L=20-2008



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON D.C., 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

FEB 2.0 2008

BioSafe Systems 22 Meadow St. East Hartford, CT 06108

Attention: Donna Bishel Regulatory Manager

Subject: Sanidate 12.0 Microbiocide EPA Reg. No. 70299-8 Amendment Dated November 7, 2006

The following amendment, submitted in connection with registration under section 3(c)(7)(A) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, is acceptable pending that the following changes are incorporated:

- On page 2, under the **Direction of Use** section, after the statement "This product is not intended as treatment against any public health organism", add this following statement: Uses are intended to treat algal and odor causing bacteria.
- On page 2, under the **Direction of Use** section, delete the bullet "For use in bilge water treatment applications". An assessment has not been conducted for that use that would analyze risks to human health and the environment for hydrogen peroxide and peroxacetic acid. To add this language to the label, your company must submit the applicable data to support the use.
- On page 2, under the **Direction of Use** section, delete the entire forth bullet. This section was ambiguous. In particular, you referenced (in the beginning of the Direction of Use Section) a disclaimer stating that the product will not be used as a treatment against public health organisms. There are use sites mentioned in the bullet that are typically reserved for the removal of pathogenic organisms as sanitizers or disifectants. Moreover, consumers may not be able to distinguish the difference public or non-public health organism claims when purchasing this product. Furthermore, if your company intends to support this product as a sanitizer, efficacy data needs to be submitted to support this use. The concentrations of active ingredients the products you referenced through correspondence with EPA does not match the concentrations in your proposed amended product. Therefore, it is recommended that you delete all listed bullets to remove any uncertainty or confusion.

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- On page 2, under the **Direction of Use** section, delete the entire fifth bullet. It is a repeating statement.
- On page 2, under the **Direction of Use** Section, in regards to the sixth bullet (Treatment of fruit and vegetable processing waters), the Agency does not object to this claim being added to the label. However, appropriate language to describe the use pattern has not being added to the label. Therefore, EPA recommends that your company peruse the language used for EPA Registration Number 1677-164 (see the section titled "FOR **TREATMENT OF FRUIT AND VEGETABLE SURFACES AND PROCESS WATERS**") as an example. Your language should be specific that this product is for the "control of the growth of spoilage and decay causing non-public health organisms in process waters and on the surface of fruits and vegetables".
- On page 2, under the **Direction of Use**, under the wording "The main areas of use include", delete the last two bullets: "Packinghouses, food processing and rendering plants" and "Dairies, breweries, wineries". See bullet number 3 above.
- On page 2, under the Direction of Use section, delete the following statement "SaniDate®12.0 is an effective inanimate, hard non porous surface sanitizer and disinfectant". See bullet number 3 above.
- On page 2, under the **Direction of Use** section, in the statement that begins, "SaniDate®12.0 is effective on the use sites..." delete the word "nylon" in that language. Your company has not submitted data to support use on porous surfaces.
- On page 2, delete the entire section that states "SANTIZING PRE-CLEANED HARD NON-PORUS FOOD CONTACT SURFACES AND EQUIPMENT". See bullet number 3 above.
- On page 3, delete the entire section that states "SANTIZING PRECLEANED PACKINGHOUSES, FOOD PROCESSING & RENDERING PLANTS". See bullet number 3 above.
- On page 3, delete the entire section that states "PACKINGHOUSE, FOOD PROCESSING RENDERING PLANT DISINFECTION". See bullet number 3 above.
- On page 3, delete the entire section that states, "POST HARVEST TREATMENTS IN PACKING HOUSES". See bullet number 3 above.
- On page 4, delete the entire section that states, "FOR DIRECT INJECTION INTO DUMP TANKS, HYDRO COOLERS, SPRAY SYSTEM AND PROCESS WATERS". These uses are intended to treat water for contamination of bacteria (particularly public health organisms). Therefore, the rationale stated in bullet number 3 applies in this particular case.
- On page 4, delete the entire section that states "TREATMENT OF BILGE WATER". The Agency currently has not assessed environmental risks associated with use of hydrogen peroxide and peroxyacetic acid in ballast or bilge water treatment systems. To

proceed with this use, your company would need to submit the applicable data to support this use.

- On page 4, in the section titled "CONTROL OF ALGAL, FUNGAL, AND BACTERIAL GROWTH..." after the word "BACTERIAL" add the words "ODOR CAUSING".
- On page 5, in the section titled "CONTROL OF ALGAL, FUNGAL, AND BACTERIAL GROWTH FOR NON-FOOD..." after the word "BACTERIAL" add the words "ODOR CAUSING".
- On page 5, in the section titled "CONTROL OF ALGAL, FUNGAL, AND BACTERIAL GROWTH FOR IN INDOOR..." after the word "BACTERIAL" add the words "ODOR CAUSING".
- On page 6, in the section titled "CONTROL OF ALGAL, FUNGAL, AND BACTERIAL GROWTH ON NON FOOD..." after the word "BACTERIAL" add the words "ODOR CAUSING".
- On page 6, in the section titled "TREATMENT OF GREENHOUSE SURFACES AND EQUIPMENT", delete the wording "ventilation ducts". This use has not been approved for products that contain both hydrogen peroxide and peroxyacetic acid. Therefore, a risk assessment would have to be conducted to determine exposure to workers in greenhouse settings.

Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration of your product under FIFRA section 3(c)(5) and section 4(a) when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.

If the above conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product bearing the amended labeling constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the accepted labeling is enclosed. Submit three copies of your final printed labeling to the Agency before distributing or selling the product bearing the revised labeling.

If you have any questions concerning this letter, please contact Demson Fuller at (703) 308-8062.

Sincerely,

Marshall Swindell Product Manager (33) Regulatory Management Branch 1 Antimicrobials Division (7510C)

SaniDate[®] 12.0

in EPA Letter Dated FEB 2 0 2008

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS

Under me reader insecucide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No

70299-2

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Hydrogen Peroxide	18.5%
Peroxyacetic Acid	12.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	
Total:	100.00

FOR COMMERCIAL USE ONLY KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER-PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detaile. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

STRONG OXIDIZING AGENT

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS - DANGER: CORROSIVE. Causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. May be fatal if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Do not breathe vapor or spray mist. Wear a respirator with an organic vapor removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval prefix TC-23C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval prefix TC-14G), or a NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or canister with any N, R, P, or HE prefilter. Wear chemical goggles, rubber gloves, and protective clothing when handling this product. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, or using tobacco. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

FIRST AID		
lf in eyes	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 – 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 	
lf on skin or clothing		
If inhaled	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 	
If swallowed	 Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.		
You may also contact 1-800-222-1222 for emergency medical treatment information. NOTE TO PHYSICIAN - Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.		

SaniDate[®] 12.0; EPA Reg. No. 70299-8 Label version (8) dated November 7, 2007 MASTER LABEL - Amendment to add new uses Page 1 of 9

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Strong oxidizing agent. Corrosive. Do not use in concentrated form. Mix only with water according to label instructions. Contact of concentrate with other sanitizers, cleaners or other material may cause fire.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling

This product is not intended as treatment against any public health organism for any use on this label. Uses are intended to treat they and odor course of bacteria

- For use in commercial, agricultural, and horticultural irrigation water treatment applications
- Treatment of water for industrial and commercial water treatment systems
- Earlies in bilge water treatment applications
- Environment of hard, nonpersue non-feed contact custopes, and squipment outly as conveying, hoving or packing equipment, tabletope, traye, pane, racks, platters, tanke, pipelines, evaporators, filleren
- being or packing equipment, tebletepe, traja, pane, seeke, platters, tanker pipeters) with COMMENTS.
- Treatment of fruit and vegetable processing waters

The main areas of use include :

- Fruit and vegetable processing facilities
- Commercial, industrial, agricultural and horticultural facilities
 Packingheupoe; food processing and rendering plantes
 Diricit browships withoutage

Under two stores _______ secticide. Purglicide, and Rodenticide state: amended, for the pesticide. registered under EPA Reg. sta

In EPA Letter Date.

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70244-8

SaniDate[®] 12.0 works best when diluted with water containing low levels of organic or inorganic materials. Thoroughly rinse out tank with water before mixing concentrate. SaniDate[®] 12.0 will readily mix with clean water and does not require agitation.

SaniDute" 12.0 is an effective inanimate, hard non-porous surrace sanitizer and disinfectents

SaniDate[®] 12.0 is effective on the use sites listed which are manufactured from the following materials; linoleum, formica, vinyl, glazed porcelain, plastic, sealed fiberglass, polyethylene, CPVC, PVC, even aluminum, steel, stainless steel, sealed wood, glazed tile, and glass.

SANITIZING PRE-CLEANED HARD NON POROUS FOOD CONTACT SURFACES AND EQUIPMENT

- Tanks, vals, piping systems, pumps, filters, erapolators, clean-in-place, systems, pasteurizers and asertic equipment used in dairies, preweries, wineries, beverage and hop processing plants.
- Conveyors, boxing or packing equipment, peelers, colors, de-bondis, scrapels, collators, slicers, dicers, knives, saws, cutting boards, tablebors, trave, pars, racks, plateor, and cars.

To cean equipment such as tanks immediately after use:

- 1. Remove all products from equipment unless treating only the return portion of a conveyor.
- 2. Remove cross food particulate matter and set by a warm water flush, or pre-flush, or a precrape and when necessary, pre-soak treatment.
- 3. Thoroughly wash surfaces or equipment with a good detergent or compariable cleaning solution. Rinse equipment with popular water
- 0 to 10 hiDate apply by wiping, ater, a**nd** Add liquit unces S llons tabl W lng, se sprav or hv a dir to closed mopi S١
- 5. If applicable, fill closed systems with diluted sanitizer solution at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) to 40°C (104°F)

SaniDate[®] 120; EPA Reg. No. 70299-8 Label version (8) dated November 7, 2007 MASTER LABEL - Amendment to add new uses Page 2 of 9 Alloy a contact time of 10 seconds. oot contact surfaces require a ste involving treatment of lications ile or potal lowing sannization.

ems and/or surfaces to drain thoroughly befor Allow if resuming op ation.

SANITIZING PRECLEANED PACKINGHOUSES, FOOD PROCESSING & RENDERING PLANTS

San Date® 12.0 to all hard, non-poroug surfaces a hd i quipment, found in comhercial packing houses including: dump tanks, drenches containers, conveyor floors. rate storages, wal tabletops, and process lines

Spray Application

- nove loose soil or organic matter with slean water and/or detergent phse. aniDate® 12.0 at a rate of 0.85 fl. 2) z. of concentrate per 10 gall s of wate Apply
- a coarse spray until runoff.
- stact time of 30 seconds. 3) ΔI w a c
- 4) Allow treated surfaces to air dry. Do not rinse.

RACKINGHOUSE, FOOD PROCESSING AND RENDERING PLANT DISINFECTION

ound in commercial Appl SaniDate to all s and uipment 12 non-bor us sual fac r ha packinghouses including dums tanks drefiches, crates, colitainers, conveyors, storages, alis, flor and process lines.

Cover or remove all food and packaging materials perere disinfection.

For Pre-Ofeaned Surfaces: Use a rate of 21 fl. bz per 10 cellons fo lightly solied or have been pre-ringed to remove gross contamination. 0 gallons for hard non-poyous s urfa ces that are

For Uncleaned Surfaces: For beavily soiled frad non-perous surfaces use a rate of 0.4 oz per 1 gallen of Apply solution with more, cloth, sporge, trush scrubter, or doarse spray device or by soaking so wate as to wet all surfaces thoroughly. Allow to remain wet for 10 minutes hen remove solution and entrapped soil with a clean wet more, cloth, or wet vacuum pickup. Prepare a fresh solution daily or when it becomes soiled or diluted.

POST HARVERT TREATMENTS N PACKING HOUSES

TREATMENT FOR NONPOLABLE WATER STSTEMS (WASH TANKS) DIP TANKS DRENG TANKS EVAPORATORS, HUMIDIFICATION SYSTEMS AND/OR STORAGE TANKS/--Treat water containing plant bathogens with 1.25 fl. oz of SaniDate[®] 12.0 for every 10 gallons of water. DRENGH

FOR DIRECT INJECTION/INTO SPRAYWATERS USED ON PROCESS LINES Treat water containing plot pathogens by njecting SaniDate[®] 12.0 cirectly into soray system water with 2.1 fl. oz.fof SaniDate[®] / 2.0 for every 100/gallons of water. Applicable for use on all wpes of post-narvest commodities.

PA Reg. No

FOR POST- HARVIST SPRANTREATMENTSON PROCESS AND PACKING LINES. Inject SaniDate[®] 17. Odirectly into spray system viater on process and packing lines to prevent bacterial and futigal diseases of post-harvest truits and vegetables. Inject at 1:670 - 1:6,000 San Date[®] 12.0 to clean water. For best risults, when dump tanks are used, make post harvest spray treament as fruit s leaving dump tarks. Applicable for tater treatment on process and packing lines used on all types of post

harvest commodities.	ACCEPTED	
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· · · ·	FEB 2 0 2008 Inder the Federal Insecticide, Inder the Federal Insecticide Act as	SaniDate [®] 12.0; EPA Reg. No. 70299-8 Label version (8) dated November 7, 2007 MASTER LABEL - Amendment to add new uses Page 3 of 9
	Brief des by he pesticide,	

70299-8

FOR DIRECT INJECTION INTO DUMP TANKS, HYDRO COOLERS, SPRAY SYSTEM AND PROCESS WATERS -

For treatment of water containing plant pathogeny, inject SaniDate[®] 12:0 and maintain a predetermined residual everyby using metering equipment, coupled with QRP measuring probes.

- 1) Determine biological organia loading provto treatment if possible.
- For waters that contain low levels of biological and organic loading inject SaniDate 12.0 at 0.4 fl. oz 0.2 fl. oz. of SaniDate[®] 12.0 for every 100 gallons of water.
- 3) For clean water inject SaniDate 12.1 at 0.2 fl az. 0.1 y/oz. of SaniDate[®] 12.9 for every 100 gallons of water to prevent the formation of algae, bacters and fungi.

FOR AGRICULTURAL IRRIGATION WATER AND DRAINAGE DITCHES

Use SaniDate[®] 12.0 to treat water to suppress / control algae, bacteria and fungi in agricultural irrigation and drainage water and ditches. For irrigation water, apply 0.6 to 1.3 fluid ounces of SaniDate[®] 12.0 per 1000 gallons of water. Product can be simply added to the body of water as the residual control will allow for even distribution throughout the water column. Apply SaniDate[®] 12.0 as needed to control and prevent algae growth; apply more frequently in times of higher water temperatures.

TREATMENT OF BILGE WATER

sing. Sh hay be applied as either a shock, htermittent, or SaniDate 2.0 ontinuou be addlied for a duration whereas 1 to l hours as noce sarv do f ina is minutes For either shock or termittent dasina. ′0 16 to 4 imes per daj gallons ate® cing a peak concentrat 00 gallons o h of Sani water prod 12.0 12.0 per 1 naa 06 approximate quivalent to a peak 100 pg during dos This is e of v 0.01 to 0.3 galons S For contin lou dosing application app Date 6 1.000 iter. Date® producing om of Sar 10 to 300 d This is a pea k cor entratio nnroximat 1 to 36 p m 1009 acetic ac

CONTROL OF ALGAL, FUNGAL, AND BACTERIAL GROWTH IN PULP AND PAPER MILL SYSTEMS FOR FOOD AND NON-FOOD CONTACT PAPER

SaniDate[®] 12.0 provides an effective means to treat various process waters for slime control. Dosage rates should be increased or decreased depending on the control achieved. Maximum usage rate must not exceed 2lbs. SaniDate[®] 12.0 solution per ton (2,000 lbs., dry basis) of pulp or paper produced.

TREATMENT OF PAPER MACHINE WHITE WATER - SaniDate[®] 12.0 may be applied within the white water short circulation loop on the paper machine. Apply with either shock, intermittent, or continuous dosing. Shock doses may be applied for 1 to 2 hours, as necessary, whereas intermittent doses are applied 1 to 12 times per day, for a duration of 5 to 60 minutes each. For either shock or intermittent dosing, apply 2.5 to 102 fl. oz. of SaniDate[®] 12.0 per 1000 gallons of white water, producing a peak concentration of 20 to 800 ppm of SaniDate[®] 12.0 during dosing. This is approximately equivalent to a peak dose of 2 to 100 ppm 100% peracetic acid. For continuous dosing, apply 2.5 to 25 fl. oz. of SaniDate[®] 12.0 to 1000 gallons of process water, producing a peak concentration of 20 to 200 ppm of SaniDate[®] 12.0. This is approximately equivalent to 2 to 25 ppm 100% peracetic acid.

CATALASE CONTROL IN DEINKING WATER LOOPS - SaniDate[®] 12.0 may be applied to the inlet lines going to de-inking water storage following clarification. Apply with either shock, intermittent, or continuous dosing. Shock doses may be applied for 10 to 60 minutes as necessary. Apply 1.7 to 4.2 gallons SaniDate[®] 12.0 per 1000 gallons recirculation water, producing a peak concentration of 1700 to 4200 ppm SaniDate[®] 12.0 during dosing. This is approximately equivalent to a peak dose of 200 to 500 ppm 100% peracetic acid. For intermittent doses, apply 1 to 12 times per day, for a duration of 10 to 60 minutes. Apply 0.8 to 2.1 gallons SaniDate[®] 12.0 per 1000 gallons of water, producing a peak concentration of 800 to 2100 ppm of SaniDate[®] 12.0 during dosing. This is approximately equivalent to a peak dose of 100 to 250 ppm **100% berefore** acid. For continuous dosing, apply 0.2 to 1.4 gallons

FEB 2 0 2008 Under the Pederal Insecticide, Pungletide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for me pesticide, registered under EPA Red. No. 70249-8 SaniDate[®] 12.0; EPA Reg. No. 70299-8 Label version (8) dated November 7, 2007 MASTER LABEL - Amendment to add new uses Page 4 of 9 70249-8 SaniDate® 12.0 to 1000 gallons of process water, producing a peak concentration of 200 to 1400 ppm of SaniDate® 12.0. This is approximately equivalent to 25 to 170 ppm 100% peracetic acid.

TREATMENT OF RAW AND PROCESS WATER - SaniDate® 12.0 may be applied to water at the inlet of the process water system or any other suitable point. Apply with either shock, intermittent, or continuous dosing. Shock dosing may be applied for a duration of 1 to 2 hours, as necessary, whereas intermittent dosing is applied for 2 to 15 minutes, 4 to 100 times per day. For either shock or intermittent dosing, apply 0.16 to 0.8 gallons SaniDate® 12.0 per 1,000 gallons of water producing a peak concentration of SaniDate[®] 12.0 of 160 ppm to 800 ppm during dosing. This is approximately equivalent to a peak dose of 20 to 100 ppm 100% peracetic acid. For continuous dosing applications, apply 0.01 to 0.3 gallons SaniDate[®] 12.0 to 1,000 gallons of water, producing a peak concentration of 10 to 300 ppm of SaniDate[®] 12.0. This is approximately equivalent to 1 to 36 ppm 100% peracetic acid.

CONTROL OF ALGAL, FUNGAL AND BACTERIAL GROWTH FOR NON-FOOD CONTACT PAPER USES

TREATMENT OF STARCH USED FOR SIZING ON THE PAPER MACHINE - Apply SaniDate[®] 12.0 directly to the starch storage tank or through the recirculation loop. Apply with either shock, intermittent, or continuous dosing. Shock doses may be applied for 1 to 2 hours, whereas intermittent doses may be applied for 5 to 60 minutes up to 12 times per day. For either shock or intermittent dosing, apply 0.8 to 5 gallons SaniDate[®] 12.0 per 1,000 gallons of starch solution to achieve 100 to 600 ppm 100% peracetic acid. For continuous dosing applications, apply 0.08 to 1.7 gallons SaniDate[®] 12.0 per 1,000 gallons of starch solution, producing a peak concentration of approximately 10 to 200 ppm 100% peracetic acid.

TREATMENT OF CLAYS USED AS COATINGS AND FILLERS ON THE PAPER MACHINE -Applications may be made at the recirculation loop or directly to the agitated slurry storage tank. Apply with either shock, intermittent, or continuous dosing. Shock doses may be applied for 1 to 2 hours, as necessary, whereas intermittent doses may be applied for 5 to 60 minutes, 1 to 12 times per day. For either shock or intermittent dosing, apply 51.2 to 102 fl. oz. SaniDate[®] 12.0 to 1,000 gallons clay slurry solution producing a peak concentration of approximately 50 to 100 ppm 100% peracetic acid. For continuous dosing applications, apply 51.2 to 102 fl. oz. SaniDate® 12.0 to 1,000 gallons of process water, producing a peak concentration of 5 to 100 ppm 100% peracetic acid.

COATINGS PRESERVATION - SaniDate[®] 12.0 can be used as an in-container preservative for the control of bacteria and fungi in water-based coatings such as paper coatings. Add 12.8 to 89.6 fl. oz. of SaniDate[®] 12.0 solution to 1,000 gallons water. This will provide 100 to 700 ppm of SaniDate[®] 12.0, or 12 to 85 ppm 100% peracetic acid.

TREATMENT OF DISPERSED PIGMENTS - SaniDate® 12.0 can be used in the control of bacteria and fungi in the manufacture and storage of dispersed pigments such as kaolin clay, titanium dioxide, calcium carbonate, calcium sulfate, barium sulfate, magnesium silicate and kieseguhr used in paint and paper production. Add 0.12 to 0.6 lb. of SaniDate® 12.0 to each 1,000 lbs. of fluid. This will provide 120 to 600 ppm of SaniDate[®] 12.0, or 15 to 70 ppm 100% peracetic acid. Dor (nos n)

CONTROL OF ALGAL, FUNGAL, AND BACTERIAL GROWTH IN INDOOR, CLOSED LOOP, NON-POTABLE, NON-FOOD CONTACT WATER SYSTEMS

TREATMENT OF RAW AND PROCESS WATER - (such as heat exchanger system water, boiler water, wet scrubber water) - SaniDate[®] 12.0 may be applied to water at the inlet of the water system or any other suitable point. Apply with either shock, intermittent, or continuous dosing. Shock dosing may be applied for a duration of 1 to 2 hours, as necessary, whereas intermittent dosing is applied for 2 to 15 minutes, 4 to 100 times per day. For either shock or intermittent dosing, apply 0.16 to 0.8 gallons SaniDate[®] 12.0 per 1,000 gallons of water producing a peak concentration of SaniDate[®] 12.0 of 160 ppm to 800 ppm during dosing. This is approximately equivalent to a peak dose of 20 to 100 ppm 100% peracetic acid. For continuous dosing comparent peracetic acid. For continuous dosing comparent comparent

> Label version (8) dated November 7, 2007 MASTER LABEL - Amendment to add new uses FEB 20 2008 Under me Federal Insecticide, Funcicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No.70294-8

SaniDate® 12.0; EPA Reg. No. 70299-8

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in EPA Letter Dated

gallons of water, producing a peak concentration of 10 to 300 ppm SaniDate[®] 12.0. This is approximately equivalent to 1 to 35 ppm 100% peracetic acid.

TREATMENT OF COOLING WATER SYSTEMS - (such as cooling towers, evaporative condensers) Severely fouled systems should be cleaned before treatment. Discontinue use of chlorine or bromine products prior to using this product. SaniDate 5.0 Sanitizer should be added to the system directly and not mixed with other chemicals or additives prior to dosing. Other chemicals should be added separately. Check compatibility of SaniDate 5.0 Sanitizer with any other chemicals or additives prior to use. Contamination with certain chemicals could result in lack of efficacy. Add SaniDate[®] 12.0 at a point in the system where uniform mixing and even distribution will occur such as the cooling tower basin sump. Shock doses may be applied for 1 to 2 hours, as necessary, whereas intermittent doses are applied for 5 to 60 minutes 1 to 100 times per day. For either shock, intermittent or continuous dosing, apply 1.3 to 9.0 fl.oz. of SaniDate[®] 12.0 solution per 1,000 gallons of water. This will provide 10 to 70 ppm of SaniDate[®] 12.0, or 1 to 9 ppm of 100% peracetic acid. Repeat treatment as required to maintain control.

CONTROL OF ALGAL, FUNGAL AND BACTERIAL GROWTH ON NON FOOD CONTACT GREENHOUSE WATERING SYSTEMS

TREATMENT OF GREENHOUSE SURFACES AND EQUIPMENT - (such as glazing, plastic, pots, flats, trays, cutting tools, benches, work areas, walkways, floors, walls, fan blades, **untilation structures**, watering systems, coolers, storage rooms, structures and equipment) – Clean surfaces before treatment. Sweep and remove all plant debris, and use power sprayer to wash all surfaces to remove loose dirt. Use a dilution of 1:600 of SaniDate[®] 12.0 for all non-porous surfaces that have been pre-cleaned with water. Apply solution with mop, sponge, power sprayer or fogger to thoroughly wet all surfaces. Cutting tools may be soaked to ensure complete coverage. Heavy growths of algae and fungi may have to be scrubbed off following application. Repeat treatment as required to maintain control.

TREATMENT OF GREENHOUSE EVAPORATIVE COOLERS – Treat contaminated surfaces with a dilution of 1:600 of SaniDate[®] 12.0. For maintenance, treat cooler water once a week with a dilution of 1:2,000 of SaniDate[®] 12.0 for every gallon of cooling water.

TREATMENT OF GREENHOUSE IRRIGATION SYSTEMS - (such as flooded floors, flooded benches, recycled water systems, drip trickle, capillary mats, sprinkler systems, humidification and misting systems) – Treat contaminated water with a dilution of 1:5,000 of SaniDate[®] 12.0. For maintenance, treat clean water with a dilution of 1:50,000 to 1:100,000 of SaniDate[®] 12.0 as needed.

CHEMIGATION:

General Requirements -

- 1) Apply this product only through a drip system or sprinkler system, including flood, and drip (trickle) irrigation systems.
- 2) Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.
- 3) If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.
- 4) Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- 5) A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
- 6) Posting of areas to be chemigated is required when 1) any part of a treated area is within 300 feet of sensitive areas such as residential areas, labor camps, businesses, day care centers, hospitals, in-patient clinics, nursing chemese of any public areas such as schools, parks, playgrounds, or other public facilities not including public roads, or 2) when the chemigated area is open to the public such as golf courses of greenhouses.

FEB 2 0 2008 SaniDate[®] 12.0; EPA Reg. No. 70299-8 Label version (8) dated November 7, 2007 Under the Pederal Insecticide, Pragletide, and Rodenticide AttestER LABEL - Amendment to add new uses Pragletide, and Rodenticide, registered under EPA Reg. No

70299-8

- 7) Posting must conform to the following requirements. Treated areas shall be posted with signs at all usual points of entry and along likely routes of approach from the listed sensitive areas. When there are no usual points of entry, signs must be posted in the corners of the treated areas and in any other location affording maximum visibility to sensitive areas. The printed side of the sign should face away from the treated area towards the sensitive area. The signs shall be printed in English. Signs must be posted prior to application and must remain posted until foliage has dried and soil surface water has disappeared. Signs may remain in place indefinitely as long as they are composed of materials to prevent deterioration and maintain legibility for the duration of the posting period.
- 8) All words shall consist of letters at least 2.5 inches tall, and all letters and the symbol shall be a color which sharply contrasts with their immediate background. At the top of the sign shall be the words KEEP OUT, followed by an octagonal stop sign symbol at least 8 inches in diameter containing the word STOP. Below the symbol shall be the words PESTICIDES IN IRRIGATION WATER.

Specific Requirements for Chemigation Systems Connected to Public Water Systems -

- Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- 2) Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- 3) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 4) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 5) The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6) Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7) Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Specific Requirements for Sprinkler Chemigation -

- 1) The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 2) The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3) The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4) The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

5) The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is

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	TEB 2 0 2008	SaniDate [®] 12.0; EPA Reg. No. 70299-8 Label version (8) dated November 7, 2007 MASTER LABEL - Amendment to add new uses
	Under the Pederal insecticide,	Page 7 of 9
	amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No 702	99-8

- 6) Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being filled with a system interlock.
- 7) Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Specific Requirements for Flood Chemigation -

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- Systems using a gravity flow pesticide dispensing system must meter the pesticide into the water 1) at the head of the field and downstream of a hydraulic discontinuity such as a drop structure or weir box to decrease potential for water source contamination from backflow if water flow stops.
- The systems utilizing a pressurized water and pesticide injection system must meet the following 2) requirements:
 - The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low-pressure a. drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
 - b. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
 - The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-C. operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
 - The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the d. pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
 - The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop е. the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
 - f. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being filled with a system interlock.

Specific Requirements for Drip (Trickle) Chemigation -

- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low-pressure drain 1) appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, guick-closing check valve to 2) prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated 3) valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide 4) injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the 5) water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6) Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being filled with a system interlock.

Application Instructions -

- Remove scale, pesticide residues, and other foreign matter from the chemical supply tank and 1) entire injector system. Flush with clean water. Failure to provide a clean tank, void of scale or residues may cause product to lose effectiveness or strength.

2)	Determine the treatment rates as indicated in the d	lirections for use and make proper dilutions.
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	FEB 2.0.2008 Under the Rederal Insecticide, Emoticide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No 70299-8	SaniDate [®] 12.0; EPA Reg. No. 70299-8 Label version (8) dated November 7, 2007 MASTER LABEL - Amendment to add new uses Page 8 of 9

- 3) Prepare a solution in the chemical tank by filling the tank with the required water and then adding product as required. The product will immediately go into suspension without any required agitation.
- 4) Do not apply SaniDate 12.0 in conjunction with any other pesticides or fertilizers; this has the potential to cause reduced performance of the product. Avoid application in this manner.

STORAGE & DISPOSAL

DO NOT CONTAMINATE WATER, FOOD OR FEED BY STORAGE OR DISPOSAL

STORAGE: Store in original vented container in a dry location away from heat and out of direct sunlight. In case of fire involving product, use water. In case of large quantities of spilled material, dike with sand or earth. Dilute with large quantities of water.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, or public waters unless the components of this product are specifically identified and addressed in a NPDES permit. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into sewer systems without previously notifying the sewage plant authority. For additional information, refer to the product Material Safety Data Sheet.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: (Plastic Containers 30, and 55 gallon drums): Triple rinse (or equivalent) then offer for recycling or reconditioning or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or incineration or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. (For 275 gallon totes) Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other approved state and local procedures.

Sold by: BioSafe Systems 22 Meadow St. East Hartford, CT 06108

EPA Reg. No. 70299-8 EPA Establishment No. 60156-IL-001

Lot No.: XXXX 24 Hour Emergency (281) 479-2826 For Transport Emergency call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300 ACCEPTED With COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dated

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Under the Pacienti Insecucity, Functicide, and Rodenticide Act as emonded, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No

70299-8

Net Contents: XX Gallons (XXlbs.) Weight per gallon: 9.26 lbs. Expiration: MM/DD/YY

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