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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

> OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

8.9-10

Amy Dugger-Ronyak SePRO Corporation 11550 N. Meridian St., Ste. 600 Carmel, IN 46032

Subject: Label Amendment EPA Reg. No.: 67690-38 / Pentathalon LF

Dear Ms. Dugger-Ronyak:

The labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. This label supersedes all other previously accepted labels. If you have any questions please call Erik Kraft at 703-308-9358 or email at Kraft Erik@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Erik Kraft / Acting Product Manager 20 Fungicide Branch Registration Division

Pentathlon* LF

Fungicide Flowable

EPA Reg. No. 67690-38

Registration Notes: Label text based on EPA Stamped Notice of Reregistration dated 07/13/2010.

Label Notes: Depending on container size, due to physical space limitations, some label components found on these text 'Base' and 'Front' labels (e.g. Environmental Hazards, Storage and Disposal, etc.) may not appear on the base label of the container, but will be located in the label booklet.

Label changes:

- 1. Multiple label changes throughout per the Mancozeb RED.
- 2. Added spray drift language.
- 3. Per PRN 2001-5, added language pertaining to pesticide resistance management.
- 4. Compliance with PRN 2007-4 by revising storage and disposal language for:
 - a. Nonrefillable, rigid containers 5 gal or less; and
 - b. Nonrefillable, rigid containers greater than 5 gallons.
- 5. Corrected minor typographical errors and formatting throughout label and updated the warranty statements as permitted by PRN 98-10.
- 6. Label changes requested per Notice of Reregistration and clarifying emails from EPA
 - a. Based on the acute toxicity review:
 - i. Revised order of the First Aid statements;
 - ii. Revised wording and order of the Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals statements and delete "remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse".
 - b. Deleted the text "Commercial seed treatments and professional applications..." from the Non-Agricultural Use Requirements box.
 - c. In the *Directions for Use*, under *Restrictions*, clearly stated that use on turfgrass in residential settings and in athletic fields is prohibited.

ACCEPTED 8.9.10 Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under 690 EPA Reg. No.

Pentathlon* LF, 67690-38

[Base label for Nonrefillable, Rigid containers 5 gal or less]



GROUP M3 FUNGICIDE

Pentathlon* LF

Fungicide Flowable

A broad spectrum fungicide for use as a spray for the control of many important plant diseases on flowers, foliage plants, ornamentals and turfgrasses.

Active Ingredient

Mancozeb, a coordination product of zinc ion and manganese	
ethylenebisdithiocarbamate in which the ingredients are:	. 37.0%
Manganese ⁺⁺ 7.4%	
Zinc ⁺⁺ 0.9%	
Ethylenebisdithiocarbamate ion (C ₄ H ₆ N ₂ S ₄) 28.7%	
Other Ingredients	<u>63.0%</u>
TOTAL	100.0%
Contains 4.0 pounds mancozeb per gallon of product.	

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION/PRECAUCIÓN

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

Harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

	FIRST AID
lf on skin or clothing	Take off contaminated clothing.
or clouning	 Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
lf in eyes	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice
If inhaled	 Move person to fresh air.
	 If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
lf	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.

swallowed	 Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.
	Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
	duct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or atment. In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving

this product, call INFOTRAC at 1-800-535-5053.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to aquatic organisms. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Important. Keep in a cool place but not below 32[°]F. Temperature extremes will affect the quality of Pentathlon LF. Store product in original container only, away from other pesticides, fertilizer, food or feed.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Nonrefillable Container Disposal (rigid, 5 gallons or less): Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to the flow begins to drip. Repeat the procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling (if available) or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Refer to the label booklet for additional precautionary information and directions for use.

Notice: Read the entire label before using. Use only according to label directions. **Before** buying or using this product, read *Terms and Conditions of Use, Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use* and *Limitation of Remedies* inside label booklet.

EPA Reg. No. 67690-38 FPL080210 EPA Est. No. _____ SPC -

SePRO Corporation 11550 N. Meridian Street, Suite 600, Carmel, IN 46032, U.S.A.

Fungicide

Net Contents _____

[Base label for <u>Nonrefillable, Rigid</u> containers greater than <u>5 gal</u>]



GROUP M3 FUNGICIDE

Pentathlon* LF

Fungicide Flowable

A broad spectrum fungicide for use as a spray for the control of many important plant diseases on flowers, foliage plants, ornamentals and turfgrasses.

Active Ingredient

Mancozeb, a coordination product of zinc ion and manganese ethylenebisdithiocarbamate in which the ingredients are:	37.0%
Manganese ⁺⁺ 7.4%	
Zinc ⁺⁺ 0.9%	
Ethylenebisdithiocarbamate ion $(C_4H_6N_2S_4)^-$ 28.7%	
Other Ingredients	<u>63.0%</u>
TOTAL	100.0%
Contains 4.0 pounds mancozeb per gallon of product.	

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

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If inhaled	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
lf	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.

swallowed	 Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
•	duct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or

going for treatment. In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call **INFOTRAC** at **1-800-535-5053**.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to aquatic organisms. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Important. Keep in a cool place but not below 32[°]F. Temperature extremes will affect the quality of Pentathlon LF. Store product in original container only, away from other pesticides, fertilizer, food or feed.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Nonrefillable Container Disposal (rigid, larger than 5 gallons): Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank, treatment area, or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling (if available) or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Refer to the label booklet for additional precautionary information and directions for use.

Notice: Read the entire label before using. Use only according to label directions. **Before** buying or using this product, read *Terms and Conditions of Use, Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use* and *Limitation of Remedies* inside label booklet.

EPA Reg. No. 67690-38 FPL080210

EPA Est. No.	
SPC	

SePRO Corporation 11550 N. Meridian Street, Suite 600, Carmel, IN 46032, U.S.A.

Fungicide

Net Contents _____

[Front of label booklet, ALL containers]

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Manganese ⁺⁺		
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Ethylenebisdithiocarbamate ion (C ₄ H ₆ N ₂ S ₄)		
Other Ingredients		<u>63.0%</u>
TOTAL		100.0%
Contains 4.0 pounds mancozeb per gallon of product	•	

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这个时间 在1993年	FIRSTAID	
lf on skin	Take off contaminated clothing.	
or clothing	 Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes. 	
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
lf in eyes	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. 	
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice	
If inhaled	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial 	
	respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.	
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.	
lf	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.	
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	Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or	
	doctor.	
	 Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 	
Have the proc	duct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or	
going for trea	tment. In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving	

this product, call INFOTRAC at 1-800-535-5053.

Refer to the inside of the label booklet for additional precautionary information and directions for use including storage and disposal.

Notice: Read the entire label before using. Use only according to label directions. **Before** buying or using this product, read *Terms and Conditions of Use, Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use* and *Limitation of Remedies* inside label booklet.

EPA Reg. No. 67690-38 FPL080210 EPA Est. No. _____ SPC - _____

SePRO Corporation 11550 N. Meridian Street, Suite 600, Carmel, IN 46032, U.S.A.

Fungicide

Net Contents _____

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION/PRECAUCIÓN

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PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for Category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Mixers, loaders, applicators, and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants;
- Shoes and socks; and
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material (except for pilots).

In addition, mixers/loaders supporting chemigation applications to turf on sod farms must wear a NIOSH-approved respirator with a dust/mist filter with MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C or any N, R, P or HE filter.

See engineering controls for additional requirements.

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing or other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR part 170.240 (d)(4-6)].

Human flagging is prohibited. Flagging to support aerial application is limited to use of the Global Positioning System (GPS) or mechanical flaggers.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside, then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of the gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.



ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to aquatic organisms. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls;
- Shoes and socks; and
- Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses. Do not enter treated areas until sprays have dried.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

Pentathlon* LF contains a Group M3 fungicide. Fungal isolates with acquired resistance to Group M3 may eventually dominate the fungal population if Group M3 fungicides are used repeatedly in the same field or in successive years as the primary method of control for targeted species. This may result in partial or total loss of control of these species by Pentathlon LF or other Group M3 fungicides.

SePRO Corporation will not be responsible for losses or damages resulting from use of this product in any manner not specifically recommended by SePRO Corporation. User assumes all risks associated with such non-recommended use.

Pentathlon LF, containing mancozeb, is recommended for use as a spray for the control of many important plant diseases.

Application Instructions

As A Spray (Ground or Aerial Equipment) - Apply Pentathlon LF at the rate shown; use sufficient water to provide thorough coverage, use 20 to 100 gallons per acre for ground equipment and no less than 2 gallons per acre for aircraft. Add Pentathlon LF slowly to water in the spray tank with agitation, or premix thoroughly in separate holding tank for concentrate or aircraft sprayers. Continuous agitation is required to keep the product in suspension. A spreader-sticker spray adjuvant may be used with this product if needed; contact your local product distributor or SePRO representative for specific recommendations.

Spray Drift Management

A variety of factors including weather conditions (e.g., wind direction, wind speed, temperature, relative humidity) and method of application (e.g., ground, aerial, airblast, chemigation) can influence pesticide drift. The applicator must evaluate all factors and make appropriate adjustments when applying this product.

Wind Speed: Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 15 mph.

Temperature Inversions: If applying at wind speeds less than 3 mph, the applicator must determine if: (1) conditions of temperature inversion exist, or (2) stable atmospheric conditions exist at or below nozzle height. Do not make applications into areas of temperature inversions or stable atmospheric conditions.

Other State and Local Requirements: Applicators must follow all state and local pesticide drift requirements regarding application of mancozeb. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

Equipment: All aerial and ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers or surrogates.

Aerial application (not permitted on sod farms and golf courses)

- 1. The boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade diameter.
- 2. Release spray at the lowest height consistent with efficacy and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.
- 3. When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath must be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the up and downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

Ground Boom Application:

1. Do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the crop canopy.

Restrictions

This product may not be used on turfgrass in residential settings and athletic fields.

Foliar Applications

- Where EBDC Products Used Allow the Same Maximum Poundage of Active Ingredient per Acre per Season - If more than one product containing an EBDC active ingredient (maneb, mancozeb or metiram) is used on a crop during the same growing season and the EBDC products used allow the same maximum poundage of active ingredient per acre per season, then the total poundage of all such EBDC products used must not exceed any one of the specified individual EBDC product maximum seasonal poundage of active ingredient allowed per acre.
- Where EBDC Products Used Allow Different Maximum Poundage of Active Ingredient per Acre per Season - If more than one product containing an EBDC active ingredient is used on a crop during the same growing season and the EBDC products used allow different maximum poundage of active ingredient per acre per season, then the total poundage of all such EBDC products used must not exceed the lowest specified individual EBDC product maximum seasonal poundage of active ingredient allowed per acre.

Chemigation (Not Permitted On Golf Courses)

Chemigation Information

- Apply Pentathlon LF only through sprinklers including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set or hand move irrigation systems. Do not apply Pentathlon LF through any other type of irrigation system.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service Specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.
- Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Specific Instructions for Public Water Systems:

- Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
- Good agitation is required in the injection tank.
- In moving systems, apply specified dosage of Pentathlon LF as a continuous injection. In non-moving systems inject Pentathlon LF for 15 to 30 minutes at end of cycle. Use the least amount of water possible consistent with uniform coverage.
- Mix the amount of Pentathlon LF needed for acreage to be treated into the quantity of water determined during prior calibration. For moving systems inject into the system continuously for one complete revolution of the field. For non-moving systems inject into system for the time established during calibration.
- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation equipment until all Pentathlon LF is flushed from system.

Specific Instructions for Sprinkler Irrigation Systems:

- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

- Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
- Good agitation is required in the injection tank.
- In moving systems, apply specified dosage of Pentathlon LF as a continuous injection. In non-moving systems inject Pentathlon LF for 15 to 30 minutes at end of cycle. Use the least amount of water possible consistent with uniform coverage.
- Mix the amount of Pentathlon LF needed for acreage to be treated into the quantity of water determined during prior calibration. For moving systems inject into the system continuously for one complete revolution of the field. For non-moving systems inject into system for the time established during calibration.
- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation equipment until all Pentathlon LF is flushed from system.

FLOWERS, FOLIAGE PLANTS, AND ORNAMENTALS

Not intended for use on fruit trees by non-professional applicators. Treated plants must not be used for food or feed purposes.

Plant sensitivities to Pentathlon LF have been found to be acceptable in specific genera and species listed on this label, however, phototoxicity may occur. Due to the large number of species and varieties of ornamentals and nursery plants, it is impossible to test each one for sensitivity to Pentathlon LF. Neither the manufacturer or seller has determined whether or not Pentathlon LF can be safely used on ornamental or nursery plants not listed on this label. The user should determine if Pentathlon LF can be used safely prior to commercial use. In a small area, apply the recommended rates to the plants in question, i.e. bedding plants, foliage, etc., and observe for 7 to 10 days for symptoms of phytotoxicity prior to commercial use. Use Pentathlon LF in commercial greenhouses and nurseries for control of fungal diseases of flowers, foliage and ornamentals.

A maximum of twenty (20) applications of Pentathlon LF can be made per year to flowers, foliage plants, and ornamentals.

<u>Aerial Application</u>: For aerial applications made to field-planted ornamentals, apply 0.8 to 1.6 quarts per acre; a minimum rate of 5 gals of spray per acre should be used during aerial applications.

<u>Application of Dilute Sprays</u>: Apply as thorough coverage spray using 0.8 quarts to 1.6 quarts (0.8 to 1.6 lbs active ingredient) per 100 gals of water or per acre (see Table 1). Begin application at first sign of disease and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals or as needed; use shorter interval during periods of frequent rains or when severe disease conditions persist. Pentathlon LF may be used alone or in combination with other fungicides as a maintenance spray. Use higher rate and shorter intervals during periods of excessive wetness and rapid plant growth.

Pentathlon* LF, 67690-38

	TAL	LEI		
Label Use Rate	Elvid o	vinces <i>(</i> fL o	z.) of Penta	hlon LE
(quarts per acre	required to	make the	following sp	ray volume:
or quarts per 100	10.gal	5 gal	2 gal	1 gal
gals)	Iogai	S gai	2 yai	i-gai-
0.8	2.6	1.3	0.5	0.3
1.0	3.2	1.6	0.6	0.3
1.6	5.1	2.6	1.0	0.5

SePRO Pentathlon LF is recommended for use on certain flower, foliage and ornamental plants listed in Table 2 for control of the following diseases and pathogens.

	TABLE 2
PLANT	PATHOGEN CONTROLLED
Abutilon	Alternaria, Cercospora, Cladosporium ¹¹¹ , Colletotrichum, Puccinia
African violet	Alternaria, Botrytis
Ageratum	Alternaria, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Sclerotium
Aglaonema	Alternaria
Almond, ornamental	Botrytis, Cladosporium ^{†††} , Coryneum, Gloeosporium, Monilinia
Alyssum	Microsphaera alni
Andromeda	Exobasidium, Rhytisma, Venturia
Anthurium	Colletotrichum, Gloeosporium
Apple, ornamental	Alternaria, Cephalosporium, Colletotrichum, Coryneum, Elsinoe, Fusarium, Gloeosporium, Gymnosporangium, Helminthosporium, Leptosphaeria, Monilinia, Monochaetia, Mycosphaerella, Pestalotia, Venturia
Arborvitae	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Coryneum, Lophodermium, Mycosphaerella, Pestalotia
Ash	Cercospora, Cylindrosporium, Gloeosporium, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Sphaeropsis
Aster	Alternaria, Ascochyta, Botrytis, Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria, Uromyces
Aucuba japonica	Alternaria, Cercospora, Gloeosporium, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta
Azalea	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cladosporium ^{†††} , Colletotrichum, Cylindrocladium, Ovulinia
Baby's Breath	Botrytis, Rhizoctonia
Basswood ^{†††}	Cercospora, Phyllosticta
Begonia	Botrytis, Cercospora, Gloeosporium, Rhizoctonia
Birch	Cylindrosporium, Gloeosporium, Glomerella, Melampsoridium, Taphrina
Bougainvillea	Colletotrichum
Boxwood	Fusarium, Volutella
Buckeye	Cercospora, Glomerella, Guignardia, Monchaetia, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Taphrina
Buffaloberry	Cylindrosporium, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria

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Catalpa ^{†††}	Alternaria, Cercospora, Gloeosporium, Phomopsis, Rhizoctonia
Camellia	Botrytis, Cercospora, Elsinoe, Exobasidium, Glomerella, Pestalotia, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta
Carnation	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cladosporium ¹¹¹ , Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Helminthosporium, Septoria, Stemphylium, Uromyces
Cedar	Gymnosporangium, Lophodermium
Cherry, ornamental	Alternaria, Cercospora, Cladosporium ^{†††} , Coccomyces ^{†††} , Coryneum, Fusicladium, Monilinia, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Taphrina
Chinese evergreen	Colletotrichum, Gloeosporium
Christmas cactus	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Phomopsis
Chrysanthemum	Alternaria, Ascochyta, Bipolaris, Botrytis, Cercospora, Cylindrosporium, Helminthosporium, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Stemphylium
Cockscomb (Celosia)	Alternaria, Cercospora
Coleus	Alternaria, Botrytis, Phyllosticta
Columbine	Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria
Cordyline	Cercospora
Cotoneaster	Cercospora, Phyllosticta, Venturia
Crabapple, ornamental	Gymnosporangium, Marssonina, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Venturia
Crape myrtle ^{†††}	Cercospora, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta
Croton	Gloeosporium
<i>Cuphea</i> (Mexican heather)	Gloeosporium, Rhizoctonia
Cyclamen	Botrytis, Cladosporium ^{†††} , Fusarium, Glomerella, Phyllosticta, Ramularia
Cypress	Coryneum, Fusarium, Gymnosporangium, Lophodermium, Monchaetia, Pestalotia, Phomopsis
Dahlia	Alternaria, Botrytis, Fusarium, Rhizoctonia
Daisy ^{†††}	Botrytis, Cercospora, Whetzelia
Daisy, Shasta	Cylindrosporium, Fusarium, Septoria
Daisy, Transvaal	Alternaria, Botrytis, Gloeosporium
Daylily	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Puccinia
Delphinium	Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Diaporthe, Fusarium, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Ramularia, Septoria, Volutella
Dieffenbachia	Cephalosporium, Colletotrichum, Gloeosporium, Glomerella, Leptosphaeria
Dogwood	Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Elsinoe, Phyllosticta, Septoria
Dracaena	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Phyllosticta
Dusty Miller	Fusarium, Puccinia
Elm	Botryosphaeria, Cephalosporium, Cercospora, Coryneum, Cylindrosporium, Fusarium, Gloeosporium, Monochaetia, Mycosphaerella, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Rhizoctonia, Sphaeropsis, Taphrina
Euonymus	Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Gloeosporium, Marssonina, Ramularia, Septoria, Whetzelinia

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Fatsia	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Phyllosticta		
Fern	Botrytis, Cercospora, Curvularia, Cylindrosporium, Glomerella, Phyllosticta, Taphrina		
Ficus	Alternaria, Ascochyta, Cephalosporium, Cercospora,		
	Cladosporium ¹¹¹ , Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Gloeosporium,		
	Glomerella, Mycosphaerella, Phomopsis, Stemphylium		
Fir (Abies)	Cephalosporium, Lophodermium, Melampsora, Phomopsis,		
	Sphaeropsis		
Fir, Douglas ^{†††}	Phaeocryptopus		
Fir, Frasier	Phaeocryptopus		
Firethorn	Fusarium, Fusicladium, Rhizoctonia		
Fittonia	Rhizoctonia		
Four-o'clock ^{†††}	Cercospora, Rhizoctonia		
Fuchsia	Botrytis, Phomopsis, Septoria		
Garden balsam,	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora		
(Lady's Slipper)			
Gardenia ^{†††}	Alternaria, Botrytis, Diaporthe, Mycosphaerella, Pestalotia,		
	Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Rhizoctonia		
Geranium	Alternaria, Ascochyta, Bipolaris, Botrytis, Cercospora,		
	Cylindrosporium, Helminthosporium, Puccinia, Ramularia,		
	Rhizoctonia, Septoria, Uromyces, Venturia		
Gladiolus [†]	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cladosporium ^{†††} , Curvularia, Rhizoctonia,		
	Septoria, Stemphylium		
Gloxinia	Botrytis, Colletotrichum		
Gold Dust Tree	Gloeosporium, Glomerella, Pestalotia, Phyllosticta		
Gomphrena	Cercospora		
Gypsophila	Botrytis, Rhizoctonia		
Hawthorn	Cercospora, Cylindrosporium, Gloeosporium, Gymnosporangium,		
	Monilinia, Mycosphaerella, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Venturia		
Hemlock, Eastern ^{†††} (<i>Tsuga</i>)	Botrytis, Cylindrosporium, Melampsora, Rhizoctonia		
Hibiscus	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Phyllosticta		
Hickory	Cercospora, Cladosporium ¹¹¹ , Elsinoe, Fusarium, Gnomonia, Mycosphaerella, Pestalotia, Phyllosticta, Septoria		
Holly	Phyllosticta		
Hollyhock	Alternaria, Ascochyta, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Puccinia,		
*	Septoria		
Honeysuckle	Alternaria ^{†††} , Cercospora ^{†††} , Gloeosporium ^{†††} , Herpobasidium, Phyllosticta ^{†††}		
Horse Chestnut	see Buckeye		
Hydrangea	Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Phyllosticta, Rhizoctonia, Septoria		
Impatiens	Cercospora, Phyllosticta, Rhizoctonia, Septoria		
Indian Hawthorn	Entomosporium		
Iris	Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cladosporium ^{†††} , Fusarium, Kabatiella, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia		
lvy	Cladosporium ¹¹¹ , Colletotrichum, Glomerella, Phyllosticta, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia, Sphaeropsis		

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Jade plant	Gloeosporium, Phomopsis			
Juniper	Cercospora, Coryneum, Gymnosporangium, Lophodermium,			
	Pestalotia, Phomopsis, Stigmina			
Kalanchoe	Cercospora, Stemphylium			
Larkspur	see Delphinium			
Laurel, Cherry	Alternaria, Cercospora, Coccomyces, Monilinia, Phyllosticta, Septoria			
Laurel, Mountain	Cercospora, Mycosphaerella, Pestalotia, Phomopsis, Rhytisma, Septoria			
Lavender, cotton	Septoria			
Lilac ^{†††}	Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium ^{†††} , Cylindrocladium, `Gloeosporium			
Lily	Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium ¹¹¹ , Colletotrichum, Fusarium, Puccinia, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia			
Liriope	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Leptothyrium ¹¹¹			
Lobelia	Botrytis, Cercospora, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria			
Loquat	Colletotrichum, Fusicladium, Pestalotia, Phyllosticta, Septoria			
Magnolia	Alternaria, Cercospora, Cladosporium ^{†††} , Colletotrichum, Glomerella, Rhizoctonia			
Mahonia	Cercospora, Cylindrocladium, Gloeosporium, Leptosphaeria, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Puccinia			
Maple	Alternaria, Cercospora, Ciborinia, Fusarium, Marssonina, Monochaetia, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Rhizoctonia, Rhytisma, Septoria, Sphaeropsis, Taphrina, Venturia			
Mountain ash	Gymnosporangium			
Myrtle	Cercospora, Glomerella, Pestalotia			
Narcissus	Botrytis, Sclerotinia ^{†††}			
Nasturtium	Botrytis, Cercospora, Puccinia			
Nannyberry	Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium ^{†††} , Helminthosporium, Monochaetia, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Ramularia			
Nephthytis	Cephalosporium			
Nicotiana	Alternaria			
Nierembergia	Botrytis			
Oak	Cephalosporium, Cercospora, Cladosporium ¹¹¹ , Cronartium, Elsinoe, Fusarium, Gloeosporium, Gnomonia, Marssonina, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Taphrina, Venturia			
Orchid	Cercospora, Fusicladium, Mycosphaerella, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Septoria			
Osmanthus	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Phyllosticta			
Palm, Areca	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Septoria			
Palms, Arenga ¹¹¹	Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Cylindrocladium, Pestalotia, Phoma, Stigmina			
Palm, Cabbage ^{†††}	Fusarium, Gloeosporium, Pestalotia, Stigmina			
Palm, Coconut ^{†††}	Pestalotia			
Palm, Date ^{†††}	Alternaria, Fusarium, Helminthosporium, Pestalotia			
Palm, King	Alternaria, Fusarium, Helminthosporium, Pestalotia, Phomopsis			



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Palm, Phoenix ^{†††}	Alternaria, Cercospora, Fusarium, Gloeosporium, Pestalotia, Phomopsis, Stigmina			
Palm, Queen ^{†††}	Glomerella, Septoria			
Palm, Royal ^{†††}	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Helminthosporium			
Palm, Washington	Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Cylindrocladium, Pestalotia,			
	Phoma ^{ttt} , Stigmina			
Pansy	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Peronospora, Phyllosticta, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia			
Peach, ornamental	Cercospora, Cladosporium ¹¹¹ , Coryneum, Fusarium, Glomerella, Monilinia, Mycosphaerella, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Taphrina			
Pear, ornamental	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium ¹¹¹ , Coryneum, Elsinoe, Fusarium, Glomerella, Gymnosporangium, Helminthosporium, Monilinia, Mycosphaerella, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Venturia			
Peony	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium ¹¹¹ , Gloeosporium, Phyllosticta, Septoria			
Peperomia	Colletotrichum, Gloeosporium, Rhizoctonia			
Periwinkle	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cladosporium ¹¹¹ , Colletotrichum, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria			
Petunia	Cercospora, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Stemphylium			
Philodendron	Colletotrichum, Gloeosporium			
Phlox	Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Ramularia, Septoria, Stemphylium, Volutella			
Photinia	Cercospora, Gloeosporium, Gymnosporangium, Lophodermium, Pestalotia, Phyllosticta, Septoria			
Pieris	Alternaria, Pestalotia, Phyllosticta, Rhytisma			
Pilea	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Helminthosporium, Phyllosticta			
Pine, Norfolk Island	Botrytis, Colletotrichum, Cronartium, Cylindrocladium, Fusarium, Lophodermium, Pestalotia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria, Sirococcus ¹¹¹			
Pine	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cronartium, Fusarium, Lophodermium, Monochaetia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria, Sirococcus ¹¹¹			
Pittosporum	Alternaria, Cercospora, Gnomonia, Mycosphaerella, Phyllosticta, Rhizoctonia, Septoria			
Plane tree	Cercospora, Gnomonia, Phyllosticta, Septoria			
Plum, ornamental	Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium ^{†††} , Coccomyces, Coryneum, Monilinia, Phyllosticta, Taphrina			
Poinsettia ^{††}	Botrytis, Cercospora, Fusarium, Uromyces			
Poplar	Cercospora, Ciborinia, Colletotrichum, Cylindrocladium, Fusarium, Marssonina, Melampsora, Mycosphaerella, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Stigmina, Taphrina, Venturia			
Portulaca	Rhizoctonia			
Pothos	Rhizoctonia			
Prayer plant	Alternaria, Drechslera, Glomerella, Puccinia			
Primrose	Alternaria, Botrytis, Colletotrichum, Mycosphaerella, Puccinia, Ramularia, Uromyces			
Privet	Cercospora, Glomerella, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Ramularia			
Protea	Botrytis			

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Pyracantha	Botrytis, Cercospora, Diplodia, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta, Sphaeropsis			
Quince, flowering	Cercospora ¹¹¹ , Fabraea, Gymnosporangium ¹¹¹ , Septobasidium ¹¹¹			
Red cedar, western ^{†††}	Keithia or Didymascella			
(Thuja)				
Red tip	See Photinia			
Redwood, Sequoia	Botrytis, Cercospora, Mycosphaerella, Pestalotia, Phomopsis			
Rhododendron	Alternaria, Cercospora, Coryneum, Gloeosporium, Glomerella, Guignardia, Lophodermium, Mycosphaerella, Pestalotia, Phomopsis, Rhizoctonia, Septoria, Venturia			
Rose	Alternaria, Bipolaris, Botryosphaeria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium ^{†††} , Cylindrocladium, Diplocarpon, Elsinoe, Gloeosporium, Helminthosporium, Leptosphaeria, Monochaetia, Mycosphaerella, Peronospora, Phyllosticta, Septoria			
Rosemary	Rhizoctonia			
Russian olive ^{†††}	Cercospora, Colletotrichum			
Sage	Cercospora, Peronospora, Puccinia, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia			
Salvia ^{†††}	Cercospora, Puccinia			
Santolina	Botrytis			
Senecio	Cercospora, Gloeosporium, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Ramularia, Septoria			
Schefflera	Alternaria			
Snake plant	Fusarium, Gloeosporium			
Snapdragon	Alternaria, Bipolaris, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Drechslera, Fusarium, Helminthosporium, Peronospora, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia			
Spathiphyllum	Alternaria			
Spindle Tree	see Euonymus			
Spireattt	Cylindrosporium			
Spruce	Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cladosporium ^{†††} , Lophodermium, Rhizoctonia			
Spurge	Cercospora, Melampsora, Puccinia			
Statice	Alternaria, Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Rhizoctonia, Uromyces			
Strawflower	Fusarium			
Sumac ^{†††}	Cercospora, Cladosporium ¹¹¹ , Fusarium, Phyllosticta, Septoria, Taphrina			
Sunflower, ornamental ^{†††}	Alternaria, Puccinia			
Syngonium	Cephalosporium, Erwinia ^{†††} , Fusarium			
Tulip	Botrytis			
Venus flytrap	Colletotrichum			
Verbena	Alternaria, Ascochyta, Botrytis, Cercospora, Phyllosticta, Puccinia, Rhizoctonia, Septoria, Stemphylium			
Viburnum	Botrytis, Cercospora, Cladosporium ¹¹¹ , Helminthosporium, Monochaetia, Phomopsis, Ramularia			
Walnut	Cercospora, Cladosporium ¹¹¹ , Cylindrocladium, Cylindrosporium, Gnomonia			

Willow	Ascochyta, Cercospora, Ciborinia, Cylindrosporium, Fusicladium,	
	Gloeosporium, Marssonina, Melampsora, Phomopsis, Phyllosticta,	
	Ramularia, Rhytisma, Septoria, Taphrina, Venturia	
Wisteria ^{†††}	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum, Gloeosporium, Pestalotia	
Yucca	Cercospora, Cylindrosporium, Gloeosporium, Puccinia	
Zebra plant	Alternaria, Cercospora, Colletotrichum	
Zinnia	Alternaria, Botrytis, Cercospora, Rhizoctonia	

[†]Do not exceed 0.6 quarts per 100 gallons on flower spikes.

^{††}Do not exceed 1.2 quarts per 100 gallons. ^{†††}Except in California.

Note: Do not treat marigolds.

TURFGRASSES: Sodfarms, Turf Use

For applications to turfgrasses on sod farms, golf courses, industrial and commercial lawns. Applications must be done by a professional applicator.

Application Restrictions

For ALL turfgrass uses:

- Do not apply more than 12.8 fl. oz. per 1,000 ft² or 4.35 gallons of product per acre (17.4 lbs a.i./acre) per application.
- Apply on a minimum 10 day schedule.

Sod farms:

- Harvesting of treated turf is prohibited until 5 days following application.
- Do not make more than 4 applications per year.
- Aerial application is prohibited on all sod farm turfgrasses. •

Golf Courses:

- For cool season turfgrasses:
 - \circ Greens, tees, and aprons \rightarrow Do not make more than 5 applications/year.
 - Fairways \rightarrow Do not make more than 4 applications/year.
- For warm season turfgrasses:
 - \circ Greens, tees, and aprons \rightarrow Do not make more than 4 applications/year.
 - Fairways \rightarrow Do not make more than 3 applications/year.
- Aerial application is prohibited on all golf course turfgrasses

All other turfgrasses (including industrial and commercial lawns and other similar non-residential areas):

• Do not make more than 4 applications per year.

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		· TABLE 3		
CROP DISEASE/		APRLICATION		
	PEST	RATE (fl. oz. / 1,000 ft ²)	TIMING INTERVAL	COMMENTS
Sod farms (WPS use): see Agricultural Use Requirements Box Turfgrasses (Non-WPS uses): see Non- Agricultural Use Requirements Box Examples include: golf courses and professional applications to industrial (office park) and municipal lawns.	• Algae	10-12.8	Start treatment when algae begins to appear. Repeat at 10-day intervals as long as condition persists.	Do not use on grasses grown for seed. Do not use on grasses
	 Copper Spot Fusarium Blight (<i>F. roseum</i>) Red Thread 	7-10	Begin when grass greens up in spring. Repeat at 10 to 14- day intervals as long as condition persists.	intended for grazing, such as range or pasture grasses.
	Slime Molds	10-12.8	Use during favorable disease conditions. Repeat at 10-day intervals as long as condition persists.	Do not graze treated areas or feed clippings to livestock.
	 Gray Leaf Spot^{†††} (<i>Pyricularia</i> grisea) 	9-12.8	Begin at first sign of disease. Apply at 10- day intervals during favorable disease conditions.	Applications prohibited on all types of residential lawns and
	 Dollar Spot (Sclerotinia) 	10-12.8	Begin when grass greens up in spring. Repeat at 10 to 14- day intervals as long as condition persists.	athletic fields.
		12.8	Use during favorable disease conditions. Repeat at 10-day intervals as long as condition persists.	
	 Pink (Fusarium) Snow Mold 	10-12.8	Use during winter. Apply before first snowfall. Repeat at 14 to 42-day intervals as long as condition persists.	
	Leaf Spot	5-7	Begin when disease appears.	

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•	(<i>Helminthos</i> <i>porium</i> spp.) Rhizoctonia Brown Patch	10-12.8	Use during favorable disease conditions. Repeat at 10-day intervals as long as condition persists.	
•	Pythium Blight	12.8	Begin at first sign of disease. Repeat at 10-day intervals if conditions are favorable for disease development.	
•	Leaf Rust Stem Rust Stripe Rust	5-7	Begin when disease first appears. Repeat at 10-day intervals as long as disease persists.	

^{†††}Except in California

ATTENTION:

This product contains mancozeb and ETU, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer in laboratory animals. ETU is also known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm in laboratory animals.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Important. Keep in a cool place but not below 32[°]F. Temperature extremes will affect the quality of Pentathlon LF. Store product in original container only, away from other pesticides, fertilizer, food or feed.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Nonrefillable Container Disposal (rigid, 5 gallons or less): Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to the flow begins to drip. Repeat the procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling (if available) or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Nonrefillable Container Disposal (rigid, larger than 5 gallons): Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank, treatment area, or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling (if available) or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.



TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF USE

If terms of the following *Warranty Disclaimer*, *Inherent Risks of Use* and *Limitation of Remedies* are not acceptable, return unopened package at once to the seller for a full refund of purchase price paid. Otherwise, to the extent consistent with applicable law, use by the buyer or any other user constitutes acceptance of the terms under *Warranty Disclaimer*, *Inherent Risks of Use*, and *Limitation of Remedies*.

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER

SePRO Corporation warrants that the product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions, subject to the inherent risks set forth below. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, SEPRO CORPORATION MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.

INHERENT RISKS OF USE

It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with use of this product. Plant injury, lack of performance, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as use of the product contrary to label instructions (including conditions noted on the label such as unfavorable temperatures, soil conditions, etc.), abnormal conditions (such as excessive rainfall, drought, tornadoes, hurricanes), presence of other materials, the manner of application, or other factors, all of which are beyond the control of SePRO Corporation or the seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by buyer.

LIMITATION OF REMEDIES

To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy for losses or damages resulting from this product (including claims based on contract, negligence, strict liability, or other legal theories) shall be limited to, at SePRO Corporation's election, one of the following:

- (1) Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought, or
- (2) Replacement of amount of product used.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, SePRO Corporation shall not be liable for losses or damages resulting from handling or use of this product unless SePRO Corporation is promptly notified of such losses or damages in writing. To the extent consistent with applicable law, in no case shall SePRO Corporation be liable for consequential or incidental damages or losses.

The terms of the *Warranty Disclaimer*, *Inherent Risks of Use* and this *Limitation of Remedies* cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or sales agent of SePRO Corporation or the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of the *Warranty Disclaimer* or this *Limitation of Remedies* in any manner.

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