3/5/2013



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Ms. Ana Rodiguez-Koster Regulatory Agent for, c/o Salvoy Chemicals, Inc. Lewis & Harrison 122 C Street, NW, Suite 505. Washington, DC 2001

MAR - 5 2013

Subject: Proxitane 15:23

EPA Registration Number 68660-12

Your Amendment Dated November 2nd, 2012 EPA Received Date November 5th, 2012

The amendment referred to above, submitted in connection with under section 3(c)(7)(A) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, FIFRA, as amended, to add oil and gas field applications to the product labeling, is acceptable.

A stamped copy of the labeling is enclosed. Submit three (3) copies of your final printed labeling before distributing or selling the product bearing the revised labeling.

Submit and/or cite all data required for registration /reregistration of your product under FIFRA section 3(c)(5) when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.

If the above conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product bearing the amended labeling constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

If you have any questions concerning this letter, please contact Karen M. Leavy-Munk at (703)-308-6237.

Sincerely,

Product Manager 33

Marshall Swin

Regulatory Management Branch I Antimicrobial Division (7510P)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

DANGER. CORROSIVE.

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Causes irreversible eye damage and causes skin hums. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. May be fatal if swallowed or inhaled.

Do not breathe vapor or spray mist and wher a sepirator with an organic vapor removing cartridge with a prefiler approved for pesticides (MSHANIOSH approval prefix TC-23C), or a canister approved tor pesticides (MSHANIOSH approval prefix TC-23C), or a NIOSH approved teprizon with an organic vapor (OV) centridge or centister with any N, R, P, or HE prefilter. Do not enter an enclosed area without proper respiratory protection.

When handling, wear goggles or face shield, rubber gloves, chemically resistant coveralls or apron worn over long-steeved shirt, long pants, socks and chemically resistant foothear. Wash thoroughly with scap and water after handling and before eating, dininking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Strong oxidizing agent. Corrosive. Contact with combustibles may cause fire.

Contamination may cause rapid decomposition, generation of large quantities of oxygen and heat.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
This product is toxic to birds, fish, qualic invertebrates, shrimp, clams and cysters. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries or public waters unless in accordance with he requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effuent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA. In developing the NPDES permit, restrictions on the release of waters containing this product during low-flow periods should be

Solvay Chemicals, Inc. 3333 Richmond Avenue Houston TX 77098 USA (713) 525-6500 For Emergency, Call Chemtrec® (800) 424-9300

EPA Reg. No. 68660-12

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Proxitane® 15:23

Active Ingredients: Hydrogen Peroxide Peroxyacetic Acid . 23% 15% Inert Ingredients: <u>62%</u> 100.00% TOTAL:

STRONG OXIDING AGENT KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN **DANGER**

FIRST AID

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment

- If in eyes

 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 20
 - Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on skin or clothing

- Take off contaminated clothing.
 Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 20 minutes.
 Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

- Move person to fresh air
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice

- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Drink promptly large quantities of water.
- Do not induce vomitting unless told to do so by a poison control center or

Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person

CALL THE POISON CONTROL CENTER at 800-222-1222 OR PHYSICIAN IMMEDIATELY FOR EMERGENCY MEDICAL INFORMATION.

VOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal

STORAGE: Store in original vented container in a dry location away from heat and out of direct sunlight. In case of fire involving product, use water. In case of large quantities of spilled material, dike with sand or earth. Dilute with large

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide soray mixture, or rinsate, is a violation of tederal taw. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptyling. For containers less than 5 qualents. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container 1/x full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour insate into application equipment of mix tank or store rinsate for patients.

of mix tank or store insaste for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. For containers 5 to 55 gallons; Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container 1/2 full with water, Replace and tighten closures. Tip the container or its side and roll it back and forth, rensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth Shake for 10 seconds. Empty insaste into application equipment of mix tank or store insaste for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. more times.

more times. <u>For containers greater than 55 gallons</u>: To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or teciculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump insate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procodure two more times. <u>CONTAINER DISPOSAL</u>: Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. Stailvess Steel Containers (300 gallon tote, 4,500 gallon tank trucks, and 20,000

Stainless Steel Containers (300 gallon tote, 4,500 gallon tank trucks, and 20,000 gallon railcars): Return for reuse. Refill the container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for other purposes.

reuse tins container for other purposes.

Plasis Containers (300 gallon hote, 30, and 55 gallon drums): Nonrefiliable container. Do not reuse or refit this container. Triple rinse (or equivalent). Offer for recycling or reconditioning or purcture and dispose of in a sanitary landill or by incineration or, if allowed by state and focal authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Plastic containers (1 int. 1 aust, and 1.5. Monofiliable container Do not reuse.

stay out of smoke.

Plastic containers (1 pint, 1 quart, and 1, 5, Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or réfill this container. Triple rinse (or equivalent). Offer for recycling or reconditioning or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration. or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of

Stroke: Glass Containers (1 pint, 1 quart, and 1 gallon): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then dispose of in a sanilary landfill or by other approved state and local procedures.

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE

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It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling

BIOFOULING CONTROL IN PULP AND PAPER MILLS SYSTEMS

For use in the manufacturing of paper and paperboard intended for food-contact and non-food contact.

Proxitane® 15:23 provides an effective means to treat various process waters for slime control. Apply up to 1.6 lbs Proxitane® 15:23 solution per ton (2000 lbs., dry basis) of pulp or paper produced.

TREATMENT OF PAPER MACHINE WHITE WATER - Proxitane® 15:23 may be applied within the white water short circulation loop on the paper machine. Apply with either shock, intermittent or continuous dosing. Shock dose necessary, whereas intermittent doses are applied 1 to 12 times per day, for a duration of 5 to 60 minutes each. For either shock or intermittent dosing, apply 0.013 to 0.67 gailons Proxitane® 15:23 per 1000 gallons of white water 2 to 100 ppm of peracetic acid. For continuous dosing, apply 0.013 to 0.67 gailons Proxitane® 15:23. This is approximately 100 ppm of peracetic acid. For continuous dosing, apply 0.013 to 0.16 ppm of Proxitane® 15:23 per 1000 gallons of process water, producing a peak concentration of 13 to 160 ppm of Proxitane® 15:23. This is approximately uous dosing. Shock doses

riay be applied for 1 to 2 1100102 16 670 ppm Proxilage 15:23 or equivalent 16:2 to 25 ppm of inscide, a peracetic acid.

CATALASE CONTROL IN DEINKING WATER LOOPS - Proxitiane® 15:23 may be applied to the inlet lines going to deinking water storage following clarification. Apply with either shock, intermittent, or continuous dosing. Shock doses may be applied to 10 februinutes as necessary. Apply 1.33 to 3.30 galtons Proxitiane® 15:23 per 1000 galtons recirculation water (1330 to 3300 ppm Proxitiane® 15:23 or 200 to 500 ppm of peracetic acid). For intermittent doses, apply 1 to 12 times per day for a duration of 10 to 80 minutes. Apply 0.66 to 1.66 galtons Proxitiane® 15:23 or 100 to 250 ppm of peracetic acid). For continuous dosing, apply 0.16 to 1.13 galtons Proxitiane® 15:23 to 1000 galtons of water (1660 to 1500 ppm of peracetic acid). For continuous dosing, apply 0.16 to 1.13 galtons Proxitiane® 15:23 to 1000 galtons of water (1660 to 1500 ppm of peracetic acid). For continuous dosing, apply 0.16 to 1.13 galtons Proxitiane® 15:23 to 1000 galtons of process water (1660 to 1130 ppm of peracetic acid).

TREATMENT OF RAW AND PROCESS WATER - Proxitane® 15:23 may be applied to water at the inlet of the process water system or any other suitable point. Apply with either shock, intermittent, or continuous dosing. Shock dosing may be applied for a duration of 1 to 2 hours, as necessary, whereas intermittent dosing is applied for 2 to 15 minutes, 4 to 100 times per day. For either shock or intermittent dosing, apply 0.13 to 0.66 gallons Proxitane® 15:23 per 1000 gallons of water (133 ppm to 660 ppm of Proxitane® 15:23 or 20 to 100 ppm peracetic acid). For continuous dosing applications, apply 0.006 to 0.24 gallons Proxitane® 15:23 to 1000 gallons of water (6.6 to 2400 ppm Proxitane® 15:23 or 1 to 36 ppm of peracetic acid).

FOR DISINFECTION AND MICROBIAL CONTROL IN EFFLUENT TREATMENT SYSTEMS - Use Provitance 15:23 to treat sewage and wastewater effluent associated with public and private wastewater treatment plants. Provitance 15:23 can be applied, by itself, directly to the effluent or in conjunction with an appropriate activator, such as UV light. Apply Proxitance 15:23 at any point where microbial control is essential. Apply 3.2 to 66.4 gallons of Proxitance 15:23 per 1,000,000 gallons of wastewater (0.5 to 10 ppm of peracetic acid), NOTE: The dosing rate for individual facilities will depend on the nature of the effluent (level of microbial control) and the local microbial discharge limit. Therefore, adjust the dosing rates to the levels appropriate for your facility. Do not exceed the maximum dose level of 66.4 gallons of Proxitance 15:23 per 1,000,000 gallons of wastewater (or 10 ppm of peracetic acid). The PAA concentration will rapidly define after treatment. The maximum amount of PAA that can be discharged from the treatment facility is 1.0 ppm PAA. Use an appropriate PAA test kit or analyzer as recommended by Solvay Chemicals Inc. to ensure that this level is not exceeded. Contact your Solvay Chemicals technical representative for guidance on treatment regimes.

CONTROL OF ALGAL, FUNGAL, AND BACTERIAL GROWTH FOR NON-FOOD CONTACT PAPER USES.

TREATMENT OF STARCH USED FOR SIZING ON THE PAPER MACHINE. Apply Proxitane* 15:23 directly to the starch storage tank or through the recirculation loop. Apply with either shock, intermittent, or continuous dosing. Shock doses may be applied for 1 to 2 hours, whereas intermittent doses may be applied for 5 to 80 minutes up to 12 times per day, For either shock or intermittent dosing, apply 0.65 to 14 agroximately 10 to 20 ppm or peracelic acid. For continuous dosing applications, apply 0.065 to 13 agroximately 10 to 20 ppm or peracelic acid.

TREATMENT OF CLAYS USED AS COATINGS AND FILLERS ON THE PAPER MACHINE. Applications may be made at the recirculation loop or directly to the agricultural transportations on the performance of the perform

CONTROL OF ALGAL, FUNGAL, AND BACTERIAL GROWTH IN INDOOR CLOSED LOOP, NON-POTABLE, NON-FOOD CONTACT WATER SYSTEMS

TREATMENT OF RAW AND PROCESS WATES (such as heat exchanger system water, believ water, wet sorubber water, etc.) - Proxiliane® 15:23 may be applied to water at the inlet of the water system or any other suitable point, Apply with either shock, intermittent, or continuous dosing. Shock dosing may be applied for 1 to 2 hours, as necessary, whereas intermittent dosing is applied for 2 to 15 minutes, 4 to 100 times per day. For either shock or intermittent dosing, apply 0.036 to 0.23 gations of water (133 ppin to 660 of Proxitane® 15:23 or 20 to 100 ppm of peracetic acid). For continuous dosing applications, apply 0.006 to 0.23 gations Proxitane® 15:23 to 1000 gations of water (6.6 to 230 ppm Proxitane® 15:23 or 1 to 35 ppm of peracetic acid).

peracetic acid). TREATMENT OF COULNG WATER SYSTEMS (such as cooling towers, evaporative condensers, etc.) Severely fouled systems should be cleaned before treatment. Proxitiane® 15:23 should be added to the system directly and not mixed with any other chemicals or additives. Contamination with other chemicals could result in lack of efficacy. Add Proxitiane® 15:23 at a point in the system where uniform mixing and even distribution will occur such as the cooling tower basin sump. Shock doses may be applied for 1 to 2 hours as necessary, whereas intermittent doses are applied for 5 to 60 minutes, 1 to 100 times per day. For either shock, intermittent or continuous dosing, apply 0.0066 to 0.060 galtons Proxitiane® 15:23 solution per 1000 galtons of water (6.6 to 60 ppm of Proxitiane® 15:23, or 1 to 9 ppm of peracetic acid. Repeat treatment as required to maintain control.

FOR MICROBIAL CONTROL ASSOCIATED WITH MICROBIAL CONTAMINATION IN OIL AND GAS APPLICATIONS

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is appropriate for its intended uses.

PRILLING MUDS, FRACTURING FLUIDS, WELL SQUEEZED FLUIDS - For the preservation of drilling muds, workover and completion fluids and other products susceptible to contamination, pre-mix Proxitane® 15:23 with the fluid or add directly at the point of use at 4.35 cz. per 1000 gallons of water (5 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) to 55 cz. per 1000 gallons of water (100 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) as required. Depending on the severity of the contamination, initial application may be added up to 850 oz. per 1000 gallons of water (5 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) to 55 cz. per 1000 gallons of water (5 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) to 55 cz. per 1000 gallons of water (100 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) to 50 cz. per 1000 gallons of water (5 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) to 50 cz. per 1000 gallons of water (5 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) to 50 cz. per 1000 gallons of water (5 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) to 50 cz. per 1000 gallons of water (5 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) to 50 cz. per 1000 gallons of water (5 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) to 50 cz. per 1000 gallons of water (5 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) to 50 cz. per 1000 gallons of water (5 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) to 50 cz. per 1000 gallons of water (5 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) to 50 cz. per 1000 gallons of water (5 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) to 50 cz. per 1000 gallons of water (5 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) to 50 cz. per 1000 gallons of water (5 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) to 50 cz. per 1000 gallons of water (5 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) to 50 cz. per 1000 gallons of water (5 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) to 50 cz. per 1000 gallons of water (5 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) to 50 cz. per 1000 gallons of water (5 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) to 50 cz. per 1000 gallons of water (5 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) to 50 cz. per 1000 gallons of water (5 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) to 50 cz. per 1000 gallons of water (5 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) to 50 cz. per 1000 gallons of water (5 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) to 50 cz. per 1000 gallons of water (5 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) to 50 cz. per 1000 gallons water (1000 ppm of peroxyacetic acid). February 28, 2013 / Page 2 of 3: 68660-12

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FLOODING, INJECTION, AND PRODUCED WATER - For water flooding operations, add Proxitane® 15:23 initially at 4.35 oz. per 1000 gallons of water (5 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) to 85 oz. per 1000 gallons of water (100 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) and repeat until control is achieved. Subsequent treatment may be continued on a weekly basis or as required. Injection wells associated with gas storage systems may be treated up to 100 ppm when diluted in the formation of water. Any additional lop-up water should be freated as required. For hydrostatic systems, apply 4.35 oz. per 1000 gallons of water (5 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) to 85 oz. per 1000 gallons of water (100 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) depending on the water quality and the duration of the shut in.

PIFELINE AND TANK MAINTENANCE - For microbial control in water-bottoms in crude and refined hydrocarbon storage tanks, piping, and transportation systems. Apply 4.35 oz. of Proxitane® 15:23 per 1000 gallons of water (5 ppm of peroxyacetic acid) in the aqueous phase, directly injected into the water-bottom, pipeline or may be added to the hydrocarbon phase. Treatment may be applied daily or monthly for both storage and transportation systems as needed.

In all applications, always prepare a new solution daily to ensure effectiveness. Do not re-use solution. Dispose of unused solution.

Proxitane® 15:23

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EPA Est. No.: 60156-IL-1

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Manufactured for: Solvay Chemicals, Inc. 3333 Richmond Avenue Houston TX 77088 USA (713) 825-8500 For Emergency, Call Chemireo® (800) 424-9300

