67470-6

11/14/2007



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Washington, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

John W. Jones Global Leader Product Stewardship Honeywell International, Inc. 101 Columbia Rd. Morristown, NJ 07962

Subject:

Ethylene Oxide

EPA Registration No. 67470-6 Amendment Dated: Aug 15, 2007 EPA Received Date: Aug 20, 2007

Dear John W. Jones

The following amendment submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) as amended, is acceptable

Proposed Amendment

Revise Label

General Comments

A stamped copy of the accepted label is enclosed for your records. Submit (3) copies of your final printed label before distributing or selling the product bearing the revised labeling.

Should you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, please contact Velma Noble at (703) 308-6233.

Sincerely.

Product Manager (31)

Regulatory Management Branch I Antimicrobial Division (7510C)

CONCURRENCES -Stamped-babel enclosure:

EPA Form 1320-1A (1/90)

Printed on Recycled Paner

OFFICIAL FILE COPY

ETHYLENE OXIDE

STERILANT-FUMIGANT GAS.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: ETHYLENE OXIDE (CAS 75-21-8) 100.0%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER PELIGRO

PRECAUCION AL USUARIO: Si usted no lee Ingles, no use este producto hasta que la etiqueta la haya sido explicada ampliamente.

Users must follow the requirements of the OSHA occupational exposure standard for ethylene oxide (29 CFR 1910.1047).

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS.
DANGERI EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND GAS
UNDER PRESSURE. MAY CAUSE EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES
WITH AIR. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN BURNS, HARMFUL IF
INHAI ED HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. MAY CAUSE
RESPIRATORY AND NERVOUS SYSTEM DAMAGE.
DANGERI CANCER HAZARD AND REPRODUCTIVE
HAZARD.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE: May be tatal if inhaled in high concentrations. May cause irritation of respiratory tract, chest tightness, headache, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, lightneaded feeling, dizziness, weakness, drowsiness, cyanosis, loss of coordination, convulsions, coma, delayed lung linjury (fluid in lungs), immediate or delayed skin irritation and blisters, allergic skin reaction.

OTHER POSSIBLE DELAYED HEALTH EFFECTS: May cause nervous system injury, cataracts, adverse reproductive effects, chromosomal and mutagenic changes, and cancer.

PEL: 1PPM-TWA Ethylene Oxide (OSHA-29CFR1910.1047)

EL: 5PPM-excursion limit, 15 minutes.

ODOR: Ether-like at high concentrations. Exposure to toxic levels may occur without warning or detection by the user.

PRECAUTIONS: Do not breathe vapor. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Store and use with adequate ventilation in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1047

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Ethylene oxide is extremely flammable and reactive. Contents under pressure. Keep away from heat, flame, sparks or hot surfaces. Do not allow sources of ignition near the sterilization/ furnigation area. Use only in closed system. No part of the container may be exposed above 125°F (52°C). Close valve when not in use and when empty. Use in accordance with tag attached to valve. Ground all equipment, including containers, to avoid static sparks.

LEAK: Evacuate area and keep personnel upwind. Use selfcontained breathing apparatus and protective clothing, and shut off leak if without risk.

FIRE: Do not extinguish burning gas if flow cannot be shut off immediately. Move container away from fire if without risk. Use water spray or fog nozzle to keep container cool.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not discharge effluent containing this product into takes, streams, ponds astuarles, oceans or public waters unless this is specifically identified and addressed in an NPDES permit. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

FIRST AID

IN ALL CASES OF OVEREXPOSURE, GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY, CALL THE POISON CONTROL CENTER OR DOCTOR FOR TREATMENT ADVICE.

IF INHALED: Remove exposed person to fresh air, keep warm. If not breathing, jie artificial respiration, if breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call the Poisson Control Center or doctor for advice even if no symptoms are present. Keep under medical-observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

IF IN EYES: Hold eyelids open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Call the Poison Control Center or doctor for advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Immediately rinse with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

and shoes. Call the Polson Control Center or doctor for advice. Aerate, wash or clean contaminated clothing and discard leather goods.

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IF SWALLOWED: Call the Poison Control Center or doctor for advice. Give at least two glasses of water. Do not induce vomiting. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: REFER TO SECTION IV, FIRST AID MEASURES OF THE MSDSs FOR EACH INGREDIENT. To obtain MSDSs, call 1-800-522-8001.

Skin exposure to Ethylene Oxide will commonly result in skin irritation with extensive bilster formation. At high concentrations severe conjunctivitis can occur, irritation of the respiratory tract may occur, but without acute lung edema. Symptoms of systemic introduction are headache, nausea, wornling, incoordination, and cardiac irregularities. Treatment is symptomatic.

IN CASE OF EMERGENCY CALL:

1-800-498-5701. Have a copy of the label or the MSDS when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

BEFORE USING OR HANDLING THIS PRODUCT YOU MUST ALSO READ AND UNDERSTAND THE HONEYWELL MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET FOR THIS PRODUCT. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN HOSPITALS OR HEALTH CARE FACILITIES,

DOT/IMO Shipping Name: Ethylene Oxide

Hazard Class: 2.3, (2.1)

ID Number: UN1040 INHALATION HAZARD

EPA Registration No. 67470-6

EPA Establishment No. 67470-AZ-001

NET CONTENTS-

BATCH-

DO NOT REMOVE THIS LABEL

Honeywell

101 Columbia Rd., Morristown, NJ 07962-1053

MADE IN USA

STB-0100 (2/07)

ACCEPTED

NOV 14 2007

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodanticide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No. 6.7473 - 6.

do fr

DO NOT REMOVE TAG

ETHYLENE OXIDE STERILANT-FUMIGANT GAS

DANGER! EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE AND EXPLOSIVE HARMFUL IF INHALED.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

It is a violation of redetal Lawfo use this product in a mainter reconsistent with its labelling.

NOTE TO USER: When used in the workplace, it is the employer's responsibility to ensure that all personnel are familiar with and achiere to 29 CFR 1910.1047. Elflyfene Oxide is a highly hazardous malerial and must be used only by personnel trained in its proper use. All persons working with Elflyene Oxide must have knowledge of the hazards of this chemical mixture and must be trained in the proper use of required respirator equipment, monitoring and detection devices, and in the implementation of emergency procedures.

To be used only by persons experienced in ethylene oxide sterilization and tumigation, or by persons under direct supervision of persons who are experienced in ethylene oxide sterilization and tumigation. Use only in accordance with the directions and the safety precautions listed on the label and this tag. Also see current Honeywell Material Safety Data Sheet for Ethylene Oxide.

STERILIZATION AND FUMIGATION
Any product formulated from this product that is registered for use on spices, dried vegetables, or seasonings must include the following tabel language.

This product may not be used on or in any form of basil.

After August 1, 2009, this product may only be applied to or on spices, dried vegetables or seasonings utilizing an ETO startifization method that uses a single startization chamber to pre-condition and seration when series with an eligenating vacuum and aeration purging procedure. If you wish to employ an atternative method to that described below, you must contact the registrant of this product for an identification of any atternative methods that are acceptable to the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

Place spices in the treatment chamber. Assure that the mixture of ethylene oxide and air is compatible with the chamber design, then, introduce into the chamber a concentration of ethylene oxide not to exceed 500 mg/l, with a dwell time not to exceed 16 hours. Then execute the gas from the chamber using a sequence of not less than 16 steam washed (injections and evacuations) between 1.0 PSIA (28* Hg) and 2.0 PSIA (28* Hg) and 2.0 PSIA (28* Hg) while maintaining a minimum chamber temperature of 120*F. US Patent No. 6,132,673.

Ethylene oxide must be used only to sterilize medical and laboratory items, pharmaceuticals, aseptic packaging, and to reduce the microbial load on cosmetics and whole and ground spices, and artilacts, archival material or fibrary objects.

archival material or library objects. Hems to be sterilized must be thoroughly cleaned of soil before being placed in any type of sterilizer. Ellhylene oxide must be used only in facilities that meet the requirements of 29 CFR 1910, 1047 in non-portable (commercial) vacuum or gas-tight chambers designed for use with 100,0% ethylene oxide. Ellhylene oxide must be used only by persons who have been trained in accordance with 29 FR 1910, 1047. When used to sterilize health care items, ethylene oxide must be used in non-portable (commercial) drylene oxide gas sterilizers that have FDA clearance, and in accordance with directions supplied by the sterilizer manufacturer. NOTE: It is a volation of Federal Law to use ethylene oxide sterilant/fumigant gas for the fumigation of beethives, airplanes, trains, buses, ships, trucks, trailers, warehouses, or other similar spaces.

- beenives, aliparies, idans, boxes, sulps, trocks, taxers, warehouses, of other smilar spaces. Eithlene exide cycle parameters depend on several sterilizing fruingaling variable factors; preconditioning (if any); exposure time; chamber air concentration; eithlene oxide concentration; chamber temperature; humidity level; types and quantities of litems to be sterilized/furnigated; packaging; bad configuration in the chamber; microbial challenge method; desired level of sterility assurance; and the desired performance of the sterilized; furnigated product and package.
- The following is a list of ranges for the critical variables which must be in proper relationship for ethylene oxide to be an effective sterifizing/furnigating agent. This information should be considered general, and not as a replacement for detailed information issued by manufacturers.

not as a replacement or occusion with unautonessory.

TEMPERATURES. 7:09° TO 150°F
PRE-VACUUM - hypically 25 to 28 inches of mercury. Use vacuums compatible with the products and packages to be sterifized/furnigated, and such that explosive atmospheres are never present in the

cramber. MOISTURE - relative humidity of 33% to 80% GAS CONCENTRATION - 250 mg/L to 1500 mg/L milligrams of ethylene oxide per liter of chamber

GAS CONCENTRATION CONTROL OF A minutes to 20 hours
EXPOSURE TIME - 45 minutes to 20 hours
POST-VACUUMS - Ethylene code is removed from the chamber and vented to an appropriate ethylene oxide capture or destruction device,
AFRATION - areat settligized/minigated materials before use. Do not allow any person to enter the chamber or aeration area if such entry will result in exposures to ethylene code above the levels established in 29 CFR 1910.1047.

enationsnea in 29 UFH 1910.1047.

Cycle parameters and post cycle aeration parameters (temperature, time, air flow-rate) can affect residue levels. The user must determine that the parameters chosen result in goods which comply with applicable Federal and State residue requirements. For residual limits of ethylene oxide on drug products and medical products see 21 CFR 201.1 sub-section (d), For residual limits on agricultural commodities see 40 CFR 180.151.

The steritization/furnigation cycle parameters should be those prescribed by the sterilizer equipment
manufacturer. If other cycle parameters are used, the safety and efficacy of the afternate cycle parameters.

must be validated and are the responsibility of the user. NEVER USE PARAMETERS WHICH ALLOW FLAMMABLE MIXTURES OF ETHYLENE OXIDE AND AIR TO ENTER THE CHAMBER

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Always check container valves and relief valves for leaks before moving cylinder into your facility.
This container is equipped with an eductor tube for liquid delivery, If ethylene oxide gas is required, use vaporzing equipment.
This container has been pressurized with nitrogen to a pressure of 50 psig (3.52kg/cm²) at 70°F (21.1°C).
Vapor pressure will be higher if temperature is above 70°F (21.1°C); lower if temperature is below 70°F (21.1°C).
Contact supplier if, upon receipt, container pressure is below 50 psig (3.52kg/cm²) at 70°F (21.1°C).
Container must be in an upright position when discharging, Cylinders must be secured to prevent falling over.

- over, Liquid withdrawal valve (marked "Liquid") is provided with a CGA 510 connection which has left-hand

- over.

 5. Liquid withdrawal valve (marked "Liquid") is provided with a CGA 510 connection which has left-hand fireads.

 6. EOX and SS 55 style cylinders and DOT 5P drums are also provided with a CGA 580 inert pressurizing valve (marked "Vent") which has right-hand threads. Do not discharge product from the CGA 580 inert pressurizing valve.

 7. Rerrove protective valve plugs and make sure valve threads are undamaged. Do not attach an ordinary pipe fitting to these valves. The connections to the container valves should be brase CGA 510 and CGA 580 connectors. Use of other metals could cause damage to the brass container valves.

 8. All other piping and fittings should be stellor stainless steel fittings and piping capable of withstanding the pressure to be encountered. Do not use rubber, plastics, or copper materials, Install relief devices where liquid can be trapped between valves.

 9. Ground all equipment, including containers, to avoid static sparks.

 10. Use only spark-proof tools.

 11. Use only spark-proof tools.

 12. Install check valves in the discharge line from this container to processing equipment to prevent backflow into the contains.

 13. Connect the CGA 580 inert pressurizing valve (marked "Vent") to a source of nitrogen using a line equipped with a pressure regulator, safety relief valve and check valve. The source of nitrogen should be used exclusively for ethylene oxide and for no other purpose. Nitrogen pressure must not exceed the service pressure of the container. Vere use compressed air or other gases to pressure the cylinder or drum.

 14. To open container valves, turn counterclockwise. The figuid cliccharge valve is equipped with a handwheel. Do not use a wrench or other leverage device on handwheel use a "T" wrench to open the liner pressurizing valve or the relief special protect with a finans, smoking, sparks, heaters electrical equipment, static discharges or other liquid to plant, other finans, smoking, sparks, heaters electrical equipment, static discharges or other liquid to plant t

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
Do not contaminate food, feed, or water by storage and disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE

PEST IN LINE STOPMOS. Store according to instructions provided on label and this tag. Store away from heat in an area with adequate ventilation. Do not store in direct sunlight. To minimize polymer growth, ethylene oxide must not be stored in any place where the temperature consistently acceeds 10PF. To control ethylene oxide polymer growth, use all sterilant gas on a first-in, first-out-basis. To minimize sterilizer downtime, it is recommended to use product within 12 months of the fill date marked on the container (batch number).

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Pesticide Normalier (usual monale).

Pesticide vastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray, or mixture of rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

- representative at time nearest EFA neglional office for government.

 CONTAINER DISPOSAL.

 Return container to supplier for reuse. Before returning container to supplier:

 Pressure container with nitrogen to 50 psig total pressure at 70°F (21.1°C) and be sure container valves are close.

 Replace valve plugs tightly in valve outlets. It valve plugs are not available, contact supplier.

 Check container valves and plugs for leaks prior to shipment. If leaks are detected, contact supplier.

Honeywell

101 Columbia Road Morristown, NJ 07962-1053

EPA Registration No. 67470-6

STT-0100 (2-07)