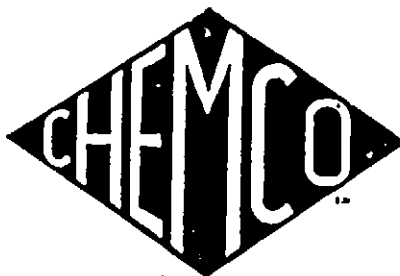


PM-32

Reg # 68566-1

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SPECIALTY CHEMICALS

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:  
 Sodium Hypochlorite.....12.5%  
 INERT INGREDIENTS.....87.5%  
 100%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT (FIRST AID): If on skin, wash with plenty of water, if in eyes, flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention. If swallowed, drink large amounts of water. Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in a cool, dry area away from direct sunlight. In case of spill, flood area with large quantities of water. Rinse empty container thoroughly with water and either return to manufacturer or discard by placing in trash collection. Product or rinsate that cannot be used should be diluted with water and disposed of in a sanitary sewer. Do not contaminate food or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment.

See additional precautions on side panel.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

IT IS A VIOLATION OF FEDERAL LAW TO USE  
 PRODUCT IN A MANNER INCONSISTENT  
 WITH ITS LABELING.

NOTE: This product degrades with age. Use a chlorine test kit and increase dosage as necessary, to obtain the required level of available chlorine.

SWIMMING POOL WATER DISINFECTION:

For a new pool or spring start-up, superchlorinate with 52 to 104 oz. of product for each 10,000 gallons of water to yield 5 to 10 PPM available chlorine by weight. Check the level of available chlorine with a reliable test kit. Adjust and maintain pool water pH between 7.2 to 7.6 at all times as determined by a reliable pH test kit. Adjust and maintain alkalinity of the pool to between 50 to 100 PPM at all times as determined by a reliable alkalinity test kit.

To maintain the pool, add manually or by a feeder device 11 oz. of this product for each 10,000 gallons of water to yield an available chlorine residual between 0.8 to 1.0 PPM by weight. Stabilized pools should maintain a residual of 1.0 to 1.5 PPM available chlorine. Test the pH, available chlorine residual and alkalinity of the water frequently with appropriate test kits. Frequency of water treatment will depend upon temperature and number of swimmers.

Every 7 days, or as necessary, superchlorinate the pool with 52 to 104 oz. of product for each 10,000 gallons of water to yield 5 to 10 PPM available chlorine by weight. Check the level of available chlorine with a test kit. Do not reenter the pool until the chlorine residual is between 1.0 to 3.0 PPM.

At the end of the swimming pool season or when water is drained from the pool, chlorine must be allowed to dissipate from treated pool water before discharge. Do not chlorinate pool within 24 hours prior to discharge.

Winterizing pools: While water is still clear and clean, apply 3 oz. of product per 1000 gallons, while filter is running, to obtain a 3 PPM available chlorine residual, as determined by a suitable test kit. Cover pool, prepare heater, filter and heater components for winter by following manufacturer's instructions.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER: Corrosive, may cause severe skin irritation or chemical burns to broken skin. Causes eye damage. May be fatal if swallowed. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wear goggles or face shield and rubber gloves when handling this product. Wash after handling. Avoid breathing vapors. Vacate poorly ventilated areas as soon as possible. Do not return until odors have dissipated.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or public waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS..

STRONG OXIDIZING AGENT: Mix only with water according to label directions. Mixing this product with gross filth such as feces, urine, etc., or with ammonia, acids, detergents or other chemicals will release hazardous gases irritating to eyes, lungs and mucous membranes.

Produced by  
 Chemco, Inc.  
 10133 Pin Oak Lane  
 Berlin, Maryland 21811

EPA Registration \_\_\_\_\_  
 EPA Establishment \_\_\_\_\_

ACCEPTED  
 JUN 20 1995  
 Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and  
 Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the  
 pesticide registered under  
 EPA Reg. No. 68566-1

BEST COPY AVAILABLE