

69470-19

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December 9, 2002

Robert Rosenwasser  
Manager, Regulatory Affairs  
Clearon Corporation  
2115 Linwood Avenue  
Fort Lee, NJ 07024

Subject: Clearon CBD-90 Industrial Water Biocide 7 Ounce Tablets  
EPA Registration Number 69470-19  
Amendment Dated: September 24, 2002  
EPA Receipt Date: September 25, 2002

Dear Mr. Rosenwasser:

The following amendment, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, is acceptable with the conditions listed below:

- to add disinfection of drinking water
- to add aquatic food use pattern

**Conditions**

You must add the following re-entry language after the start-up of newly filled pools and maintenance treatment sections of the Swimming Pool directions for use.

Reentry into treated swimming pools is prohibited above levels of 3 ppm of chlorine due to risk of bodily harm.

**General Comments**

A stamped copy of the labeling accepted with conditions is enclosed. Submit a copy of your final printed labeling before distributing or selling the product bearing the revised labeling.

CONCURRENCES

SYMBOL	7510 c							
SURNAME	Mitchell							
DATE	12-9-02							

*Should you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, please contact Wanda Mitchell at (703) 308-6345.*

*Sincerely,*



*Robert S. Brennis  
Product Manager - Team 32  
Regulatory Management Branch II  
Antimicrobials Division (7510C)*

## CDB®-90 INDUSTRIAL WATER BIOCIDES 7 OUNCE TABLETS

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS  
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC  
ANIMALS**

**DANGER**  
**CORROSIVE**  
**CAUSES IRREVERSIBLE EYE DAMAGE OR  
SKIN BURNS**  
**MAY BE FATAL IF INHALED**  
**MAY BE FATAL IF ABSORBED THROUGH  
SKIN**

Under the Federal Insecticide,  
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as  
amended, for the pesticide,  
registered under EPA Reg. No. **69470-19**  
with comments, EPA Letter Date **DEC - 9 1972**

**Active Ingredient:**  
**Trichloro-s-triazinetriane: 99%**  
**Inert Ingredients: 1%**  
**Total: 100%**  
**Available Chlorine: 90%**

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN**

**DANGER**

**SEE PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND  
FIRST AID INFORMATION  
BELOW**

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
If inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>
If on skin clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Call poison control center, or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</li> <li>Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> <li>Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.	
<b>NOTE TO PHYSICIAN</b>	
*Note to Physician: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.*	

**STORAGE AND DISPOSAL.**

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Avoid moisture getting into container. Keep off wet floors. In case of spillage, wash with large amounts of water. After each use, keep container tightly closed. Oxidizing material. Keep away from flames, sparks and all sources of heat. Avoid contact with organic material.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

**CONTAINER DISPOSAL:** Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE:** It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read entire label and use strictly in accordance with precautionary statements and directions.

**FOR SWIMMING POOL DISINFECTANT**

When used as directed, this product is effective as a swimming pool water disinfectant. The dosage necessary for your pool will change considerably depending upon those factors that burden the disinfection system. Some of the factors that will vary the required dosages are water temperature, bather load, exposure to windblown debris, thunder or rain storms and length of filtration cycle

Ensure all pool equipment is working properly. Backwash the filter system following manufacturer's directions. Adjust pH to between 7.2-7.6. Add stabilizer to establish a minimum level of 30-40 ppm to reduce degradative effects of sunlight upon the chlorine residual. Check for metals. Before using this product, add stain and scale inhibitor to prevent staining of pool surface due to metals. When using other products as outlined in the directions for this product, always follow directions on those products.

**REENTRY**

Reentry into treated swimming pools is prohibited above levels of 3ppm of chlorine due to risk of bodily injury.

**FOR START UP**

Before using this anti operating procedure. Use suitable water to a normal reading. To initially achieve 1,000 gallons of water or as needed to maintain.

**DIRECTIONS FOR**

With pump running every week into a skimmer basket residual of 1-3 ppm a test kit. Regular necessary to add 1-3 ppm available is recommended weekly basis.

**HOW TO CALC**

**SHAPE OF POOL**

- Rectangular
- Circular
- Oval with straight sides
- Irregular

**FOR SUPERCHLORINATION**

The pool water should be tested seven days or above 0.5 ppm of chlorine between total available chlorine test kit. Add a product directly to available chlorine readings. If the chlorine is below 0.5 ppm (mg/L), retest. For example, the triazinetrione per 1,000 liters) will available chlorine below 0.5 ppm (to its normal chlorine above.

## FOR USE IN INDUSTRIAL RECIRCULATING WATER COOLING TOWERS, AIR WASHERS & EVAPORATIVE CONDENSERS:

Treatment with this product is an effective way to control the growth of bacteria and algae in industrial recirculating water cooling towers, air washers and evaporative condensers. 1. Badly fouled systems should be cleaned prior to initiating treatment. 2. Initial Dosage - When the system is just noticeably fouled, add 8 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water contained in the system. Repeat this dosage, if necessary, until free available chlorine level (FAC) of 0.5-1.0 ppm is obtained (as determined by use of a reliable test kit). 3. Maintenance Dosage - To obtain a FAC of 0.5 - 1.0 ppm, add 0.8-1.6 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water daily or as needed. 4. This product should be added to the system at a point where adequate flow is maintained. Variations in water temperature, chlorine demand and flow rate will affect the dissolution rate. Warmer seasons may require an upward adjustment of the FAC.

**Air Washers** For use only in industrial air washer systems that maintain effective mist eliminating components. Hypochlorite controls slime-forming bacteria and fungi in air washer systems. This product may be added to the system either continuously or intermittently or as needed. The frequency of feeding and duration of the treatment will depend on the severity of the problem. **BADLY FOULED SYSTEMS** should be cleaned prior to initiating treatment.

1. Initial Dosage - When the system is just noticeably fouled, add 0.4-0.5 lbs. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water contained in the system. Repeat this dosage, if necessary, until a free available chlorine level (FAC) of 0.5-1.0 ppm is obtained (as determined by use of a reliable test kit). 2. Maintenance Dosage - To maintain a FAC of 0.5-1.0 ppm, add 0.8-1.6 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water, daily or as needed. 3. This product should be added to the system at a point where adequate flow is maintained. Variations in water temperature, chlorine demand and flow rate will affect the dissolution rate. Warmer seasons may require an upward adjustment of the FAC.

## DISINFECTION OF DRINKING WATER (EMERGENCY/PUBLIC/INDIVIDUAL SYSTEMS)

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE:** It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read entire label and use strictly in accordance with precautionary statements and directions.

**PUBLIC SYSTEM:** Feed 1 ounce of this product per 9000 gallons of water until a free available chlorine residual of at least 0.2 ppm is attained throughout the distribution system. Check water frequently as prescribed by the National Interim primary Drinking Water Regulations. Contact your local Health Department for further details.

**INDIVIDUAL SYSTEMS: DUG WELLS-** Upon completion of the casing (lining) wash the interior of the casing (lining) with a 100 ppm available chlorine solution using a stiff brush. This solution can be made by dissolving 1 ounce of this product into 60 gallons of water. After covering the well. Pour the disinfectant solution into the well through both the pipe sleeve opening and the pipeline. Wash the exterior of the pump cylinder also with the disinfectant solution. Start pump and pump water until strong odor of chlorine in water is noted. Stop pump and wait at least 24 hours. After 24 hours flush well until all traces of chlorine have been removed from the water. Contact your local Health Department for further details.

**INDIVIDUAL WATER SYSTEMS: DRILLED, DRIVEN & BORED WELLS-** Run pump until water is as free from turbidity as possible. Pour a 100 ppm available chlorine disinfecting solution into the well. This solution can be made by dissolving 1 ounce of this product into 60 gallons of water. Add 5 to 10 gallons of clean, chlorinated water to the well in order to force the disinfectant into the rock formation. Wash the exterior of pump cylinder with the disinfectant, drop pipeline into well, start pump and pump water until strong odor of chlorine in water is noted. Stop pump and wait at least 24 hours. After 24 hours flush well until all traces of chlorine have been removed from the water. Deep wells with high water levels may necessitate the use of special methods for introduction of the disinfectant into the well. Consult your local Health Department for further details.

**INDIVIDUAL WATER SYSTEMS: FLOWING ARTESIAN WELLS-** Artesian wells generally do not require disinfection. If analyses indicate persistent contamination the well should be disinfected. Consult your local Health Department for further details.

## EMERGENCY DISINFECTION:

This product is recommended for disinfecting raw or pre-treated (settled, coagulated and/or filtered) water supplies intended for use as drinking water for humans and domestic animals.

The source of the water to be treated may be a river, lake, well, cistern or similar system. To obtain the desired disinfectant results, the water to be treated should be clear and free of dirt and organic debris. If the source of the water is cloudy and contains dirt and organic debris, the water should be held in holding tanks or ponds, treated with coagulating agents and filtered to remove the dirt and organic debris.

Dissolve 0.1 ounce of this product into 60 gallons of water (120 milligrams per 10 liters) to obtain a concentration of 10-ppm (mg/L) of available chlorine. Let the water stand for one hour before using. A residual of 1ppm (mg/L) of available chlorine, as measured by a reliable test kit, should be maintained in the water to insure disinfection.

## PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS:

**RESERVOIRS: ALGAE CONTROL-**Continuous chlorination is the most effective method for destroying algae, however, slug treatment can also be effective. Suitable chlorine feeding points

should be selected on each stream at least 50 yards upstream from the points of entry into the reservoir. Add this product at the following rates:

**Initial Dose:** When the system is noticeably fouled, add this product at the rate of 1 to 5 ounces per 10,000 gallons to achieve 0.5-1.5 ppm (mg/L) available chlorine, as measured by a suitable test kit. Repeat dosage until residual is achieved.

**Subsequent Dose:** When control is evident, add this product at the rate of 0.3 to 1.5 ounces per 10,000 gallons to maintain 0.2-0.5 ppm (mg/L) available chlorine, as measured by a suitable test kit.

**MAINS-** Thoroughly flush section to be disinfected by discharging from hydrants. Permit a water flow of at least 2.5 feet per minute to continue under pressure while injecting this product by means of chlorinator. Stop water flow when a chlorine residual test of 50 ppm is obtained at the low pressure end of the new main section after 24 hour retention time. When chlorination is completed, the system must be flushed free of all heavily chlorinated water.

**NEW TANKS, BASIN, ETC.-** Remove all physical soil from surface. Place 6 ounces of this product for each 10 cubic feet of moving capacity (500 ppm available chlorine). Fill to working capacity and allow to stand for at least 4 hours. Drain and flush with potable water and return to service.

**NEW FILTER SAND-**Apply 12 ounces of this product for each 150 to 200 cubic feet of sand. The action of the product dissolving as the water passes through the bed will aid in disinfecting the new sand.

**NEW WELLS-**Flush the casing with a 50 ppm available chlorine solution of water containing 0.8 ounces of this product for each 100 gallons of water. The solution should be pumped or fed by gravity into the well after thorough mixing with agitation. After 24 hours flush well until all traces of chlorine have been removed from the water. It may then be pumped until a representative raw water sample is obtained. Bacterial examination of the water will indicate whether further treatment is necessary. Contact your local Health Department for further details.

**EXISTING EQUIPMENT-** remove equipment from service, thoroughly clean surfaces of all physical soil. Sanitize by placing 6 ounces of this product for each 10 cubic feet capacity (approximately 500 ppm available chlorine) Fill to working capacity and let stand at least 4 hours. Drain and place in service. If the previous treatment is not practical, surfaces may be sprayed with a solution containing 0.8 ounces of this product for each 5 gallons of water (approximately 1000 ppm available chlorine). After drying, flush with water and return to service.

## EMERGENCY DISINFECTION AFTER FLOODS:

**WELLS-** thoroughly flush contaminated casing with 500 ppm available chlorine solution. Prepare this solution by mixing 0.8 ounces of this product with 10 gallons of water. Backwash the well to increase yield and reduce turbidity, adding sufficient chlorinating solution to the backwash to produce a 10 ppm available chlorine residual, as determined by a chlorine test kit. After the turbidity has been reduced and the casing has been treated, add sufficient chlorinating solution to produce a 50-ppm available chlorine residual. After 24 hours, flush well until all traces of chlorine have been removed from the water. It may then be pumped until a representative raw water sample is obtained. Bacterial examination of the water will indicate whether further treatment is necessary. Retreat well if water samples are biologically unacceptable. Contact your local Health Department for further details.

**RESERVOIRS-**In case of contamination by overflowing streams, establish chlorinating stations upstream of the reservoir. Chlorinate the inlet water until the entire reservoir obtains a 0.2 ppm available chlorine residual, as determined by a suitable chlorine test kit. In case of contamination from surface drainage, apply sufficient product directly to the reservoir to obtain a 0.2 ppm available chlorine residual in all parts of the reservoir.

**BASIN, TANKS, FLUMES, ETC.-** Thoroughly clean all equipment, then apply 6 ounces of product per 10 cu. ft. of water to obtain 500 ppm available chlorine, as determined by a suitable test kit. After 24 hours drain flush and return to service. If the previous method is not suitable, spray or flush the equipment with a solution containing 0.8 ounces of this product for each 5 gallon of water (1000 ppm available chlorine.) Allow to stand for 2 to 4 hours, flush and return to service.

**FILTERS-** When the sand filter needs replacement, apply 12 ounces of this product for each 150 to 200 cubic feet of sand. When the filter is severely contaminated, additional product should be distributed over the surface at the rate of 12 ounces per 20 sq. ft. Water should stand at a depth of 1 foot above the surface of the filter bed for 4 to 24 hours. When filter beds can be back-washed of mud and silt, apply 12 ounces of this product per each 50 sq. ft., allowing the water to stand at a depth of 1 foot above the filter sand. After 30 minutes, drain water to the level of the filter. After 4 to 6 hours drain, and proceed with normal back washing.

**DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM-** flush repaired or replaced section with water. Establish a chlorinating station and apply sufficient product until a consistent available chlorine residual of a least 10 ppm (as measured by a chlorine test kit) remains after a 24 retention time.

## EMERGENCY DISINFECTION AFTER FIRES:

**CROSS CONNECTIONS OR EMERGENCY CONNECTIONS-** Set up a chlorine feed system near in the intake of the untreated water supply. Add 0.75 ounces of this product per 1,000 gallons of water until a chlorine residual of at least 0.2 ppm (as measured by a chlorine test kit) at the point where the untreated supply enters the regular distribution system.

## EMERGENCY DISINFECTION AFTER DROUGHT:

**SUPPLEMENTARY WATER SUPPLIES-**A chlorine feed system should be set up on the supplementary water line. The product should be added at 0.45 ounces per 1,000 gallons until a minimum chlorine residual of 0.2 ppm (as measured by a chlorine test kit) is achieved. The water should be held for 20 minutes before use.

**WATER SHIPPED IN BY TANKS, TANK CARS, ETC.-**

Thoroughly clean all containers and equipment. Spray a 500 ppm available chlorine solution and rinse with potable water after 5 minutes. This solution is made by mixing 0.8 ounces of this product for each 5 gallons of water. During the filling of the containers, dose with sufficient amounts of this product to provide at least a 0.2 ppm chlorine residual, as measured by a chlorine test kit.

**EMERGENCY DISINFECTION AFTER MAIN BREAKS:**

**MAINS-**Before assembly of the repair section, flush out mud and soil. Permit a water flow of at least 2.5 feet per minute to continue under pressure while injecting this product by means of chlorinator. Stop water flow when a chlorine residual test of 50 ppm is obtained at the low pressure end of the new main section after a 24 hour retention time. When chlorination is completed, the system must be flushed free of all heavily chlorinated water.

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EPA EST. NO. 69470-WV-2

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**CLEARON CORP.**  
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**SOUTH CHARLESTON, WV 25303-**  
**1411**

**NET WT.** \_\_\_\_\_

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