



U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division (7505T)
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20460

EPA Reg. Number:

67690-109

Date of Issuance:

3/27/25

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

☒ Registration
☐ Reregistration
(under FIFRA, as amended)

Term of Issuance:

Unconditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

Camelot®XTR

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

SePRO Corporation
11550 N. Meridian St., suite 600
Carmel, IN 46032

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA).

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is unconditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(5) provided that you:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration/registration review of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.

Continues page 2

Signature of Approving Official:

Kristy Crews, Ph D., Product Manager 22
Fungicide Branch, Registration Division (7505T)

Date:

3/27/25

2. Make the following label changes before you release the product for shipment:
 - Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, "EPA Reg. No. 67690-109."
3. Submit one copy of the final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under FIFRA and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

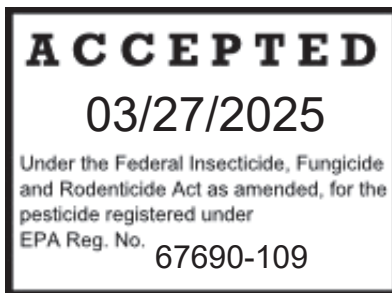
If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6. Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

The record for this product currently contains the following CSF(s):

- Basic CSF dated 03/11/2025

If you have any questions, please contact Elisha Graham graham.elisha@epa.gov.

Enclosure- Stamped Label



Camelot[®] XTR

Fungicide/Bactericide*

Camelot[®] XTR is a copper fungicide/bactericide product for fungal and bacterial disease control.

Active Ingredient

Copper Octanoate (Copper Soap, CAS Reg. No. 20543-04-8)** 10.0%

Other Ingredients 90.0%

Total 100.0%

**Metallic copper equivalent 1.8%

One gallon contains 0.16 lbs metallic copper equivalent

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION / PRECAUCIÓN

Refer to label booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use including First Aid and Storage and Disposal.

Notice: Read the entire label before using. Use only according to label directions. **Before buying or using this product, read *Warranty Disclaimer* and *Misuse* statements in label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once, unopened.**

EPA Reg. No. 67690-XX
FPL20250115

EPA Est. No. _____
[P/N] _____

* Non-public health bacteria

[®] Camelot is a registered trademark of SePRO Corporation.

SePRO Corporation 11550 N. Meridian Street, Suite 600 Carmel, IN 46032, U.S.A.

{Note to Reviewer: This master label is comprised of 2 sub-labels. Sub-label A is for residential use. Sub-label B is for commercial agricultural use.}



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Fungicide/Bactericide*

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SePRO Corporation 11550 N. Meridian Street, Suite 600 Carmel, IN 46032, U.S.A.

Flowable Liquid Copper Fungicide

Net contents _____ (Non-refillable)

[Sub-label A: Label Booklet]

FIRST AID	
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Take off contaminated clothing.• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
HOTLINE NUMBER	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call INFOTRAC at 1-800-535-5053 .	

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Caution. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates and may contaminate water through runoff. This product has a potential for runoff for several months or more after application. Poorly draining soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to produce runoff that contains this product. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas.

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read and follow all applicable directions and precautions on this label before using.

Do not allow adults, children or pets to enter the treated area until sprays have dried. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact adults, children or pets, either directly or through drift.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

Shake well before use. Most conventional liquid pesticide plant sprayers can be used to apply Camelot XTR to plants. Mix 0.5 - 2.0 fluid ounces (1 - 4 tablespoons), 0.08 – 0.32 lb. Cu, of the product in a gallon of water. Unless otherwise stated in specific application notes, apply 1.1 - 2.3 gallons of diluted product per 1,000 ft².

For best control, start application before the disease is visible or when disease is first visible on the plant. Spray all plant parts thoroughly (top and bottom of leaves), and unless otherwise directed in the crop table, repeat every 7 to 10 days. See application notes for the specific crop application interval. If possible, time applications so that at least 12 hours of dry weather follows application. Reapply after rain, following crop specific application interval.

Hydroponic use: Apply as soon as disease appears, or as a preventive spray before disease appears. Apply as a foliar spray only. Do not apply directly to the water in hydroponic growing systems. Discarded water from hydroponic growing systems may be used in greenhouses and to water indoor and outdoor container plants and garden areas. Water from these systems is prohibited from being discarded directly into a water source.

When powdery mildew presence is expected on a plant, spray the plants at the minimum application interval during the first 2 weeks after emergence.

To control downy mildews, leaf and fruit spots, blights, and rust, begin treatment 2 weeks before disease normally appears or when weather forecasts predict a long period of wet weather. Alternatively, begin treatment when disease first appears, and repeat as long as needed.

To prevent fruit rots, apply at the start of flowering and unless otherwise directed in the crop table, repeat every 7 to 10 days until harvest. Fungicidal sprays are especially warranted when weather forecasts predict a long period of wet weather.

Ornamentals: Diseases Controlled, Listed by Plant		
Ornamental Plant	Common Name	Diseases Controlled
<i>Aechmea faciaa</i>	Urn plant, bromeliad	Anthrachnose leaf and fruit spot, Bacterial leaf spot and blight
<i>Aeschynanthus pulcher</i>	Lipstick vine	Botrytis blight, Leaf spot (fungal)
<i>Aglaonema</i> species	Chinese evergreen	Anthrachnose leaf and fruit spot, Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot (fungal), Rhizoctonia blight, Soft rot
<i>Anthurium</i> species	Tailflower	Anthrachnose leaf and fruit spot, Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot (fungal), Rhizoctonia blight, Soft rot
<i>Aphelandra squarrosa</i>	Zebra plant	Botrytis blight, Leaf spot (fungal), Rhizoctonia blight
<i>Araucaria heterophylla</i>	Norfolk Island pine	Colletotrichum needle blight
<i>Arecastrum romazoffianum</i>	Queen palm	Exosporium leaf spot, Phytophthora bud rot
<i>Asplenium nidus</i>	Bird's nest fern	Bacterial leaf spot and blight

Ornamentals: Diseases Controlled, Listed by Plant

Ornamental Plant	Common Name	Diseases Controlled
<i>Brassaia actinophylla</i>	Schefflera	Anthracnose leaf and fruit spot, Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot (fungal) Rhizoctonia blight
<i>Caladium</i> species	Caladium	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Rhizoctonia blight
<i>Calathea</i> species	Rattlesnake plant	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot (fungal)
<i>Caryota mitis</i>	Fishtail palm	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot (fungal)
<i>Chamaedorea</i> species	various palms	Leaf spot
<i>Chrysalidocarpus lutescens</i>	Areca palm	Leaf spot
<i>Cissus</i> species	Grape ivy	Anthracnose leaf and fruit spot, Botrytis blight, Downy mildew, Powdery mildew, Rhizoctonia blight
<i>Codiaeum variegatum</i>	Croton	Anthracnose leaf and fruit spot, Bacterial leaf spot and blight
<i>Cordyline terminalis</i>	Ti plant	Anthracnose leaf and fruit spot, Leaf spot (fungal)
<i>Chryptanthus</i> species	Bromeliad, earthstar	Anthracnose leaf and fruit spot
<i>Dieffenbachia</i> species	Dieffenbachia	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot (fungal) Rhizoctonia blight
<i>Dracaena</i> species	Dracaena, Corn plant	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Botrytis blight, Leaf spot (fungal)
<i>Epipremnum aureum</i>	Pothos, Devil's ivy	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Rhizoctonia blight
<i>Euphorbia milii</i>	Euphorbia	Rhizoctonia blight
<i>Fatsia japonica</i>	Japanese fatsia	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot (fungal) Rhizoctonia blight
<i>Ficus benjamina</i>	Weeping fig	Leaf spot (fungal)
<i>Ficus elastica</i>	India-rubber tree	Leaf spot (fungal), Botrytis blight
<i>Fittonia verschaffeltii</i>	Nerve plant	Rhizoctonia blight
<i>Hedra helix</i>	English ivy	Anthracnose leaf and fruit spot, Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Botrytis blight, Leaf spot (fungal), Rhizoctonia blight
<i>Hoya carnos</i>	Wax plant	Botrytis blight, Leaf spot (fungal), Rhizoctonia blight
<i>Maranta leuconeura</i>	Prayer plant	Leaf spot (fungal)
<i>Monstera deliciosa</i>	Swiss cheese plant	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Anthracnose leaf and fruit spot, Rhizoctonia blight, Soft rot
<i>Nephrolepis exaltata</i>	Boston fern	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Botrytis blight, Rhizoctonia blight
<i>Peperomia</i> species	Peperomia	Leaf spot (fungal), Rhizoctonia blight

Ornamentals: Diseases Controlled, Listed by Plant		
Ornamental Plant	Common Name	Diseases Controlled
<i>Philodendron</i> species	Philodendron	Anthrachnose leaf and fruit spot, Botrytis blight, Leaf spot (fungal)
<i>Pilea</i> species	Aluminum plant	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Anthracnose leaf and fruit spot, Leaf spot (fungal), Rhizoctonia blight
<i>Platycerium bifurcatum</i>	Staghorn fern	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Rhizoctonia blight
<i>Polyscias</i> species	Aralia	Anthrachnose leaf and fruit spot, Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot (fungal)
<i>Rhapis</i> species	Ladyfinger palm	Leaf spot (fungal)
<i>Rhoeo spathacea</i>	Oyster plant	Leaf spot (fungal)
<i>Saintpaulia ionantha</i>	African violet	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Botrytis blight, Leaf spot (fungal), Powdery mildew
<i>Sansevieria triafasciata</i>	Snake plant	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot (fungal)
<i>Schefflera arboricola</i>	Dwarf Schefflera	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot (fungal)
<i>Schlumbergera</i> species	Cactus	Leaf spot (fungal)
<i>Sedum</i> species	Sedum	Leaf spot (fungal)
<i>Spathiphyllum</i> species	Spathe flower	Leaf spot (fungal), Rhizoctonia blight
<i>Syngonium podophyllum</i>	Nephthytis	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot (fungal), Rhizoctonia blight
<i>Yucca</i> species	yucca	Leaf spot (fungal)

ORNAMENTALS AND TURF

Use Restriction

- **DO NOT** use more than 391 fl. oz. of product/1000 ft² (21.25 lbs. Cu/acre) per year on turf or more than 373 fl. oz. of product/1000 ft² (20.27 lbs. Cu/acre) per year on ornamentals.

Use Precaution

- Camelot XTR may cause copper toxicity on some plant species. Before spraying a specific plant species make a test spray.

Crop	Diseases Controlled	Application Notes
Pine	Needle blight	Spray until needles are thoroughly wet with spray. Apply when new needles are just emerging.
Rose and Ornamental Shrubs (including; Crape Myrtle, Forsythia, Hydrangea, Willow, Mock- Orange, Deutzia, Pyracantha, Japanese quince, Abelia, Summersweet)	Blackspot, Downy mildew, Gray mold (Botrytis), Leafspots, Powdery mildew, Rust	May cause copper toxicity on some rose varieties. Copper toxicity appears as purple spots. For Black spot, mix 1.44 fl. oz. of this product per gallon of water. For Powdery Mildew, mix 1.08 fl. oz. of this product per gallon of water. In damp cool conditions (below 60°F) phytotoxicity is likely to occur.
Sycamore	Anthracnose leaf spot	Make first application just before buds begin to swell, and repeat twice, at 7-day intervals.
Turf	Ascochyta leaf blight, Cercospora leaf spots, Dollar spot	<p>Mix 1.5 - 6 fl. oz. with 2.5 gallons of water and apply to 1,000 ft². For best control, begin treatment 2 weeks before disease normally appears. Alternatively, begin treatment when disease first appears, and repeat at 10-day intervals for as long as needed.</p> <p>To reduce Ascochyta leaf blight mow less frequently, only as necessary to maintain specified height. Water before noon to allow grass to dry. Water thoroughly only as required to avoid moisture stress. Apply Camelot XTR when disease first appears, and repeat at 10-day intervals for as long as needed. In frequently diseased areas, prune adjacent trees and shrubs to reduce turf shading and to improve air movement.</p>
	Rust	To reduce rust mow frequently to reduce rust spore production. Water and fertilize lawn as required to avoid moisture and nutrient stress. Water before noon to allow grass to dry. Apply Camelot XTR when disease first appears, and repeat at 10 day intervals for as long as needed. In frequently diseased areas, prune adjacent trees and shrubs to reduce turf shading and to improve air movement.
	Algae	For best control, begin treatment 2 weeks before algae normally appear. Alternatively, begin treatment when disease first

		appears, and repeat at 10-day intervals for as long as needed.
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FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Crop	Diseases Controlled	Maximum Annual Rate (fl. oz. product per 1000 ft ²)	Application Notes
Bean, Pea	Anthrachnose leaf and fruit spot, Ascochyta leaf and pod spot, Bacterial blights (halo, common and brown spot), Downy mildew, Gray mold (Botrytis), Powdery mildew, White mold (Sclerotinia)	For beans: 88 fl. oz. For peas: 73 fl. oz.	Repeat application every 7-10 days if needed.
Beet, Sugar beet, Chard, Spinach	Cercospora leaf spot, Downy mildew, White rust, Powdery Mildew, Anthracnose blue mold	For beets: 146 fl. oz. For spinach and chard: 73 fl. oz.	Repeat application every 7-10 days if needed.
Carrots	Alternaria leaf blight, Bacterial leaf blight, Cercospora leaf blight	93 fl. oz.	Repeat application every 7-10 days if needed.
Celery and Celeriac	Bacterial leaf spot, Cercospora (early) blight, Septoria (late) blight	98 fl. oz.	Repeat application every 7-10 days if needed.
Citrus (Grapefruit, Lemon, Lime, Kumquat, Orange, Pummelo, Tangerine)	Melanose spot, greasy spot, citrus scab, Alternaria brown spot, citrus canker, <i>Phytophthora</i> brown rot, and <i>Septoria</i> .	235 fl. oz.	Repeat application every 14 days if needed. May cause phytotoxicity if conditions are conducive, when mixed with other products, or when applied to citrus seedlings grown in greenhouses or shadehouses.

Corn	Alternaria blight, Anthracnose, Ascochyta leaf and pod spot, Bacterial blights (halo, common, and brown spot), Bacterial leaf spot, Downy mildew, Gray mold, Southern leaf blight, Cercospora leaf blight, Common or Southern Rust, Gray Leaf Spot, Stewart's Wilt [†] , Bacterial Stalk Rot [†]	78 fl. oz.	Repeat application every 7-10 days if needed.
Crucifer Crops (Bok Choy, Broccoli, Brussels sprouts, Canola, Cauliflower, Cabbage, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mustard, Pak-Choi, Rape, Rutabaga, Turnip)	Alternaria blight, Bacterial leaf spot, Downy mildew, Powdery mildew, White mold (Sclerotinia), Black rot	49 fl. oz.	Repeat application every 7-10 days if needed.
Cucurbits (Cucumbers, Honeydew, Muskmelon, Watermelon, Cantaloupe, Melons, Squash, Pumpkin, Zucchini)	Alternaria blight, Angular leaf spot, Anthracnose leaf and fruit spot, Downy mildew, Gray mold, Scab, Ulocladium leaf spot, Powdery mildew, Watermelon bacterial fruit blotch, Fruit blotch (suppression)	97 fl. oz.	For cucumbers grown in a greenhouse, apply every 5 days in the first 2 weeks after emergence, then reapply every 7 days.
Currant and Gooseberry	Anthracnose leaf and fruit spot,	298 fl. oz.	Repeat application every 7-10 days if needed.

	Phyllosticta, Septoria leaf spots, Powdery mildew		
Ginseng	Alternaria blight, Botrytis blight, Phytophthora, Powdery mildew	97 fl. oz.	Repeat application every 7- 10 days if needed.
Herbs (basil, chives, coriander, dill, lavender, mint, parsley, rosemary)	Anthrachnose, Alternaria blight, Bacterial Blight, Botrytis, Downy mildew, Leaf scorch, Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia Leaf blight	Dill: 73 fl. oz. Parsley: 37 fl. oz. Other listed Herbs: 49 fl. oz.	Repeat applications every 10 to 14 days if needed.
Grapes	Downy mildew, Black rot, Phomopsis Cane and Leaf Spot, Powdery mildew, Gray mold (Botrytis), ripe rot†	373 fl. oz.	Repeat application every 7- 10 days if needed. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DO NOT mix product with lime. Use Precaution <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Certain Vinifera and French Hybrid varieties may be sensitive to copper sprays resulting in marginal leaf burn. Before spraying these varieties, consult your State Experiment Station or make test sprays.
Hop	Anthrachnose leaf and fruit spot, Cercospora leaf spot, Downy mildew, Powdery mildew	49 fl. oz.	Repeat application every 10 days if needed
Lettuce, Chicory, Endive	Downy mildew, Septoria leaf spot, Powdery mildew, Bacterial soft rot and bottom rot	149 fl. oz.	Repeat application every 10 days if needed. Use lower rate when disease pressure is low or on copper sensitive varieties of lettuce.
Onion, Garlic, Leek, shallot	Botrytis leaf blight, Downy mildew, Neck rot, Bacterial soft rot, Purple blotch	112 fl. oz.	Repeat application every 7- 10 days if needed.

Peanuts	Sclerotinia blight, Leaf spots (early and late), web blotch	88 fl. oz.	Repeat application every 7-10 days if needed.
Pome Fruits (Apples, Pears, Quince)	Anthracnose, Cedar Apple Rust, Fireblight, Scab, Sooty Blotch, Flyspeck, Quince Rust, Blossom Blast, European Canker, Collar Rot, Crown Rot	298 fl. oz.	<p>For fireblight, apply in the dormant period, during bloom, or as in-season cover spray.</p> <p>Repeat application every 7 to 10 days during bloom and growing season if needed.</p> <p>USE RESTRICTIONS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT exceed one application during the fall, late dormant period. • DO NOT exceed one application between silver tip and green tip growth stages. • May cause russetting of susceptible apple varieties. DO NOT exceed 1 gallon of product per 100 gallons of water.
Blackberry, Blueberry, Raspberry	Gray mold (Botrytis), Mucor fruit rot, Rhizopus fruit rot, Anthracnose, Cane Spot, Leaf Spot, Pseudomonas Blight, Purple Blotch, Yellow Rust, Bacterial Canker	<p>Blueberry: 156 fl. oz.</p> <p>Blackberry and Raspberry: 186 fl. oz.</p>	Apply at the start of flowering and continue every 7 to 10 days until harvest.
Stone Fruit Trees (Almond, Apricot, Cherry, Nectarine, Peach, Plum)	Bacterial canker (<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i>), <i>Monolinia</i> brown rot and blossom blight, leaf and fruit spot, Bacterial leaf	335 fl. oz.	For bacterial canker, apply as a dormant spray as buds begin to swell, repeating at the bud burst stage, and weekly thereafter as needed, up to six sprays. In the fall spray again at 10 and 80% leaf fall. For

	spot, Bacterial Blast (<i>Pseudomonas</i>), black knot [†] (plum only)		brown rot blossom blight, apply full cover spray at delayed dormant (bud swell), popcorn, full bloom and petal fall stages. Repeat application every 7 to 10 days if needed.
	Anthracnose leaf and fruit spot, Coryneum blight, Peach leaf curl	335 fl. oz.	Apply as a dormant spray in late fall to before bud break. Repeat application every 7 to 10 days if needed.
Strawberry	Angular leaf spot, Leaf scorch, Mycosphaerella leaf spot, Phomopsis leaf blight, Powdery mildew, Septoria leaf spots	112 fl. oz.	Spray 1 month after planting (or before flowering on established plants). Repeat application every 7 to 10 days if needed. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none">• DO NOT apply more than 38 gallons product (6 lbs. Cu) per acre per year.
	Anthracnose fruit rot, Gray mold (Botrytis)	112 fl. oz.	Apply at the start of flowering and repeat application every 7 to 10 days until harvest. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none">• DO NOT apply more than 38 gallons product (6 lbs. Cu) per acre per year.
Tobacco	Blue Mold (Downy Mildew)	74 fl. oz.	Repeat application every 10 days if needed. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none">• DO NOT apply more than 25 gallons product (4 lbs. Cu) per acre per year.
Tomato, Potato, Eggplant, Pepper	Anthracnose leaf and fruit spot, Bacterial speck, Bacterial spot, Cercospora leaf spot, Early blight, Gray mold, Late blight, Leaf mold, Septoria leaf spot	Tomato: 149 fl. oz. Potato: 466 fl. oz. Eggplant: 147 fl. oz. Pepper: 221 fl. oz.	Repeat application every 7 to 10 days if needed. Use the 2 fl. oz. per gallon of water dilution rate for late blight.
Walnut	Blight	596 fl. oz.	Repeat application every 7 to 10 days if needed.

Avocado	Anthracnose, blotch, Scab	353 fl. oz.	Apply when blossom buds open. Repeat application every 14 to 30 days if needed.
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† Not Registered for Use by California

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Pesticide Storage: Store in a secure place, away from open fire or flame. Keep container closed and reseal after use. Product may be damaged by freezing. Do not store product below 4°C. If spilled, use absorbent materials and dispose of in an approved manner.

Pesticide Disposal and Container Handling

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

If empty: Place in trash or offer for recycling if available.

If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

Warranty Disclaimer: SePRO Corporation warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the product label. Testing and research have also determined that this product is reasonably fit for the uses described on the product label. To the extent consistent with applicable law, SePRO Corporation makes no other express or implied warranty of fitness or merchantability nor any other express or implied warranty and any such warranties are expressly disclaimed.

Misuse: Federal law prohibits the use of this product in a manner inconsistent with its label directions. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the buyer assumes responsibility for any adverse consequences if this product is not used according to its label directions. In no case shall SePRO Corporation be liable for any losses or damages resulting from the use, handling or application of this product in a manner inconsistent with its label.

For additional important labeling information regarding SePRO Corporation's Terms and Conditions of Use, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitation of Remedies, please visit <http://seprolabels.com/terms> or scan the image below.



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Total 100.0%

**Metallic copper equivalent 1.8%

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KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION / PRECAUCIÓN

FIRST AID	
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Take off contaminated clothing.• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
HOTLINE NUMBER	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call INFOTRAC at 1-800-535-5053 .	

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Caution. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Pesticide Storage: Store in a secure place, away from open fire or flame. Keep container closed and reseal after use. Product may be damaged by freezing. Do not store product below 4°C. If spilled, use absorbent materials and dispose of in an approved manner.

Pesticide Disposal and Container Handling

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

If empty: Place in trash or offer for recycling if available.

If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

Refer to label booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

Notice: Read the entire label before using. Use only according to label directions. **Before buying or using this product, read *Warranty Disclaimer* and *Misuse* statements in label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once, unopened.**

EPA Reg. No. 67690-XX
FPL20250115

EPA Est. No. _____
[P/N] _____

*Non-public health bacteria

®Camelot is a registered trademark of SePRO Corporation.

SePRO Corporation 11550 N. Meridian Street, Suite 600 Carmel, IN 46032, U.S.A.

Flowable Liquid Copper Fungicide

Net contents _____ (Non-refillable)



COPPER	GROUP	M1	FUNGICIDE
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Camelot[®] XTR

Fungicide/Bactericide*

Camelot[®] XTR is a copper fungicide/bactericide product for fungal and bacterial disease control.

Active Ingredient:

Copper Octanoate (Copper Soap, CAS Reg. No. 20543-04-8)** 10.0%

Other Ingredients 90.0%

Total 100.0%

**Metallic copper equivalent 1.8%

One gallon contains 0.16 lbs. metallic copper equivalent.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION / PRECAUCIÓN

Refer to label booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use including First Aid and Storage and Disposal.

Notice: Read the entire label before using. Use only according to label directions. **Before buying or using this product, read *Warranty Disclaimer* and *Misuse* statements in label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once, unopened.**

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Net contents _____ (Non-refillable)

[Sub-label B: Label booklet]

FIRST AID	
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Take off contaminated clothing.• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes.• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
HOTLINE NUMBER	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call INFOTRAC at 1-800-535-5053 .	

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Caution: Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants;
- Shoes plus socks; and
- Waterproof gloves

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent material that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with the product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms and may contaminate water through runoff. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water by disposal of equipment washwaters or rinsate. This product may contaminate water through runoff. Poorly draining soils with shallow water tables are more prone to produce runoff that contains this product. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a manner that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected workers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Read and follow all applicable directions and precautions on this label before using.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), restricted-entry interval, and notification to workers. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard (WPS).

Entry-Restrictions: Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval of 4 hours.

PPE required for early-entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, wear: long sleeved shirt, long pants, shoes, socks and waterproof gloves.

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170).

The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not enter treated area without footwear until sprays have dried.

Resistance Management

Camelot XTR contains a Group M1 fungicide. Any fungal population may contain individuals naturally resistant to this product and other Group M1 fungicides. A gradual or total loss of pest

control may occur over time if these fungicides are used repeatedly in the same area. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay fungicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of Camelot XTR or other Group M1 fungicides within a growing season with different groups that control the same pathogens.
- Use tank mixtures with fungicide from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the manufacturer.
- Adopt an integrated disease management program for fungicide use that includes scouting, uses historical information related to pesticide use, and which considers host plant resistance, impact of environmental conditions on disease development, disease thresholds, as well as cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.
- Where possible, make use of predictive disease models to effectively time fungicide applications. Note that using predictive models alone is not sufficient to manage resistance.
- Monitor treated fungal populations for resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist or pest control advisor for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM recommendations for specific crops and pathogens.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance contact your sales representative, pest control advisors, or local extension specialist. You can also contact your pesticide distributor or university extension specialist to report resistance.

Tank Mixing Camelot XTR with Other Pesticides

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Camelot XTR can be applied up to day of harvest. When tank-mixed with products, do not apply that product closer to harvest than is permitted or stated on the other product's label. Pour Camelot XTR into spray tank at least half filled with water using adequate agitation. When mixed with other products proven or known to be compatible, wettable powders must be added first, followed in order by flowables (including Camelot XTR), and then emulsifiable concentrates.

Camelot XTR can be mixed with other pesticides for use on the crops listed on this label, in accordance with the most restrictive of label limitations and precautions. Do not exceed label dosage rates. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing. Use caution if mixing Camelot XTR with chelated or liquid fertilizers. Use caution when using this product with other fungicides and insecticides. Observe all cautions and limitations on all products used in mixtures.

Mandatory Spray Drift Requirements

Aerial Applications:

- Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 ft. above the vegetative canopy or water, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- Do not apply when wind speed exceeds 15 mph at the application site. If the windspeed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must be 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must be 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters.
- Applicators must use ½ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the application area.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

Ground Boom Applications:

- Apply with the spray release height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

Spray Drift Advisories

THE APPLICATORS IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT. BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

Importance of Droplet Size

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size – Ground Boom

- Volume - Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure - Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle - Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

Controlling Droplet Size – Aircraft

- Adjust Nozzles - Follow nozzle manufacturers recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

Boom Height – Ground Boom

Use the lowest boom height that is compatible with the spray nozzles that will provide uniform coverage. For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

Release Height - Aircraft

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift. When applying aerially to crops, do not release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the crop canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.

Shielded Sprayers

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

Temperature Inversions

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

Wind

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS.

Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

Chemigation

Apply this product only through sprinkler systems, including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, bug gun, solid set, or hand move. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary

adjustments should the need arise.

Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regular serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, back flow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior the pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the flow outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back flow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid- operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch, which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, including a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON GREENHOUSE AND SHADEHOUSE VEGETABLES AND HERBS, NUTS AND FRUITS INCLUDING CITRUS AND BERRIES

Mix 0.5 - 2.0 gallons of Camelot XTR with 30 - 100 gallons of water and apply to one acre. Begin treatment when disease first appears, and unless otherwise directed in the crop table, reapply at 7 to 10 day intervals for as long as needed, following crop-specific application notes. Use the higher rate following heavy rain or when disease severity is increasing rapidly. If

possible, time applications so that 12 hours of dry weather follow application. Use the higher rate to control diseases that may go dormant and overwinter.

Hydroponic use: Apply as soon as disease appears, or as a preventive spray 2 weeks before disease normally appears. Apply as a foliar spray only. Do not apply directly to the water in hydroponic growing systems. Discarded water from hydroponic growing systems may be used in greenhouses and for irrigating site vegetation. Water from these systems is prohibited from being discarded directly into a water source.

Camelot XTR may cause some copper toxicity on some plant species

Fruit and Nut Crops			
Crop	Disease Controlled	Maximum Annual Rate Gallons of Product/Acre (lbs. Cu/Acre)	Specific Use Instructions (Including Maximum per Application Rate lbs. Cu/Acre)
Almonds	Bacterial spot, Bacterial canker (<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i>), Brown rot, Blossom blight, leaf and fruit spots, Coryneum blight (shot-hole), Anthracnose, Bacterial blast	112 gal/acre (17.9 lbs. Cu/acre)	For bacterial canker, apply as a dormant spray as buds begin to swell, repeating at the bud burst stage, and weekly thereafter as needed, up to six sprays. In fall spray again at 10 and 80% of leaf fall. For brown rot blossom blight apply full cover spray at delayed dormant (bud swell), popcorn, full bloom and petal fall stages. During wet weather, additional bloom sprays may be necessary. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT reapply within 5 days during the growing season or within 7 days during the dormant season.
Blueberries	Gray mold, mucor fruit rot, Rhizopus fruit rot, Bacterial canker, Phomopsis Twig blight	53 gal/acre (8.4 lbs. Cu/acre)	Apply at the start of flowering and reapply every 7 to 10 days until harvest. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 2.1 lbs. Cu/acre.
Cranberries	Fruit rot, Rose bloom, Bacterial stem canker, Leaf blight, Red leaf spot, Stem blight, Tip blight	80 gal/acre (12.6 lbs. Cu/acre)	Apply at the start of flowering and reapply every 7 to 10 days until harvest. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 2.1 lbs. Cu/acre.

Fruit and Nut Crops			
Crop	Disease Controlled	Maximum Annual Rate Gallons of Product/Acre (lbs. Cu/Acre)	Specific Use Instructions (Including Maximum per Application Rate lbs. Cu/Acre)
Caneberries (Blackberries, Raspberries)	Gray mold, mucor fruit rot, Rhizopus fruit rot, Anthracnose, Cane spot, Leaf spot, Pseudomonas blight, Purple blotch, Yellow rust	63.5 gal/acre (10.2 lbs Cu/acre)	Apply at the start of flowering and reapply every 7 to 10 days until harvest. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 2.1 lbs. Cu/acre.
Citrus (Grapefruit, Lemon, Kumquat, Lime, Orange, Pummelo, Tangerine)	Melanose spot, greasy spot, citrus scab, Alternaria brown spot, citrus canker, <i>Phytophthora</i> brown rot, and <i>Septoria</i> .	80 gal/acre (12.6 lbs. Cu/acre)	May cause phytotoxicity if conditions are conducive, when mixed with other products, or when applied to citrus seedlings grown in greenhouses or shadehouses. Reapply every 7-14 days if needed. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 3.15 lbs. Cu/acre.
Papaya	Anthracnose	134 gal/acre (21.2 lbs. Cu/acre)	Apply before disease appears and reapply every 10-14 days if needed. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 2.7 lbs. Cu/acre.
Starfruit (carambola)	Anthracnose	66 gal/acre (10.5 lbs. Cu/acre)	Apply just before flowering and reapply every 7 to 14 days until just before harvest. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 2.1 lbs. Cu/acre.
Currants, Gooseberries	Powdery mildew, Anthracnose, Leaf spot	101 gal/acre (16 lbs. Cu/acre)	USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 4 lbs. Cu/acre. • DO NOT reapply within 10 days.

Fruit and Nut Crops			
Crop	Disease Controlled	Maximum Annual Rate Gallons of Product/Acre (lbs. Cu/Acre)	Specific Use Instructions (Including Maximum per Application Rate lbs. Cu/Acre)
Grapes	Downy mildew, black rot, phomopsis cane, leaf spot, powdery mildew, gray mold, ripe rot [†]	127 gal/acre (20 lbs. Cu/acre)	<p>Begin treatment when new growth reaches ½ inch and reapply every 7 to 14 days throughout the growing season.</p> <p>USE RESTRICTION</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 3 lbs. Cu/acre. • DO NOT mix Camelot XTR with lime. <p>USE PRECAUTION</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Certain Vinifera and French Hybrid varieties may be sensitive to copper sprays resulting in marginal leaf burn. Before spraying these varieties, consult your State Experiment Station or make test sprays.
Kiwi	<i>Erwinia herbicola</i> , <i>Pseudomonas fluorescens</i> , <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i>	40 gal/acre (6.3 lbs. Cu/acre)	<p>Apply when disease appears and reapply every 30 days to a maximum of 3 applications per crop.</p> <p>USE RESTRICTION</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 2.1 lbs. Cu/acre.
Pome Fruits (Apples, Pears, Quince)	Anthraxnose, Cedar Apple Rust, Fireblight, Scab, Sooty Blotch, Flyspeck, Quince Rust, Blossom blast, European Canker (<i>Nectria</i>), Shoot blast (<i>Pseudomonas</i>), Collar rot, Crown rot	102 gal/acre (16 lbs. Cu/acre)	<p>May cause russetting of susceptible apple varieties.</p> <p>USE RESTRICTION</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT exceed the 1.0 gallon of product/100 gallons water use rate. As a dormant or delayed dormant application, up to 200 gallons diluted spray/acre may be applied.DO NOT exceed one application during the fall, late dormant period. • DO NOT exceed one application between silver tip and green tip growth stages.DO NOT reapply within

Fruit and Nut Crops			
Crop	Disease Controlled	Maximum Annual Rate Gallons of Product/Acre (lbs. Cu/Acre)	Specific Use Instructions (Including Maximum per Application Rate lbs. Cu/Acre)
			5 days during the bloom and growing stages. For Apples and Pears DO NOT apply more than 38 gallons of product (6 lbs. Cu) per acre in a single application.
Strawberries	Gray mold, mucor fruit rot, Rhizopus fruit rot, angular leaf spot, leaf scorch, mycosphaerella leaf spot, phomopsis leaf blight, powdery mildew, septoria leaf spots, anthracnose fruit rot	38 gal/acre (6 lbs. Cu/acre)	Apply at the start of flowering and reapply every 7 to 10 days until harvest. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 1 lb. Cu/acre. • DO NOT apply more than 1.5 lbs. Cu/acre for severe disease.
Stone Fruits (Apricots, Cherries, Peaches, Nectarines, Plums)	Bacterial spot, Bacterial canker (<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i>), <i>Monolinia</i> brown rot, Blossom blight, leaf and fruit spots, Coryneum blight (shot-hole), Anthracnose, Peach leaf curl, Bacterial blast, Black knot [†] (plums), Cherry leaf spot [†] (sour cherries only)	114 gal/acre (18 lbs. Cu/acre)	For bacterial canker, apply as a dormant spray as buds begin to swell, repeating at the bud burst stage, and weekly thereafter as needed, up to six sprays. In fall spray again at 10 and 80% of leaf fall. For brown rot blossom blight apply full cover spray at delayed dormant (bud swell), popcorn, full bloom and petal fall stages. During wet weather, additional bloom sprays may be necessary. For peach leaf curl make first application before fall rains and as a dormant spray in late fall during a period of dry weather. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 8 lbs. Cu/acre during the dormant season or 1.5 lbs. Cu/acre during the growing season. • DO NOT reapply within 5 days during the growing season or within 7 days during the

Fruit and Nut Crops			
Crop	Disease Controlled	Maximum Annual Rate Gallons of Product/Acre (lbs. Cu/Acre)	Specific Use Instructions (Including Maximum per Application Rate lbs. Cu/Acre)
			dormant season.
Mangos	Anthrachnose	305 gal/acre (48 lbs. Cu/acre)	Apply when fruit sets and reapply every 7 days until harvest. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DO NOT apply more than 2.6 lbs. Cu/acre.
Walnuts	Blight	203 gal/acre (32 lbs. Cu/acre)	Make first application when leaflets start to unfold (prior to, but no later than 1% pistulate bloom) and reapply every 7 days as needed, especially until seasonal rainfall stops. When rain threatens, additional applications are important, applied before or immediately after the rain. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DO NOT apply more than 4 lbs. Cu/acre.
Banana/ Plantain	Sigatoka (Black and yellow), Black Pitting	120 gal/acre (18.9 lbs. Cu/acre)	Apply to the fruit stem and the basal portion of the leaf crown. Apply during the first and second weeks after fruit emergence. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DO NOT apply more than 1 lb. Cu/acre.
Avocado	Anthrachnose, blotch, Scab	120 gal/acre (18.9 lbs. Cu/acre)	Apply when blossom buds open and reapply every 14 to 30 days for a maximum of 6 applications. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DO NOT apply more than 3.15 lbs. Cu/acre.
Filbert (WA and OR only)	Bacterial blight, Eastern Filbert Blight	152 gal/acre (18 lbs. Cu/acre)	For bacterial blight apply as a post-harvest spray. For Eastern Filbert Blight, apply at bud swell and reapply every 14 days until harvest. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DO NOT apply more than 6 lbs. Cu/acre.

Fruit and Nut Crops			
Crop	Disease Controlled	Maximum Annual Rate Gallons of Product/Acre (lbs. Cu/Acre)	Specific Use Instructions (Including Maximum per Application Rate lbs. Cu/Acre)
Pecan	Kernel Rot, Shuck Rot (<i>Phytophthora cactorum</i>), Zonate Leaf Spot (<i>Cristulariella pyramidalis</i>), Ball Moss [†] , Spanish Moss [†]	40 gal/acre (6.3 lbs. Cu/acre)	Apply when kernel growth starts and reapply every 14 to 30 days until shucks open. For Ball Moss and Spanish moss, wet moss thoroughly when moss is actively growing. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 2.1 lbs. Cu/acre.
Pistachio	Botryosphaeria Panicle and Shoot Bight, Botrytis Blight, Late Blight (<i>Alternaria alternata</i>), Septoria Leaf Blight	53 gal/acre (8.4 lbs. Cu/acre)	Apply at bud swell and reapply every 14 to 28 days until harvest. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 2.1 lbs. Cu/acre.
Guava	Anthrachnose, Red Algae	31 gal/acre (4.9 lbs. Cu/acre)	Apply just before flowering and reapply every 7 to 14 days until harvest. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 1.23 lbs. Cu/acre.
Lychee	Anthrachnose	31 gal/acre (4.9 lbs. Cu/acre)	Apply just before flowering and reapply every 7 to 14 days until harvest. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 1.23 lbs. Cu/acre.
Macadamia	Anthrachnose, Phytophthora Blight (<i>P. capsici</i>), Raceme Blight (<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>)	60 gal/acre (9.4 lbs. Cu/acre)	Apply during raceme development and bloom periods and reapply every 7 days as needed. For Anthrachnose, apply at first sign of flowering. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 2.36 lbs. Cu/acre.
Passion Fruit	Anthrachnose	60 gal/acre (9.4 lbs. Cu/acre)	Apply just before flowering and reapply every 7 days until harvest. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 2.36 lbs. Cu/acre.

Fruit and Nut Crops			
Crop	Disease Controlled	Maximum Annual Rate Gallons of Product/Acre (lbs. Cu/Acre)	Specific Use Instructions (Including Maximum per Application Rate lbs. Cu/Acre)
Sugar apple (Annona)	Anthrachnose	80 gal/acre (12.6 lbs. Cu/acre)	Apply just before flowering and reapply every 7 days until harvest. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 3.15 lbs. Cu/acre.
Mamey Sapote	Algal Leaf Spot, Anthracnose	53 gal/acre (8.4 lbs. Cu/acre)	Apply when disease first appears. Reapply every 14 to 30 days if needed. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 2.1 lbs. Cu/acre.

Other Crops			
Crop	Disease Controlled	Maximum Annual Rate Gallons of Product/Acre (lbs. Cu/Acre)	Specific Use Instructions (Including Maximum per Application Rate lbs. Cu/Acre)
Coffee	Coffee Berry Disease, Bacterial Blight, Leaf Rust, Iron Spot, Pink Disease	80 gal/acre (12.6 lbs. Cu/acre)	Apply just before flowering, after flowering, and before long rain periods. Reapply every 14 to 21 days if needed. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 2.1 lbs. Cu/acre.
Cacao	Black Pod	100 gal/acre (16 lbs. Cu/acre)	Apply at the start of rainy season and reapply every 14 to 21 days if needed. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 2.25 lbs. Cu/acre.
Olives	Olive knot, Peacock spot	114 gal/acre (18 lbs. Cu/acre)	Apply before winter rain begins. Reapply in early spring if needed and continue every 30 days if needed. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 6 lbs. Cu/acre.

Greenhouse and Shadehouse Vegetables and Herbs			
Crop	Disease(s) Controlled	Maximum Annual Rate Gallons of Product/Acre (lbs. Cu/Acre)	Application Notes (Including Maximum per Application Rate lbs. Cu per Acre)
Artichoke	Powdery mildew, bacterial spot, bacterial soft rot and bottom rot	16.8 gal/acre (2.64 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 49 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²]	For powdery mildew, plants that are very susceptible needs to be sprayed every 7 days during the first 2 weeks after emergence, and weekly thereafter.
Bean, Pea	Anthrachnose leaf and fruit spot, Ascochyta leaf and pod spot, Bacterial blights (halo, common and brown spot), Downy mildew, Gray mold (Botrytis), Powdery mildew, White mold (Sclerotinia)	For peas: 25 gal/acre (4 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 73 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²] For beans: 30 gal/acre (4.8 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 88 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²]	For powdery mildew, plants that are very susceptible reapply every 7 days. For white mold, to prevent floral infection, apply at 25% bloom. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 0.79 lb. Cu/acre.
Beet, Sugar beet, Chard, Spinach	Cercospora leaf spot, Downy mildew, Powdery mildew, White rust, Anthracnose Blue Mold	For beets: 49.9 gal/acre (7.9 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 147 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²] For Spinach and chard: 25 gal/acre (4 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 74 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²]	USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 1.31 lbs. Cu/acre on beet or more than 0.79 lb. Cu/acre on spinach or chard. • DO NOT reapply within 10 days on beets or within 7 days on spinach orchard.
Carrot	Alternaria leaf blight, Bacterial leaf blight, Cercospora leaf blight	31.8 gal/acre (5 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 93 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²]	USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 1 lb. Cu/acre. • Do not reapply within 7 days.
Celery and celeriac	Bacterial leaf spot, Cercospora (early) blight, Septoria (late) blight	33.7 gal/acre (5.3 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 99 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²]	USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 1 lb. Cu/acre. • Do not reapply within 7 days.
Corn (Field Corn, Popcorn, Seed Corn, Sweet Corn)	Alternaria blight, Anthracnose, Ascochyta leaf and pod spot, Bacterial blights (halo,	26.7 gal/acre (4.2 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 78 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²]	USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 1.05 lbs. Cu/acre. • DO NOT reapply within 7

Greenhouse and Shadehouse Vegetables and Herbs			
Crop	Disease(s) Controlled	Maximum Annual Rate Gallons of Product/Acre (lbs. Cu/Acre)	Application Notes (Including Maximum per Application Rate lbs. Cu per Acre)
	common, and brown spot), Bacterial leaf spot, Downy mildew, Gray mold, Southern leaf blight, Cercospora leaf blight, Common or Southern Rust, Gray Leaf Spot, Stewart's Wilt*, Bacterial Stalk Rot*		days.
Crucifer Crops (Broccoli, Brussel sprouts, Cauliflower, Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage, Collard Greens, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mustard Greens, Turnip Greens)	Alternaria blight, Bacterial leaf spot, Black rot (<i>Xanthomonas</i>), Downy mildew, Powdery mildew, White mold (<i>Sclerotinia</i>), Black Leaf Spot (<i>Alternaria</i>)	16.8 gal/acre (2.7 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 49 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²]	Begin application after transplants are set in the field, or shortly after emergence of field seeded crops or when conditions favor disease development. For white mold, to reduce floral infection apply at 25% bloom. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 0.53 lb. Cu/acre. • For Rutabaga, do not reapply within 10 days. • For other crops, do not reapply within 7 days.
Cucurbits (Cucumbers, Cantaloupe, Honeydew, Muskmelon, Squash, Pumpkin, Zucchini, Watermelon)	Alternaria blight, scab, Angular leaf spot, Anthracnose, Downy mildew, Gray mold, Ulocladium leaf spot, Bacterial spot, Powdery mildew, Gummy Stem Blight, Watermelon Bacterial Fruit Blotch (suppression)	33 gal/acre (5.3 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 98 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²]	On plants that are very susceptible to powdery mildew, including greenhouse-grown cucumber, spray the plants every 5 days during the first 2 weeks after emergence, and weekly thereafter. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 1.05 lbs. Cu/acre.
Ginseng	Alternaria blight, Botrytis blight, Phytophthora, Powdery mildew	33 gal/acre (5.3 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 98 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²]	USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DO NOT apply more than 1.05 lb. Cu/acre. • Do not reapply within 7 days.

Greenhouse and Shadehouse Vegetables and Herbs			
Crop	Disease(s) Controlled	Maximum Annual Rate Gallons of Product/Acre (lbs. Cu/Acre)	Application Notes (Including Maximum per Application Rate lbs. Cu per Acre)
Basil, Chives, Coriander, Mint, Lavender, Rosemary	Anthrachnose, Alternaria blight, Bacterial Blight, Botrytis, Downy mildew, Leaf scorch, Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia Leaf blight	16.8 gal/acre (2.7 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 49 fl. Oz. per 1000 ft ²]	Begin applications when environmental conditions favor disease development. Reapply every 10 to 14 days as needed. USE RESTRICTION • DO NOT apply more than 0.53 lb. Cu/acre.
Dill	Anthrachnose, Alternaria blight, Bacterial Blight, Botrytis, Downy mildew, Leaf scorch, Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia Leaf blight, Phoma Leaf Spot	25 gal/acre (4 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 74 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²]	Begin applications when environmental conditions favor disease development. Reapply every 10 to 14 days as needed. USE RESTRICTION • DO NOT apply more than 0.79 lb. Cu/acre.
Parsley	Anthrachnose, Alternaria blight, Bacterial Blight, Botrytis, Downy mildew, Leaf scorch, Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia Leaf blight	12.7 gal/acre (2 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 37 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²]	Begin applications when environmental conditions favor disease development. Reapply every 10 to 14 days as needed. USE RESTRICTION • DO NOT apply more than 1 lb. Cu/acre.
Soybean	Bacterial blight, downy mildew,	30 gal/acre (4.7 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 88 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²]	For protective sprays, make first application when plants are 6-inches high; reapply every 7 to 14 days if needed. Use the higher rates for more severe disease. USE RESTRICTION • DO NOT apply more than 0.79 lb. Cu/acre.
Cereal Grains (Wheat, oats, barley)	Helminthsporium spot blotch, Septoria leaf blotch [†] , Stagonopsora leaf and glume blotch [†] , Stem rust [†] , Fusarium head blight suppression [†] ,	6.7 gal/acre (1.1 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 20 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²]	Make applications for early season disease control through heading. Reapply every 10 days. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. Addition of adjuvants is may be used. USE RESTRICTION

Greenhouse and Shadehouse Vegetables and Herbs			
Crop	Disease(s) Controlled	Maximum Annual Rate Gallons of Product/Acre (lbs. Cu/Acre)	Application Notes (Including Maximum per Application Rate lbs. Cu per Acre)
	Powdery mildew		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> DO NOT apply more than 0.53 lb. Cu/acre.
Alfalfa	Cercospora leaf spot, Lewptosphaerulina Leaf Spot [†] , rust, downy mildew, anthracnose	7 gal/acre (1.1 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 21 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²]	Apply 10 to 14 days before each harvest or earlier if disease threatens. Reapply every 30 days as needed. NOTE: Spray injury may occur with sensitive varieties including Lahontan. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DO NOT apply more than 0.53 lb. Cu/acre.
Hop	Anthrachnose leaf and fruit spot, Cercospora leaf spot, Downy mildew, Powdery mildew	16.8 gal/acre (2.7 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 49 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²]	USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DO NOT apply more than 0.53 lb. Cu/acre. Do not reapply within 10 days.
Lettuce, Chicory, Endive	Bacterial soft rot and bottom rot, Downy mildew, Powdery mildew, Septoria leaf spot	50.8 gal/acre (8 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 149 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²]	For powdery mildew, plants that are susceptible, reapply every 5 days for the first 2 weeks after emergence, and every 7 days thereafter. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DO NOT apply more than 1 lb. Cu/acre. Use Precaution <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use lower rate on copper sensitive varieties of lettuce.
Onion, Garlic, Leek, Shallot	Botrytis leaf blight, Downy mildew, Neck rot, Bacterial soft rot, Bacterial Blight, Purple Blotch	38 gal/acre (6 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 112 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²]	USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DO NOT apply more than 1 lb. Cu/acre. Do not reapply within 7 days.
Peanuts	Leaf spots (early and late), web blotch, Sclerotinia blight	30 gal/acre (4.8 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 88 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²]	For leaf spots and web blotch, begin spray when disease first appears, or for best control begin early, usually 25 to 40 days after emergence and reapply every 10 to 14 days until harvest.

Greenhouse and Shadehouse Vegetables and Herbs			
Crop	Disease(s) Controlled	Maximum Annual Rate Gallons of Product/Acre (lbs. Cu/Acre)	Application Notes (Including Maximum per Application Rate lbs. Cu per Acre)
			For Sclerotinia blight, make first application at first bloom and reapply every 7 to 14 days until harvest. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DO NOT apply more than 0.79 lb. Cu/acre.
Tomato, Eggplant, Pepper	Anthrachnose, Bacterial speck, Bacterial spot, Cercospora leaf spot, Early blight, Gray mold, Late blight, Leaf mold, Septoria leaf spot, Alternaria blight, Phomopsis	For tomatoes: 50 gal/acre (7.9 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 149 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²] For eggplant: 50 gal/acre (7.9 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 148 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²] For peppers: 75 gal/acre (11.9 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 221 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²]	Use 2.0 gallons in 30 to 100 gallons [Alternately: 25.6 fluid ounces in 1.1 - 2.3 gallons] of water when spraying to control late blight. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DO NOT apply more than 1 lb. Cu/acre. On tomatoes and peppers, DO NOT reapply within 3 days. On eggplant, DO NOT reapply within 7 days. DO NOT apply more than 0.79 lb. Cu/acre to eggplant and pepper. DO NOT apply more than 0.53 lb. Cu/acre to tomato.
Okra*	Anthrachnose, Bacterial Leaf Spot, Leaf Spots, Pod Spot, Powdery Mildew	33 gal/acre (5.3 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 98 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²]	Apply when disease first appears and reapply every 5-7 days if needed. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DO NOT apply more than 1.05 lbs. Cu/acre.
Potato	Early blight Late blight	159 gal/acre (25 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 467 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²]	Apply when plants are 2 to 6 inches high. Use 2.0 gallons in 30 to 100 gallons [Alternately: 25.6 fluid ounces in 1.1 - 2.3 gallons] of water when spraying to control late blight. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DO NOT apply more than 2.5 lbs. Cu/acre.

Greenhouse and Shadehouse Vegetables and Herbs			
Crop	Disease(s) Controlled	Maximum Annual Rate Gallons of Product/Acre (lbs. Cu/Acre)	Application Notes (Including Maximum per Application Rate lbs. Cu per Acre)
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not reapply within 5 days.
Tobacco	Blue mold (Downy mildew)	25 gal/acre (4 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 73.5 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²]	Use on tobacco in transplant beds (or on field grown plants). USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DO NOT apply more than 2 lbs. Cu/acre. Do not reapply within 10 days.
Watercress*	Cercospora Leaf Spot	13 gal/acre (2.1 lbs. Cu/acre) [Alternatively: 40 fl. oz. per 1000 ft ²]	Apply when plants are first established in the field and reapply every 7 to 14 days if needed. For applications made to watercress, production fields must be drained of water at least 24 hours prior to each application and water must not be reapplied to the field for a minimum of 24 hours following each application. USE RESTRICTION <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DO NOT apply more than 0.53 lb. Cu/acre. Copper must not to be applied to watercress during the aquatic production phase.

* Not Registered for Use by California

DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON ORNAMENTALS

Camelot XTR can be used for controlling diseases on ornamentals grown (under field conditions), in nurseries, greenhouses, landscapes, interior landscapes and other sites. For control of these diseases on plants grown on a large scale, mix 0.5 - 2.0 gallons (1 - 4 tablespoons), 0.08 – 0.32 lb. Cu, in 30 -100 gallons of water, and apply to 1 acre. For plants grown on a small scale, mix 0.5 - 2.0 fluid ounces in 1 gallon of water, and spray all plant surfaces thoroughly. When necessary, repeat sprays every 7 to 10 days. Camelot XTR may cause copper toxicity on some plant species. Prior to commercial application, test Camelot XTR and/or and combinations on a small area under local conditions. Before spraying a specific plant species, consult your State Experiment Station or make a test spray.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- **DO NOT** apply more than 127 gallons of product per acre per year (20 lbs. Cu per acre per year).
- **DO NOT** reapply within 7 days. Use the higher rate to control diseases that may go dormant and overwinter.

Ornamental Plants

Camelot XTR may be used to effectively control the diseases and causal pathogens on indoor and outdoor plants, including annuals, perennials, trees & shrubs, foliage, cut flowers, and other flowering and ornamental plants. The ornamental species listed below may be treated with Camelot XTR. If a desired plant to be treated is not listed on this label, treat several plants at the maximum use rate and evaluate for acceptable tolerance. The user assumes responsibility for application to plants not listed on this label. The diseases controlled have been designated with the following codes.

Code	Common name	Causal Pathogen
ANTH	Anthrachnose	<i>Colletotrichum</i> , <i>Glomerella</i>
BOT	Botrytis blight	<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>
BLS	Bacterial leaf spot and blight	<i>Erwinia</i> , <i>Pseudomonas</i> , <i>Xanthomonas</i>
DM	Downy mildew	<i>Plasmopara</i>
LEAFSPOT	Leaf spot (fungal)	<i>Acremonium</i> , <i>Alternaria</i> , <i>[Bipolaris][*]</i> <i>Cephalosporium</i> , <i>Cercospora</i> , <i>Colletotrichum</i> , <i>Corynespora</i> , <i>Curvularia</i> , <i>Dactylaria</i> , <i>Drechslera</i> , <i>Exosporium</i> , <i>Exserohilium</i> , <i>Glomerella</i> , <i>Myrothecium</i> , <i>Phyllosticta</i> , <i>Phytophthora</i>
PM	Powdery mildew	<i>Oidium</i>
RHIZC	Rhizoctonia blight	<i>Rhizoctonia</i>
SOFTROT	Soft rot	<i>Erwinia</i>

Ornamental Plant	Common Name	Diseases Controlled
<i>Aechmea fasciata</i>	Urn plant, bromeliad	ANTH, BLS
<i>Aeschynanthus pulcher</i>	Lipstick vine	BOT, LEAFSPOT
<i>Aglaonema</i> species	Chinese evergreen	ANTH, BLS, LEAFSPOT, RHIZC, BLS, SOFTROT
<i>Anthurium</i> species	Tailflower	ANTH, BLS, LEAFSPOT, RHIZC, SOFTROT

Ornamental Plant	Common Name	Diseases Controlled
<i>Aphelandra squarrosa</i>	Zebra plant	BOT, LEAFSPOT, RHIZC
<i>Araucaria heterophylla</i>	Norfolk Island pine	Colletotrichum needle blight
<i>Arecastrum romazoffianum</i>	Queen palm	LEAFSPOT, Phytophthora bud rot
<i>Asplenium nidus</i>	Bird's nest fern	BLS
<i>Brassaia actinophylla</i>	Schefflera	ANTH, BLS, LEAFSPOT, RHIZC
<i>Caladium</i> species	Caladium	BLS, RHIZC
<i>Calathea</i> species	Rattlesnake plant	BLS, LEAFSPOT
<i>Caryota mitis</i>	Fishtail palm	BLS, LEAFSPOT
<i>Chamaedorea</i> species	various palms	LEAFSPOT
<i>Chrysalidocarpus lutescens</i>	Areca palm	LEAFSPOT
<i>Cissus</i> species	Grape ivy	ANTH, BOT, DM, PM, RHIZC
<i>Codiaeum variegatum</i>	Croton	ANTH, BLS
<i>Cordyline terminalis</i>	Ti plant	ANTH, LEAFSPOT
<i>Chryptanthus</i> species	Bromeliad, earthstar	ANTH
<i>Dieffenbachia</i> species	Dieffenbachia	BLS, LEAFSPOT, RHIZC
<i>Dracaena</i> species	Dracaena, Corn plant	BLS, BOT, LEAFSPOT
<i>Epipremnum aureum</i>	Pothos, Devil's ivy	BLS, RHIZC
<i>Euphorbia milii</i>	Euphorbia	RHIZC
<i>Fatsia japonica</i>	Japanese fatsia	BLS, LEAFSPOT, RHIZC
<i>Ficus benjamina</i>	Weeping fig	LEAFSPOT
<i>Ficus elastica</i>	India-rubber tree	LEAFSPOT, BOT
<i>Fittonia verschaffeltii</i>	Nerve plant	RHIZC
<i>Hedra helix</i>	English ivy	ANTH, BLS, BOT, LEAFSPOT, RHIZC
<i>Hoya carnosa</i>	Wax plant	BOT, LEAFSPOT, RHIZC
<i>Maranta leuconeura</i>	Prayer plant	LEAFSPOT
<i>Monstera deliciosa</i>	Swiss cheese plant	BLS, ANTH, RHIZC, SOFTROT
<i>Nephrolepis exaltata</i>	Boston fern	BSL, BOT, RHIZC
<i>Peperomia</i> species	Peperomia	LEAFSPOT, RHIZC
<i>Philodendron</i> species	Philodendron	ANTH, BOT, LEAFSPOT
<i>Pilea</i> species	Aluminum plant	BLS, ANTH, LEAFSPOT, RHIZC
<i>Platynerium bifurcatum</i>	Staghorn fern	BLS, RHIZC
<i>Polyscias</i> species	Aralia	ANTH, BLS, LEAFSPOT
<i>Rhapis</i> species	Ladyfinger palm	LEAFSPOT
<i>Rhoeo spathacea</i>	Oyster plant	LEAFSPOT
<i>Saintpaulia ionantha</i>	African violet	BLS, BOT, LEAFSPOT, PM
<i>Sansevieria triafasciata</i>	Snake plant	BLS, LEAFSPOT
<i>Schefflera arboricola</i>	Dwarf Schefflera	BLS, LEAFSPOT
<i>Schlumbergera</i> species	Cactus	LEAFSPOT
<i>Sedum</i> species	Sedum	LEAFSPOT
<i>Spathiphyllum</i> species	Spathe flower	LEAFSPOT, RHIZC
<i>Syngonium podophyllum</i>	Nephtytis	BLS, LEAFSPOT, RHIZC
<i>Yucca</i> species	Yucca	LEAFSPOT

[*Not Registered for Use by California]

Crop	Disease Controlled	Specific Use Instructions
Pine	Needle Blight	Apply when new needles are just emerging. Make a second application 3 weeks later.
Rose and Ornamental Shrubs (Crape Myrtle, Forsythia, Hydrangea, Willow, Mock-Orange, Deutzia, Pyracantha, Japanese quince, Abelia, Summersweet)	Blackspot, Downy mildew, Gray mold, Leafspots, Powdery mildew, Rust	Begin treatment when new spring growth emerges and repeat every 7 to 10 days for as long as needed to control disease. Camelot XTR may cause copper toxicity on some rose varieties. Copper toxicity appears as purple spots.
Sycamore	Anthracnose	Make first application just before buds begin to swell, and repeat twice at 7-day intervals.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON TURF

Camelot XTR is suitable for controlling diseases of turf on golf courses, turf sod farms, commercial turf, home lawns and other sites. For large areas, mix 0.5 - 2.0 gallons (1 - 4 tablespoons), 0.08 – 0.32 lb. Cu, in 30 -100 gallons of water and apply to 1 acre. For best control, begin treatment 2 weeks before disease normally appears. Alternatively, begin treatment when disease first appears, and repeat at 10-day intervals for as long as needed. In frequently diseased areas, prune adjacent trees and shrubs to reduce turf shading and to improve air movement.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- **DO NOT** apply more than 133 gallons of product per acre per year (21 lbs. Cu per acre per year) [Alternatively: Do not apply more than 392 fl. oz. of product per 1,000 ft² per year].
- **DO NOT** reapply within 10 days. Use the higher rate to control diseases that may go dormant and overwinter.

Ascochyta leaf blight, Cercospora leaf spots, Dollar Spot

To reduce Ascochyta leaf blight mow less frequently, only as necessary to maintain specified height. Water before noon to allow grass to dry. Water thoroughly only as required to avoid moisture stress. Apply Camelot XTR when disease first appears, and reapply every 10 days if needed.

Rust

To reduce rust, mow frequently to reduce rust spore production. Water and fertilize lawn as required to avoid moisture and nutrient stress. Water before noon to allow grass to dry. Apply Camelot XTR when disease first appears, and reapply every 10 days if needed.

Algae

Apply Camelot XTR to control algae. Reapply every 10 days if necessary. Phytotoxicity may occur on sensitive varieties of turf. Discontinue use if injury occurs.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in a secure place, away from open fire or flame. Keep container closed and reseal after use. Product may be damaged by freezing. Do not store product below 4°C. If spilled, use absorbent materials and dispose of in an approved manner.

Pesticide Disposal: Waste resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Handling:

Non-refillable Container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying; then offer for recycling, if available, or reconditioning, if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Triple rinse containers small enough to shake (capacity ≤ 5 gallons) as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank, or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Triple rinse containers too large to shake (capacity > 5 gallons) as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank, or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank, or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Container Handling (bulk): Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Warranty Disclaimer: SePRO Corporation warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the product label. Testing and research have also determined that this product is reasonably fit for the uses described on the product label. To the extent consistent with applicable law, SePRO Corporation makes no other express or implied warranty of fitness or merchantability nor any other express or implied warranty and any such warranties are expressly disclaimed.

Misuse: Federal law prohibits the use of this product in a manner inconsistent with its label directions. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the buyer assumes responsibility for any adverse consequences if this product is not used according to its label directions. In no case shall SePRO Corporation be liable for any losses or damages resulting from the use, handling or application of this product in a manner inconsistent with its label.

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[Sub-label B Commercial Agricultural Use - Base Label]



COPPER

GROUP

M1

FUNGICIDE

Camelot[®] XTR

Fungicide/Bactericide*

Camelot[®] XTR is a copper fungicide/bactericide product for fungal and bacterial disease control.

Active Ingredient:

Copper Octanoate (Copper Soap, CAS Reg. No. 20543-04-8)** 10.0%

Other Ingredients 90.0%

Total 100.0%

**Metallic copper equivalent 1.8%

One gallon contains 0.16 lbs. metallic copper equivalent.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION / PRECAUCIÓN

FIRST AID	
If on skin or clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Take off contaminated clothing.• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes.• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
HOTLINE NUMBER	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call INFOTRAC at 1-800-535-5053 .	

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Caution. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in a secure place, away from open fire or flame. Keep container closed and reseal after use. Product may be damaged by freezing. Do not store product below 4°C. If spilled, use absorbent materials and dispose of in an approved manner.

Pesticide Disposal: Waste resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Handling:

Non-refillable Container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying; then offer for recycling, if available, or reconditioning, if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

See inside label for complete container disposal directions including triple rinsing and pressure rinsing instructions.

Refer to label booklet for additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

Notice: Read the entire label before using. Use only according to label directions. **Before buying or using this product, read *Warranty Disclaimer* and *Misuse* statements in label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once, unopened.**

EPA Reg. No. 67690-XX
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EPA Est. No. _____
[P/N]_____

*Non-public health bacteria

® Camelot is a registered trademark of SePRO Corporation.

SePRO Corporation 11550 N. Meridian Street, Suite 600 Carmel, IN 46032, U.S.A.

Flowable Liquid Copper Fungicide

Net contents _____ (Non-refillable)

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF USE

If terms of the *Warranty Disclaimer* and *Misuse* provisions on the product label as well as the *Inherent Risks of Use* and *Limitation of Remedies* statements below are not acceptable, return unopened package at once to the seller for a full refund of purchase price paid. Otherwise, to the extent consistent with applicable law, use by the buyer or any other user constitutes acceptance of the terms under *Warranty Disclaimer*, *Misuse*, *Inherent Risks of Use*, and *Limitation of Remedies*.

INHERENT RISKS OF USE

It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with use of this product. Plant injury, lack of performance, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as use of the product contrary to label instructions (including use under conditions noted on the label such as unfavorable temperatures, soil conditions, etc.), abnormal conditions (such as excessive rainfall, drought, tornadoes, hurricanes), the presence of other materials, the manner of application, or other factors, all of which are beyond the control of SePRO Corporation or the seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the buyer and/or user of the product.

LIMITATION OF REMEDIES

To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy for losses or damages resulting from this product (including claims based on contract, negligence, strict liability, or other legal theories) shall be limited to, at SePRO Corporation's election, one of the following:

1. Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought, or
2. Replacement of amount of product used.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, SePRO Corporation shall not be liable for losses or damages resulting from handling or use of this product unless SePRO Corporation is promptly notified of such losses or damages in writing. In no case shall SePRO Corporation be liable for consequential or incidental damages or losses.

The terms of the *Warranty Disclaimer* and *Misuse* provisions on the product label and these *Terms and Conditions of Use*, *Inherent Risks of Use* and *Limitation of Remedies* cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or sales agent of SePRO Corporation or the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of the *Warranty Disclaimer* and *Misuse* provisions on the product label and these *Terms and Conditions of Use*, *Inherent Risks of Use* and *Limitation of Remedies* in any manner.