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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460



Office of Pesticide Programs

BioSafe Systems
22 Meadow Street
East Hartford, CT 06108

FEB 24 2009

Attention: Donna Bishel

Subject: SaniDate 12.0 Microbiocide
EPA Registration No. 70299-8
Notification Dated December 2, 2008

The amendment, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, to add new use and clarification of Directions for Use, is acceptable, provided that you:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration of your product under FIFRA sec. 3©(5) and sec. 4 when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.
2. Submit two (2) copies of final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment.

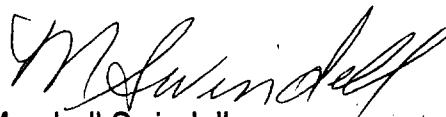
If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec. 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the "accepted" product labeling is enclosed for your records.

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If you have any questions concerning this letter, please contact Martha Terry at (703) 308-6217.

Sincerely



Marshall Swindell
Product Manager 33
Regulatory Management Branch 1
Antimicrobials Division (7510P)

Enclosure

SaniDate® 12.0

Microbiocide

ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
EPA Letter Dated:

FEB 24 2009

Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as
amended, for the pesticide,
registered under EPA Reg. No. 70299-8

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:
Hydrogen Peroxide..... 18.5%
Peroxyacetic Acid..... 12.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:..... 69.5%
Total:..... 100.00

FOR COMMERCIAL USE ONLY
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER-PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

STRONG OXIDIZING AGENT

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS - DANGER: CORROSIVE. Causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. May be fatal if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Do not breathe vapor or spray mist. Wear a respirator with an organic vapor removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval prefix TC-23C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval prefix TC-14G), or a NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or canister with any N, R, P, or HE prefilter. Wear chemical goggles, rubber gloves, and protective clothing when handling this product. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, or using tobacco. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 – 20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 – 20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. • Call poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.	
You may also contact 1-800-222-1222 for emergency medical treatment information.	
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN - Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.	

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PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Strong oxidizing agent. Corrosive. Do not use in concentrated form. Mix only with water according to label instructions. Contact of concentrate with other sanitizers, cleaners or other material may cause fire.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This product is not intended as treatment against any public health organism for any use. ~~Uses are intended to treat algal and odor causing bacteria.~~

with **COMMENTS**
EPA Letter Dated:

- For use in commercial, agricultural, and horticultural irrigation water treatment applications
- Treatment of water for industrial and commercial water treatment systems
- Treatment of fruit and vegetable processing waters

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The main areas of use include :

- Fruit and vegetable processing facilities
- Commercial, industrial, agricultural and horticultural facilities

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No. 70299-8

SaniDate® 12.0 works best when diluted with water containing low levels of organic or inorganic materials. Thoroughly rinse out tank with water before mixing concentrate. SaniDate® 12.0 will readily mix with clean water and does not require agitation.

SaniDate® 12.0 is effective on the use sites listed which are manufactured from the following materials; linoleum, formica, vinyl, glazed porcelain, plastic, sealed fiberglass, polyethylene, CPVC, PVC, aluminum, steel, stainless steel, sealed wood, glazed tile, and glass.

CONTROL OF SPOILAGE AND DECAY CAUSING ORGANISMS IN PROCESS WATERS

FOR TREATMENT OF FRUIT AND VEGETABLE PROCESSING WATERS

Use SaniDate 12.0 for the treatment of waters used in the processing of raw fruits and vegetables. Mix SaniDate 12.0 with water either batch-wise or continuously at a rate of 25.6 to 89.6 fl. oz. of SaniDate® 12.0 solution to 1,000 gallons water. This will provide 200 to 700 ppm of SaniDate® 12.0, or 24 to 85 ppm 100% peracetic acid in the use solution. The fruits and vegetables can be sprayed or submerged in the resulting solution for a minimum contact time of 45 seconds, followed by adequate draining. At this use dilution, SaniDate 12.0 will control the growth of spoilage and decay causing non-public health organisms in process waters and on the surface of fresh cut or post harvest fruits and vegetables. This product is not intended for control of any public health organisms on fruit and vegetable surfaces.

CONTROL OF ALGAL, FUNGAL, AND SLIME-FORMING BACTERIAL GROWTH IN AGRICULTURAL IRRIGATION SYSTEMS AND WATER

TREATMENT OF FOR AGRICULTURAL IRRIGATION WATER AND DRAINAGE DITCHES

Use SaniDate® 12.0 to treat water to suppress / control algae, bacteria, and fungi and plant pathogenic organisms in agricultural irrigation and drainage water and ditches. For irrigation water, apply 0.6 to 1.3 fluid ounces of SaniDate® 12.0 per 1,000 gallons of water. Product can be simply added to the body of water, as the residual control will allow for even distribution throughout the water column. Allow solution to disperse for five (5) minutes before irrigating. Apply SaniDate® 12.0 as needed to control and prevent algae growth; apply more often in times of higher water temperatures.

TREATMENT OF AGRICULTURAL IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

Use SaniDate® 12.0 to suppress / control algae, bacteria, fungi and plant pathogenic organisms in drip trickle irrigation systems, center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side wheel roll, traveler, solid set/overhead sprinklers, hand move or flood basin irrigation systems. Treat contaminated water at a dilution of 1:1000 - 1:5,000. For maintenance, treat clean water with a dilution of 1:50,000 to 1:100,000 of SaniDate® 12.0 as

needed. Allow solution to disperse for five (5) minutes before irrigating. Refer to Chemigation Directions for Use for specific instructions on using this product through irrigation systems.

CONTROL OF ALGAL, FUNGAL, AND ODOR CAUSING BACTERIAL GROWTH IN PULP AND PAPER MILL SYSTEMS FOR FOOD AND NON-FOOD CONTACT PAPER

SaniDate® 12.0 provides an effective means to treat various process waters for slime control. Dosage rates should be increased or decreased depending on the control achieved. **Maximum usage rate must not exceed 2lbs. SaniDate® 12.0 solution per ton (2,000 lbs., dry basis) of pulp or paper produced.**

TREATMENT OF PAPER MACHINE WHITE WATER - SaniDate® 12.0 may be applied within the white water short circulation loop on the paper machine. Apply with either shock, intermittent, or continuous dosing. Shock doses may be applied for 1 to 2 hours, as necessary, whereas intermittent doses are applied 1 to 12 times per day, for a duration of 5 to 60 minutes each. For either shock or intermittent dosing, apply 2.5 to 102 fl. oz. of SaniDate® 12.0 per 1000 gallons of white water, producing a peak concentration of 20 to 800 ppm of SaniDate® 12.0 during dosing. This is approximately equivalent to a peak dose of 2 to 100 ppm 100% peracetic acid. For continuous dosing, apply 2.5 to 25 fl. oz. of SaniDate® 12.0 to 1000 gallons of process water, producing a peak concentration of 20 to 200 ppm of SaniDate® 12.0. This is approximately equivalent to 2 to 25 ppm 100% peracetic acid.

CATALASE CONTROL IN DEINKING WATER LOOPS - SaniDate® 12.0 may be applied to the inlet lines going to de-inking water storage following clarification. Apply with either shock, intermittent, or continuous dosing. Shock doses may be applied for 10 to 60 minutes as necessary. Apply 1.7 to 4.2 gallons SaniDate® 12.0 per 1000 gallons recirculation water, producing a peak concentration of 1700 to 4200 ppm SaniDate® 12.0 during dosing. This is approximately equivalent to a peak dose of 200 to 500 ppm 100% peracetic acid. For intermittent doses, apply 1 to 12 times per day, for a duration of 10 to 60 minutes. Apply 0.8 to 2.1 gallons SaniDate® 12.0 per 1000 gallons of water, producing a peak concentration of 800 to 2100 ppm of SaniDate® 12.0 during dosing. This is approximately equivalent to a peak dose of 100 to 250 ppm 100% peracetic acid. For continuous dosing, apply 0.2 to 1.4 gallons SaniDate® 12.0 to 1000 gallons of process water, producing a peak concentration of 200 to 1400 ppm of SaniDate® 12.0. This is approximately equivalent to 25 to 170 ppm 100% peracetic acid.

TREATMENT OF RAW AND PROCESS WATER - SaniDate® 12.0 may be applied to water at the inlet of the process water system or any other suitable point. Apply with either shock, intermittent, or continuous dosing. Shock dosing may be applied for a duration of 1 to 2 hours, as necessary, whereas intermittent dosing is applied for 2 to 15 minutes, 4 to 100 times per day. For either shock or intermittent dosing, apply 0.16 to 0.8 gallons SaniDate® 12.0 per 1,000 gallons of water producing a peak concentration of SaniDate® 12.0 of 160 ppm to 800 ppm during dosing. This is approximately equivalent to a peak dose of 20 to 100 ppm 100% peracetic acid. For continuous dosing applications, apply 0.01 to 0.3 gallons SaniDate® 12.0 to 1,000 gallons of water, producing a peak concentration of 10 to 300 ppm of SaniDate® 12.0. This is approximately equivalent to 1 to 36 ppm 100% peracetic acid.

CONTROL OF ALGAL, FUNGAL, AND ODOR CAUSING BACTERIAL GROWTH FOR NON-FOOD CONTACT PAPER USES

TREATMENT OF STARCH USED FOR SIZING ON THE PAPER MACHINE - Apply SaniDate® 12.0 directly to the starch storage tank or through the recirculation loop. Apply with either shock, intermittent, or continuous dosing. Shock doses may be applied for 1 to 2 hours, whereas intermittent doses may be applied for 5 to 60 minutes up to 12 times per day. For either shock or intermittent dosing, apply 0.8 to 5 gallons SaniDate® 12.0 per 1,000 gallons of starch solution to achieve 100 to 600 ppm 100% peracetic acid. For continuous dosing applications, apply 0.08 to 1.7 gallons SaniDate® 12.0 per 1,000 gallons of starch solution producing a peak concentration of approximately 10 to 200 ppm 100% peracetic acid.

TREATMENT OF CLAYS USED AS COATINGS AND FILLERS ON THE PAPER MACHINE - Applications may be made at the recirculation loop or directly to the agitated slurry storage tank. Apply

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS

TREATMENT DATED

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with either shock, intermittent, or continuous dosing. Shock doses may be applied for 1 to 2 hours, as necessary, whereas intermittent doses may be applied for 5 to 60 minutes, 1 to 12 times per day. For either shock or intermittent dosing, apply 54.2 to 102 fl. oz. SaniDate® 12.0 to 1,000 gallons clay slurry solution producing a peak concentration of approximately 50 to 100 ppm 100% peracetic acid. For continuous dosing applications, apply 54.2 to 102 fl. oz. SaniDate® 12.0 to 1,000 gallons of process water, producing a peak concentration of 5 to 100 ppm 100% peracetic acid.

COATINGS PRESERVATION - SaniDate® 12.0 can be used as an in-container preservative for the control of bacteria and fungi in water-based coatings such as paper coatings. Add 12.8 to 89.6 fl. oz. of SaniDate® 12.0 solution to 1,000 gallons water. This will provide 100 to 700 ppm of SaniDate® 12.0, or 12 to 85 ppm 100% peracetic acid.

TREATMENT OF DISPERSED PIGMENTS - SaniDate® 12.0 can be used in the control of bacteria and fungi in the manufacture and storage of dispersed pigments such as kaolin clay, titanium dioxide, calcium carbonate, calcium sulfate, barium sulfate, magnesium silicate and kieseguhr used in paint and paper production. Add 0.12 to 0.6 lb. of SaniDate® 12.0 to each 1,000 lbs. of fluid. This will provide 120 to 600 ppm of SaniDate® 12.0, or 15 to 70 ppm 100% peracetic acid.

CONTROL OF ALGAL, FUNGAL, AND ODOR CAUSING BACTERIAL GROWTH IN INDOOR, CLOSED LOOP, NON-POTABLE, NON-FOOD CONTACT WATER SYSTEMS

TREATMENT OF RAW AND PROCESS WATER - (such as heat exchanger system water, boiler water, wet scrubber water) - SaniDate® 12.0 may be applied to water at the inlet of the water system or any other suitable point. Apply with either shock, intermittent, or continuous dosing. Shock dosing may be applied for a duration of 1 to 2 hours, as necessary, whereas intermittent dosing is applied for 2 to 15 minutes, 4 to 100 times per day. For either shock or intermittent dosing, apply 0.16 to 0.8 gallons SaniDate® 12.0 per 1,000 gallons of water producing a peak concentration of SaniDate® 12.0 of 160 ppm to 800 ppm during dosing. This is approximately equivalent to a peak dose of 20 to 100 ppm 100% peracetic acid. For continuous dosing applications, apply 1.3 to 38.4 fl. oz. SaniDate® 12.0 to 1,000 gallons of water, producing a peak concentration of 10 to 300 ppm SaniDate® 12.0. This is approximately equivalent to 1 to 35 ppm 100% peracetic acid.

TREATMENT OF COOLING WATER SYSTEMS - (such as cooling towers, evaporative condensers) Severely fouled systems should be cleaned before treatment. Discontinue use of chlorine or bromine products prior to using this product. SaniDate® 12.0 should be added to the system directly and not mixed with other chemicals or additives prior to dosing. Other chemicals should be added separately. Check compatibility of SaniDate® 12.0 with any other chemicals or additives prior to use. Contamination with certain chemicals could result in lack of efficacy. Add SaniDate® 12.0 at a point in the system where uniform mixing and even distribution will occur such as the cooling tower basin sump. Shock doses may be applied for 1 to 2 hours, as necessary, whereas intermittent doses are applied for 5 to 60 minutes 1 to 100 times per day. For either shock, intermittent or continuous dosing, apply 1.3 to 9.0 fl.oz. of SaniDate® 12.0 solution per 1,000 gallons of water. This will provide 10 to 70 ppm of SaniDate® 12.0, or 1 to 9 ppm of 100% peracetic acid. Repeat treatment as required to maintain control.

CONTROL OF ALGAL, FUNGAL AND ODOR CAUSING BACTERIAL GROWTH ON NON FOOD CONTACT GREENHOUSE WATERING SYSTEMS

TREATMENT OF GREENHOUSE SURFACES AND EQUIPMENT - (such as glazing, plastic, pots, flats, trays, cutting tools, benches, work areas, walkways, floors, walls, fan blades, watering systems, coolers, storage rooms, structures and equipment) - Clean surfaces before treatment. Sweep and remove all plant debris, and use power sprayer to wash all surfaces to remove loose dirt. Use a dilution of 1:600 of SaniDate® 12.0 on all non-porous surfaces that have been pre-cleaned with water. Apply solution with a spray sprayer or fogger to thoroughly wet all surfaces. Cutting tools may be soaked to ensure complete coverage. Allow surfaces to stay wet with solution for a minimum of five (5) minutes.

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Heavy growths of algae and fungi may have to be scrubbed off following application. Repeat treatment as required to maintain control.

TREATMENT OF GREENHOUSE EVAPORATIVE COOLERS – Treat contaminated surfaces with a dilution of 1:600 of SaniDate® 12.0. Allow surfaces to stay wet with solution for a minimum of five (5) minutes. For maintenance, treat cooler water once a week with a dilution of 1:2,000 of SaniDate® 12.0 for every gallon of cooling water.

TREATMENT OF GREENHOUSE IRRIGATION SYSTEMS - (such as flooded floors, flooded benches, recycled water systems, drip trickle, capillary mats, sprinkler systems, humidification and misting systems) For shock treatment of irrigation lines, use a dilution rate of 1:5,000. Allow solution to remain in lines for 12-48 hours. Flush by opening flush valves or laterals to avoid clogging emitters. ~~Treat contaminated water with a dilution of 1:5,000 of SaniDate® 12.0.~~ For maintenance, treat clean water with a dilution of 1:50,000 to 1:100,000 of SaniDate® 12.0 as needed.

CHEMIGATION:

General Requirements -

- 1) Apply this product only through a drip system or sprinkler system, including flood, and drip (trickle) irrigation systems.
- 2) Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- 3) If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.
- 4) Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- 5) A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
- 6) Posting of areas to be chemigated is required when 1) any part of a treated area is within 300 feet of sensitive areas such as residential areas, labor camps, businesses, day care centers, hospitals, in-patient clinics, nursing homes or any public areas such as schools, parks, playgrounds, or other public facilities not including public roads, or 2) when the chemigated area is open to the public such as golf courses or retail greenhouses.
- 7) Posting must conform to the following requirements. Treated areas shall be posted with signs at all usual points of entry and along likely routes of approach from the listed sensitive areas. When there are no usual points of entry, signs must be posted in the corners of the treated areas and in any other location affording maximum visibility to sensitive areas. The printed side of the sign should face away from the treated area towards the sensitive area. The signs shall be printed in English. Signs must be posted prior to application and must remain posted until foliage has dried and soil surface water has disappeared. Signs may remain in place indefinitely as long as they are composed of materials to prevent deterioration and maintain legibility for the duration of the posting period.
- 8) All words shall consist of letters at least 2.5 inches tall, and all letters and the symbol shall be a color which sharply contrasts with their immediate background. At the top of the sign shall be the words KEEP OUT, followed by an octagonal stop sign symbol at least 8 inches in diameter containing the word STOP. Below the symbol shall be the words PESTICIDES IN IRRIGATION WATER.

Specific Requirements for Chemigation Systems Connected to Public Water Systems:-

ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
EPA Letter Dated: FEB 24 2009
Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

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- 2) Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- 3) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 4) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 5) The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6) Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7) Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Specific Requirements for Sprinkler Chemigation -

- 1) The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 2) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3) The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4) The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5) The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6) Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being filled with a system interlock.
- 7) Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Specific Requirements for Flood Chemigation -

- 1) Systems using a gravity flow pesticide dispensing system must meter the pesticide into the water at the head of the field and downstream of a hydraulic discontinuity such as a drop structure or weir box to decrease potential for water source contamination from backflow if water flow stops.
 - 2) The systems utilizing a pressurized water and pesticide injection system must meet the following requirements:
 - a. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
 - b. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

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- d. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- e. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- f. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being filled with a system interlock.

Specific Requirements for Drip (Trickle) Chemigation -

- 1) The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 2) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3) The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4) The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5) The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6) Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being filled with a system interlock.

Application Instructions -

- 1) Remove scale, pesticide residues, and other foreign matter from the chemical supply tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water. Failure to provide a clean tank, void of scale or residues may cause product to lose effectiveness or strength.
- 2) Determine the treatment rates as indicated in the directions for use and make proper dilutions.
- 3) Prepare a solution in the chemical tank by filling the tank with the required water and then adding product as required. The product will immediately go into suspension without any required agitation.
- 4) Do not apply SaniDate 12.0 in conjunction with any other pesticides or fertilizers; this has the potential to cause reduced performance of the product. Avoid application in this manner.

STORAGE & DISPOSAL

DO NOT CONTAMINATE WATER, FOOD OR FEED BY STORAGE OR DISPOSAL

STORAGE: Store in original vented container in a dry location away from heat and out of direct sunlight. In case of fire involving product, use water. In case of large quantities of spilled material, dike with sand or earth. Dilute with large quantities of water.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, or public waters unless the components of this product are specifically identified and addressed in a NPDES permit. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into sewer systems without previously notifying the sewage plant authority. For additional information, refer to the product Material Safety Data Sheet.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: (Plastic Containers 30, and 55 gallon drums): Triple rinse (or equivalent) then recycle or reconditioning or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or incineration or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. (For 275 gallon totes) Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other approved state and local procedures.

Accepted for recycling with gloves and EPA label dated.

FEB 24 2009

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No. 70299-8

SaniDate® 12.0; EPA Reg. No. 70299-8
Red Lined Label version (9) dated December 2, 2008
Label Amendment
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Sold by:
BioSafe Systems LLC
22 Meadow St.
East Hartford, CT 06108

EPA Reg. No. 70299-8
EPA Establishment No. 60156-IL-001

Lot No.: XXXX
24 Hour Emergency (281) 479-2826
For Transport Emergency call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

Net Contents: XX Gallons (XXlbs.)
Weight per gallon: 9.26 lbs.
Expiration: MM/DD/YY

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