

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON D.C., 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

BioSafe Systems, LLC 22 Meadow Street East Hartford, CT 06108

APR 1 9 2010

Attention: Donna Bishel Regulatory Specialist

Subject: SaniDate® 12.0 EPA Reg. No. 70299-8 Amendment Letter Dated February 22, 2010

The amendment referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable. An enclosed stamped copy of the label is included with this letter for your records.

If you have any questions concerning this letter, please contact Demson Fuller at (703) 308-8062.

Sincerely,

Marshall Swindell

Product Manager (33) Regulatory Management Branch 1 Antimicrobials Division (7510C)

SaniDate[®] 12.0

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Hydrogen Peroxide.	. 18.5%
Peroxyacetic Acid	. 12.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	. 69.5%
Total:	100.00

APR 1 9 2010 Under the Federal Insecticus Aungicide, and Rodersticide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No. 2025 5 - 8

FOR COMMERCIAL USE ONLY KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER-PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detaile. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

STRONG OXIDIZING AGENT

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS - DANGER: CORROSIVE. Causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. May be fatal if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Do not breathe vapor or spray mist. Wear a respirator with an organic vapor removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval prefix TC-23C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval prefix TC-14G), or a NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or canister with any N, R, P, or HE prefilter. Wear chemical goggles, rubber gloves, and protective clothing when handling this product. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, or using tobacco. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

	FIRST AID	
If in eyes	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 – 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 	rinsing
lf on skin or clothing	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 – 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 	
If inhaled	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respir preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 	ation,
If swallowed	 Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 	
treatment. You ma	container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or goi ay also contact 1-800-222-1222 for emergency medical treatment information. /SICIAN - Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lava	
Sold by: BioSafe S EPA Registration	ystems LLC, 22 Meadow St, East Hartford, CT 06108 (888) 273-3088 No.: 70299- 8 Batch Code ht No.: 067441-IL-001, 68660-TX-001	ye. <u>.</u>

SaniDate[®] 12.0; EPA Reg. No. 70299-6

Red lined - Label version (10) dated February 22, 2010

Amendment to add irrigation water applications and update label language

Page 1 of 11

.....

....

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Strong oxidizing agent. Corrosive. Do not use in concentrated form. Mix only with water according to label instructions. Contact of concentrate with other sanitizers, cleaners or other material may cause fire.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

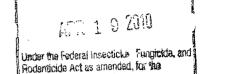
It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This product is not intended as treatment against any public health organism for any use on this label. Uses are intended to treat algal and odor causing bacteria.

- · For use in commercial, agricultural, and horticultural irrigation water treatment applications
- Treatment of water for industrial and commercial water treatment systems
 - Treatment of fruit and vegetable processing waters

The main areas of use include:

- Fruit and vegetable processing facilities
- Commercial, industrial, agricultural and horticultural facilities



SaniDate[®] 12.0 works best when diluted with water containing low levels of organic inferences in the second seco

SaniDate[®] 12.0 is effective on the use sites listed which are manufactured from the following materials; linoleum, formica, vinyl, glazed porcelain, plastic, sealed fiberglass, polyethylene, CPVC, PVC, aluminum, steel, stainless steel, sealed wood, glazed tile, and glass.

CONTROL OF SPOILAGE AND DECAY CAUSING ORGANISMS IN PROCESS WATERS

TREATMENT OF FRUIT AND VEGETABLE PROCESSING WATERS

Use SaniDate 12.0 for the treatment of waters used in the processing of raw fruits and vegetables. Mix SaniDate 12.0 with water either batch-wise or continuously at a rate of 25.6 to 89.6 fl. oz. of SaniDate[®] 12.0 solution to 1,000 gallons water. This will provide 200 to 700 ppm of SaniDate[®] 12.0, or 24 to 85 ppm 100% peracetic acid in the use solution. The fruits and vegetables can be sprayed or submerged in the resulting solution for a minimum contact time of 45 seconds, followed by adequate draining. At this use dilution, SaniDate 12.0 will control the growth of spoilage and decay causing non-public health organisms in process waters and on the surface of fresh cut or post harvest fruits and vegetables. This product is not intended for control of any public health organisms on fruit and vegetable surfaces.

SaniDate[®] 12.0 may also be used to control the growth of spoilage and decay causing bacterial and fungal diseases on fruits and vegetables in post harvest storage. For post harvest applications, fruits and vegetables can be sprayed or submerged in the resulting solution for a minimum contact time of 30 seconds, followed by adequate draining.

Note: May cause bleaching of treated surfaces, test commodity if unsure.

CONTROL OF ALGAL, FUNGAL, AND SLIME-FORMING BACTERIAL GROWTH IN AGRICULTURAL IRRIGATION SYSTEMS AND WATER

TREATMENT OF AGRICULTURAL IRRIGATION WATER AND DRAINAGE DITCHES- Use SaniDate[®] **12.0** to treat water to suppress / control algae and plant pathogenic bacteria and fungi/oomycetes and plant pathogenic organisms in agricultural irrigation and drainage water and ditches. For irrigation water apply 0.6 to 1.3 To target specific pathogens, apply per 1,000 gallons of water: bacteria, 3.2 – 25.6 fl. oz. (1:5,000 – 1:40,000 dilution); algae; 6.4 – 25.6 fl. oz. (1:5,000 – 1:20,000 dilution), or fungi/oomycetes, 8.53 – 25.6 fl. oz. (1:5,000 – 1:15,000 dilution). Product can be simply added to the body of water, as the residual control will allow for even distribution throughout the water column. Allow solution to disperse for

SaniDate[®] 12.0; EPA Rag. No. 70299-6

Red lined - Label version (10) dated February 22, 2010 Amendment to add irrigation water applications and update label language

Page 2 of 11

five (5) minutes before irrigating. Apply SaniDate[®] 12.0 as needed to control and prevent algae growth; apply more often in times of higher water temperatures.

TREATMENT OF AGRICULTURAL IRRIGATION SYSTEMS - Use SaniDate[®] 12 Octavision Act as amended, for the algae, bacteria, fungi and plant pathogenic organisms in drip trickle irrigation system¹ Patienter pivot, lateral <u>70279</u> - in move, end tow, side wheel roll, traveler, solid set/overhead sprinklers, hand move of flood basin irrigation systems. Treat contaminated water at a dilution of 1:1000 -1:5,000. For shock treatment of irrigation lines, use a dilution rate of 1:1000-5,000. Allow solution to remain in lines for 12-48 hours. Flush by opening flush valves or laterals to avoid clogging emitters. For maintenance, treat clean water with a dilution of 1:50,000 to 1:100,000 of SaniDate[®] 12.0 as needed. Allow solution to disperse for five (5) minutes before irrigating. Refer to Chemigation Directions for Use for specific instructions on using this product through irrigation systems.

TREATMENT OF FOLIAR AND SOILBORNE PLANT PATHOGENS/DISEASES- Use SaniDate[®] 12.0 as a preventative treatment for suppressing plant pathogens/diseases: *Alternaria – Anthracnose – Aphanomyces –* Black Spot - *Botrytis* (Grey Mold) - Plasmopara/Peronospora (Downy Mildew) – *Erwinia* (Soft Rot), *Fusarium* (Root Rot) - Leaf Spot - *Phytophthora* (Blights, Rots) - *Pseudomonas - Pythium - Rhizoctonia* - Rust - Scab - Smut - *Thielaviopsis – Uncinula* (Powdery Mildew) – *Xanthomonas - Wilts & Blights - Ralstonia solanacearum* (Brown Rot, Bacterial Wilt), - *Sclerotinia sclerotiorum* (White Mold). Use SaniDate[®] 12.0 as treatment through the irrigation system, or as a soil treatment, at the time of seeding or transplanting, as well as a periodic treatment throughout the plant's life. Multiple applications can be made, as there is no mutational resistance with this product.

DRENCH/CHEMIGATION - This product is effective as a soil drench for controlling soil borne plant pathogens. Apply SaniDate[®] 12.0 at a rate of 1:60,000. Apply in sufficient water for sufficient duration to distribute the application evenly to the treated area. Apply to moderately moist soils. Follow use directions for Chemigation. Do not apply this product through any irrigation system unless the Chemigation Directions for Use are followed.

CONTROL OF ALGAL, FUNGAL, AND ODOR CAUSING BACTERIAL GROWTH IN PULP AND PAPER MILL SYSTEMS FOR FOOD AND NON-FOOD CONTACT PAPER

SaniDate[®] 12.0 provides an effective means to treat various process waters for slime control. Dosage rates should be increased or decreased depending on the control achieved. Maximum usage rate must not exceed 2lbs. SaniDate[®] 12.0 solution per ton (2,000 lbs., dry basis) of pulp or paper produced.

TREATMENT OF PAPER MACHINE WHITE WATER - SaniDate[®] 12.0 may be applied within the white water short circulation loop on the paper machine. Apply with either shock, intermittent, or continuous dosing. Shock doses may be applied for 1 to 2 hours, as necessary, whereas intermittent doses are applied 1 to 12 times per day, for a duration of 5 to 60 minutes each. For either shock or intermittent dosing, apply 2.5 to 102 fl. oz. of SaniDate[®] 12.0 per 1000 gallons of white water, producing a peak concentration of 20 to 800 ppm of SaniDate[®] 12.0 during dosing. This is approximately equivalent to a peak dose of 2 to 100 ppm 100% peracetic acid. For continuous dosing, apply 2.5 to 25 fl. oz. of SaniDate[®] 12.0 to 1000 gallons of process water, producing a peak concentration of 20 to 200 ppm of SaniDate[®] 12.0. This is approximately equivalent to 2 to 25 ppm 100% peracetic acid.

CATALASE CONTROL IN DEINKING WATER LOOPS - SaniDate[®] 12.0 may be applied to the inlet lines going to de-inking water storage following clarification. Apply with either shock, intermittent, or continuous dosing. Shock doses may be applied for 10 to 60 minutes as necessary. Apply 1.7 to 4.2 gallons SaniDate[®] 12.0 per 1000 gallons recirculation water, producing a peak concentration of 1700 to 4200 ppm SaniDate[®] 12.0 during dosing. This is approximately equivalent to a peak dose of 200 to 500, ppm 100% peracetic acid. For intermittent doses, apply 1 to 12 times per day, for a duration of 10 to 60 minutes. Apply 0.8 to 2.1 gallons SaniDate[®] 12.0 per 1000 gallons of water, producing a peak concentration of 800 to 2100 ppm of SaniDate[®] 12.0 during dosing. This is approximately equivalent to a peak dose of 200 to 500 peak dose of 100 to 250 ppm 100% peracetic acid. For continuous dosing, apply 0 2 to 1.4 gallons

SaniDate[®] 12.0; EPA Reg. No. 70299-0

Amendment to add irrigation water applications and update label language

Page 3 of 11

Red lined - Label version (10) dated February 22, 2010

SaniDate[®] 12.0 to 1000 gallons of process water, producing a peak concentration of 200 to 1400 ppm of SaniDate[®] 12.0. This is approximately equivalent to 25 to 170 ppm 100% peracetic acid.

TREATMENT OF RAW AND PROCESS WATER - SaniDate[®] 12.0 may be applied to water at the inlet of the process water system or any other suitable point. Apply with either shock, interputtent, of continuous the dosing. Shock dosing may be applied for a duration of 1 to 2 hours, as necessar permittent dosing is applied for 2 to 15 minutes, 4 to 100 times per day. For either shock by intermittent dosing, 70.24 apply 0.16 to 0.8 gallons SaniDate[®] 12.0 per 1,000 gallons of water producing a peak concentration of SaniDate[®] 12.0 of 160 ppm to 800 ppm during dosing. This is approximately equivalent to a peak dose of 20 to 100 ppm 100% peracetic acid. For continuous dosing applications, apply 0.01 to 0.3 gallons SaniDate[®] 12.0 to 1,000 gallons of water, producing a peak concentration of 10 to 300 ppm of SaniDate[®] 12.0. This is approximately equivalent to 1 to 36 ppm 100% peracetic acid.

CONTROL OF ALGAL, FUNGAL, AND ODOR CAUSING BACTERIAL GROWTH FOR NON-FOOD CONTACT PAPER USES

TREATMENT OF STARCH USED FOR SIZING ON THE PAPER MACHINE - Apply SaniDate[®] 12.0 directly to the starch storage tank or through the recirculation loop. Apply with either shock, intermittent, or continuous dosing. Shock doses may be applied for 1 to 2 hours, whereas intermittent doses may be applied for 5 to 60 minutes up to 12 times per day. For either shock or intermittent dosing, apply 0.8 to 5 gallons SaniDate[®] 12.0 per 1,000 gallons of starch solution to achieve 100 to 600 ppm 100% peracetic acid. For continuous dosing applications, apply 0.08 to 1.7 gallons SaniDate[®] 12.0 per 1,000 gallons of starch solution, producing a peak concentration of approximately 10 to 200 ppm 100% peracetic acid.

TREATMENT OF CLAYS USED AS COATINGS AND FILLERS ON THE PAPER MACHINE - Applications may be made at the recirculation loop or directly to the agitated slurry storage tank. Apply with either shock, intermittent, or continuous dosing. Shock doses may be applied for 1 to 2 hours, as necessary, whereas intermittent doses may be applied for 5 to 60 minutes, 1 to 12 times per day. For either shock or intermittent dosing, apply 5.12 to 102 fl. oz. SaniDate[®] 12.0 to 1,000 gallons clay slurry solution producing a peak concentration of approximately 50 to 100 ppm 100% peracetic acid. For continuous dosing applications, apply 5.12 to 102 fl. oz. SaniDate[®] 12.0 to 1,000 gallons of process water, producing a peak concentration of 5 to 100 ppm 100% peracetic acid.

COATINGS PRESERVATION - SaniDate[®] 12.0 can be used as an in-container preservative for the control of bacteria and fungi in water-based coatings such as paper coatings. Add 12.8 to 89.6 fl. oz. of SaniDate[®] 12.0 solution to 1,000 gallons water. This will provide 100 to 700 ppm of SaniDate[®] 12.0, or 12 to 85 ppm 100% peracetic acid.

TREATMENT OF DISPERSED PIGMENTS - SaniDate[®] 12.0 can be used in the control of bacteria and fungi in the manufacture and storage of dispersed pigments such as kaolin clay, titanium dioxide, calcium carbonate, calcium sulfate, barium sulfate, magnesium silicate and kieseguhr used in paint and paper production. Add 0.12 to 0.6 lb. of SaniDate[®] 12.0 to each 1,000 lbs. of fluid. This will provide 120 to 600 ppm of SaniDate[®] 12.0, or 15 to 70 ppm 100% peracetic acid.

CONTROL OF ALGAL, FUNGAL, AND ODOR CAUSING BACTERIAL GROWTH IN INDOOR, CLOSED LOOP, NON-POTABLE, NON-FOOD CONTACT WATER SYSTEMS

TREATMENT OF RAW AND PROCESS WATER - (such as heat exchanger system water, boiler water, wet scrubber water) - SaniDate[®] 12.0 may be applied to water at the inlet of the water system or any other suitable point. Apply with either shock, intermittent, or continuous dosing. Shock dosing may be applied for a duration of 1 to 2 hours, as necessary, whereas intermittent dosing is applied for 2 to 15° minutes, 4 to 100 times per day. For either shock or intermittent dosing, apply 0.16 to 0.8 gallons SaniDate[®] 12.0 per 1,000 gallons of water producing a peak concentration of SaniDate[®] 12.0 of 160 ppm to 800 ppm during dosing. This is approximately equivalent to a peak dose of 20 to 100 ppm 100% peracetic acid. The continuous gallons applications, apply 1.3 to 38.4 fl. oz. SaniDate[®] 12.0 to 1,000

	Under the Federal Insecticity - Fungicide, and Rodanticide Access absended, for the pesticide, registered under	SaniDate [®] 12.0; EPA Reg. No. 70299-3 Red lined - Label version (10) dated February 22, 2010 to add irrigation water applications and update language Page 4 of 11
•	EPA FREG NO. 76259-8	• (در ر د از ر د از ر

gallons of water, producing a peak concentration of 10 to 300 ppm SaniDate[®] 12.0. This is approximately equivalent to 1 to 35 ppm 100% peracetic acid.

TREATMENT OF COOLING WATER SYSTEMS - (such as cooling towers, evaporative condensers) Severely fouled systems should be cleaned before treatment. Discontinue use of chlorine or bromine products prior to using this product. SaniDate[®] 12.0 should be added to the system directly and not mixed with other chemicals or additives prior to dosing. Other chemicals should be added separately. Check compatibility of SaniDate[®] 12.0 with any other chemicals or additives prior to use. Contamination with certain chemicals could result in lack of efficacy. Add SaniDate[®] 12.0 at a point in the system where uniform mixing and even distribution will occur such as the cooling tower basin sump. Shock doses may be applied for 1 to 2 hours, as necessary, whereas intermittent doses are applied for 5 to 60 minutes 1 to 100 times per day. For either shock, intermittent or continuous dosing, apply 1.3 to 9.0 fl.oz. of SaniDate[®] 12.0 solution per 1,000 gallons of water. This will provide 10 to 70 ppm of SaniDate[®] 12.0, or 1 to 9 ppm of 100% peracetic acid. Repeat treatment as required to maintain control.

CONTROL OF ALGAL, FUNGAL, AND SLIME-FORMING BACTERIAL GROWTH IN INDUSTRIAL WATER

INDUSTRIAL WASTE TREATMENT- Use SaniDate[®] 12.0 to control algae, bacteria and fungi in industrial wastewater treatment and sewage systems. SaniDate[®] 12.0 may be applied to water at the inlet of the process water system or any other suitable point. Apply with either shock, intermittent, or continuous dosing. Shock dosing may be applied for a duration of 1 to 2 hours, as necessary, whereas intermittent dosing is applied for 2 to 15 minutes, 4 to 100 times per day. For either shock or intermittent dosing, apply 0.16 to 0.8 gallons SaniDate[®] 12.0 per 1,000 gallons of water producing a peak concentration of SaniDate[®] 12.0 of 160 ppm to 800 ppm during dosing. This is approximately equivalent to a peak dose of 20 to 100 ppm 100% peracetic acid. For continuous dosing applications, apply 0.01 to 0.3 gallons SaniDate[®] 12.0 to 1,000 gallons of water, producing a peak concentration of 10 to 300 ppm of SaniDate[®] 12.0. This is approximately equivalent to 1 to 36 ppm 100% peracetic acid. Do not discharge treated effluent without notifying local sewage treatment plant authorities.

OIL FIELD APPLICATIONS- SaniDate[®] 12.0 may be used as an algaecide, fungicide and or a slimicide for oilfield applications. It will control biofilm deposits on pumps, pipe work, heat exchangers, filters and all down whole applications associated with oilfield systems. Add a sufficient amount of SaniDate[®] 12.0 directly to the well fluid or fracturing fluid to achieve a residual level of 50-200 ppm of peracetic acid, or use 50 fl ounces per 1000 gallons or one gallon of SaniDate[®] 12.0 per 500 gallons of fluid.

OIL RECOVERY WELL FLUIDS, FRACTURING FLUIDS OR PIPELINE CLEANING OPERATIONS-When used as directed, this product will control the growth of bacteria such as anaerobic sulfite forming bacteria and aerobic slime forming bacteria which impair the efficacy of well fluids and fracturing fluids. Add a sufficient amount of SaniDate[®] 12.0 directly to the well fluid or fracturing fluid to achieve a residual level of 50-200 ppm of peracetic acid, or use 50 fl ounces per 1000 gallons or one gallon of SaniDate[®] 12.0 per 500 gallons of fluid. SaniDate[®] 12.0 may be added and premixed with the well fluid or fracturing fluid prior to the oil field operation or maybe added directly to the blender during operations. Be sure rapid mixing of the treated water is achieved.

CONTROL OF ALGAL, FUNGAL AND ODOR CAUSING BACTERIAL GROWTH ON NON FOOD CONTACT GREENHOUSE WATERING SYSTEMS

TREATMENT OF GREENHOUSE SURFACES AND EQUIPMENT - (such as glazing, plastic, pots, flats, trays, cutting tools, benches, work areas, walkways, floors, walls, fan blades, watering systems, coolers, storage rooms, structures and equipment) – Clean surfaces before treatment. Sweep and remove all plant debris, and use power sprayer to wash all surfaces to remove loose dirt. Use a dilution of 1:600 of SaniDate[®] 12.0 for all non-porous surfaces that have been pre-cleaned with water. Apply solution with mop, sponge, power sprayer or fogger to thoroughly wet all surfaces. Cutting tools may be soaked to ensure complete coverage. Allow surfaces to stay wet with solution for a minimum of five (5) minutes.

. 1		•	5 1 6 7 11 1
			A Reg. No. 70299-3
	606 B	Red lined - Label version (10) date	d February 22, 2010
	1 9 WAmendager	Red lined - Label version (10) date nt to add irrigation water applications and u	Page 5 of 11
	Under the Federal Insecticity Fungicide, and		Fage 5 01 71
		X	
			1 × 1
	EPA Reg 100. 70259 - 8		ι, ις Γ. του
	Salar and a second s		

Heavy growths of algae and fungi may have to be scrubbed off following application. Repeat treatment as required to maintain control.

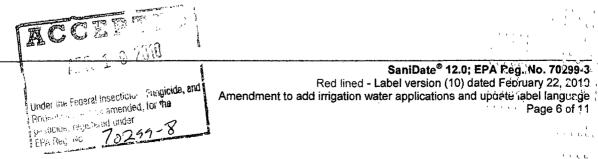
TREATMENT OF GREENHOUSE EVAPORATIVE COOLERS – Treat contaminated surfaces with a dilution of 1:600 of SaniDate[®] 12.0. Allow surfaces to stay wet with solution for a minimum of five (5) minutes. For maintenance, treat cooler water once a week with a dilution of 1:2,000 of SaniDate[®] 12.0 for every gallon of cooling water.

TREATMENT OF GREENHOUSE IRRIGATION SYSTEMS AND WATER - (such as flooded floors, flooded benches, recycled water systems, drip trickle, capillary mats, sprinkler systems, humidification and misting systems) For shock treatment of irrigation lines, use a dilution rate of 1:5,000 oz. per gallon of water. Allow solution to remain in lines for 12-48 hours. Flush by opening flush valves or laterals to avoid clogging emitters. To target specific pathogens, apply per 1,000 gallons of water : bacteria- 3.2 - 25.6 fl. oz. (1:5,000 - 1:40,000 dilution), algae- 6.4 - 25.6 fl. oz.. (1:5,000 - 1:20,000 dilution), or fungi/oomycetes- 8.3 - 25.6 fl. oz. (1:5,000 - 1:15,000 dilution). For maintenance, treat clean water with a dilution of 1:50,000 to 1:100,000 of SaniDate[®] 12.0 as needed.

CHEMIGATION

General Requirements -

- 1) Apply this product only through a drip system or sprinkler system, including flood, and drip (trickle) irrigation systems.
- 2) Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.
- 3) If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.
- 4) Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- 5) A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
- 6) Posting of areas to be chemigated is required when 1) any part of a treated area is within 300 feet of sensitive areas such as residential areas, labor camps, businesses, day care centers, hospitals, in-patient clinics, nursing homes or any public areas such as schools, parks, playgrounds, or other public facilities not including public roads, or 2) when the chemigated area is open to the public such as golf courses or retail greenhouses.
- 7) Posting must conform to the following requirements. Treated areas shall be posted with signs at all usual points of entry and along likely routes of approach from the listed sensitive areas. When there are no usual points of entry, signs must be posted in the corners of the treated areas and in any other location affording maximum visibility to sensitive areas. The printed side of the sign should face away from the treated area towards the sensitive area. The signs shall be printed in English. Signs must be posted prior to application and must remain posted until foliage has dried and soil surface water has disappeared. Signs may remain in place indefinitely as long as they are composed of materials to prevent deterioration and maintain legibility for the duration of the posting period.
- 8) All words shall consist of letters at least 2.5 inches tall, and all letters and the symbol shall be a color which sharply contrasts with their immediate background. At the top of the sign shall be the words KEEP OUT, followed by an octagonal stop sign symbol at least 8 inches in diameter containing the word STOP. Below the symbol shall be the words PESTICIDES IN IRRIGATION WATER.



Specific Requirements for Chemigation Systems Connected to Public Water Systems -

- 1) Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- 2) Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- 3) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 4) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 5) The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6) Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7) Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Specific Requirements for Sprinkler Chemigation -

- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 2) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3) The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4) The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5) The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6) Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being filled with a system interlock.
- 7) Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Specific Requirements for Flood Chemigation -

- Systems using a gravity flow pesticide dispensing system must meter the pesticide into the water at the head of the field and downstream of a hydraulic discontinuity such as a drop structure or weir box to decrease potential for water source contamination from backflow if water flow stops.
- 2) The systems utilizing a pressurized water and pesticide injection system must meet the following requirements:
 - a. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
 - b. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing cneckvalve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

	SaniDate [®] 12.0; EPA Reg No. 76299 8
	Red lined - Label version (10) dated February 22, 2010 -
/ 1 0 2018	Amendment to add irrigation water applications and update label language.
4	Page 7 of 11
Under the Federal Insecticity Fungicide, and	
Rodenta we act as smended, for the	
gesticide, registered under Ef/a Ret; No. 70299-8	
BEIM HEL, INC.	· (()

- c. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoidoperated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- d. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- e. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- f. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being filled with a system interlock.

Specific Requirements for Drip (Trickle) Chemigation -

- 1) The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 2) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3) The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4) The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5) The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6) Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being filled with a system interlock.

Application Instructions -

. ·

- 1) Remove scale, pesticide residues, and other foreign matter from the chemical supply tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water. Failure to provide a clean tank, void of scale or residues may cause product to lose effectiveness or strength.
- 2) Determine the treatment rates as indicated in the directions for use and make proper dilutions.
- Prepare a solution in the chemical tank by filling the tank with the required water and then adding product as required. The product will immediately go into suspension without any required agitation.
- 4) Do not apply SaniDate 12.0 in conjunction with any other pesticides or fertilizers; this has the potential to cause reduced performance of the product. Avoid application in this manner.

AC	JOE	PTI	ED
Rodentici	Federal Inse de Act as am registered u	9 2.310 cticke fungic ended for he nder 2.4.4 - 8	side, and

SaniDate[®] 12.0; EPA freg. No. 70299-8 Red lined - Label version (10) dated Fébruary 22, 2010 Amendment to add irrigation water applications and update language

terre en

. . . .

STORAGE & DISPOSAL

DO NOT CONTAMINATE WATER, FOOD OR FEED BY STORAGE OR DISPOSAL

STORAGE: Store in original vented container in a dry location away from heat and out of direct sunlight. In case of fire involving product, use water. In case of large quantities of spilled material, dike with sand or earth. Dilute with large quantities of water.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, or public waters unless the components of this product are specifically identified and addressed in a NPDES permit. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into sewer systems without previously notifying the sewage plant authority. For additional information, refer to the product Material Safety Data Sheet.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: (Plastic Containers 30, and 55 gallon drums): Triple rinse (or equivalent) then offer for recycling or reconditioning or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or incineration or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. (For 275 gallon totes) Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other approved state and local procedures.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in original containers in a cool, well-vented area, away from direct sunlight. Do not allow product to become overheated in storage. This may cause increased degradation of the product, which will decrease product effectiveness. In case of spill, flood area with large quantities of water.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. Open dumping is prohibited. If wastes cannot be disposed of according to label directions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal (Containers greater than 5 gallons): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available.

ACCEPTED 0113 Under the Federal Insecticity Fungicide, and Rodemicide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. Mo. 70244-

SaniDate[®] 12.0; EPÁ Reg No. 76299.2 Red lined - Label version (10) dated February 22, 2030 Amendment to add irrigation water applications and update label language Page 9 of 11

> чете, чете, чете,

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

. .

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of BIOSAFE SYSTEMS LLC or Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold BIOSAFE SYSTEMS and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

BIOSAFE SYSTEMS warrants that this product conforms to the *chemical* description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of the product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or BIOSAFE SYSTEMS, and Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BIOSAFE SYSTEMS MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

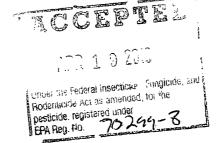
To the extent consistent with applicable law, in no event shall BIOSAFE SYSTEMS or Seller be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF BIOSAFE SYSTEMS AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF BIOSAFE SYSTEMS OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

BIOSAFE SYSTEMS and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of BIOSAFE SYSTEMS.

	and the second
	ACGEPTED
Sold by:	
BioSafe Systems LLC	
22-Meadow St.	1 L J with a f
East Hartford, CT 06108	
East Hannold, Of Corlos	Under the Federal Insecticual Functional and
504 Bar No. 70000 8	Rodenticide Act as amended, for \$20
EPA Reg. No. 70299-8	
EPA Establishment No. 60156-IL-001	pesticide, registered under
	EPA Reg. No. 76259-8
Lot No.: XXXX	Characteristics and a second s
24 Hour Emergency (281) 479-2826	Net Contents: XX Gallons (XXIbs.)
For Transport Emergency call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300	Weight per gallon: 9.26 lbs.
POI Hanopoir Emergency can onewritted (000) 124 5000	
	Expiration: MM/DD/YY
	<u>с с с</u> с
Amendment to ad	SaniDate [®] 12.0; EPA Heg. No. 70299.8 Red lined - Label version (10) dated February 22, 2010 , d irrigation water applications and update label language (Page 10 of 11

Optional Label Claims

- Microbiocide
- Easy to use
- Activated Peroxygen chemistry
- Contains no phosphates
- Deodorizes
- Leaves no residue
- Scent free
- Chlorine free
- Treats and controls mold and mildew
- Controls algae
- Control algal and fungal growth
- Controls odor causing bacteria
- Controls slime forming bacteria
- Control plant pathogenic organisms
- Controls spoilage and decay causing organisms in fruit and vegetable processing waters
- Controls odors
- SaniDate 12.0 is an economical concentrate that can be used with a mop and bucket, trigger spray, sponge, or by soaking.
- SaniDate 12.0 will not leave a grit or soap scum.
- When used as directed, this product will deodorize surfaces in places where bacterial growth can cause malodors.
- SaniDate 12.0 inhibits bacterial growth on moist surfaces and deodorizes by controlling microorganisms that cause offensive odors. *Not for use in California*
- SaniDate 12.0 inhibits bacterial growth on moist surfaces and deodorizes by killing microorganisms that cause offensive odors.
- SaniDate 12.0 is a concentrate formulation designed for use in commercial, institutional, and industrial operations.
- SaniDate 12.0 controls the growth of odor-causing and slime forming bacteria.
- SaniDate 12.0 is formulated to effectively eliminate offensive odors caused by mold and mildew.
- SaniDate 12.0 can be used in agricultural irrigation water
- SaniDate 12.0 can be used in greenhouse irrigation water
- Use SaniDate 12.0 in cooling water systems
- · For control of algal, fungal, slime forming bacterial growth
- Use SaniDate 12.0 on greenhouse surfaces
- A post harvest treatment for the prevention and control of plant pathogenic diseases on all fruits and vegetables and other agricultural crops in dump tanks, hydro coolers and process waters.
- A treatment for the prevention and control of plant pathogenic diseases on surfaces, equipment and structures used in processing post-harvest commodities.
- Industrial Waste Treatment
- Oil Field Treatments
- Controls foliar plant pathogens
- Controls soil-borne plant pathogens



SaniDate® 12.0; EPA Reg. No. 70299 8 "

Red lined - Label version (10) dated February 22, 2010 .

Amendment to add irrigation water applications and update label language