



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY  
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

November 23, 2021

Andrea Burns  
Regulatory Manager  
Syngenta Seeds, LLC – Field Crops – NAFTA  
9 Davis Drive  
Research Triangle Park, NC 27709

Subject: Labeling Notification per Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10– Addition of an alternate brand name and addition and removal of pests controlled or suppressed

Product Name: Bt11 × MIR604 × TC1507 × 5307 Corn  
EPA Registration Number: 67979-24  
OPP Case Number: 00331089  
Application Date: October 15, 2021

Dear Ms. Burns:

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is in receipt of your applications for notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 for the above referenced products. The Biopesticides and Pollution Prevention Division (BPPD) has conducted a review of these requests for applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the actions requested fall within the scope of PRN 98-10.

The labeling submitted with the applications have been stamped “Notification” and will be placed in our records. You must submit one (1) copy of the final printed labeling with the modifications for each product.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to your company’s website on your labels, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) and is subject to review by the EPA. If the website is false or misleading, the product will be considered to be misbranded and sale or distribution of the product is unlawful under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR § 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements the EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product’s label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the EPA find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA-approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA’s Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance.

If you have any questions, please contact Michael Glikes of my team by phone at (202) 566-1461 or via email at [glikes.michael@epa.gov](mailto:glikes.michael@epa.gov).

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Alan Reynolds', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

Alan Reynolds, Team Leader  
Emerging Technologies Branch  
Biopesticides and Pollution  
Prevention Division (7511P)  
Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure

The applicant has certified that no changes, other than those reported to the Agency have been made to the labeling. The Agency acknowledges this notification by letter dated:

11/23/2021

**Plant-incorporated Protectant Label**

**Bt11 × MIR604 × TC1507 × 5307 Corn**

**Alternate Brand Names:**

**Agrisure Duracade® 5122 Refuge Renew™**

**Agrisure Duracade® 5122A Refuge Renew™**

**Duracade® Refuge Renew™**

OECD Unique Identifier: SYN-BT011-1 × SYN-IR604-5 × DAS-1507-1 × SYN-05307-1

This product is effective in controlling corn leaf, stalk, ear, and root feeding damage caused by lepidopteran and corn rootworm pests.

**Active Ingredients:**

*Bacillus thuringiensis* Cry1Ab protein and the genetic material necessary for its production (via elements of vector pZO1502) in Bt11 corn (SYN-BT011-1) ..... ≤0.00460%\*

*Bacillus thuringiensis* mCry3A protein and the genetic material necessary for its production (via elements of vector pZM26) in MIR604 corn (SYN-IR604-5) ..... ≤0.00041%\*

*Bacillus thuringiensis* Cry1F protein and the genetic material necessary for its production (via elements of vector PHP8999) in TC1507 corn (DAS-01507-1) ..... ≤0.00103%\*

*Bacillus thuringiensis* eCry3.1Ab protein and the genetic material necessary for its production (via elements of vector pSYN12274) in 5307 corn (SYN- 05307-1) ..... ≤0.00335%\*

**Other Ingredients:**

Phosphinothricin acetyltransferase marker protein and the genetic material necessary for its production (via elements of vector pZO1502) in Bt11 corn (SYN-BT011-1) and (via elements of vector PHP8999) in TC1507 corn (DAS-01507-1) ..... ≤0.00022%\*

Phosphomannose isomerase marker protein and the genetic material necessary for its production (via elements of vector pZM26) in MIR604 corn (SYN-IR604-5) and (via elements of vector pSYN12274) in 5307 corn (SYN- 05307-1) ..... ≤0.00132%\*

\*Percent (wt/wt) of whole plant on a dry weight basis

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN  
CAUTION**

EPA Registration No. 67979-24  
EPA Establishment No. 66736-NC-01

Syngenta Seeds, LLC – Field Crops – NAFTA  
9 Davis Drive  
Research Triangle Park, NC 27709

## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with this labeling.

This plant-incorporated protectant may be combined through conventional breeding with other registered plant-incorporated protectants that are similarly approved for use in combination, through conventional breeding, with other registered plant-incorporated protectants to produce inbred corn lines and hybrid corn varieties with combined pesticidal traits.

All seed corn that contains the plant-incorporated protectant sold or distributed by Syngenta Seeds, LLC or its distributors must be accompanied by informational material (e.g. a bag tag) indicating the registration number and the active ingredients, and stipulating that growers read the Syngenta Stewardship Guide (or equivalent guidance) prior to planting the seed. The refuge size requirement must be displayed on the seed bag or bag tag in both text and graphic format.

### Insects Controlled or Suppressed

Field corn has been genetically transformed to produce the insecticidal proteins, Cry1Ab, mCry3A, Cry1F, and eCry3.1Ab for control or suppression of the following coleopteran and lepidopteran insects:

European corn borer (*Ostrinia nubilalis*)  
Southwestern corn borer (*Diatraea grandiosella*)  
Southern cornstalk borer (*Diatraea crambidoides*)  
Corn earworm (*Helicoverpa zea*)  
Fall armyworm (*Spodoptera frugiperda*)  
Black cutworm (*Agrotis ipsilon*)  
Western bean cutworm (*Striacosta albicosta*)  
Sugarcane borer (*Diatraea saccharalis*)  
Lesser cornstalk borer (*Elasmopalpus lignosellus*)  
Common stalk borer (*Papaipema nebris*)  
~~True armyworm (*Pseudaletia unipuncta*)~~  
Western corn rootworm (*Diabrotica virgifera virgifera*)  
Northern corn rootworm (*Diabrotica barberi*)  
Mexican corn rootworm (*Diabrotica virgifera zea*)  
Beet armyworm (*Spodoptera exigua*)

### Insect Resistance Management

The following information regarding commercial production of Bt11 × MIR604 × TC1507 × 5307 corn must be included in the Syngenta Stewardship Guide (or equivalent). Growers must plant a refuge when using this product. Grower agreements (also known as stewardship agreements) will specify that growers must adhere to the refuge requirements as described in the Syngenta Stewardship guide/product use guide and/or in supplements to the Stewardship guide. Growers have two options for deployment of the refuge:

## Refuge Option 1

The first option is planting a common refuge for both corn borers and corn rootworms. The common refuge must be planted with corn hybrids that do not contain Bt technologies for the control of corn pests. The refuge area must represent at least 5% (or 20% in cotton growing regions) of the grower's corn acres (*i.e.*, sum of Bt11 × MIR604 × TC1507 × 5307 corn acres and refuge acres). It must be planted as a block adjacent to the Bt11 × MIR604 × TC1507 × 5307 corn field, perimeter strips, or in-field strips. If perimeter or in-field strips are implemented, the strips must be at least four consecutive rows wide. If the common refuge is planted on rotated ground, then Bt11 × MIR604 × TC1507 × 5307 corn must also be planted on rotated ground. If the common refuge is planted in continuous corn, the Bt11 × MIR604 × TC1507 × 5307 corn field may be planted on either continuous or rotated land.

The common refuge can be treated with a soil-applied or seed-applied insecticide to control rootworm larvae and other soil pests. The refuge can also be treated with a non-Bt foliar insecticide for control of late season pests, if pest pressure reaches an economic threshold for damage; however, if rootworm adults are present at the time of foliar applications, then the Bt11 × MIR604 × TC1507 × 5307 corn field must be treated in a similar manner. Economic thresholds will be determined using methods recommended by local or regional professionals (*e.g.*, Extension Service agents or crop consultants). Pests other than adult corn rootworms can be treated with an appropriate pest-labeled insecticide on the common refuge acres without treating the Bt11 × MIR604 × TC1507 × 5307 corn acres only if treatment occurs when adult corn rootworms are not present. Pests on the Bt11 × MIR604 × TC1507 × 5307 corn acres can be treated as needed without having to treat the common refuge.

## Refuge Option 2

The second option is planting separate refuge areas for corn borers and corn rootworms. The corn borer refuge must be planted with a non-Bt/lepidopteran-protected hybrid, must represent at least 5% (or 20% in cotton growing regions) of the grower's corn acres (*i.e.*, sum of Bt11 × MIR604 × TC1507 × 5307 corn acres and corn borer refuge acres), and must be planted within ½ mile of the Bt11 × MIR604 × TC1507 × 5307 corn field. Refuge planting options include separate fields, blocks within fields (*e.g.*, along the edges or headlands), perimeter strips, or in-field strips. If perimeter or in-field strips are implemented, the strips must be at least four consecutive rows wide. The corn borer refuge can be treated with a soil-applied or seed-applied insecticide for corn rootworm larval control or a non-Bt foliar-applied insecticide for corn borer control, if pest pressure reaches an economic threshold for damage. Economic thresholds will be determined using methods recommended by local or regional professionals (*e.g.*, Extension Service agents or crop consultants).

The corn rootworm refuge cannot be planted with a corn rootworm-protected Bt hybrid, but can be planted with a non-Bt hybrid or a Bt corn hybrid that controls corn borers. The corn rootworm refuge must represent at least 5% (or 20% in cotton growing regions) of the grower's corn acres (*i.e.*, sum Bt11 × MIR604 × TC1507 × 5307 corn acres and rootworm refuge acres) and must be planted as an adjacent block, perimeter strips, or in-field strips. If perimeter or in-field strips are implemented, the strips must be at least four consecutive rows wide. If the rootworm refuge is planted on rotated ground, then Bt11 × MIR604 × TC1507 × 5307 corn must also be planted on rotated ground. If the rootworm refuge is planted in continuous corn, the Bt11 × MIR604 ×

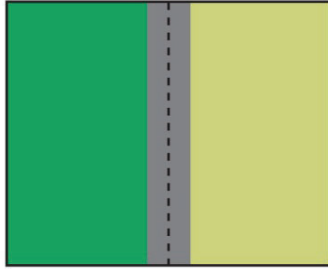
TC1507 × 5307 cornfield may be planted on either continuous or rotated land. More generally, the corn rootworm refuge should utilize comparable agronomic practices as the Bt11 × MIR604 × TC1507 × 5307 corn acres. The corn rootworm refuge can be treated with a soil-applied or seed-applied insecticide to control rootworm larvae and other soil pests. The refuge can also be treated with a non-Bt foliar insecticide for control of late season pests; however, if rootworm adults are present at the time of foliar applications, then the Bt11 × MIR604 × TC1507 × 5307 corn field must be treated in a similar manner. Pests other than adult corn rootworms can be treated on the rootworm refuge acres without treating the Bt11 × MIR604 × TC1507 × 5307 corn acres only if treatment occurs when adult corn rootworms are not present or if a pesticide without activity against adult corn rootworms is used. Pests on the Bt11 × MIR604 × TC1507 × 5307 corn acres can be treated as needed without having to treat the rootworm refuge.

**Cotton-Growing Areas Requiring 20% Refuge Corn**

<b>State</b>	<b>Counties Identified by EPA as Cotton-Growing Areas</b>				
Alabama	All Counties				
Arkansas	All Counties				
Florida	All Counties				
Georgia	All Counties				
Louisiana	All Counties				
Mississippi	All Counties				
Missouri	Dunklin	New Madrid	Pemiscot	Scott	Stoddard
North Carolina	All Counties				
Oklahoma	Beckham Harmon Washita	Caddo Jackson	Comanche Kay	Custer Kiowa	Greer Tillman
South Carolina	All Counties				
Tennessee	Carroll Franklin Lake Rutherford	Chester Gibson Lauderdale Shelby	Crockett Hardeman Lincoln Tipton	Dyer Hardin Madison	Fayette Haywood Obion
Texas	All counties with the exception of the following: Carson Lipscomb				
	Dallam Moore	Hansford Ochiltree	Hartley Roberts	Hutchinson Sherman	
Virginia	Dinwiddie Southampton	Franklin City Suffock City	Greensville Surrey	Isle of Wright Sussex	Northampton

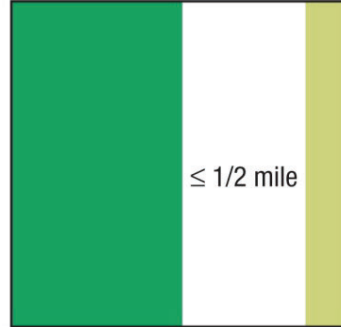
The following are schematics of the various refuge deployment options:

### Adjacent



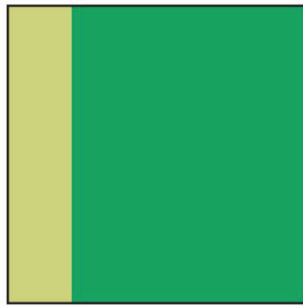
Can be separated by a road, path, ditch, etc., but not by another field.

### 1/2 Mile Option

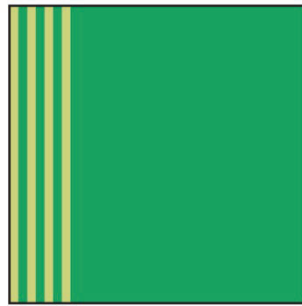


Corn Borer Refuge Option Only

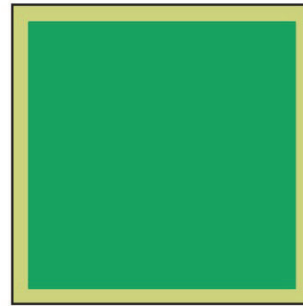
### Within



Block



Strips (Split Planter)



Perimeter

The following text and graphic indicating the refuge size requirement will appear on Bt11 × MIR604 × TC1507 × 5307 seed corn bags or bag tags.

**Important grower information.  
This hybrid requires you to plant:**



**For more information please refer  
to the Syngenta Stewardship Guide.**