

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND
DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER!

**CORROSIVE. CAUSES SEVERE EYE
AND SKIN DAMAGE.**

Do not get in eyes on skin or on clothing. Wear goggles or face shield and rubber gloves when handling. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Avoid contamination of food.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters, unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

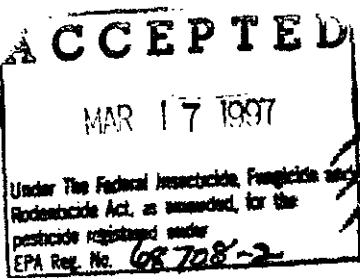
STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide Wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instruction, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

PLASTIC CONTAINERS: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

METAL CONTAINERS: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.



**NALCO / EXXON
ENERGY CHEMICALS, L.P.**

EC6113A

MICROORGANISM CONTROL CHEMICAL

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	
Hexahydro-L,3,5-Tris(2-Hydroxyethyl)-S-Triazine.....	78.5%
INERT INGREDIENTS.....	21.5%
Total.....	100.0%

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
DANGER!**

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF ON SKIN: Immediately flush contact areas with copious quantities of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician.

IF SWALLOWED: Promptly drink a large quantity of milk, beaten egg white or gelatin solution. If these are not available, drink large quantities of water. Avoid alcohol. Call a physician immediately. NEVER give an unconscious person anything by mouth.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable necrotic damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. Measures against circulatory shock, respiratory depression and convulsion may be needed.

SEE SIDE PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE
FOR USE IN CLOSED DELIVERY SYSTEMS ONLY**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

IN FRACTURING FLUIDS:
For control of bacteria in fracturing fluids, add 0.1-0.5 gallons EC6113A per 1000 gallons of fracturing fluid (100-500 ppm). Assistance on individual site problems is obtainable from your NALCO/EXXON ENERGY CHEMICALS, L.P. representative.

EC6113A may be added and premixed prior to the fracturing operation or may be added directly from the drum by means of a proportioning pump to the blender during the operation.

IN OILFIELD WATER SYSTEMS:
For controlling aerobic slime-forming bacteria (*Pseudomonas* sp.) or iron-oxidizing bacteria (*Gallionella* sp.) and anaerobic sulfate-reducing bacteria (*Bacillus desulfuricans*) in oilfield water systems, such as subsurface injection water, add 5-150 ppm EC6113A depending on the severity of the contamination. Additions should be made with a metering pump at the free water knockouts before or after the injection pumps and injection well headers.

CONTINUOUS FEED METHOD: If the system is noticeably fouled, add 20-150 ppm EC6113A (1.7-12.8 gal per 2000 barrels of water) continuously until the desired degree of control is achieved. Subsequently, treat with 5-150 ppm EC6113A (0.43-12.8 gal per 2000 barrels of water) continuously as needed to maintain control.

INTERMITTENT OR SLUG METHOD: If the system is noticeably fouled, or to maintain control of the system, add 20-150 ppm EC6113A (1.7-12.8 gal per 2000 barrels of water) intermittently for 2-8 hours per day on from 1-4 days per week, depending on the severity of contamination.

IN PRESERVING DRILLING MUDS AND WORKOVER AND COMPLETION FLUIDS:
Determine the volume of EC6113A necessary to provide a concentration of 500-1000 ppm by weight of EC6113A in the drilling mud system, workover and completion fluid. For example, 21-42 gallons of EC6113A per each 1000 barrels of drilling mud provides this concentration. As the system circulates, add the EC6113A in a thin stream. Add additional EC6113A to the system to maintain the proper concentration as the total volume of the system increases.

EPA Registration No. 68708-2

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER
(800) 462-5378**

NALCO/EXXON ENERGY CHEMICALS, L.P.

P.O. BOX 87, SUGAR LAND, TX 77487-0087

NET CONTENTS SHOWN ELSEWHERE ON CONTAINER

W6113A/8795



BEST AVAILABLE COPY