68467-2 11/8/2005

J1B / Herculex I / Amend / 06-22-05

Page 1

Herculex* I **Insect Protection**

Pure form of the plant-incorporated protectant, Bacillus thuringiensis subsp. aizawai delta endotoxin protein as produced in corn cells. For control of European corn borer, Black cutworm, Fall armyworm, Southwestern corn borer, Corn earworm, Western bean cutworm, Lesser Corn Stalk Borer, Southern Corn Stalk Borer and Sugarcane Borer.

Active Ingredient:

Bacillus thuringiensis Cry1F protein and the genetic material necessary for its production (plasmid insert PHI8999) in corn.....<0.0010 - 0.235%

Other Ingredient:

Substance produced by a marker gene and its controlling Sequences in corn.....<0.0020%

*% total protein on a dry wt. basis as expressed in corn plant cells (whole plant)

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

EPA REG. NO.: 68467-2

EPA ESTABLISHMENT NUMBER: 029964-IA-001

Mycogen Seeds c/o Dow AgroSciences LLC 9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268

*Trademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC

ACCEPTED

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling.

The subject registration automatically expires at midnight on October 15, 2008.

The plant-incorporated protectant product should be used as specified in the terms and conditions of the registration.

Corn has been transformed to express a Bacillus thuringiensis subsp. aizawai (B.t.a.) deltaendotoxin protein for control of the European corn borer (Ostrinia nubilalis) and other lepidopteran pests.

Routine applications of insecticides to control European corn borer are unnecessary when corn containing the *B.t.a.* delta-endotoxin protein is planted.

Growers are instructed to read information on insect resistance management. The following information regarding commercial production must be included in the grower guides for cotton and non-cotton growing areas:

Corn-Belt/Non-Cotton Growing Areas

For Cry1F field corn grown outside cotton-growing areas (e.g., the Corn Belt), growers must adhere to the following refuge requirements.

- Growers must plant a structured refuge of at least 20% non-Bt corn and/or non-lepidopteran resistant Bt corn which may be treated with insecticides as needed to control lepidopteran stalk-boring and other pests.
- Refuge planting options include: separate fields, blocks within fields (e.g., along the edges or headlands), and strips across the field.
- External refuges must be planted within 1/2 mile (1/4 mile or closer preferred).
- When planting the refuge in strips across the field, refuges must be at least 4 rows wide, preferably 6 rows wide.
- Insecticide treatments for of control ECB, CEW, Southwestern corn borer (SWCB), fall
 armyworm (FAW), black cutworm (BCW), Western bean cutworm (WBCW), Lesser Corn
 Stalk Borer, Southern Corn Stalk Borer and Sugarcane Borer may be applied only if
 economic thresholds are reached for one or more of these target pests. Economic thresholds
 will be determined using methods recommended by local or regional professionals (e.g.,
 Extension Service agents, crop consultants). Microbial Bt insecticides must not be applied to
 non-Bt corn and/or non-lepidopteran resistant Bt corn refuges.

Cotton-Growing Area Refuge Requirements for Bt Corn

For Bt field corn grown in cotton-growing areas:

- Growers must plant a structured refuge of at least 50% non-Bt corn and/or non-lepidopteran
 resistant Bt corn that may be treated with insecticides as needed to control lepidopteran
 stalk-boring and other pests.
- Refuge planting options include: separate fields, blocks within fields (e.g., along the edges or headlands), and strips across the field.
- External refuges must be planted within 1/2 mile (1/4 mile or closer preferred).
- When planting the refuge in strips across the field, refuges must be at least 4 rows wide, preferably 6 rows wide.
- Insecticide treatments for control of ECB, CEW, Southwestern corn borer (SWCB), fall armyworm (FAW), black cutworm (BCW), Western bean cutworm (WBCW), Lesser Corn Stalk Borer, Southern Corn Stalk Borer and Sugarcane Borer may be applied only if

- economic thresholds are reached for one or more of these target pests. Economic thresholds will be determined using methods recommended by local or regional professionals (e.g., Extension Service agents, crop consultants). Microbial *Bt* insecticides must not be applied to non-*Bt* corn and/or non-lepidopteran resistant *Bt* corn refuges.
- Cotton-growing areas include the following states: Alabama, Arkansas, Georgia, Florida, Louisiana, North Carolina, Mississippi, South Carolina, Oklahoma (only the counties of Beckham, Caddo, Comanche, Custer, Greer, Harmon, Jackson, Kay, Kiowa, Tillman, Washita), Tennessee (only the counties of Carroll, Chester, Crockett, Dyer, Fayette, Franklin, Gibson, Hardeman, Hardin, Haywood, Lake, Lauderdale, Lincoln, Madison, Obion, Rutherford, Shelby, and Tipton), Texas (except the counties of Carson, Dallam, Hansford, Hartley, Hutchinson, Lipscomb, Moore, Ochiltree, Roberts, and Sherman), Virginia (only the counties of Dinwiddie, Franklin City, Greensville, Isle of Wight, Northampton, Southampton, Suffolk City, Surrey, Sussex) and Missouri (only the counties of Dunkin, New Madrid, Pemiscot, Scott, Stoddard).

CROP	INSECTS CONTROLLED
Field corn	Black cutworm
	Corn earworm
	European corn borer
	Fall armyworm
	Southwestern corn borer
	Western bean cutworm
	Lesser Corn Stalk Borer
	Southern Corn Stalk Borer
	Sugarcane Borer

EPA Accepted: __/_/_