05/31/2006

Form Approved. OMB No. 2070-0060

United States Environmental Protection Agency Washington, DC 20460			Registrat Amendm X Other			
	Application f	for Pesticide - Sect	tion I			
1. Company/Product Number		2. EPA Product Man	#Sger	3. Proposed Classification		
67690-35		Mary Waller		X None Restricted		
4. Company/Product (Name) Junction		PM# 21	and the second s			
5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) SePRO Corporation 11550 N. Meridian Street, Suite 600 Carmel, IN 46032-4565 Check if this is a new address		6. Expedited Reveiw. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) (b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No. Product Name				
		Section - II				
Amendment - Explain below. Resubmission in response to Agency Notification - Explain below.		Application.	NOTIFICATION MAY 3 1 2006			
Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and Section II.) Pursuant to PR Notice 98-10, this notification is made to add "Except California" and indicating asterisks to the list of ornamental plants which cannot be treated with Junction in the State of California. Additionally, minor typographic and formatting issues have been corrected. The changes have been highlighted on the submitted label copies.						
		Section - III				
1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged in						
Child-Resistant Packaging Unit Packaging Yes No No If "Yes"	E	Vater Soluble Packaging Yes No No No. per		ontainer Motal Plastic Glass Paper		
* Certification must Unit Packaging		ackage wgt container		Other (Specify)		
3. Location of Nat Contents Information 4. Size(s) Retail Container 5. Location of Label Directions Label Container						
6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Produ	Paper glued Stenciled	d <u> </u>	ſ			
		Section - IV				
1. Contact Point (Complete items directly b	elow for identification of	individual to be contacted,				
Name Amy Dugger-Ronyak	Title Reç	gulatory Affairs Specia	I	Telephone No. (Include Area Code) 317-580-8286		
Certification I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. I acknowledge that any knowlingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law. 8. Deta Application Received (Stamped)						
2. Signature Dugger Ro	rupuc	egulatory Affairs	Specialist			
4. Typed Name Amy Dugger-Ronyak		5. Date May 19, 2006				



ACTIVE INGREDIENTS

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER / PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	 Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
lf inhaled	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If swallowed	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin or clothing	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate use of gastric lavage.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call **INFOTRAC 800-535-5053.**

See Label for Additional Precautions and Directions for use.

For additional information on our products, please visit www.sepro.com.

EPA REG. NO. 67690-35 FPL 051506 EPA EST. NO. 1812-GA-3 SPC xxx-xxx

*Trademark of SePRO Corporation SePRO Corporation Carmel, IN 46032, USA

Net Contents: 6 Pounds

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS (AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS)

DANGER / PELIGRO

Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Do not get in eyes or clothing. Avoid inhaling dust or spray mist. Prolonged and repeated dermal contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for Category A on an EPA chemical resistance selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- · Chemical resistant apron during mixing and loading
- · Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to fish and aquatic organisms in adjacent aquatic sites. Do not allow rinsate from cleaning of equipment or disposed material to enter surface or ground water.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours without recommended PPE.

The following equipment and precautions must be followed for 7 days following the application of this product:

An eye-flush container, designed specifically for flushing eyes, must be available at the WPS decontamination site for workers entering the area treated with copper hydroxide (an active ingredient in Junction).

Notify workers of the application by warning them orally that residues in the treated areas may be highly irritating to their eyes and to take precautions such as refraining from rubbing their eyes and if they get residues in their eyes they should immediately flush their eyes using the eye-flush container.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- · Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides 40 CFR part 170. The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep unprotected persons out of the treated areas until sprays have dried.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

GROUND or AERIAL APPLICATIONS: Apply Junction at the rate shown; use sufficient water to provide thorough coverage, with available equipment in either dilute sprays or in concentrate ground or aerial sprays, typically at least 100 gallons per acre for traditional airblast sprayers, 25-50 gallons per acre for low volume airblast sprayers, and 3-10 gallons per acre for aerial application. Rates of product per acre should be the same for dilute and concentrated sprays. Add Junction slowly to water in the spray tank with agitation, or premix thoroughly in separate holding tank for concentrate or aircraft sprayers. Continuous agitation is recommended to keep the product in suspension. If needed, adjuvants of the spreader, sticker, or compatibility agent type that are approved for use on growing crops may be used.

During aerial application, human flaggers must be in enclosed cabs.

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

- Junction should not be applied in a spray solution having a pH of less than 6.5 as phytotoxicity may occur.
- This product may be reactive on masonry and metal surfaces such as galvanized roofing. Avoid contact with metal surfaces. Do not spray on cars, houses, lawn furniture, etc.
- Environmental conditions such as extended periods of wet weather, acid rain, etc. which alter the pH of the leaf surface may affect the performance of Junction resulting in possible phytotoxicity or loss of effectiveness.
- Pesticides may perform in an unpredictable manner when tank mixed especially where several products are involved. Reduced effect on pests or crop injury may occur. Unless recommended on this label or by a state/local expert, or the user has small scale direct experience, tank mixing should not be undertaken.

- Do not apply this product through any irrigation (chemigation) system using aluminum parts or components as damage to the system may occur. Such application is prohibited regardless of whether the irrigation system is flushed with water after use of this product.
- Apply this product only through one or more of the following types of systems: sprinkler including center pivot, lateral
 move, traveler, big gun, and plastic pipe solid set system(s) which contain no aluminum parts or components. Do
 not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- Mixing of this product with products containing diazinon, fosetyl-al or other aluminum-containing products, or thiophanate-methyl is not recommended because of physical incompatibility.
- It must be determined in the selection process if proper application equipment is available and if the waste
 associated with its use can be properly handled. Materials used in the construction of application equipment is also
 an important factor as pesticides are often reactive with soft metals such as aluminum and even some synthetic
 materials such as plastics, rubbers, etc. Therefore it is necessary when working with equipment containing these
 materials that they are thoroughly flushed with clean water after each days use.
- Junction should be used only in accordance with recommendations on this label.

SePRO Corporation will not be responsible for losses or damages resulting from use of this product in any manner not specifically recommended by SePRO Corporation. User assumes all risks associated with such non-recommended use.

FROST INJURY PROTECTION

BACTERIAL ICE NUCLEATION INHIBITOR

When used at the appropriate rate and timing, to all crops listed on this label for disease control, Junction may also afford control of ice-nucleating bacteria (*Pseudomonas syringae*, *Erwinia herbicola*, and *Pseudomonas fluorescens*). If the applications occur at least 24 hours prior to anticipated frost conditions, some protection against light frost may be provided. No reduction in frost damage should be expected in those geographic areas where weather conditions favor severe frost.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS FOLIAR TREATMENT

Where EBDC products used allow the same maximum poundage of active ingredient per acre per season:

If more than one product containing an EBDC active ingredient (maneb, mancozeb, or metiram) is used on a crop during the same growing season and the EBDC products used allow the same maximum poundage of active ingredient per acre per season, then the total poundage of all such EBDC products used must not exceed any of the specified individual EBDC product maximum seasonal poundage of active ingredient allowed per acre.

Where EBDC products used allow different maximum poundage of active ingredient per acre per season:

If more than one product containing an EBDC active ingredient is used on a crop during the same growing season and the EBDC products used allow different maximum poundage of active ingredient per acre per season, then the total poundage of all such EBDC products used must not exceed the lowest specified individual EBDC product maximum poundage of active ingredient allowed per acre.

ORNAMENTALS

For outdoor or greenhouse use, apply as a thorough coverage spray using 1.5 to 3.5 lb. Junction per acre. Dilute spray, using the higher rates when conditions favor disease. One-half tablespoon of Junction per gallon of water is equivalent to 1.5 lb. per 100 gallons. Begin application at first sign of disease and repeat at 7 - 14 day intervals as needed. Use shorter intervals when severe disease conditions exist.

Note: Plant sensitivities to Junction have been found to be acceptable in specific genera and species listed on this label; however, phytotoxicity may occur. Due to the large number of species and varieties of ornamentals and nursery plants, it is impossible to test every one for sensitivity to Junction. Neither the manufacturer nor the seller has determined whether or not Junction can be safely used on ornamental or nursery plants not listed on this label. The user should determine if Junction can be used safely prior to commercial use. In a small area, apply the recommended rates to the plants in question, i.e. bedding plants, foliage, etc., and observe for 7 - 10 days for symptoms of phytotoxicity.

Not intended for use on fruit trees by homeowners. Do not apply to plants grown for food or feed purposes.

CROP	DISEASES	REMARKS
Apple (including crab apple)	Fireblight (suppression)	Make a single application between silver tip and green tip as a full cover spray. Injury may occur from late application; discontinue use when green tip reaches ½ inch.
Arborvitae	Cercospora Blight, Alternaria Twig Blight, Phomopsis Needle Blight	
Ash*	Anthracnose	
Azalea	Cercospora Leaf Spot, Botrytis Blight, Phytophthora Twig and Bud Blight*, Powdery Mildew	Discoloration of foliage and/or blooms has been noted on some varieties. To prevent residues on commercial plants, do not spray just before selling season.
Banana	Sigatoka	Apply when leaves first appear and repeat every 14 to 21 days or as required. Use sufficient water to provide adequate coverage. The addition of a surfactant to spray solutions will improve performance.
Barberry*	Bacterial Leaf, Twig Blight	
Beech*	Fungal Leaf Spot	
Begonia	Botrytis Blight, Bacterial Leaf Spot	
Birch*	Leaf Blister Rust	
Bittersweet* Camellia	Fungal Leaf Spot Anthracnose, Bacterial Leaf Spot,	
Camenia	Petal Blight	
Carnation	Alternaria Blight, Pseudomonas Leaf Spot, Botrytis Blight, Septoria Leaf Spot	Discoloration of foliage and/or blooms has been noted on some varieties. To prevent residues on commercial plants, do not spray just before selling season
Catalpa*	Fungal Leaf Spot	
Cherry-laurel*	Brown Rot, Blossom & Twig Blight, Fungal Leaf Spot, Bacterial Spot	
Chrysanthemum	Septoria Leaf Spot, Botrytis Blight	Discoloration of foliage and/or blooms has been noted on some varieties. To prevent residues on commercial plants, do not spray just before selling season.
Cotoneaster	Scab, Fungal Leaf Spot, Botrytis Blight	
Currant*, alpine	Anthracnose, Fungal Leaf Spot	
Dahlia	Alternaria Leaf Spot, Cercospora Leaf Spot, Botrytis Blight	
Dogwood	Anthracnose, Fungal Leaf Spot*, Leaf Blotch*, Spot Anthracnose*, Flower*	Apply when buds begin to open, when bracts have fallen, 4 weeks later and again in late summer after flower buds for next season
Footor Lily	and Leaf Blights* Botrytis Blight	have formed. Use 4.0 - 6.5 lbs. in 20 to 100 gallons of water per acre.
Easter Lily Elm	Xanthomonas Leaf Spot,	Ose 4.0 - 0.5 lbs. In 20 to 100 gallons of water per acre.
Liid	Anthracnose*, Black Leaf Spot*, and other Fungal Leaf Spots*, Twig Blight*	
Euonymus	Anthracnose, Botrytis Blight, Fungal Leaf Spots*, Scab*, Spot Anthracnose*	
Fir*	Needle and Twig Blights, Leaf Casts	
Forsythia*	Fungal Leaf Spot	
Geranium	Alternaria Leaf Spot, Botrytis Gray Mold, Cercospora Leaf Spot	

Gladiolus Alternaria Leaf Spot, Botrytis Gray

Mold, Bacterial Leaf Blight

Hickory* Anthracnose, Fungal Leaf Spot or

Blotch, Scab, Spot Anthracnose Fungal Leaf Spot, Tar Spot,

Anthracnose, Spot Anthracnose, Leaf

and Twig Blight, Algae

Honeysuckle* Herpobasidium Leaf Blight, Fungal

Leaf Spot

Horse-chestnut*, Buckeye*

Holly*

Leaf Blotch, Fungal Leaf Spot or Blight, Anthracnose, Spot

Anthracnose

Hydrangea* Fungal Leaf Spot, Rust, Botrytis Leaf

and Flower Blight or Gray Mold Alternaria, Pseudomonas syringae

Impatiens, New Guinea and

standard varieties*
Indian Hawthorn
Anthracnose, Entomosporium Leaf

Spot

Juniper

(Eastern Red Cedar)

Lilac*

Linden, Basswood*

Anthracnose, Rust*, Phomopsis Twig Blight*, Cercospora Leaf Blight*

Bacteria Blight, Phytophthora Blight Anthracnose, Fungal Leaf Spots, Leaf

Blight, Spot Anthracnose

Magnolia Gleosporium Leaf Spot*, Algal Leaf

Spot, Anthracnose, Bacterial Leaf

Spot, Leaf Blights

Maple*, Anthracnose, Fungal Leaf Spots, Leaf Boxelder* Blight or Blotch, Leaf Scab, Tar Spot,

Leaf Blister

Marigold Botrytis Leaf and Blossom Blight,

Alternaria Leaf Spot, Cercospora Leaf may occur.

Spot

Mountain-Ash* Leaf Blight, Scab, Fungal Leaf Spot,

Rust, Fire Blight

Mulberry Bacterial Blight* or Leaf Spot, Fungal

Leaf Spot*, False Mildew*

Oak, Laurel Algal Leaf Spot (Cephaleuros

virescens), Anthracnose*, Fungal Leaf

Spots* and Blights*, Spot Anthracnose*, Leaf Blotch*, Leaf

Blister*

Pachysandra

Pansy

Volutella Leaf Blight Anthracnose,

Downy Mildew

Pear Fireblight

Alternaria Leaf Spot, Botrytis Blight

Peony Alternaria Lea Periwinkle (Vinca) Anthracnose

Photinia Anthracnose, Entomosporium Leaf

Spot, Powdery Mildew*

Pine* Dothistroma Needle Blight, Scirrhi

Dothistroma Needle Blight, Scirrhia Brown Spot and Needle Blight, Rhizosphaera Needle Cast,

Sirococcus Tip Blight, Sphaeropsis or Diplodia Tip Blight or Dieback, Rhabdocline Needle Cast, Lophodermium and Cyclaneusma

Needle Cast

Poplar, Aspen*, Cottonwood Leaf Rusts, Fungal Leaf Spot, Yellow

wood Leaf Blister

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Use 3 to 5 teaspoons per gallon.

Use 2.5 - 5.0 lb. per acre.

Not recommended for use on French Marigold as phytotoxicity

Apply at 5 day intervals throughout the bloom period. Do not apply after bloom.

Apply 3 to 5 teaspoons per gallon.

Discoloration of foliage and/or blooms has been noted on some varieties. To prevent residues on commercial plants, do not spray

just before selling season.

No post-bloom application.

Junction 67690-m2

Privet*

Anthracnose, Fungal Leaf Spots, Twig

Blight

Pyracantha

antha Fireblight, Scab

Redbud

Cercospora and other Fungal Leaf

Spots

Rhododendron, Azalea

Alternaria Flower Spot, Cercospora Leaf Spot, Ovulinia Petal* or Flower Blight*, Fungal Leaf Spots*, Rust*, Galls (leaf, flower and stem*), Botrytis Blight*, Bud and Twig Blight Dieback*

Rose

Black Spot, Cercospora Leaf Spot, Powdery Mildew, Botrytis Blight*, Cankers*, Cane Blight*, Spot

Anthracnose*, Rust, Anthracnose*,

Fungal Leaf Spot*

Russian-olive*

Fungal Leaf Spot

Spathiphyllum*

Bacterial Leafspot, Bacterial Soft Rot;

Leafspot caused by Alternaria, Ascochyta, Cercospora, Gleosporium, and Phyllosticta; Anthracnose caused by Collectotrichum gloeosporioides

Stone fruit (ornamental)*

Black Knot, Brown Rot, Blossom & Twig Blight, Botrytis Blight, Gray Mold,

-- almond, apricot, cherry, nectarine,

Leaf Blister or Curl, Plum Pockets, Witches'-broom, Scab, Shot Hole,

peach, plum

Fungal Leaf Spot, Bacterial Spot Fungal Leaf Spots

Sumac*

Sycamore*, Planetree* Anthracnose, Leaf Blight, Fungal Leaf

Spots

Botrytis Blight, Anthracnose

Viburnum

Tulip

Downy Mildew, Anthracnose

Walnut, Butternut*,

Bacterial Blight, Anthracnose, Yellow Do not use for food or feed.

Pecan (ornamental)*

Leaf Blotch, Fungal Leaf Spots or

Blights

Willow*

Tar Spot, Leaf Blight, Scab, Black

Canker, Spot Anthracnose

Witchhazel*

Fungal Leaf Spots

Zinnia

Alternaria Leaf Blight, Botrytis Blight

* Except in California

TURF

For use on sod farms, golf courses, and for professional applications to industrial and municipal turf. Not for use by homeowners.

Start applications when grass greens-up in spring or when disease threatens. Repeat at 7 to 14 day intervals as needed. Use the shorter interval and maximum rate when disease is severe or expected to be so. Apply in sufficient water to provide adequate coverage.

Due to the wide variation in climatic conditions, cultural practices and other factors, we recommend testing tank mixtures on a small area before wide scale use. Under certain circumstances, this product or tank mixtures containing this product can cause discoloration to some turfgrass species and varieties including Bluegrass and annual Bluegrass (Poa). If discoloration occurs, it is usually short term and can normally be mitigated by fertilizing and mowing.

Do not graze treated areas. Do not use on grasses intended for grazing, such as range or pasture grasses. Do not feed clippings to livestock. Do not use for grasses grown for seed.

Note: Phytotoxicity may occur depending upon varietal differences. Apply recommended rate to small area and observe for 7 - 10 days for signs of injury. If phytotoxicity occurs, discontinue use. Do not apply in spray solutions with a pH of less than 6.5.

DISEASES	RATE/1000 Sq. Ft.	REMARKS
Helminthosporium Melting-out Rusts (leaf, stem, stripe)	2-4 oz.	
Copper Spot, Fusarium Blight, Powdery	2-4 oz.	
Mildew, Red Thread*, Slime Mold Algae	2-4 oz.	
Dollar Spot	2-4 oz.	
Rhizoctonia Brown Patch	2-4 oz.	Apply on a 7 day schedule.
Pythium Blight	2-4 oz.	Apply at 5 day intervals, or more frequently, if conditions are especially favorable for disease development.
Fusarium Snow Mold * Except in California	2-4 oz.	Apply at 2 to 6 week intervals during winter.

GENERAL CHEMIGATION INSTRUCTIONS

(For turf and sod)

Apply Junction only through sprinkler systems including center pivot, lateral move, traveler, big gun, and plastic pipe solid set irrigation systems which contain no aluminum parts or components. Do not apply Junction through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of chemigation water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service Specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Posting of areas to be chemigated is required when 1) any part of a treated area is within 300 feet of sensitive areas such as residential areas, labor camps, businesses, day care centers, hospitals, in-patient clinics, nursing homes or any public areas such as schools, parks, playgrounds, or other public facilities not including public roads, or 2) when the chemigated area is open to the public such as golf courses or retail greenhouses.

Posting must conform to the following requirements. Treated areas shall be posted with signs at all usual points of entry and along likely routes of approach from the listed sensitive areas. When there are no usual points of entry, signs must be posted in the corners of the treated areas and in any location affording maximum visibility to sensitive areas. The printed side of the sign should face away from the treated area towards the sensitive area. The signs shall be printed in English. Signs must be posted prior to application and must remain until foliage has dried and soil surface water has disappeared. Signs may remain in place indefinitely as long as they are composed of materials to prevent deterioration and maintain legibility for the duration of the posting period.

All words shall consist of letters at least 2 1/2 inches tall, and all letters and the symbol shall be a color which sharply contrasts with their immediate background. At the top of the sign shall be the words KEEP OUT, followed by an octagonal stop sign symbol at least 8 inches in diameter containing the word STOP. Below the symbol shall be the words: "PESTICIDES IN IRRIGATION WATER."

This sign is in addition to any sign posted to comply with the Worker Protection Standard.

CHEMIGATION SYSTEMS CONNECTED TO PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

Public water systems means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone backflow Page 8 of 10

preventor (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top of the overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

When mixing, fill nurse tank half full with water. Add Junction slowly to tank while hydraulic or mechanical agitation is operating and continue filling with water. DO NOT PRE-SLURRY Junction. Stickers, spreaders, insecticides, nutrients, etc. should be added last. If compatibility is in question, use the Compatibility Jar Test before mixing a whole tank. Because of the wide variety of possible combinations which can be encountered, observe all cautions and limitations on the label of all products used in mixtures. Good agitation is required in the injection tank.

Junction should be added through a traveling irrigation system continuously or at the last 30 minutes of solid set irrigation systems.

Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation equipment until all Junction is flushed from the system.

SPRINKLER CHEMIGATION

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of liquid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

When mixing, fill nurse tank half full with water. Add Junction slowly to tank while hydraulic or mechanical agitation is

operating and continue filling with water. DO NOT PRE-SLURRY Junction. Stickers, spreaders, insecticides, nutrients, etc. should be added last. If compatibility is in question, use the Compatibility Jar Test before mixing a whole tank. Because of the wide variety of possible combinations which can be encountered, observe all cautions and limitations on the label of all products used in mixtures. Good agitation is required in the injection tank.

Junction should be added through a traveling irrigation system continuously or at the last 30 minutes of solid set irrigation systems.

Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation equipment until all Junction is flushed from the system.

ATTENTION: This product contains mancozeb and ETU, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer in laboratory animals. ETU is also known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm in laboratory animals.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a cool, dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: <u>Paper and Plastic Bags</u>: Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of empty bag in sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. <u>Plastic Containers</u>: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Warranty Disclaimer

SePRO Corporation warrants that the product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions, subject to the inherent risks set forth below. SEPRO CORPORATION MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.

Inherent Risks of Use

It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with use of this product. Plant injury, lack of performance, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as use of the product contrary to label instructions (including conditions noted on the label such as unfavorable temperatures, soil conditions, etc.), abnormal conditions (such as excessive rainfall, drought, tornadoes, hurricanes), presence of other materials, the manner of application, or other factors, all of which are beyond the control of SePRO Corporation as the seller. All such risks shall be assumed by buyer.

Limitation of Remedies

To the fullest extent permitted by law, SePRO Corporation shall not be liable for losses or damages resulting from this product (including claims based on contract, negligence, strict liability, or other legal theories) shall be limited to, at SePRO Corporation's election, one of the following:

- (1) Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought, or
- (2) Replacement of amount of product used.

SePRO Corporation shall not be liable for losses or damages resulting from handling or use of this product unless SePRO Corporation is promptly notified of such losses or damages in writing. In no case shall SePRO Corporation be liable for consequential or incidental damages or losses.

The terms of the "Warranty Disclaimer" above and this "Limitation of Remedies" cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or sales agent of SePRO Corporation or the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of the "Warranty Disclaimer" or "Limitations of Remedies" in any manner.

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May 19, 2006

Ms. Mary Waller
Product Manager 21
Document Processing Desk (NOTIF)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P)
US Environmental Protection Agency
One Potomac Yard, 4th Floor, Room S-4900
2777 South Crystal Drive
Arlington, VA 22202

RE: Notification Submission - label update Junction EPA Reg. No. 67690-35

Dear Ms. Waller:

On behalf of SePRO Corporation (11550 North Meridian Street, Suite 600, Carmel, Indiana 46032-4565, EPA Company #67690), I am submitting information to amend the product label for Junction Fungicide/Bactericide. All changes have been highlighted for ease of comparison. The changes were made to add "Except California" and indicating asterisks to the list of ornamental plants which cannot be treated with the product in the State of California, as well as to update minor typographic and formatting issues. Please find enclosed the following information:

- Transmittal document (this letter)
- Application for Pesticide Registration, EPA Form 8570-1
- 5 (five) copies of the updated label with changes highlighted.

This notification is consistent with the provisions of the PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 USC Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to the EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

If you have any questions regarding this submission, please contact me at (317) 580-8286.

Sincerely,

Amy Dugger-Ronyak

Regulatory Affairs Specialist

SePRO Corporation

Enclosures (6)

cc: Steve D. Cockreham, SePRO