs to adjust for due to the unbuffered water conditions. Water pH, EC and supplements such as fertilizer, biological loading and minor elements are factors that need to be considered before determining correct water treatment rates.

Before applying ZeroTol 2.0, thoroughly read the Directions for Use. Apply this product as directed. Do not use ZeroTol 2.0 above labeled rates.

#### **USE RATES AND DIRECTIONS**

#### FOR GREENHOUSE SURFACES AND EQUIPMENT

Use ZeroTol 2.0 to suppress / control bacteria, fungi and slime forming algae on greenhouse glazing, plastic, benches, walkways, floors, walls, fan blades, ventilation ducts, watering systems, coolers, storage rooms, and equipment.

- 1) Sweep and remove all plant debris. Use power sprayer to wash all surfaces to remove loose dirt.
- 2) Use a dilution of 1:300 or ½ fl. oz per gallon of clean water Use a dilution of 1:50 or 2½ fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per gallon of clean water if surfaces that are to be treated have not been pre-cleaned with water to remove organic deposits. The use of additional surfactant is acceptable.
- 3) Apply solution with mop, sponge, power sprayer or fogger to thoroughly wet all surfaces.
- 4) Scrub off heavy growths of algae and fungi following application. Use a solution of ZeroTol 2.0 to wash away dead growth.
- 5) Reapply as often as needed for control.

#### **Foaming Applications**

Apply ZeroTol 2.0 as a foam treatment to enhance contact on porous surfaces and irregular surfaces, where contact is difficult to maintain with spray treatments. Use a dilution of 1:300 or ½ fl. oz per gallon of clean water. Use a dilution of 1:50 or 2½ fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per gallon of clean water if surfaces to be treated have not been pre-cleaned with water to remove organic deposits. Add a surfactant foaming agent to the spray tank that contains the diluted ZeroTol 2.0 spray solution. Follow all mixing instructions on the label. Apply foam until the surface treated is completely covered. Allow foam treated surface to air dry. Do not rinse.

#### TREATMENT OF CLEAN, HARD NON-POROUS SURFACES

Use ZeroTol 2.0 to suppress / control bacteria, fungi and slime forming algae on the following surfaces:

SURFACE	USE RATE	INSTRUCTIONS	
Pots, Flats, Trays	1:100 - 1:300 or 1¼ fl. oz½ fl. oz. per gallon of clean water.	Spray until runoff. Add additional surfactant if needed.	
Cutting Tools	1:100 - 1:300 or 1¼ fl. oz½ fl. oz. per gallon of clean water.	Soak tools to ensure complete coverage. Add additional surfactant if needed.	
	Tobacco Mosaic Virus control: 1:50- 1:100 or 2½ fl. oz 1¼ fl. oz. per gallon of clean water.	Use ZeroTol 2.0 to prevent the spread of Tobacco Mosaic Virus on cutting tools. Allow surfaces to remain wet for 1 minute.	
Benches and Work Areas	Precleaned surfaces: 1:100 - 1:300 or 1¼ fl. oz½ fl. oz per gallon of clean water.	Sweep and remove all plant debris. Use power sprayer to wash all surfaces to remove loose dirt. Add additional	

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	Unclean surfaces: 1:50 or 21/2 fl. oz. per gallon of clean water if surfaces have not been pre- cleaned with water to remove organic deposits.	surfactant if needed.
Foot Bath Mats Foot pads and walk-through trays	1:100 - 1:170 or 1¼ fl. oz -¾ fl. oz. per gallon of water.	Apply ZeroTol 2.0 to prevent the tracking and spread of dirt and microorganisms. Make a solution of ZeroTol 2.0 per gallon of water and fill foot bath mat, foot pad or walk-through tray to capacity. Allow treated surface to remain wet with solution for 10 minutes. Change solution as needed.
Evaporative Coolers	Contaminated surfaces- 1:100 or 1¼ fl. oz. per gallon of clean water. Cooler water – 1:500 or ¼ fl. oz. for every gallon of cooler water.	Treat algae and slime contaminated surfaces with a 1:100 dilution. Repeat as needed to obtain control. Treat cooler water every week as a preventative treatment.
Irrigation Systems Flooded floors, flooded benches, recycled water systems, capillary mats, humidification and misting systems	Contaminated water: 1:500 Clean water: 1:10,000	Treat contaminated water with a dilution of 1:500 or ¼ fl. oz. for every gallon of water. Treat clean water with a dilution of 1:10,000 or one gallon of ZeroTol 2.0 per 10,000 gallons of water.

#### SOIL OR MEDIA DRENCH

ZeroTol 2.0 is effective for the control / suppression of soil borne plant diseases such as *Pythium*, *Phytophthora*, *Rhizoctonia*, *Thielaviopis* or *Fusarium*. Use as a soil drench at the time of seeding or transplanting, as well as a periodic drench throughout the plant's life. ZeroTol 2.0 can also be used on potting soil and growing mediums prior to planting.

- 1) Use a dilution of 1:100 or 1¼ fl. oz. per gallon of clean water.
- 2) Apply to soil or growing media to the point of saturation.
- 3) Wait fifteen minutes before planting or watering.
- Apply every five to seven days as a preventative treatment.

#### PLANT TREATMENT

#### As A Foliar Spray Treatment In Greenhouses

ZeroTol 2.0 works immediately on contact with any plant surfaces for the control / suppression of fungi and bacteria such as *Botrytis*, Downy Mildew, Powdery Mildew, *Xanthomonas*. Apply ZeroTol 2.0 to ornamentals, bedding plants, flowering plants, shrubs, and trees. To ensure that this contact fungicide is effective, thorough coverage and wetting of the foliage is necessary.

#### Initial (Curative) Application:

- 1) Use a dilution of 1:100 or 1¼ fl. oz. per gallon of clean water. Do not reuse already mixed solution, make fresh daily.
- 2) Spray, mist or fog plants in early morning or late evening.
- 3) Thoroughly wet all surfaces of plant, upper and lower foliage, including stems, branches and stalks to ensure full contact with plant and flower tissue.

 Apply consecutive applications until control is achieved and then follow directions for preventative treatment.

#### Weekly Preventative Treatment:

- 1) Use a dilution of 1:300 or ½ fl. oz. per gallon of clean water.
- 2) Spray, mist or fog plants.
- 3) Thoroughly wet all surfaces of plant, upper and lower foliage, including stems, branches and stalks.
- 4) Spray every five to seven days as a preventive treatment.
- 5) At the first sign of disease spray daily with a 1¼ fl. oz. per gallon of water for three consecutive days and then resume weekly preventative treatment.

#### For Mist Propagation Of Cuttings And Plugs

Inject ZeroTol 2.0 into misting systems to control / suppress algae, fungi and bacterial disease from becoming established on plant material. Inject ZeroTol 2.0 using a 1:1000 dilution rate, for four to ten days on a consecutive basis. Reduce concentration to 1:5000 and maintain continuous application throughout propagation cycle. At the first sign of disease, increase the concentration of ZeroTol 2.0 to 1:1000.

#### As A Pre-Plant Dip Treatment

Use ZeroTol 2.0 for the control / suppression of damping-off, root and stem rot diseases such as *Pythium*, *Phytophthora*, *Rhizoctonia*, *Fusarium*, *Pennicilium*, or *Thielaviopsis* on ornamental and nursery plants, seed beds, seeds, seedlings, bulbs, or cuttings.

- 1) Use 64 fl. oz. per 50 gallons of water, a dilution of 1:100.
- 2) Immerse plants or cuttings. Remove and allow to drain. Do not rinse.

#### For Cut Flowers

Use ZeroTol 2.0 to prevent *Botrytis*, Downy Mildew and Powdery Mildew on flowers in cold storage or in transit. Use a dilution of 1:500 or ¼ fl. oz. per gallon of clean water. Spray flowers after grading and prior to storage or shipment. Repeat weekly for flowers in storage.

#### As A Foliar Spray Treatment In Field Nurseries

ZeroTol 2.0 works immediately on contact with any plant surface for control / suppression of disease. Apply ZeroTol 2.0 to nursery stock such as: woody ornamentals, bedding plants, flowering plants, roses, container plants, azaleas, rhododendrons, conifers, and shade trees. Good coverage and wetting of the foliage is necessary.

Initial (Curative) Application:

- 1) Use a dilution of 1:100 or 1¼ fl. oz. per gallon of clean water. Do not reuse already mixed solution, make fresh daily.
- 2) Spray, mist plants and trees, including applications through irrigation or chemigation systems.
- 3) Thoroughly wet all surfaces of plant, upper and lower foliage, including stems, branches and stalks to ensure full contact with plant and flower tissue.
- If disease pressure continues, apply consecutive applications until control is achieved and then follow directions for preventative treatment.

#### Weekly Preventative Treatment:

- 1) Use a dilution of 1:300 –1/2 fl. oz. per gallon of clean water.
- Spray, mist or fog plants and trees, including applications through irrigation or chemigation systems.
- 3) Thoroughly wet all surfaces of plant, upper and lower foliage, including stems, branches and stalks.
- Spray every five to seven days as a preventative treatment.
- 5) At the first sign of disease spray daily with a dilution of 1:100 or 1¼ fl. oz. per gallon of water for three consecutive days and then resume weekly preventative treatment.

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#### For Bareroot Nursery Stock

Use ZeroTol 2.0 to prevent *Botrytis* on budwood and nursery stock in storage. Use a dilution of 1:100 or 1¼ fl. oz. per gallon of water. Dip plants or spray until dripping wet. Repeat weekly if necessary.

#### For Seed Bed Treatment

Use ZeroTol 2.0 for the control / suppression of disease as follows:

- 1) Prior to sowing seed, use a dilution of 1:100 1:200 or 1.3 to 0.64 fl. oz per gallon of clean water. Thoroughly wet or drench the seedbed, to the point of saturation, with 60 to 100 gallons of dilute solution per 1000 square feet. Let sit for one hour then immediately seed soil.
- 2) After seeds have germinated, use a dilution of 1:100 1:200 or 1.3 to 0.64 fl. oz per gallon of clean water. Lightly spray or irrigate the soil and seedlings until thoroughly wetted. Retreat once per week until seed is well established.

#### For Soil Treatment, Pre-Inoculation With Beneficial Organisms

Use ZeroTol 2.0 to reduce the number of plant pathogenic organisms in the soil. Use a dilution of 1:100 - 1:200 or 1.3 to 0.64 fl. oz. per gallon of clean water. Pre-treat soil by thoroughly wetting or drenching with ZeroTol 2.0, Wait one day following treatment before inoculating the soil with beneficial organisms.

#### TURF TREATMENT

Use on well-established lawns, athletic fields, golf course fairways, greens and tees of Bentgrass, Bluegrass, Bermudagrass, Fescue, Ryegrass, St. Augustine grass and their mixtures to control / suppress algae, bacterial and fungal diseases, and the odors and conditions that these organisms may cause.

- 1) Use ZeroTol 2.0 to treat / prevent the bacterial/fungal conditions caused by *Anthracnose*, Brown Patch, Dollar Spot, Copper Spot, Summer patch, Strip Smut, Take-All Patch, Leaf Spot, *Fusarium*, Fairy Ring, Pink Snow Mold\*, *Pythium*, *Phytophthora*, *Rhizoctonia*.
- Average treatment rates involve treating approximately 1000 square feet of turf area with 5 gallons of diluted solution. Add a spreader surfactant for best results. Optimum treatment time is early morning or late afternoon.
- 3) For best results, apply immediately after grass has been cut. Applications can be made during wet or rainy weather.
- 4) Inject ZeroTol 2.0 through automatic irrigation systems in turf areas. Refer to Chemigation Directions for Use for specific instructions on using this product through irrigation systems.

#### **Curative Rate:**

12 fl. oz. per 1000 sq. ft. Use 5 gallons of solution per 1000 sq. ft. Curative control will require consecutive treatments to eradicate disease. Apply treatment until disease is controlled. Once control is achieved, follow directions for preventative rate. Combine with a systemic fungicide for residual suppression.

#### **Preventative Rate:**

6 fl. oz. per 1000 sq. ft. Use 3 gallons per 1000 sq. ft. Reapply as disease pressure warrants. This product may be tank mixed with compatible residual fungicides.

For soil-borne diseases, drench the soil to saturate the root systems in the areas affected, and use 5 - 10 gallons per 1000 sq. ft.

For Pink Snow Mold, spray in early fall to reduce the number of dormant spores. Treat throughout the winter. May be applied to frozen ground.

For heavy algae growth, apply 12 - 25 fl. oz. per 1000 sq. ft. and use 5 - 10 gallons of water per 1000 sq. ft.

#### ARTIFICIAL TURF TREATMENT

Use ZeroTol 2.0 for the prevention and control of algae, fungi, moss, slime molds and their spores.

#### **Application Directions**

- 1) Make a liquid solution of ZeroTol 2.0 at a rate of 1.25 fl. oz. for each gallon of water.
- 2) Spray evenly over area to be treated.
- 3) Allow treated area to remain wet for five minutes.
- Allow to dry thoroughly before use.
- Repeat treatment as needed.

#### CHEMIGATION:

#### General Requirements -

- Apply this product only through a drip system or sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, hand move, flood (basin), furrow, border or drip (trickle) irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.
- If you have questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.
- 4) Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- 5) A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments as needed.
- 6) Posting of areas to be chemigated is required when 1) any part of a treated area is within 300 feet of sensitive areas such as residential areas, labor camps, businesses, day care centers, hospitals, in-patient clinics, nursing homes or any public areas such as schools, parks, playgrounds, or other public facilities not including public roads, or 2) when the chemigated area is open to the public such as golf courses or retail greenhouses.
- 7) Posting must conform to the following requirements. Treated areas shall be posted with signs at all usual points of entry and along likely routes of approach from the listed sensitive areas. When there are no usual points of entry, signs must be posted in the corners of the treated areas and in any other location affording maximum visibility to sensitive areas. The printed side of the sign must face away from the treated area towards the sensitive area. The signs shall be printed in English. Signs must be posted prior to application and must remain posted until foliage has dried and soil surface water has disappeared. Signs may remain in place indefinitely as long as they are composed of materials to prevent deterioration and maintain legibility for the duration of the posting period.
- 8) All words shall consist of letters at least 2.5 inches tall, and all letters and the symbol shall be a color which sharply contrasts with their immediate background. At the top of the sign shall be the words KEEP OUT, followed by an octagonal stop sign symbol at least 8 inches in diameter containing the word STOP. Below the symbol shall be the words PESTICIDES IN IRRIGATION WATER.

#### Specific Requirements for Chemigation Systems Connected to Public Water Systems -

- Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- 2) Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reducedpressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the

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public water system must be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

- 3) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 4) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 5) The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6) Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7) Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

#### Specific Requirements for Sprinkler Chemigation -

- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 2) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3) The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4) The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5) The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6) Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being filled with a system interlock.
- 7) Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

#### Specific Requirements for Flood (Basin), Furrow and Border Chemigation -

- Systems using a gravity flow pesticide dispensing system must meter the pesticide into the water at the head of the field and downstream of a hydraulic discontinuity such as a drop structure or weir box to decrease potential for water source contamination from backflow if water flow stops.
- 2) The systems utilizing a pressurized water and pesticide injection system must meet the following requirements:
  - a. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
  - b. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
  - c. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoidoperated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
  - d. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

- e. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- f. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being filled with a system interlock.

#### Specific Requirements for Drip (Trickle) Chemigation -

- 1) The system must contain a functional check valve, a vacuum relief valve and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 2) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3) The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4) The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5) The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6) Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being filled with a system interlock.

#### Application Instructions -

- Remove scale, pesticide residues, and other foreign matter from the chemical supply tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water until no scale or pesticide residues are present. Failure to provide a clean tank, void of scale or residues may cause product to lose effectiveness or strength.
- 2) Determine the treatment rates as indicated in the directions for use and make proper dilutions.
- 3) Prepare a solution in the chemical tank by filling the tank with the required amount of water and then adding product as required. The product will immediately go into suspension without any agitation.
- 4) Do not apply ZeroTol 2.0 in conjunction with any other pesticides or fertilizers; this has the potential to cause reduced performance of the product.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in original container in a cool, dry well-vented area, away from direct sunlight. Do not allow product to become overheated in storage. Do not store in a manner where cross-contamination with other pesticides or fertilizers could occur.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label directions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance

**CONTAINER DISPOSAL (Containers equal to or less than 5 gallons):** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration. Do not burn, unless allowed by state and local ordinances.

### ZeroTol 2.0™ EPA Reg. No. 70299-12

**CONTAINER DISPOSAL (Containers greater than 5 gallons):** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration. Do not burn, unless allowed by state and local ordinances.

#### CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of BIOSAFE SYSTEMS LLC or Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold BIOSAFE SYSTEMS and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

BIOSAFE SYSTEMS warrants that this product conforms to the *chemical* description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of the product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or BIOSAFE SYSTEMS, and Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BIOSAFE SYSTEMS MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, in no event shall BIOSAFE SYSTEMS or Seller be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF BIOSAFE SYSTEMS AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF BIOSAFE SYSTEMS OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

BIOSAFE SYSTEMS and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which may not be modified

except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of BIOSAFE SYSTEMS.

#### **OPTIONAL LABEL CLAIMS:**

- Algaecide
- Fungicide
- Bactericide
- Virucide (Tobacco mosaic virus)
- Broad Spectrum
- Broad Spectrum Algaecide/Bactericide
- Broad Spectrum Bactericide/Fungicide
- Broad Spectrum Algaecide/Fungicide
- Broad Spectrum Algaecide/Bactericide/Fungicide
- Preventative treatment for ornamental plants and turf.
- A treatment for the prevention and suppression / control of horticultural diseases in Greenhouses, Garden Centers, Landscapes, and Nurseries.
- A treatment for the prevention and control of bacteria, algae and fungi on greenhouse surfaces, equipment and structures.
- Activated peroxygen treatment.

### Sublabel B: Agricultural

# **ZeroTol 2.0**<sup>TM</sup> Fungicide, Bactericide and Algaecide

FOR AGRICULTURAL USE ONLY

#### ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Hydrogen Dioxide	27.1%
Peroxyacetic Acid	2.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	70.9%
TOTAL:	100.0%

#### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER - PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

	FIRST AID
If in eyes	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 – 20 minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
lf on skin or clothing	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 – 20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
If swallowed	<ul> <li>Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</li> <li>Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> <li>Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>
If inhaled	<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.</li> <li>Call poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
treatment. For e 800-858-7378,	ct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for emergency information on ZeroTol 2.0, call the National Pesticides Information Center at 1- 6:30AM to 4:30 PM Pacific Time (PT), seven days a week. During other times, call the Center at 1-800-222-1222.
	NOTE TO PHYSICIAN
	Breaching museus demonstrance may contraindicate the use of contria loyage

Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

See (back) (side) (inside) panel for additional precautionary statements and directions for use.

Sold by: BioSafe Systems, LLC, 22 Meadow Street, East Hartford, CT 06108 (888)273-3088 EPA Registration No. 70299-12 Batch Code \_\_\_\_ EPA Establishment No. 60156-IL-001

Net Contents: (2.5, 5, 30, 55, 275 gallons)

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMAN AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS DANGER

CORROSIVE: Causes irreversible eye damage. Causes skin irritation or temporary discoloration on exposed skin. May be fatal if swallowed. Do not breathe vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Handlers who may be exposed to the undiluted product through mixing, loading, application, or other tasks must wear: coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants, rubber gloves, chemical resistant footwear plus socks, and protective eyewear (goggles or face shield). Handlers who may be exposed to the dilute through application or other tasks must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, and shoes plus socks. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product. Do not reuse them. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should wash hands thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Users should remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This product is highly toxic to bees and other beneficial insects exposed to direct contact on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to crops where beneficials are part of an Integrated Pest Management strategy.

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Begin treatment along the shore and proceed outward in bands to allow fish to move into untreated areas. Consult with the State agency with primary responsibility for regulating pesticides before applying to public waters to determine if a permit is needed.

This pesticide is toxic to birds who eat treated seed exposed on soil surface.

Do not apply directly to treated, finished drinking water reservoirs or drinking water receptacles when the water is intended for human consumption.

Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

Do not apply directly to treated, finished drinking water reservoirs or drinking water receptacles when the water is intended for human consumption.

#### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Corrosive. Strong oxidizing agent. Do not use in undiluted form. Mix only with water in accordance with label instructions. Never bring undiluted product in contact with other pesticides, cleaners or oxidative agents.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only

> ZeroTol 2.0<sup>™</sup> EPA Reg. No. 70299-12 MASTER LABEL version (1) Clean Copy dated October 4, 2011

protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the State or Tribal Agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), notification to workers, and Restricted-Entry Interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to the uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Handlers who may be exposed to the undiluted product through mixing, loading, application, or other tasks must wear: coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants, rubber gloves, chemical resistant footwear plus socks, and protective eyewear (goggles or face shield). Handlers who may be exposed to the dilute through application or other tasks must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, and shoes plus socks.

#### For enclosed environments:

There is a restricted entry of one (1) hour for this product when applied via fogging or spraying to growing plants, surfaces, equipment, structures and non-porous surfaces in enclosed environments such as glasshouses and greenhouses. PPE requirement for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water, is coveralls worn over long-sleeved shirt and pants, waterproof gloves and shoes plus socks.

There is a restricted entry of zero (0) hours for pre-plant dip, seed treatment, soil drench, mop, sponge, dip, soak, rinse or other non-spraying or fogging application methods when used in enclosed environments such as glasshouses and greenhouses.

#### For field applications:

Keep unprotected persons out of treated areas until sprays have dried.

#### Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are **not** within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep unprotected persons out of treated areas until sprays have dried.

#### INTRODUCTION

ZeroTol 2.0 is a liquid bactericide/fungicide used to treat and control plant pathogens on field grown crops, and post harvest commodities. Apply ZeroTol 2.0 up to and including the day of harvest. See the label for a complete list of plant pathogens.

Use ZeroTol 2.0 as a treatment for the prevention and control of plant pathogens on fruits and vegetables in dump tanks, hydro coolers and process waters, and on surfaces, equipment and structures used in processing post-harvest commodities.

Apply ZeroTol 2.0 to treat/control bacteria, fungi and algae in greenhouse structures and equipment, storage sites and irrigation systems.

A treatment for the prevention and control of algae & cyanobacteria in waters, including rice and wild rice fields/paddies.

#### FOLIAR APPLICATIONS

#### **Solution Preparation:**

ZeroTol 2.0 works best when diluted with water containing low levels of organic or inorganic materials and having a neutral pH (pH value of 7.0). pH can be measured using a pH meter or indicator test strips. Measuring total suspended solids and EC (Electrical Conductivity) can help in determining concentration of organic and inorganic content in the water. Thoroughly rinse out mixing tank with water before mixing. ZeroTol 2.0 will readily mix with clean, neutral water and does not require agitation.

ZeroTol 2.0 is formulated with minimal surfactant for plants having waxy or hairy surfaces. In order to increase the effectiveness of ZeroTol 2.0, additional non-ionic surfactant may be added, for treatment of plants with difficult to reach surfaces, or for plants having waxy or hairy surfaces. Only non-ionic surfactants are compatible with ZeroTol 2.0.

ZeroTol 2.0 works by surface contact with the plants and materials being treated. It is important to ensure that all surfaces are thoroughly wetted. ZeroTol 2.0 does not produce any visible residue, distinct odor or deleterious effects to plants when used in accordance with label directions.

Tank mixes of metal-based chemicals and ZeroTol 2.0 that have a pH of less than 7.0 may cause excessive foaming and phytotoxicity. Consult specific product labels for additional information or restrictions concerning tank mixing. Observe the most restrictive limitations and precautions of the labeling of all products used in mixtures.

ZeroTol 2.0 is a strong oxidizing agent and may react with residues of metal-based fungicides or supplements. Do not apply ZeroTol 2.0 as a foliar spray immediately following foliar applications of metalbased products. Allow at least 24 hrs. after application of metal-based products before applying ZeroTol 2.0 as a foliar spray. Check the label of the metal-based product prior to application for specific instructions for use with other fungicide products.

#### Note: Use spray solution the same day it is prepared, do not store and reuse mixed spray solution.

#### Compatibility:

ZeroTol 2.0 is compatible as a direct injection or tank-mix with many commonly used pesticides. fertilizers, adjuvants and non-ionic surfactants but has not been fully evaluated with all of these. Do not direct inject or tank mix ZeroTol 2.0 in to the irrigation system or in spray tank with pesticides, surfactants or fertilizers before conducting a compatibility test to show it is physically compatible, effective and noninjurious under your use conditions.

To ensure compatibility, evaluate them prior to use as follows: Using a suitable container, add proportional amounts of product to water. Add wettable powders first, followed by water dispersible granules, then by liquid flowables and lastly, emulsifiable concentrates. Mix thoroughly and let stand for at least five minutes. If the combination stays mixed or can be remixed, it is physically compatible. Test the combination on a small portion of the crop to be treated to ensure that a phytotoxic response will not occur as a result of application.

#### Plant Sensitivity Testing:

For foliar applications, only use ZeroTol 2.0 at labeled dilutions. Solutions more concentrated than prescribed on this label may result in leaf necrosis for some plants (i.e., do not use dilutions less than 1:100 for foliar treatments). ZeroTol 2.0 has been designed to provide a balanced source of the active ingredient directly to the plant surface. ZeroTol 2.0 has been used and tested on many varieties of plant material; however, the nature of the target plant, environmental conditions, plant vigor, and the use of other pesticides can all affect plant sensitivity to ZeroTol 2.0. The safety of ZeroTol 2.0 has not determined on all plants and crops. Plants grown in greenhouses vary greatly from those grown under field conditions. Determine if ZeroTol 2.0 can be safely used prior to application. Before treating large numbers of plants, test ZeroTol 2.0 or tank mixes of ZeroTol 2.0 and other pesticides or fertilizers at labeled rates on a separate set of plants and observe for symptoms of sensitivity prior to use. Symptoms on foliage include yellow or brown spotting, "burned" tips and/or yellow or brown scorching along the leaf edges.

When using ZeroTol 2.0 for control of organisms living on the plant tissue (such as downy and powdery mildew), treatment may result in lesions on plant tissue. ZeroTol 2.0 will oxidize parasitic organisms living in plant tissue that are not always visible to the naked eye. Resulting oxidative effects may include spotting, or drying of the plant tissue where organisms inhabited tissue.

NOTE: ZeroTol 2.0 may be used on hydroponic growing systems as a foliar treatment when following the label directions for foliar treatments. ZeroTol 2.0 can be used as a water treatment only after a water sample has been submitted to BioSafe Systems for analysis and special direction is provided for dosing recommendations. Inert growing media in a hydroponic growing system provide special conditions that the grower needs to adjust for due to the unbuffered water conditions. Water pH, EC and supplements such as fertilizer, biological loading and minor elements are factors that need to be considered before determining correct water treatment rates.

Before applying ZeroTol 2.0, thoroughly read the Directions for Use. Apply this product as directed. Do not use ZeroTol 2.0 above labeled rates.

#### Use Rates and Directions

#### **Pre-Plant Dip Treatment**

Use ZeroTol 2.0 for the control of damping-off, root disease and stem rot disease caused by *Pythium*, *Phytophthora*, *Rhizoctonia*, *Fusarium* or *Thielaviopsis*, on seeds, seedlings, bulbs, or cuttings. **Remove dead or dying foliage prior to dipping.** 

- 1) Use a dilution of 1:100 or 64-fl. oz. ZeroTol 2.0 per 50 gallons of water.
- 2) Immerse plants or cuttings; remove and allow to drain. Do not rinse.
- Excessive foaming or bubbling during the dipping process is an indication of high levels of disease contamination.

#### Seed Treatment

Use ZeroTol 2.0 for the control of damping-off, root disease and stem rot disease caused by *Pythium*, *Phytophthora*, *Rhizoctonia*, *Fusarium* or *Thielaviopsis*, on seeds of seed sprout crops such as mung bean, red clover, soybeans and alfalfa, and on crops grown exclusively for seed for planting.

- 1) Use a dilution of 1:100 or 64-fl. oz. ZeroTol 2.0 per 50 gallons of water.
- Immerse seeds and let soak for two minutes; remove and allow to drain. Do not rinse. Plant seed according to seed package directions.

#### **Bean Sprout Production**

Use ZeroTol 2.0 to prevent bacterial and fungal diseases in bean sprout production process and packing lines. Treat tank and spray system water with a dilution of 1.28 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 for every 10 gallons of water or use a dilution rate of 1:1000.

#### FIELD AND GREENHOUSE APPLICATIONS

Use ZeroTol 2.0 to treat plant diseases on field grown crops, tree crops, crops grown in commercial greenhouses through soil drench, irrigation and foliar applications. For specific foliar applications refer to **Application Instructions chart.** 

#### Soil Drench

ZeroTol 2.0 is effective for the control of soil-borne plant diseases such as *Pythium*, *Phytophthora*, *Rhizoctonia*, *Thielaviopsis* or *Fusarium*. Use as a soil drench at the time of seeding or transplanting, as well as a periodic drench throughout the plant's life. Use ZeroTol 2.0 on potting soil and growing mediums prior to planting.

- 1) Use a dilution of 1:200 or 32 fl. oz. ZeroTol 2.0 per 50 gallons of water.
- 2) Apply to soil or growing media to the point of saturation.
- 3) Wait fifteen minutes before planting or watering.
- Apply every five to seven days as a preventative treatment.

#### To Treat Setting Water

Add ZeroTol 2.0 to transplant water or starter fertilizer and make in-furrow or dibble application at the time of plant set.

- 1) Use  $\frac{1}{2}$  to 1 gallon ZeroTol 2.0 per treated acre in 50 200 gallons of water.
- 2) Add ZeroTol 2.0 to transplant water or starter fertilizer and make in furrow or dibble applications just prior to seed drop or plant set.
- 3) In fields with a history of disease pressure, use the high rate.

#### Surface or Banded Applications

- 1) Use 1/3 to 1 gallon of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water.
- 2) Apply ZeroTol 2.0 as a foliar spray with sufficient water to achieve runoff to soil.
- 3) Repeat applications every 7 days through infectious season.
- 4) Typical applications use 30 to 100 gallons of spray solution per acre.
- 5) During periods of wet, cloudy or rainy weather, use stronger rates and volumes and reduce spray intervals.

#### To Apply Through Irrigation Systems

- 1) Use ½ to 1 gallon of ZeroTol 2.0 per treated acre in 500 to 1000 gallons of water.
- 2) Apply through drip trickle, center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side wheel roll, traveler, solid set, hand move or flood basin irrigation systems. Refer to Chemigation Directions for Use for specific instructions on using this product through irritation systems.

#### Foliar Spray Treatments For Field Grown Crops, Crops Grown In Greenhouses

ZeroTol 2.0 works immediately on contact with any plant surface for control of plant diseases – see Application Instructions chart. Good coverage and wetting of the foliage is required. Do not spray ZeroTol 2.0 during conditions of intense heat, drought or poor plant vigor.

#### Curative application rates:

- For best results, apply at first sign of disease. Spray diseased plants using 1:100 dilution rate, or 128 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water. Apply consecutive applications until control is achieved and then follow directions for preventative treatment.
- 2) Apply 30-100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.

Preventative application rates:

- 1) Begin when plants are small. Apply first three treatments using the curative rate at 5-day intervals.
- 2) Reduce rate to 1:400, or 32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water after the completion of the third treatment and maintain 5-day interval spray cycle until harvest.
- 3) Apply 30-100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.

#### Aerial Spray Treatments For Field-Grown Crops And Tree Crops

Spray Drift Management- Avoiding spray drift is the responsibility of the applicator.

- Do not apply when wind conditions favor drift away from the intended area for treatment. Many
  factors including droplet size, equipment type and weather related factors determine the potential
  for spray drift.
- To ensure optimum product performance, use at the foliar application rate indicated in sufficient water for adequate coverage of plant foliage. Do not make applications at a height greater than 10 ft. above the plant canopy, unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to wind and evaporation. Do not exceed the maximum application rate or apply more often than labeled in the Application Instructions for that crop.

#### Foliar Application Instructions Crops and Diseases (Alphabetical by Crop Grouping)

See Crop Specific Directions, Rates And Usage Section For Additional Instructions.

#### For Heavy Pathogen Pressure When Curative Or Rescue Treatments Are Required-

Spray diseased plants using 128 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre. Apply consecutive applications until control is achieved and then follow directions for preventative treatment.

Crops	Disease	Dilution Rate	Application Rate	Directions
Alfalfa	Cerospora Leaf Spot	1:400	32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	For preventive sprays, spray on a 7-14 day schedule. Use higher rates for increased disease severity or when conditions are favorable for disease.
Asparagus	Phytophthora	1:400	32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	<b>Preventive:</b> Begin when plants are small. Apply first three treatments using the curative rate at 5-day intervals. Reduce rate to 32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water after the completion of third treatment and maintain 5-day interval spray cycle until harvest.
Avocado	Anthracnose Blotch	1:400	32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	<ul> <li>Pre-Bloom: Apply when bloom buds swell and continue on a five to seven day schedule through bloom.</li> <li>Preventive: Begin applications before disease appear. Apply first three treatments using the curative rate at 5- day intervals. Reduce rate to 32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water after the completion of third treatment and maintain 5-day interval spray cycle until harvest.</li> </ul>

Bananas Plantains	Sigatoka	1:400	32 –128 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	<b>Preventive:</b> Begin application before disease appears. Apply first three treatments using the curative rate at 5- day intervals. Reduce rate to 32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water after the completion of third treatment and maintain 5-day interval spray cycle until harvest.
Berries Blackberry Blueberry Raspberry	Alternana Angular Leaf Spot Botrytis Crown Rot Downy Mildew Mummy Berry Disease Leaf Blight Powdery Mildew Fruit Rot	1:400	32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	<b>Preventive:</b> Begin when plants are small. Apply first three treatments using the curative rate at 5-day intervals. Reduce rate to 32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water after the completion of third treatment and maintain 5-day interval spray cycle until harvest.
Bulb Vegetables Garlic Green Onions Leeks Onions Scallions Shallots	Botrytis Downy Mildew Powdery Mildew	1:400	32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	<b>Preventive:</b> Begin when plants are small. Apply first three treatments using the curative rate at 5-day intervals. Reduce rate to 32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water after the completion of third treatment and maintain 5-day interval spray cycle until harvest.
Cereal Grains & Commodities Barley Corn (field) Millet Oats Popcorn Rice Rye Sorghum (Milo) Soybeans Sweet Corn Wheat Wild Rice	Anthracnose Bacterial Blight Bacterial Leaf Blight Blast Brown Leaf Spot Common Rust Common Smut Downey Mildew Head Smut Leaf Smut Sheath Blight Sorghum Downey Mildew Southern Blight Stem Canker Stem Rot	1:400	32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	<b>Preventive:</b> Begin when plants are small. Apply first three treatments using the curative rate at 5-day intervals. Reduce rate to 32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water after the completion of third treatment and maintain 5-day interval spray cycle until harvest.
Citrus Crops Citrus Hybrids Grapefruit Kumquat Lemon Limes Orange Tangerine	Alternaria Anthracnose Brown Rot Phytophthora Powdery Mildew Rust Scab	1:400	32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	<b>Preventive:</b> Begin application before disease appears. Apply first three treatments using the curative rate at 5- day intervals. Reduce rate to 32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water after the completion of third treatment and maintain 5-day interval spray cycle until harvest.
	Citrus Canker	1:600	See Citrus Canker Application Instructions.	For specific application instructions, see <u>Citrus Canker Treatment</u> Application Instructions.
Coffee	Coffee Berry Disease Bacterial Blight Leaf Rust	1:400	32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	For preventive sprays, spray on a 7-14 day schedule. Use higher rates for increased disease severity or when conditions are favorable for disease.

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Cole Crops Broccoli Brussel Sprouts Cabbage Cauliflower Collards Kale	Alternaria Leaf Spot Downy Mildew Early Blight Late Blight Powdery Mildew	1:400	32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	<b>Preventive:</b> Begin when plants are small. Apply first three treatments using the curative rate at 5-day intervals. Reduce rate to 32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water after the completion of third treatment and maintain 5-day interval spray cycle until harvest.
Cotton	Fusarium Pythium Rhizoctonia Cotton Root Rot Thielaviopsis Bacterial Blight	1:100 – 1:2000	See Cotton- Application Instructions.	For specific application instructions, see <u>Cotton - Application Instructions</u> .
Cranberries	Fruit Rot Leaf Blight Bacterial Stem Canker	1:400	32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	Preventive: Begin when plants are small. Apply first three treatments using the curative rate at 5-day intervals. Reduce rate to 32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water after the completion of third treatment and maintain 5-day interval spray cycle until harvest.
Cucurbit Crops Cucumber Melons Pumpkin Squash	Alternaria Anthracnose Belly Rot Downy Mildew Fusarium Wilt Gummy Stem Blight Leaf Spot Phytophthora Powdery Mildew Pythium Rot Rhizoctonia Root Rots		See Cucurbit Application Instructions.	For specific application instructions, see <u>Cucurbit Application Instructions</u> .

Fruiting Vegetables Eggplant Peppers Tomatoes Tomatillos	Anthracnose Early Blight (Alternaria) Late Blight Bacterial Wilt Bacterial Leaf Spot Bacterial Speck Gray Mold (Botrytis) Cladosporium Mold Powdery Mildew Fusarium Pythium Rhizoctonia		See Fruiting Vegetables Application Instructions	For specific application instructions, see <u>Fruiting Vegetables Application</u> <u>Instructions</u> .
Grapes	Black Rot Botrytis Downy Mildew Powdery Mildew Sour Rot	1:400	32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	<b>Preventive:</b> Begin when plants are small. Apply first three treatments using the curative rate at 5-day intervals. Reduce rate to 32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water after the completion of third treatment and maintain 5-day interval spray cycle until harvest.
Grasses grown for seed or sod	Grey Leaf Spot Leaf Rust Leaf Spot Stem Rust	1:300	40 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	Use sufficient water to achieve good coverage. Begin applications during stem elongations. Repeat weekly or as needed. Livestock can graze treated areas.
Herbs and Spices Basil Chives Cilantro Coriander Dill Mint Rosemary Sage	Anthracnose Downy Mildew Powdery Mildew Pythium Rot	1:400	32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	<b>Preventive:</b> Begin when plants are small. Apply first three treatments using the curative rate at 5-day intervals. Reduce rate to 32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water after the completion of third treatment and maintain 5-day interval spray cycle until harvest.
Hops	Downy Mildew Powdery Mildew	1:400	32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	<b>Preventive:</b> Begin when plants are small. Apply first three treatments using the curative rate at 5-day intervals. Reduce rate to 32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water after the completion of third treatment and maintain 5-day interval spray cycle until harvest.
Kiwi	Alternaria Anthracnose Leaf Blight Powdery Mildew Rhizoctonia Sooty Mold Stem Rot	1:400	32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	<b>Preventive:</b> Begin when plants are small. Apply first three treatments using the curative rate at 5-day intervals. Reduce rate to 32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water after the completion of third treatment and maintain 5-day interval spray cycle until harvest.

Leafy Vegetables Arugula Celery Chickory Root Endive Fennel Lettuce Spinach Rhubarb Radicchio Swiss Chard	Brown Rot Botrytis Downy Mildew Early Blight Late Blight Phytophthora Powdery Mildew Rust	1:400	32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	<b>Preventive:</b> Begin when plants are small. Apply first three treatments using the curative rate at 5-day intervals. Reduce rate to 32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water after the completion of third treatment and maintain 5-day interval spray cycle until harvest.
Legumes Chick Peas Dry Beans Lima Beans Peas Snap Beans	Anthracnose Botrytis Downy Mildew Early & Late Blight Fusarium Phytophthora Powdery Mildew Pythium Rhizoctonia Sclerotinia Rust White Mold		See Legumes Application Instructions	For specific application instructions, see <u>Legumes Application Instructions</u> .
Mango	Alternaria Anthracnose Leaf Blight Powdery Mildew Rhizoctonia Sooty Mold Stem Rot	1:400	32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	Preventive: Begin when plants are small. Apply first three treatments using the curative rate at 5-day intervals. Reduce rate to 32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water after the completion of third treatment and maintain 5-day interval spray cycle until harvest.
Mushrooms	Bacterial Blotch Mycogene Necrotic Spot Trichoderma Verticillium Spot	1:400	0.32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per gallon of water; apply 6 gallons of solution per 1000 sq. ft.	<b>Preventive:</b> Spray mushrooms using 0.32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per gallon of water on five to seven day intervals. Begin at pinning stage and continue through harvest.
Рарауа	Anthracnose Phytophthora	1:100	128 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	Pre-Bloom: Begin applications at <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> - <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> inch green tip and continue on a five to seven day schedule through bloom. Curative: Apply consecutive applications until control is achieved and then follow directions for preventative treatment.
Peanuts	Early Blight Late Blight Rust Leaf Spot	1:400	32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	<b>Preventive:</b> Begin when plants are small. Apply first three treatments using the curative rate at 5-day intervals. Reduce rate to 32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water after the completion of third treatment and maintain 5-day interval spray cycle until harvest.

Pineapple	Alternaria Anthracnose Leaf Blight Powdery Mildew Rhizoctonia Sooty Mold Stem Rot	1:400	32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	<b>Preventive:</b> Begin when plants are small. Apply first three treatments using the curative rate at 5-day intervals. Reduce rate to 32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water after the completion of third treatment and maintain 5-day interval spray cycle until harvest.
Pome Fruit Apples Pears Loquats Mayhews Quince	Fire Blight Powdery Mildew Rusts Scab	1:400	32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	<b>Preventive:</b> Begin application before disease appears. Apply first three treatments using the curative rate at 5- day intervals. Reduce rate to 32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water after the completion of third treatment and maintain 5-day interval spray cycle until harvest.
Root & Tuber Vegetables Artichokes Beets Carrots Ginseng Horseradish Parsnip Potatoes Radish Rutabaga Sugar Beets Sweet Potatoes Taro Turnips Yams	Alternaria Bacterial Leaf Spot Crown Rot Early Blight Late Blight Leaf Blight Leaf Spot Powdery Mildew Phizoctonia Potato Brown Rot	1:400	32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	<b>Preventive:</b> Begin when plants are small. Apply first three treatments using the curative rate at 5-day intervals. Reduce rate to 32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water after the completion of third treatment and maintain 5-day interval spray cycle until harvest.
Stone Fruit Apricots Cherries Nectarines Peaches Plums Prunes	Brown Rot Downy Mildew Powdery Mildew Bactenal Canker (Pseudomonas)	1:100	128 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	<b>Pre-Bloom:</b> Begin applications at ¼ - ½ inch green tip and continue on a five to seven day schedule through bloom.
		1:400	32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	<b>Preventive:</b> Begin application before disease appears. Apply first three treatments using the curative rate at 5- day intervals. Reduce rate to 32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water after the completion of third treatment and maintain 5-day interval spray cycle until harvest.

Strawberries	Alternaria Angular Leaf Spot Botrytis Crown Rot Downy Mildew Fruit Rot Leaf Blight Powdery Mildew		See Strawberry Application Instructions	For specific application instructions, see <u>Strawberry Application</u> <u>Instructions</u> .
Tobacco (Field)	Blue Mold Tobacco Mosaic Virus	1:400	32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	Preventive: Begin when plants are small. Apply first three treatments using the curative rate at 5-day intervals. Reduce rate to 32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water after the completion of third treatment and maintain 5-day interval spray cycle until harvest.
Tobacco (Float Beds)	Blue Mold Fusarium Pythium Phytophthora		See Tobacco (Float Beds) Application Instructions	For specific application instructions, see <u>Tobacco (Float Beds)</u> <u>Application</u> <u>Instructions</u> .
Tree Nuts Almonds Brazil Nuts Cashews Filberts Macadamias Pecans	Almond Leaf Scorch Alternaria Anthracnose Brown Rot Bacterial Blight Bacterial Canker	1:100	128 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	<b>Pre-Bloom:</b> Begin applications at ¼ - ½ inch green tip and continue on a five to seven day schedule through bloom.
Pistachios Walnuts	E. Filbert Blight Jacket Rot	1:400	32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	<b>Preventive:</b> Begin application before disease appears. Apply first three treatments using the curative rate at 5- day intervals. Reduce rate to 32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water after the completion of third treatment and maintain 5-day interval spray cycle until harvest.
Tropical Fruit Casaba Coconut Dates Guava Passion Fruit Poi	Alternaria Anthracnose Leaf Blight Powdery Mildew Rhizoctonia Sooty Mold Stem Rot	1:100	128 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	<b>Pre-Bloom:</b> Begin applications at ¼ - ½ inch green tip and continue on a five to seven day schedule through bloom.
Star Fruit		1:400	32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water; apply 30–100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre.	<b>Preventive:</b> Begin application before disease appears. Apply first three treatments using the curative rate at 5- day intervals. Reduce rate to 32 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water after the completion of third treatment and maintain 5-day interval spray cycle until harvest.

### Crop Specific Directions, Rates and Usage

#### Fruiting Vegetable Application Instructions:

#### Seed Treatment

Surface seed treatment to reduce disease causing fungi and bacterial pathogens on or in seed.

Rate	Application	Notes
1:100 or 1 gallon of ZeroTol 2.0 to 100 gallons of water.	If the seed company has not treated seed, immerse seed in the ZeroTol 2.0 solution for one minute, remove seed and allow to drain.	Rinsing of the seed after application is not required.

#### Seedling Production Treatment

For control of seedling diseases (pre and post emergence damping off) caused by fungi: Pythium, Phytopthora, Rizoctonia, and Fusarium.

Rate at Seeding	Application	Notes	
1/2 to 11/4 fl. oz. ZeroTol 2.0 per gallon of water.	Apply ZeroTol 2.0 to the point of saturation.	Apply on newly seeded plug trays, seed flats or beds with the initial watering.	
Rate for Post Emergence Treatment	Application	Notes	
1/2 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per gallon of water.	Apply ZeroTol 2.0 at the 2 to 4 true leaf stage as a foliar spray with sufficient water to achieve complete coverage, or to the soil directly via drip trickle, in furrow or flood basin.	Repeat at 7-day intervals.	

#### At Planting Application

# For prevention, suppression and control of soil-borne diseases caused by Pythium, Phytophthora, Rhizoctonia and Fusarium.

Rate	Application	Notes
1/2 to 1 gallon of ZeroTol 2.0 per treated acre in 50-200 gallons of water.	Add ZeroTol 2.0 to transplant water or starter fertilizer and make in- furrow or dibble application just prior to plant set.	In fields with a history of disease pressure, use the high rate. Before tank mixing ZeroTol 2.0 with other fertilizers, fungicides or bactericides, conduct a compatibility test for each combination. Make a test solution and shake or stir vigorously. Excessive bubbling and/or pressure are an indication of incompatibility.

#### Foliar Applications

For control of foliar diseases caused by bacteria and fungi that attack stems, leaves and fruit during crop growth: Anthracnose, Bacterial Speck and Spot, Botrytis, Early Blight, Late Blight, and Powdery Mildew.

Rate – Foliar Spray	Application	Notes	
32 fl. oz - 1 gallon of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water. Complete coverage is essential.	Begin applications of ZeroTol 2.0 prior to or in the early stages of disease development and continue throughout the season. Spray at first appearance or when conditions are favorable for disease development.	Under severe disease conditions and during periods of rainy weather, apply immediately following each rain, reduce spray intervals and use stronger dilution rate. Use sufficient water to obtain complete coverage.	

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	Repeat applications at 7-day intervals.	Before tank mixing ZeroTol 2.0 with other fertilizers, fungicides or bactericides, conduct a compatibility test for each combination. Make a test solution and shake or stir vigorously. Excessive bubbling and/or pressure are an indication of incompatibility.
Irrigation Application Rate	Application	Notes
<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> to 1 gallon of ZeroTol 2.0 per treated acre in 500-1000 gallons of water.	Apply through center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side-wheel roll, traveler, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems.	Do not spray ZeroTol 2.0 during conditions of intense heat, drought or poor vine canopy.

### **Cotton Application Instructions:**

#### At Planting Application

#### For control of Cotton Root Rot, Fusarium Wilt, Pythium, Thielaviopsis, and Rhizoctonia.

Rate	Application	Notes
1/2 to 1 gallon of ZeroTol		In fields with a history of disease
2.0 per treated acre in 50-200 gallons of water.	before seed is covered. Make band applications to soil surface after seed is covered.	pressure, use higher rates.

# Banded Application For control of Cotton Root Rot, Fusarium Wilt, Pythium, Thielaviopsis and Rhizoctonia.

Rate for Spray Application	Application	Notes	
1/3 to 1 gallon of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water.	Apply ZeroTol 2.0 as a foliar spray with sufficient water to achieve runoff to soil when vines begin to run. Repeat every seven days through infectious season.	Typical applications use 30-100 gallons of spray per acre. During periods of wet, cloudy or rainy weather, use stronger rates and volumes and reduce spray intervals. Before tank mixing ZeroTol 2.0 with other fertilizers, fungicides or bactericides, conduct a compatibility test for each combination. Make a test solution and shake or stir vigorously. Excessive bubbling and/or pressure are an indication of incompatibility.	
Irrigation Application Rate	Application	Notes	
<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> to 1 gallon of ZeroTol 2.0 per treated acre in 500-1000 gallons of water.	Apply through drip trickle, center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side wheel roll, traveler, solid set, hand move or flood basin irrigation systems.	Before tank mixing ZeroTol 2.0 with other fertilizers, fungicides or bactericides, conduct a compatibility test for each combination. Make a test solution and shake or stir vigorously. Excessive bubbling and/or pressure are an indication of incompatibility. Do not spray ZeroTol 2.0 during conditions of intense heat, drought or poor plant vigor.	

### Foliar Applications

Rate for Spray Application	Application	Notes
32 fl. oz - 1 gallon of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water. Complete coverage is essential.	Begin applications of ZeroTol 2.0 prior to or in early stages of disease development and continue throughout the season. Spray at first appearance or when conditions are favorable for disease development. Repeat at 7-day intervals using sufficient water to obtain complete coverage.	Before tank mixing ZeroTol 2.0 with other fertilizers, fungicides or bactericides, conduct a compatibility test for each combination. Make a test solution and shake or stir vigorously. Excessive bubbling and/or pressure are an indication of incompatibility. Under severe disease conditions and during periods of rainy weather, apply immediately following each rain, reduce spray intervals and use stronger dilution rate Do not spray ZeroTol 2.0 during conditions of intense heat, drought or poor plant vigor.
Irrigation Application Rate	Application	Notes
<sup>1</sup> ⁄ <sub>2</sub> to 1 gallon of ZeroTol 2.0 per treated acre in 500-1000 gallons of water.	Apply through center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side-wheel roll, traveler, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems.	Before tank mixing ZeroTol 2.0 with other fertilizers, fungicides or bactericides, conduct a compatibility test for each combination. Make a test solution and shake or stir vigorously. Excessive bubbling and/or pressure are an indication of incompatibility. Do not spray ZeroTol 2.0 during conditions of intense heat, drought or poor plant vigor.

### **Cucurbit Application Instructions:**

#### At Planting Application

For control of Belly Rot, Root Rots, Fusarium Wilt, Pythium, Phytophthora, and Rhizoctonia.

Rate	Application	Notes
<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> to 1 gallon of ZeroTol 2.0 per treated acre in 50-200 gallons of	Make in-furrow applications just before seed is covered. Make band applications to soil	In fields with a history of disease pressure, use higher rates.
water.	surface after seed is covered	

#### **Banded Application**

For control of Belly Rot, Root Rots, Fusarium Wilt, Pythium, Phytophthora, and Rhizoctonia

Rate for Spray Application	Application	Notes
1/3 to 1 gallon of	Apply ZeroTol 2.0 as a foliar spray	Typical applications use 30-100
ZeroTol 2.0 per 100	with sufficient water to achieve runoff	gallons of spray per acre. During
gallons of water.	to soil when vines begin to run.	periods of wet, cloudy or rainy

	Repeat every seven days through	weather, use stronger rates and volumes and reduce spray intervals.
·	infectious season.	volumes and reduce spray intervals.
		Before tank mixing ZeroTol 2.0 with other fertilizers, fungicides or bactericides, conduct a compatibility test for each combination. Make a test solution and shake or stir vigorously. Excessive bubbling and/or pressure are an indication of incompatibility.
Irrigation Application Rate	Application	Notes
1/2 to 1 gallon of ZeroTol 2.0 per treated acre in 500-1000 gallons of water.	Apply through drip trickle, center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side wheel roll, traveler, solid set, hand move or flood basin irrigation systems.	:

#### **Foliar Applications**

### Alternaria, Anthracnose, Downy Mildew, Gummy Stem Blight, Leaf Spot, and Powdery Mildew.

Rate for Spray Application	Application	Notes
32 fl. oz - 1 gallon of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water. Complete coverage is essential.	Begin applications of ZeroTol 2.0 prior to or in early stages of disease development and continue throughout the season. Spray at first appearance or when conditions are favorable for disease development. Repeat at 7-day intervals using sufficient water to obtain complete coverage.	Before tank mixing ZeroTol 2.0 with other fertilizers, fungicides or bactericides, conduct a compatibility test for each combination. Make a test solution and shake or stir vigorously. Excessive bubbling and/or pressure are an indication of incompatibility. Under severe disease conditions and during periods of rainy weather, apply immediately following each rain, reduce spray intervals and use stronger dilution rate. Do not spray ZeroTol 2.0 during conditions of intense heat, drought or
Irrigation Application Rate	Application	poor vine canopy. Notes
<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> to 1 gallon of ZeroTol 2.0 per treated acre in 500-1000 gallons of water.	Apply through center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side-wheel roll, traveler, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems.	Before tank mixing ZeroTol 2.0 with other fertilizers, fungicides or bactericides, conduct a compatibility test for each combination. Make a test solution and shake or stir vigorously. Excessive bubbling and/or pressure are an indication of incompatibility. Do not spray ZeroTol 2.0 during conditions of intense heat, drought or poor vine canopy.

#### **Legumes Application Instructions:**

#### **At Planting Application**

# For control of Early Blight, Late Blight, Phytophthora, Pythium, Rhizoctonia, Fusarium Root-Rot and Sclerotinia.

Rate	Application	Notes
1/2 to 1 gallon of ZeroTol 2.0 per treated acre in 50-200 gallons of water.	Add ZeroTol 2.0 to setting water or starter fertilizer and make in-furrow application just prior to seed drop.	In fields with a history of disease pressure, use the high rate. Before tank mixing ZeroTol 2.0 with other fertilizers, fungicides or bactericides, conduct a compatibility test for each combination. Make a test solution and shake or stir vigorously. Excessive bubbling and/or pressure are an indication of incompatibility.

#### Surface Application

Early Blight, Late Blight, Phytophthora, Pythium, Rhizoctonia, Fusarium Root-Rot and Sclerotinia.

Rate – Foliar Spray	Application	Notes
1/3 to 1 gallon of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water.	Apply ZeroTol 2.0 as a foliar spray with sufficient water to achieve runoff to soil. Repeat applications every 7 days through infectious season.	Typical applications use 30 to 100 gallons of spray solution per acre. During periods of wet, cloudy or rainy weather, use stronger rates and volumes and reduce spray intervals. Before tank mixing ZeroTol 2.0 with other fertilizers, fungicides or bactericides, conduct a compatibility test for each combination. Make a test solution and shake or stir vigorously. Excessive bubbling and/or pressure are an indication of incompatibility.
Irrigation Application Rate	Application	Notes
1/2 to 1 gallon of ZeroTol 2.0 per treated acre in 500-1000 gallons of water.	Apply through drip trickle, center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side- wheel roll, traveler, solid set, hand move or flood basin irrigation systems.	

#### **Foliar Application**

# For control of Anthracnose, Bacterial blights, Botrytis, Powdery Mildew, Rhizoctonia, Rust, and White mold.

Rate – Foliar Spray	Application	Notes
32 fl. oz - 1 gallon of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water. Complete coverage is essential.	Begin applications of ZeroTol 2.0 prior to or in the early stages of disease development and continue throughout the season.	Under severe disease conditions and during periods of rainy weather, apply immediately following each rain, reduce spray intervals and use stronger dilution rate.
	Spray at first appearance or when conditions are favorable for disease development.	Use sufficient water to obtain complete coverage.

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	Repeat applications at 7-day intervals.	Before tank mixing ZeroTol 2.0 with other fertilizers, fungicides or bactericides, conduct a compatibility test for each combination. Make a test solution and shake or stir vigorously. Excessive bubbling and/or pressure are an indication of incompatibility.
Irrigation Application Rate	Application	Notes
1/2 to 1 gallon of ZeroTolApply through drip trickle, center2.0 per treated acre inpivot, lateral move, end tow, side-500-1000 gallons ofwheel roll, traveler, solid set, handwater.move or flood basin irrigationsystems.		Do not spray ZeroTol 2.0 during conditions of intense heat, drought or poor vine canopy.

### **Strawberry Application Instructions:**

# Pre-Plant Dip or Spray For control of Botrytis, Crown Rot and Powdery Mildew.

Rate	Application	Notes
64 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water.	Thoroughly wet transplants by dipping or spraying prior to planting.	Excessive foaming or bubbling during the dipping process is an indication of high levels of disease contamination.
		Remove dead or dying foliage prior to dipping.
		Before tank mixing ZeroTol 2.0 with other fertilizers, fungicides or bactericides, conduct a compatibility test for each combination. Make a test solution and shake or stir vigorously. Excessive bubbling and/or pressure
		are an indication of incompatibility.

### Setting Water Application For control of Botrytis.

Rate	Application	Notes
1/2 to 1 gallon of ZeroTol 2.0 in 50 - 200 gallons of water per treated	Add ZeroTol 2.0 to transplant water or starter fertilizer and make in- furrow or dibble application at the	ZeroTol 2.0 is chemically compatible with most water-soluble fertilizers.
acre.	time of plant set.	Before tank mixing ZeroTol 2.0 with other fertilizers, fungicides or bactericides, conduct a compatibility test for each combination. Make a test solution and shake or stir vigorously. Excessive bubbling and/or pressure are an indication of incompatibility.

#### At-Planting Foliar Application For control of Powdery Mildew, Leaf Blight, Angular Leaf Spot, Crown Rot and Botrytis.

Rate	Application	Notes
32 fl. oz - 1 gallon of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water. Complete coverage is essential.	Immediately following planting, apply ZeroTol 2.0 as a foliar spray with sufficient water to achieve runoff to soil or plastic, or to the soil directly via drip trickle, in furrow or flood	Typical applications use 30 to 100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre. In fields with a history of disease pressure, use the high rate.
	basin.	Before tank mixing ZeroTol 2.0 with other fertilizers, fungicides or bactericides, conduct a compatibility test for each combination. Make a test solution and shake or stir vigorously. Excessive bubbling and/or pressure are an indication of incompatibility.

### Existing Plantings- Foliar and Crown Disease Control Powdery Mildew, Leaf Blight, Angular Leaf Spot, Crown Rot and Botrytis.

Rate – Foliar Spray	Application	Notes
32 fl. oz - 1 gallon of	Begin applications of ZeroTol 2.0	Typical applications use 30 to100
ZeroTol 2.0 per 100	prior to or in the early stages of	gallons of spray solution per treated
gallons of water. Complete coverage is	disease development and continue throughout the season.	acre.
essential.		Before tank mixing ZeroTol 2.0 with
	Spray at first appearance or when	other fertilizers, fungicides or
	conditions are favorable for disease development.	bactericides, conduct a compatibility test for each combination. Make a test solution and shake or stir vigorously.
	Repeat applications at 7-day intervals.	Excessive bubbling and/or pressure are an indication of incompatibility.
		Under severe disease conditions and during periods of rainy weather, apply immediately following each rain, reduce spray intervals and use stronger dilution rate.
		Use sufficient water to obtain complete coverage.
		ZeroTol 2.0 may be applied up to and including the day of harvest.

#### **Botrytis Control on Existing Plantings**

Rate – Foliar Spray	Application	Notes
40 – 128 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water.	Apply ZeroTol 2.0 at the first growth flush. Repeat applications at 10% bloom, full bloom and at late or	Typical applications use 30 to100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre. Use sufficient water to obtain
Complete coverage is essential.	extended bloom.	complete coverage.
	Use additional sprays in late winter just after plant bed cleaning.	Remove dead plant growth from the beds immediately prior to making a ZeroTol 2.0 application.

Before tank mixing ZeroTol 2.0 with other fertilizers, fungicides or bactericides, conduct a compatibility test for each combination. Make a test solution and shake or stir vigorously. Excessive bubbling and/or pressure
are an indication of incompatibility.

#### Tobacco (Float Beds) Application Instructions:

Rate	Application	Notes
1:500-1:1000	1¼ – 2½ fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 10 gallons.	Curative: Initial treatment of float bed water.
1:5,000-1:10,000	6 – 24 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 1000 gallons.	<b>Preventive:</b> Treat water on a regular basis or maintain a residual 100 ppm concentration.

#### Pre-Plant Dip or Spray Application For control of Fusarium, Blue Mold, Phytophthora, Pythium.

### **Citrus Canker Application Instructions:**

#### Existing Plantings – Foliar and Tree Treatment

For control of Citrus Canker on citrus crops: grapefruit, kumquat, lemons, limes, oranges and tangerines.

Rate – Foliar Spray	Application	Notes
20 – 128 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water. Complete coverage is essential.	Begin applications of ZeroTol 2.0 prior to or in the early stages of disease development and continue throughout the season. Spray at first appearance or when conditions are favorable for disease development. Repeat applications at 7-day intervals.	Spray diseased plants using ZeroTol 2.0 treatment solution for one to three consecutive days and continue treatments on five to seven day intervals. Spray entire tree including trunk, branches, leaf canopy. Spray all areas where branches have been pruned, grafted or have become damaged or have apparent lesions or breaks in bark. In groves with a history of disease pressure, use the stronger rate. Typical applications use 30 to 100 gallons of spray solution per treated acre. Before tank mixing ZeroTol 2.0 with other fertilizers, fungicides or bactericides, conduct a compatibility test for each combination. Make a test solution and shake or stir vigorously. Excessive bubbling and/or pressure are an indication of incompatibility. Under severe disease conditions and during periods of wet, cloudy or rainy weather, apply immediately following each rain, reduce spray intervals and use stronger dilution rate. Use sufficient water to obtain complete coverage. ZeroTol 2.0 may be applied up to and including the day of harvest.

#### POST HARVEST APPLICATIONS

Use ZeroTol 2.0 to treat bacterial and fungal diseases in post-harvest waters, systems, equipment, structures and on agricultural commodities.

# For Post-Harvest Treatments In Wash Tanks, Dip Tanks, Drench Tanks, Evaporators, Humidification Systems And/Or Storage Tanks

For treatment of water to prevent bacterial and fungal diseases on post-harvest fruits and vegetables, mix 1.28 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 for every 10 gallons of water or use a dilution rate of 1:1000. Applicable for use on all types of post harvest commodities.

#### For Direct Injection Into Dump Tanks, Hydro Coolers, Spray Systems And Process Waters

For treatment of water containing plant pathogens, inject ZeroTol 2.0 and maintain a predetermined residual level by using metering equipment, coupled with ORP measuring probes. Applicable for use on all types of post harvest fruits and vegetables.

- 1) Determine biological organic loading prior to treatment if possible.
- 2) For waters that contain biological and organic loading, inject ZeroTol 2.0
- at 25 fl. oz. 12.8 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 for every 100 gallons of water or at a dilution rate of 1:500 1:1,000.
- 3) For clean water inject ZeroTol 2.0 at 1.28 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 for every 100 gallons of water or a dilution rate of 1:10,000-to prevent the formation of algae, bacteria and fungi.

**Note:** In dump tanks that contain squash, or other commodities with sensitive skin, use a rate of 1:2000 per 100 gallons of water to prevent oxidation of abrasions that will turn brown.

#### For Post-Harvest Spray Treatments On Process And Packing Lines

Inject ZeroTol 2.0 directly into spray system water on process and packing lines to prevent bacterial and fungal diseases on post-harvest fruits and vegetables. Inject at 1:100 - 1:1,000 ZeroTol 2.0 to clean water. For best results, where dump tanks are used, make post harvest spray treatment as fruit is leaving dump tanks. Applicable for use on all types of post harvest commodities (for potatoes, see specific directions for treatment of post-harvest potatoes).

#### For Manual Post-Harvest Spray Treatment

Use ZeroTol 2.0 to prevent bacterial and fungal diseases on all post-harvest fruits and vegetables. Mix 1.28 – 0.50 fl. oz. ZeroTol 2.0 per gallon of clean water. Spray fruit or vegetables to runoff using hydraulic, backpack, air-assisted or other similar sprayer or foamer.

#### Specific Directions For Treatment Of Post-Harvest Potatoes

#### Spray Treatments For Newly Harvested Potatoes Before Storage:

Crops	Disease	Application Rate	Directions
Potatoes	Bacterial Soft Rot Early Blight Fusarium Tuber Rot Late Blight Silver Scurf		Spray diluted solution on tuber to runoff to achieve full and even coverage. The use of additional surfactant is acceptable to aid in sticking. Use 1 to 2 gallons of water per ton of potatoes.

#### Direct Injection Into Humidification Water For Post-Harvest Potatoes In Storage:

Crops	Disease	Application Rate	Directions
Potatoes	Bacterial Soft Rot Early Blight Fusarium Tuber Rot Late Blight Silver Scurf	1/2-11/4 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per gallon of water.	Inject undiluted product into makeup water used in humidification of post-harvest potatoes in storage.

#### Treatment Of Rinses For Post-Harvest Potatoes; Prior, During Or After Storage:

Crops	Disease	Dilution Rate	Directions
Potatoes	Odor-causing and/or slime- forming bacteria	1:1000 – 1:5000	Inject undiluted product into process water used in potato rinses, and associated tanks, flumes and lines.

#### Specific Directions For Algae Control In Rice/Wild Rice Fields And Paddies

Use ZeroTol 2.0 to suppress / control algae in rice fields and paddies. Apply ZeroTol 2.0 at a rate of 5–10 gallons of ZeroTol 2.0 per surface acre using conventional sprayer equipment or aerial application. Apply at the first signs of algae. Applications are most effective when made before rice rises to the water surface. Apply ZeroTol 2.0 as needed to control and prevent algae growth; apply more often in times of higher water temperatures.

#### NON PLANT USES

#### For Clean, Hard, Non-Porous Surface Applications

Use ZeroTol 2.0 to suppress / control bacteria, fungi and slime-forming algae as follows:

SURFACE	USE RATE	INSTRUCTIONS
Pots, Flats, Trays	1:100 - 1:300 or 1¼ fl. oz½ fl. oz. per gallon of clean water.	Spray until runoff. Add additional surfactant if needed.
Cutting Tools	1:100 - 1:300 or 1¼ fl. oz½ fl. oz. per gallon of clean water.	Soak tools to ensure complete coverage. Add additional surfactant if needed.
	Tobacco Mosaic Virus control: 1:50- 1:100 or 2½ fl. oz 1¼ fl. oz. per gallon of clean water.	Use ZeroTol 2.0 to prevent the spread of Tobacco Mosaic Virus on cutting tools. Allow surfaces to remain wet for 1 minute.
Benches and Work Areas	Precleaned surfaces: 1:100 - 1:300 or 1¼ fl. oz½ fl. oz per gallon of clean water. Unclean surfaces: 1:50 or 2½ fl. oz. per gallon of clean water if surfaces have not been pre- cleaned with water to remove organic deposits.	Sweep and remove all plant debris. Use power sprayer to wash all surfaces to remove loose dirt. Add additional surfactant if needed.
Foot Bath Mats Foot pads and walk-through trays	1:100 - 1:170 or 1¼ fl. oz -¾ fl. oz. per gallon of water.	Apply ZeroTol 2.0 to prevent the tracking and spread of dirt and microorganisms. Make a solution of ZeroTol 2.0 per gallon of water and fill foot bath mat, foot pad or walk-through tray to capacity. Allow treated surface to remain wet with solution for 10 minutes. Change solution as needed.

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#### For Hard, Non Porous Surfaces, Equipment And Structures

Use ZeroTol 2.0 to suppress / control bacteria, fungi and slime forming algae on equipment, and structures: benches, walkways, floors, walls, fan blades, watering systems, vats, tanks, coolers, storage rooms, bins, elevators, storage areas, spray equipment, conveyors, irrigation systems, process equipment, process water systems, trucks, structures and related equipment. Follow treatment of any food contact surfaces, equipment or structures with a potable water rinse.

- 1) Sweep and remove all plant debris. Use power sprayer to wash all surfaces to remove loose dirt and/or organic material.
- 2) Use a dilution of 1:100 1:300, or 1¼ fl oz. ½ fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per gallon of clean water. Use a dilution of 1:50 or 2½ fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per gallon of clean water if surfaces that are to be treated have not been pre-cleaned with water to remove organic deposits. The use of additional surfactant is acceptable.
- 3) Apply solution with mop, sponge, power sprayer or fogger to thoroughly wet all surfaces. Fog enclosed areas as an adjunct to manual surface application. Wear protective eyewear (goggles or face shield) when fogging. Prior to fogging, pre-clean surfaces with water to remove any organic deposits. Fog the desired areas using dilution rates of 1:100 - 1:300, or 1¼ fl oz. - ½ fl. oz., of ZeroTol 2.0 using any type of fogging equipment including but not limited to cold foggers, thermal foggers, low pressure air assisted and high pressure fog systems. Solutions are corrosive to materials that are easily oxidized such as natural rubber, copper, galvanized and black iron pipe. Test solutions on surfaces prior to use.
- 4) Follow treatment of any food contact surfaces, equipment or structures with a potable water rinse.
- 5) Scrub off heavy growths of algae and fungi following application. Use a solution of ZeroTol 2.0 to wash away dead growth.
- 6) Reapply often for control.

#### **Foaming Applications**

Apply ZeroTol 2.0 as a foam treatment to enhance contact on porous surfaces, vertical surfaces and irregular surfaces where contact is difficult to maintain with spray treatments. Remove loose soil or organic matter with clean water and/or detergent rinse. Use ZeroTol 2.0 at a dilution ratio of 1:800 to 1:600 or 16.00 fl. oz. to 21.3 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water. Add a surfactant foaming agent to the spray tank that contains the diluted ZeroTol 2.0 solution. Apply foam until the surface treated is completely covered. Allow foam treated surface to air dry. Do not rinse.

#### For Surfaces And Equipment Applications In Packing Houses

Apply ZeroTol 2.0 to suppress/control bacteria, fungi and slime forming algae on all surfaces and equipment found in packinghouses including, dump tanks, drenches, crates, containers, conveyors, storages, walls, floors, and process lines.

- 1) Remove loose soil or organic matter with clean water and/or detergent rinse.
- 2) Use ZeroTol 2.0 at a dilution ratio of 1:800 to 1:600 or 16.00 fl. oz. to 21.3 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water. Apply as a coarse spray until runoff.
- Allow ZeroTol 2.0 treated surfaces to air dry. Do not rinse.

#### Foaming Applications

Apply ZeroTol 2.0 as a foam treatment to enhance contact on porous surfaces, vertical surfaces and irregular surfaces where contact is difficult to maintain with spray treatments. Remove loose soil or organic matter with clean water and/or detergent rinse. Use ZeroTol 2.0 at a dilution ratio of 1:800 to 1:600 or 16.00 fl. oz. to 21.3 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water. Add a surfactant foaming agent to the spray tank that contains the diluted ZeroTol 2.0 solution. Apply foam until the surface treated is completely covered. Allow foam treated surface to air dry. Do not rinse.

# Surface Treatment- For Treatment Of Citrus Canker On Vehicles, Field Equipment, Tools, Personnel Clothing.

Rate – Surface Treatment	Application	Notes
16.0 – 21.3 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per 100 gallons of water. Complete coverage is essential.	Apply to field equipment such as pickers, trailers, trucks (including truck body parts and tires), bins, packing crates, ladders, power tools, pruning shears, gloves, rubber boots, Tyvek suits or other equipment that can transfer <i>Xanthomonas</i> bacterial species including citrus canker. Apply to equipment and surfaces found in commercial packing houses including dump tanks, drenches, crates, containers, conveyors, storages, walls, floors, and process lines.	Remove loose soil or organic matter with clean water or detergent/rinse. Use a power sprayer to remove loose dirt and organic matter. Apply solution as a coarse spray or by mop, sponge, power sprayer, portable sprayer or fogger. Apply until run off. Allow treated surfaces to air dry, do not rinse.

#### For Water Filter, Water Filter Media, Membranes And Related Components And Systems Treatment

To suppress, control and prevent clogging of filters from growth of plant pathogenic algae, bacteria or fungi, as well as the oxidation of iron deposits. For reduction and removal on the surfaces of filter and membrane media, media housings and Clean in Place (CIP) systems.

For water filter and filter media treatment use a rate of 2.5 fl. oz. of ZeroTol 2.0 per gallon and allow to soak for ten (10) minutes. Drain filter or filter media and then rinse with clean water. For CIP applications involving filters use a rate of 1:500 – 1:2000.

For membrane treatment use a solution of 500 ppm, within a pH range of 3-7 and maximum water temperature of 80 degrees F.

For membrane CIP systems treatment use a solution of 2000 ppm, within a pH of 3-7 and a maximum water temperature of 80 Degrees F. After thorough draining of the solution, rinse the media thoroughly with clean or sterile water for a minimum of 5 minutes.

#### CONTAINED WATER APPLICATIONS

To suppress, control and prevent algae and cyanobacteria in the following contained waters: Ponds, Lakes, Lagoons, Water Gardens, Ornamental Pools/Ponds, Ornamental Waterfalls, Fountains, Bird Baths, Irrigation Ponds, Rice/Wild Rice Fields and Paddies, Farm Ponds, Impounded Waters, Bilge Water, Reservoirs, Waterways, Conveyance Ditches, Canals, Laterals, Drainage Systems, Catch Basins, Sewage Lagoons and Pits, Feedlot Run-Off Lagoons, Sewage Systems, Fire Ponds, Watering Tanks, Storage Tanks, Water Collectors.

#### DETERMINING WATER VOLUME

Measure length (L), width (W), and average depth (D) in feet (ft) or meters (m) and calculate volume using one of the following formulas:

Square/Rectangular: L(ft) x W(ft) x D(ft) x 7.5 = Gallons L(m) x W(m) x D(m) x 1000 = Liters Circular/Elliptical: L(ft) x W(ft) x D(ft) x 5.9 = Gallons L(m) x W(m) x D(m) x 786 = Liters

Avg. Length (ft) x Avg. Width (ft) 43,560 = acres

#### **APPLICATION RATES**

Algae Growth/Density	Water Depth In Feet (1)	
	Gallons ZeroTol 2.0 Per Surface Acre	
Low Density	2.4	
Moderate Density	6.0	
High Density	10.8	
Extreme Density (Full Bloom)	24.0	

#### APPLICATION METHODS

In bodies of water where an aerator is available, and when treating the entire water volume, apply at the edges, or in the turbulence created while the aerator runs to facilitate rapid and adequate mixing.

**Spot Treatment**: Apply ZeroTol 2.0 directly over the infested area. Re-treatment is required when heavy growth occurs.

**Liquid Treatment**: Surface spray (or inject) spray solution on the water surface from shore or a boat equipped with aquatic spray or injection equipment. Use a rate up to 24 gallons per acre-foot for surface spray or injection treatment. Use in accordance with manufacturer's spray equipment instructions.

Injection Treatment: Inject solution into the water via a piping system.

#### GENERAL TREATMENT NOTES

- Control is best achieved when algae are not yet well established. Treat in early spring or summer when growth first begins to appear.
- The application rates are variable and depend upon algae species, water hardness, and amount of algae present.
- Use higher application rates for filamentous algae (pond scum) and lower application rates for planktonic algae. If there is uncertainty about the application rate begin with a lower application rate and increase until control is achieved or until maximum allowable level has been reached.
- Treatment of algae can result in oxygen loss from the decomposition of dead or decaying algae. Begin treatment along the shore and proceed outward in bands to allow fish to move into untreated areas. In regions where ponds freeze in winter, treatment should be done 4 to 6 weeks before expected freeze to prevent masses of decaying algae under an ice cover.
- Apply early in the day under calm, sunny conditions, when water temperatures are warm. Sunlight and higher temperatures both enhance activity.
- Apply evenly over the water surface directly over the algae to be treated.
- Break up any heavy floating algae mats before or during application.
- If using in conjunction with other water additives (such as bacteria or enzymes), always apply ZeroTol 2.0 first and wait 48 hours before adding any other products.
- Re-treat areas if re-growth begins to appear. Allow 48 hours between consecutive treatments.
- Maintain an algae free pond with maintenance rates at a frequency appropriate for your environmental conditions.
- Do not tank mix with aquatic herbicides or algaecides containing copper or bromides.

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#### Specific Directions For Stock Tanks And Livestock Water

Use ZeroTol 2.0 to suppress / control algae, bacteria and fungi in stock tanks, stock watering ponds, tanks and troughs, and livestock water. Apply 2 fluid ounces of ZeroTol 2.0 per 250 gallons of water for algae control. Do not exceed the label rate. Product can be simply added to the body of water, as the residual control will allow for even distribution throughout the water column. Where existing algae mats are present at time of treatment, the most effective control will be obtained by breaking up mats and/or evenly dispersing diluted ZeroTol 2.0 over the algae mats. Apply ZeroTol 2.0 as needed to control and prevent algae growth; make applications more often in times of higher water temperatures.

<u>Drip system application for livestock watering tanks</u>: Tanks fed by a continuous flow of spring or well water can be equipped with a chemical drip system designed to meter-in ZeroTol 2.0 based upon water flow rates. Pre-dilute ZeroTol 2.0 at a 100: 1 rate or 4-mL/minute water flow rate. Treat continuously or as needed to control and prevent algae re-growth.

#### For Agricultural Spray Irrigation And Drainage Water And Ditches

Use ZeroTol 2.0 to suppress / control algae, bacteria and fungi in agricultural irrigation and drainage water and ditches. For irrigation water, apply 4 to 8 fluid ounces of ZeroTol 2.0 per 1000 gallons of water. Product can be simply added to the body of water, as the residual control will allow for even distribution throughout the water column. Where existing algae mats are present at time of treatment, the most effective control will be obtained by breaking up mats and/or evenly dispersing diluted ZeroTol 2.0 over the algae mats. Apply ZeroTol 2.0 as needed to control and prevent algae growth; apply more often in times of higher water temperatures.

#### For Sewage Water Treatment

Use ZeroTol 2.0 for the control of bacteria and the malodors caused by hydrogen sulfide gas. Application rates may vary depending on amounts of organic matter (sewage) in lagoons and pits. Pour ZeroTol 2.0 directly from the container into the pit or lagoon at several locations to aid in dispersal. Use one gallon of ZeroTol 2.0 for 60,000 gallons (8,000 cubic feet) of sewage. For best results, disperse ZeroTol 2.0 evenly throughout sewage. Odors should be noticeably reduced in 1-2 weeks. Repeat application when odor reappears. For lagoons, wait 24 hours before adding beneficial bacteria.

#### CHEMIGATION:

#### General Requirements -

- Apply this product only through a drip system or sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, hand move, flood (basin), furrow, border or drip (trickle) irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.
- If you have questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.
- 4) Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- 5) A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments as needed.
- 6) Posting of areas to be chemigated is required when 1) any part of a treated area is within 300 feet of sensitive areas such as residential areas, labor camps, businesses, day care centers, hospitals, in-patient clinics, nursing homes or any public areas such as schools, parks, playgrounds, or other public facilities not including public roads, or 2) when the chemigated area is open to the public such as golf courses or retail greenhouses.
- 7) Posting must conform to the following requirements. Treated areas shall be posted with signs at all usual points of entry and along likely routes of approach from the listed sensitive areas. When there are no usual points of entry, signs must be posted in the corners of the treated areas and in any other location affording maximum visibility to sensitive areas. The printed side of the sign

must face away from the treated area towards the sensitive area. The signs shall be printed in English. Signs must be posted prior to application and must remain posted until foliage has dried and soil surface water has disappeared. Signs may remain in place indefinitely as long as they are composed of materials to prevent deterioration and maintain legibility for the duration of the posting period.

8) All words shall consist of letters at least 2.5 inches tall, and all letters and the symbol shall be a color which sharply contrasts with their immediate background. At the top of the sign shall be the words KEEP OUT, followed by an octagonal stop sign symbol at least 8 inches in diameter containing the word STOP. Below the symbol shall be the words PESTICIDES IN IRRIGATION WATER.

#### Specific Requirements for Chemigation Systems Connected to Public Water Systems -

- Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- 2) Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reducedpressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system must be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- 3) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 4) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 5) The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6) Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7) Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

#### Specific Requirements for Sprinkler Chemigation -

- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 2) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3) The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4) The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5) The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6) Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being filled with a system interlock.
- 7) Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

#### Specific Requirements for Flood (Basin), Furrow and Border Chemigation -

- Systems using a gravity flow pesticide dispensing system must meter the pesticide into the water at the head of the field and downstream of a hydraulic discontinuity such as a drop structure or weir box to decrease potential for water source contamination from backflow if water flow stops.
- 2) The systems utilizing a pressurized water and pesticide injection system must meet the following requirements:
  - a. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
  - b. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
  - c. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoidoperated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
  - d. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
  - e. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
  - f. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being filled with a system interlock.

#### Specific Requirements for Drip (Trickle) Chemigation -

- The system must contain a functional check valve, a vacuum relief valve and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 2) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3) The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4) The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5) The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6) Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being filled with a system interlock.

#### Application Instructions -

- Remove scale, pesticide residues, and other foreign matter from the chemical supply tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water until no scale or pesticide residues are present. Failure to provide a clean tank, void of scale or residues may cause product to lose effectiveness or strength.
- 2) Determine the treatment rates as indicated in the directions for use and make proper dilutions.
- 3) Prepare a solution in the chemical tank by filling the tank with the required amount of water and then adding product as required. The product will immediately go into suspension without any agitation.
- 4) Do not apply ZeroTol 2.0 in conjunction with any other pesticides or fertilizers; this has the potential to cause reduced performance of the product.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. **PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in original container in a cool, dry well-vented area, away from direct sunlight. Do not allow product to become overheated in storage. Do not store in a manner where crosscontamination with other pesticides or fertilizers could occur.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label directions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance

**CONTAINER DISPOSAL (Containers equal to or less than 5 gallons):** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration. Do not burn, unless allowed by state and local ordinances.

**CONTAINER DISPOSAL (Containers greater than 5 gallons):** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration. Do not burn, unless allowed by state and local ordinances.

#### CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of BIOSAFE SYSTEMS LLC or Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold BIOSAFE SYSTEMS and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

BIOSAFE SYSTEMS warrants that this product conforms to the *chemical* description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of the product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or BIOSAFE SYSTEMS, and Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BIOSAFE SYSTEMS MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, in no event shall BIOSAFE SYSTEMS or Seller be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF BIOSAFE SYSTEMS AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF BIOSAFE SYSTEMS OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

BIOSAFE SYSTEMS and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of BIOSAFE SYSTEMS.

#### **OPTIONAL LABEL CLAIMS:**

- Algaecide
- Fungicide
- Bactericide
- Broad Spectrum
- Broad Spectrum Algaecide/Bactericide
- Broad Spectrum Bactericide/Fungicide
- Broad Spectrum Algaecide/Fungicide
- Broad Spectrum Algaecide/Bactericide/Fungicide
- Preventative treatment for seeds, growing plants, fruits, nuts and vegetables.
- A treatment for the prevention and control of plant pathogenic diseases in field grown crops, greenhouses, and storage sites.
- A post harvest treatment for the prevention and control of plant pathogenic diseases on fruits and vegetables and other agricultural crops in dump tanks, hydro coolers and process waters.
- A treatment for the prevention and control of plant pathogenic diseases on surfaces, equipment and structures used in processing post-harvest commodities.
- A treatment for the prevention and control of algae & cyanobacteria in waters, including rice and wild rice fields/paddies.