

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

November 7, 2022

Sean Lu Regulatory Specialist JH Biotech, Inc. 4951 Olivas Park Drive Ventura, CA 93003

Subject: Non-PRIA (Pesticide Registration Improvement Act) Labeling Amendment – Expanded

Lists of Fungi and Applications, Including Seed Treatment

Product Name: Fosphite Fungicide EPA Registration Number: 68573-2

Application Date: 7/22/22

Salesforce Case Number: 00380521

Dear Mr. Lu:

The amended labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, is acceptable.

This approval does not affect any terms or conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing terms or conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one (1) copy of the final printed labeling before you release this product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR § 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR § 152.3.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to your company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under FIFRA and is subject to review by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). If the website is false or misleading, the product will be considered to be misbranded and sale or distribution of the product is unlawful under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR § 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements the EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the EPA find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false

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or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA-approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance.

Your release for shipment of this product constitutes acceptance of these terms. If these terms are not complied with, this registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6.

If you have any questions, please contact Chris Pfeifer of my team by phone at (703) 308-0031 or via email at pfeifer.chris@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

James Parker, Team Leader Biochemical Pesticides Branch Biopesticides and Pollution Prevention Division (7511P) Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure

ACCEPTED

Nov 07, 2022

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 68573-2

Master Label

GROUP 33 FUNGICIDE

FOSPHITE FUNGICIDE

A FUNGICIDE FOR THE CONTROL OF DOWNY MILDEW, PHYTOPHTHORA, PYTHIUM, ANTHRACNOSE IN MANGO, VARIOUS OTHER DISEASES ON AGRICULTURAL AND GREENHOUSE CROPS, INDOOR AND OUTDOOR ORNAMENTALS, BEDDING PLANTS, TURF, FORESTRY APPLICATIONS AND DOMESTIC TREES INCLUDING CONIFERS, PINES, AND OAKS, POST-HARVEST TREATMENT OF POTATOES FOR PINK ROT AND LATE BLIGHT, AND POST-HARVEST CONTROL OF PENICILLIUM DIGITATUM (GREEN MOLD), PENICILLIUM ITALICUM (BLUE MOLD) AND PHYTOPHTHORA SPP. (BROWN ROT ON CITRUS FRUIT).

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: Mono- and dipotassium salts of phosphorous acid	53%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	47%
TOTAL	100%

- A: SUBLABEL COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS: FOR COMMERCIAL APPLICATORS SUBJECT TO WORKER PROTECTION STANDARD
- B: SUBLABEL COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS: FOR COMMERCIAL APPLICATORS SUBJECT TO WORKER PROTECTION STANDARD (TRUNK INJECTION ONLY)
- C: SUBLABEL HOUSEHOLD PRODUCTS: FOR NON-COMMERCIAL APPLICATORS (NOT SUBJECT TO WORKER PROTECTION STANDARD)
- D: SUBLABEL COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS: FOR COMMERCIAL APPLICATORS SUBJECT TO WORKER PROTECTION STANDARD (POST-HARVEST CITRUS APPLICATIONS ONLY)

MANUFACTURED BY:

JH Biotech, Inc. 4951 Olivas Park Dr. Ventura, CA 93003 EPA Reg. No. 68573-2

A: SUBLABEL - COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS: FOR COMMERCIAL APPLICATORS SUBJECT TO WORKER PROTECTION STANDARD

FOSPHITE FUNGICIDE

(ALTERNATE BRAND NAMES –POTATO GUARD, POTATOGUARD, POTATO GARD, POTATO GUARD)

A FUNGICIDE FOR THE CONTROL OF DOWNY MILDEW, PHYTOPHTHORA, PYTHIUM, ANTHRACNOSE IN MANGO, VARIOUS OTHER DISEASES ON AGRICULTURAL AND GREENHOUSE CROPS, INDOOR AND OUTDOOR ORNAMENTALS, BEDDING PLANTS, TURF, FORESTRY APPLICATIONS AND DOMESTIC TREES INCLUDING CONIFERS, PINES, AND OAKS, POST-HARVEST TREATMENT OF POTATOES FOR PINK ROT AND LATE BLIGHT, AND POST-HARVEST CONTROL OF PENICILLIUM DIGITATUM (GREEN MOLD), PENICILLIUM ITALICUM (BLUE MOLD) AND PHYTOPHTHORA SPP. (BROWN ROT ON CITRUS FRUIT).

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: Mono- and dipotassium salts of Phosphorous Acid*	53%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	47%
TOTAL	100%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

See side (or back) panel for First Aid and additional precautionary statements.

NET CONTENTS: 1 gallon (3.785 liters)

2 1/2 gallons (9.463 liters) 5 gallons (18.925 liters)

Bulk Containers (100 – 4000 gallons)

MANUFACTURED BY:

JH Biotech, Inc. 4951 Olivas Park Dr. Ventura, CA 93003 EPA Reg. No. 68573-2 EPA Est. No. 68573-CA001

^{*}Contains 6.22 lbs./gallon of active ingredients, mono- and dipotassium salts of Phosphorous Acid. Equivalent to 3.90 lbs. Phosphorous Acid/gallon.

	FIRST AID STATEMENTS	
If in eyes	·Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. ·Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. ·Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
HOT LINE NUMBER		

Have the container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact the National Pesticide Information Center (NPIC) at 1-800-858-7378 for emergency medical treatment information.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks and protective eyewear. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining personal protective equipment (PPE). If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

- Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

For terrestrial uses: To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters to surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read entire label before using this product.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other person, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the State or Tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

When using Fosphite with Pentra-BarkTM adhere to all applicable label directions. Only use Pentra-BarkTM with basal bark or tree injection applications.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS:

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Workers Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, shoes, chemical resistant gloves and protective eyewear.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements of this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

GENERAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Apply FOSPHITE by various application methods, including foliar sprays, trunk injection*, soil drench, soil incorporation, basal bark application, and bare root dip. For foliar sprays, apply FOSPHITE with sufficient water for adequate coverage of foliage, according to crop and growth stage. To ensure good coverage, spray to wet.

*Not for use in New York

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Fill the spray tank with 1/2 of the required volume of water.
- 2. Add FOSPHITE slowly to the tank and agitate by hydraulic or mechanical means.
- 3. Continue to fill the tank with water to the desired volume while agitating.
- 4. Continue agitation when applying.

For 1 gallon (3.785 liters) container sizes: this package can treat up to 34,848 sq. ft. at the maximum treatment rate. For 2 1/2 gallon (9.463 liters) container sizes: this package can treat up to 2 acres at the maximum treatment rate. For 5 gallon (18.925 liters) container sizes: this package can treat up to 4 acres at the maximum treatment rate.

LOW VOLUME AND ULTRA-LOW VOLUME APPLICATIONS

Label rates are written for conventional application equipment. For LV/ULV equipment, use per acre rate of FOSPHITE and adjust amount of water to equipment needs. Always conduct a phytotoxicity test on a small area before applying to a large area in order to assess any potential risk to plants.

SEED TREATMENT APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS (NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA)

FOSPHITE is a water-based liquid formulation designed for easy use as seed treatment, and will not form sediment during normal storage. It may be applied using factory seed treatment equipment or through the use of a hopper-box, planter-box, or slurry-box at or immediately before planting. Calibrate equipment to provide a good mixing of seed and treatment products and provide even distribution and coverage of the seed. Apply to seed uniformly. The seed must be sound, well-conditioned, and free from dust and chaff. FOSPHITE can be pre-diluted with clean water sufficient for coverage and other seed amendments can also be mixed with it as required, and the total volume of slurry adjusted according to the application equipment and seed type. Apply gentle agitation during mixing and use, and do not store the diluted product overnight.

This product may be applied only on seeds for crops listed on this label. Do not use treated seed for food or feed purposes or process for oil.

If this product is intended for commercial seed treatment, treated seed must be labeled in accordance with the requirements of the Federal Seed Act and applicable State seed laws. An approved dye must be added to distinguish treated seed and prevent inadvertent use for food, feed, or oil purposes. If this product is intended for treatment at

planting, treat only those seeds needed for immediate use, minimizing the interval between treatment and planting. Do not store excess treated seeds beyond planting time. To dispose of excess treated seed, bury away from streams and bodies of water. A dye is not required if excess seed is disposed of by burial. Treated seed exposed on soil surface may be hazardous to birds, fish, and other wildlife. Cover or collect seeds spilled during loading.

SEED TREATMENT APPLICATION RATES

Apply FOSPHITE uniformly to seed at rates of 2-12 fl oz/100 lb of seed. Adjust rate of use depending on disease pressure, seed size, density, and ability to absorb liquid.

USE RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS

- Store treated seed in cool dry conditions
- Any treated seed which is stored until the following season must be re-tested for germination and vigor prior to planting.

FOSPHITE is compatible with most commonly used seed amendment products. Do not tank-mix with any other product unless physical compatibility and phytotoxicity (germination) tests have been conducted and proven to be satisfactory. See compatibility statement below. Consult your supplier or advisor for further information.

COMPATIBILITY

Mixing FOSPHITE with certain surfactants, foliar fertilizers or other pesticides may cause crop injury. FOSPHITE is a slightly acidic buffer solution. Avoid mixing FOSPHITE with strongly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not tank mix without first testing the mixture's compatibility nor apply it without assessing its safety to the crop (phytotoxicity). It is not possible to test all material combinations and environmental tank mix combinations. Always conduct a test with the intended tank mix on a small area prior to any large-scale applications. To determine if a combination is phytotoxic to a specific crop, spray a small area of foliage and fruit, and then evaluate 3-7 days later for visual symptoms.

Test the compatibility of spray adjuvants (i.e. stickers, spreaders, wetting agents) with FOSPHITE before use. Do not use acidifying type compatibility agents.

To determine the compatibility of FOSPHITE with other products, use a jar compatibility test. Add the correct proportions of each product and the appropriate quantity of water to clean container, thoroughly mix, then let stand for 3-5 minutes. If the mixture remains in solution or can be remixed readily, the products are considered compatible.

CHEMIGATION APPLICATIONS THROUGH SPRINKLER AND DRIP IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

Apply this product through microjet, drip, solid set and center pivot sprinkler irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

PREPARATION OF INJECTION EQUIPMENT: Remove scale, pesticide residues and other foreign matter from the chemical tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS: Fill tank with 1/2 to 3/4 of desired amount of water. Start mechanical or hydraulic agitation. Add the required amount of Fosphite, then the remaining volume of water. Set sprinkler to deliver 0.1 to 0.3 inch of water per acre. Start sprinkler and uniformly inject the solution of FOSPHITE into the irrigation water line so as to deliver the desired rate per acre. Inject the FOSPHITE solution with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right angle turn to ensure adequate mixing. For other questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

NOTE: For Microjet and Drip Irrigation Systems: Avoid further irrigation of the treated area for 24 to 48 hours after treatment with FOSPHITE has been completed. For Solid Set and Center Pivot Irrigation Systems: Avoid further irrigation of the FOSPHITE treated area until after the foliage has completely dried. This will help to prevent washing the chemical off the crop.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS FOR APPLICATIONS THROUGH SPRINKLER AND DRIP IRRIGATION **SYSTEMS**

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back flow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally dosed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The

system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Maintain continuous agitation in mix tank during mixing and application to assure uniformity solution. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift, when system connection or fittings leak, when nozzles do not provide uniform distribution, or when lines containing the product must be dismantled or drained. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop may result from non-uniform distribution of chemigation water. For questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all lines and all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse system) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the label-prescribed safety devices for public water supplies are in place.

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GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR APPLICATIONS

FOOD CROPS

FOSPHITE fungicide is used for control of Downy Mildew, Powdery Mildew, Erwinia amylovora, Pythium, Fusarium, Rhizoctonia and Phytophthora disease (such as purple blotch, late blight, blue mold, soft rot, root rot, brown rot, foot rot, crown/collar rot, canker, fruit/foliar rot, fire blight, heart rot, pink rot, pythium leak, red stele, leather rot, etc.) of agronomic crops. (See specific crop groupings for additional diseases.) This product may be applied up to the day of harvest.

FOSPHITE is applied to plants including:

Berry Crops: Blackberry (including bingberry, black satin berry, boysenberry, Cherokee blackberry, Chesterberry, Cheyenne blackberry, coryberry, darrowberry, dewberry, Dirksen thornless berry, Himalayaberry, hullberry, Lavacaberry, lowberry, Lucretiaberry, mammoth blackberry, marionberry, nectarberry, olallieberry, Oregon evergreen berry, phenomenalberry, rangeberry, ravenberry, rossberry, Shawnee blackberry, youngberry, and varieties and/or hybrids of these), Blueberry, Cane Berries, Cranberry, Currant, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Huckleberry, Loganberry, Raspberry (black and red) and Strawberry.

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3 day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not apply FOSPHITE foliarly to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20 day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours).

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 20	Disease Prevention Program*:
Pythium		gallons of water/acre	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week intervals
Fusarium		(3-8 L in a minimum of 100 L	after plants become established. Do not
Rhizoctonia		of water/ha).	apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3
Anthracnose			days.
Xanthomonas	Aerial Application	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 10	Disease Control Program:
campestris		gallons of water/acre	Apply higher rate at 2-3 week intervals
[†]Xanthomonas spp		(3-8 L in a minimum of 100 L	until control is reached. Consult with
Septoria spp		of water/ha).	Farm Advisor or crop expert to determine
Botryosphaeria			disease severity. Do not apply Fosphite at
dothidea			intervals less than 3 days
[†]Cercospora			
(Cercospora	Root Dip	2 quarts/100 gallons of water,	Apply as pre-plant dip to the roots for 15-
arachidicola)		2/3 fluid ounce/gallon of water	30 minutes. Plant within 24 hours after
[†]Cercosporidium		(5 L /1000 L of water).	dipping.
(Cercosporidium			
personatum)	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-4 quarts in a	Apply with normal irrigation schedule.
[†]Clavibacter		minimum of 100 gallons of	Follow Disease Prevention Program or
(michiganensis		water/acre (5-10 L in a	Disease Control Program as stated
subsp. Nebraskensis)		minimum of 1000 L of	above. Do not apply Fosphite at intervals
[†]Pseudomonas spp		water/ha).	less than 3 days.
[†]Ralstonia		Drip: 2-3 quarts in a minimum	
solanacearum		of 100 gallons of water/acre (5-	
[†]Sclerotinia		7 L in a minimum of 1000 L of	
Fusicoccum canker		water/ha).	
Phomopsis canker			
[†]Blackroot rot on			
Strawberry			

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Downy Mildew Powdery Mildew [†]Alternaria [†]Rust	Foliar Aerial Application	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 100 gallons of water/acre (3-8 L in a minimum of 1000 L of water/ha). 1-3 quarts in a minimum of 10 gallons of water/acre (3-8 L in a minimum of 100 L of water/ha).	Apply at 2-3 week intervals. Follow Disease Prevention Program or Disease Control Program as stated above. Do not apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
[†]Orange cane blotch [†]Orange felt Rhizopus spp on Strawberry	Foliar	1-2 quarts in a minimum of 50 gallons of water/acre (3-5 L in a minimum of 500 L of water/ha).	Apply at 2-3 week intervals beginning at primocane emergence. Follow Disease Prevention Program or Disease Control Program as stated above. Do not apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
[†]Stem Canker	Foliar	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 20 gallons of water/acre (3-8 L in a minimum of 100 L of water/ha).	For autumn applications west of Rocky Mountains, apply at 4 week intervals beginning when conditions favor disease. For spring applications west of Rocky Mountains, apply at 4 week intervals beginning after bud break. For locations east of Rocky Mountains, apply at 50-60 day intervals, beginning after bud break. Do not exceed 4 applications per crop cycle. Do not apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.

^{*} Check with your local Extension Agent if you are unsure these conditions exist. [†Not registered for use in CA]

Brassica: Broccoli (all types), Brussels sprouts, Cabbage (all types), Cauliflower, Cavalo broccoli, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard greens, Mustard spinach and Rape greens.

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3 day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not apply FOSPHITE foliarly to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20 day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours).

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 20	Disease Prevention Program*:
Pythium		gallons of water/acre (3-8 L in a	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week intervals
Fusarium		minimum of 100 L of water/	after plants become established. Do not
Rhizoctonia		ha).	apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3
Anthracnose			days.
Xanthomonas	Aerial Application	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 10	Disease Control Program:
campestris		gallons of water/acre	Apply higher rate at 2-3 week intervals
[†]Xanthomonas spp		(3-8 L in a minimum of 100 L	until control is reached. Consult with
[†]Cercospora		of water/ha).	Farm Advisor or crop expert to
(Cercospora			determine disease severity. Do not apply
arachidicola)			Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
[†]Cercosporidium			
(Cercosporidium	Root Dip	1 quart/100 gallons of water,	Apply as pre-plant dip immediately
personatum)		1/3 fluid ounce/ gallon of water	prior to planting. (100 gallons is
[†]Clavibacter		(2.5 L/1000 L of water).	intended to treat the number of slips
(Michiganensis			required to plant one acre).
subsp. nebraskensis	.		
[†]Pseudomonas spp	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-4 quarts in a	Apply with normal irrigation schedule.
[†]Ralstonia		minimum of 20 gallons of	Follow Disease Prevention Program or
solanacearum		water/acre (5-10 L in a minimum	Disease Control Program as stated
[†]Sclerotinia		of 100 L of water/ha).	above. Do not apply Fosphite at
		Drip: 2-3 quarts in a minimum of	intervals less than 3 days.
		100 gallons of water/acre (5-7 L in a minimum of 1000 L of	
		water/ha).	
Downy Mildew	Foliar	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 100	Apply at 2-3 week intervals. Follow
Powdery Mildew	rollar	gallons of water/acre (3-8 L in	Disease Prevention Program or
[†]Rust		a minimum of 1000 L of water/	Disease Control Program as stated
[]Kust		ha).	above. Do not apply Fosphite at
		11a).	intervals less than 3 days.
	Aerial Application	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 10	intervals less than 3 days.
	Actial Application	gallons of water/acre (3-8 L in a	
		minimum of 100 L of water/	
		ha).	
		11u).	
Septoria spp	Foliar	1-2 quarts in a minimum of 30	Apply at 2-3 week intervals. Do not
Colletotrichum spp		gallons of water/acre (3-5 L in a	exceed 6 applications per crop cycle.
Alternaria spp		minimum of 300 L of water/	Follow Disease Prevention Program or
11		ha).	Disease Control Program as stated
			above. Do not apply Fosphite at
			intervals less than 3 days.

^{*} Check with your local Extension Agent if you are unsure these conditions exist. [†Not registered for use in CA]

Cereal Grains, Forage and Fiber Crops: Alfalfa, Barley, Buckwheat, Canola, Clover (all types), Corn (all types), Cotton, Hay, Kudzu, Lespedeza, Lupin, Millet, Oats, Popcorn, Rice, Rye, Safflower, Sainfoin, Sorghum, Sunflower, Teosinte, Trefoil, Triticale, Vetch, Wheat and Wild rice.

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3 day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not apply FOSPHITE foliarly to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20 day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours).

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 20	Disease Prevention Program*:
Pythium		gallons of water/acre	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week intervals
Fusarium		(3-8 L in a minimum of 100 L	after plants become established. Do not
Rhizoctonia		of water/ha).	apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3
Anthracnose		,	days.
Xanthomonas	Aerial Application	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 10	Disease Control Program:
campestris		gallons of water/acre	Apply higher rate at 2-3 week intervals
[†]Xanthomonas spp		(3-8 L in a minimum of 100 L	until control is reached. Consult with
[†]Cercospora		of water/ha).	Farm Advisor or crop expert to
(Cercospora			determine disease severity. Do not apply
arachidicola)			Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
[†]Cercosporidium			
(Cercosporidium	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-4 quarts in a	Apply with normal irrigation schedule.
personatum)		minimum of 100 gallons of water	Follow Disease Prevention Program or
Clavibacter		/acre (5-10 L in a minimum of	Disease Control Program as stated
(Michiganensis		1000 L of water/ha).	above. Do not apply Fosphite at
subsp. nebraskensis		Drip: 2-3 quarts in a minimum of	intervals less than 3 days.
[†]Pseudomonas spp		100 gallons of water/acre (5-7 L	
[†]Ralstonia		in a minimum of 1000 L of	
solanacearum		water/ha).	
[†]Sclerotinia			
Downy Mildew	Foliar	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 20	Apply at 2-3 week intervals. Follow
Powdery Mildew		gallons of water/acre	Disease Prevention Program or
[†]Alternaria		(3-8 L in a minimum of 100 L	Disease Control Program as stated
[†]Rust		of water/ha).	above. Do not apply Fosphite at
[†]Corn Leaf Blight			intervals less than 3 days.
(Exserohilium	Aerial Application	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 10	
trecicum)*		gallons of water/acre	
		(3-8 L in a minimum of 100 L	
		of water/ha).	

^{*} Check with your local Extension Agent if you are unsure these conditions exist. [†Not registered for use in CA]

Citrus Crops (Bearing and Non-Bearing) including Avocado: Avocado, Calamondin, Citrus hybrids, Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin, Orange (all types), Pummelo and Satsuma mandarin.

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3 day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not apply FOSPHITE foliarly to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20 day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours).

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 100	Disease Prevention Program*:
Pythium		gallons of water/acre	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week intervals
Fusarium		(3-8 L in a minimum of 1000 L	after plants become established. Do not
Rhizoctonia		of water/ha).	apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3
Xanthomonas			days.
campestris	Aerial Application	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 10	Disease Control Program:
[†]Xanthomonas spp		gallons of water/acre	Apply higher rate at 2-3 week intervals
Anthracnose		(3-8 L in a minimum of 100 L	until control is reached. Consult with
[†]Botryosphaeria		of water/ha).	Farm Advisor or crop expert to
dothidea			determine disease severity. Do not apply
[†]Cercospora			Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
(Cercospora			
arachidicola)	Root Dip	2 quarts/100 gallons of water,	Apply as pre-plant dip to the roots for
[†]Cercosporidium		2/3 fluid ounces/gallon of water	15-30 minutes. Plant within 24 hours
(Cercosporidium		(5 L/1000 L of water).	after dipping.
personatum)			
[†]Clavibacter	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-4 quarts in a	Apply with normal irrigation schedule.
(michiganensis		minimum of 100 gallons of	Follow Disease Prevention Program or
subsp. Nebraskensis)		water/acre (5-10 L in a minimum	Disease Control Program as stated
[†]Pseudomonas spp		of 1000 L of water/ha).	above. Do not apply Fosphite at
[†]Ralstonia solanacearum		Drip: 2-3 quarts in a minimum of	intervals less than 3 days.
		100 gallons of water/acre (5-7 L in a minimum of 1000 L of	
[†]Sclerotinia		water/ha).	
		water/na).	
	Trunk Injection*	3 teaspoons/linear yard of	Apply according to injection equipment
	Trunk injection	canopy width or 2 inch of trunk	instructions. Adjust rate based on
		diameter at breast height (DBH)	injection equipment suggestions for
		(15 milliliters/linear meter of	specific applications. Repeat 2-4 times a
		canopy width or 5 centimeters	year until control is reached.
		DBH). Inject directly into tree.	*Not for use in New York
Downy Mildew	Foliar	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 100	Apply at 2-3 week intervals. Follow
Powdery Mildew		gallons of water/acre (3-8 L in a	Disease Prevention Program or
[†]Alternaria		minimum of 1000 L of	Disease Control Program as stated
[†]Rust		water/ha).	above. Do not apply Fosphite at
			intervals less than 3 days.
	Aerial Application	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 10	
		gallons of water/acre	
		(3-8 L in a minimum of 100 L	
		of water/ha).	

^{*} Check with your local Extension Agent if you are unsure these conditions exist. [†Not registered for use in CA]

Cucurbit Crops: Chayote, Chinese waxgourd, Citron melon, Cucumber (all types), Gherkin, Gourd, Muskmelon, Pumpkin, Squash (summer and winter) and Watermelon.

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3 day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not apply FOSPHITE foliarly to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20 day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours).

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 20	Disease Prevention Program*:
Pythium		gallons of water/acre (3-8 L in a	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week intervals
Fusarium		minimum of 100 L of water/	after plants become established. Do not
Rhizoctonia		ha).	apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3
Anthracnose			days.
[†]Cercospora	Aerial Application	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 10	Disease Control Program:
(Cercospora		gallons of water/acre	Apply higher rate at 2-3 week intervals
arachidicola)		(3-8 L in a minimum of 100 L	until control is reached. Consult with
[†]Cercosporidium		of water/ha).	Farm Advisor or crop expert to
(Cercosporidium			determine disease severity. Do not apply
personatum)			Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
[†]Clavibacter			
(michiganensis	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-4 quarts in a	Apply with normal irrigation schedule.
subsp. Nebraskensis)		minimum of 100 gallons of	Follow Disease Prevention Program or
[†]Pseudomonas spp		water/acre (5 -10 L in a	Disease Control Program as stated
[†]Ralstonia		minimum of 1000 L of water/	above. Do not apply Fosphite at
solanacearum		ha).	intervals less than 3 days.
[†]Sclerotinia		Drip: 2-3 quarts in a minimum of	
[†]Xanthomonas spp		100 gallons of water/acre (5-7 L	
Gummy stem blight		in a minimum of 1000 L of	
(Mycosphaerella		water/ha).	
melonis)			
Bottom soft rot			
complex			
Downy Mildew	Foliar	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 20	Apply at 2-3 week intervals. Follow
Powdery Mildew		gallons of water/acre (3-8 L in a	Disease Prevention Program or
[†]Alternaria		minimum of 100 L of water/ha).	Disease Control Program as stated
[†]Rust			above. Do not apply Fosphite at
	Aerial Application	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 10	intervals less than 3 days.
		gallons of water/acre	
		(3-8 L in a minimum of 100 L	
		of water/ha).	

^{*} Check with your local Extension Agent if you are unsure these conditions exist. [†Not registered for use in CA]

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Herbs and Spices Crops:: Allspice, Angelica, Anise, Annatto, Balm, Banana and Plantain[†], Basil, Borage, Bumet, Camomile, Caper buds, Carambola, Caraway, Cardamom, Cassia bark and buds, Catnip, Celery seed, Chervil, Chive, Cinnamon, Clary, Clove, Cocoa, Coriander, Costmary, Cilantro, Cumin, Curry, Dill, Fennel, Fenugreek, Grains of paradise, Hops, Horehound, Hyssop, Juniper berry, Lavender, Lemongrass, Lovage, Mace, Marigold, Marjoram, Mint, Mustard, Nasturtium, Nutmeg, Parsley, Pennyroyal, Pepper, Poppy seed, Rosemary, Rue, Saffron, Sage, Savory, Sweet bay, Tansy, Tarragon, Thyme, Vanilla, Wintergreen, Woodruff and Wormwood.

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3 day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not apply FOSPHITE foliarly to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20 day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours).

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 20	Disease Prevention Program*:
Pythium		gallons of water/acre (3-8 L in a	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week intervals
Fusarium**		minimum of 100 L of water/ha).	after plants become established. Do not
Rhizoctonia**		·	apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3
[†]Xanthomonas spp	Aerial Application	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 10	days.
[†]Cercospora		gallons of water/acre	Disease Control Program:
(Cercospora		(3-8 L in a minimum of 100 L	Apply higher rate at 2-3 week intervals
arachidicola)		of water/ha).	until control is reached. Consult with
[†]Cercosporidium			Farm Advisor or crop expert to
(Cercosporidium			determine disease severity. Do not apply
personatum)			Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
[†]Clavibacter			
(michiganensis	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-4 quarts in a	Apply with normal irrigation schedule.
subsp. Nebraskensis)		minimum of 100 gallons of	Follow Disease Prevention Program or
[†]Pseudomonas spp		water/acre (5-10 L in a minimum	Disease Control Program as stated
[†]Ralstonia		of 1000 L of water/ha).	above. Do not apply Fosphite at
solanacearum		Drip: 2-3 quarts in a minimum of	intervals less than 3 days.
[†]Sclerotinia		100 gallons of water/acre (5-7 L	
		in a minimum of 1000 L of	
		water/ha).	
Downy Mildew	Foliar	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 20	Apply at 2-3 week intervals. Follow
Powdery Mildew		gallons of water/acre (3-8 L in a	Disease Prevention Program or
[†]Alternaria		minimum of 100 L of water/ha).	Disease Control Program as stated
[†]Anthracnose			above. Do not apply Fosphite at
[†]Rust	Aerial Application	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 10	intervals less than 3 days.
		gallons of water/acre	
		(3-8 L in a minimum of 100 L	
		of water/ha).	

^{*} Check with your local Extension Agent if you are unsure these conditions exist.

[†Not registered for use in CA]

^{**}Not registered for use on Carambola in CA

[†]Banana:

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Suppression** of Root Rot Complex and Sigatoka	Aerial Application	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2.5-5 L/ha). At the low rate, use 3 gallons/acre (25 L/ha) of water and at the high rate, use 6 gallons/acre (50 L/ha) of water.	Apply every 4 weeks as needed.
	Ground	Apply 1-2 quarts/acre (2.5-5 L/ha) in a minimum of 15 gallons/acre (150 L/ha) of water.	
	Trunk Injection	Mix a 3.75% v/v solution (1.5 quarts/10 gallons of water or 3.75 L /100 L of water).	Inject 40 ml of the diluted product (according to injection equipment instructions) into the pseudostem, 1-1.5 m above the ground, Timing: Inject at the onset of flowering into the mother plant. And again into the primary sucker when or close to the mother plant is harvested.
	Chemigation	Apply 2-3 quarts/acre (5-7 L/ha) in at least 100 gallons/acre (1,000 L/ha) of water.	Apply 4 times per year.
Suppression** of Bunch Diseases	Foliar Spray	Mix a 0.3% v/v spray solution (4 fl oz/10 gallons of water or 300 ml/L of water).	Apply a full cover spray to the fruit bunches when the flower rachis are fully expanded (approximately at bunch cover) and again 14 days later.

[†Not registered for use in CA]

^{**}Suppression: FOSPHITE has suppressive properties on diseases caused by certain bacteria or fungi. When applying FOSPHITE for disease suppression, use it in combination with another registered bactericide or fungicide registered for the same crops listed on this label.

Legume Vegetables Crops: Bean (all types), broad bean (fava bean), Chick pea (garbanzo bean), Guar, Jackbean, Lablab bean, Lentil, Pea (all types), Peanut, Pigeon pea, Soybean and Sword bean.

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3 day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not apply FOSPHITE foliarly to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20 day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours)

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 20	Disease Prevention Program*:
Pythium		gallons of water/acre (3-8 L in a	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week intervals
Fusarium		minimum of 100 L of water/ha).	after plants become established. Do not
Rhizoctonia			apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3
Early and Late	Aerial Application	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 10	days.
Leaf Spot on Peanut		gallons of water/acre	Disease Control Program:
(Cercospora		(3-8 L in a minimum of 100 L	Apply higher rate at 2-3 week intervals
arachidicola and		of water/ha).	until control is reached. Consult with
Cercosporidium			Farm Advisor or crop expert to
personatum)			determine disease severity. Do not apply
Anthracnose			Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
Xanthomonas			
campestris	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-4 quarts in a	Apply with normal irrigation schedule.
[†]Xanthomonas spp		minimum of 100 gallons of	Follow Disease Prevention Program or
[†]Clavibacter		water/acre (5-10 L in a minimum	Disease Control Program as stated
(michiganensis		of 1000 L of water/ha).	above. Do not apply Fosphite at
subsp. Nebraskensis)		Drip: 2-3 quarts in a minimum of	intervals less than 3 days.
[†]Pseudomonas spp		100 gallons of water/acre (5-7 L	
[†]Ralstonia		in a minimum of 1000 L of	
solanacearum		water/ha).	
[†]Sclerotinia			
Downy Mildew	Foliar	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 100	Apply at 2-3 week intervals. Follow
Powdery Mildew		gallons of water/acre	Disease Prevention Program or
[†]Alternaria		(3-8 L in a minimum of 1000 L	Disease Control Program as stated
[†]Rust		of water/ha).	above. Do not apply Fosphite at
Septoria spp	A 1 A 11	1.2	intervals less than 3 days.
Cercospora spp	Aerial Application	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 10	
Erwinia spp		gallons of water/acre	
White mold on		(3-8 L in a minimum of 100 L	
Peanuts		of water/ha).	

^{*} Check with your local Extension Agent if you are unsure these conditions exist. [†Not registered for use in CA]

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Pome Fruits Crops (Bearing and Non-Bearing) including Papaya: Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Papaya, Pear, and Quince.

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3 day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not apply FOSPHITE foliarly to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20 day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours).

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 100	Disease Prevention Program*:
Pythium		gallons of water/acre	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week intervals
Fusarium		(3-8 L in a minimum of 1000 L	after plants become established. Do not
Rhizoctonia		of water/ha).	apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3
Fire Blight			days.
(Erwinia	Aerial Application	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 10	Disease Control Program:
amylovora)		gallons of water/acre	Apply higher rate at 2-3 week intervals
Xanthomonas		(3-8 L in a minimum of 100 L	until control is reached. Consult with
campestris		of water/ha).	Farm Advisor or crop expert to
[†]Xanthomonas spp			determine disease severity. Do not apply
[†]Cercospora			Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
(Cercospora			
arachidicola)	Root Dip	2 quarts/100 gallon of water,	Apply as pre-plant dip to the roots for
[†]Cercosporidium		2/3 fluid ounces/gallon of water	15-30 minutes. Plant within 24 hours
(Cercosporidium		(5 L/1000 L of water).	after dipping.
personatum)			
[†]Clavibacter	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-4 quarts in a	Apply with normal irrigation schedule.
(michiganensis		minimum of 100 gallons of	Follow Disease Prevention Program or
subsp. Nebraskensis)		water/acre (5-10 L in a minimum	Disease Control Program as stated
[†]Pseudomonas spp		of 1000 L of water/ha).	above. Do not apply Fosphite at
[†]Ralstonia		Drip: 2-3 quarts in a minimum of	intervals less than 3 days.
solanacearum		100 gallons of water/acre (5-7 L	
[†]Sclerotinia		in a minimum of 1000 L of	
		water/ha).	
	Trunk Injection*	3 teaspoons / linear yard of	Apply according to injection equipment
	Trunk injection	canopy width or 2 inch of trunk	instructions. Adjust rate based on
		diameter at breast height (DBH)	injection equipment suggestions for
		(15 milliliter/linear meter of	specific applications. Repeat 2-4 times a
		canopy width or 5 centimeters	year until control is reached.
		DBH.) Inject directly into tree.	*Not for use in New York
Downy Mildew	Foliar	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 100	Apply at 2-3 week intervals. Follow
Powdery Mildew		gallons of water/acre	Disease Prevention Program or
[†]Alternaria		(3-8 L in a minimum of 1000 L	Disease Control Program as stated
[†]Anthracnose		of water/ha).	above. Do not apply Fosphite at
[†]Rust			intervals less than 3 days.
	Aerial Application	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 10	Ţ
		gallons of water/acre	
		(3-8 L in a minimum of 100 L	
		of water/ha).	
Apple black spot	Basal Bark Spray	16 fluid ounce + 16 fluid ounce	Apply in early spring at bud swell or
and scab (Venturia		of water + 0.75 fluid ounce	silver tip stage of growth. Spray mixture
inaequalis)		PentraBark TM Bark Penetrating	on the entire trunk circumference until
		Surfactant	saturation/runoff. Spray from ground
			level up to 5 feet above the soil line,
			including the base of the first
			scaffolding limbs, if present. Treatment
			generally lasts 8-12 weeks depending on

	pathogen levels. Higher disease pressure
	will shorten the length of control

^{*} Check with your local Extension Agent if you are unsure these conditions exist. [†Not registered for use in CA]

Stone Fruit Crops including Olives: Apricot, Cherry, Longan[†], Lychee[†], Nectarine, Olive, Peach, Plum, Plumcot and Prune.

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3 day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not apply FOSPHITE foliarly to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20 day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours)

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 100	Disease Prevention Program*:
Pythium		gallons of water/acre	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week intervals
Fusarium		(3-8 L in a minimum of 1000 L	after plants become established. Do not
Rhizoctonia		of water/ha).	apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3
Xanthomonas			days.
campestris	Aerial Application	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 10	Disease Control Program:
[†]Xanthomonas spp		gallons of water/acre	Apply higher rate at 2-3 week intervals
Botryosphaeria		(3-8 L in a minimum of 100 L	until control is reached. Consult with
dothidea		of water/ha).	Farm Advisor or crop expert to
[†]Cercospora			determine disease severity. Do not apply
(Cercospora			Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
arachidicola)			
[†]Cercosporidium	Root Dip	2 quarts/100 gallon of water,	Apply as pre-plant dip to the roots for
(Cercosporidium		2/3 fluid ounces/gallon of water	15-30 minutes. Plant within 24 hours
personatum)		(5 L/1000 L of water).	after dipping.
[†]Clavibacter			
(michiganensis subsp.	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-4 quarts in a	Apply with normal irrigation schedule.
Nebraskensis)		minimum of 100 gallons of water	Follow Disease Prevention Program or
[†]Pseudomonas spp		/acre (5-10 L in a minimum of	Disease Control Program as stated
[†]Ralstonia		1000 L of water/ha).	above. Do not apply Fosphite at
solanacearum		Drip: 2-3 quarts in a minimum of	intervals less than 3 days.
[†]Sclerotinia		100 gallons of water/acre (5-7 L	
[†]Armillaria Root		in a minimum of 1000 L of	
Rot (Oak Root		water/ha).	
Fungus)	T 1 T	2	
[†]Eutypa lata	Trunk Injection*	3 teaspoons / linear yard of	Apply according to injection equipment
[†]Fire Blight		canopy width or 2 inch of trunk	instructions. Adjust rate based on
(Erwinia		diameter at breast height (DBH)	injection equipment suggestions for
amylovora)		(15 milliliter/linear meter of	specific applications. Repeat 2-4 times a
[†]Shot Hole		canopy width or 5 centimeters	year until control is reached.
Disease(Wilsonomyces		DBH). Inject directly into tree.	*Not for use in New York
carpophilus)			
Downy Mildew	Foliar	1.2 quarts in a minimum of 100	Apply at 2-3 week intervals. Follow
	rollar	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 100 gallons of water/acre (3-8 L in	
Powdery Mildew		`	Disease Prevention Program or
[†]Alternaria [†]Anthracnose		a minimum of 1000 L of	Disease Control Program as stated
213		water/ha).	above. Do not apply Fosphite at
[†]Rust [†]Scab (Venturia spp)	Aerial Application	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 10	intervals less than 3 days.
[1] Sean (ventura spp)	Actial Application	gallons of water/acre	
		(3-8 L in a minimum of 100 L	
		of water/ha).	
		or water/maj.	

Olives: [†]Hull rot	Foliar	1-2 quarts in a minimum of 100 gallons of water/acre	Disease Prevention Program*: Apply lower rate at 2-4 week intervals
(Monolia spp)		(3-5 L in a a minimum of 1000	after plants become established. Do not
[†]Flower diseases (<i>Cladosporium</i> spp))		L of water/ha).	apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
	Aerial Application	1-2 quarts in a minimum of 20 gallons of water/acre (3-5 L in a minimum of 200 L of water/ha).	Disease Control Program: Apply higher rate at 2-3 week intervals until control is reached. Consult with Farm Advisor or crop expert to determine disease severity Do not apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
	Root Dip	2 quarts/100 gallon of water, 2/3 fluid ounces/gallon of water (5 L /1000 L of water).	Apply as pre-plant dip to the roots for 15-30 minutes. Plant within 24 hours after dipping.
	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-4 quarts in a minimum of 100 gallons of water /acre (5-10 L in a minimum of 1000 L of water/ha). Drip: 2-3 quarts in a minimum of 100 gallons of water/acre (5-7 L in a minimum of 1000 L of water/ha).	Apply with normal irrigation schedule. Follow Disease Prevention Program or Disease Control Program as stated above. Do not apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
[†]Scab (Cladosporium	Foliar	1 quarts in a minimum of 100 gallons of water/acre (3 L in a	Apply at 2-3 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle.
caryigenum) on Olives		minimum of 1000 L of water/ha).	Do not apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.

^{*} Check with your local Extension Agent if you are unsure these conditions exist. [†Not registered for use in CA]

Mangos:

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not apply at less than 3 day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not apply FOSPHITE foliarly to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20 day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours).

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
[†]Anthracnose	Foliar	2 tsp. per gallon of water.	Spray tree every 14 days during blossom
(Colletotrichum			period, then monthly until harvest.
gloeosporoides)			Spray to the point of run-off. Do not
			apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3
			days.

^{*} Check with your local Extension Agent if you are unsure these conditions exist. [†Not registered for use in CA]

Tree Nut Crops including Grapes and Vines: Almond, Beech nut, Palm, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert, Grapes (all types), Raisins, Hickory nut, Kiwi, Macadamia nut, Pecan, Pistachio and Walnut.

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3 day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not apply FOSPHITE foliarly to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20 day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours).

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 100	Disease Prevention Program*:
Pythium		gallons of water/acre	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week intervals
Fusarium		(3-8 L in a minimum of 1000 L	after plants become established. Do not
Rhizoctonia		of water/ha).	apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3
Xanthomonas		,	days.
campestris	Aerial Application	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 10	Disease Control Program:
[†]Xanthomonas spp	11	gallons of water/acre	Apply higher rate at 2-3 week intervals
[†]Botryosphaeria		(3-8 L in a minimum of 100 L	until control is reached. Consult with
dothidea		of water/ha).	Farm Advisor or crop expert to
[†]Cercospora		,	determine disease severity. Do not apply
(Cercospora			Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
arachidicola)			respine as invervals ress than 5 and 5.
[†]Cercosporidium	Root Dip	2 quarts/100 gallon of water,	Apply as pre-plant dip to the roots for
(Cercosporidium	Root Dip	2/3 fluid ounces/gallon of water	15-30 minutes. Plant within 24 hours
personatum)		(5 L/1000 L of water).	after dipping.
[†]Clavibacter		(3 L / 1000 L of water).	after dipping.
(michiganensis	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-4 quarts in a	Apply with normal irrigation schedule.
subsp. Nebraskensis)	migation	minimum of 100 gallons of	Follow Disease Prevention Program or
[†]Pseudomonas spp		water/acre (5-10 L in a minimum	Disease Control Program as stated
[†]Ralstonia		of 1000 L of water/ha).	above. Do not apply Fosphite at
solanacearum		Drip: 2-3 quarts in a minimum of	intervals less than 3 days.
[†]Sclerotinia		100 gallons of water/acre (5-7 L	intervals less than 5 days.
Tree Nut Crops:		in a minimum of 1000 L of	
[†]Armillaria Root		water/ha).	
Rot (Oak Root	Trunk Injection*	2 tagging and / linear yourd of	Apply according to injection againment
Fungus)	Trunk injection	3 teaspoons / linear yard of	Apply according to injection equipment
[†]Eutypa lata		canopy width or 2 inch of trunk	instructions. Adjust rate based on
[†]Cladosporium		diameter at breast height (DBH) (15 milliliter/linear meter of	injection equipment suggestions for
caryigenum		`	specific applications. Repeat 2-4 times a
		canopy width or 5 centimeters	year until control is reached.
		DBH). Inject directly into tree.	*Not for use in New York
Downy Mildew	Foliar	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 100	Apply at 2-3 week intervals. Follow
Powdery Mildew		gallons of water/acre	Disease Prevention Program or
[†]Alternaria		(3-8 L in a minimum of 1000 L	Disease Control Program as stated
[†]Anthracnose		of water/ha).	above. Do not apply Fosphite at
[†]Rust		ĺ	intervals less than 3 days.
	Aerial Application	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 10	
Crops	11	gallons of water/acre	
1		(3-8 L in a minimum of 100 L	
		of water/ha).	
		Í	
Phomopsis on	Foliar	1-2 quarts in a minimum of 100	Apply at 7-10 day intervals beginning at
Grapes		gallons of water/acre	1-3 inch shoot stage Do not apply
		(3-5 L in a minimum of 1000 L	Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
		of water/ha).	

Thousand Cankers (Geosmithia morbida) on Black and English Walnut	Foliar	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 100 gallons of water/acre (3-8 L in a minimum of 1000 L of water/ha).	Apply at 60 day intervals beginning early spring. Do not apply more than 6 times per year Do not apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
Tree Nut Crops: [†]Hull rot (Monolia spp) [†]Flower diseases (Cladosporium spp)	Foliar	1-2 quarts in a minimum of 100 gallons of water/acre (3-5 L in a a minimum of 1000 L of water/ha).	Disease Prevention Program*: Apply lower rate at 2-4 week intervals after plants become established. Do not apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
	Aerial Application	1-2 quarts in a minimum of 20 gallons of water/acre (3-5 L in a minimum of 200 L of water/ha).	Disease Control Program: Apply higher rate at 2-3 week intervals until control is reached. Consult with Farm Advisor or crop expert to determine disease severity Do not apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
	Root Dip	2 quarts/100 gallon of water, 2/3 fluid ounces/gallon of water (5 L /1000 L of water).	Apply as pre-plant dip to the roots for 15-30 minutes. Plant within 24 hours after dipping.
	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-4 quarts in a minimum of 100 gallons of water /acre (5-10 L in a minimum of 1000 L of water/ha). Drip: 2-3 quarts in a minimum of 100 gallons of water/acre (5-7 L in a minimum of 1000 L of water/ha).	Apply with normal irrigation schedule. Follow Disease Prevention Program or Disease Control Program as stated above. Do not apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.

^{*} Check with your local Extension Agent if you are unsure these conditions exist.

[†Not registered for use in CA]

Vegetable Crops Including Miscellaneous Food Crops: (Leafy, Root and Tuber) Amaranth (Chinese spinach, tampala, etc.) Arracacha, Arugula, Arrowroot, Artichoke (all types), Asparagus, Beet (all types), Burdock, Canna, Cardoon, Carrot, Cassava, Celeriac, Celery, Chayote, Chervil (turnip-rooted), Chicory, Chilies, Chrysanthemum (edible), Chufa, Cinchoca, Coconut, Coffee, Corn (all types), Cress (all types), Dandelion, Dasheen, Dock, Eggplant, Endive, Fennel, Garlic, Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Lettuce (all types), Okra, Onion, Orach, Parsley, Parsnip, Peppers (all types), Pineapple, Purslane, Potato (all types), Radicchio, Radish (all types), Rhubarb, Rutabaga, Salsify (all types), Skirret, Spinach (all types), Sugar Beet, Sugarcane, Sweet Potato, Swiss Chard, Tanier, Tobacco, Tomato, Turmeric, Turnip, Yam (all types).

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3 day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not apply FOSPHITE foliarly to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20 day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours).

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 20	Disease Prevention Program*:
Pythium		gallons of water/acre (3-8 L in a	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week intervals
Fusarium		minimum of 100 L of water/ha).	after plants become established. Do not
Rhizoctonia		·	apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3
Anthracnose	Aerial Application	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 10	days.
Xanthomonas		gallons of water/acre	Disease Control Program:
campestris		(3-8 L in a minimum of 100 L	Apply higher rate at 2-3 week intervals
[†]Xanthomonas spp		of water/ha).	until control is reached. Consult with
[†]Cercospora			Farm Advisor or crop expert to
(Cercospora			determine disease severity. Do not apply
arachidicola)			Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
[†]Cercosporidium			
(Cercosporidium	Root Dip	2 quarts/100 gallon of water,	Apply as pre-plant dip immediately
personatum)		2/3 fluid ounces/gallon of water	prior to planting. (100 gallons is
[†]Cladosporium		(5 L/1000 L of water).	intended to treat the number of slips
caryigenum			required to plant one acre).
[†]Clavibacter			
(michiganensis	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-4 quarts in a	Apply with normal irrigation schedule.
subsp. Nebraskensis)		minimum of 100 gallons of water	Follow Disease Prevention Program or
[†]Fusicladium		/acre (5-10 L in a minimum of	Disease Control Program as stated
effusum		1000 L of water/ha).	above. Do not apply Fosphite at
[†]Pseudomonas spp		Drip: 2-3 quarts in a minimum of	intervals less than 3 days.
[†]Ralstonia		100 gallons of water/acre (5-7 L	
solanacearum		in a minimum of 1000 L of	
[†]Sclerotinia	- ·	water/ha).	
Downy Mildew	Foliar	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 20	Apply at 2-3 week intervals. Follow
Powdery Mildew		gallons of water/acre (3-8 L in a	Disease Prevention Program or
[†]Alternaria		minimum of 100 L of water/ha).	Disease Control Program as stated
[†]Rust			above. Do not apply Fosphite at
	Aerial Application	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 10	intervals less than 3 days.
		gallons of water/acre	
		(3-8 L in a minimum of 100 L	
		of water/ha).	
	1		

Treatment of potato vines for Pink Rot (Phytophthora erythroseptica) Late Blight (Phytophthora	Foliar	3-5 quarts in a minimum of 20 gallons of water/acre (7-11 L in a minimum of 100 L of water/ha).	Apply at 2-3 week intervals. Follow Disease Prevention Program or Disease Control Program as stated above. Do not apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
infestans) [†]Silver Surf (Helinthosporium solani)	Aerial Application	3-5 quarts in a minimum of 20 gallons of water/acre (7-11 L in a minimum of 100 L of water/ha).	
[†]Post-harvest treatment of potatoes for: Late Blight (Phytophthora infestans) Pink Rot (Phytophthora Erythroseptica)	Spray, rinse or injected into humidification water prior to or during storage.	Dilute Fosphite at 1:20 ratio with application water (6.4-12.8 fluid ounces/ 0.5 gallon of water / ton of tubers). (100 to 200 milliliter/ L of water).	Inject concentrate into water used in humidification or process water used for post-harvest storage, rinses and associated tanks, flumes and lines.
Gummy stem blight (Mycosphaerella melonis)	Foliar	1 quart in a minimum of 30 gallons of water/acre (3 L in a minimum of 300 L of water/ ha).	Apply at 2-3 week intervals. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle. Follow Disease Prevention Program or Disease Control Program as stated above. Do not apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
Purple Blotch (Alternaria porri) on Onions (dry bulb) and Other Allium spp	Foliar Aerial Application	1-2 quarts in a minimum of 50 gallons of water/acre (3-5 L in a minimum of 500 L of water/ha). 1-2 quarts in a minimum of 20 gallons of water/acre (3-5 L in a minimum of 200 L of water/ha).	Apply at 2-3 week intervals. Follow Disease Prevention Program or Disease Control Program as stated above. Do not apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days. Do not exceed 7 applications per crop season
Blue mold (Peronospora fabacina) on Tobacco	Foliar	1-2 quarts in a minimum of 100 gallons of water/acre (3-5 L in a a minimum of 1000 L of water/ha).	Disease Prevention Program*: Apply lower rate at 4 week intervals after plants become established. Do not apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days. Do not apply more than 4 times
	Aerial Application	1-2 quarts in a minimum of 20 gallons of water/acre (3-5 L in a minimum of 200 L of water/ha).	per crop cycle. Disease Control Program* Apply higher rate at 2 week intervals after plants become established. Do not apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days. Do not apply more than 4 times per crop cycle.
Nut fall on Coconuts	Trunk Injection**	2 tsp to 1 fl oz of Fosphite + 1-2 fl oz of water per tree	Inject 1-2 fl oz of mixture into trunk or root system. **Not for use in New York

^{*} Check with your local Extension Agent if you are unsure these conditions exist.

[†Not registered for use in CA]

ORNAMENTALS

FOSPHITE fungicide is used for control of Pythium, Downy Mildew, Powdery Mildew, Phytophthora and various other diseases of ORNAMENTALS grown in commercial nurseries and greenhouses, golf courses, parks and commercial landscapes. FOSPHITE may be applied to all ornamental and landscape plants including (but not limited to): Aglaonema, Aphelandra, Arborvitae, Ash, Azaleas, Bougainvilleas, Boxwood, Bushes, Cattleya skinneri, Cedars, Ceanothus, Cotoneaster, Cissus, Dieffenbachia, Dogwood, Ferns, Ficus, Flowering Trees, Hibiscus, Hardwood Trees, Holly, Home Lawns, Juniper, Magnolia Trees, Maple, Pines, Oaks, Palms, Peperomia, Photinia, Pittosporum, Philodendron, Pieris, Pothos, Redwoods, Rhododendron, Roses, Schefflera, Sedum, Sempervivum, Shrubs, Spathiphyllum, Sycamore, Taxus media, Zygocactus.

Apply FOSPHITE prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3 day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or under heat or moisture stress. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not apply FOSPHITE foliarly to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20 day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours). When applying to indoor plants do not overspray and use care to apply only to target plants. If meeting these conditions is not possible, remove plants to an outdoor location for treatment and drying before bringing back indoors.

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1-2 quarts in a minimum of 100	Disease Prevention Program*:
Fusarium		gallons of water/acre or 1/3 to	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week intervals
Pythium		2/3 fluid ounce per gallon of	after plants become established. Do not
Rhizoctonia		water (2.5-5 L in a minimum of	apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3
Fire Blight		1000 L of water/ha).	days.
(Erwinia			Disease Control Program:
amylovora)			Apply higher rate at 2-3 week intervals
Bacterial Blight			until control is reached. Consult with
Xanthomonas			Farm Advisor or crop expert to
campestris			determine disease severity. Do not apply
Geranium Wilt			Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
(Ralstonia spp.)			_
[†]Soil drench for	Soil Drench	12-24 fluid ounce/100 gallon of	Apply 1-2 pts. of diluted solution per sq.
Oak Blight, Oak		water or 1/8 to ½ fluid ounce per	foot. Adjust volume as needed to
Wilt, Apple Scab,		gallon of water (1-2 L /1000 L of	thoroughly wet media. Apply at 2-3
and Stem Blight		water).	week intervals and repeat as needed Do
[†]Anthracnose			not apply Fosphite at intervals less than
[†]Xanthomonas spp			3 days.
	Soil Incorporation	1-2 pints/cubic yard of soil mix	Mix 1 to 2 pints of Fosphite with
		(600-1200 milliliters/cubic	enough water to wet one cubic yard of
		meter).	soil; mix immediately before potting. If
			conditions are favorable for disease
			development, make additional
			applications as a foliar spray or soil
			drench.
	T	O	A
	Irrigation	Overhead: 1-2 quarts in a	Apply with normal irrigation schedule.
		minimum of 100 gallons of	Follow Disease Prevention Program or
		water/acre (2.5-5 L in a	Disease Control Program as stated
		minimum of 1000 L of	above. Do not apply Fosphite at
		water/ha).	intervals less than 3 days.
		Drip: 1-2 quarts in a minimum of	
		100 gallons of water/acre (2.5-5	
		L in a minimum of 1000 L of	
		water/ha).	

	Trunk Injection* Root Dip	3 teaspoons/linear yard of canopy width or 2 inch of trunk diameter at breast height (DBH) (15 milliliters / linear meter of canopy width or 5 centimeters DBH). Inject directly into tree. 2 quarts/100 gallons of water or	Apply according to injection equipment instructions. Adjust rate based on injection equipment suggestions for specific applications. Repeat 2-4 times a year until control is reached. *Not for use in New York Dip transplants into diluted solution of
	Коот Бір	2/3 fluid ounce/gallon of water (5 L /1000 L of water).	Fosphite. Thoroughly wet plant root mass immediately before transplanting. Keep roots submerged for 1 to 2 minutes.
Downy Mildew Powdery Mildew	Foliar	1-2 quarts in a minimum of 100 gallons of water/acre or 1/3 to	Apply diluted solution to thoroughly wet foliage. Apply at 2-3 week intervals and
Black spot on Roses		2/3 fluid ounce/ gallon of water (2.5-5 L in a minimum of 1000 L	repeat as needed. Do not apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days. Follow
		of water/ha).	Disease Prevention Program or
			Disease Control Program as stated
			above.

^{*} Check with your local Extension Agent if you are unsure these conditions exist.

[†Not registered for use in CA]

BEDDING PLANTS

FOSPHITE fungicide is used for control of Downy Mildew, Powdery Mildew, Pythium, Phytophthora and various other diseases of bedding plants grown in commercial nurseries and greenhouses, golf courses, parks and commercial landscapes. Apply FOSPHITE to all bedding plants including: Ageratum, Algerian Ivy, Alyssum, Anthurium, Artemisia, Aster, Baby's Breath, Begonia, Caladium, Carnation, Chrysanthemum, Coleus, Columbine, Daisy, Delphinium, Easter Lily, English Ivy, Foxglove, Gaillardia, Geranium, Gloxinia, Impatiens, Marigold, Pansy, Petunia, Phlox, Pinks, Poinsettia, Primrose, Prostrate Rosemary, Salvia, Snapdragon, Verbena, Vinca, Zinnia, etc.

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3 day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not apply FOSPHITE foliarly to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20 day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours). When applying to indoor plants do not overspray and use care to apply only to target plants. If meeting these conditions is not possible, remove plants to an outdoor location for treatment and drying before bringing back indoors.

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1-2 quarts in a minimum of 100	Disease Prevention Program*:
Pythium Fusarium		gallons of water/acre or 1/3 to	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week intervals
Rhizoctonia		2/3 fluid ounce/ gallon of water	after plants become established. Do not
Fire Blight		(2.5-5 L in a minimum of 1000 L	apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3
(Erwinia amylovora)		of water/ha).	days.
[†]Anthracnose			Disease Control Program:
			Apply higher rate at 2-3 week intervals
			until control is reached. Consult with
			Farm Advisor or crop expert to
			determine disease severity. Do not apply
			Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
			Apply diluted solution to thoroughly wet foliage. Apply at 2-3 week intervals and repeat as needed. Do not apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
	Root Dip	2 quarts/100 gallons of water or 2/3 fluid ounce/gallon of water (5 L /1000 L of water).	Dip transplants into diluted solution of Fosphite. Thoroughly wet plant root mass immediately before transplanting. Keep roots submerged for 1 to 2 minutes.
	Soil Drench	12-24 fluid ounce/100 gallon of water or 1/8 to ½ fluid ounce per gallon of water (1-2 L /1000 L of water).	Apply 1-2 pint of diluted solution per sq. foot. Adjust volume as needed to thoroughly wet media. Apply at 2-3 week intervals and repeat as needed. Do not apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
	Irrigation	Overhead: 1-2 quarts in a minimum of 100 gallons of water/acre (2.5-5 L in a minimum of 1000 L of water/ha). Drip: 1-2 quarts in a minimum of 100 gallons of water/acre (2.5-5 L in a minimum of 1000 L of water/ha).	Apply with normal irrigation schedule. Follow Disease Prevention Program or Disease Control Program as stated above. Do not apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.

Downy Mildew Powdery Mildew	1-2 quarts in a minimum of 100 gallons of water/acre or 1/3 to 2/3 fluid ounce/ gallon of water (2.5-5 L in a minimum of 1000 l of water/ha).	Apply diluted solution to thoroughly wet foliage. Apply at 2-3 week intervals and repeat as needed. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle or year. Follow Disease Prevention Program or Disease Control Program as stated above. Do not apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
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^{*} Check with your local Extension Agent if you are unsure these conditions exist. [†Not registered for use in CA]

[†]HEMP

For non-food hemp uses only grown indoors or outdoors.

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1-3 quarts in a minimum of 30	Apply at 2-4 week intervals. Do not
Pythium		gallons of water/acre (3-8 L in	apply more than 6 times per crop cycle
Downy Mildew		a minimum of 300 L of	
		water/ha).	Disease Prevention Program*:
			Apply lower rate at 2-4 week intervals
			after plants become established. Do not
			apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3
			days.
			Disease Control Program:
			Apply higher rate at 2-3 week intervals
			until control is reached. Consult with
			Farm Advisor or crop expert to
			determine disease severity. Do not apply
			Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
	Recirculating	1-2 quarts in a minimum of	Disease Prevention Program*:
	Hydroponic	5,300 gallons nutrient solution	Apply lower rate at 4-6 week intervals
	Systems	(1-2 L in a minimum of 20,000	after plants become established. Do not
		L of nutrient solution).	apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3
			days.
			Disease Control Program:
			Apply higher rate at 4-6 week intervals
			until control is reached. Consult with
			Farm Advisor or crop expert to
			determine disease severity. Do not apply
			Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days

^{*} Check with your local Extension Agent if you are unsure these conditions exist. [†Not registered for use in CA]

GENERAL HYDROPONIC APPLICATIONS

	GENERAL III DROI ONIC AIT LICATIONS			
Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program	
Pythium	Recirculating	1-2 quarts/5,300 gallons of	Disease Prevention Program*:	
Phytophthora	Hydroponic	nutrient solution.	Apply lower rate at 4-6 week intervals	
	Systems	(1-2 L/20,000 L of nutrient	after plants become established. Do not	
		solution)	apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3	
			days.	
			Disease Control Program:	
			Apply higher rate at 4-6 week intervals	
			until control is reached. Consult with	
			Farm Advisor or crop expert to	
			determine disease severity. Do not apply	
			Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.	

^{*} Check with your local Extension Agent if you are unsure these conditions exist.

CONIFERS** AND TREES IN COMMERCIAL NURSERIES, PLANTATIONS AND FORESTS, LANDSCAPES+ AND PARKS (INCLUDING CHRISTMAS TREES, OAKS and PINES)

FOSPHITE applied in conjunction with good cultural management practices will control Phytophthora root rot of conifers including (but not limited to): Douglas Fir, spruce and pines, also other Phytophthora disease of Oaks (Sudden Oak Death) and forest trees. Use the higher rates when disease pressure is severe. Do not apply to trees that are under heat or moisture stress.

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1-2 quarts/100 gallon of	Disease Prevention Program*:
Pythium		water/acre (2.5-5 L /1000 L	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week intervals
		water/ha)	after plants become established. Do not
			apply Fosphite at intervals less than 3
		or	days.
			Disease Control Program:
		1/3 to 2/3 fluid ounce/ gallon of	Apply higher rate at 2-3 week intervals
		water. Apply diluted solution to	until control is reached. Consult with
		thoroughly wet foliage. Apply at	Farm Advisor or crop expert to
		2-3 week intervals and repeat as	determine disease severity. Do not apply
		needed.	Fosphite at intervals less than 3 days.
	Soil Drench	12-24 fluid ounce/100 gallons of	Apply 1-2 pts. of diluted solution per sq.
		water or 1/8 to 1/4 fluid	foot. Adjust volume as needed to
		ounce/gallon of water (1-2 L	thoroughly wet media. Apply at 2-3
		/1000 L of water)	week intervals and repeat as needed. Do
			not apply Fosphite at intervals less than
			3 days.
	Trunk Injection*	3 teaspoons / linear yard of	Apply according to injection equipment
		canopy width or 2 inch of trunk	instructions. Adjust rate based on
		diameter at breast height (DBH)	injection equipment suggestions for
		(15 milliliters/linear meter of	specific applications.
		canopy width or 5 centimeters	*Not for use in New York
		DBH.) Inject directly into tree.	
	Root Dip	2 quarts/100 gallons of water or	Apply as a pre-plant dip to the roots for
		2/3 fluid ounce/ gallon of water	15-30 minutes. Plant within 24 hours
		(5 L /1000 L of water)	after dipping.
Apple black spot	Basal bark spray.	16 fluid ounce + 16 fluid ounce	Apply uniformly to 6-9 feet of trunk
and scab (Venturia	Apply in early	of water + 1 fluid ounce	circumference. Spray from top down to
inaequalis)	spring at bud	PentraBark TM Bark Penetrating	ground level from either first branch or
	swell or silver tip	Surfactant	from as high as possible without
	stage of growth		exposing applicator to drift. Spray to
Din	D111		saturation/runoff. Can be used as a
Pine pitch canker	Basal bark spray		preventative or curative application for
(Fusarium			trees listed. Various types of application
subglutinans			equipment can be used such as hydraulic sprayers, handheld pump-type, backpack
			sprayers, hose-end applicators with backflow prevention devices, and other
			similar application devices, and other
ah Cit 1 to 1	1.5	you are unaying of those conditions or	

^{*}Check with your local Extension Agent if you are unsure of these conditions exist.

Do not graze livestock in treated conifer nurseries and/or plantations. Do not feed forage to livestock from treated nurseries and/or plantations.

^{**}Use in California limited to trunk injection and/or basal bark spray of Pines

⁺Use in California limited to Oaks, Tan Oaks, and other tree species that are host to *P. ramorum*. Applications limited to trunk injection and basal bark spray of pines, basal bark spray of apples and crabapples, and injection of Sycamore for control of Sycamore anthracnose. Do not apply to any other tree species without consulting the list of *P. ramorum* host species listed at the following website: http://nature.berkeley.edu/comtf/index.html. For questions contact your local extension office.

TURF (INCLUDES RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL LAWN APPLICATIONS BY COMMERCIAL APPLICATORS)

FOSPHITE is a systemic fungicide, which is used for the control of Pythium blight, Summer Complex (Bermuda and others), Dollar Spot, Grey Leaf Spot, Brown Patch, Anthracnose and damping-off diseases to turf grasses on sod farms and lawns, commercial turf production, golf courses (including tees and greens), parks and commercial landscapes. Begin preventative applications when conditions first favor disease and repeat at recommended intervals.

Use higher rates under severe disease conditions.

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Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Pythium (Yellow	Foliar	2-3 fluid ounces/1,000 square	Apply amount in minimum of 2 gal of
Turf)		feet	water per 1,000 sq. ft. Apply at 10 to 21
Rhizoctonia		(50-90 milliliters/100 square	day intervals as needed. Do not mow or
Sclerotinia		meters).	irrigate treated areas until sprays have
Helminthosporium		Or	completely dried.
Alternaria			
Anthracnose		1-3 quarts/100 gallons of	For sod farms and large areas: Apply
(Colletotrichum		water/acre	diluted solution to thoroughly wet
graminicola)		(3-8 L/1000 L of water/ha).	foliage. Apply at 2-3 week intervals and
Pythium blight			repeat as needed.
Pythium root and			
crown rot	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-3 quarts/acre (5-7 L	Apply with normal irrigation schedule.
Pythium damping off		/ha) in a minimum of 100 gallons	Apply at 10 to 21 day intervals and
[†]Acidovorax		(1000 L) of water.	repeat as needed.
[†]Algae			
[†]Cercospora			
[†]Fusarium			
[†]Phytophthora			
[†]Xanthomonas			
[†]Bacterial Wilt			
[†]Gray Snow Mold			
[†]Pink Snow Mold			

^{*}Do not graze animals on treated turf. Do not feed clippings from treated turf to livestock and poultry. [†Not registered for use in CA]

POST-HARVEST CITRUS APPLICATION (Optional Use Pattern)

Directions and General Recommendations

FOSPHITE is used for post-harvest control of Penicillium digitatum (green mold), Penicillium italicum (blue mold), and Phythophthora spp. (brown rot) on citrus fruits.

FOSPHITE is formulated for aqueous application only as spray, dip, wash, or drench. Use as directed. FOSPHITE has curative and preventative action and should be integrated into an overall disease management program within each packinghouse. FOSPHITE is compatible with some fertilizers and fungicides. Applying FOSPHITE with certain other agricultural chemicals may cause fruit injury. To avoid undesirable fruit injury, do not apply without assessing its safety to the fruit. It is not possible to test all material combinations and environmental tank mix combinations. FOSPHITE is a slightly acidic buffer solution. Avoid mixing FOSPHITE with strongly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not tank mix without first testing the mixture's compatibility with other agricultural chemicals. Prior to tank mixing FOSPHITE, conduct a jar test to see any compatibility problems. Separation, globules, sludge, flakes or other precipitates are indicative of physical incompatibility. Physical compatibility is indicated if the combination remains mixed or can be mixed readily.

Dose recommendations

In dip, wash tanks, and drenchers, apply FOSPHITE at a rate of 1.2-3.5 gallons of product per 100 gallons of water Ensure thorough coverage of treated fruit. Periodically check the treatment solution to ensure the proper concentration of the active ingredient. Once treated, allow fruit to air dry. Repeated applications of FOSPHITE may be necessary.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in original container in a cool, dry place.

Pesticide Disposal: To avoid waste, use all material in this container by application according to label directions. If wastes cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste disposal facility or pesticide disposal program (often such programs are run by state or local governments or by industry).

CONTAINER HANDLING IF EMPTY:

For plastic containers equal to or less than 5 gallons:

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration. Or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

For metal containers equal to or less than 5 gallons:

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or a mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities

For plastic or metal bulk containers:

Refillable Container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. Pressure rinsing of the container with water is recommended. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or a mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Clean the container before final disposal. Return to point of sale, or offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

[Optional] Triple Rinse as follows: Empty remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ½ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

If partly filled: Call your solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

NOTICE TO BUYER

To the extent permitted by applicable law, JH BIOTECH, INC. warrants that the product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth on the label when used according to directions under normal use conditions. THERE ARE NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING A WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. This warranty does not extend to the handling or use of this product contrary to label instructions.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, the manufacturer's or seller's total liability shall be for damages not exceeding the cost of the product. If you do not agree with or do not accept any of directions for use, the warranty disclaimers, or limitations on liability, do not use the product, and return it unopened to the Seller, and the purchase price will be refunded.

B: SUBLABEL - COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS: FOR COMMERCIAL APPLICATORS SUBJECT TO WORKER PROTECTION STANDARD (TRUNK INJECTION ONLY*)

FOSPHITE FUNGICIDE

TRUNK INJECTION APPLICATION - A FUNGICIDE FOR THE CONTROL OF DOWNY MILDEW, PHYTOPHTHORA, PYTHIUM AND VARIOUS OTHER DISEASE ON AGRICULTURAL TREES, INDOOR AND OUTDOOR ORNAMENTALS, FORESTRY APPLICATIONS INCLUDING DOMESTIC TREES, CONIFERS, PINES, AND OAKS

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	<i>530/</i>
Mono- and dipotassium salts of Phosphorous Acid*	53%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	47%
TOTAL Y	1000/
TOTAL	100%

*Contains 6.22 lbs./gallon of active ingredients, mono- and dipotassium salts of Phosphorous Acid. Equivalent to 3.90 lbs. Phosphorous Acid/gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

See side (or back) panel for First Aid and additional precautionary statements.

NET CONTENTS: 1 pint (0.473 liters)

1 quart (0.946 liters) 1 gallon (3.785 liters) 2 1/2 gallons (9.463 liters) 5 gallons (18.925 liters)

Bulk Containers (100 – 4000 gallons)

MANUFACTURED BY:

JH Biotech, Inc. 4951 Olivas Park Dr. Ventura, CA 93003 EPA Reg. No. 68573-2 EPA Est. No. 68573-CA001

	FIRST AID STATEMENTS	
If in eyes	·Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. ·Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. ·Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
HOT LINE NUMBER		
Have the conta	iner or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.	

Have the container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact the National Pesticide Information Center (NPIC) at 1-800-858-7378 for emergency medical treatment information.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks and protective eyewear. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining personal protective equipment (PPE). If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

- Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read entire label before using this product.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other person, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the State or Tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS:

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Workers Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, shoes, chemical resistant gloves and protective eyewear.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements of this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

GENERAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

FOSPHITE is a systemic fungicide for the prevention and treatment of downy mildew, Sudden Oak Death (*Phytophthora ramorum*), root rots (*Phytophthora spp.*), Pythium and various other disease of agricultural trees, indoor and outdoor ornamentals, forestry applications including domestic trees, conifers, pines and oaks. This product may be applied up to the day of harvest.

*Not for use in New York

COMPATIBILITY

Use only FOSPHITE alone when used as a trunk injection. To avoid undesirable phytotoxicity, do not apply FOSPHITE to trees treated with other pesticides or copper-based compounds at intervals less than 20 days, unless instructed to do so by your consultant.

*Not for use in New York

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR APPLICATIONS

FOOD CROPS

FOSPHITE fungicide is used for control of Downy Mildew, Erwinia amylovora, Pythium, Fusarium, Rhizoctonia and Phytophthora diseases (such as purple blotch, late blight, blue mold, soft rot, root rot, brown rot, foot rot, crown/collar rot, canker, fruit/foliar rot, fire blight, heart rot, pink rot, pythium leak, red stele, leather rot, etc.) of agronomic crops. FOSPHITE may be applied to plants including:

Citrus Crops (Bearing and Non-Bearing) including Avocado: Avocado, Calamondin, Citrus hybrids, Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin, Orange (all types), Pummelo and Satsuma mandarin.

Pome Fruits Crops: (Bearing and Non-Bearing) Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear, Quince.

Stone Fruit Crops including Olive: Apricot, Cherry, Nectarine, Olive, Peach, Plum, Plumcot and Prune.

Tree Nut and Vine Crops: Almond, Beech nut Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert, Grapes, Hickory nut, Macadamia nut, Pecan, Pistachio and Walnut.

ORNAMENTALS

FOSPHITE fungicide is used for control of Pythium, Downy Mildew, Phytophthora and various other diseases of ORNAMENTALS grown in commercial nurseries and greenhouses, golf courses, parks and commercial landscapes. Apply FOSPHITE to ornamental and landscape plants including: Boxwood, Cedars, Ceanothus, Dogwood, Ficus, Flowering Trees, Hard Wood Trees, Juniper, Magnolia Trees, Pines, Oaks, Palms, Photinia, Pieris, Red woods and Shrubs.

CONIFERS AND TREES IN COMMERCIAL NURSERIES, PLANTATIONS AND FORESTS, LANDSCAPES AND PARKS (INCLUDING CHRISTMAS TREES, OAKS and PINES)

FOSPHITE applied in conjunction with good cultural management practices will control Phytophthora root rot of conifers including (but not limited to): Douglas Fir, spruce and pines also other Phytophthora disease of Oaks (Sudden Oak Death) and forest trees. Use the higher rates when disease pressure is severe. Do not apply to conifers that are under heat or moisture stress.

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Trunk Injection*	3 teaspoons / linear yard of	Apply according to injection equipment
Fusarium		canopy width or 2 inches of	instructions. Adjust rate based on
Pythium		trunk diameter at breast height	injection equipment suggestions for
Rhizoctonia		(DBH) (15 milliliters/linear	specific applications.
Fire Blight		meter of canopy width or 5	*Not for use in New York
(Erwinia		centimeters DBH.) Inject	
amylovora)		directly into tree.	
Bacterial Blight			
(Xanthomonas			
Campestriss)			

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in original container in a cool, dry place.

Pesticide Disposal: To avoid waste, use all material in this container by application according to label directions. If wastes cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste disposal facility or pesticide disposal program (often such programs are run by state or local governments or by industry).

CONTAINER HANDLING IF EMPTY:

For plastic containers equal to or less than 5 gallons:

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration. Or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

For metal containers equal to or less than 5 gallons:

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or a mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities

For plastic or metal bulk containers:

Refillable Container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. Pressure rinsing of the container with water is recommended. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or a mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Clean the container before final disposal. Return to point of sale, or offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

[Optional] Triple Rinse as follows: Empty remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ½ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

If partly filled: Call your solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

NOTICE TO BUYER

To the extent permitted by applicable law, JH BIOTECH, INC. warrants that the product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth on the label when used according to directions under normal use conditions. THERE ARE NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING A WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. This warranty does not extend to the handling or use of this product contrary to label instructions.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, the manufacturer's or seller's total liability shall be for damages not exceeding the cost of the product. If you do not agree with or do not accept any of directions for use, the warranty disclaimers, or limitations on liability, do not use the product, and return it unopened to the Seller, and the purchase price will be refunded.

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C: SUBLABEL - HOUSEHOLD PRODUCTS: FOR NON-COMMERCIAL APPLICATORS (NOT SUBJECT TO WORKER PROTECTION STANDARD)

FOSPHITE FUNGICIDE

Fosphite is a systemic fungicide for the control of Downy mildew, Powdery Mildew, Phytophthora (such as Sudden Oak Death, Root Rot, Brown Rot), Pythium (Damping-off, Summer Stress) and various other diseases in garden plants, ornamental trees and plants, Phytophthora in conifers, pines and oaks and Pythium in turf.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: Mono- and dipotassium salts of Phosphorous Acid*	53%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	47%
TOTAL	100%

^{*}Contains 6.22 lbs./gallon of active ingredients, mono- and dipotassium salts of Phosphorous Acid. Equivalent to 3.90 lbs. Phosphorous Acid/gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

See side (or back) panel for First Aid and additional precautionary statements.

NET CONTENTS: 1 pint (0.473 liters)

1 quart (0.946 liters) 1 gallon (3.785 liters) 2 1/2 gallons (9.463 liters) 5 gallons (18.925 liters)

MANUFACTURED BY:

JH Biotech, Inc. 4951 Olivas Park Dr. Ventura, CA 93003 EPA Reg. No. 68573-2 EPA Est. No. 68573-CA001

	FIRST AID STATEMENTS		
If in eyes	·Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. ·Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. ·Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.		
HOT LINE NUMBER			

Have the container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact the National Pesticide Information Center (NPIC) at 1-800-858-7378 for emergency medical treatment information.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read entire label before using this product.

1 pint (0.473 liters) makes 24 gallons of solution at maximum treatment rate.

1 quart (0.946 liters) makes 48 gallons of solution at maximum treatment rate.

1 gallon (3.785 liters) makes 192 gallons of solution at maximum treatment rate.

2 1/2 gallons (9.463 liters) makes 480 gallons of solution at maximum treatment rate.

5 gallons (18.925 liters) makes 960 gallons of solution at maximum treatment rate.

GENERAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

FOSPHITE is applied by various application methods, including foliar sprays, soil drench, soil incorporation, and bare root dip. For foliar sprays, apply FOSPHITE with sufficient water for adequate coverage of foliage, according to crop and growth stage. To ensure good coverage, spray to wet.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Fill the spray tank with 1/2 of the required volume of water.
- 2. Add the amount of FOSPHITE as indicated under the Rate portion of the table below.
- 3. Continue to fill the tank with water to the desired volume while agitating.
- 4. Continue agitation when applying.

This product may be applied up to the day of harvest.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR APPLICATIONS GARDEN CROPS, ORNAMENTALS, BEDDING PLANTS AND TREES (CONIFERS, OAKS, ETC.) & TURF

FOSPHITE fungicide is used for control of Pythium, Downy Mildew, Phytophthora (such as Sudden Oak Death, *Phytophthora ramorum*) and various other diseases (see list below) of ORNAMENTAL PLANTS AND TREES. Plants, which can be treated with FOSPHITE, include:

GARDEN CROPS

FOSPHITE fungicide is used for control of Downy Mildew, Powdery Mildew, Pythium, Phytophthora and various other diseases (such as purple blotch, late blight, blue mold, soft rot, root rot, brown rot, foot rot, crown/collar rot, canker, fruit/foliar rot, fire blight, heart rot, pink rot, pythium leak, red stele, leather rot, etc.) of garden crops. Apply FOSPHITE to plants including (but not limited to): Almond, Apple, Apricot, Artichoke, Asparagus, Avocado, Baby Lettuce, Banana, Beet, Blackberry, Blueberry, Broadbean, Cane Berries, Carrot, Cherry, Chestnut, Chilies, Cinchona, Cinnamon, Citrus, Cole Crops, Corn, Cranberry, Crucifers, Cucurbits, Dates, Dry Beans, Eggplant, Fresh beans, Garlic, Grapes, Kiwi, Lettuce, Lima Beans, Macadamia, Melons, Mint, Nectarine, Nut Crops, Nutmeg, Okra, Olive, Onion, Papaya, Peach, Peanut, Pear, Peas, Peppers, Pineapple, Plum, Pome Fruit, Potato, Prune, Raspberry, Rhubarb, Root crops, Rosemary, Spinach, Squash, Strawberry, String Beans, Stone Fruit, Sugarbeet, Sunflower, Tomato, Walnut.

BEDDING PLANTS, TREES & ORNAMENTALS

Ageratum, Algerian Ivy, Aglaonema, Alyssum, Anthurium, Aphelandra, Arborvitae, Artemisia, Ash, Aster, Azaleas, Baby's Breath, Begonia, Bougainvillea, Boxwood, Caladium, Carnation, *Cattleya skinneri*, Ceanothus, Chrysanthemum, Coleus, Columbine, Cotoneaster, Cissus, Daisy, Delphinium, Dieffenbachia, Dogwood, Easter Lily, English Ivy, Ficus, Firs, Foxglove, Gaillardia, Geranium, Gloxinia, Hibiscus, Impatiens, Japanese Holly, Juniper, Leather-leaf Fern, Magnolia, Maple, Marigold, Monterey Pine, Oaks, Pansy, Petunia, Peperomia, Philodendron, Phlox, Photinia, Pines, Pinks, Pittosporum, Pieris, Poinsettia, Pothos, Primrose, Prostrate Rosemary, Rhododendron, Roses, Salvia, Schefflera, Sedum, Sempervivum, Snapdragon, Spathiphyllum, Taxus media, Spruces, Sycamore, Verbena, Vinca, White Cedar, White Pine, Zinnia, Zygocactus, etc.

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Do not exceed the use rates or apply more frequently than the specified interval or plant injury can occur. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not apply FOSPHITE foliarly to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20 day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours

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Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar Spray	1/3 to 2/3 fluid ounce/gallon of	Apply diluted solution to thoroughly wet
Phytophthora	1 2	water	foliage. Apply at 2-3 week intervals and
Fusarium		(2.5-5 milliliters/ L of water).	repeat as needed. Do not apply Fosphite
Pythium			at intervals less than 3 days.
Rhizoctonia	Soil Drench	3-6 fluid ounce/25 gallon of	Apply 1-2 pts. of diluted solution per sq.
Fire Blight		water or 1/8 to ½ fluid ounce per	foot. Adjust volume as needed to
(Erwinia amylovora)		gallon of water (1-2 L/1000 L of	thoroughly wet media. Apply at 2-3
[†]Xanthomonas spp		water).	week intervals and repeat as needed. Do
Anthracnose			not apply Fosphite at intervals less than
Root Rot			3 days.
Soft Rot	Soil Incorporation	½ to 1 pint per ½ cubic yard	Mix ½ to 1 pint of Fosphite with enough
Brown Rot		(150-300 milliliters / ½ cubic	water to wet one cubic yard of soil; mix
Foot Rot		meter).	immediately before potting. If
Crown/Collar Rot			conditions are favorable for disease
Pink Rot			development, make additional
Heart Rot			applications as a foliar spray or soil
Red Stele			drench.
Leather Rot	Root Dip	½ to 1 pint per ½ cubic yard	Dip transplants into diluted solution of
		(150-300 milliliters / ½ cubic	Fosphite to thoroughly wet plant root
		meter).	mass immediately before transplanting.
			Keep roots submerged for 1 to 2 minutes
Downy Mildew	Foliar Spray	1/3 to 2/3 fluid ounce/ gallon of	Apply diluted solution to thoroughly wet
Powdery Mildew		water (2.5-5 milliliters/ L of	foliage. Apply at 2-3 week intervals and
Canker		water).	repeat as needed. Do not apply Fosphite
Purple Blotch			at intervals less than 3 days.
Late Blight			
Blue Mold			
Fruit/Foliar Rot			

[†Not registered for use in CA]

TURF

FOSPHITE is a systemic fungicide, which is used for the control of Pythium blight, Summer Complex (Bermuda and others), Dollar Spot, Grey Leaf Spot, Brown Patch, Anthracnose and damping-off diseases to turf grasses. Begin preventative applications when conditions first favor disease and repeat at directed intervals. Use higher rates under severe disease conditions.

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Pythium spp	Foliar Spray	2-3 fluid ounces/1,000 square	Apply amount in minimum of 2 gal. of
(including Yellow		feet	water per 1,000 sq. ft. Apply at 7 to 21
Turf)		(50-90 milliliters/100 square	day intervals as needed. Do not mow or
Rhizoctonia		meters).	irrigate treated areas until sprays have
Sclerotinia			completely dried.
Helminthosporium			
Alternaria			
Anthracnose			
(Colletotrichum			
graminicola)			
Acidovorax			
[†]Algae			
[†]Cercospora			
[†]Fusarium			
[†]Phytophthora			
[†]Xanthomonas			
[†]Bacterial Wilt			
[†]Gray Snow Mold			
[†]Pink Snow Mold			

[†Not registered for use in CA]

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE: Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Store in original container in a cool, dry place.

CONTAINER HANDLING: If empty: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse this container. Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

CALIFORNIA APPROVED USES

FOR USE ON:

GARDEN CROPS FOR THE CONTROL OF PHYTOPHTHORA, PYTHIUM, AND DOWNEY MILDEW:

Almond, Apple, Apricot, Artichoke, Asparagus, Avocado, Baby Lettuce, Banana, Beet, Blackberry, Blueberry, Broadbean, Cane Berries, Carrot, Cherry, Chestnut, Chilies, Cinchona, Cinnamon, Citrus, Cole Crops, Corn, Cranberry, Crucifers, Cucurbits, Dates, Dry Beans, Eggplant, Fresh beans, Garlic, Grapes, Kiwi, Lettuce, Lima Beans, Macadamia, Melons, Mint, Nectarine, Nut Crops, Nutmeg, Okra, Olive, Onion, Papaya, Peach, Peanut, Pear, Peas, Peppers, Pineapple, Plum, Pome Fruit, Potato, Prune, Raspberry, Rhubarb, Root crops, Rosemary, Spinach, Squash, Strawberry, String Beans, Stone Fruit, Sugarbeet, Sunflower, Tomato, Walnut.

ORNAMENTALS FOR THE CONTROL OF PHYTOPHTHORA, PYTHIUM, AND DOWNEY MILDEW:

Aglaonema, Aphelandra, Arborvitae, Azaleas, Bougainvilles, Boxwood, Cattelya skinneri, Ceznothus, Cotomeaster, Cissus, Diffenbachia, Dogwood, Ficus Hibiscus, Japanese Holly, Juniper, Leather-leaf Fern, Monterey Pine, Peperomia, Photinia, Pittosporum, Philodendron, Pieris, Pothos, Rhododendron, Roses, Schefflera, Sedum, Sempervivum, Spathiphyllum, Taxus media, White Cedar, White Pine, Zygocactus.

BEDDING PLANTS FOR THE CONTROL OF PHYTOPHTHORA, PYTHIUM, AND DOWNEY MILDEW:

Algerian Ivy, Anthurium, Artemesia, Baby's Breath, Caladium, Carnation, Chrysanthemum, Coleus, Columbine, Daisy, Easter Lily, English Ivy, Foxglove, Gaillardia, Geranium, Gloxinia, Marigold, Petunia, Pinks, Poinsettia, Primrose, Prostrate Rosemary, Salvia, Verbena, Zinnia.

CONIFERS FOR CONTROL OF PHYTOPHTHORA: Douglas fir, Spruce, Pines, and other conifers.

TURF FOR CONTROL OF PYTHIUM (YELLOW TURF) AND SUMMER STRESS COMPLEX.

NOTICE TO BUYER

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To the extent permitted by applicable law, the manufacturer's or seller's total liability shall be for damages not exceeding the cost of the product. If you do not agree with or do not accept any of directions for use, the warranty disclaimers, or limitations on liability, do not use the product, and return it unopened to the Seller, and the purchase price will be refunded.

D: SUBLABEL – COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS: FOR COMMERCIAL APPLICATORS SUBJECT TO WORKER PROTECTION STANDARD (POST-HARVEST CITRUS APPLICATIONS ONLY)

FOSPHITE FUNGICIDE (ALTERNATE BRAND NAME – CITRUS GARD)

A FUNGICIDE FOR POST-HARVEST CONTROL OF PENICILLIUM DIGITATUM (GREEN MOLD), PENICILLIUM ITALICUM (BLUE MOLD) AND PHYTOPHTHORA SPP. (BROWN ROT ON CITRUS FRUIT).

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: Mono- and dipotassium salts of Phosphorous Acid*	
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	
TOTAL)

^{*}Contains 6.22 lbs./gallon of active ingredients, mono- and dipotassium salts of Phosphorous Acid. Equivalent to 3.90 lbs. Phosphorous Acid/gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

See side (or back) panel for First Aid and additional precautionary statements.

NET CONTENTS: 1 pint (0.473 liters)

1 quart (0.946 liters) 1 gallon (3.785 liters) 2 1/2 gallons (9.463 liters) 5 gallons (18.925 liters)

MANUFACTURED BY:

JH Biotech, Inc. 4951 Olivas Park Dr. Ventura, CA 93003 EPA Reg. No. 68573-2 EPA Est. No. 68573-CA001

	FIRST AID STATEMENTS
If in eyes	·Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. ·Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. ·Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact the National Pesticide Information Center (NPIC) at 1-800-858-7378 for emergency medical treatment information.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks and protective eyewear. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining personal protective equipment (PPE). If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

- Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read entire label before using this product.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other person, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the State or Tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS:

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Workers Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, shoes, chemical resistant gloves and protective eyewear.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REOUIREMENTS

The requirements of this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

Directions and General Recommendations for Post-Harvest Citrus Application

FOSPHITE is used for post-harvest control of Penicillium digitatum (green mold), Penicillium italicum (blue mold), and Phythophthora spp. (brown rot) on citrus fruits.

FOSPHITE is formulated for aqueous application only as spray, dip, wash, or drench. Use as directed. FOSPHITE has curative and preventative action and should be integrated into an overall disease management program within each packinghouse. FOSPHITE is compatible with some fertilizers and fungicides. Applying FOSPHITE with certain other agricultural chemicals may cause fruit injury. To avoid undesirable fruit injury, do not apply without assessing its safety to the fruit. It is not possible to test all material combinations and environmental tank mix combinations. FOSPHITE is a slightly acidic buffer solution. Avoid mixing FOSPHITE with strongly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not tank mix without first testing the mixture's compatibility with other agricultural chemicals. Prior to tank mixing FOSPHITE, conduct a jar test to see any compatibility problems. Separation, globules, sludge, flakes or other precipitates are indicative of physical incompatibility. Physical compatibility is indicated if the combination remains mixed or can be mixed readily.

Dose recommendations

In dip, wash tanks, and drenchers, apply FOSPHITE at a rate of 1.2-3.5 gallons of product per 100 gallons of water. Ensure thorough coverage of treated fruit. Periodically check the treatment solution to ensure the proper concentration of the active ingredient. Once treated, allow fruit to air dry. Repeated applications of FOSPHITE may be necessary.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in original container in a cool, dry place.

Pesticide Disposal: To avoid waste, use all material in this container by application according to label directions. If wastes cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste disposal facility or pesticide disposal program (often such programs are run by state or local governments or by industry).

CONTAINER HANDLING IF EMPTY:

For plastic containers equal to or less than 5 gallons:

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration. Or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

For metal containers equal to or less than 5 gallons:

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or a mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities

For plastic or metal bulk containers:

Refillable Container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. Pressure rinsing of the container with water is recommended. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or a mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Clean the container before final disposal. Return to point of sale, or offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

[Optional] Triple Rinse as follows: Empty remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ½ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

If partly filled: Call your solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

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To the extent permitted by applicable law, the manufacturer's or seller's total liability shall be for damages not exceeding the cost of the product. If you do not agree with or do not accept any of directions for use, the warranty disclaimers, or limitations on liability, do not use the product, and return it unopened to the Seller, and the purchase price will be refunded.